

DICTIONARY

IN

HINDI AND ENGLISH

COMPILED FROM

APPROVED AUTHORITIES

BY

J. T. THOMPSON.

DELHI.



CALCUTTA:

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PREFACE

So far back as the year 1785, Proposals had been set forth in England, by Capt. William Kirkpatrick, of the Hon. Company's Military Service, and Persian Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief in India, to publish a Hindi Vocabulary. of which the materials were all ready, but a delay in preparing the Nagari types. prevented its publication at the time when a Vocabulary of Persian, Arabic, and English, by that eniment Linguist, was offered to the public, in the course of the same year. Since that period, however, the proposed work appears never to have been published, either in England, where the Proposals had been issued, or in India, where numerous other works, to aid the Oriental student, have successively appeared in print. A Hindi Dictionary, therefore, remained a Desideratum still, as the other works adverted to, only afford assistance to the Oriental Student, in the Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Sanskrit, Bengali, and Marhatta languages respectively, and not in Hindi; with the exception of a slender Glossary affixed to an edition of the Prem Sagar. To enable the student, then, to acquire this language, spoken by the generality of Hindus, and over a vast extent of country, he was left, for a series of years, with the above scanty exception, to Urdu Dictionaries, embodying a necessarily limited portion of Hindi vocables, and to the Selections from Hindi works, prepared for the use of the junior branches of the Military Service, by the Hindi Professor of the College of Fort William. The portion of Hindi words found in Urdu Dictionaries, could alone have been directly useful to the student in his researches into the language, as the English meanings were all provided therein. But the vocables in the Selections, though numerous, and embracing six Hindi works, yet possessed not the facility of acquisition, which the former collection afforded, from not one of the selected works being accompanied by a Glossary, or even a free translation. So that, when the student has, with creditable labour, read though 268 quarto pages of Hindi composition, selected from native authors, he has only, unless he possess some other mode of acquiring the meaning of the words, had the benefit of so many natives speaking in his hearing, or making him repeat their language without any explanatory medium. The disadvantages of such a plan of instruction, are, however, sufficiently counterbalanced by the labours of the Professor of Hindi, in his editon of the Prem

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Sagar, above saverted to, to which is affixed a Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in that work. This vocabulary, though a very limited one, is justly appreciated by every student of Hindi; and not a few of those who have had the privilege of consulting it, have whished to see, based on it, a larger work of the kind, aiding not only in the perusal and due understanding of the Prem Sagar, but of such other Hindi works also, which are studied in order to pass an examination, or with a view to a more extensive acquaintance with the language.

A few years after the publication of Cap. Price's Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in the Prem Sagar, just alluded to, the Rev. M. T. Adam of Benares, published his most acceptable Vocabulary of the Hindi language, containing upwards of 20,000 words; but with the meanings in Hindi, instead of English. This was certainly a great benefit conferred on the students of Hindi, both native and European; yet it must be allowed, that the meanings not having been given in English, is a considerable drawback on the advantages which the European student may hope to derive from consulting the work.

Seventeen years have now elapsed since the publication of the last mentioned Hindi Vocabulary, and no attempt, it would appear, has been made to offer to the students of Hindi, and the Patrons of Hindi literature, a work formed on the plan of Adam's Hindi Vocabulary, but with the significations in English. A work of the kind has often been mentioned as desireable, and the Compiler of the following sheets, in common with others, has frequently left the want of such a publication, or a Hindi and English Dictionary on an enlarged scale : and he moreover ventured to solicit two eminent Oriental scholars, of considerable attainments, the one in Sanskrit, and the other in Hindi, to undertake such a work, for the benefit of European Students of Hindi in general, and of the junior branches of the Military Service in particular; but he regrets to say, his application was not successful; the Sanskrit scholar not deeming the language sufficiently defined, and the Hindi scholar possessing no leisure from professional duties. The compiler indeed possessed the nucleus of such a work, commenced some thirty years ago, but on his becoming acquainted with the above eminent' scholars, he for a time before to resume his contemplated work; however, on being disappointed in his application to them, of whom one has quitted India. and the other, will not, it is likely, stay long in it, the Compiler once more proposed the subject to a third gentleman, who was likely, with benefit to Indian Literature, to have undertaken the work : but he too has left India:

In the meantime, a communication was made to the Compiler on the part of a gentleman who is a great proficient in Hindi, and a liberal patron of useful undertakings; requesting he would undertake a work based on Price's and Adam's: Vocabularies, and amplified by all the additional terms to be found in the works of Wilson, Hunter and Shakesfear, and in the Hindi portion of the Compiler's own Urdu and English Dictionary. After due consideration, the compiler entered on the preparation of the work required, and availing himhelf of the materials in his possession, prosecuted, and through the help of a gracious Providence, finished the Compilation now offered to the reading portion of the Community in general, and to Students of Hindi, and the patrons of its Literature in particular; and which, as it is the largest collection of Hindi words yet published, with the meanings in English, he has thought proper to designate; A Hindi and English Dictionary. The collection consists of about 30,000 words, which, with their signification, have been derived from, or collated with the best authorities.

There is no department of study, the compiler conceives, which the present work will not be found to be helpful in advancing; and terms are to be met with in it, both simple and abstract. The Hindi, as generally spoken, does certainly not offer the requisite terms; but Hindi works do, and the parent language of nearly Twenty cognate languages, does possess the required facility of expression. It will surely, therefore, not be considered a fault in the present compilation, that it embraces, and even abounds with terms purely Sanskrit; since in our ordinary conversation with natives, we never hesitate to make use of words, both of Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic origin; and such derivations must necessarily serve to enrich the language, whether spoken or written. Besides have colleges and other Seminaries of learning in India, all the standard works they require, to advance the studies of their students and pupils? and ase it must be confessed they have not, it may be further asked, whence are the technical and abstract terms required for Hindi composition or translation, to be obtained? Not surely from the Urdu, to any considerable extent, as admissions from it, would be thought to mar the purity of the language. Nor yet from the spoken Hindi of the generality of Hindus, who it is known mainly use the language, as its colloquial standard can hardly be said to be yet fixed. But to the Parent Sanskrit we may very properly look for such terms, suited as it is for composition in every department of science, and affording, as it does, the greatest facilities for the readiest expression of ideas. This leaning towards, and dependance on the Sanskrit, are the more justifiable, as such peculiarity is not claimed for the Hindi alone; for about Twenty other languages possess it, and languages too, which are spoken within or on the borders of the British territories, such as the Bengali, the Assam, the Uriya, Nepalese, Magadh, Bhagelkhand, Marhatta, Bandelkhand, Cashmere, Panjabi, Sindh, Bilochi, Kutch, Gajrati, Kankan, Bikanere, Udypore, Marwar, and Braj languages; all of which may be said, to abound more or less with Sanskrit terms. Dr. Carey indeed thought, that there were scarcely any words to be found in the

languages of the north, which were not of Sanskrit origin: and what that eminent scholar and late distinguished, Professor of Sanskrit, Bangali, and Marhatta, in the College of Fort William, asserted of the Bengali language. is equally applicable to the Hindi, that it is almost entirely derived from the Sanskrit: that considerably more than three-fourths of the words are pure Sanskrit; and that those composing the greatest part of the remainder are so little corrupted, that their origin may be traced without difficulty. It was also Dr. Carey's opinion, that "most of the above cognate languages, are copious, and were they duly cultivated, would be found capable of being employed in every kind of composition with advantage. Most of the elegancies of style, and delicate shades of meaning, may in their present state, be expressed by them with great facility; and should literature become an object of more general persuit in India, and the colloquial languages be more employed in different species of style and composition, the capacities of these languages would be developed, and the languages themselves carried to a degree of refinement, of which we have now but a faint idea."

If then as Dr. Carey states, the greater part of the words in the above languages be derived from the Sanskrit, the Hindi, as being one of them. would certainly be enriched, and its capacities improved by drawing from that original source. The compiler therefore hopes that he will be pardoned for having added to his compilation so largely from the parent language, terms, familiar, it may be, only to the learned part of the population, but hardly in use among the other classes of the natives. But who is there, that does not desire to speak, and write, and discourse, in a style above that of rustics or unlettered men, if he wishes to express himself with accuracy, aptitude, and an elegance that should charm, or command admiration? Since the model of the dialect, observes Dr. Carey, which is spoken by ploughmen, menial servants, or labouring mechanics, is not that, on which the learned in any country form their language. Let then the European scholar not hesitate, in his conversation and composition. to adopt a style that shall show his attainments to be on a par with those of the learned men of the country, at the same time that his judicious selection of universally understood terms, shall render his communication level with the capacities of all classes of people.

In the work now offered to the Public, the Compiler has endeavoured to give the commonest words in use in Hindi, selected from various publications, or known to be in general use; but fearing he may have overlooked some of the easiest terms, he begs the indugent consideration of such as may be disposed to censure him for his seeming neglect, which, however, he assures them, was not intentional. While on the other hand, the Compiler takes this opportunity of stating, that certain terms, not at all calculated to promote the study of

any science, and admitted into their works, without a due degree of discrimination, by others in the same field of labour, though never to be met with in the usual Engligh Dictionaries, have by him been studiously omitted.

Having now noticed what appears to be an early attempt, if it be not indeed the earliest, to publish a Hindi Dictionary; and shown what helps have since been provided to promote the study of Hindi, directly and indirectly; together with the want that still exists for such a work: it only remains for the compiler to acknowledge with deep gratitude to his Maker, that his life has been mercifully spared, and his health continued, to enable him to finish THE HINDI AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY, which he has now much pleasure in offering to a Liberal Public; from whom, for a period of Fourteen years he has experienced the most unexampled support in his Urdu publications: and the compiler therefore trusts, that should he present work be found likely to be useful to the Student, or of assistance in composition, or translation, the wonted Patronage of that Public will not be withheld, but kindly extended to it.

J. T. THOMPSON.

Delhi, the 6th Oct. 1846.

PREFACE TO THIRD EDITION.

The second edition of Thompson's Hindi Dictionary having been exhausted, the opportunity has been taken in preparing a third, to revise the text with a view to the elimination of such words as have in the process of time and changes in modes of speech become obsolete, and to add such others as are more frequently used in conversation by high and low among the Hindi speaking population. Endeavour has also been made to include in the present edition all unusual verbal forms and expressions used by writers such as Tulsidas, Lallu Lall, Bihari and others and which are met with in the Ramayan, Prem Sagar, Sabha Bilas, Satsai, and the books used or likely to be read by students and such others whose duty or pleasure interests them in the study of Hindi. Urdu words which are not ordinarily employed in the colloquial tongue, have been intentionally omitted as misplaced in a purely Hindi. Dictionary.

About five thousand new words in all have been added, and in order to compensate for the increase by a reduction in needless matter, so as not to enhance the price of the book, the equivalents of the Hindi forms in Roman Character have been omitted, as being of little or no use to a student who has once mastered the value of the Hindi letters, which unlike those in English are constant in pronunciation and spoken as they are written.

W. N. L.

THE DEVA-NAGARI ALPHABET.

Vowels.

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THE SYMBOLS OF THE VOWELS.

NUMERICAL FIGURES.

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DICTIONARY

HINDI AND ENGLISH.

प्र

- च The first letter of the Nágri alphabet, and inherent short vowel; an inseparable particle signifying negation or privation, as च्यमे; as a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel. चां schanged to चन् as च and चन, form चनन, an interjection of pity.
- पस्पी adj. Free from debt, or obliga-
- vas. m. A mark or spot, a cypher, a numerical figure, namber, letter of the alphabet, mark on cloth to shew the price; the flank or part above the hip; embrace. [metician.
- चेतन s. m. An accountant, an arith-चन्द्रों s. f. The barb of an arrow, a hook, tenter, catch, a circle.
- স্বাৰণা v. a. To mark, page a book, distinguish a thing by some mark. v. n.
 To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.
- चंदमर चंदमाल चंदमाल चंदमार } s.f. An embrace, the bosom. ank-wár bharna, v.a. To embrace.
- ৰ'ৰভ) s. m. The iron hook with |
 আৰু) which elephants are guided or

driven, a goad. ankus marna, To reduce to submission, to reduce to obedience.

examine (as cloth), to approve of.

श्रंकार s. m. Shape.

अंकान s. m. Valuation, appraisement. अंकिन adj. Marked, spotted, stained

कांकन adj. Marked, spotted, stained paged.

बाहर, s. m. Sprout or shoot.

चंद्रराना v. Having a little harsh taste. खंदरी s. f. A hook, a tenter.

wings, m. Sprout; fortune.

wife adj. Skilled in figure works.

खंबीर s.f. A bribe, a conxing (as a cow that has lost her calf to make her tractable.

खंकी s. f. A kind of vetch (Vicia sativa); wet grain ; a young sprout,

अंखड़ों s. f. An eye or glance of the eye, अंदर s.m. The space between two pillars

संवानियोजी । s. m. Blind man's buff.

or beams.

चंदसुदीनी । चंदरी s. f. An eye or glance of the eye. आंधामती s. f. A nap ; a mistress.

कांकाना v. n. To be angry or displeased. to be neevish or fretful.

कांचियां s. f. pl. The eyes.

wie wi s. m. A. sprout, shoot, plantlet. wif s. m. The body, a limb, a share.

क्रमहाना v. To vawn, to stretch the limb. खंगडाई s. f. Yawning, stretching the

limb. कांगरंग s.m. Gestures, behaviour, man-

चंगद s. m. A bracelet worn on the upper arm: (in myth) the son of . Bali. king of the monkeys.

चंगन) s. m. Enclosed space adjoining चाना f .a house, a yard, area, court compound.

आंगनाई s. f. (See आंगन).

क्षेत्रभंग adj. Deprived of a limb.

आंगरथा s.m. A. coat.gown, jacket, doublet. जारको s. f. Upper garment, a coat.

व्यंगराना v. To yawn, to stretch the limb. खंगराइ s.f. Yawning, stretching the limb.

चांगरमा v. a. To endure patiently. क्यार s. m. Charcoal, firebrand. [brand.

खंगारा s. m. Charcoal, adj. Red as fire-कंगारी s. f. Spark of fire.

चंगिया s. f. Bodice.

चंगीकार s. m. An agreement, a promise, acquiescence. angikár karna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

चंगीजतक dj. Agreed, promised, accoded to. श्रंगीड s.f. A chafingdish, brasier,

चंगरी s.f. A finger, a finger's breadth.

चंपुडा s. m. The thumb, angútha dikhána, An attitude adopted by women in blandishment as a token of prohibition ; to brave, defy.

चंत्री s. f. A ring worn on the finger. चंगीका s. m. A cloth which Hindoos fasten round the waist when bathing,

and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.

अंघ s. m. Sin.

चंपरा) s. m. The part of the garment अपन) which covers the breast of a woman.

अंचरन s. m. The rinsing the mouth before religious ceremonics meals by sipping water from the right hand, cleansing the mouth after eating.

कंपपना v. s. To cleanse the mouth after अंचरनी s. f. A small spoon for pouring water into mouth.

अंचित adi, Inattentive.

अंबीसी a.f. Abrupt, unexpected,

अंजना) s. f. Mother of Hanuman the अंजनी (monkey god.

अंजनटा s. m. a small case to contain the ointment applied to the eyelashes.

अंजली s. f. The cavity formed by putting the hands together,

खंतात } खंताता } adj. Not known, ignorant.

कं भीर s. m. A kind of fruit.

अंतुरी s. f. The cavity formed by putting the hands together; the alms given to a beggar.

with s. m. Absence.

f tructed. आंटका adj. Being prevented or obs-

अंटनगा o. To cease, to stop, खटकाना v. To prevent, obstruct.

अंटकार s. m. Prevention, challenge.

will s.m. The highest room in a building. ऋंटाचित adj. Prostrate.

बंटारी s. f. A thatched upperroom :a roof. अंडिया s. f. A small bundle.

अंतिलाना v. To grin, to jest,

बंडी s. f. The act of removing something suddenly by the hand out of the sight of the persons present,

चंदी s.f. A silk sheet.

as ad). Not castrated.

win s. m. End, completion, perdition,

destruction; mind, heart; a boundary, limit; intelligence, news, account of, adj. Final, ultimato. edv. After all, at last; in, within; elsewhere, somewhere else.

જાં ધે

without, except. s. m. Interval, interintediate space, intermission; period, term, difference; opportune time; midst, the midst; the heart, the sumedre soul. adj. Other, similar.

द्धानरवाति s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensations.

इतरजामी adj. Pervading the interior, acquainted with the heart; an epithet of the deity.

eানখোৰ adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed, s. m. Disappearance. anterdhyán hona, v. n. To vanish, disappear, be concealed.

श्रंतरपट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

खंतरिया s. m. Intermittent, an intermitting fever.

बावरीच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight. बावकाव adj. Thick, bulky. s. m. The

shoulder of a blind mau. अंधर्भ भ adv. Extravagantly, profligately.

will adj. Blind, dark. and hadhund, Blind, blindly. and ha dhund rona, To weep excessively. and ha dhund

lutána, To squander, spend extravagantly.

will filled up with

rubbish, a dry well, a well overgrown with bushes or weeds one of which the mouth is hidden.

with a Excessive, profuse, overmuch.

wite. m. Darkness, misfortune, calamity,
injustice, violence, tumult, tyrauny,
oppression, outrage. ondlier karna,
v. a. To act unjustly, tyraunize, oppress.

कंपेरा adj. Dark, s. m. Darkness.

अंभेरी adj. f. Dark. andheri rát, A dark night. andheri kothri, s. f. A dark room; the belly, the womb.

चौद s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree.

ह्म इ. m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel. [shipped Krishna, संबद्ध इ.m. The name of a king who wor-

कंबा s. f. Mother ; mangoe tree.

ज्ञारी s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel.

कंषिया s. f. A small unripe mangoe. . कंप s. m. Water.

wing s. f. Mother.

इंद्र adv. Wholesale buying without examining the things bought.

अंग्रधारी s. m. A sharer ; an incarnation : अंग्री s. m. A sharer.

च्चंग्रक s. m. Cloth. च्चंग्रमाण s. m. A king of Oude.

श्रंप s. m. Part, division, portion, share; right, possession; essence; a degree of a circle, of latitude of longitude, &c. (in arithmetic) a fraction; the numerator of a fraction.

अधिक s. m. A partner, a proprietor.

जुंसी adj. A partner, sharer, colieir.

ৰজন s. m. One who has no offspring; (met.) an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhoad, dunce.

being struck against some thing.

भक्ष adj. Completely vanquished.

waw s. f. Crookedness; strut, airs. akarbáz, An affected person, a fop, a swaggerer. akarbázes, s. f. Swaggering, strutting, airs.

ped, become stiff or rigid, to stiffen; to struck affectedly, to give one's self airs,

चका चन्द्रवादे s. f. The cramp. MANT part. pass. Stiff, affected. चन्द्रेत adj. An affected person, a swagfor metaphorically. gerer, a fop. water adj. Free from thorns literally अक्षय adj. Unspeakable. warm adj. Not to be told or related, beyond description, unspeakable, unutterable; unfit to be spoken, obscene. चक्ता v. a. To listen, to give ear. चनियत adj. Firm, unshaken. [vetch. Tat adj. Rentfree. चकरा adj. Dear, costly. s. f. A kind of was wadi. Soft, not hard. अक्षी adj. Inconsistent, indecent, unsuitable, not to be done, want s. m. Bad action, sin, vice, wickedness. अवस्य adi, Intransitive (a verb). भवामें या adj. Useless, unprofitable, good work. for nothing. चनमा adj. Idle, unoccupied, without अवसी adj. Wretch, sinner. चनित्रत adj. Not artificial, not made. चक्छाण adj. Ominous, portentous, of bad omen, unlucky, inauspicious. wat s. m. Misunderstanding. MARY adj. Alone. चक्कान adv. Immediately, accidentally,

without a cause, unexpectedly, suddenly, instantly, presently, nuawares, abruptly. by one horse. 🕶 s. m. Loneliness; a carriage drawn चकाज s. m. Hurt, Injury, loss, detriment, prejudice ; uselessness. चकाली adj. Ureless (animal, thing, or person) ; a retarder. waru adi, Useless. चकाम ' h 'adj. Unprofitable, fruitless. waite (vielding no return, vain. "mart s. m. Absence or non existence f a cause. adv. Causelessly.

44 THE S. m. Unseasonableness, famine, scarcity, extremity, pinch, adj. Unseasonable, premature, untimely. akál-phal, s. m. A fruit produced out of season. Season. चनाचक s. m. Fruit produced out of चनाम s. m. Skv. क्रिकेन adj. Poor, wretched, miserable, destitute, needy, indigent. चकीचि s. f. Infamy, disgrace. was adv. Undanntedly, adj. Sharp. www adv. Shoreless. चक्लाना v. n. To be agitated, distracted, confused, confounded, out of order; to tire, weary; to be astonished. चक्तीना alj. Not noble, plobeian, low, mean, ignoble, of mean extraction, of low origin or race. बकुलीनी adj. f. Not of good family, ignoble, base (woman). षक्षल adj. Unlucky, inauspicious.

Apr ady. Simple. wafan adi, Inartificial, not made. चनेल a lj. Lonely.

अभेलदर्केल adv. In complete loneliness. चकीर s. f. A bribe.

चनारी adj. One who receives a bribe. walte s. m. A plant, the oil of which is used in enchantments (Alangium hexa petalum).

war s. m. Swallow-wort.

wer s. m. Loneliness.

unt adj. Not cruel, mild, humane, gen-[the spots on dice. tle. S. m. A die (in play, cubic or oblong) NEW s. m. Whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies,

fried grains. चच्च adj. Undecaying, permanent.

चच्चर s. m. A certain tree. TT s. m. A letter, an alphabet. .. चन्ति है। s. f. Orthography.

wf s. m. The eye.

Tharbarous. was adi. Undisciplined (soldier). www adj. Unbroken, whole, entire, all.

चविष्यत adj. Unbroken ; continuous ; unrefuted.

चावत s. m. Fried grain, whole grain used in religious ceremonies.

चया adj. Everlasting, not liable to decay, durable, permanent, akhay bar, Name of a tree; an undecayable tree.

चबरोट s. m. A walnut : the fruit of the Aleurites triloba, also, is so called. अवल ady. All, the whole, every, entire.

चचाषा s. m. A palæstra or place for wrestling, a scene, any place of assembly, a court or circus.

बचाब adj. Forbidden food.

wfw adj. All, the whole, every, entire. भिष्मिलेवर s. m: An epithet of God ; also of Ram, Shiva, the lord of all.

चलेवर s. m. A certain tree.

चचीट adj. Pure.

famous. चल्यास adj. Unknown, obscure, not भव s. m. An epithet of any tree or mountain; not going or moving.

चनडवनड s. m. Trifling employment or talk, trifles, trash, trumpery, adj. Promiseuous, composed of odds and Inot reckoned. चनचित्र adf. Innumerable, not counted,

चनति adj. Without character, dishonoured, disgraced; one whose funeral ceremonies have not been performed. s. f. Disgrace, distress, inconvenience; damnation, condemnation.

चननित adi. Uncounted, untold.

1 adj. Impassable, inaccessive. काम impervious, deep, unfathomable, unfordable, bottomless : unaccomplishable, incomprehensible; difficult of ac uirement, quattainable. | Maju adj. Unfathomable, very deep,

चनम् adv. In advance, before,

Sat s. m. Wood of aloes.

चनरवाचा s. m. A race of morchants of the Vys tribe from agroha, west of Delhi.

भगरासन s. m. First morsel.

चन्दी adj. Of the colour of agar, i. e. wood of aloes.

चनला adj. Prior, preceding, first, foremost, former, chief, principal; ancestor; ancient, other, next.

भगकी adj. First. [forerunner, harbinger. भगग adj. Foremost. s. m. A guide, a चनवार s. f. Guidance.

भगगडा 8. m. The front, the forepart : the space in the front of a house.

भगवानी s. m. A. guide, harbinger. [house. भगारा s. f. Place just in front of a पत्रशाही s. f. Conflagration.

चनित s. m. A sage celebrated in Hindoo mythology: he is represented of short stature, and to have been born in a water jar : he is famed for having swallowed the ocean when it had given him offence; at his command also the Vindhya range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains.

चनक्र s. m. The eighth Hindoo month (during which the sun is in Scorpio, and the moon is full near Orion's head) : Nov .- Dec.

चनान adv. Before, in front. agáu jana, v. n. To advance, to meet a person. प्राणी adv. Before, in front, forward, further on, onward. s. f. The ropes with which a horse's forefeet are tied; the front, forepart. agári pichhári lagána, To confine (especially a horse). ogáree márno, v. a. To attack in front, to defeat a hostile army in a pitched battle. [bottomless.

चनाधता s. f. Depth.

चनाभी adj. Coming, future, approaching. चनासी s. m.A turban; a terrace in front of an upper room.

धान s. m. A bird, a sort of lark. धाननाव s. m. The farcy in horses, an eruptive disease in men.

खनिया s. m. A bird (Alaudo aggiya). धनियाना s. f. Burning in pain.

पायार Ghi, sugar, &c., thrown into the fire, as a propitiatory offering to the gods, either at worship or at meals.

चनिता s. m. First, another man.

पगुषा s. m. A guide, a harbinger.

unu adj. Unskilful, without merit, in effectual, void of good qualities, bad. s. m. A defect, a fault.

चाम adj. Unhidden, unconcealed.

vys. m. A fragrant wood, aloe wood or agallochum (Aquillaria agallocha); another tree which produces Bdellium (Amyris agallocha); the Sisoo tree (Dalbergia Sisoo). adj. Light, not | heavy.

भागाना r. To be in advance, to precede. भागार s. Encountering, meeting a visitor.

ৰযুৱ adj. Easy, manifest, evident. agurhbhoe, adj. Open, honest, candid. খন্ত adj. Homeless.

স্বাণৰ adj. Unperceived, imperceptible, invisible, covert, unseen, unwitnessed. s. m. The invisible, Supreme.

चनीरना v. n. To take to one's self. चनीसी adv. In advance, beforehand.

चनीरना v. a. To watch.

चनीरिया s. m. A watchman.

खनीजना v. a. To watch,

ward to meet and receive a visitant with honor. agouni karna, v. s. To advance and meet the pridegroom, to go to meet a visitant on the road, win s. n. Fire; the god of fire and the regent of the south-east quarter; one of the puráne; the fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, appetite. (the lady-bird.

चरिष्य s. m. An insect of a scarlet colour, चरिष्य s. m. The sun-stone or a fabulous gem, supposed to contain and impart solar heat.

wire s.f. The fiery ordeal, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire.

अधिप्रस्त s. m. Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire.

खित्रान s. m. Arrow of fire, a rocket. चत्रिमचि s. m. The sun-stone.

ৰ্ঘিন্নাৰ s. m. Funeral ceremonies, as burning a dead body, or any ceremony performed with consecrated fire, ব্যাহাৰ s. Maintenance of a perpetual

or sacred fire. [tnal or sacred fire.

•[uvivi] s. One who maintains a perpe
•[uvivi] s. m. The forepart of a thing. adj.

Prior, first. [s. m. Forerunner.

•[uvivi] adj. Preceding, going before.

•[uvivi] s. m. The first morsel.

चष्ठा s. m. A guide. adj. Preceding, going before, a leader. [precaution. च्याचीच s. m. Foresight, providence, auth adj. Provident, endued with foresight.

चयास । s. m. Victuals offered in oblations, sacrifices, &c. to the gods.

षव s. m. Sin, guilt, wickedness.

चयनारी s. m. Committing sin.

चवरित adj. Impossible to happen.

ষধান s. m. Hurt. [unrefined. স্থিদ ady. Coarse in taste, not fastidious. ষ্থী ady. Vicious.

चयनाम्स adj, Purifying, freeing from sin..

चयमय कतीतृ. Sinful.

बचाई s. f. Satiety, surfeiting.

To surfeit, to be satiated. adj. Satiated, rich, affinent.

ৰদ্বীৰ s. m. A name of Siv. adj. Formidable, terrible. [order among Hindoos.
ৰদ্বীৰ্থৰ s. m. A particular religious

बहोरांची तो. (used substantively) विशेषों An order of religious mendiants professing the aghorpanth: they cat every thing, however filthy, even human carcasses; hence, a gross or filthy feeder.

■▼ s. m. Mark, spot, figure, number, letter of the alphabet; flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew the price.

TT s.m. An accountant, arithmetician.

चरना v. n. To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.

মার s.f. A kind of vetch (Vicio sativa); wet grain; a young sprout. মারবাঃ s.f. Arithmetic.

बदनी s.f. A hook, a tenter.

with v. a. To cause to value, to examine (as cloth), to approve of.

TTIE s. m. Valuation. [valued.

Tra adj. Marked, paged, examined,

s. m. A plantlet, a seed-bud,

sku a shoot, or sprout, a germ,

s. m. The iron hook with which elephants are guided or driven.

WET s. m. Began, commenced.

ৰম্বার s. m. A limb or member, the body.
বহুত্ব s. f. Stretching the limbs, a
yawning.

प्रकार। v.a. To yawn, stretch the limbs.
प्रकार । s. m. A yard, area, court.
प्रकार । inclosed space adjoining to
a house.

भड़भड़ s. m. Broken limb.

ৰক্ষা s. m. A coat, a doublet.

yawing.

A toe. Kalam ki ungli, Fore-finger. Bich ki ungli, Middle finger. Kan ungli, Little finger. Ungli ka nok, Tip of the finger.

THE s. f. A maid whose business it is to hold, watch, and amuse a child; a kind of nurse. s. m. A coat.

TAIN s. m. A firebrand, embers, sparks remaining in ashes. angáron par lotna, To be agitated or tormented (particularly from jealousy).

महार s. f. A small portable firepan. महिया s. f. m. Bodice, stays.

पत्नी ady, Corporeal, bodily.

चरीबार s. m. An agreement, a promise, avowal, conceding to, acceptance of a proposal. angikár karna, v. s. To accept, receive, agree to.

সঙ্গুত s. m. The thumb.

चक s. m. The thumb, a finger.

चक् की s. f. A. finger, a finger's breadth.

पहुदा s. m. The thumb. पहुदी s. f. A ring worn on the finger.

पक्षेट }

महोट s.f. A chaing-dish.

पक्रीक्ना s. f. Napkin.

ৰসীয়া e.m. A cloth which Hindus fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.

ৰন্ধীয়ে s. m. A midge, a gnat. [tive. আৰ্থৰত adj. Fixed, unmoved, firm, inac-ব্যৱহাৰ adj. Gentle, not passionate.

will s. m. wonder, a wonderful thing. astonishment; cause of astonishment. विवरी s. f. Lasciviousness, wantonness, | विवस adj. Unerving, sure; (hence) a good wickedness.

चनगरी v.n. To joke.

चाय adj. Blind, s. f. Spectacles.

अवतामाप्यतामा v. n. To repent, lamen t some neglect, grieve, he sorry.

चनत्र adj. Stupid, inactive.

adi, Restless, inconstant, playful, wanton ; brisk.

अववसाहर १ s. f. Restlessness, incon stancy, wantonness; playfulness, vivacity.

अपर adj, Immovable ; inanimate.

■चरच) s. m. Wonder, admiration, as-भवरज 🥤 tonishment, adj. Astonishing.

প্ৰৱ adj. Immovable, fixed, incapuble of motion, s. m. A mountain. an aged person. Nil achal, The blue mountain near Balasore.

अवदा s. f. The earth.

चन्द्रकी s, f. A small spoon.

adv. Suddenly. चचाना ।

অব্যাসক) adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-भवानवक | expectedly.

TITE v. a. To wash or rinse the · mouth after eating ; to drink.

were s. m. Conduct. common practice. usage, a rule of conduct.

पदारी adj. One who vigorously follows religious precepts. [a learned pundit.

चन्यं s.m. A spiritual guide or teacher, चचायी s. f. Priesthood

कविका adj. Rough, unpolished.

वाचित्र adj. Thoughtless.

will will a f. Disregard, absence of thought or consideration.

Mar adv. Soon,

walter adi. Unwished for : not painted (paper &c.).

marksman.

च्चित adj. Out of mind or senses, senseless, thoughtless, stupid. achet hona, v. n. To be inscusible, to be thought-

चचैन adj. Uneasy, uncomfortable,

was adi. Fixed, permanent, imperishable, eternal. s. m. A name of Fishau or God.

ady, Spotless, s.m. A certain tree.

west adi. Infallible, indelible, s. m. pre. part, Remaining, existing, continuing; whole grain, whole rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grain. achchhat tilak, s, f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an image when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

www adi. Durable, permanent.

चच्छवर] s. m. An undecayable tree.

s.m. A letter of the alphabet,

with adj. Scientific, lettered, writing an elegant hand.

was adj. Good, excellent, pleasant, righteous, healthy, well, sound; achchha hona, v. n. To recover, achchha karna, v. a. To cure, recover. achchha lagna, v. n. To become, beseem, be pleasing, be agreeable. v. agreeing.

TWITT s. f. Goodness. wiss ads. Indivisible.

पदीन ady. Undiminishing, unfailing.

wez adj. Indissoluble.

चाइन s. m. The chase, hunting.

चरीडियो s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, and 21,870 elephants.

₩57 adi. Imperishable.

चक्रीही s. f. Orthography ; a mode of playing on a stringed instrument so as to express the words of a song. चढ्वानी s. f. Caudle.

wang adj. Intangible (victuals dressed for religious persons &c.), inviolable. wer adv. To-day, now. s. m. A. he-goat. चनसर् s. m. A. large serpent, the Boa constrictor.

अज्ञास adj. Wonderful, astonishing.

चलन adj. Birthless. चनक adj. Unborn and unbegotten.

चननी alj. Strange, unknown-an alien, a foreigner.

अज़नीद s. m. A king of Oude.

s. m. Parsley (Apium inno-चनमीदा । lucratum), common carraway (Carum Carui), a kind of lovage (Ligusticum Ajowan).

चन्य adj. Not victorious, unsuccessful, subdued. s. m. Defcat.

water s. f. A she-goat.

चन् adj. Free from decay ever young, not subject to decrepitude, or the infirmities of age, undecayable, imperishing.

अजवायन s. f. The seed of a plant of the dill kind (Ligusticum mjo wan).

भजम } adj. Infamous.

মলম ৷ adv. To-day also, even now, just now, yet, immediately.

way s. f. A she-goat, illusion, the unreality of the universe.

चनाच s.m. Ruse or stratagem in speech. चनावस s. m. He who never begs.

ward adi. Contented.

waits e. m. Canvas (cloth made of hemp). want adj. Expelled from his caste (a man).

ward s.m. A man who has lost his caste.

अज्ञान adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent, indifferent, careless.

चजानवाइ s. m. Whose hands fall on the चनानी s. f. Ignorance, simplicity.

चत्राभिषक. m. Proper name.

भजार s. m. elliness. [unsurpassed. प्रजित adj. Unconquered : unexcelled, पश्चित s. m. A hide, used as a seat, bed, &c., by the religious student ; generally the hide of an antelope.

TIST s. m. An area, court, yard, चनी An interjection to call or bespeak attention : in Bengal, it is used to an inferior, or in cases of great intimacy only : but in the western provinces, it is often addressed to a

superior as a term of respect. पत्रीत adj. Invincible, unsubdued, impregnable.

चनीतवर्ष s. m. Leprosy (of a bad kind). पजीय s. m. Indigestion : surfeit. flatulence. adj. Undecayed, unimpaired.

अजीव adj. Lifeless, dead.

पनीष adj. Tongueless.

चनक) adj. Unfit, s. f. Violence, op-चल्ति | pression, compulsion. মলং adj. Not obtainable.

■¶37 adj. Untouched, untasted (victuals). चने adj. Not victorious.

चनों बरीए. Hitherto, to this day, scarce. walls adi. Without joining : peerless.

भजात भजोतिज odj. Without splendour, dull.

चक्तील adj. Of steady pace (an elephant).

ww adi. Idiot, stupid, ignorant. way s. f. Command, order, permission.

पञ्चाकारी adj. Acting according to orders, obedient. unknown. THE adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent ;

warm adi. Ignorant, witless, unknowing, a simpleton, stupid, unwise. s. m. ignorance.

মন্ত্ৰাৰ s.f. Ignorance, stupidity, simplicity.
plicity. [stupidity, simplicity.
মন্ত্ৰাৰ s. m. Ignorance, foolishness,
মুম্বাৰী adj. Ignorant, unwise.

चात्राभंग s. m. Breach of order.

ৰণ্ডল ৷ s. m. The end or border of a wise i cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

প্ৰজা s.m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; a sheet used among Joyees.

चन्न s.m. A collyrium or application to the eye-lashes to darken and improve them, a universal article of the eastern toilet; particular applications, as lamp black, antimony, and another kind called rasanian.

चञ्चनसार s. m. Collyrium.

মন্ত্ৰনাথ s. f. A stye or stithe on the cyclids. [with anjana.
মন্ত্ৰনা c. n. To have the eyes tinged মন্ত্ৰনা s. f. The mother of Hanuman; a lizard.

আইনিজা s.f. A kind of newt or lizard. আন্ত্ৰণী s.f. A woman, perfumed with sandal, &c.; a medicinal plant used as a sedative and laxative.

ৰশ্বৰা শ্বৰাৰ : s. m. The cavity formed by putting the hands together and holding the palms as if to receive water; a measure, as much as can be held in both hands so disposed. মুহৰ s.f. Prevention, stop, obstruction,

Atock. অহমৰা ২ n. To be stopped, to be prevented, to adhere, cease, rest, stick, stop.

bar, obstacle; name of a river, the

opinion, quantity, size. atkalbaz. adj.

Adroit at guessing; an appraiser.

atkalna, v. a. To guess, conjecture, judge, estimate, think. atkal-pachchhu, s. m. One who guesses at a venture, or without grounds on which to judge. adv. At random.

पटकाषना v. a. To guess, to conjectu , to judge, to think.

पटकलपक s. m. Guess.

wzai s. m. The pot in which victuals are dressed for the public at the door of the temple at Jagarnáth, past, part. Aground, stopped, hindered.

चटनाना v. a. T'stop, to hinder, to pre vent, restrain, detain, coerce.

ৰহদাৰ s.m. Stop, prevention, hinderance, restraint, detention.

चटखेल adj. Wanton.

মতবিলা s. f. Wantonness, an affected (also a graceful) pace or mode of walking.

WZZ adi. Coarse, strong (cloth).

ম্বা s. m. A balcony, an upper room.
মুখ্য v. n. To be contained; to be filled;
to wander, perambulate, walk about.

kuá-atgyá, The well is filled up. षटनी s. f. The notched extremity or horn of a bow.

WEYE ady. Unfair, Inaccessible.

ৰথা Inconsiderate, irregular, ঘ্ৰথা adj. Inconsiderate, irregular, ti bát, s. f. Confused or inconsistent speech, prevarication.

wzw adp. Immovable, permanent, fixed, of determined resolution, incontrovertible, unchangeable, irrevocable, irrefragable, ataltd, s.f. Incontrovertibility immovableness.

TETTE adi, Infallible.

with the state of a person who in great affliction, remains bedrid. attachee khatwanes lens. To be

confined to bed in great trouble or affliction.

षटिंव षटवे } 's.f. Forest, grove, wilderness. WZI s. f. An upper room or story, a balcony.

चटारी s. f. A thatched upper room.

TIM s. f. A stack, rick (of grass, corn, &c.), a heap of baggage, &c.

WZIGI s. m. A heap ; furniture.

WZZ ady. Not liable to be broken ; inexhanstible.

पटेक adi. Without support.

पटेर s. f. Name of a town.

चटेरन s.m. A skein or bundle of thread. a reel; the lounge (in the manege). भटेरना v. a. To make up thread into

skeins, to reel; to lounge a horse, चटीक adj. Unquestioned, uninterrupted,

unrestrained, without hinderance. पटांच ad . Unpolished (stones or jewels ;

and hence, of persons), rude, unmannerly.

WEETE s. m. Laugh.

पहाल s. m. An upper room or paviltion. चंद्राचिका s. f. A thatched upper room.

भही s. f. A hank or bundle of thread ; a cant word for a turban.

षढिली s. f. Playfulness, wantonness. भारतालीस adi. Forty-eight.

षडतीस adj. Thirty-eight.

ways. m. Bathing of the bride and bridegroom together, the third day after marriage.

wading v. To provoke, vex. annov.

षाउवाटी खडवाटी s. f. The state of being confined to bed through sickness, &c. चडवारा s. m. The eighth day after any

other: a week.

षडवड adj. Sixty-eight. Mount adj. Seventy-eight.

Warty adi, Twenty-eight.

चडानवे adj. Ninet eight.

WAITE adi. Eighteen. athárah bhár, Various, of different kinds.

ছবি'

भडावन adi, Fifty-eight,

Morel adj. Eighty-eight.

षढ की s. f. Stone of fruit.

way adj. Not capable of being pushed out of its place, unanswerable, irrefragable. nacy.

98 s. f. Contention, contrariety, obsti-पड़ ग s. f. A manufacturing town,

पड़ गा s. f. A mode of wrostling with the feet; an obstacle. I tion. अप्रयम s. m. Slight ill-health, indisposi-মত্ত্বৰ s.m. Petulance, refractoriness.

अइतसा s. m. Defence, protection. खुडना v. n. To stop, hesitate. ar karna.

To stop, be obstinate (as a horse). ऋडवंगा ady. Crooked, uneven.

अङ्बङ्ग s. m. Foolish actions. अइबड़ मी adj. Inconsiderate.

खडबड s. m. Words without meaning. adj. Uneven, rugged. arbar karná. v. a. To speak inconsiderately or without meaning, to rave. talk absurdly, babble.

अड्बड़ी adj. Rugged, rough, uneven. अइषद s. m. A cloth worn by Hindus, passing from the waist between the

thighs and fastening behind. बाइयल odj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish. भइष्त s. f. Agency, commission, sale by commission.

were s. m. A kind of grain.

Was adj. Refractory, jibbing (a horse).

ब्राइन s. m. High steep banks of a river or tank.

स्थाना v. a. To make to stop ; to fasten one thing to another, s. m. Name of as tune.

ward s. f. A large fan or parasol. afran adj. Obstinate.

ৰক্ষা adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish; rostive, [adhenatoba and ganderussa), বঙ্গা s. m. A medicinal plant (Justicia বাই খাল v. n. To protect, to become a protection,

THE .

खडेच s.f. Enmity. ···

with adj Not capable of being shaken or moved; immovedle, fixed, unshaken.

ऋडोसपडीस s. m. Neighbourhood. ऋडडिया s. m. Commission agent.

सहार adj. Two and a half; or when used with a noun of number, twice and a half the aggregate number. s.f. A full gallop.

जादिया s. f. A wood vessel. जादे जा s. f. Check, stumbling block. जादे जा v. n. to trip, To Stumble.

खादेवा s. m. 2½, two and half seers. खांच s. m. The edge or point of a sharp

weapon. ऋषिमन । s. m. A superhuman faculty; अधिमा । the subtle and invisible

state assumable by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or as possessed by a deity.

nstrument (as, of an arrow, spear, oc.). [minute. sw. s. m. An atom. adj. Atomic, small, squi o. n. Te be contained, to be tightened, to be filled up, (a well, tank, oc.). [into.

सुर्याना v. a. To make contain, to cram सर्वात m. A. ball, a marble, antaghar, s. m. A. billiary room.

अस्तिकि s. f. A cord with which cattle are tied neck and heels.

wazifaa bai. Unlucky.

ৰাজ্বানা o. a. Po twist, writhe. v. n. To swagger, strut, give one's self air, walk affectedly. [garis]; an egg.

श्रह । s. m. A testicle, or the scrotum; जांड | semen genitale.

आकृतीय s.m. The scrotum, the testicles; rupture, hernia.

ৰাজ্য adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, a fiesh, a bird, a lizard. [an egg: বাজা s. m. An egg. anda denu, To lay

अखाकार } s.f. Having testicles.

खाडेन adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, (a bird).

অন্যা adj. Powerless, without authority. স্থান n. prop. Kamdeo, the god of love among the Hindus.

अतन्

च्यतर } s.m. Attar.

अतिप्त ady. Unsatisfied.

ञ्चतल् s. m. A particular hell, or division of the infernal regions, the portion immediately below the earth.

अनवसर्भ adj. Very deep, bottomless. अवसी s.f. Flax (Linum usits simum).

স্থান s. m. Father. [gratis. স্থান s. m. f. One who sings and dances স্থানি prep. Over, beyond (in point of time, place or degres), gone by passed over, exceeding, surprising, very, over, much, very much, &c.; it implies general excess or pre-eminence. adv. Exceedingly,

खतिका adv. Much, excessively.

ब्युजिनाय s. m. Name of a vulture in the Ramayan, brother of Jataiyu.

खतिकास s. m. Delay.

wiferes s. m. The sixth of the twentyseven astrological yogs or periods.

स्तिगति adv. Very much, very great.

শ্রিক্স s. m. A. fragrant grass, lemongrass (Andropogan schananthus). শ্রেক্তিন adj. Arrogant, proud, आतिगत adj. Very secret, closely hidden or concealed. (sion. wfafun adj. Disgusting, causing aver-पविचार s. m. The passage of a planet from one zodical sign to another, in a shorter than common period. wfaming adi. Very wakeful, restless. s. m. The black curlew.

or acrid. स्त्रतिजीर्णे adj. Very old. कातितीच्य adj. Very pungent, sharp, hot, अविधि s. m. A guest, pilgrim, stranger, person entitled to the rights of hospitality. atithi-kriá, s.f. Service of a guest, hospitality.

क तिथिपाल s. m. He who serves guests. चितिथिवार s. m. Faith.

स्रतिविश्वासा s. f. Guest chamber or hall. कातिथिसेवा s. f. Service, attendance on a guest.

श्वातिदान s. m. Munificence. I mation. अतिहाइ s.m. Great heat; violent inflam-खातिदीन adj. Very poor, in great want. आ तिद्वत 8. f. Great difficulty or distress. श्रामहत्वार adj. Very arduons, very difficult.

चातिहर s. m. A great distance, a far off. कासिटीष s. m. A great fault.

कातिपराक्षम s. m. Great power.

कातिपात्तक s. m. A heinous sin.

चातिपातकी adj. A great sinner, flagrantly criminal. . [briety. स्रतिपान s. m. Excessive drinking in कतिपावन adj. Excessively pure stainless. श्रतिवक्ता ady. A great talker, a babbler. चतिवस adi. Strong, powerful. चतिनार adv. Frequently.

चित्रेग adv. or adj. Much, excessive, unlimited, frequently.

wfavit s.m. A great or excessive burden. चितयीख adj. Very worthy.

wifalia adj. Excessive, exceeding.

चितरोग s. m. Consumption (phthisis

pulmonalis).

अतिवक्षा adj. A great talker, a babbler. चनिविकट s. m. A fierce elephant. adj. very fierce, very formidable : hard. difficult [duing poison.

चतिविव adj. Antidote, exceeding or sub-चितिववा s. f. A tree used in medicine, the bark is also used in dyeing; it is of three kinds, white, red, and black (Atis or Betula).

ম্বিম্ন adj. Very powerful.

श्वतिश्राति s. f. Great power. खतिश्रतिता s. f. Heroic, valour, prowess. Than adj. Much, excessive.

चतिशीत adj. Excessively cold. .[lation. चतिस्यव s. m. A hoare, a great accumu-षतिसार s. m. Diarrhoa or dysentery. atisárki, adj. Dysenteric. atisári, adj.

Afflicted with dysentery ; cathartic. चित्रास s. m. A horse-laugh, violent laughter.

चतीत s. m. A wonderer, pilgrim, a mendicant among Hindus. adj. Past, elapsed. Itense. चतीसकाल s. m. (In gram.) The preterite

चतीस s. m. A medicinal root. चतीसार s. m. Dysentery.

चतीच adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. atikshnta, s.f. Bluntness.

पत्त । adj. Not weighed, incapable of पतील ∫ being weighed; unequalled. unparalleled.

wen adj. Unsatisfied, restless.

wafn s.f. Insatiableness, voraciousness. भवेजा adj. Dark, dim, dull. s. m. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility.

wan adj. or adv. Much, very much. excessive, great,

war adi. Very small, very little.

चलाचार s. m. Deviation from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws.

पताचारी adj. Transgressing.

very requisite, of great importance.
ব্যুৱনিত নিচ কাল বিজ্ঞান কৰিছিল।
বিজ্ঞান বিজ্ঞান কৰিছিল।
বিজ্ঞান বিজ্

To conj. (inceptive or premising particle use? to introduce a remark, question, afternation, \$\delta_c.) Thus, so, then, hence, further, now, moreover, henceforthTos adj. Unwearied, unjired, insensible

পথক adj. Unwearied, untired, insensible of fatigue.

चथवन s. m. The fourth Ved.

चयल adj. Unsteady, unstable, wavering. चयत conj. Or.

भवा adj. Deep, unfordable, unfathomable, out of man's depth.

অধার্ম s.f. A place where people meet for counsel, or to converse and amuse themselves. [fathomable, খবাৰ adj. Bottomless, very deep, un-

পথাৰ adj. Bottomless, very deep, un-পৰিব | adj. Unstable, unsteady, wa-পঞ্জিব | vering.

भद adj. Half, ad-pakkd, Half-ripe. भद्दाचा s.m. A cloth for carrying things

in, a covering.

चद्तिया adj. m. Half-blown (a flower, gc.). चद्योना adj. m. Half-open.

ৰ্বাৰ্থ odj. m. Half driveu (as a stake), বৰু adj. Unpunished. s. m. impunity. বৰু adj. Not given. [(a female). বৰুল adj. f. Not given in marriage বৰুল s. m. Act of being born or of springing up (as plants from seed), birth, production.

चटम्या } adj. m. Half-dead.

बद्धा बर्जुः. Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitude of pity.

ddj. Unseen, unforeseen s. m.
Causal and unforeseen danger, fortune, luck.

बद्दान e.m. Disappearance. adj. Invisible. बद्दान e.m. A kind of very fine muslin; a kind of sweetmeat. बद्बबद्व] s. m. Exchange, alter-बद्बाबद्वा] ation.

पदचावदचा करना v. a. m. To exchange, or barter; confuse, displace.

चदली बदली करणी v. a. f. To exchange, or barter; confuse, displace.

बद्दान } s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

ব্ৰুল s. m. Water set to boil for dressing victuals.

चराना } adj. Illiberal, avaricious, घरानी } stingy.

पहिता s. f. The proper name of the mother of the gods.

चदिति नव्दन s. m. A deity.

पदिन s. m. An unlucky day.

चिंद इ. m. Misfortune, fate.

wew adj. Invisible, unscen.

पहार adj. Uuseen, unforcseen. पद्धी s. f. Half a damrec (a small coin), half a piece of cloth.

षदीत } adj. Without splendour.

घटोरी s. f. A kind of food eaten by Hindus.

ৰহুৱ adj. Surprising, wonderful, admirable. s.m. Surprise, astonishment, বহন s.f. Ginger, in an undried state (Amonum zinziber).

चड़की s. f. A kind of sweetment,

will s. m. Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny and oppression.

बही ही adj. Innoenous, mild.

षदः adj. Quiet, tranquil, free from strife पदायन s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

মার্থনীয় adj. Peerless, matchless, un-মার্থন cqualled; only, sole without a second.

wit adj. Harmless, not malicious.

पहेंची बर्जु. Harmless, inoffensive.

wu: prep. Down, downwards, below (in

place, rank or degree); the reverse of उत ut.

अप (in comp.) Half.

खान s.m. Palsy affecting one side or half the body: hemiplegia, adhang márna, to strike with palsy. [sied ; paralytic. क्यपंती adj. Affected with hemiplegia, pal-अपन्य ता adj. m. Half-dressed victuals. अध्यक्ष adj. m. Half-ripe.

क्यवनपालो s. f. A pain affecting half the head : a nut of areca shaped like a hemisphere (so named, probably, from two kernels being contained in one shell: and to such a nut the virtue crais sibed of curing the disease of the same name).

व्यथकर) s. m. Half the tax or duty of अप्रकरी ∫ any kind (the other half being remitted).

अवक्षा ddj. m. Half-spoken, half-uttered. adj. Poor, destitude, indigent.

अधपका adj. Half-ripe. अध्यत s. m. A prince, a commander, a

अधवना adj. Half-made, half-prepared. अध्या adv. Half-way, in the middle. अधनीच adv. In the middle.

खपम adj. Inferior, low, mean, vile, despicable, wretched, contemptible.

व्यथमग adj. Half-dead. व्यथ गरा

अधर adj. Low, inferior, below; low, vile. s. m. The tip, the lower lip; pudendum muliebre.

squr s. m. Empty space, the space between heaven and earth. adj. Suspended, separate, at a distance. adv. In the middle, [of cloth.

ख्यपरमा s.m. A half piece of cloth; a sort खबरावत s. m. The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips.

अपने s. m. Injustice, irreligion, un-

righteousness, impiety, immorality, sin, crime, adj. Unjust, impious.

अधर्मचारी adj. Unrighteous, wicked. अधर्मेता s. f. Unrighteousness.

अधर्मपना s. m. Injustice, crime.

काधर्मिष्ठ adj. Very wicked.

अधनी adj. Unjust, wicked, unrighteous. sinful, criminal, immoral, impious,

अध्यम adi. Ralf of any thing.

अध्याद s. f. A half (generally applied to pieces of cloth).

ऋधान s. m. Oils, unguents.

अपार । s. m. Food, aliment, victuals,

ऋधार्मिक adj. Unjust unrighteous wicked. अधासीसी s. f. Pain affecting the half of the head, hemicrania.

₹ prep. Over, above, upon ; it implies superiority (in place, quality or quantity), and is the reverse of an ap.

चित्र adj. Exceeding, excessive, greater, more than, most, additional, extra, augmented.

पश्चिता s. f. Excess, addition.

परिकाई s. f. Increase, augmentation, abundance, excess; oppression,

पिकाना v. a. To augment, increase.

पिकार s.m. A kingdom, a government, an estate; the bearing of royal insignia, dominion, possession, authority, rule, title, a right, a privilege, an inheritance.

पधिकारी adj. Possessing a right, title, or privilege. s. m. A. proprietor, s master, an owner, one invested with power and authority, a ruler, a director.

चित्रत s. m. A superintendant in general; an inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accounts.

ৰ্ষিদ } s. m. An owner, a lord, or ৰ্ষিদ্বি master; a king.

The eye, cancer of the eye.

মহিমান s. m. An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days omitted in reckoning the luner year.

षधियाना v. a. To halve, to divide.

with s. m. A great or appreme king, superior prince, a sovereign, an emperor.

चाचित्रक s.m. Empire, supreme sway.

আগৈ } adj. Obedient, submissive, আগৌৰ } humble, docile, subject to the control of another, subservient; dependant.

षधीनला s. f. Submission, obedience, obsequiousness, servility, humility, servitude, subjection, dependance, slavery.

খনীৰী s. f. Submission, humbleness, obsequiousness; petition.

चर्चार adj. Confused, perplexed; unsteady (lit. or met.); impatient, hasty, precipitate, irresolute.

पधीरज s.m. Confusedness, perplexity, unsteadiness. adj. Perplexed, confused, unsteady, impatient.

चरीनां } adj. Confused, perplexed.

पधीरता s. f. Haste, precipitation, irresolution, fickleness, unsteadiness, want of firmness; confusion, perplexity, impatience,

चधीवर s. m. An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes.

भूषा बर्जु: Half-ready, half-dressed; immature (s fætus); unfinished, adhura jons, v. n. To miscarry (a female). भूषेष्ठ adj. Middle-aged, just past the prime of life (spplied most frequently to women). [small coin). ष्पेचेचा s. m. Half a piece or poisa (a ष्पेचची s. f. Half a rupee.

ष्येये adj. Unsteady, feeble, irresolute. ष्येयां s.m. Instability, want of firmness. स्पोतर s.f. A fine kind of cloth.

पपोश्च adj. With the head downwards (asthe Hindus practice in the tupusya), looking downwards, drooping the head (from grief or shame); headlong; inverted, turned upside down, [kind.),

ম্থাই s.f. Half a hide (of a thick strong মুদ্রৰ s.m. Study, reading, especially of the sacred books; one of the six duties of a brahman.

ব্যাৰ s. m. A master, a lord, a chief, a governor, a superintendant.

च्याना v. a. To halve, to divide. च्यापन s. m. A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books.

ৰ্থানে s. m. Instructing, teaching the sacred books.

च्छाय s. m. A section, or division of a book; a chapter, or lecture of the Ved; a chapter, a lesson.

चप A prefix of negation, privation or diminution, used properly before words beginning with a vowel only, च being adopted before consonants: in Hindee, however चन frequently occurs with consonants; so, चनच anant, चन्देचा andekhá.

भनशाना v.n. To be angry, or displeased, to be pecvish; or fretful.

वन्द्र ad). Unwrought unformed; भनवद्रा uneducated; unlicked, un-भनवद्रा polished, unfinished, unset (as o ring on jewel). angarhi bat, Inconsistent or ill-arranged speech.

चनवित | adj. Uncounted, innumer-चनवित्रत | able, numberless, count-चनवित्रत | less.

47 भनिष्या adj. Uncounted, numberless. angina makiná. The eighth month of a woman's pregancy. चनगिनगी adj. Countless, unnumbered. প্ৰৱ adj. Sinless, innocent. चनवाहत adi. Not desired. funawares. चनित्र adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly, चनचीक्रा adj. Unknown, strange. चनचेत s. m. A valuation of standing चनकीबा adj. Unpared (as fruit, &c.), unlicked, rude, awkward, boorigh, अनुसना adi. Unborn. भनज्ञ s. m. Victuals and food. चनज्ञा adj. Unburnt. चनजस s. m. Infamy. चनजान adj. Unwitting, unintentional, not knowing, ignorant. s. m. A. stranger. चनजाना adj. Unknown, ignorant. भनजानी s. f. Ignorance, negligence. भनजाने adv. Ignorantly, not knowing. unwittingly. [thing will grow. भनजाना adj. Barren (land) in which no-भगट s. m. Injustice. चनत adv. Elsewhere ; another, other. चनदेखा adj. Unscen, invisible. चनदाई s. m. Miserly, avaricious. चनदाता s. m. Benefactor, food-giver. चनधीन adj. Independent. चनभोवा adj. Unwashed; unclean. चनन adj. Boundless, illimitable ; endleas, eternal; infinite, innumerable. s. m. A name of the serpent said to support the earth; a name of Vishnu; name of several plants; a cord with fourteen knots, which the Hindus tie on their arm on the 14th day of Bhadon sukl-puksh, which is sacred to Vishnu, and called anant-choudus. . चननता s. f. Eternity. fquantity.

चनकप adi, Multiform, चननवात s. m. Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck. चन्त्र adj. Unbounded, infinite, eternal. s. m. Immortality; eternity; infinity. भनपदा adj. Illiterate, uninformed. चनपत्र adj. Childless, having no progeny. चापारतीत s. f. Absence of knowledge. certainly or conviction. अनपरतीती a. Unfriendly; unbelieving, faithless. fsinless. चनपराध s. m. Innocence. adj. Innocent. अनपराधी adj. Innocent, sinless. चनपावन adj. Unclean, unpurc. अनपेच adj. Disregarding, unheeding. अन्पेचा 8. f, Carelessness, indifference. disregard. I understanding. चनवात s. m. Discord, dissension, mis-भनिवयाचा adj. Unmarried. भनवेथा adj. Unbored, unperforated. खनवील adi. Silent, speechless, mute. भन्भज् s. m. Ill fortune, bad luck, भनभला s. m. Not good, bad. अनुमाद s.f. A maiden, virgin, spinster. खनमाया Unmarried, hence, m. A batchelor. चनिम s. m. Not aware. ignorant. चनभिनाष s. m. Indifference, absence of desire. अनिभन्ताची adj. Indifferent. भनमना m.) adj. Thoughtful, agitated, भनमनी f. J regretting, out of humour, . sad, troubled in mind, dissatisfied, displeasing, vexed, sickly. चननित s. m. Heterogeneous, discordant; not agreeing to indisposed towards. भनमेख adj. Dissimilar, m. Estrangement. चनतील s. m. Priceless, invaluable, bevond price. खनवज s. m. Infamy.

marter s. m. Want of flavour or enjoyment; disgust, nauscousness, conlness or misunderstanding between friends, [our.

चवरीत e.f. Unmannerliness, illbehavi-चनरीति e.f. Non-compliance with the rules of good manner or behaviour, unceremoniousness, irregularity.

ৰাৰ alj. Unmeaning, fruitless, abortive; absurd, improper nonsensical.
বাৰা s. f. Fire; a plant (plumbago zey-lanica and rosea).

প্ৰৱত s. m. A ring furnished with little balls and worn on the great toe.

षणस्याम adj. Careless, inattentive. s. m. Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness.

भवशानता s.f. Inadvertence, inattention.
भवशानता s.f. Decapied, busy, having no
leisure; unseasonable; inopportune.
s. m. want of leisure or opportunity;
unseasonableness, inopportuneness.
भवादा adj. Unstable, unsteady; incontiment, s.f. Instablity, absence of
fixed state or condition; uncertainty,
doubt; incontinence, dissoluteness.

মন্ত্রিকা adj. Uneducated, illiterate. হানসং Not perishing, imperishable, immortal.

लन्मनं s. m. A fast, fasting. अन्दनसः adj. Not understood, not knowing.

अनमस्मा s. m. Not understanding or knowing; not understood. अनुसार क्यां Unived. separate.

स्वतान कर्तुं, Unnaixed, separate, स्वतान कर्तुं, Unlearned, [taught, समहोत्ता s.m. Illiterate, unlearned, un-स्वतान कर्तुं, Unheard, not noticed, disregarded. ansuin. kornd, o. n. To pretend not to hear (what is spoken); to disregard. [regarded. सानभूनी s.f. Unheard, not noticed, dis-

कानस्या s. f. Name of the wife of Atri, ene of the 7 Rishi's father of Chandra. [lity.

भगहरार s. m. Absence of pride, humi-

पनिष्य adj. Without affection, an enemy. s. m. Unfriendliness, disaffection, hostility.

अनिहित् adj. Inimical, unfriendly, unfamiliar, hence in an enemy.

खनहोना, adj. Not to be, impossible. खनहोनी adj. Impossible.

খনাজাৰ adj. Shapeless, without form.
খনাজাৰা a.f. A sort of prickly flightshade (Solonum Jacquini). [Inture,
খনাখন adj. Not come, not yet arrived,
पनास्य adj. Unapproachable; inaccessible: unobtainable.

ৰাবাং s. m. Improper conduct, irreligion, neglect of moral or religious observance. adj. Immoral, ill-behaved, indecent. [decent.

भनाचारी adj. Immoral, indecorous, in-

unist adj. Unskilful, clumsy, artless, awkward. inexpert. s. m. f. A novice, bungler, simpleton.

पनात् ady. Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain.

Tries adj. Husbandless, without a protector, lord or master, without chief or sovereign; helpless.

WHIEL s. m. Disrespect; affront?

ৰমাহি adj. Without beginning, eternal as it respects beginning, unborn, uncreate.

चनादिख s. m. Eternity.

चनावास s. m. Ease, facility. adj: Easy. चनार m. A pomegranate.

चनारपन s. m. Silliness, clumsiness, inexpertness, ignorance, awkwardness: भन्दों m. A simpleton, stupid, novice. www adj. Indestructible.

ৰ্বাস্থ্য s. m. Abstinence, starvation.
ব্যাস্থ্য adj. Fasting. [wish or desire.
ব্যাস্থ্য s. f. Indifference, absence of
ব্যাস্থ্য adj. Not for ever; frail, porishable, transient, not overlasting, tran-

able, transient, not everlasting, transitory, temporary, fugitive. শ্ৰিন্ধা s. f. Transient or limited exis-

प्रिक्ता s. f. Transient or limited existence.

ৰণিত্ব adj. Awake, sleepless.

पनिन्दित adj. Irreproachable.

ৰণিয়ত adj. Unskilled, unskillful. ৰণিয়ত্ত adj. Unobstructed, unrestrained.

षिण्य s. m. Uncertainty. षनिमेख adj. Dirty, foul.

स्तिमा } The superhuman faculty of स्त्रिया } becoming a point or particle (as possessed by a deity) too small for human perception.

ৰাদ্বিৰাম adj. Not fit to be spoken; পাদ্বাম indescribable, indefinable.

বাদাল s.m. Wind, breath, air, considered as a deity.

पश्चित adj. Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden.

মনিধিয় adj. Unprohibited, unforbidden. মনিত adj. Undesired, ominous, evil, bad, unlucky. [ness.

মনিষ্য s. m. Unsteadfastness, unsteadi-মনী s.f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (ás, of an arrow, spear, &c.)

খানিবা s.f. An army, a host, forces,; a certain force. 1-10th of an akshouhini, consisting of 2187 elephant, and as many cars, 5661 horse, and 10.935 foot.

चनीति s.f. Rudeness, unpropriety, injustice, unmorality.

जाती s. m. Unmannerly, rude, boorish. जब prep. After (in time, place, rank and degree), according to, in imitation of; it is the reverse of जिल्ल abhi. पनुकाण, m. Speaking concurrent! पनुकाणा s. f. Tenderness, compassion, pity.

মনুদ্ধ adj. Co-inciding, friendly to, assisting, acting in concert with, favourable or conformable to.

चनुक्षता s. f. A co-incidence, a being in concert, a concert, concord, good will, consent.

ষ্ট্ৰান্ত adj. Not spoken, not told, not mentioned. s. m. A trope. [a series. ষ্ট্ৰান s.m. Order, method, a succession

মনুত্রান্ত s. m. A creek. মনুত্র adj. Following, succeeding. s. m. f.

A follower, a servant, a dependant.

attached to. चनामन pres. part. Following, pursning; चनामने adj. Following, consequent upon, devoted to, imitating. s. m. A companion. a follower; one who goes

behind or after.

wiggs s. m. Favour, grace, kindness, indulgence; conferring benefits, pro-

moting good, and preventing ill. प्राप्त s. m. A companion, a follower, a servant, an attendant.

भत्तपरी s. f. A female companion.

ৰনুণিন odj. Unfit, improper, unbecoming. ব্যান odj. Younger, junior. s. m. A younger brother. [tion.

पनुजा s. f. Permission, command, order, dismission, younger sister.

अनुवायी adj. Following after, succeeding according to.

ৰৱমা s. f. An order, command, injunc-মুৱন্য s. m. Repentance, regret, remoree.

चतुतापी adj. Penitent, regretting. चतुतारा हु. m. A satellite.

without reply.

the nose. चन्यल s.m. A second (of time).

भनुपश्चित adj. Not ready, not present.

चनपड़ो adj. Known, recognized, hence. m. An acquaintance a person known. भनपान s. m. A fluid vehicle (in medicine) : or that which is swallowed after the Cobservant, following. medicine. कानवर्ग s. m. A deputy, attached to, अनुबन्धी adj. Connected with, attached. भनुभव s. m. Apprehension, the exercise

of the understanding independent of memory; comprehension, guess, inference, supposition, hypothesis, experience ; result, consequence.

चनभार s.m. Dignity, authority, auspices. चनमत ali. Experienced, felt, guessed, perceived, indicated.

चनमति s. f. An order, a command, permission, advice.

भनुमस्य s.m. A widow's burning on a separate pile from her deceased hossis, logical conclusion. band. चत्रमान s. m. Inférence, guess, hypothe-चन्तरानं s. m. Affection, love, passion, attachment.

पहरायना v. n. To be in love with.

चनरानी part, act, Making friendship, loving, caressing, adj. Impassioned, in love.

अनुराधा s. f. The 17th Nakshatrah or lunar mansion, designated by a row of oblations (stars in Libra).

wasy adj. Like resembling, corresponding with. s. m. Conformity.

The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service.

खनवाद s.m. A reply ; repetition, tautology, interpretation, translation.

चनशासन m. Advice, direction, precept, instruction; the giving rules for the acquisition of a science, [searching, प्रस्थान s. m. Inquiry, investigation. মনুধ্বা v.n. To follow, to be consequent upon, to follow a person, to follow upon some previous circumstances. WHERE adj. Following, answering to,

according with, s. m. Conformity to or to. usage, &c. WITH ady. Following; according with TITE 8. m. In grammar the nasal cha-

racter or bindi. चनस्या f. The wife of Atri muni, one of

the seven Rishis' father of Chandra. चनुहर (s.m. Imitation, resemblance. पनेंचार (खनेहरना t. To imitate, resemble.

মনতা adj. Rare, wonderful, uncommon (generally applied to things or animals). चन्प adj. Incomparable, best.

पनपन m. Incomparable, unprecedented. चन्पान, s. m. A fluid vehicle in medicine. we'll adj. Undebted, free from debt. পুৰুৱ m. Untrue, false.

पनेक adj. Many, much, abundant.

चनेकलाच adv. A long time.

where adi. Multiform: of various kinds or sorts; fickle of variable mind.

पनेकविध adj. Various, of many kinds, in different ways.

पनेकाकार adj. Multiform,

भनेति s. f. Unmannerliness, rudeness. पनेस Useless, worthless, bad.

बानेसे ade: Improperly, rudely.

पनीया adj. Rare, uncommon, wonderful (generally applied to man). भनाना odj. Saltless.

चन: कर्च s. m. The understanding, the, heart, the will, the conscience, the soul, पन:पाती adj, Included.

THE s.m. The queen's apartments, the inner or female apartments.

ৰবা: ম্বাং s. m. The internal and spiritual part of man, the conscience, the soul. খবা s. m. End, completion; death; a boundary, a limit; perdition, destruction, mind, heart. adv. After all, at last; in within, elsewhere, somewhere else.

ৰাণ s. m. Intelligence, news, account of.
বলবাৰ s. m. Dying moment, hour of
death.
অন্যানী adv. At last in the end, ultiবলনা s. m. A shudra or man of low cast
বলনা s. ry. Entrails, intestines, bowels, gut.

wmt adv. Within, between, amongst;
without; except. s. m. Interval, intermidiate space; period term; difference; hole or rent; midst, the midst; the heart, the supreme soul. adj.
Other, similar.

জনবাৰি s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensation, adj. Forgotton, জনবাৰ s. m. A relative, a near friend. জনবোৰ adj. Inborn, inbred. innate. জনবাৰ s. m. A cuttain, a screen.

भगरवेद n. prop. Name of the country between the Gangs and Junna rivers; the Doab.

चना adj. In the middle, among; near at hand; without, except. s.m. A verse, any verse of a song excepting the first.

बन्धावय e. f. A tertian aguo,
बन्धायन adj. f. Pregnant,
बन्धायन adj. f. Adjertian agus,
बन्धायन adj. Inward, internal,
बन्धायन adj. f. Pregnant,
adj. f. Pregnant

To be very hungry: (lit. The belly repeating, There is but one God). antri ka bul khôna, To eat a belly-ful after starving. antriyon pen ag lagna, To be very hungry.

चनरीप s. m. A promontory, a headland, a cape, as, Kumari antarip, Caps Comorin.

बनरीच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight.

ষ্পাসাম adj. Pervading the inward parts, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity). [house. মনাইং s. m. A private door within a

মন্দর্যান s. m. A disappearing a vanishing a way; profound inward meditation. adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed.

चनपेंट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

মনাৰ s. m. Internal or inherent nature or disposition.

चनर्भून adj. or adv. In the midst. चनर्भनस adj. Sad, perplexed.

चन्यांनी adj. Pervading the inward parts, heart-searching or pervading, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity).

चनवंदी s.f. A pregnant woman.

चन्त्रहो s. f. The name of a country, the Doab, or country between the Ganga and Jumna rivers.

चन्तिम adj. Final, ultimate.

ৰ্বাস s. m. A shudra or man of the fourth tribe. [fourth tribe. ব্যাসকার s. m. A man of the shudra or ব্যাসকার s. f. A woman of the shudra or fourth tribe.

चनावर्ष s. m. f. A man or woman of the shudra or fourth tribe.

चनवित् a.m. Profound meditation.

ৰন্য edv. Last, lowest. [viscers.] মূল s.f. The entrails, the bowels, the

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बन्देश s. m. Thought, meditation, care, | concern.

पत्र s. m. Darkness. Gdi, Blind.

प्रमुक्तार s. m. Darkness.

चन्यज्ञप s. ns. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

चन्द्रतमस s. m. Great darkness.

प्रस्ता s. f. Blindness.

बन्दना है adj. Blind, dark, dim. andhla-THI pan, s. m. Blindness, intellectual blindness, acting as if one were blind.

पश्चियारा adj. Dark.

चनेर s.m. Misfortune, calamity, injustice, violence, tumult outrage, tyranny, oppression; darkness. andher karna, v. a. To act unjustly, tyrannize, to oppress.

पशेरा adj. Dark, blind. s. m. Darkness. पनेशे adj. f. Dark. s. f. Darkness.

पश्री कीउरी s. f. A dark room : the belly, womb.

was. m. Food, victuals, grain, corn. ways s. m. A festival celebrated by Hindoos, (in commencement of Krishna's sacrifices, on the day follow-

warm ? s. m. Victuals and drink : support, maintenance, sub-च्यद्रपानी र् sistance. .

• चन्नदाता s. m. Benefactor, supporter. खनपूर्ण s. m. Satisty of food. n. prop. The name of a goddess, the Ceres of the Hindus.

चनपामन s. m. The ceremony of giving a child khir or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

water s, m. Chyle.

अबद्दोन adj. Destitude of food, needy. way s. m. The husband of a nurse. बाबी s. f. A nurse or female attendant

on a child.

अभोज ? adj. Discordant, heteroge-अधियन 🕻 neous.

बाबील adj. Invaluable, beyond price. अब्ब adj. Another, other, different.

खनजन s.m. Another birth, regeneration.

अवन adv. Elsewhere, in another place, कार्यया adv. Otherwise, in a different manner, inaccurately, untruly, adv. Contrary.

अध्यमनस् adj. Fickle, versatile, absent. अवाय s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

खनायी adj. Unjust, oppressive, lawless. अचीच adj. Reciprocal, mutual.

जन्य s.m. Race, lineage ; interpretation, making out the natural order or comnexion of poetical style.

अप्रतिकत adj. Connected with, joined possessed of, fraught with, inherent in. कालेषण s. m. Inquiry, search, research. अने पी adj. Searching, inquisitive.

अनुहराना v. a. To wash, bathe, cause to bathe.

क्रमणान s. m. Bathing.

अनुहाना s. m. To bathe, to wash.

चन्द्रोन्द्रार adj. Hopeless, unpromising : improbable.

चनहीना adi Imposible.

ou prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, slyness, \$c.); ill, amiss, bad; the reverse of चिष athi.

चपंत s. m. Infirm.

क्षपंच s. w. A. wrong or bad road, a devious track ; heresy.

अपूर्णी बर्जा. One who has lost his way ; devious ; heretical.

आपेपा s. m. One's self (used is the scen. sative case only f, as, apampa bachána, To guard or protect one's self ..

aus od). Unripe. | tion, wickedness. आपम्म s. m. A mean or unworthy ac-

अप्रवाद 8. m. Complaint, accusation cen-

खप चानजड s. m. An indelible disgrace. TYRIT s. m. A hindrance, a detriment, an injury. ayar adj. Bad, inferior, deteriorated. sque adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, immature. खपदता s. f. Immaturity, अपनित e. f. Misdemeanour ; ill repute, * evil.plight, forlorn condition. चप्राप्त 8, m. Loss, detriment, waste. . अवस्या । s.f. A female dancer, or cour-THE T (tezan in Swarga or Paradise. खुपत्रस s. m. Infamy, ignominy, dishonour. . ञ्चप नसी adj. Infamous, unfortunate. खपटक adi. One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic. अपट adı. Unskilled, uwkward, incapable, uncouth ; incloquent. अपुडर s. m. Falsehood, fear, fear of one's self. भवत } m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant. अपति s. f. Discredit, disgrace. चपातथा वर्षा, Faithless, treacherous. अप्रतिज्ञना adj. s.f. Unchaste (a woman) ; a courtezan. खु पर 3. m. Offspring, male or female. जापथ s. m. The want of a road; a bad road. अपन adj. Indigestible, unwholesome. अपनपी s. m. Family, relations, kin. अपना m.) pron. poss. Of or belonging द्यपनी 🗗 🕽 to self, own, apri gagna, To sing one's own praises, to egotize. खपनाना v. a. To make a thing one's own, to convert or appropriate to one's own use. अपनायस s. f. Family, relations, kindred,

adj. Absolute, independent.

sure. अपनित adj. Unclean, defiled, impure, अप्रभाषा s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language. अप्रथम) s. m. Common or vulgar व्यपभंश 📗 talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language. अपनान s.m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront. . disrespect, contempt. अपमानित adj. Disrespected, disgraced. अपनानी adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable. अप्रमान्य adj. Disreputable, dishonour-क्षप्रव s. f. An inauspicious death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay. dishon our. कापवम s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace, अपवारी adj. Infamous, unfortunate. चापर adj. Another, other. wytyr adi. Boundless, infinite. कपराजय s.m. Not a defeat : victory. invincibleness. अपराजित adj. Unconquered, invincible, unerring, not vanquished not defeated. अपराजिता s.f. A twining shrub (Clitoria ternates); also a name applied to several plants. [gression, guilt, sin. अपराध s. m. Offence, crime, fault, trans-अपराची s. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable. WITH s. m. Afternoon, the last watch of the day. custom. अपरिपादी s.f. Deviation from established व्यवदिनित adj. Not measured, immoderate, unlimited. चप्रेचा s. f. Want of trial or proof ; an

improper or insufficient trial of any

अपन s. m. The state of a Hindu after

bathing, previous to worship or to.

thing

बदेश s. m. Thought, meditation, care,

was, m. Darkness, Jdj. Blind.

प्रवार s. m. Darkness.

पश्चक्प इ. १३. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

चन्द्रतमस s. m. Great darkness.

चनवा s. f. Blindness.

ৰব্য } adj. Blind, dark, dim. andhlapan, s. m. Blindness, intellectual blindness, acting as if one were blind.

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चलेरी कीउरी s. f. A dark room; the belly, womb.

প্র s. m. Food, victuals, grain, corn. পরসূত s. m. A festival celebrated by Hindoos (in commencement of Krishna's sacrifices, on the day following.

बाह्यजन है s. m. Victuals and drink; बाह्यपानी support, maintenance, subsistance.

*আহবো s. m. Benefactor, supporter.
আম্বা s. m. Satisty of food. n. prop.
The name of a goddess, the Ceres
of the Hindus.

चन्नमाम s. m. The ceremony of giving s child khir or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

water s. m. Chyle.

खबर्शन adj. Destitude of food, needy, खबा s.m. The husband of a nurse. खबी s.f. A nurse or female attendant ' on a child, অবল } adj. Discordant, heteroge-অবিল } neous.

स्वास adj. Invaluable, beyond price.

अन adj. Another, other, different.

অসম s.m. Another birth, regeneration. অধ্য adv. Elsewhere, in another place. অশ্যা adv. Otherwise, in a different

manner, inaccurately, untruly. adv. Contrary.

अभागस् adj. Fickle, versatile, absent. अभाग s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

क्यायी adj. Unjust, oppressive, lawless. अनीय adj. Reciprocal, mutual.

चन्य s.m. Race, lineage; interpretation, making out the natural order or comnexion of poetical style.

क्यन्तित adj. Connected with, joined possessed of, fraught with, inherent in. क्यन्येषण s. m. Inquiry, search, research.

क्य भी adj. Searching, inquisitive. अनुस्थाना v. a. To wash, bathe, cause

to bathe.

ऋतृहाना s. m. To bathe, to wash.

चन्द्रोन्द्रार adj. Hopeless, unpromising ; improbable.

खनहीना बर्था Imposible.

au prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, styness, \$c.); ill, amiss, bad; the reverse of use athi.

चपंग s. m. Infirm.

क्षपंत्र s. m. A wrong or bad road, a devious track ; heresy.

चपंदी ब्रि. One who has lost his way ; devious ; heretical.

सपेपा s. m. One's self (used in the accu. sative case only), as, apampa bachdno, To guard or protect one's self.. सुष्य अत्रे, Unripe, [tion, wickedness.

would s. m. A. mean or unworthy sc-

आपकार s. m. An indelible disgrace. अपकार s. m. A hindrance, a detriment, an injury.

अपन्न कर्यु. Bad, inferior, deteriorated. अपन्न adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, immature.

ज्यपद्या s. f. Immaturity.

खपगित s. f. Misdemeanour; ill repute, evil.plight, forlorn condition.

चपचं s. m. Loss, detriment, waste. जपदरा { s.f. A female dancer, or cour-चपदरा { tozan in Swarga or Paradise. जपनस s. m. Infamy, ignominy, dishonour.

অবস্থী adj. Infamous, unfortunate. অবস্থ adj. One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic. অবস্থ ads. Unskilled. awkward. incap-

able, uncouth; incloquent. अवडर s. m. Falsehood, fear, fear of one's

self. অঘত শ্বিত্ত m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant.

भपता है m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant. जापति s. f. Discredit, disgrace.

अपानया | adj. Faithless, treacherous. अपितवारा | adj. s.f. Unchaste (a woman); a courtezan.

खु पद्ध s. m. Offspring, male or female. खु पद्य s. m. The want of a road; a bad road.

अपन adj. Indigestible, unwholesome. अपनपो s. m. Family, relations, kin.

खपना m.) pron. poss. Of or belonging खपनी f.) to self, own. apni gasna, To sing one's own praises, to egotize.

क्षपनाना e. a. To make a thing one's own, to convert or appropriate to one's own use. [kin. खपनाया s. f. Family, relations, kindred, खपनाय के de Absolute, independent, अपनद s. m. Complaint, accusation consure.

ख्यपनित adj. Uncleas, defiled, impure. ख्यपनाया s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene

त्रपमाचा s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language.

স্বাদ্ধ (s. m. Common or vulgar স্বাদ্ধ (talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language.

अपनान s.m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront, disrespect, contempt.

স্থানাগিব alj. Disrespected, disgraced. স্থানাগী adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable, [able. স্থানাম adj. Disreputable, dishonour-

अपनान अनु: Distribution, distribution death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay.

अपयम s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace, अपयमी adj. Infamous, unfortunate.

अपर adj. Another, other.

कपरंपार adj. Boundless, infinite. चापराजय s. m. Not a defeat; victory, invincibleness.

सपराजित adj. Unconquered, invincible, unerring, not vanquished, not defeated, सपराजिता ef. A twining shrub (Clitoria ternates); also a name applied to several plants. [gression, guilt, sin. अपराज e. m. Offence, crime, fault, trans-सपराज e. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable.

चपराष्ट्र क. m. Afternoon, the last watch of the day. [custom. चपरिपाटी e.f. Deviation from established चपरिपाटी a.f. Not measured, immoderate,

unlimited.

improper or insufficient trial of any thing.

अपरे s. m. The state of a Hindu after bathing, previous to worship or to eating, during which it is unlawful for him to touch any one; leprosy. खपसच s.m. A badromen, bad sign. खपसचा वंगुं.m. Of a bad sign or suspicious appearance, unlucky, ominous.

अपलब्ध } adj. Impudent, immodest, अपलब्ध } shameless.

अपनामा s. f. Impudence, shamelessness. भवनीय s. m. Disrepute, disgrace, dishonor, ignoming, infamy.

चपवर्ग s.f. Salvation.

बपदाइ s. m. Complaint, reproach, accusation, censure, blame.

अपवादी m. ह e. A complainer, an ac-अपवादिनी f. cuser.

चप्रित adj. Unclean, defiled, impure, profane.

स्पनिता s.f. Uncleanness, filth, impurity पश्चात्र s. m. A portent, a bad omen, any unlucky or inauspicious object.

अपत्य s. m. A disagreeable sound, wind broken backwards, ungrammatical language [intelligible, not clear. अपर a ij. Hidden, socret; inevident, un-अपरा s. f. A female dancer or courtezan in Swargs or the hindu paradise.

आपस्थ s.m. Right (not left), the right side of the body. adj. Opposite, contrary.

भवसार s. m. The cpilepsy, falling sickness. [ing.

स्पद्ध s. m. A plundering, a purloin-स्पद्दा s. m. A robber, a plunderer, a thief.

aqua s. m. Denial, concealment.

Tayrd s. m. A plunderer, destroyer.

Tay adj. Without wings, without assistance or protection.

[a helper.

Tay adj. Wingless, unaided, without

squa odj, Unripe, immature, raw. s. m. Immaturity; indigestion.

war s. m. The outer corner of the eye;

a sectorial mark or circlet on the forehead. a2j. Maimed, crippled. [wink. ऋषाक्ष्मन s.m. A side glance, a leer, a ऋषाक a2j. Incapable, unfit, unworthy. s.m. An inferior or worthless person.

স্থাব্য s. m. The taking from a thing; (in pram.) the ablative case. [wards. স্থান s. m. The anus; wind broken back-স্থান adj. Sinless, innocent, pure.

अवार adj. Boundless, unbounded, iuterminable, excessive, impassable.

अपान adj. Defiling, polluting, impure. अपान्य adj. Helpless, destitute. अपान्त adj. Lazy, cripple; a person who

'never visits any one.

अपीन adj. Light, lean. अपीनस s. m. Dryness of the nove, want of the pituitary secretion and loss of smell, cold. ((iquor).

खपीय adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden खपुष्ट adj. Tailless.

अपुष्टा s.f. A tree (Dalbergia Sisu). इ.पुष्टा s.m. Uncharitableness, adj. Wick-

ed, bad. [freputable son.

अपुर्व adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly. अपुर्व adj. Lean.

agfactj. Without flowers (a tree or plant), not bearing flowers, not in flowers. [verent.

सपुत्र adj. Ungodly, irreligious, irre-सपुत्र adj. That which is not wor hipped, or is not a proper object of worship-प्रमुख्य adj. Childless; undutiful (child).

ay alj. Not full, facomplete. s. m.
A fraction.

चपूर्वहास adj. Premature.

चपूर्वता s.f. Incompleteness.

wyw adj. Unprecedented, unparalleled, eminent, excellent, uncommon, unheard of, new, admirable, remarkable, wonderful, extraordinary. ম্বৰ s. m. An expectant, a ij. Expecting, waiting for.

षपेचा s. f. Expectation, hope.

बर्चित adj. Expected, waited for, wished, hoped. [pectant; looking to. बर्चेची adj. Expecting, hoping, an ex-बर्चेच adj. Invisible, unseen. [(liquer). बर्चेच adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden अर्चेच adj. Final, decisive, irrevocable, not to be put aside.

ख्यीहर adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly.

जनक adj. Unmanifested, unapparent. जनकात adj. Secret, private, hidden, not public or displayed, not manifest or evident.

अप्रवेश adj. Not violent, not strong or forcible, without dignity.

ख्यताप s. m. Want of dignity or acuteness, of power or fortune; dullness, want of brilliancy. [nate. खप्रतापी adj. Blunt, powerless, unfortu-

व्यवस्तिहा s.f. Want of respectability. व्यवस्तिहत adj. Dishonored, disgraced, disesteemed.

अपनीत ady. Without credit.

बब्रतीयी s. f. Want of confidence or of credit, mistrust

भव्या adj. Imperceptible, invisible, not evident, secret, absent, not present.

चानव s. m. Doubt, distrust, disbelief, incredulity, mistrust, unbelief.

चन्नवी adj. Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical. [creey.

प्रभाग s.f. Deviation from custom, se-प्रभाग adj. Subordinate, secondary, mean, powerless. [dullness. प्रभा s.f. Want of splendour; darkness,

चमनाच adj. Without proof, untrue, of doubtful authority.

पप्रशिष adj. Unskilful.

चनवन adj. Ungracious, unfavourable,

displeased, dissatisfied, averse, unpropitious.

प्रसाद s. m. Disfavour, disapprobation, प्रसादो adj. That which is not presented to the deity. [uncelebrated. चर्यान्ड atj. Not famous, not well known;

ष्माचीन adj. Modern, recent. चपान adj. Unobtained. "[sition. चपानि s. f. Non-attainment, non-acqui-

चपाति s. f. Non-attainment, non-acqui-, चपानाचिक adj. Unauthentic, unauthori- ' tative. [proof or authority.

च्यामाष्य s. m. Absence or insufficiency of चित्रव adj. Unamiable, not beloved, disagreeable, unkind, unfriendly.

चपीति s.f. Indifference, want of love, dislike, aversion, disgust, enmity, hatred, unfriendliness.

भन्ने म s. m. Want of love, aversion, hatred, enmity, dislike.

चमराई s. f. Gluttony, a surfeit.

भक्षराना v. a. To feed a person so that his belly swells; (met.) to give a person (money &c.) to the ntmost extent of his desire.

चन है o. n. To swell out (the belly), to gormandize, to cat to satisty; to become very rich.

মন্ত adj. Fruitless, barren, unfruitiul; vain, unproductive, unprofitable. মন্তব্য ef. Barrenness, unprofitableness. মন্তব্য adj. Not in fruit (a fruit tree).

चफीम } s.f. Opium.

মনৈতা adj. Self-conceited, obstinate. মনৈত adj. Without foam.

we adv. Now, presently, just now.

चनका adj. m.) Of the present time, चनको adj. f.) now.

भवजेमी adj. Without fruit, barren (a tree). भवन adj. That which has not escaped. भवतर adv. Till now. भनतव भेषतलक प्रवालक प्रवालक yet, as yet, still.

अव्य

भवतव adv. Presently. abtab hona, To be at the point of death.

The segment of the base of

One devoted to God but

The defilest. One attending on ceremonies; a kind of hindu devotee
who worships Siv.

न्त्रव्य adj. Not deserving death, not to be slain; sacred, inviolable.

अवनी s.f. The earth, the world.

ब्यवर्भा Yet, still, now, at once.

श्रम s. m. A cloud, now, at present. अनुस्क s. ni. Tale, mica.

প্ৰথল ady. Weak, feeble, infirm.

white. [A woman.

শ্বৰণা adj. f. Weak, powerless. s. f. জ্বৰণাৰ s. m. Womanliness, feminity.

থ্যনাধু s.f. হ্যনাধা s.m. \ Weakness.

चनली adj. Weak. s. f. A row, range, continuous line.

अवस्तीकन s. m. Sight, seeing.

সন্দ adj. Powerless, without choice,

आवम वार्त्र वार्त्र adj. Beyond one's control, pow-

अवस् adj. Unreal, ideal, imaginary. अवस्य adj. Without clothes, naked.

भवमें भवमें } Form this time, henceforth.

त्रवसे दूर (An expression of those who after reciting past misfortune, pray to be preserved from a return of it,) Far b: it from us !

व्यवहाँ } Even now, just now.

খৰাক adj. Speechless, silent, dumb. খৰাৰ adj. Dumb, speechless. ज्ञासभा True, unobstructed, unopposed. जाबार s. m. The near bank of a river, its hither side.

ৰবিশ্ব adj. Hidden, unintelligible; any invisible principle.

ऋषित गणित s. f. Arithmetic of unknown quantities, algebra.

पविकार adj. Changeless, enduring.

परिकल adj. Immovable, constant. अविचल adj. Motionless, immovable, un-

moved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

अविवार s. m. Want of consideration ; injustice.

स्विष्यारी m, adj. Destitute of con-स्विष्यारियों f. sideration or reflection; unjust (woman or man).

खबिदा s.f. Ignorance.

षित्नय s.m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission.

ৰাবিৰাম s.m. Exemption from loss, safety.
বাৰ্নামী adj. Safe, entire, free from loss; everlasting, eternal, undecayable, imperishable.

च्चिनीस adj. Wanton, pert, petulant. चित्रस् adj. Without dot or nasal

character.

Tele s. m. Want of discrimination, indiscretion. [tion.

ष्णिकेकता s.f. Indiscreetness, indiscre-ष्णिकेकी adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion.

without contention; tranquillity, quietness.

षविरोधी adj. Quiet, tranquil.

wienes s. m. Quickness, diligence.

सविवास s. n. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity.

भविश्वासी m. adj. Without confi-धविश्वासीन् f. dence distrustful.

भिनियासिनी र्र.) स्मृतिषेस s. m. Caste mark, bathing.

विश्वन adj. Without desire,t. indifferen

WH चनी adv. Now, exactly now.

পৰত্তি s. f. Ignorance. adj. Ignorant, stupid.

अवीज Grain that does not germinate.

अवीर s. m. The red powder used at the Holi festival.

अविसान adj. Unwise, ignorant, foolish. अवस् । adj. Stupid, foolish, ignorant. चन्म void of understadning.

May & s. m. Void of or deficient in un-

चनभ derstanding. अबे interj. (used by way of contempt)

Holla! you fellow Pyou rascal! sirrah. चन्र s. f. Delay, lateness.

अबीध s. m. Ignorance, stupidity, adj. Ignorant, stupid : puzzled, plexed.

चवीयगस्य adj. Incomprehensible.

भनीधनीय adj. Unintelligible.

भवील adi. Silent.

43 s. m. The nymphea or lotus; the moon; a coach; a tree (Eugeniaacutangula); the physician of the gods; a large number, million of millions

water s. m. The ocean.

खिकाफ s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

warfu s. m. Submarine fire.

अभन्न s. f. Want of desire or faith, disregard, indifference, not believing, not attached to.

WHEN s. f. Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to.

अभिक्तमान् adj. Unbelieving, undevoted www adi. Fearless, undauntedes. m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum).

अभवदान रे s. m. Assurance of safety or protection, encourage-त्रभयवाका र् [lia citrina). ment.

कमया s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminaчити s. m. Jewels, ornaments, decoration.

पमस्म adj. Without credit or respect or character, disgraced, dishonoured. abharam karna, v. a. To disgrace.

प्रभाग s. m. Misfortune, adversity.

अभागा m. adi. Unfortanate, desti-चभागिनी f. tute, wretched, forlorn. चमायी f.

werter s. m. Misfortune. adj. Unfortunate, wretched.

WHE adj. Light (not heavy).

WHITE S. m. Non-existence, nonentity. a deficiency; annihilation, death.

Win prep. Before (in time and place), against, with respect to ; (it is the reverse of Wa).

प्रिकार s.m. An incantation to destroy. মদিলিব s.m. A division of time, the cighth सहत or hour ; the 21st constellation or lunar asterism.

क्रियान 8. m. A name, an appellation ; a vocabulary, a dictionary.

प्रसिन्द adj. Recent, new.

অণিয় adj. Undivided. s. m. An integer, a whole number.

■frigit s. m. Meaning, intention, design, wish, purpose, desire, scope, sontiment, opinion, sense; the main purport of a book.

अभिवाद s. m. Obeisance, a bow or prostration to a person addressed by name; also, an opprobrious or unovercome. friendly speech. समिभ्रत adj. Subdued, defeated, humbled,

श्रामिनत adj, Approved, chosen'; wished, desired; agreed, accepted; assented [ness, desirableness.

यभिमतता s. f. Desire, love ; agreeable-प्रसिमान s. m. Pride, haughtiness, selfconceit, arrogance.

क्रमिसानता s. f. Pride, arrogance.

adj. Proud, haughty, ar -, च भिमानी rogant. चिससाच

पनी adv. Just now, exactly now, immediately, instantly, presently, al-

with adj. Fearless, undaunted.

सभीति s. f. Fearlessness.

ready.

चनीर s. m. A. man of the low herd

पभीसित विद्या desired, wished पभीस्य for.

चर्मोप्ट 🔰 for. चर्मु adv. Hitherto, yet. 🛮 [not past.

सभाव adj. Non-existent, not existing, सभेद हे adj. Alike, indiscriminate, inpenotrable; known, public. s. m. A similarity identity, absence of difference or distinction.

चमेरा s. m. Collision, impact, bump. अभीग Unfit for use, unenjoyed, unpos-

sessed. মুদীনা adj. Fasting. [able. মুদীনা adj. Unfit to be eaten, not cat.

भागानत s. m. A guest, a visitor. alj. Arrived

भगारी adj. Studious, practicing, excr-

cising, repeating. [tale. WH s. m. The sky or atmosphere, a cloud, WHH s. m. The mineral substance called

ৰদৰান্ধনৰা s. m. Trilles, trifling; a ব্যৱস্থানৰ। person of little estimation. বনমুখ s. m. A disaster, a calamity, an evil omen, inauspiciousness, ill luck.

adj. Inauspicious, unlucky, evil.
আনৰ্ত s.m. Parings of the mangoodried in the sun.

प्रमुख्य adj. Unmanly.

talc.

प्रमण्यता s. f. Unmanliness.

धननीनीत adj. Disapproved; reprobate.

चमनीयोगी adj. Inattentive.

चननोष्टर adj. Disagrecable, displeasing, unattractive,

ppronching. adv. Towards; in front of or presence of.

चित्रस्व s. f. Presence, proximity. चित्रा v. n. To quarrel, taangle, brawl. चित्रमें s. m. Intended, designed.

प्रतिलाग m. } s. Wish, desire, inclina-प्रतिलाग f. } tion.

चमिलाची adi. Wishing, desiring.

শ্মিষাই s. m. Opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

जिनादन s. m. Obeisance, a bow or prostration to a person addressed by name.

अभिमन्द s. m. Son of Arjun,

याभिरम s. m. Beautiful, handsome, charming.

অণিদিল ady. Anointed to office, installed, imbued with, inaugurated.

ष्णियेच s. m. Bathing, sprinkling; the word is often used for initiation, royal unction, &c., sprinkling with the water of the Ganges, or water in which various articles have been immersed, being an essential part of the rites; also, for a religious ceremony, including the presentation of a variety of articles, fruits, gems, &c., along with water or fluid sybstances for the bathing of the idol to which worship is offered.

चित्रसार s. m. A. lover's appointment, assignation.

चिमारिका s.f. A woman who makes or who goes to an assignation, a lewd woman.

ष्मिशारिका adj. f. A woman who makes or keeps an assignation, a lewd woman.

चिमचरियों f. } adj. Going to an ap-चिमचरी m. } pointment or assignation... अवसता s.f. Disinterestedness, indifferonce, steicism.

was adj. Immortal, exempt from death, long-lived, everlasting; the Deity; the name of a Sanskrit lexicographer. चमरता s. f. Immortality.

wayer s. m. The state of an immortal, immortality.

खमरलोक s. m. Heaven, the region of immortality. [magnifera). प्रमुख s. m. The hog-plum (spendias प्रमराई s. f. A garden of mangoe trees. चमरावती s. f. The capital or celestial city of इ.Z. rum).

भमदत s. f. A guava (Psydium pyrife-अमर्याद) s. f. Disrospect, indignity, dishonour, slight, affront.

भम्भ s. m. Intoxication, adj. Pure, clean. bright.

अप्रस्तार s. m. One who has command. ज्यमलदारी s. f. Government.

चमलतास s. m. Cassia fistula. चमलपड़ी s. f. A kind of stitching.

खमिलन adj. Clean, pure.

WHING 8. m. A minister, counsellor, a senator, a statesman, an adviser.

चनाना v. n. To be contained, to go into. चनानी adj. Incredulous, inattentive ; without pride, humble, modest.

adi. Incredible. अमाननीय (

अमात्रव s. m. Not human.

चानावट s. m. The inspissated juice of

the mangoe. चमावस ? s.f. The conjunction of the चमारस sun and moon, the change

of the moon or day of new moon. पश्चिट adj. Indelible, not defaced.

with adi. Unmeasured.

well s. f. The water of life, nectar.

चसद adi. Such a one, a certain person. THE odi. Inferior, ordinary. [bodied.

चार्च adj. Formless, shapeless, unem-

षम् adj. Destitute of a root or origin. चन्दर s m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; immortality, any thing sweet, water, wine, a guava; final emancipation.

খৰ

च्यवता s. f. Immortality. f cloth. चनती adj. Nectarious, s. f. A kind of अमिथा s. m. Freces, excrement.

चनीच adj. Productive, fruitful; infallible, effectual.

पमील adj. Inalnable,

आब s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree. अवत adj. Sour. Idulated.

चन्द्रताना v. n. To grow sour, to be aci-का कर क. m. The sky or atmosphere:

clothes, apparel ; a perfume (Amberaris).

अव्यादे s. f. A mangoe orchard or grove. WWI 8. f. Mother.

खनारी s.f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel. Siv.

व्यक्तिका s.f. A name of Bhawani wife of चित्रा s. f. A small unripe mangoe. पन s.m. Water.

अवन के 8: m. The lotus (Nymphæs অন্টাল 🕽 nelumbo).

चलील adj. Silent, speechless.

खमा s. f. Mother.

wer s. m. The hog-plum (Spondias magnifera).

खब्त s. m. A guava (Psydiumpyrife-अब adj. Acid, sour. s. m. Sourness. acidity.

अवता s. f. Sourness, acidity.

अञ्चान s. m. Globe amaranth (Gomphrena globosa). adj. Clean, clear.

खबन adj. Without endeavour, easy, without pains. Inot true. चयपार्थ adj. Improper; unrighteous,

अयम s. m. A road, a path, the half year, i. e. the sun's course north or south of the equator.

wan s. m. Dishonour, infamy.

आयाना adj. Ignorant, unknowing, witless, simple.

अपुत्त adj. Unfit, incompatible. s. m. Violence, oppression, compulsion.

खबुल adj. Ten thousand.

चयोग adj. Separate, disunited.

अयोग adj. Unfit, incompatible, incompetent, unable, unsuitable.

आयोग्यता s. f. Unfitness, unsuitableness, incongruity, improviety.

अयोध्या adj. Not to be warred against. s.f. The capital of Ram, the modern Oude.

ভাষে s.f. The root of Arum colocasia. জ্বৰত s. f. Vigilanco, activity, cloverness, ingenuity. 85905 [Arcot. জ্বৰাত s. m. A city in the Decean, জ্বৰাত s. m. A pilot. adj. Belonging

to arkst, or arcst. অংঘিন adj. Unprofeeted, undefended. অংঘনা s. m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented incredients.

खरगजी adj. Dyed with arguja, (as garments, &c.)

करण adj. Separate, apart, distinct. करणाई s.f. Being silent.

জাবালা v. a. To separate, put on one side, v. n. To be separated, set apart. জ্বয় s. m. A ceremonial oblation of water.

■ Tell s. m. A vessel shaped like a boat for libation in Hindu devotions.

आरंघ } s.m. An oblation of eight in-अर्घ } gredients offered to a god or a brahman,

सुरसम्भ v. n. To be ravelled or intangled, involved (as thread or the hair, or, met the heart); to be bound (as in fetters, &c.); to quarrel without cause or unreasonably.

urus. m. (or arns-bhynsa), A wild buffalo; cow dung found dried in the forest, (used as fuel by the native apothecories in the preparation of medicines.

आर्षो s. f. A female wild buffalo.

tor-oil is made (Ricinus vulgaris or polma Christi). [Christi.

बरको s. f. The truit of the Palma

Man v. n. To stop, hesitate.

Mayar v. n. To present an offering.

v. n. To hurry, be confused, confounded, perplexed, agitated, embarrassed. [nelumbo).

মংকিহ s. m. The lotus (Nymphwa মংকী s.f. A species of Arum, the root of which is used for food (Arum colocasis); called also, ghóyan, yhóoyan, and in Bengal, kachchú.

pid, tasteless; dull, flat (as a composition).

बरसा s. m. Guess, conjecture, valuation, appraisement; a mediator, a broker. [eyes as if just awake. प्रशिक्षेण adj. Having weak eyes, with बरस्ट s. m. An engine for raising water. s.f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus cajon). [country). प्रशिक्ष adj. Destitute of a king (a

चराचना v. n. To worship, adore.

TITE s. m. Marks of nails left after scratching.

Tft s. m. An enemy.

Tite s. m. Garlick, the neemb tree (Melia szad-dirschts), a crow, good fortune, happiness, misfortune, sign or symptom of death.

Alfainterj. (used in calling to or ad-

dressing, commonly in a disrespectfulway). Ho ! O ! hear, you !

अरीत s.f. Unpoliteness, incivility, bad manners.

from pregnancy. अव conj. And. चन इ s.f. Sickness at stomach arising सन्दि s. f. Sickness at stomach, nausca; aversion, dislike; want of appetite, disrelish, dirgust.

चत्य s. m. The sun ; the dawn ; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

अत्नाई s. f. The dawn : the colour of the dawn, dark red.

चर्चोद्य s. m. The first appearance of the dawn, break of day.

अविषीपल s. m. A ruby.

अवस s. m. A medicinal plant or tree, (Justicia adhatoda and gandarussa). wit interj. (used in calling to or addressing, commonly in a disrespectful way), Holla ho! O! hear you!

mta s.m. Guilt.

will adj. Free from disease, healthy, well. s. m. Health.

अरोगी adj. Well, in health.

WE s. m. The sun ; a plant (Calatropis gigantea), swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea).

waften s. m. A solar day.

अक्रमञ्जू s. m. The disc of the sun.

आक्रीवर्ष 8. m. A solar year.

चकांच s. m. A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc.

अविभाग s. m. A crystal lens; a ruby. अवीपल s. m. The sun-stone; a ruby ; a crystal lens.

चर्नेजा s.m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredien is.

भग जी adj. Dyed with arguja (as garments. &c.).

र्चननी s. m. A rope stretched, or

wooden to I or bamboo placed horizontally for drying clothes on or for similar purposon

अर्घ s. m. Mode of worship ; an oblation of eight ingredients to a god or a brahman; act of pouring out water in honour of a deity (the sun moon &c.) while performing worship; price, value.

आर्ची s. m. A. vessel shaped like a boat, used by the Hindus for performing libation in their worship of idols.

अचेक adj. Worshipping, a worshipper, an adorer.

ऋर्षना v. o. To worship, honour, treat with ceremony. s. f. Worship, the homage paid to deities and to superiors. खर्चा s. f. Worship, adoration, an image. अपि s. m. Flame ; light, splendour, radiance.

अर्चित adj. Worshipped, reverenced, respected, saluted. [quisition. खर्जन s. m. Act of acquiring ; gain. ac-ऋजेना v. a. To gain, acquire,

ख भेन s. m. A celebrated hero, the third son of Pandu: a tree (Terminalia alata glabra).

खुणं s. m. The ocean.

खतला s. m. A patron, a protector.

जुर्व s. m. Intention, object, design, motive ; sake, cause ; meaning, signification, acceptation; property, wealth, goods, riches, substance ; request, begging. Tapasyarth, For devotion's sake, for devotional purposes.

पर्यम् s. m. The science which teaches how to obtain things, as friends, money, or any other object.

पर्वसिक्षि s. f. Success.

पर्यान adv. That is to say, viz.

wai w s. m. Another meaning. adj. Supplicating, craving, desirons, the having an object to accomplish ; self-interested, designing. s.m. A petitioner. s. f. A bier.

अवींया s. m. A follower, a client, a protégé, a person recommended.

बदीवा s. m. Coarsely- ground meal.

बदीव s. f. Representation, offering to a deity.

पर्व ady. Half.

Circle. जारंबन्द् A crescent, a half-moon, a semi-

अकेमान s.m. A half,

चहेराव s. f. Midnight.

चढ़ांडू s. m. Half the body ; palsy affecting one side or the upper or lower part of the body, hemiplegia.

wiff odj. One afflicted with the hemiplegia, s. f. A wife,

चपँच s. m. The making an offering ; delivering, entrusting ; an offering, Arpan karna, v. a. To present an offering, deliver, entrust.

चर्चना o. a. To present an offering. चर्व adj. One hundred millions. Arb kharb, Innumerable.

wais adj. Low, inferior, vile. adv. Former, prior in time.

चन्द्र बर्जु. One hundred millions.

प्रभव s. m. A child, a pupil.

पराँटा s. m. A long and prolonged sound (as from the discharge of artillery or the fall of a building).

चराना v. n. To produce a continued sound as a mill: the word being an imitation of the sound).

कार्यप्रे s. m. Partial bathing (throwing a very little water on the head with one's hand instead of bathing), sprinkling or aspersion ; act of touching.

S. m. A soogut or follower of the doctrines of Booddh.

TOWN S.m. Orament (of dress), trinket, jewel : rhetorick."

यद्वत ady. Adorned, ornamented, embellished.

way adj. Naked. s. f. Side, way, corner, entrenchments. Is along, On this side.

चल s. f. A ringlet, curl or lock of hair. भल्यनन्दा 8. f. A stream that runs from the Himalaya mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Srinagar.

चलकाव लि s. f. A row of side curls.

बहुच s. m. A bad sign or ill omen. चलवणी odj. Unfortunate, ill-fated.

মন্ত্ৰ) alj. Invisible, museen ; a form पदच े of salutation among a class of mendicants. पलम । adj. Separate, apart, distinct,

भलगा | loose, aloof, aside, asunder ; nnconfined. Alsy alsg, adv. Separately. प्रवाहरण adv. Apart. चलानी s. f. A. line for hanging clothes पद्मा adj. Separate, apart, distinct, free, loose, unconfined, s. m. A.

चलगाइ s. f. Separation. Tone side. भन्ताना v.a. To separate, disjoin, put on NEER s. m. Ornament (of dress), trinket, jewel ; rhetoric.

sandal.

were adi. Adorned, ornamented, embellished. Iments.

way s. f. Side, way, corner, entrench-चलड्ड s. f. Trifling talk or employment.

चलनी s. f. The rope round the neck of an elephant in which the driver puts his feet as in stirrups.

ৰজনা } s. m. Cotton strongly impregready to be used for dyeing, &c. (principally used by the Hindu women for staining their feet red).

चल्लेषपना s. m. Foppishness, spruceness, airs and blandishments.

ষ্ট্ৰেষ s. m. Blandishments, coquetry.

মন্ট্রিষ adj. Artless, simple, innocent.
s. m. A fop, a beau. [adequate to,
খলন azj. Enough, abundance; able,
খলন Not to be attained, unattainable.
খলন s. m. Laziness, sloth, idleness,
drowsiness, inactivity. adj. Lazy,
idle, indolent.

चलचाना v.n. To doze, be drowsy; to slacken. . [simum).

चलात s. f. Linseed (Linum usitatis-

মনাৰ A chain, a chain for building an elephant to a post.

মন্ত্রাথ s. m. Discourse, conversation. s. f. Prelude to singing.

चलायना v. n. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

अवाद s. m. A bonfire.

चलावा adv. Besides.

wie s. m. A large black bee, a scorpion, an Indian cuckoo (Cuculus indicus), a crow, spirituous liquor.

মাজিনি } A female bee.

und s. m. A large black bee, fabled to be enamoured of the lotus. s. f. A female friend.

चनीक s. m. Falsehood, untruth, any thing displeasing or disagreeable. odj. False, unpleasing.

ৰ্নীৰ s. m. Not melted, not dissolved. ৰন্ধ That can not be written, that can not be taken account of.

चलेशावलेशा s.f. Sacrifice, victim; lighted wisps with which the Hindus divert themselves at the season of the dewâli.

चनोत्तन s. m. Disappearance, invisibility. चनोचा } adj. Not salt, fresh, saltless, चनोचा } च्यकीय adj. Concealed, defaced, retired, rnn out, destroyed; apparent.

अश्वीपना v. a. Toe conceal, hide one's self, lie hid.

चलील s.f. Gambol (generally applied to a horse). adj. Steady.

আজীলক্ষণীল s.f. Gambols, playsomeness, wantonness. [supernatural. चर्लीकिक adj. Unpopular, not current, আখীকিক s.m., Not of this world, supernatural.

चल adj. Little, small, few, short.

ञ्चला s. m. A person of defective, meagre or limited knowledge.

भवता s. f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance.

चलप्रभाव adj. Insignificant, of little weight or consequence.

चलपमाच adj. Of litte authority.

भव्यवसायक adj. Credulous, resting on little evidence; of little weight or authority.

च्यामण adj. Feeble of little strength. पञ्चति adj. Ignorant, silly, unwise. पञ्चता s. m. A little, a little only; a short time, a few moments.

মহামূলি adj. Weak, feeble. [years. মহামূলdj. Short-lived'; young, of a few মহামূল adj. Moderate, abstemious. s.m. Moderation, abstinence.

মবাদারী adj. Moderate, abstemious. মন্ত্রানা v. n. To bawl, scream, squeak. অংহড় adj. Young, untaught (animal), unskilful.

परहाता v. n. To rejoice, to be cheerful. परहेया s.f. Name of a raginee or musical mode. [Oujein.

क्षांतिका s.f. Name of a city, the modern भव prep. From, down from, off, away: it is the reverse of भा and is sometimes used to devote deprivation, disgrace, disjunction, &c. चनकास s. mt. Leisure, opportunity; Interval, space.

खबनेशी adj. Barren.

चानगत adj. Known, understood.

প্ৰা

भावगति s.f. Knowledge in general.

भवगाष्ट्र है s. m. Bathing, ablution.

भवनीत adj. Detested, repreached, wicked, vile. s. m. Reproach, blame.

भारत्य है s. m. Defect, blemish, vice.

चावाट Uneven, rugged, inaccessible,

खनयङ Awkward, indiscreet, impleasant. समयट } adv. Backwards, against the भौगद } bend or joint.

খৰনা s.f. Contempt, despite, disregard, disrespect.

अवज्ञाकारी s.m. A contemptuous person. चवरेर s.m. Deceit, decention.

ब्रावडी } adj. Cavernous, deep.

্ আবার compassion towards the lowly.
আবার s. m. A crest, an earing, an ornament.

भवतरना v. a. To descend, especially as an incarnation of the Deity.

अवनार s. m. Birth, descent, incarnation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishnu in ten principal forms, viz. Matsya. a fish : Kachchapa, a tortoise : Varaha, a boar ; Nrisingha, a man-lion ; Vamana, a dwarf ; Parushram, Ram ; Krishna : Budha and Kalkee ; a pious or distinguished person in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avatar, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a teerth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing.

परतीचे passed down, deceased, incarnated. [mans.

ৰবাৰ s. m. A tribe of Guyrátee brah-বৰ্ষ s. f. Agreement, promise, engagement; the province of Ajoddhya or Oude.

Caution, attention. [long as. wafers. m. Limit. adv. As far as, as wafers. m. The ocean.

Tava s. m. Large gigantic.

भागेंग s. m. The Lord of Onde i.e. Ram.

चर्या है s. f. The earth, the world.

चारितका s. f. The city of Ujjain.

ম্বল odj. Low, vile, inferior. ম্বল্ব s. m. A limb, a member.

पर Low, inferior, hinder, hence. भीर s. m. A soodra.

भवराधक More prop.

अवराधना More prop.

चदरेव Badly turned, deformed ngly.

the queen's apartment, a place, a covering; hindrance, obstruction.

चवर्षेच s. m. Drought.

भवजन s. m. Asylum, protection. adj. Depending, hanging down.

বৰ্জনিক adj. Quick, expeditious; alighting, descending; protected, cherished.

মনলন্ম } s. m. Impropriety, act or mark
মলন্ম } of ill omen.

ways, f. A woman, a female.

■16 s. f. A line, a string (of animals) file, row.

ब्रव्योकन s.m. View, sight, the looking at any object, the surveying of any object.

चवलीकना v. a. To see.

अवनी बित s. m. A Jain saint, adj. Seen.

ন্তুবন্ধ adj. Subject to another; helpless. দ্ৰুমণিত adj. Left, remaining. [plus, মুমণিত s.m. A residue, a remnent, sur-মুম্ম ade. Certainly, necessarily, positivoly, actually, really.

जनसम adj. Necessary, inevitable, indispensable. [certainty. चनस्यकता s.f. Necessity, obligation;

सनसर । s. m. ()ccasion, time, opportunity, leisure, a moment.

भवसान s. m. Conclusion, termination, cessation; death, boundary, limit. भवसि adv. Surely, undoubtedly.

खनसेर s. m. Anxiety solicitude, care. भनसेरी s. f. Lateness, delay, slowness,

Uncasiness.

भवस्ता a.f. Insubstantiality, unreality. भवस्या a.f. State, condition, any particular state varying with the progress of time, as youth, age, &c.

चवा s. f. Brick, kiln. [migration. खवागमन s. m. Coming and going, trans-खवार s. f. Approach, advance; a saddle cloth adorned with fringes, &c.

ৰাষ adj. Dumb, speechless. ব্যাম s.y. Delay; injustice, tyranny. খবিষৰ Diffusive, pervading, spreading or extending widely.

भवगति adj. Inscrutable.

अविषय adj. Motionless, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

क्षित्रार s. m. Want of judgment or discrimination, want of consideration, injustice.

व्यविचारित adj. Ill judged or investigated, unconsidered.

चारचारी m. } ady. Destitute of consi-द्यारचारियों f. } deration, or reflection; unjust (woman or man).

আবিহিন s. m. Not known, not understood.

खाविद्या s. f. Ignorance.

ঘণিন্য s. m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission. [safety, অধিনায় s. m. Exemption from loss, অধিনায়ী adj. Safe, entire, free from loss, everlasting, eternal.

स्विमीत adj. Misbehaving, acting ill or improperly. [womans समिता s.f. An unchaste or disloyal स्विमित s.g. Without point or dot.

विरोध s. m. Without contention, tranquility, quietness.

अधिनी f. $\}$ adj. Quiet, tranquil.

अवितस्य s. m. Quickness, diligence. अविवादी adj. Not disputations.

चानिनेक s. m. Want of discrimination or judgment, indiscretion.

चारिनेकता s. f. Indiscrectness, indiscretion, inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment.

ষ্টিবীকী adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion, undiscriminating. ক্রিমিড s. m. A want of distinction, adj. Indiscriminate.

अविश्वास s. m. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity, unbelief, suspicion, mistrust.

अविश्वासि क. अविश्वासिन् f. अविश्वासिन् f. आविश्वासिन् f. mistrustful, unbelieving,

बाविष alj. Anti-venemous, antidote, `not poisonous.

स्तिय adj. Unperceived by the senses, भेतर s. m. Helpless, weak, impotent. सनेर s. f. Delay, lateness.

una s. m. The Supreme Being, or Universal spirit; the soul; nature, temperament. adj. Indistinct, una apparent, invisible, imperceptible.

particle; a name of Vishnu. adj.

Economical, parsimonious.

ù n

चवेया s. m. Future. yet to como. wagawr adj. Irregular, without rule. भव्यवस्थित adj. Not regulated, undisciplined, not put in order. funited. श्राच्यवहित odj. Not interposed, joined, ख्रवाज्ञ adj. Calm, firm, composed. अव्याप्ति s. f. The not diffusing itself. alj. Not pervading. प्रवाहत adv. Without obstruction. , भाग adj. Impotent, feeble. चगतुन् s. m. A bad omen, a portent. षश्चित adj. Portentous, ill-omened. अन्त adj. Unable, incompetent, power-[ness, impotence. প্রমূলি s. f. Inability, incapability, weak-अभ्य adj. Impossible, impracticable. चामून s. m. A bad omen, a portent. खाम्नी adj. Portentous, ill-omened. खन्न adj. Fearless, undaunted ; secure, certain. THE s. m. Eating, food; also the Asan tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa). भूत्रवस्त s. m. Food and clothing. waff s, f. The thunderbolt of Indra. ख्रार s. m. Impression, effect, अवस्य adj. Without shelter, helpless. चन्द्रभी s. f. A certain gold coin, (in value £1 11s. 8d. English money. खारीरी adj. Incorporeal. बद्धान adj. Restless, anxious, unresign-अप्रानि s. f. Anxiety, restlessness, अशावन adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful. ब्रह्मवरो s. f. A ráginee or musical mode : a kind of pigeon, a sort of cotton choth. inconsistent. क्यास adj. Unlawful, illegal, irregular, आक्रास्तीय adj. Contrary to law, inconsistent with the rules of science. आविति adj. Untaught, ignorant. व्यक्ति s. m. I nauspicious, not prosperous. afae adj. Unpolite, undisciplined, un-

polished, ungoverned, neglected. under the dominion of evil habits arising from a neglected (education, rude, barbarous, savage, profligate. . SATUS. m. A bad omen, a portent. THE S. m. Impure, ceremonially unclean. क्याचि adi. Impure, foul, unclean (ceremonially). s. f. Impurity. was adj. Incorrect, impure, inaccurate, mistaken. Ashuddhya, adj. One who speaks or reads wrong. अपन्ता s. f. Inaccuracy, uncleanness, impurity. чин adj. Unfavourable, inauspicious. unbecoming, unpropitious, bad, evil. s. m. Misfortune, calamity, inauspiciousness, unhappiness, distress, will adj. Boundless endless, infinite, entire, all. अभोक adj. At ease, unmolested. s. m. ease, tranquility; cheerfulness, a plant, (Jonesia asoca). बन्नीच s. m. Content. tranquility. the absence of care. पशीमा s.f. Ugliness, want of elegance. adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly. च्योच s. m. Impurity ; mourning. अप्राम s. m. Bathing. खासरी s. f. The stone or gravel (the disease); strangury. अम s. m. A tear. THE S. f. Aversion, disgust, loathing, contempt; distrust, disbelief. बद्धे बा s. f. The ninth nakshatra or lunar mansion containing 5 stars. सञ्जीक s. m. Verse, distich. यात s. m. A horse. अवगमा s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). war s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus

religiosa).

चकाला s. m. Krishna's charioteer son of Dronachajya. [vin. चनीकुनार s. m. An epithet of the Asho-ভাৰঘণি s. m. Lord or master of horse, a person of rank attended by horse-

a person of rank attended by horsemen, a horseman.

sacrifice of a horse: this sacrifice is one of the highest order, and when performed a hundred times entitles the sacrificer to the dominion of swarga or paradise: it appears to have been originally typical; the horse and other animals being simply bound during the performance of certain coromonics; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of a later period.

ময়ুল s.f. The first lunar mansion.

षत्रभाजा s.f. A stable. [A horseman, षणाद s. m. Taste flavour. [flavour, षत्रादित s. m. Without taste, without षत्रार्थों adj. Disinterested.

অস্থার্থী s. m. Disinterested person.

स्वाहड adj. Mounted on a horse, s. m. स्विनी s. f. The first of the 24 constellations in the moon's path; hence, considered its mansions: it consists of 3 stars in the head of Aries, and is so named from askwah, a horse, because represented by a symbol of a horse's head.

भवाद s. m. The hindu third solar month (June, July, during which the sun is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha. खावार more properly called purva-asharha प्रवादादा or uttara-asharha अवर्षाद्वाद a constellation in Sagittarius). [asharha. भवादी s. f. Day of the full moon in was adj. Eight.

বাহানু s. m. The eight metals, reckoned as follows by the Hindus. viz.
gold, silver, copper, brass, tin, bellmetal, lead and iron.

सम्भागे s.f. A fixed metal of iron and others, a compound of eight metals.

the whole day and night.

wen adj. The eighth.

स्वयम्बन s. m. A horse with white face, tail, breast and hors; collection of eight lucky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a coronation, &c. as a lion, bull, an elephant, a water jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a brahman, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sun, water, and a king.

a king.

we'fif s. m. The eight siddhis, a

we'fif s. m. The eight siddhis, a

superior order of beings; a personification of the powers and laws of

nature; when they are subjected

to the will by holiness and auste

rities, whatever the fancy desires,

may, it is said, be obtained; universal sovereignty may be acquired,

and implicit obedience to any com
mand enforced; the magnitude,

weight, or levity of the body may be

rendered invisible, and transported

in an instant to any part of the universe.

wgiw s. m. Eight parts of man, viz.
the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes,
head, words and mind.

verwavis s. m. Prostration in salutation or adoration, so as to touch the ground with the eight principal parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breust, eyes, head, words and mind. vergu adj. Eighteen. and adj. Fearless, andismayed, used also adverbially.

wiw adj. Countless, innumorable. पसंगत adi, Improper, absurd, bad.

चसंत्रम s. m. Absence of self restraint. incontinene.

चसंयमी s. m. Au incontinent person.

चारंबीन s. m. Want of opportunity. पसंगोषी s. m. Unsatisfied, dissatisfied, चसंभय adj. Undoubted.

चयका s. f. Drowsiness, slothfulness, पत्रकती adj. Drowsy, lazy.

चरान s. m. A plant used medicinally (Physalis flexuosa).

चरकान adj. Unfit, untrue, improper, not good or fit, not respectable or of good family. Ttent, untrue, false. wen adj. Unholy, ungodly, non-exis-

चसती adj. Disloyal or unchaste (a wife). www ady, Untrue, false. s. m. Untruth. चन्यी adi. Liar, untrue. [mentosa).

चसन s. m. A tree (Terminalia alata to-चन्न च adj. Discontented, dissatisfied, displeased.

चननीस } s. m. Discontent, displeasure.

असमान s. m. Disrespect. [polite. were odj. Rude, unfit for society, unwerner s. m. Doubt, suspense, uncer-

tainty; unconformity, disparity, difference.

चसमय adv. Out of season, premature. s.m. A time of misfortune; an improper time, a time of distress.

प्रमध् adj. Powerless, feeble, weak ; unable, incompetent.

जनमान adj. Different ; unlike ; unequal. चाम adj. Unfinished, incomplete.

चरभागि s. f. Incompleteness.

चम्च adj. Incomplete, not entire.

www adj. Not joined or united.

बासमार adj. Uncommon, inconsistent,

incompatible, improbable, unlikely, nurcasonable.

अस्मत adj. Dissentient, differing from > averse, contrary.

असमाति s. f. Dissent, difference, of opinion, dislike aversion.

कासमान s. m. Disrespect, disgrace.

WHIT adj. Unprotected, helpless.

WWW s. f. Lineage, foundation, origin. WHITE s. m. A horsoman.

क्रमहत्र्व adj. Intolerable, insufferable.

असहन adi. Impatient, not bearing with. unable to endure.

परहरीय adi. Unbearable, unsufferable, अपहाई ? adj. Unbefriended, helpless. अवस्था s.m. One who has no assistant, helper.

चसस adj. Intolerable, unbearable.

असाचात adv. Not in the presence of, in the absence of. [evidence.

बसाची s.m. False testimony, without पसाचा s. m. A want of testimony. adi. Without credit or reputation.

अभाष adj. Without credit or reputation. बसाबी s. m. False testimony without evidence.

असंब s. m. Untrue, unreal.

warw adi. Addicted to bad company. कामाची adi. Upstart, stranger, unknown

Watt adj. Without desire or energy; were adj. Evil-minded ; without desire or energy; lazy.

THY adj. Unrighteous, bad, immoral, wicked.

पसायता s. f. Wickedness.

wester adj. Unable, weak, incapable; impossible, incurable.

warnt odi. Powerless, weak.

अपानी s. m. Defendant in a law-suit, a debtor, office, place,

agg adj. Sapless, pithless; vain, ca-

profitable: hollow (like a reed); foolish, weak of understanding.

असावधान adi. Careless, inadvertent. चसावन adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful.

चमावरी s. f. A musical mode; a kind of pigeon: a sort of cotton cloth.

असाहम s. m. Want of bravery, cowardice, fear.

चसाइसी 8. m. Coward.

wfw s. m. A sword, a soimitar.

चित s. m. The colour black.

प्रसिद्ध adj. Not effected; invalid, false; unripe; imperfect, incomplete; unaccomplished.

आ सिपच s. m. Blade of a sword or scimi-चनींचा adj. Not watered, not irrigated (a field, &c.)

असीमा adi. Unbounded, unlimited.

चरीन s.m. Blessing, benediction, return of compliment from a Hindu superior (a brahman). [salutation. असी बीह s. m. A benediction, blessing;

WH s. m. Life, breath; the five vital breaths or airs of the body: reflection, thought, or the heart as the

चरीच s. f. Blessing, benediction.

seat of it : affection.

पस्य s. m. Sorrow, uneasiness, restlessness, affiction, pain. .

आहरी adj. Uneasy, unhappy, sorrowful; restless, afficted.

अस्तिन s. m. Bad omen, a portent. आस्प s. m. Impure, foul,

west bdj. Incorrect, impure, inaccurate: mistaken.

आप s. m. A demon, (The asurs are considered demons of the first order, and in constant hostility with the gods).

असरी s. f. Black mustard seed. षस्भ adj. Invisible, incorporeal.

आस्या 8. f. Detraction, malice, slander.

चंचेरन ह. m. Disobedience, inattention.

खरीवा s.f. Disobedience.

अही adv. This year.

आयोग s. m. Ease, tranquility ; a tree (Uvaria longifolia).

चरोगी adj. At ease, unmolested.

चसीच s. m Impossible to be effected by reflection or by study.

बसीब adi. Not contrivable, impossible to be effected by reflection or study. not to be regretted. [cerned.

पसीची adj. Careless, indifferent, uncon-पसीची s. m. Careless person.

चमीत s. m. The sixth solar month.

चतीमा adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly. पनाभ s. m. The trunk of a tree. fast

pillar, stoppage. [To set (the sun). was s. m. Setting of the sun. ast hone. चस्तर s. m. Lining.

अस्यस adı. Dispersed, scattered, confused, agitated, perplexed, helter skelter, in confusion.

चलाचल n. prop. A mountain in the west, behind which the sun is supposed to set. '

चलत s. f. Praise, eulogy, glorification, an anthem, a hymn. [in general. was s. m. A missile weapon, a weapon

बद्धधारी s. m. Armed person. चलविदा s. f. The military science. [war.

पस्त्रवेद s. m. The science of arms and खुखाइन s. m. Weapons, arms.

चलहोन adj. Unarmed, defenceless.

अस्त र s. m. Place, site, soil, dry or खल firm ground; place or stand of a Hindu mendicant.

TEIT s. m. Place, adode, residence.

warre odj. Movable, moving, not fixed. पश्चि s. m. A bone.

पश्चित्वार s. m. A. skeleton.

षिद्यभक्ष s. m. A fracture ; a plant of supposed efficacy in fractures (Cissus quadrangularis).

पश्चिमद s. m. Fracturing, breaking or wounding a bone.

चह

चित्रमय है Mere bodes, nothing but चार्यमाप bones.

परिवार s. m. Moveable, unsteady.

witer adj. Restless, unsteady; unstable, uncertain.

व्यक्ति s.f. Unsteadiness, instability, fickleness, mutability.

बह्मित adj. Bony, osseous. [bones, बह्मित्रीय s. m. Dryness and decay of the ब्राह्मिस s. f. Uniting of a broken bone. arghat s. m. Instability unsteadiness. अर्थे क adj. Harsh, unkind. s. m. Un-

kindness, want of affection. अस्यमनीय adj. Impure, not to be touched.

ख्रासी adj. Intangible.

www adj. Indistinct.

क्रमुक्त adj. Not to be touched.

समारण s. m. Forgetfulness, forgetting. समृति s. f. Want of memory, forgetfulness.

ञ्चल s. m. A corner ; hair ; blood ; a tear.

चनी adj. Eighty.

जार pron. I.

करं adv. Do not, not, no, nay.

■ stit s. m. Pride, egotism, arrogance, haughtiness, conceit.

ब्रह्मरो } adj. Haughty, arrogant, चसहत } proud, self-important.

पहरी A kind of military corps.

भएमक A block-head, dunce, fool.

अवस्थित s.f. Spiritual ignorance; conceit; self-love.

WWT s. m. A reservoir for collecting rain-water to water the fields; fuel *made of cow-dung.

Twile f. A small canal or aqueduct to convey water.

क्रहरित adj. Uuhappy. sorrowful. अध्या Wife of Gautama. श्रद्ध interj. Do not, no, nay. भश्रद्धाद्ध interj. Expressive of surprise, pain, pleasure, &c. ah! aha!

आइनिधि adv. Day and night.

चहार s. m. Starch, glue, paste; aliment, food, victuals.

ऋडारना v. a. To paste, to starch.

व्यक्ति adj. Uninjurious, harmless, inoffensive, innocuous.

पश्चिम s. f. Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing.

अदि s. m. A serpent.

अहिन s. m. Enmity, want of affection. adj. Hostile, inimical; hurtful, prejudicial. [unkindly.

चहितकारी alj. Adverse, inimical, acting ऋहितमना adj. Hating, adverse, inimical. चहिमनन s. m. An abode of snakes, a

यहिमयन s. m. An abode of snakes, a snake's hole. [snake.

ऋष्मिन s. A. The saliva or venom of a ऋष्टियात Good fortune, auspiciousness.

सकीर s.m. A cowherd, a cast or tribe whose business it is to attend on cows.

अहीरची } s.f. A female of the aheer चहीरी } tribe, a cowherdess.

बड़ी interj. O! sign of the vocative,

चाहित्स s. m. Causeless, groundless, without motive or purpose.

ऋहेत्क adj. Canseless, groundless.

अहर s. f. Prey, game, hunting.

अहेरिया } s.m. A sportsman, a hun-चहेरी } ter. .

wits s. f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

पदी interj. O ! holls ! wonderful !

playing with, the spots on dice.

चन adj. Infallible, indelible. s. m. pres. part. Remnining, existing, continue ing, whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies. fried grain.

wanteraw s. f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an idol when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

चनान s. m. A degree of latitude.

चया वर्ता. Imperishable, undecayable, durable, permanent. [ness. चयवत e. f. Durability, imperishable-चयवत e. m. An undecayable tree.

चचयोक s. m. Heaven, the imperishable world or region.

ৰবং s. m. A letter of the alphabet.
ববং adv. Scientific, lettered, writing
an elegant hand. [gitude.
ব্যাম s. m. A degree of latitude or lonব্যাম s. m. An eye.

चितारा s. f. The pupil of the eye.

ৰ্মীছিমী s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,850 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 ceariots, and 21,870 elephants.

ঘা

The second vowel in the Nagree alphabet, nearly corresponding to a in all. A particle of reminiscence, Ah! Oh! a particle of compassion, Ah! Alas!

पाचर s. m. Letter (of the alphabet). पापनाव s. m. A welcome.

Tr: interj. Aye aye ! oh aye !

with s.m. A numerical figure, a number; a mark, a spot, a letter of the alphabet; the flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew its price.

winn v. a. To mark a thing, to page

a book, to write down numbers; to value, appraise, examine, approve of.

पांकरी s. f. The barb of an arrow, a book, a tenter : circle.

ৰাত্য s. m. The hook or iron with which elephants are driven, a goad.

wism सारना v. a. To reduce to submission, to bring to obedience.

with s. f. The eye.

षांख कांत्रनी s. f. A stye on the eye-lids. षांख षानी v. n. To have an inflammation in the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

चांच किसीको देखनी 'To receive education in any one's company.

पांस किसीसे रोशन करना To meet (visit) a friend or person of rank.

चांक खटकनी v. n. To have pain in the eyes. [auger.

ষাত্ম ব্যৱসা ৩. ন. To look on with যাত্ম বৰুনা ৩. ন. To have eyes marked by debanch. [toxicated. মাত্ম ব্যাসী ৩. এ. To be angry, to be in-

ৰাৰ ব্যালা ৩.০. To be angry, to be inuiu বন্ধানী ৩.০. To make the eyes dance, to roll one's eyes in anger or as a blandishment.

খাৰ খীং খীং ইন্ধলা । o. n. To look with খাৰ খীংন ইন্ধলা । great attention and deep meditation, or with anger. খাৰ স্থানী v. a. (To steal eyes). Not to stend to, to avert the eyes through shame, to avoid the sight of any one. খাৰ ছিয়ালী v. a. (To hide one's eyes).

To be ashamed of an improper act. आंख अपदाना v. n. (To move the eye-lide

quickly). To fear. आंस उंदी करनी v. a. To be consoled by

meeting friends, to be glads খাত ভৰতবানী v. n. The eyes to fill with tears.

चांच रावनी v. s. (To shut one's eyes), To forbid by signs,

चो च दिसानी है n. a. (To shew one's भाष दिकलानी .∫ eyes). To frighten, to deter, to browbcat!

कांच के के कर करना To do any thing after consulting the inclination of another.

कांच नगड़नी To have no hope or expectation; to be mentally blind.

wire प्यपानी v. n. To become dim (the eyes) from long expectation.

कांच पराम्ता v. a. To open one's eyes, to stare, to be wise and prudent, to discriminate, discern, to be judicious.

बंद प्रदेशी v. n. To feel a pulsation in the eve. (Considered if in the right eye of a man, or the left of a woman, as an omen of some desirable event, whilst the contrary affection is regarded unlucky).

चांच पटनी v. n. To be blind.

कांच फटो पीड़बई The eye is lost and the pain is gone. (Spoken of a contention which has ceased, from the object of it being lost to both parties). [friendship. चाय फेरनी v. a. To show aversion after with the tien v. a. To turn away the eyes (as, from grief, displeasure, &c. . कांच फीडनी v. a. To make blind; to expect or watch in vain.

कांच फीडा s. m. A midge that flies into the eyes at night.

wing बंद कर सेनी v. a. To turn from another, to treat one with neglect; fly and unseen.

जांच दवाना o. c. To steal away privatewile ब्रह्मा v. a. To withdraw one's favour or affection from any one.

बाब बक्कार न कर सकता v. n. (Not to be able to look steadfastly in another's face.) To be ashamed.

कांच भरके देवना v. c. To look till one's curiosity is fully satisfied.

काय भरवाना v. n. To have eyes,fun of tears, to be ready to cry.

will be

कांच नार्नी v. a.. To wink, to stop any one by a sign, to make amorous signs with the eyes.

स्रोद स्पिनामा v. n. To die, to perish.

कांच मिचावल m. रे s. Blind man's buff. खाय मियीसी f. § खांच मिलनी v. n. To look steadfastly. कांच निवानी v. a. To contract friendship.

काम मंदके एक पीलका इस्तियार करना v. a. To choose or accept precipitately or inconsiderately.

चाच मंदीरा s.m. Blind man's buff. आंख रखनी v. a. To love, to entertain friendship : to have hopes ; to discern. कांग्य खनानी v. s. To contract friendship

or affection for any one, to fall in Tanexpectedly. श्रांख लड़नी To meet with one's lover

खांख अडानी v. s. To wink as a hint, to communicate a secret by signs. खांख सर्थ करनी v. a. To be angry.

कांच सेवानी To contemplate the beauty of any one. Tible.

कांचा नित्ना v. n. To become contempt-कां बसे देखने कह करना To do any thing knowingly and with reflection.

बाब देखना v. a. To study one's temper or inclination; to behave respectfully towards another.

कांचे नोला पोली करना v. a. To change the colour of the face from excess of

कांचाना गलापी करना Is applied to a look of intoxication or wantenness.

कांचापर बेडमा v. n. To be beloved, to sit or cause to in a very elevated place, to become dignified.

काची में चाना o. n. To intoxicate (specially opplied to wine).

चांचान बाद बादना u. a. To commend or

puff wares of an inferior quality; to | with adj. Having large testicles. Andapilfer or snatch away any thing quickly and privately.

खांचीं कडबना v. n. To be seen with envy and dislike.

कांचें।में घर करना v. c. To be beloved or esteemed ; to persist in one's erroneous opinions.

खाचान परवी छाना v.en. To be wilfully blind, to pretend from pride not to know one's old acquaintance.

कांचामें पिरण v. n. To be always present in one's eyes, to be ever in one's mind.

कांक्षीमें रात बाटना v. a. } To pass the कांक्षीमें रात सेजाना v. n. } night awake. कांग s. m. The body ; a limb or member.

खांबन 👌 s. m. A yard, area, court, in-कांगना & closed space adjoining to a house.

चार s. f. Heat, flame of a fire (not of a candle), blaze, glare,

with s. m. The end or border of cloth, veil, shawl, &c.

बाचन s. m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c. ; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

बाजन s. m. A collyriun or application to the eye-lashes to darken and improve them, antimeny. कांजना o. a. To tinge the eyes with जाम s. m. A tear.

wit s. f. A knot ; envy.

खाटना v. a. To fill (a well, tank, fc.). v. n. To come or go into, to reach. बाटबाट s.f. Partnership ; intrigue,

चाटी s. f. A handful, a skein of thread, a bundful, of grass, &c., a wisp, a small fagot.

wild s.f. Stone of fruit ; coagulation.

ETE 8. f. A testicle.

bail, s. m. A bull.

कात s. f. Entrails, gut, intestine, tripe. Anta-hone r. n. To be afflicted with the coming down of the rectum. Ant girna, v. n. To void white glutinous atools.

wird s.f. Storm, tempest, gale. Andhi hona, v. a. To engage keenly in a bad action. [command. win adi. Other, different. s. f. Order, wife s. m. The glutinous whitish matter or mucus voided by those afflicted with a tenesmus; affection of the bowels. Anv bythna, To be afflicted. with a tenesmus, or to be in the act of discharging the anv.

आंबलनाज s.f. The navelstring, &c. of an infant, (Phyllanthus emblica). witgen s. m. A kind of myrobalans will s. f. The fibrous part of any thing. कांस s. m. A tear.

with s. m. Curled-flowered gigantic swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea) 3 a sprout of sugar-cane.

चाचन s. m. Shaking, trembling.

चाक्रम्पत adj. Shaken, trembling. wine s. f. Mine, quarry, spring, source;

multitude; the den of a lion or tiger. चाक्ष s. m. Attraction, fascination ; magnetic attraction; a magnet, a loadstone, spasm.

भावापेक s. m. A loadstone, a magnet, any thing which draws or attracts. [tracting. adj. Attractive. चात्रचंच s. m. Attraction, drawing, at-Wiwfin adj. Magnetic, attractive.

पार्वाचन sdi. Attracted, drawn.

पामणी adj. Attractive.

पायवा adj. m. Fleet, swift ; peevish. William f. Motion, agitation (especially of a carriage)..

বাৰায় s. f. Wish, desire, expectation; purpose, intention. [expected. पार्शाचित adj. Desirous; desired, wished, until adj. Desirous, full of hope, waiting, expecting, wishing; asking, inquiring, expectant.

wish s.m. Form, appearance, aspect, shape, statue, likeness; hint, sign, token; the letter w also the symbol of the vowel which represents the letter when joined to a consonant.

WHENE s. M. The fifth element, where, the sky; atmosphere, the heavens, the firmament, space; the subtle and etherial fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of the life and sound.

ৰাকাৰ্থীয়া s. m. A lamp which the Hindus hang aloft on a bamboo in the month of Kartik, an elevated lantern, a beacon.

चाकाञ्चीम s. m. A plant growing on the neem trees (akind of Epidendrom.)

ৰান্ধান্ত্ৰৰ s. m. } A plant growing on বাৰ্থ্যইন s. f. } other trees, air-plant or dodder (Cuscuta reflexa).

ৰাষায়গি s. f. Subsistence not derived from any certain funds, or depending on any particular person; casual subsistence; living from hand to mouth. আবাষ্ট্ৰান এনি. (Used substantively), One whose subsistence is fortuitous.

celestial sphere. चावाबगण : f. A voice from heaven ; revelation, an oracle.

नावाकी adj. Aerial, airy, unsubstantial, celestial; atmospherical.

वाकाशीवर्ष adj. Cerulean, azure. वाविष्य s. m. Poverty. ৰামত adj. Confounded, perplexed; agitated, confused, troubled, distressed. মানুদ্ৰনা s. f. Agitation, distress:

चात्रस्ति वर्तुः. Agitated, disturbed, distracted.

মার্কার s. f. Shape, form, figure, likeness, an image; the body; species.
মার্চ adj. Attracted drawn.

বাজন s. m. Ascending, superiority, surpassing, surmounting; invasion, a seizing.

ৰাজ্য s. m. Whole or unbroken rice used আৰা s. m. A riddle, a sieve; a bag filled with grain (two such bags being carried by a bullock or camet).

पाख्यापाच s. m. A kind of mineral, a loadstone. [suing; terror, fright, ঘাইত s. m. The chase, hunting; a pur-ভাইতিক s. m. A hound.

बाखीट s. m. The walnut tree,

ৰাজা s.f. A name, appellation, term. আজাৰ adj. Said, spoken; denominated, named.

বাৰ s.f. Fire. [engage, provoke. বাৰ ভৱাৰা v. a. To raise disturbance, বাৰ বাৰা v. a. To make any thing exceedingly warm; to excite envy or anger. [A guest. বাৰ adj. Arrived, come; hence. s. m.

चान देना v. s. To burn a Hindu corpse. चान पड़ना v. n. To be engaged; as, nere báton-se uspar ag purti hai, he is enraged at my words.

মান বংলা v. s. To be enraged, to be very মান মুম্বনা v. n. To rain fire (applied to

the extreme heat of the sun, or to a hot fire of connon or musketry in battle.

and among v. o. To extinguish fire; to appearse a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

चान मद्यना र v. s. To speak idle words, चान जोद्यना र to boast. taining spells and invantations; a shastra or work on sacred science.

খানদলাদী a.m. Knowing the future; খানদল্পাদী a prognosticator, diviner, a foreteller.

चानन s. m. Coming, arriving, arrival. चानना s. m. The advanced guard. adj. Adventurous, venturesome, forward, early (as fruit).

ষাৰণৰস্কা s. m. A foreteller, a predictor; Siva one who tells the doctrines of dgam. [ture, to foretell, বাৰণৰাখাৰ v. a. To determine the fuবাৰণৰাখাৰ s.f. The art or science of foretelling or divining.

चानमें विज्ञीची ज्ञानमा proach, to accuse, चानमें विज्ञीची चीटना to suffer for another.

भावमें पानी डालना v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

बावमें बोटना v. n. To be afflicted with grief or melancholy.

चारा जाना v. n. To be set on fire, to be enraged, to be very hungry.

चान बनाचे पानी वे दौडना To pretend to appease a quarrel which one has purposely excited, to play tricks, to deceive.

बान कराना v. s. To set on fire, to inflame; to enrage, to cause disturbance.

चान क्रनेपर ही झीचा सूत टूर्टना या भागना To put off, to delay or excuse one's self on vain pretences.

ৰামপান adv. Up to the neck, বাৰ নীৰীৰা বাবা To come to get fire (is spoken of a friend who goes to visit aputher and leaves him quickly), বাবা s, m, A pommel, আন নুজনানা v. s. To inflame, to excite seglition, to foment a quarrel clandestinely.

পাৰ দ্বীৰা v. n. To be enraged.

of a house, forepart of a turban.

पागाध adj. Very deep.

चाना पीड़ा बरना ७. त. To hesitate, waver, boggle, demur, stand shill-I-shall-I. चानानी adj. Coming, about to come; future.

ৰাবাৰ s. m. A house, a dwelling.

पानिस्ती s. f. Conflagration.

चान् adj. Forward. adv. Before, heretofore.

wif adv. Before, in front, fore, beyond, more, ago, already, formerly, forwards, further, onwards; henceforward, along; then, hence, rather, sooner,

भागे भागकण. n: To come forward, ad- a vance; to return, revert.

षाने पत्तना v. n. To advance, proceed. षाने धरत्तेना To get before, outstrip, surpass, pass (as a horse in a race).

चाने चाना v. n. To advance (actively), to bring forward.

TITE s. m. Favour, patronage; seizing, talking; surpassing, surmounting; power, ability.

Travilla s. m. A month so called, the first of the Hindu year according to some systems, (November-December).

भावभावणी s.f. The name of a constellation consisting of 3 stars, 1 of which is L Orionis; figured by an antelope's head, hence also व्यक्तिएए the day of full moon in the mouth of Agrahayans.

ৰাষ্য s. m. A heating, stroke, blow.

www.m. A soft delicate form, or body.

Wans, m. Rinsing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, meals, &c. fram the palm of the
hand, and spitting it ent, again.

behaviour, custom, praetiee, institute, religious observance, usage.

NINT s. π. A established rule of conduct, an ordinance, institute, a precept; custom, practice, usage, a religious observance; pickles. Achar varjita. adj. Irregular, out of rule; out of cast.

strict in the observance of religious ceremonies.

ৰাখাৰ s. m. A spiritual guide or teacher; he who invests the students with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Veds, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries; a, name of Drona the teacher of the Pandus.

ৰাখাৰা s.f. A spiritual preceptorss.

ৰাখাৰাদী s.f. The mife of an Acharjya
or holy teacher. [tected.
আৰ্থাৰ s.m. Covered, concealed, proব্যৱসা y. s. To be, to remain.

a sheath, mantle, cloak, &c.

ৰাজী adj. Good. Used only in poetry. ৰাজ adj. plur. Good, excellent.

wist adv. To-day, Aj-kal, Now a-day, to-day or to-morrow, of late, in a few days, Aj-kal karna, or aj-kal batana, to procrastinate; aj-ke fal, to-day; aj-ke rat, to night; aj-ke roz, to-day.

**To amine, prove, test, try, tempt.

ৰাষা s. m, A paternal grand-father.

বাৰাষা s. n. To come suddenly, befull,
happen, to come.

चानार s. m. Sickness, disorder, disease, trouble, affliction, injury, outrage.

ৰাজীৰ s. m. Livelihood, profession, subsistence.

ৰাজীগিলা f. s. Means of supporting life, livelihood, subsistence, profession.

ৰাজ ৈ To-day, now.

will s. f. Command, order, permission, an injunction, a precept.

ৰামানাৰ ৈ adj. Acting according to বামানাৰ ৈ order, obedient, ministrant, obsequious.

द्धाप्रापत s. m. An ediot, a written order. द्धाप्रापत s. m. Disobedience, insubordination. [Hunoomán. पाकनेय s. m. A name of the monkey; द्याक्षिनेय m. s. An insect, a kind of newt,

चान्त्रिम m. s. An insect, a kind of newt, चाटका s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.).

WIZI s. m. Flour, meal, farina.

wifz s. m. The Sarali, ,a bird so called (Turdus ginginunus).

wis adj. Eight, dth disk draw rona, to shed floods of tears, to weep execedingly, ath pahar, all the twenty four hours; constantly, day and night; ath khamba, a canopy supported by eight posts.

पाउवा adj. Eighth.

wishwer Through all the watches, day and night, constantly.

wis s.f. A screen, shelter, concealment, protection; an horizontal line drawn across the Yorchead; prevention, stop, hinderance.

defend, stop.

instruments; commencement; pride, arrogance; anger, passion; happiness, pleasure. বাৰ্থাৰ s. f. A stop, adj. Stopping. বাৰা adj. Oblique, crooked, across, athwart, cross, transverse.

wife s. f. A bird, the Sarali (Turdus gingintanus).

ৰাষ্ট s.f. A tone or tune in music.
part. A protector, defender, supporter.
বাৰ s.m. A peach. [protection.
বাৰ খাৰা v. n. To protect, become a

ৰাৱ s. f. A kind of fish, স্থাৱন s. f. Agency ; commission, broker-

age, sale by commission.

Ψίτψ s. m. f. The edge af a sword, the pin of the axle of a cart; a limit, a boundary.

with s. m. Fear, apprehension; disease, sickness; affliction, pain, parade, ostentation, show, pomp.

মান s. m. Custard apple (annona squamoso or reticulata).

चानवादिन् e. m.f. } A felon, a thief, a murderer, incendiary,

খান্দ s. m. Sun-beams, sunshine. খানা s. m. A custard apple.

चातियेय } adj. Proper for a guest; चातिच्य } hospitable, attentive to guest.

भागोपात e.f. The name of a game. भागर adj. Diseased, distressed, anxious, distracted, restles, afflicted.

ৰাবু s. f. A female teacher or governess,
ভাল s. n. Soul, self, dim-pdda, selfigut,
dim-pda self-murder; dim-ndmi,
Selfevident. [gon prurens).
আলবুলা s. f. A plant, Cowach Corpopoভালাবাল s. f. Self-murder, suicide.

ৰাক্ষয়ানৰ s. m. One who commits suicide.

ৰাক্ষয়ানী adj. Committing suicide; a suicide.

[s. m. A son.

भाग adj. Springing from one's self.

থানালা s. f. A. daughter. থানালাল s. m. The knowledge of spirit, self-knowledge.

आवागामी adj. Self-evident. भावापालक adj. Selfish.

पालावृद्धि s. f. Self-knowledge.

पासनीय s. m. Spirtual instruction. पासनिया s. f. Spiritual knowledge.

चाक्यक्ति s.f. Inherent on own power. चाक्यश्राह्य s.f. Self-applause, vanity, self-

flattery, egotism, boasting.

भावसम्बन s. m. Self-restraint, stoicism भावसम्बन्ध s. m. Internal doubt.

भाकास्या s.f. Suicide, self-destruction. भाकास्य adj. Beneficial to one's self.

আন। s. m. The soul, the body, the self, the mind, the understanding. [self, আনিল adj. Relating to mind, to one's শ্ৰমিষ adj. Cognate, related to, of kin; belonging to one's self, related to

one's self, own.
আইবাৰ s.m. A brahman versed in the
Atharvan Ved; a collection of prayers, &c., delivered by Atharvan a
sage.

with adj. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end. s. m. The beginning and the end.

Treating with attention and deference, politeness.

सार्पान s.m. Respect and honour, पातमें s.m. A mirror; a commentary, original manuscript from which a copy is taken; a specimen, a sign.

ৰাহা s. m. Ginger in the undried state.
বাহাৰ s. m. Taking, receipt, acceptance.
বাহাৰ্য্যায় s. m. Giving and taking.

wife adj. First, prior; pre-eminent. adj. (in comp.) Other, &c.

साहित odj. Relating to the beginning; and the rest, et cetera. wifewitt s. m. A primary cause.

wiften adv. From the beginning; etceters, and the like.

wifem s. m. A deity in general; a deity of a particular class; the adityus are 12 in number, and are forms of Sooryuh or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year; the sun.

खादिसवार s. m. Sunday.

चादिल s. m. Priority, precedence.

चाहिएदच s. m. One of the names of Vishnoo.

द्वादेव s. m. An order, a command, a salutation of Joyces; in grammer, a substitute.

चादी adv. In the beginning.

adı. First, initial.

चायन s. m. First and last, beinning and end. adj. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end.

SIGN s. f. The sixth lunar mansion (probably Orionis); the beginning of the rainy season.

adh, adh, or ad; as adh-múa, or admúa, Half-dead.

THIN s. m. Conception, pregnancy; a ceremony performed previous to conception as conducive to it; a pledge, a deposit; a surety.

after cohabitation to procure or favour coaception.

where so, a patron, supported, one on whom dependance is placed for againstance; food, aliment, victuals, nourishment; comprehension, location; a dike, a canal; a basin round the foot of a tree.

will (in comp.) An eater ; as, Doodhadheres, One who lives on milk, पाधार्मिक adj. Unjust, unrighteous.

जापासीसी s. f. A pain affecting the half of the head, Hemicrania.

expectation, calamity; a pledge, a pawn; location, fixing, scite, &c. engagement.

खाधिका s.m. Excess, an overplus, abun-खाधिमच s.m. Sovereignty, government; lordship.

आधीन adj. Submissive, obedient, dependant, humble, docile.

आधीनता है s. f. Submission, obedi-आधीनताई ence, obsequiousness, servility, humility.

আপুনিক edj. Recent, modern, belonging to the present time.

আনুসিবার্কা s.f. Recenthess, the being modern, novelty. [preceptor. আখাবন s.m. A teacher, a scriptural

আৰ s. f. Order, command, bashfulness, modesty, shame; an oath; a graceful attitude; affectation, pride. adj. Other, different.

कार्नड s. m. Pleasure, delight, felicity, happiness, joy, ease; God, Supreme Spirt. Anand-kand., Root (or source) of happiness.

beaten at one end; small drum or tabor; a kettle drum. [Order.

चानन s. m. Mouth, face, visage. s.'f. चानस s. m.) Plensure, delight, feli-

ease. Anund-hand, Root (or source) of happiness.

sisting of happiness. s. m. The Supreme Spirit.

चानव्यत) adj. Joyful_m happy, glad, चचानव्ये ∫ rejoiced, delighted. चाना v.n. To come, to be; dn-parna, To happen. s. m. The sixteenth part of a rupee,

चानाकाचा s. f. Turning a deaf ear overlooking, winking at, purposely neglecting.

বাৰি s. f. An oath, bashfulness. [age. पात्रक्त s. m. Help, assistance, patron-भागपूर्व s. f. Order, meathod, a rank, a row.

चाननानिक adj. Capable of being inferred, probable, specious.

चानरोच adj. Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky s. m. The firma-[bowels.

चारिक odi. Visceral, relating to the মাৰ s. m. The chain or rope with which the feet of elephants are tied up. Tiat v. o. To bring.

wid pron. Self, selves, yourselves, you Sir (used instead of the personal pronoun of the second person by an inferior when addressing his superior), áp-swarthi, adj. Selfish, seeking the interest of self.

चापंग s. m. A scripple.

चाप s. m. Water.

आपनाज { adj. Attending to (one's) (one's) own affairs.

भावत } s. f. Misfortune, calamity. भाषति ∫ adversity, an evil.

चापत्काल s. m. Season of distress. चापद है s.f. Misfortune, calamity, an चापदा } accident, danger, adversity, an evil. Imisfortune. पापदग्र adj. Unfortunate, unhappy, in

पापन pron. Self.

चापन s. n. or s.f. Own; appertain-भापनी s. f. ing to. चापुन s. m. (plul,)

चापनिक s. m. An emerald.

ed, obtained, acquired; a retuge,

one who comes for shelter or protection. Tthe Deity.

WIVEY s. m. and adj. Self, self-formed, भापम pron. recips Themselves, one another; houce, s. f. Kindred, brotherhood, fellowship, apas-men rahna, is applied to signify adultery, &c. (in the dislect of women).

भापुड़ि s. m. or s. f. To yon.

WITH s. f. An elder sister, pron. Self. VITTE 8, m. Selfishness, egotism.

आपी s. f. The twentieth lunar mansion.

चात्र adj. Trusted, confidential ; gained, obtained : true. degree. errar s. f. Quotient: equation of a

s. m. Bathing.

क्याप्ताव 🕻

चाह्राव adj. Bathing. s. m. Flood. पाप्रत s. m. An initiated householder.

adi. Bathed. पापत s.f. Misfortune, calamity.

भाषीं # s. f. Opiom.

इद्राफिनी s. m. An opiom eather.

आप s.f. Opium. Ttiller. पानकार s, m. A wine merchant, a dis-आवकारी s.f. The business of a distiller. आविष्य है. m. A narrow-mouthed drink-

भावदार m. a. } Shining, bright, daz-चारदारी f. a. } zling.

WING s. f. Honor ; character.

आपाइन s.m. Ebony.

ing vessel.

Maris s. f. Habitation ; village.

आर्थाधा s. f. Segment, of the base of a triangle.

श्चारिका s. m. Soiled water.

STIMEN 8. m. Ornament, decoration, as jewels, &c.

आभा s. f. Beauty ; splendour ; light.

भागन adj. Unfortunate, afflicted ; gain- | भागन । s. m. A preface, a preamble, चामाच f an introduction.

भाभिसुख s. m. Presence, being in front of or face to face.

with s. m. A cow-keeper, sprung from a brahmana and female of the medical tribe or the ambastha.

चास्त्रच s. m. Jewels, ornaments.

Frayision, victuals (undressed); the mango tree or fruit; sickness, disease.

च्चामय s. m. Sickness, disease.

स्रांश स्राद्ध s. f. A root.

खामद } इ. f. Arrival.

कामचे s. m. Wrath or rage, anger; envy.impatience of another's success. काशका s. m. Emblic myrobalan (Phyl-

चानला s. m. Emblic myrobalan (Phyllanthas emlica).

আন্বান s. m. Constipation or torpor of the bowels, with flatulence and intumescence, the wind being supposed to be chiefly affected.

ৰানমূল s. m. The cholic, pain arising from indigestion.

चामातिसार s.m. Dysentery.

चानात s. m. Raw rice or grain ; provisions (undressed).

चानिम s. m. Flesh; enjoyment; an object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, &c.

चानीद s. m. Fragrance, odour, diffusive perfume ; pleasure.

खाबासवा s. m. Confronting.

भाकेताक adv. Opposite, face to face, over against.

आप्तर s. f. Amber

without pain and goes off as easily
without medicine; a windy tumour.

NES 20. The manurative (Magnifera

NH s. m. The mango-tree (Mangifera Indica).

जाबिका s, f. The tamariad tree.

ৰাষ s. m. Receipt, gain, profit. মানুন adj. Long, wide. s. m. Sun-beam, sunshine.

चावत adj. Docile, tractable, dependent. चावत s. m. A place, a site.

भावभाग s. f. Docility, tractableness, humility.

काइस s. m. Order, command.

पाया s.f. An ayah or female attendant on children.

with s. m. Fatigue, weariness.

कायुद्दी कायुद्दी कायुद्दी कायुद्देश कायुद्द

कार्ष s. m. A weapon in general. द्यार s. f. A goad.

TIV s. m. A thorny substance.

জাবৈধ s. m. A beginning, a commencement; an introduction, a prologue. ব্যাহ্য s. f. Worship, an image.

जारन adj. Respectable, venerable. जारन adj. Distressed, grieved, afflicted.

ritgs, m. A ceremony attending marriage. When the bridegroom first comes to the house of the bride, he is received by her relations, who present to him, and more particularly round his head, a platter painted and divided into several compartments, in the middle of which is a lamp made of flour, filled with glee, and having several wicks lighted.

चारति s. f. Pain, distress, affliction.

antal s. f. A ceremony performed in adoration of the gods by moving circalarly, round the head of the idel; a platter containing a burning lamp with several wicks.

বাবো v. n. To stop.

TITE s. m. Sound.

ment; an introduction, a prologue.

चारस s. m. Idleness, luziness, inactivity. चारसी s. f. Looking glass, indolence. चारसी adj.] Idle, lazy, indolent, inac-

weeth s.f. A mirror (particularly o mirror on the thumb used by the Hindu females). [spirit.

saites s. m. Insipidity, want of flavor or with s. m. A saw; a shoemaker's knife or awl; the name of a district, Arrah in Shahabad.

चाराति s.m. An enemy.

आराधक s. m. A worshipper.

আব্যান s. m. Accomplishment, gratifying, worship, devotion, supplication.
আব্যানা s. m. To worship, adore, practise, devotion, serve, to accomplish.
s. f. Service, worship, adoration.
আব্যান s. m. A pleasure garden, a grove.

भाराम s. m. A pleasure garden, a grove. चारी s. f. A small saw, a hand saw, an awl.

আবিষ্য s. m. A plant of the gourd kind. খাৰুৰ s. m. A drug brought from the hills of cooling properties.

भार भार v. a. To strangle. Kanth-arúndhan, strangulation.

with adj. Mounted on a horse or any thing else, ascended, risen. Megharúrha, seated on a cloud.

षारीय s. m. Health. adj. Healthy. षारीप s. m. A transmutation, a change. षारीपष s. m. Planting.

चारोपित adj. Deposited, intrusted; transformed, changed into, feigned. चारोच्य s.m. Rising, ascending; the rising or growing of a new shoots; a ladder, a stair case.

भारतं adj. Pained, afflicted; disturbed, confounded.

ৰাই adj. Wet, moist, damp. সাইম s. m. Ginger, in the undried state. বার্হা s. s. The 6th lunar mansion.

चार्वज s. f. Age, duration of life.

चार्थ adj. Of a good family, respectable, venerable.

viel's.f. A mirror (particularly a nurror on the thumb used by Hindu females).

wiss. f. The name of a tree, from the root of which a red colour is extracted for staining leather, dyeing silk, &c. (Morinda citrifolia). s. m. Yellow orpiment. (protector.

ৰাক্ষন s. m. Dependance; a support, a স্থানৰ s. m. A house.

বালবাৰ s.f. A basin for water round the root of a tree.

মাজন s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, lazy.

খালন্তী adj. Idle, slothful, lazy. খালন্ত s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, apathetic. খালন্তী adj. Drowsy, slothful.

or wall for holding a lamp, &c. adj.

Wet: running (as a sore).

The post to which an elephant is tied, or the rope that ties him.

Speaking to addressing, conversation; enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum.

चालापवारी s.f. The act of tuning the voice previous to singing.

ৰাজ্যবদা v. c. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

জানি । s. f. A woman's female friend, আৰী a damsel.

भाविसन s.m. Embracing, the clasping any one in the arms, an embrace.

पालिकी adj. Embracing.

wाली s. f. A woman's female friend, a damsel. s. m. A scorpion.

चानीरंग s. m. A tolour extracted from the al tree (Marinda citrifolia).

eque) s. m. An esculent root (arum eque) campanulatum), a potatoe. Ratolu, a yam; shakarkand, a sweet notatoe.

भारतप s. m. Liniment.

থানীক s.m. Sight, seeing. looking; light; flattery, complimentary language, panegyric.

पालीकम s. m. Sight, seeing, looking.

TIGET n. prop. Name of a Hindu soldier and poet, from whom a species of poetry takes its name.

भावन s. m. Insurance.

মাৰনী s. f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

बादन s. m. Coming, approach; áwanáwan, tidings of approach.

चारनेदार adj. That which is to come; he that shall come.

TITU s. m. A shield; a covering.

পাৰহাঁ s. f. The allotted period of any one's life, an age.

चावनी v. n. To come.

बावभाव बावभाव बावभाव बावभाव बावभाव बावभाव बावभाव ousness.

wister s. f. A row, a range, a continuous line; a series, a dynasty, a lineage.

ৰাৰজন adj. Necessary, indispensable, expedient. s. m. Necessity, expedience.

भावस्थवता s. f. Necessity, indispensableness, inevitability.

বাৰা s. m. A potter's-kiln.

भावाई e.f. Report, mention.

भाषामान } s. m. Transmigration, com-भाषामान } ing, and going. जानाजा है s. f. Coming and going, intercourse, dancing after.

कावारी s.f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

TITE s. f. A house.

चावाइन s. m. Calling, summons.

चाविभाँव s. m. An unfolding, a developing, a manifesting, manifestation, presence becoming visible.

चर्मनभू त adj. Unfolded, developed, manifested, appeared.

wifee adj. Possessed (by a demon, &c. passed, engrossed (by any sentiment or feeling).

भारत ady. Enclosed, surrounded (by a ditch, wall, &c.).

पाइति s.f. Order, method; a repetition of the same thing, a revolution.

NIMM adj. Fond; attached, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, strongly inclined to; able, powerful,

মামলি s.m. Attachment, fondnesa; power, ability, might.

THEY s. f. Fear, apprehension, awe, terror, danger, peril; doubt, uncertainty.

আম্বাস s. m. A tree (Terminolia alata tomentosa); on which the tasar silkworm feeds.

wing s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, an object of desire.

wing s. f. Hope, desire, dependance, reliance, trust.

will s, m. A Hindu month containing part of June and July; and commencing when the sun enters Gemini; the name of the 20th and 21st mansions in the Hindu Zodiac.

चामामा adj. Successful, possessing the object hoped for.

ৰাম্বৰ s.m. Confidence, trust, expectation. (September-October), cummencing

withw s. m. Disappointment.

चामावन adj. Expectant, dependant ; hoping, having hope.

দামাদীৰ ady. Desponding, despairing.
বামিৰ s. f. Blessing, benediction,
bestowing or wishing a blessing upon others.

चार्मावेचन s.m. A blessing, a benediction.

ৰামীৰ s. m. Benediction, blessing, emile s. f. return of a compliment from a brahmana.

बार्य s. m. Surprise, astonishment, amazement. adj. Astonishment.

भाषधंता s.m. Wonderfulness; wonder, astonishment.

religious order, of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; as 1st. That of the brahmacharee or student; 2d, That of the grihastd or householder; 3d. That of the wanaprasths or anchorite; and 4th; That of the bhikshikks or beggar; a college, a school; a hermitage the abode of retired devotees sages.

चात्रमी adj. Living in any of the four states of the life.

যাষ্ট্ৰ & m. Cheating, fraud, circum-ঘাৰা b vention: proximity, vicinity; a retreat, an abode, an asylum; a house; a means of defence, having recourse to protection or sanctionary; trust, reliance, hope; patron, a protector.

ৰামিল adj. One who relies on another; a refugee, a protegé; a dependant. আমাল adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. আমাল s. m. Completion, cessation, comfort. (September-October), cummencing when the sun effers Virgo, and in which the moon is full near the stars in the headof Aries.

NING s. m. The 3d solar month (June-July, during which the is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha, more commonly called purvasharha or uttara-sharha constellations in Sagittarius). [trusk.

ৰাভ s.f. Hope dependance, reliance, selance, selance s.f. Laziness, tardiness. askatána, v. n. To be lazy. áskati, adj. lazy, romiss.

चासकताना v. n. To be lazy.

चासकती adj. Lazy, remiss.

with adj. Diligent, zealously active, fond, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, intent or attached strongly to, trusting to, confiding in; eternal.

चार्चात्र s. f. Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application.

चासन s. m. A tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa), a stool, a seat, a small carpet on which the Hindus sit at their worship; a carpet to sit on: stay, abiding, posture, attitude, sitting (especially the attitudes adopted by jogees in their devotional exercise, of which they reckon eighty-four) ; the inside or upper part of the thigh ; the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits, asan tole one, to come under subjection. asanjorna, to sit on the hams; asan dolna. spoken of a holy man, who perceiving by supernatural intelligence that some one in distress has called on him, interposes in his behalf, asan se asan jorna, to sit close in contact

মাছি

with another person. asan layns to sit obstinately in a given posture till one's request be obtained, asanmarna, (to sit particularly in an attitude practised by jogees or devotees), to retain one's sext firmly on horse back,

সাম্বনী s.f. A small carpet, &c., on which hindoos sit and perform poojas.

adv. Around, about on all sides.

चारमसात odv. All around, on every side; wholly, altogether.

wing s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, and object of desire; an asylum, abode or retreat.

মান্তৰ s. m. Rum, spirit distilled from sugar or molasses. [trust. মান্তা s. f. Hope, dependance, reliance, মান্তবা adj. Expectant, dependant.

भागावरी s.f. A musical mode or ragini; a kind of pigeon a sort of cotton cloth. [instruction.

वाधिक s. m. Benediction, blessing ;

ৰাগৰাহ বাংৰাৰহ s. m. Bendiction, blessing. বাংৰাৰ s. m. The 6th Hindoo month in which the moon is full sear the stars in the head of Aries (Septem-

पासीन adj. Sitting, seated.

ber-October).

মাধীৰ s. f. Blessing, benediction; return of compliment from a Hindu superior (a bra hman).

wigt s. m. An asur or demon; a form of marriage; in which the bridegroom gives to the bride, her father and paternal kinsmen, as much as he can afford.

asurs, devilish, demoniacal; a divi-

sion of medicine; surgery, curing by cutting with instrument applying the actual cautery, &c., asuri maya. s.f. Deception of demons.

মাজন s. f. Laziness, tardiness, askatána. v. n. To be lazy, askati adj. Lazy, remiss.

जासती adj. Lazy, remiss.

The s. m. A believer, pious, faithful.

of abiding; effort, pains, care.

चासद s. m. A place, a situation ; dignity, rank.

with s.m. Abode, residence; a religious order (of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; as 1st, That of the brahmacharee or student; 2d, That of the grilusth or householder; 3rd. That of the vanayrasth or anchorite and 4th that of the bhikshuk or beggar).

wiwi s. m. Means of defence or protections, trust, reliance, hope; defence, asylum retreat, refuge, shelter, abode, house,

wifer adj. One who relies on another, a refugee, a protegee.

चाचेत adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. चाचाइ s. m. Savour, relish.

पासास s. m. Comepletion, cossation, comfort.

WIV ah! An interjection, aha! ah!

चाइरजाइर s.f. Coming and going.

पाइना s. m. Inundation, flood, overflow. पापा interj. Ah | aha | alas | Oh |

WITH s. m. Food.

Tife s. m. or s. f. Is or exists. s.f. Alas.

आडत } s.m. Offering oblations with भारति fire to the deities, a burnt offering.

আছিৰ s. m. The constant or daily

ceremonies of religion; constant occupation daily, work, adj. Daily, diurnal.

भाकिनो adj. Of or belonging to a day.

TIME s. m. Inundation, deluge, flood, overfloow.

will s. m. Joy, gladness, delight, mirth, exultation, festivity.

बाह्यदिव adj. Joyful, glad, delighted, pleased, merry, elated in mind, rejoiced. [mons.

আয়াল s. m. A call, 'invitation, sum-দ্বিত্ব s. m. Reproof, reproach, an irony a sarcasm; abuse, reviling; censure, blame.

₹

The third vowel of the Nágree alphabe, corresponding to I short, and pronounced like that letter in tin, hill &c. When compounded with a preceding consonant, its symbolical mark is f, and it is placed on the lefthand of the letter, through sounded after it.

in carrying a burthen on the head.

ists. f. A round ornament for the top of the head.

इ दारा s. m. A large well of masonry. इंट्र s. m. A rat, a mouse.

TR s.m. The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior devinities; the Indian Jove.

মানী s.f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant (vitex negundo).

*Rew s. f. Colocynth, wild ground (Unumis colocynthis, a fruit of beautiappearance but bitter taste), hence a beautiful but worthless person is called Indiayan ka phal, The fruit of indrayun.

NIGH s.m. The scater throne of Indra-\(\frac{1}{2}\) is. An organ of sense, the organs of action and perseption the Hindus reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation, and the organ of excretion; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); Indivjulláb, a directic medicine.

হ'বৰ s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

रक adj. One. Iksar, adj. Alike similar. इक्षिण adj. One of the mind.

মন্ত্ৰ হাৰ s. m. Universal dominion.

Ikchhat-ráj karna, v. n. To hold universal dominion.

इकटक s. m. A fixed looking at any thing without closing the eye.

इनहां इनहां चित्रहां place. इनहों

दबडोरा m. } adj. Collected together, इबडोरी f. } in one place.

इनला adj. m. Alone, only.

इक्लाई s.f. Singleness, loneliness. इक्लोना adj. Only, single, alone.

THUR odj. Alike, similar.

var ady. Single incomparable, unique, super-excellent, s.m. An earring of a single pearl; an ornament worn on the wrist, often hollow, containing perfume; a champion who serves alone, without being attached to any corps; a single-horse gig or buggy or native carriage, commonly used at Patna.

Tive s. m. Hint, sign, gesture; going, motion; inquiry, research.

TTT s. m. An ; seeing, sight.

Desirable food, or food agreeable and abundant to the namest desire.

To walk affectedly or counctishly, to express tenderness or kindness by gesture.

Ta adv. Here, hither.

much, so much, so many, Itne-men, in the mean time, mean-while, mean-time.

KRI adj. Affected, giving one's self airs, playful, wanton. coquettish; other different; low, vile; Itar tok, adj. The low people, people of low caste: other people.

इत्रामा v. o. To give one's self airs, to act with affection, to act in an unnatural or unusual manner.

स्तरावा रे adj. Affected, playful, wan-

Engle s. m. Sunday.

xfit odj. This much, so much. conj. A word usually written at the end of a book, letter, &c., signifying that it is finished; conclusion, enough (finis).

Transfer s. m. History, traditional accounts of former events, heroic history, story, fable.

Ras adj. So much, thus much.

val adj. This much, so much.

KMIR conj. Et cetera, and so forth.
THT adv. Here, hither, on the side.
Idhar udhar, About, around, up and down, here and there.

इन्हारा s.m. A large well of masonry. बन्द्रिया s.f. A digit of the moon. इन्द्र s.m. The regent of the visible

heavens and of the inferior divini-

হত্তবাল s.m. Deception, cheating, juggling; trick or stratagem in war.

इन्द्रजाको *opj.* A juggler, a conjurer ; deceptive, unreal.

इन्द्रजो s. m. Medicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, Nerium antidysentericum). इन्द्रजोस s. m. A sapphire.

इन्द्रभीसक s. m. An amerald.

रदशस्य s. m. A name of the ancient city of Delhi.

रम्मीह्वा s.f. The asterism Pooshya. रम्बप s.f. An insect (a species of acarus of a scarlet colour and like veloct) the wife of Indra.

হত্তৰ s.m. A fmedicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, nerium antidysentericum).

इन्हाची s. f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant (Viter negundo).

KRICU s. f. Colocynth, wild gourd (Cucumis colocynthis), the fruit of the Coloquintida plant (a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste, hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayun ka phal, The fruit of indrayun).

THIST S. m. The seat or throne of Iuter 2 s.f. An organ of sense, the This organs of action and perception (the Hindus reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation and the organ of exerction; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); the privities.

মুন্ধিয়াৰ s.f. The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness.

মুখন s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the pupose.

Ke adv. Thus, as, in like manner. Ke s. m. An clephant, इभगासक s. m. The driver or keeper of an elephant,

स्करती adj. Nectarious, s. f. A kind of sweet meat; a small vessel for drinking out of; a kind of cloth.

यां $\left. \left\{ s,f,A\right\} \right.$ tamarind tree and its fruit.

TTITI s. m. Desire, inclination. . .

Kal s.f. prop name. Wife of Budha and daughter of lkhawaku.

द्वाका s. m. Relation, interest.

इलाबीदाना s.m. A kind of sweet meat.

इलायनी } s. f. Large cardamums.

इताहाताह s. m. A place of pilgrimage of the Hiadus.

ৰন্ধীম s. f. A fish, the Hilsa or Sable (Clupea alosa).

THE S. M. A wart.

स्व Thus, like. समारा s. m. A sign : wink.

दशीय e.f. Stanza.

दबहेब s. m. Une's own chosen deity.

we part. Desired, wished, approved; worshipped, adored. reverenced. respected; cherished, beloved.s.m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

इष्टतम adj. Beloved, best beloved, dearest, most desired.

test adj. Dearer, more dear, more desired.

रच्या s. f. Desirableness, reverence, respect,

Te s. f. Sacrifice.

इसपात 8. m. Steel.

TEXTS. m. A kind of musical instrument: keeping secret.

Telt s. m. A sign, wink.

TH ach. This.

THE On account of this.

द्ववड़ी This time.

रखम } s. m. The trunk of a tree, a समा } column, pile, post, pillar.

(va) s.f. A woman; a wife, s.m. A smoothing iron. Istri karna v. o. To iron or smooth with an iron.

इस्तेषा s.m. Resigning.

इस्पर } वर्गु. Settled, steady, firm, खिर } fixed.

रिखरता } s. f. Rest, tranquillity,

TOTE S. f. Inclination, desire, wish.

इस्त } s. f. A religious treatise.

To pron. This. Iha-lok, s. m. The present world. Iha-i, This very. Ihai-than, Here, in this very place.

प्रकास s. m. This life.

ब्रह्मीक s. m. This life, this world.

₹ s. f. Sugar-cane,

মৰ্মান্ত s. m. A species of sugar-cane. (Saccharum munja).

रचु s. m. Sugar-cane.

स्थानती s. f. The name of a river in Bengal, the Issamatti.

इच मंदी adj. Diabetic.

इचार s. m. The juice of the sugar-cane. इचार s. m. Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar.

ţ

wee, the fourth vowel of the Nágree alphabet, pronounced like ee in feel, keel, &c., and when compounded with a consonant it is expressed by the symbol?.

रें गुर s. m. Red lead,

Tor s. f. Pain, trouble.

Z s. f. A brick.

t zaiel s. f. Brick-work.

telul s. m. A kind of dove.

which a burthen is carried on the head.

₹दर s. m. A rat, a mouse.

र्भन s.m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

दंश s.f. Sugar-cane.

to part. Desired, wished, approved; worshipped, adored, reverenced, respected; cherished, beloved. s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

ta s. f. Annoying the enemy.
tim s. f. One of the six causes by which the crops are destroyed.

चचर s. m. A mouse.

tax part. act. Acting affectedly.

tut allo. Here, hither.

रेन्द्र s. m. A rat, a mouse. रेन्द्र s. m. Fuel.

ifen adj. Longed for, wished for.

THE S. J. A kind of song.

Kurws. m. Paith, conscience,

ting adj. Envious.

tn s. m. Lord, a name of Siv; also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

ter s. f. The shaft of a plough.

turn s. m. A named of Siv; light, splendour. Eshan-kon, m. s. Northeast.

ইনিলা s. f. \ Superiority, supremacy, ইনিল s. m. \ one of the eight arributes of divinity.

Aux s. m. Ruler, master, lord; the Supreme Ruler of the universe, God, the supreme; a name of Siv, Kamdeb, of Durga, of Lukchmi, of Surusuali, or of any other Suktis or female energies of the deities.

देशरहा s. f. Godhead, divinity. देशरमा s. m. The divine nature. देशरामीन adj. Subject to or dependent on God.

रेक्टाधीनता s.f. Dependance upon or subjection to God.

देवरारायना s. f. Worship of Godg

Tain s. m. Part of God.

way s.f. Desire.

देवत adj. A little, somewhat.

te s.m. Lord, a name of Siv. also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

tet adv. Hither.

TI s. f. Attempt.

र्भायन s. m. A. person governed and led by women.

taus. m. Sight, seeing; the eye.

उ

oo, The fifth vowel of the Nagree alphabet, corresponding to oo in good. When it follows a consonant in the same syllable it is placed under the letter, and is expressed by its symbol, as unitary. Oh! denoting pain:

The s.m. A finger; a finger's units.

ज'बनीय ady. Ups and downs of life; vicissitude, high and low, particulars,

ভ'বাৰ্ছ s. f. ভ'বাজ s. m. ভ'বাজ s. f. ভ'বাছ s. f.

च पाना v. s. To raise, to take up. च डेलना v. s. To pour.

चढाना s. m. A tree dried by itself. चढाना १ v. a. To dig up slowly any चढाना १ thing buried in the ground, 6 extract a secret gradually and artfull?, to pump. ভদ্ধী adj. Dried up.
ভদ্ধ s. m. The posture of sitting on
the hams with the soles of the feet
on the ground.

THE Speech, voice, language; the contrivances, invention, what bundna, v. a. To make up a story, to invent, to contrive. Ukat lena, v. a. To discover, to find out.

उत्ततना v. s. To fret, to be melanchely or dejected; to be out of humour with, to be tried of, to tire.

ভৰৱাৰ v. a. To be fatigued. ভৰৱাৰ part. Instigator, promoter. ভৰৱাৰ v. a. To promote, to forward. ভৰৱাৰ v. n. To boil.

डक्समा v. डक्समुक्स adv. इक्समुक्स adv. place to another.

entern v. a. To be excited, to be moved, to try to move.

ভৰাৰণা v. a. To excite, to move. ভৰাৰণা v. a. To boil water. ভাৰণা v. a. to turn up.

em adja Spoken.

• fm * s. f. Speech, voice, language;

contrivances, invention.

चक्रमा v. n. To trip.

up or raised up, to slip out (as a bone, fc.). Ukharno pukharno To be plucked or rooted up.

उद्यक्तना रे v. a. To root up, break or उद्यक्ति रे pluck up, eradicate, extirpate; dislocate.

खब्रान n. Wickedness.

ভ্ৰমণ কৰ্ম Wicked. [ing rice. ভ্ৰমণ s. m. A wooden mortar for pound-ভ্ৰমণ s. f. A wooden mortar. ভ্ৰমণ s. f. Rooting up, extirpation:

च्यान प्रयास s.m. Cholers morbus.

wan part. Growing, springing up; production.

wens v. n. To grow, to be produced, to spring (as plants), to rise (as the moon). Uglehi juljans, To be withered immediately on springing up. is applied to a tope or expectation which is blasted in the bud).

(met.) to refund property surreptitionally obtained.

उन्हना v. To collect; accumulate.

বাহনা o. a. To cause to grow, &c.
বাহম s. m. That which is spit out after
chewing any thing (specially betal
leaf.) Ap ke ugal mera udhár, Your
worship's leavings are may nourishmedt; i. e. You, Sir, are my support and benefactor. Ugaldán, s. m.
A spitting-pot, [mulate...

चनाका e.f. Asury : the trade of lending, money on interest of one-fourth part, the payment of which is received by instalments.

डिविस्ता है v, To vomit forth.

डिविना s. m. The thing vomited. उप s. m. Wrath, anger.

eur adj. Angry, cruel, wrathful.

ভাষ্ণা v. n. To be uncovered, discovered, opened, pulled off.
ভাষ্ণী adj. Prompt; ready.

veil, open, pull off, unclose, bare.

ewis s. m. One who uncovers or unveils.

उपसना v. s. To rise, to be raised or lifted; to lap, bound, spring up. उपसाना v. s. To lift or raise up.

over s. m. A thief, a pick-pocket.

ষ্ট্ৰমান ।
ব্যাহ ব
ক্ৰাহৰ ব
ক্ৰাহৰ ব
ক্ৰাহৰ ব
ক্ৰাহৰ ব
ক্ৰাহৰ ব
ক hard body obliquely ; to
be broken or interrupted (aleep).

उपराग थ गः. To speak, pronounce, utter.

ভাৰত্ৰণ v. n. To separate, to be separated.

चनजाना v. a. To order a person to separate (one thing from another).

चवाटना v. a. To divide, separate.

Uchat hóna, To be tired, to be disgusted.

चचाना v- a. To lift up a burden,

डवारना v. a. To pronounce, to speak out, to utter.

चित्र adj. Proper, becoming, fit, suitable, convenient.

चर्चना . a. To separate one thing from another.

en adj. High, tall, lofty.

enni s.f. Height.

हम्भाग v. n. To separate (as the skin from the flesh, &c.); to be uttered, spoken or pronounced. v. a. To speak, utter, tell.

ভৰাইন s. m. } The act of vexing, or early s.f. } rendering sorrowful, vexation.

च्यान s.f. Height.

च्यार } s. f. Pronunciation, utterance, चंदरण } articulation, expression, enunciation.

स्वारण v. a. To pronounce, speak out, utter, articulate, express. founded. स्वारित adj. Pronounced, uttered, articulates. m. The horse of Indra.

ভাষা : m. Joy, gladness. [ed. কভিন্ন কণ্ট, Ruined, lain, waste, destroy-ভাষাত s. m. Food left or rejected, grumbs, fragments, learings, orts. expectation; division of a book.

তত্বেরা) v. n. To leap or bound, to ভারত্বা) spring or spout up (as water in a fountain), to spring or fly up.

चक्रामा v.a. To order another to throw up any thing.

GETE s. m. Vomiting.

usiwal v. a. To throw up, to toss up a thing (as a ball &c.) and catch it in the hand.

ভছাছ s.f. Excitoment. [clownish. ভাষ্ adj. Inconsiderate, rash, ignorant, ভাষাৰা v. n. To become desolate, ভাষাৰা v. a. To lay waste by the

hands of a third person. ভন্তায়সভা port. In ruins, desolate.

डजरा } odj. Desolate.

दलसामा v. n. To become clean, to shine, to be bright.

বৰ্ষা adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright, splendid. [brighton বৰ্ষাৰাত a. To cause to cleanse, to বৰ্ষাৰাত a. To cause a person to pour from one vessel to another.

কলাৰ s. m. Splendor, brightness. adj. famous, celebrated; light, bright, splendid.

বনাৰ adj. Desert, desolate, ruined, ruinous, demolished, deserted, abandoned.

डनाइना v. a. To lay waste, desolate, demolish, injure, expose to loss.

ভবাৰ s. m. The direction or part of a river which is opposite to the course of the stream, up the stream.

डबारना v. To become waste.

ভৰাষণা v. a. To cleanse, polish, (metals or jewels).

adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright.

च नाली s. f. Splendor, glare. adj. Bright, | उदान s. f. Act of appearing. s. m. An clear, light. उ कियार ভলিয়ালা s. m. Brightness. ष्टजियारा डरेरिया s. f. Mooa-light. खतेती adi. Lighted by moon. The name of city which was carital of the country where Vikramaditya reigned. चन्न } ad). Clean, bright, luminous, इन्हों splendid, clear, pure, shining; blown, expanded. च जन लता s. f. Splendor, radiance. डज्य जित् adj. Pure, clean, clear. चका न s. m. The city of Ujein, formerly the capital of Vikrumaditya: it is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, and the first meridian of their geographers. THE TO PEEP, to spy. क्रमड़ रे adj. Ignorant, illiterate, clown-ভঙ্গাড় ish. चभावना v. n. To flow or be poured from one vessel into another. v. a. To throw or pour quickly from one vessel finto another. into another. चमाचना v. α. To pour from one vessel डिक्सिना v. Flow or poured from one vessel to another. प्रक्रा बता. Precipitate, rash, acting · without consideration. [plant. चटकन s.f. A river near Gwalior; a चरका s. m. A prop or support, चहुज s. m. A hat made of leaves. चढना v. n. To rise up, be raised, to spring; to be abolished. ' [exercise. चत्रें s. f. Restlessness : a kind of To cause to lift or raise up, or remove, &c. चरबेंग s. m. One who tises. ezitater s. m. A pilferer, a purloiner, a

petty thief,

area or court; rising, ascension, appearing. चडाना v. a. To lift, take or raise up, elevate, hoist, take or bear away, pro-

duce, invent, cause, gain, get, enjoy, abolish, excite, rouse, support, bear, carry, remove, receive suffer, exhibit contract debts or purchase on credit, fany place. expend.

Sour s. m. Expenditure; act of leaving चढावेंडी s. m. Act of frequently rising up and sitting down : inconstancy.

TENT s. plur. The stars, the starry firmament.

चक्रवा v. n. To walk with a stately or affected gait.

उड़न adj. Flying.

TENT v. n. To fly. .

चक्नागन s. f. A flying serpent.

eye s. m. A raft, a float.

उप 8. m. A bug.

चड़ाक s. m. A spendthrift, an extravagant person, prodigal.

चड़ाच adj. Capable of flying, fledged. उदान s. f. Act of flying.

चडाना v. a. To cause to fly ; to squandor or spend extravagantly, dissipate, blow up or away, filch; to entice. Urána purána, To squander.

चक्र प s. m. A raft, a float.

इद्रेश्न s. m. Any thing placed under a vessel to prevent its oversetting : a prop, a support.

चढन बरना v. n. To seek or cry for an absent person (applied to a child only).

चढकना v. n. To overset.

चढकप्रा adj. Abroach, atilt. चढ़ना v. a. To put on clothes.

जहाना v. a.. To cause to clothe.

Estat part. A wearer or putter on of · a dress.

च्छीना s.m. Clothing. चचेजना v. a. To pour. उतंग adj. Tall, hight

चन adv. There, thither.

care.

चनकर adj. Difficult.

ভাৰৰ n. prop. The province of Orissa, ভাৰৰ s. m. Name of a saint son of Brihaspati.

चतना adj. m. As much as that, so much, so many.

जत्पच adv. Out of the way.

wayin s. m. Phenomenon; violence.

चतान s. f. A fragment, any thing taken off from the body; cast of clothes. Rin se utran hóna, To be freed from debt.

TACHT v. s. To descend, alight, halt, bait, disembark, land, dismount, subeide, decrease, pass over, cross, go
off, fall off, decay, fade, flag, be freed
from debt, become insipid, flatten,
fall in value or in dignity.

कतरेबाना v. o. To cause to descend or alight.

(by the hands of a third person, as to do it one's self is, utarns); to boil over.

water adj. Shallow.

warm adj. Supine, lying on the

ware s. m. Descent, declination. Utár dena, to bring down; (mst) to disgrace, to dishonor.

waten s.f. A fragment,

waters v. s. To cause to alight or deseend, to bring down; to degrade; to cause to pass over, to convey over, to take, off, to tear off, strip off, to cut off, or break off (a portion) of any thing) unload, disembark, dismount, discharge; to make a return or recompense. Utare hue, engaged with a desperate resolution in any enterprise: metaphor taken from cavalry, who dismount to fight on foot with a determination to conquer or die.

TRICASING s. m. A lowering and raising.

TRICASING s. m. A descent; crossing or

passing (over o river, gc.) an answer;

cast off clothes; disgrace; degradation; rausom; self-devotion.

चतावत s. f. Quickness, speed, despatch. चतावत adj. m. Swift, quick, speedy, precipitate, rash.

Haste, speed, rashness, impatience.

वतीर्षं adj. Worn, cast off clothes, jewels, &c.).

चत्र इ. m. Free from debt or obligation. चत्रस्था इ. f. Regretting, missing any thing.

चत्त्रह सूत्र s. m. A good soil.

THE adj. Anxious, excited.

चत्रम adj. Excellent, best, principal, first, chief.

THATTE S. m. An excellent man.

Posterior, latter, behind, northern, superior, high. *Uttarardk*, the latter half.

ज्यात्मश्री s.f. The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars; figured by a bed.

EXECUTE C. m. The 27th lunar mansion, figured by a conch, and comprehending two stars of which one is Andromeda.

North wind, boreas.

BUTTING I. m. An inheritance.

The half of the year during which the sun is to the north of the equator, the summer solstice.

The last half.

समराबाडा s.f. The 21st lunar mansion, figured by an elephant's tooth, or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius.

হলংখ্য adj. Of or belonging to the north, northern. [and further. হলবীৰ adj. Arrived, got over a difficulty, delivered, rescued.

eng adj. High, lofty, tall.

en s. n., Plaits of cloth. Markar uttu bundya uske-tusen, here beat him to mummy (lit. till his body become marked like the plaits in cloth), uttu kurna, v. s. To plait. Uttu-gur, A planter.

exity s. m. Effort, rising up, manly exertion, battle, joy. Utitan-ekadushi, or devathen, The eleventh of the shukl-puksh of Kartik, when vishue is said to awake from sleep; during the four months that he is supposed to sleep it is unlawful to marry).

उद्यापन s.m. The act of raising a thing up, in arithmetic the producing of answer or result.

उत्तन है s. f. Birth, origin, creation, जन्ति production,

ever adj. Born, produced; gained; occurred. s. m. Proceeds, profits, produce.

way s. m. A blue lotus (Nymphea cerulea); a plant (a Costus).

evaluation. The rooting up of a thing,

would s. m. A portent, a phenomenon; violence, injustice, injury.

चवाइन s. m. The producing or creating of a thing.

उत्पेचा s.m. Indifference, carelessness; comparison, illustration (in poetry or rhetoric).

जबर्द s.m. Abandoning, quitting, resigning, retiring from ; giving donation ; any precept or rule.

उद्धार s.m. A festival, a jubilee, public rejoicing ; impatience ; wrath.

sur s.m. Effort, perseverance, energy, fortitude; happiness; joy.

डबारी adj. Active, persevering.

उपन्ता v. a. To overturn, to overset. उपन्यास adj. Topsy turvy, higgledy

piggledy. s.f. Confusion, interchange. ভ্ৰম adj. Shallow. [overset. ভ্ৰম s. a. To cause to turn over or ভ্ৰম s. m. Water.

खदिव s. m. The ocean.

squ s.m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise; rising, ascending; light, splendour; prosperity, good fortune. uduy hona, v. n. To rise (as the sun \$c.)

from udayachul, where the sun is supposed to rise, to astachal, where it is supposed to set,

उदयी adj. Prosperous. flourishing.

चहर s.'m. The belly.

उद्रोच s.f. The line on the abdomen.

Bereff a.f. Dropay:

one who devours every thing, flesh, flat, &c. one who is a devil for his belly.

चद्रावद s. m. Diarrhen, dysentery.

डदावेर s. m. The tape worm. डदरियो s. f. A pregnant woman.

डदरिन् } odj. Fat, corpulent.

उद्धित adj. Fat, corpulent.

sett s.f. Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or flatulency adj. Abdominal.

SEIE 8. m. Marriage.

ड इाम a. m. The acute accent, a high or sharp tone; the gift donation; a musical instrument, a large drum.

डरामा adj. Liberal, giving, a donor, great, illustrious ; dear, beloved.

खदान s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head.

war ady. Generous, liberal, munificent; great; unperplexed; gentle.

उदारता s.f. Generosity, liberality; munificence.

डरास s. m. Unsettledness, retiredness. adj. Unsettled, retired, lonely, forlorn, dejected, sorrowful, sad; apathetic.

डदासी s.f. Solitude, loneliness, sadness, dejection. adj. Unsettled, solitary, lonely, retired, dejected.

डरायीन s. m. A class of mendicants of the Panjab, an hermit or anchorite, a cynic, a misanthrope, a stoic.

BEITE s. f. Brownness.

डदाएरण s.m. An example or illustration, a simile, a comparison, an apposite argument, one of the five modes of logical reasoning.

তবিষ, adj. Risen (as the sun); distinguished, conspicuous (as valour ýc.). তথ্য adj. Known, celebrated.

हतीय s. m. The country and its inhabitants north of the river Sorabati.

उद्गार s. m. The glomerous fig tree

(Ficus glomerata); a set of brahe, mans.

डर्बड s. m. A gum resin, Bdellium. डर्ब s. m. Object; intention.

ভদ্ধ adj. Vomited, cast up.

ভদ্ধতে s. m. Vomiting; sound. ভদ্ধতা s. m. The rope and bucket of a well, a leathern bucket used for drawing water; an instrument or means

of opening, a key, &c.
This adj. Done with effort, exerted;
opened.

उद्दिम s. m. Strenuous and continued efforts, exertion, endeavour, labour ; calling, employment, trade.

पद्गीपन adj. Exciting, inflaming as passion; blazing, glowing of a luminous body.

जहीत adj. Illuminated.

তথ্য s. m. A scope, a vestige, a trace. তথ্য s. m. Asthma, act of gasping or panting, plethora in the vessels of the head, head-ache, indigestion.

s. m. A king's wrestler.

TER s. m. Debt (especially not bearing interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

ভরাকা v. a. To liberate, discharge. ভরু s. m. Birth, production.

ভারত s. m. Vegetables.

eus s. m. A section, a chapter, the division of a book adj. Raised, held up, active, persevering, labouring deligently and incessantly.

eque e. m. Strenuous and continued effort, exertion perseverance, endeavor, labour; calling, employment, trade. [motive.]

ख्यान s. m. A royal garden ; purpose, ख्योन s. m. Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour. ভবীনী adj. Active, laborious, persevering, one who makes effort.

B

ख्योत s. m. Light, lustre.

ভिषय adj. Perplexed, dejected, an xious, troubled, filled with thought.

स्केत s. m. Regret, agitation, consternation, fear; perplexity, dejection, anxiety, uneasiness, exertion; care; the fruit of the Areca catechu, betelnut. [ed. agitated.

चरेगी adj. Perplexed, anxious, perturb-चरीप s. m. Recollection, the recognizing of a thing.

S s. m. An offer.

win a clue).

जस्य adi. Free from debt.

বিধ বৈ do. There, thither, on that side, on the other side. U-dhar se, from that of the other side. ভাষা adj. m. Opened, undone, unrolled as the seem in a garment, or thread

SAR S. m. Debt (especially not bearsers) ing interest, deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

डपारना v. a. To liberate, to discharge. डपेड s. m. Unravelling, unwearing.

चित्रका है ए. a. To undo, to unravel, चर्चेडमी unfold.

ভৰ pron. plur. Those, them. ভৰবাৰ adj. Forty-nine.

डनवास adj. Porty-nine. डनवासीस adj. Thirty-nine.

जनतीस adj. Twenty-nine.

ਰਸਕਰ adj. Fifty-nine.

चनदा Like them.

डनासी adj. Seventy-nine.

चनिक् } adj. Sleepless.

will adj. Nineteen.

ena adj. High, tall.

डक्कि s. f. Increase, advancement, prosperity; rising, ascending. टनाम { adj. Insane, frantic, mad; टन्द { drunk, intoxicated, lustful, furious extravagant.

ख्याता s. f. Insanity, intoxication. उत्पाद s. m. Madness, extravagance.

ड बादा adj. Mad, insane, extravagant.

বনাৰ s. f. A measure of size or quantity. বন্ধ adj. Looking upwards.

डका च s. m. Winking, twinkling of the

Like, resombling.

Eq A preposition which usually conveys the idea of vicinity or resemblance in an inferior degree.

उपकरण s. f. The insignia of royalty; implements, materials, means; helping, assisting.

sum s.m. Favour, protection, help, sssistance, benefit, kindness.

who befriends.

चपनारी adj. Assisting, helping, beneficient, benefactor; subsidiary, subservient,

ত্তব্যন্ধ s.m. Deliberate commencement or undertaking; beginning in general; a stratagem.

चपान adj. Promised, agreed,

उपनम s. m. Agreement, promise; approach, approximation.

mal in confinement; favour, encouragement; assistance. [ment.

डप्ड. m. A kind of musical instru-डप्डार s.m. Service; physicking, the practice, of medicine; practice, pro-

fession usage; a present, a bribe.

Eug s.f. Any thing spoken or sung
extempore, the burthen of a seng;

the chorus, variations in music.

___ <

डवजना v. n. To spring up, grow, be produced, shoot forth.

उपनाक adj. Fertile.

डवजाना v. a. To create, produce, make grow, cultivate.

डवर्जीत adj. Produced, propagated.

ভদ্যীৰদ s. m. Subsistence, means of living. [port, subsistence. ভদ্মীৰিকা s.f. Livelihood, means of sup-ভদ্মীৰী adj. Dependant, living by or on.

ভব্দে } e.m. A composition of per-ভব্দে fumes, flour, &c. used to rub the body with. [a business. ভব্দে v. n. To be tired or to be sick of

ज्याना o. n. To be need out, to be pulled out, to be skinned; to be imprinted with the mark of any thing.

heat, pain, misfortune.

डप्रंस् s. m. A relish or something to promote drinking; the venereal disease.

उपदा s.f. A present, an offering to a king or great man, &c.; a bribe.

डपरेश s. m. Advice, counsel, exhortation, admonition, information, instruction.

चत्रेष । s. m.f. An adviser, instruc-चत्रो । tor, admonisher, a guide, especially a spiritual guide.

चपद्दाशन adj. Advising, an adviser. उपदेश s. m. A adviser; teacher.

equa s. m. A portent, any natural phenomenon so considered; violence, injury, injustice, tyranny, excess, insult,

euxit s. m. An overbearing person.

equig .s. m. An inferior mineral, a
semimetal, of which, seven are specified, viz. pyrites, sulphate of copper,
tale, antimony, red orpiment, yellow
orgiment, and calx of brass; second-

ary secretion, as the milk, menses, adeps, sweat, teeth, hair, and lymph. उपधान s. m. A pillow.

state three first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right; the cord of the Brahmana is of cotton, minjo or kusa grass; of the Kshairee of san or flax; and of the Vys, of wool: the youths are invested, respectively, from 8 to 16, from 11 to 22, and from 12 to 24 years of age.

चपनिषद s.f. A portion of the religious writings of the Hindus: the theological part, and the Vedanta, or argumentive part of the Veds, either detached from, or comprised in the principal work.

उपनेत s. m. Spectacles, glasses for the उपपत्ति s. m. A paramour, a gallant.

डपपातक : m. A heinous crime, as killing a cow, selling a daughter, atheism, &c.

उपमा] s.f. A resemblance, compasure rison, simile, that thing to which another is likened.

उपमाम s. m. Comparison.

चपनिति s. f. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c.

उपमेश adj. Comparable,

उपपुत्त adj. Fit, proper, right, becoming, worthy, qualified; adapted to, suitable, appropriate.

डपयीन s.m. Suitableness; use. डपयीनी adj. Suitable.

eqq prep. Above, on, over.

THEN A SCARF.

a garment (opposed to the lining).

डपरवादेवरवादे s. f. Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus. red chalk, bitumen, &c.; a subordinate flavour.

उपराम adv. After, afterwards.

karna, v. a. To take one's part, protect, stickle for.

चपदि adv. Above, up.

चपरीष s. m. Partiality, protection, support, defence, favour, kindness.

जपरीधी adj. Impending. [temple.

चपरोचित s. m. A chief priest of a Hindu उपरोचा s. m. A towel or cloth for wiping the body. adj. Superficial.

चपनों s. m. A scarf, a covering (sheet). चपनों adj. Supernatural; the outside

of a garment (opposed to the lining). प्रकार्यकार्य s. f. Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus.

stone or jewel.

for a whole, or of a quality for that in which it resides.

चपता s. m.: Cakes of dried cow-drug. चपत्तिम adj. Smeared, plastered.

डपड़ी s. f. Cakes of dried cow-dung of a small size. [ing.

खपरीप s.m. Plastering, smearing, anoint-खपरीपण s.m. Smearing, plastering with cowdung, &c.

उपवन s. m. A garden, a grove, an artificially planted wood.

खपवर्णन s. m. Minute, description.

चपवर्षण s. m. A certain celestial minstrel; furniture.

खपगास s. m. A. fast, fasting.

a fast.

डपानिया s. f. Profane science, inferior sort of knowledge.

चपनिष s. m. Factitious poison; a nar-

cotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, Datura, &c.

ष्णकोत s. m. The thread or cord worn by by the three first classes of *Hindus* over the left shoulder and under the right.

खपवेद s. m. A division of Hindu science deduced immediately from the Veds : four works are included under this denomination, and severally entitled Ayush, Gandharvah, Dhorush, and Sthapatyah; the first, it is said, was delivered to mankind by Brahms, Indra, Dhanwantari, and five other deities, and comprises the theory of disorders and medicines, with the practical methods of curing diseases; the second, or music, was invented and explained by Bharata: the third upaved was composed by Vishamitrah on the fabrication and use of arms and implements handled in war by the tribe of Kshattris: and Vishwakarma is said to have revealed the fourth in various treatises on sixty-four mechanical arts, for the improvement of such as exercise them.

उपग्रम s. m. Tranquility, calmness, patience. [pacified.

चपशास adj. Calm, tranquil; appeased, चपशासि s.f. Tranquility, calm; appeasing, allaying.

चपवानी adj. Tranquil, calm, appeased. चप्रास्त्र s. m. Science connected with, or derived from the skastrak.

उपस s. f. Stink, stateness, patrefaction, rottenness.

उपस्ता e. n. To become musty, to rot. उपस्त s. m. A portent, a natural phenomenon supposed to announce future evil; a disease, possession by an evil spirit; a particle prefixed to roots, &c., a preposition.

स्वस्त्री s. f. A concubine.

हमसा s. m. The male or female organs of generation. [ed, approximate. उपस्थित adj. Present, ready; approacheuses s. m. Derision, scorn, laughter; fun, sport, ridicule, laughing at any one.

ভাজোন s. m. A tale, a story, a narra-ভাজে s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c. on the forehead. ভাজেৰা v. a. To root up, extirpate, eradicate.

ভাষাব্য a. m. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sease and perception; cause, motive; immediate or proximate cause, (tyram# (tyram# 5 f. Violence, injury, injustice, ভাষাব্য a. m. Virtuens reflection; a dis-

equiv s. m. Virtueus reflection; a discriminative or distinguishing property; deception, disguise; a title, a discriminative appellation, a nick name.

चपाची adj. Violent, unjust. चपाचादी s. m. A spiritual precentor. स्पाचादा s.f. A female preceptor.

डपाय s. m. A means, expedient, plan, way, contrivance, scheme, preparation, redress, remedy.

खपाने adj. Resorting to expedients, contriving, remedying; contriver, expert in the use of means. [ty, स्पानंत्र s.m. Earning, acquiring proper-चपानित adj. Acquired, gained, earned. सपास्त्र s.m. Abuse, reviling; defer-

ring, delaying.

चपाव s. m. Remedy, redress. चपाच s. m. A fast, fasting.

स्पासक s. m. A worshipper ; a servant. स्पासना s.f. Worship, advaration, service, attendance on a superior, sedulity, supplication, prayer, intercession. o. a. To revenence, to worship. स्पास adj. Hungry, one who fasts. स्पास adj. Serving, worshipping.

उपासी adj. Serving, worshipping. उपास adj. Worthy of being worshipped, deserving of service, of honour, &c. उपार्क } adj. Contriving, remedying.

उपाई } adj. Contriving, remedying. उपाई : m. Means, remedy.

जपेचा s. f. Trick, deceit, one of the minor expedients in war; abandoning, abandonment.

चपका v. n. To boil over. चवका v. n. To vomit. चवकार्य s. f. Act of vomiting.

चनकाना v. a. To vomit. चन्द्रन s. m. A paste for scouring the

skin previous to bathing. उत्तरमा o. a. To rub on the body a detergent application called ubama.

चन्ता v. To remain over.

खबार s. m. Release, deliverance,

जबबाना v. a. To cause to boil (by the hand of another); to boil any thing with such violence that it is spilled.

चन्द्रमा v. n. To rot, to putrefy.

स्वस्था v. c. To cause to rot.

चवाना o. c. To sow, to plant.

चनारना v. a. To set at liberty, liberate, release.

चवालना v. n. To boil, to make boil.

समय pron. Both.

enter v. n. To swell, to rise up, to overflow, to unlade (a cart or boat).

লমহা part. Unladen (as a cart or bost).

Ubhara karna, v. a. To unlade (a cart or bost).

ভূপবোৰা v. a. To fill a vesset till it run ভূমাৰুমা v. a. To take away, to steal.
ভূমাৰুমা v. a. To alarm, to disturb,

THIE s. m. Swelling, plumpness, tumefaction, prominence.

उभारना v. s. To plump up, to raise up, to excite, to pursuade.

चमंत्र s. f. Excessive joy, transport, exultation, ambition.

चमंगना v. n. To advance with joy. चनंगी adj. Aspiring, ambitious.

चर्महमा v. n. To overflow, to fall (as tears), to swell, to increase or be poured out (as a river, clouds, an army, the heart, &c.).

चम् s. f. Age, lifetime.

जन्म s. f. Heat.

धनसना v. To feel heat.

lens, v. s. To embrace, to caress, to fondle.

खरा s. m. A snake.

डरमञ्जान s. m. The infernal regions below the earth.

चरनाद s. m. Goroor the king of birds ; a serpent eater.

डरनारी s. m. Enemy of serpeuts.

चरन है s.m. Female breast.

चरकार v. To make entangled. [es). चरत् s. m. Crimpling, plaits (as of cloth-चरत्वर s. m. A crimpler or plaiter of clothes.

चर्च s. m. In the upper part or region. चरचा adj. Hithermost, of this side. चरचे s.f. Grand.

सर्हत्व a.m. Reproach, reprof, complaint, स्रोत adj. Freed from a debt.

Tian s. f. Sita the wife of Ram.

चरित्रना s. m. Reproach, reproot.

adj. Large, great, ample.

चरेन s. f. Complication, deception.

डई है s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos डब है pilosus).

चदिष वनी & f. A female armed attendant in the haram.

SE s. m. An otter.

उदेग s. m. A disease occasioned by the mounting of wind upwards.

उदेशी s.f. The name of a courteman, or female dancer in the heaven of Indra; an ornament worn on the breast.

चरेरा s.f. Fertile soil, yielding every kind of crop; land in general, उद्यंत adi. Naked.

ज्ञांभना v. To transgress ; to leap over.

France v. a. To throw out the water from any thing, to drain.

ভলনৰ s.f. Involution, entanglement, complication.

e জন্মনা v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, to be involved (in difficulties). v. a. To quarrel, to debate.

चनभाषुनभागागा v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, &c.

ৰক্ষাণা v. a. To entangle, to ravel or entwist (as thread), to involve, busy or engage (in difficulties, business, fe.) to embroil.

उत्तमाद s. m. Entanglement, perplexity, intricacy, complication, involution.

ड व भेड़ा s. m. Entanglement. ड व टबॉवव s. m. Name of a flower.

चलहना च. o. To pervert, subvert, thwart, reverse, overturn, reply. v. n. To be reversed turned over or turned back,

to return. Sazyaz saj. Higgledy piggledy, topsy

turvy, s. f. Confusion, interchage.

enz; part. or adj. Roversed, turned back s. m. Reverse, opposite, contrary, reverted, turned back; pease pudding, a kind of pudding made of the meal of any pulse.

overset, upset, pervert, thwart, reverse, invert, return.

জলাো মুলাো v. a. To reverse, modify; to interchange. [piggledy. ভবা মুলা কঠা. Topsy turvy, higgledy জনাবা v. n. To undulate, to be sgitat-

ed (as the ocean by storms). जनार s. m. Translation (of a writing).

জন্মত n. To lie down, to rest. ভন্তবাত n. To be overset, to be laid on one side.

स्वक्षा s. m. A complaint, an accusation. v. n. To grow, to vegetate. Utahana dena, v. a. To reproach,

complain (to) accuse. ভল্যেৰা v. a. To cause to sleep.

ভবাৰনা v. n. To overset, to lay over

चलाइना s. m. Reproach, complaint.

उलीपना v. a. To throw up water, to bale.

चस् } s. f. A kind of grass (Succha-चस्या } rum cylindricum).

Ten s. m. An owl.

स्त्यल s. m. Bdellium, a gummy substance; a wooden mortar used for cleaning vice.

डलेखना v. a. To pour water.

Test s. f. A firebrand; fire falling from heaven, a meteor, &c.; flame; fire. Test a. m. A firebrand, wood burning or burnt to charcoal.

or custom; transgression.

ens. m. An owl; (met.) a stupid fellow, a blockhead, a fool. उद्भाष s. m. A simpleton, a fool. उद्भापन s. m. Stupidity, foolishness.

उद्योग s. m. Suppliery, foolishness. उद्योग s. f. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum).

चपना v. n. To boil.

ৰৰা ৈ s. m. Early morning, dawn, তথ্যকাল day-break. তত্ত m. A camel.

swadj. Hot, warm; pungent, acrid s. m. Heat, warmth.

उच्चा s. f. Heat, warmth.

उचीच s. m. A turban, a diadem.

डपता s. f. Heat, warmth. डपा s. f. Wrath : warmth.

उसता s. m. A barber.

. उपनज s. m. An animal born of heat;

उसकता v. To move.

उसकाना v. To light a fire.

च्छना part. Boiled. Usnána, v. a. To cause to boil.

उसना v. n. To boil. [recede. उसरना v. n. To retreat, shrink from,

उद्यक्तप्रकाशा v. n. To be agitated, to be tossed, to get into confusion.

उसाना v. c. To winnow.

जसाबा v. a. To boil. [place.

उद्यारमा ७. ८. To remove, to put out of उदारा ६. m. A porch, portico, peristyle, vestibule.

समास s. m. Breath, breathing, respira-च्यासना v. n. To breathe.

ভবিল্লা v. n. To boil.

चसीजना } υ. α. Το boil

चरीर s.f. A fragrant root of grass used in making tatties (Andropogon muricatum).

च सीसा s. w. A pillow, cushion, head of a bed or resting place.

डरेग्ना v. a. To throw out the water from boiled rice. उस्ताना v. a. To light a fire or candle ; to excite, to instigate.

estना v. a. To subside (a swelling or inundation).

चहार s. m. Cover, covering of a litter.

জ

The sixth vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of oo in fool.

জ: An interjection used to express sudden pain or distress, Uh!

ज घ s. f. Nodding, sleepiness.

कंघना v. n. To nod from sleepiness, to doze, to slumber, to droop.

জ বাহ' } s. f. Drowsiness, nodding, জ'বাম } doze, sleepiness, drooping. জ'ব adj. High, elevated.

জ বা adj. High, tall, above, steep, loud. Uncha bol bolna, To speak with pride. Uncha sunna, To hard of hearing. Unchkani, s. f. Deafuess. Unche bol ka munh nicha, The proud ones are degraded.

জ'বার । s. f. Height, elevation, steep-

55 z s. m. A camel.

জ বন্ধাৰ s. m. Name of a thistle of which camels are fond (Eschinops echinatus).

कट नौ s.f. A female camel.

জ'ৰা adv. Exactly in that manner, so. কাৰ্ interj. Oh!

जब s. f. Error, slip.

कदमा v. n. To vomit.

जबना v. n. To vomit. [cinarum]. जब s. f. A sugar-cane (Saccharum offi-जबाड़ी s. f. A sugar-cane field.

জন্ধ s. m. Barren land; a pot for husking rice.

जवार s. m. Sugar-cane.

সম্মল s. m. A pot for husking rice.

जवाडना v. To root up, to eradicate.

জ

ললভ (adj. Depopulated.

ক্রবেস s. m. Absurdity, nonsense what is without meaning or foundation. adj. Poor, helpless, destitute, in disorder.

जटपटकी adj. One who speaks inconsiderately or without preparation.

जब s. f. Wool.

जपी adj. Woollen.

जत s. m. One who dies without leaving issue, an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

कद कदिवलाव } s.m. An otter.

जदा adj. Of a brown colour.

जदार } s.f. Brownness.

जधन s.m. Noise, impudence, rebellion, disturbance. [rebellions. जधनी adj. Making noise, impudent,

ज्ञान adj. Making hoise, imputers, ज्ञान date, adv. There, thither, on that इस्त् side, on the other side.

जन s.f. Wool. adj. Less, defective,

जनी adi. Woollen.

जन्त adj. Said, described.

wards, over, outside, past. s. m. Top, outside exterior. Upsr se, Form above, over, as, Tufan upar se chals gys, The storm passed over.

जपरी adı. Foreign.

occasioned by heat.

জালাত n. To be agitated or oppressed with heat; to be angry or dissatisfied.

जनर adj. Impassable, steep; inac-

at adj. High, on high, above. Urddhbohu, adj. With arms aloft or raised up (s posture of Jogis) Urddhpundr, s. m. A peculiar line, delineated on the forelysad by the worshippers of Vishnu. Urddh-sáns, s. m. Deep inspiration, gasp.

P.P

कारीता s. m. An order of religious mendicants, the sunyasi the Rishi; one who live in perpetual chastity.

सर्वास s.m. Deep inspiration, gasp. स्या adj. Understood; requiring to be supplied.

ৰৰ } s. f. A kind of grass (Sac-

जब्ब s. m. Black pepper.

जगर adj. Barren (land), a spot with saline soil.

www. m. Reasoning.

Ø

श्च The seventh vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of ri in rich, and its symbolical character is, which is thus combined नृष.

s.f. Stanzas; one of 4 Veds.

The stanzas; one of 4 Veds.

Rig-ved; a magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the veds.

चारी s. m. A certain saint.

www s. m. A bear.

चानेद् s. m. The first of the four veds. चन्नु adj. Straight metaphorically, as in morals. (quantity, minus. चच s. m. Debt, (in Algebra) negative चचचा adj. Indebted, involved in debt. चचनार s. m. One who does not pay his debts.

स्यमार है adj. One who does not pay सम्मार है his debts.

चन्द्रिक s. f. Discharge of a debt. स्वनीय s. m. Paying a debt. क्यापीप s. m. Clearing of a debt.

ऋषशोधन s. m. Payment or discharge of a debt.

च्छिया s. m. f. A debtor.

स्पो adj. m. Indebted. s. m. A debtor. स्पु s. m. Season, weather: the Hindus divide the year into six seasons, each consisting of two months, viz. vasont, grishm, varsha, sarad, him, and skishir; the menstrual evacuation.

सतुप्राप्त वर्ष). Fruitful, fertile, &c., productive in due season. [ation.

चतुमती s. f. A woman during menstru-चतुमती s. m. Bathing after menstruation. [&c.

सह adj. Prosperous, thriving, rising, सहि s. f. A medicinal plant; wealth, possession, property; increase, prosperity; a name of goddess Parvati.

ऋन s. m. A debt.

चरनी s. m. A debtor.

with s. m. A vid, or sacred composition; a sanctified personage so called a sage or saint; there are several orders of these rishis, as the Maharshi Devarshi, Rajarshi, se. the uncompounded name is especially applied to seven ancient sages, beginning with vashishth, who hold in mythology an exalted and mysterious rank, and who form in astronomy the asterism of the Greater Bear; the Rishi of a mantrah or mystic prayer in the vets, is the sage by whom it is supposed to have been remembered or recited.

Rishi's; the study of Veds.

स्विराज } adj. Superior to all saints.

कविषयी s.f. The wife of a saint. कटि s.f. A spear, sword, स्वी s. f. The wife of a Rishi. स्वीम s m. Chief of the Rishis. चवीसा adj. Superior to all saints. स्वसुस s. m. A certain monntain. स्व ज m. A bear; a star, a constellation.

य क

42

The eighth vowel in the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of ree in reet, and when combined its symbol is thus placed beneath the letter w. w. s. f. The mother of the gods also of the demons; a name of Sio; an Asur or demon.

ल्

wor li, The ninth vowel of the Nágri alphabet, having the power of tri, but more usually considered to be expressed by li in lock.

ज्

or lee, The tenth vowel in the Nagri alphabet: it has the sound of Lee in leek.

Œ

- or ch, The eleventh vowel in the Nagri alphbet, corresponding very nearly to e in sequire, hempen: its symbol is placed above the letter it may de combined with, as.
- ve interj. O! a respectful particle of address. ♥
- un adj. One Eka-eki, All at once. Ekad, some some few. Ek-bárgi, All at once. Ek-dast All together, entire.

Ek san, adj. Alike, similar. Ek-se din nah rahne, Is used to denote a change of condition, smost commonly from good to ovil but sometimes the reverse. Ek ki das sunani To reply ten (words) for one: spoken of a person who replies will many words especially in giving abuse). Ek-takht. Altogother, entirely. Ek-nuh-ek, One or other.

' চৰ

एकक adj. Alone, solitary.

vaste s. m. One or the same time.

एककार्लीन adj. Coeval, belonging to the same period, simultaneous, contenuorary.

एकगुर s. m. A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor. [lage.

एकश्वामीन adj. Of the same town or vil-एक्षित adj. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in; of one mind agreeing, concurring.

एकण्डच } s.m. Supreme monarch.

एकटन s. m. A fixed look, stare.

Question and the state of th

एकतराज्य s.m. A tertian ague.

ए≆ता s. f. Unity, oneness; union; equality.

प्रतान adj. Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object. s. m. musical unison.

एकताल s. m. Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance and instrumental music.

रवतीर्षिन् s. m. A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects. एकत adv. In one place, collectedly,

together. [time.

the same joys and sorrows.

एक्टम् adj. One-eyed single-eyed. एक्पण adj. An associate, firm ally or partizan.

एकपनी s.f. A faithful wife, one devoted to her husband.

एकवार } Once; one time.

एकमञ्ज adj. Worshipping one Deity.

एकमञ्ज adj. Of one faith; believing in one Deity.

एक(।शिष s.f. A heap, a crowd. [bling. एकदप adj. Like, similar, same, resem-एकल adj. Alone, solitary.

पत्रशीता adj. ()nly-begotten (son).

एक्व्यें adj. Of one caste or tribe; of one colour. s. m. An unknown quantity (in alyebra).

unstall s. f. Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet.

বৰ্ষম্ব s. m. One only hope and refuge; especially applied to a Deity.

एकसरीर adj. Of one body or blood. दक्षर Alone.

एकसार } adj. Alike, similar, resemvarit? bling, of the same quality. एकाइ s. f. Unanimity.

एकाएको odv. All at once, suddenly.

एकान adj. Aside, apart, alone. एकानार adj. Alike, uniform, of the same from.

एकाकी adi, Solitary, alone.

unia adj. Intent, closely attentive, fixed on one object; undisturbed, unper plexed. [attention.

एकायता s. f. Close and undisturbed एकादमी s.f. The eleventh day of the lunar formight.

एकाचिपति s. m. A sovereign, a monarch. एकान्त adj. Aside, apart, alone ; solitary, uninhabited, lonely retired. ऐकाच s. m. A crow. adj. One-eyed.

एक्केक adj. Singly, one by one.

vy s. f. Striking with the heel, spurring. Er marns, To spur.

एक्नज s. m. A medicinal plant, use for the cure of ring-worm.

एडो s. f. The heel. Eri dekho, Look at your heel (look at home): a phrase used to obviate the effect of an veil

पतद्ये adv. Therefore, for this reason. पतना adj. m. As much as this, so much.

पत्रवार s. m. Sunday.

হবা adj. m. So much, thus much. হবাৰৰা adv. On this account, for this reason.

एसारकान adj. Thus much, only this.

Christi or Ricinus communis).

एरकिर s. m. Exchange, interchange; एराकिर s. m. barter; dancing attendance.

परावत s. . Elephant of Indra.

interj. O l a vocative particle for females.

एल्ची s.m. An ambassador, agent, envoy. एल्बी s.f. Substitute, place, also adj. Equivalent in compensation.

THAT s. m. Aloes (Aloe perfoliata).

val s. f. Small cardamums, the seed of the Electeria cardamomum, or Alpinia Cardamomum.

एव adv. As, like.

एवम adv. So, like, thus; and.

रवस्यु (The Sanskrit imperat of the verb to be) So let it be, amen. Put at the of invocation to the Deity.

Qui A dialectic form, this year.

Uf pr. This

The twelfth vowel of the Nagri alphabet: it has the sound of y in Jypur, and its symbol in combinations is thus placed over the letter.

s. m. Reserve, drawing.

v. a. To draw, attract, pull.

บิ่टเร. m. A snail.

ऐंड s. m. A coil, twist, convolution: twistening, tightening; strut.

ऐंडना v. a. To tighten. n. n. To writhe, cramp, twist; to strut, stalk, walk, affectedly.

ऐल्डना v. n. To strut, to stalk.

TES s. f. A coil, twist, convolution, lightening a street. [thing. णेखन s. m. A lightening, twisting, wri-रेण्डना v. To be pulled, be dragged,

ण्काधिपत्य s.m. Sole monarch.

Darfen adj. Quotidian.

पंका s. m. Uneness, unity, equality; an aggregate, a total.

रे नृत् s. m. Unskilfulness, stapidity.

भेनक s.f. Glasses used to assist the sight, spectacle.

ऐन्द्रजािक adj. Belonging to legerdemain, magical; deceptive, illusory. s. m. A juggler. I mountain. चेरावत Name of the elephant of Indra, (1948) s. f. The Ravi river in the Panjab. ऐश्रर्थ s. m. Grandeur, glory, pomp, wealth, greatness, majesty, state; superhuman power, the divine faculties of omnipresence, omnipotence, invisibility, &c.; supremacy, dominion, sway, power, might,

चेपीय s. f. A kind of reed Saccharum spontanium.

रेवन Thus, like this, after this manner.

चेंदा adj. Such, like this, so, resembling. like (particularly when joined to other words as, mard-aysa, Like a man). Aysa tysa, or wysa wysa, So so, indifferent, indifferently.

ऐसेई In this every manner,

adv. Thus,

ऐसे! adv. This year.

रेमेकी Thus.

पेइली किक Relating to this present world.

ऐडिक odj. Pertaining to the present state; worldly, local, of this world, of this place.

The thirteenth vowel in the Nagri alphabet, it has the sound of o in go, and its symbol when combined is made thus.

The vocative interjection O! an interjection of calling, ho, hola; of reminiscence, ho, ah; of compassion, ah, oh, cony. And.

क्या conj. The mystical monosyllable Om. केंद्र s. m. The lip,

ब्यांडा adj. Deep.

कें। घ s. m. The cord with which rafters of frames for thatching on are pulled into their places and fastened till the roof is finished.

क्यापना v: n. To lower (as the sky) To be upside down, inverted.

काथा adj. Upside down, overturned.

कोक s. m. A house, a dwelling; an asylum, a place of refuge ; sickness at the stomach, inclination to vomit; a draught of water from the hollow of the hand,

कीक ना n, n. To vomit.

भोयनी s.f. A wooden mertar.

चीचा } adv. Of little consequence,

श्रीबार s. m. The juice of the betel leaf chewed and spit out, [it.

ান্দাৰ্থ e. To clear out a well, to dredge নাম s. m. Multitude, aggregate (in general), a collection. [the Deity. থাজাৰ att. Light, of little consequence, absurd, triffing, fickle, fruitless, silly,

capricious. Ochha hona, To want,

মীন্ধ s. m. Eutrails, stomach, guts. মান্দ্ৰ s. f. A thrust, a push.

भीभाज } s.f. Privacy, retirement.

সান্দৰ adj. Private, hid. Ojhal karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ojhal hona, To be concealed &c.

ম্পান s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. শীদাহৰ A witch, sorceress.

· भोभापन s. m. Sorcery, witchcraft.

siz s.f. Protection, shade, shelter, sereen, covering, concealment, partition. Ot karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ot hona, To be concealed, &c.

to thrumb, separate the seed from cotton; to catch (a ball &c.).

भोटा s. m. A partition wall or screen. भोट s. m. The lip.

ৰাজ্য s. m. A shield, a target. বীজা s. m. A basket, a pannier.

A sheet, cloak, or mantle.

चोदनी s. m. A smaller sheet, a veil or woman's mantle.

षोख adj. Deep. [convolescence. ছীন s.f. Overplus, surplus; abatement, ছৌনা adj. So much, so many.

चीदन s.m. Boiled rice,

भोदनी s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia, &c.) भोदा adj. Wet, moist, damp.

भोधे adj. Possessing a right or title to. s. m. A proprietor, one invested with power and authority.

in s. f. Beauty, lustre, elegance, brilliancy, brilgtness, polish.

দ্বাৰণ s. m. A man armed with weapons or clothed in mail. Opchi khanah, s. m. A guard-house or post of armed men.

भाषनी An instrument for polishing.

গীস্ adv. The mystic name of the Deity prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Handus; a name of Vishnu. of Shiva, and of Brahms, therefore implies the Indian Triad, and expresses the Three in One.

wit s.f. Origin, boundary, limit; way side, (ward). Usor, That way, on that side, thitherward. Or nibahua, To be constant to, protect (for ever).

शोरमा s. m. A particular kind of sewing, stitching together two breadths. भोरी adj. Partial, sidesman, protector, patron. e.f. The caves of a house.

which is eaten (Arum companulatum); a hostage.

भीसनी s.f. The eaves of a roof.

নাৰ্কী s. m. Hail; a kind of sweet-meat.
Ols ho-jana, To become cold. Jon sir
mundays ton ole pare, I had no
sooner shaved my head than a shower of hail came on: (spoken of one
who has just engaged in an enterprize
which turns out unfortunate).

(77)

বাধ s.f. Dew. Os par-jani, 'To fall in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

ৰীষ্টি } s.f. An annual plant or deci-খীষ্টী | duous herb; one that dies after becoming ripe; an ingredient of a medicine.

ৰীয় s. m. The lip, especially the upper. জ্বায়ান s.,m. Any morbid affection of the lips.

দারী s.f. A creeper, bearing a red flower, to which the lip is commonly compared) Bryonis grandis or Momodics monodelpha, &c.).

भोस s. f. Dew, Os par-jani, to fall in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

भोसवर s. m. Name of a medicine.

भोसर s. f. A heifer.

भोसरा s. m. Turn, vicissitude. Osraosri, by turns, alternafely.

भोसार Width, girth, too wide.

षोशारा s. m. A porch, portico.

भोसा s. m. The head of a bed or resting-place; a pillow, a cushion.

षोड़ी interj. Heigh! ho!

भौ

The fourteenth vowel of the Nagri alphabet, having the sound of ou in our; its symbol is and it is combined thus an.

wit conj. And also.

स्रोगी s.f. Silence, dumbness.

ateradi. Deep.

स्त्रोधना v. n. To lower (as the sky).

Oundha bakht, s. m. Misfortune, ad-

verse, fortuner Oundhi peshani, adj. Short-sighted: unfortunate.

व्योधाना v. a. To turn upside down, to reverse, to overturn, to spill.

ৰীজা s. m. A fruit, a kind of Myrobalans (Phylanthus emblica).

कालासार s. m. A sort of brimstone. पोतात Times, seasons.

चीगाइ adj. Deep.

and s.f. A whip like a waggoner's about seven cubits long used in training horses; an ornamental edging of superior country shoes (peculiar to Delhi).

चीग्य s. m. Defect, blemish, vice.

भौगुणी adj. Without virtue or science, ignorant. [quented.

দীঘৰ adj. Inaccessible, steep; unfre-দীঘৰ | adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-দীঘৰ | expectedly.

দ্বীন্ধ s. m. A root from which an orange colour is extracted (Morinda citrifolio),

भौजार s. m. Arms, tools, apparatusplur of; sin, offence, but not used in Hindi in this sense.

भोभड s. f. A thrust, a push.

দীহন verbal noun. Boiling, evaporation by boiling. s. m. A knife used for cutting tobacco.

Plan v. a. To boil (as milk), to evaporate over a fire, v. n. To consume with rage or vexation.

चौताना v. n. To descend (as in incarnation of the Deity, &c.) on earth.

THATE A. M. Birth, descent, incarnation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishau in ten principal forms which are well known, wie. Matsya, a fish; Kachchhapa, a tortoise; Varuha, s boar; Nirisingha, a man-lion; Vamboar; Nirisingha, a man-lion; Vamno, a dwarf; Parussrama; Ram;
Krishn; Budho; and Kalki; a pious
or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also
called an Avator, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a firth or sacred
place; translation, translating; crossing. [gret.

भोत्र का s. m. Anxiety, perturbation, re-चौदात adj. White (the colour).

भौदान s. m. Gratis, what is given over and above or without purchase.

चौदार्थ s. m. Munificence, liberality.

चौदास s. m. Solitude, loneliness. चौत्रमुष्ठ To fall facewards, fall headlong. चौत्रपीने adv. More or less.

মীৰত } adj. Impassable, steep, inac-মীমত cessible, devious.

and conj. And, also, adj. More, other.

Ourek, Another, separate, distinct, elso. Our-nahin to, and if not then, and otherwise. Ourhi, Quite different, extraordinary.

wife of the same tribe.

चोरचोर Others, other besides, other kinds of.

भौरन Frequent in Braj as the inflective base of the oblique cases of the plural.

কাইংছিক adj, Obsequies of a deceased person; whatever is given or performed in remembrance of a wealthy person deceased.

चौर्वानस s. m. Submarine fire.

जीवज Medicine.

খাৰত ২. f. A medicament, a drug, any herb, mineral, &c. used in medicine.। খাঁথে s. m. A deciduous plant, an annual production, as grass, &c. খাঁথখাৰ adj. Medicinal. to putrify.

eleisure:

খীৱাৰ s. m. Sensation, sense; courage;
presence of mind. [less.
খীৱুৰ adj. Without consideration, heedখীই s. m. Anxieitude, solicitude.

本

The first consonant of the Nágrialphabet, and having the sound of K, as in Kirk. [wrist.

कंकन s. m. A bracelet ornament of the कंकर s. m. A nodule of limestone, limestone, stone, gravel.

कंकरा s. m. A stone hall with which boys play, a marble, pehble.

नंतरी s.f. A small round stone or pebble. [sorceress.

कंकालिन s.f. A kind of witch hag or कंतिला adj. Gravelly.

कंत्रील s. m. A kind of gourd (momordica mixto).

कं बजरा s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). कं बोर s. f. A side glance, a squint, a sly look. Kankhyia, s. f. A side glance, ogle. Kankhyia dekkna, To ogle, leer. कंतन s. m. An ornament worn on the

wrists by Hindu women, bracelet. काना s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist.

बंगनी s.f. A cornice; a small grain, millet (Panicum Italicum).

कंतरीड़ s. m. The ridge of the back, the spine; name of a bird (water-fowl).

कंबलना s.f. Penury, poverty.

संगास adj. Poor, friendless, miserly. Kangdi-banka, Poor and proud. Kangáltar, Vain-glorious. Kangolta, s. f. 'Penury, poverty.

इंचन s. m. Gold, a caste of people whose females are dancers; kanchan-ban, a.

real kanchan or one by birth. Kanchan or one by birth; kanchankhachit, adj. Inlaid with gold.

• कांचनी s. f. A female kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet, courtezan.

कंपू कंपूकी } s.f. A bodice or jacket.

wier s. m. A lotus.

कांतर s. m. A casts of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

कंत्रा adj. Blue-eyed.

कंतिया s. f. Λ small stythe or sty.

कंज् स s. m. A miser, a niggard. कंज्मी s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penu-

riousness, niggardliness.

कंटक s. m. A thorn; a bad man; a mean enemy.

कंटकारी s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solonum jacquini).

*Zt adj. Miserly. [keeping oil, sizer, s.f. A fishing-hook; a vessel for size. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the windpipe, throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; veice. adj. By-heart, committed to memory. Kantharundhan, Strangulation. Kanth phutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice of a boy, becomig haarse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mole, s. f. A kind of necklese of gold and

fula. Kanth-karna, To get by heart. संदेखा s. m. A necklace composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c. put on children to avert evil.

jewels; bronchocele or goitre; scro-

ets: m. A necklace or rosary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of karbala.

कदाव adj. By rote, by memory. [neck. कदावरण s. m. pl. The ornaments of the कदो s. f. A short necklace. बंडराना v. n. To bristle ; to dislike or abhor. [of mustard.

संदर्भ s.m. Name of a vegetable, a kind संदर्भ s.m. Dry cow-dung picked up in fields, &c. used for fuel; a reed; a

bush.

ৰ হ'বে s. m. A heimsman, g steetsman ম'ব্যাৰ s. m. A kind of hautboy.

क डी s. f. Scraps of dried cow-dung.

क देश s. m. A cleaner of cotton.

कंत्र s. m. A husband, a sweetheart, कंशा s. m. An apparatus.

ৰ হ s. m. A bulbous or tuberous root; one of an esculent sort (Arum compsnulatum); garlie; an affection of the feminine organ.

कंट्र s. m. f. } An artifical or natural कंट्रा s.f. } cavern, a chasm in a mountain.

कंदन s.m. A gun (Sagapenum). कंदना s.m. A precipice ; a cave ; a

kind of silver thread. ক'ব্যার s. m. A stag, buck, deer.

ling or lingum.

कदा है s. m. A squill (Erythronium

कंदा करना v. a. To engrave (se seals, ýc.). Kandakár, s. m. An engraver. कंदासा s. m. A priapus, obelisk, the

कंच } s. m. The shoulder. Kundah इन्द: } jhárna, To prepare to fly (a bird).

क दा s.m. The shoulder, Kandha dena, To carry a dead body.

क धियाना v. s. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder. {[saddle.

কাৰ a.f. A kind of pannel or pack-কাৰল s.m. The lotus (Nymphæs nelunbo). Kamwalbad, The jàundice, Kamwal nain, adj. Having eyes like the flower of the lotus. Kanwaldah, s.m. Very deep water abounding with lotuses. कंस s.m. A proper name; the uncle | कद s.m. Rawness; simplicity; hair. and enemy of Krishna, by whom he was slain; as othe fee of the deity, heas considered an Asur or demon.

' was s. f. A kind of encumber (cucumis utilissimus).

कदना s. m. (A ring worn on the काक नी s.f. S wrist, a bracelet.

क्षतिन्दा s. m. A. fruit (Celsia).

कतहरा s. m. The alphabet.

Tails, m. A paternal uncle.

ककीरना v. a. To scrape (the earth as farmpit. fowls do), to excavate. and s. f. The armpit; soreness of the

कारी s. f. A painful suppurating tumour in the armpit, [trave. mat s. m. Edge, corner, border ; archi-

कद्रण s. m. A bracelet or ornament of the wrist.

कडर s. m. A nodule of limestone.

कड़रा s. f. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble.

कड़ री s. f. A small round stone or pebble कङ्गन s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by Hindu wonien.

कड़ना s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist.

कारनी s. f. A cornice ; a small grain (Panicum Italicum).

■ The ridge of the back, the spine, name of a bird (water-fowl). कश्चता s.f. Penury, poverty.

THE adi. Poor, friendless, miserly. Kungál-banka, Poor and proud. Kungáltur, Vain-glorious.

कक्षावित् s.f. A kind of witch, hag or sorceress.

चक्को s. f. The lobe of the ear.

aris, n. \ A comb. Kanghi sanwill s. f. | warns, To adjust the hair which has been disordered in sleep. Kanghi kurna, To comb (the hair).

क्षत्रक s. f. Pain (of a wound), limp. Kachakna, v. n. To strain, sprain. twist ; to limp ; to pain.

क्षचक्र s. m. Debate, altercation. Kachkuchahat, s. f. The act of debating.

कवनवाना v. n. To swarm, to be very abundant, to be gritty.

कचकना To strain, sprain, twist; to pain. क्यकडा s. m. Tortoise-shell.

कानकाना v. a. To strain, *sprain, twist. काचकेला s. m. A kind of plantain which is caten boiled or cooked as a vegetable.

कवडां s. m. An unripe melon of a very diminutive kind.

कचनार s. f. A tree, the flowers of which are a delicate veretable (Baulinia variegats).

कचपच s. f. Crowd. adj. Close, thick, stuffed together.

कचपविया s. The Pleiades. क्षपन s. m. Rawness, simplicity.

क्षप s. m. pl. Infants, brats, children:

family. क्षम s. f. Unintelligible or incorrect

language, babble, nonsense. क्षपा s. m. The raw khurbuza or melon :

patensis). कपरी s. m. A fruit (Cucumis Madras-

क्षता s. m. Clay. क्ष्योग s. m. A kind of salt said to promote digestion.

क्रचीक्रिया af. Untempered steel.

क्रवाह s. m. Bloody ichor discharged with purulent matter.

aved s.f. A hall or court of justice. townhall, court, office. Surfeit. walk s. f. Rawness; indigestion?

क्रमाक्त Altercation, debate. क्षारना Washing clothes.

ৰবাৰু s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia.

有便

কবিষা s. m. A reaping hook or sickle. কবিষাৰা v. n. To be frightened, to draw back, to shrink.

कचियाहट s.f. Abhorrence.

षापुषार 8. m. Bauhini a variegata.

THE s. m. A kind of pickle Kachumar kar dala, To cut to piecos.

कच् s. m. A plant or drug (Circums rectinates or zerumbet).

कचेरा s. m. The name of a tribe.

सरोरी s.f. A kind of pastry made of wheaten flour and pulse.

कवा adj. Unripe, crude, immature; raw, built of unbasket earth; silly; inexperienced; false.

काइ s. m. A plant (Arum colocasia).

s. m. A horse (with a hollow back) from the province of Kachchh on the banks of the Sind.

ৰক্s. m. A tortoise, turtle; privities.
ক্ৰম s. m. A kind of breeches which
cover very little of the thigh. v. n.
To be washed.

নক্ষী s. f. A smaller kind of breeches. নক্ষাত adj. Incontinent, lewd, dissolute, libertine, lecher.

ৰছ্যায় s. m. A tribe of Rajpoots claiming descent from Koos, the son of Ram Chandar. The Rajas of Jynagar are of this family.

ৰহাড় } Moist and low land by a river, কহাড় } bank of a river.

बाह्यानी v. a. To wash, to rinse.

something, little, whatever.

TEM s. m. A tortoise, a turtle. Kuchhooa-debar. adj. Uneven-bottomed
(a river), deep and shallow alternately.

कक् ale. A very little.

कहोटी s.f. A cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities.

का Crooked, wry.

कत्रा s. m. Lamp-black, used for painting the eyes. [painting.

सत्रारा adj. Black (eyes) without सत्रजीटी s.f. A pot for keeping kajal; an iron instrument like snuffors, used to receivesmoke to prepare and keep lann-black.

कता f. Death, fate, destiny (Arabic).

कजाक .. m. Robber, high wayman.

कजाकी s.f. Highway robbery. भजाचित adv. Perhaps.

कतिया A declaration, a proposition, a determination.

कञ्च s. m. Lamp-black, soot, collyrium'

whose females are dancers. Kanchanban, A real Kanchan, or one by birth. Kanchan-khachit, adj. Inlaid with gold.

सम्भी s.f. A female Kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet.

क्ष s. f. A bodice or jacket.

employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

बचा adj. Blue-eyed.

कांचिया s. f. A small stythe or stye.

jusi, s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penuriousness.

सट e.m. Black colour to mark chintz with. s.f. The reins, the loins, the waist. Kotkehree, adj. Having a waist olegant as the lion's (epithet of q woman).

424 8. m. An army.

TEGG s. m. A picture or model (or | \$250 \$. m. A fruit or tree, the jack or wood) .: plan, scheme, sketch, regu ation, adj. Shrewd, cunning.

कटकटाना To gnash or grind the teeth.

बरकरंज र s. f. The febrifuge nut कटबाबेजी 🕻 (Gailandina Bondacella : or Cesalpinia bonducella).

बाटकोना A sub-base, under-form.

wzit s.f. A harvest, crop.

ष्टबना adj. Inclined to bite.

कटखाना v. a. To bite.

कटचरा s. m. A wooden cage ; a railing, a palisade.

कटना v. n. To be cut; to be clipped or cut off ; to be spent or passed (time, .. life, &c.); to be abashed to be interrupted of; to die wounds.

कटनास s. m. A bird (Coracias).

क्रटनी s. f. The season for cutting grain, harvest.

TENT s. m. A small tree found in the north-west of Hindustan, the bark and seeds, of which are used in medicine, and as aromatics: the fruit also is eaten : the common name is Kayaphala.

काटबंधन s. m. A clog or ring of wood with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

WZ₹ adj. Cruel, relentless, subs. Caitiff. कटरहना v. n. To be cut, to be cut off, intercepted, divided, separated, or sont up (as, a road by being infested with thieves, &c.).

metr s. m. A market, suburbs, the market town belonging to a fort.

चटनाना ». a. To cause to cut, to cause to be bitten.

कटइ€ s. m. A wooden cage in which wild beasts are kept.

MENT s. m. A wooden cage : a railing, lisade.

its fruit (Artocarous integrifolia).

AZET adj. Inclined to bite, snapping, snappish.

कटा s. f. Killing, slaughter. Katákarna. To slaughter, murder. कटाना v. a. To cause to cut or bite.

METE s. m. A dagger ; a polecat.

WZITI s. m. A medicinal plant (Globe thistle ; Echinops echinatus).

कटारिया s. m. A kind of silk cloth with

stripes in the form of daggers. कटारी s. f. A dagger. Γli.

कटाचं s. m. Flood, spring tide (Benga-कराव s. m. A kind of flowering on clothes. adj. Cutting.

कुटाया adj. Inclined to bite.

कटाइ s. m. A shallow boiler for oil or butter. &c. [look, ogling. कटाच s. m. A leer, a glance of side

काटि है s.f. The lip, the buttocks, the कटी reins, the loins, the waist. Katkehree adj. Having a waist clegant as the lion's (epithet of a woman). कदित s. m. Vent, sale.

करिया s. f. Fishing hook.

कांटमूच s. m. A waist band, girdle, zone. कटीबा adi. Thorny ; name of a plant ; active, brave (a soldier).

az s. m. Pungency, or a pungent taste; a flower (Michelia Champaca). adj. Pungent; fierce, impetuous, hot.

बटब adj. Bitter.

बहुता s. f. Pungency, sharpness; testiness, irritability.

बटसी s. f. Smut, obscenity. करेंब s. f. Bad habit.

कटीरा s. m. A brass bowl, a cup, goblet, &c. of metal, a shallow cup.

कटोरी s. f. A. small bowl or cup of

बटीच s.m. A men of an inferior and

degraded tribe, a chandal; a plant (perhaps Cowitch, Dolichos pruriens).

Tet adj. Inclined or addicted to bite (a horse).

atti adj. Robust; able-bodied, athletic, strong. s. m. A large louse.

कट्ना s.m. A land measure (the twentieth part of a bigha); a corn measure containing five seers.

কাৰ্ড s. m. The wind dropsy, tympany. কাত s. m. Contraction of Katha.

कटगुजान s. m. A kind of rose (Rosa chinensis). [a palisade.

कडप्रा s. m. A wooden cage; a railing,

कडपुनरा [s. f. A. wooden doll of कडपुनरा] image.

ক্ষতনীত্ব s. m. A wood-pecker (Picus). ক্ষতন্ত্ৰ s. m. A wooden ring with which the feet of elophants are fastened.

कडविदकी s.f. A toad.

क्रदेशा s. m. A flower (Jasminum multiflorum).

करमसा adj. Very stout and lusty.

कट€ adj. Hard.

बहरी s.f. A small tub, trough.

নতন্ত্ৰ s.m. A wooden ornament or charm hung on the neck of a child, নতানি s.f. Affected or forced smiles (with internal displeasure).

weiti s. m. A cauldron, boiler.

TITEL s. m. A plant worshipped by the *Hindus*, commonly called *Tulasi* (*Ocymum sonctum*, or socred basil).

सहित adj. Difficult, obscure; painful, troublesome, acute, hard, solid; unkind, severe.

कांडनता s. f. Firmness, hardness; severity; difficulty, obscurity. कठिनहर्य कठिनामः करण कठिनामः करण कठिनामे adj. Hardness, solidity.

कड्या } Bitter, acrid.

कड़ s. m. Bracclet.

ৰতীত s. m. A crore, ten millions, a. hundred laks.

कड़ोडपती The owner of a crore of rupees. कड़गई s.f. Bitterness.

ৰস্থাই s.f. Hardness, stiffiness, obduracy.
ৰস্থাৰ s. m. Crash, crack, caused by
arythy breaking.

कडिनी s. f. Chalk (for writing with).

कडिपा s. m. A trencher, a platter ; । snare, trap, trepan.

ৰ্ষতিয় s. m. (Monordics Charantis).

कडीर } adj. Hard, solid ; severe, relen-कडील } ties, cruel, callons.

कडीरता s. f. Hardness, firmness: relentlessness, cruelty, severity, rigor. कडीती s. m. A tub, plate, trencher, platter.

ৰত্ত s. m. The seed of safilower (Carithamus tinctorius). [agility.

कड़क s. m. A crash, a crack; thunder; कड़कड़ा adj. Hard, stiff, strong.

कड़कड़ाना v. n. To give such a sound as oil or butter when boiling.

कड़का v. n. To crack, crackle; to thunder.

बड़कां } s. m. Poan, song of triumph.

nwate. m. Commemoration, mention; encouraging soldiers in time of battle pointing out the good effects of steadiness and valour, extelling the actions of former heroes, &c.; warsoug to encourage combatants.

कड़बेत s. m. A kind of bard and officer in Indian armies whose business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called Karkha. west v. a. To perforate.

कड़ाबन s. m. Name of a plant.

agi agi. Bitter, aerid; strong, virulent; hard-hearted; brave. Karnos karns, To give or expend unwillingly. Karnos hons, To be enraged, Karnos kosele din, Hard and cruel times.

बाइशातिल s. m. Mustard oil, bitter-oil.

कड़गड़ट s. f. Bitterness.

कड़ों s.f. Stubble of a sort of grain.

meal or pulse (Chuna or Cicer arietinum) dressed with sour milk.

জন্ম adj. Hard, stiff; harsh, obdurate.
s. m. A ring worn on the wrists,
ankles, &o., a ringlet, bracelet; the
handle of a door, or any thing in
from of a ring. adj. Arch, sly, knowing, penotrating, sharp, harsh, cruel.
সভাসত s. m. Successive crashes,

कड़ाका s. m. The crash made by breaking may thing; a rigid fast (in which nothing of food or drink has entered the mouth).

कड़ाड़ा s. m. The perpendicular bank of a river, &c., side, brink, bank.

ক্রাছ s.m. A shallow iron boiler (in which sugar, ge., i.e. boiled). caldron. করাষ্ট s.f. A frying pan.

कड़ा s.f. A rafter, a beam ; a ring used to manacle or to fetter with.

ৰঙ্গীৰ } adj. Ten millions; kurorpati, ৰাজাৰ Possessor of a crore of rupees. Karor-khukh, s. m. A liar.

কটনা n. n. To be extracted, drawn, pulled out; to escape, rise, slip, issue, spring; to be delineated, drawn or painted (as a picture).

of pulse (Chuna or Cicer arictinum) dressed with sour milk,

बदुवा s. m. A loan, a debt ; a premium

on a loan; a deduction from the sumi lent.

au s.m. Grain, coin, a grain, a minute particle, an eye of corn, a spark or facet of any gem.

क्यिक s.f. Ground rice, or the scraps that fly off in pounding rice to separate it from the husk.

सपरम s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music &c.). Konrasiya, s. m. A lover of music, an amateur. सपरसिया s. m. A lover in music.

wat A kind of rice

কবিষা s. f. Fine sand (particularly grittiness or sand in bread), an atom; a small particle, a grain, a kind of rice.

क्षेत्र s. m. A tree (Cascaria ovata). कष्टक s. m. A thorn; a bad man; a

mean enemy. करहतारी s.f. A sort of prickly night-

shade (Solanum jaquini). कछकी adj. Thorny, prickly ; vexatious, annoying.

करहार adj. Prickly, thorny.

कारिया s.f. A fishing-hook; a vessel for keeping oil.

we s. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the windpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice, adj. by heart, committed to memory, kanth-arundhan, Strangulation. Kanthphutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice (of a boy, becoming haurse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mala, s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels; the bronchocela, or goitre; scrofuln, kanth karna, To get by heart.

कष्टम्बा s. f. A collar or short neck-lace. कष्टम्बि s. m. A jewel worn on the throat. ৰ ভালা s. m. A necklade composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c., put on children to avert evil.

कल्डस adj. By heart.

কভা s. m. A necklace or rosary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of karbala.

कछाप adj. By rote, by memory.

क्ष्याभरण s. m. pl. The ornaments of the neck.

कच्छी s. f. A short necklace. बत ind. Where? whither? why? how? बसनई s. f. Spinning.

कतना v. n. To be spun.

कतरन s. f. कतरा s. m. Parings, clippings.

कतरना v. c. To clip, to cut (as with scissors); to cut out, to parc.

कतरवेद्यात s. m. Cutting out; (met.) meditation, consultation, anxiety.

₩तरा s. m. Parings, clippings.

सतराई s.f. Price paid for cutting out (clothes, &c.). adj. Sideways.

untifit. a. To cause to clip, to ent out; to leave the nigh road, stealing away by by-paths, to go round about, to shrink to slink away (from), to edge or go sideways. Katrikar chalaa, to desert one's companion, to cut the society of any one.

कतवार s. m. Rubbish, dirt.

wait's. f. Spinning, the price paid for spinning. Katai karna, 'To spin.

कताना v. s. To get spun, to cause to spin. [a string rope. कतार s. f. A tying or binding together.

कतार s. n. A kind of sugar-cane.

कतीरा s. m. A gum resembling tragacanth obtained from the Sterculia urens. [earth.

बाताल s. f. A lump of stone, brick or

ৰূপাৰ s. f. A knife, a dagger. (Bengali). বিশ্বৰ s. m. A story-teller; a kind of singer.

ৰত s.m. The astringent vegetable extract which the natives eat with betel·leaf; it is the produce of a species of mimosa (Chadira) catechu, terra japonica.

क्यक s. m. A narrator, a relator, one who recites a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the *Purans*.

कथन e. m. Saying,, narrating, relating, aयना v. a. To tell, to say, to relate. कथा s. f. A story, tale, fable, relation, narrative.

कयाप्रसङ्घ s. m. Conversation.

कवादपी In the form of words, by means of speech.

कविक s. m. A story teller by profession, a narrator, or relator.

क्षित adj. Spoken, said, told, related. क्षेत्रीयकचन s. m. Conversation, free intercourse; a dialogue, a conference; narration.

बाद adv. When ?

कहन s. m. A killer, a destroyer; killing, destroying.

कदम } s. m. A tree (Nauclea orien-कदम्ब } talis).

करमपुषी s.f. A plant the flowers of which resemble those of the kadamba, commonly called Mundiri.

कदर s. m. A white sort of Mimosa. कदर्थ ad. Avaritious, miserly.

करन s. m. f. करनन s. m. नर्लो s. f. The plantain or banana tree (Musa sapientum).

बदा adv. When ? at what time, बदाबार adj. Ill-formed, ugly.

बदाबार adj. Wicked, profligate, abandoned, following syil practices.

कदापित ddv. Sometimes, at some time or other; perhaps, by chance. [(Cucurbita pepo). कदीमा s. m. An iron crow; a pumpkin

कहाना s. m. An iron crow; a pumpkir

कष्ठ । . m. Appreciating, valuing (a field);

a weevil; grain, corn; a grain, a minute particle. Kankarna, to value. Kankut, a. f. Appraisement of a crop on the field, valuation.

कनवानुती s. f. The little finger, बनक s. m. Gold; the plant Dhatura or thorn apple (Dhatura metel).

कनकटा adj. Ear-cropt, careless.

कनकटी s.f. A disorder in the ears. कनसन्दा s.m. A centipede (Scolopendra).

बनड़ों s. f. A musical mode or ragini. बनपटी s.f. The temple (the upper part

जनपटी s.f. The temple (the upper part of the side of the face).

चनपरा s. m. A jogi or Hindu mendicant with slit ears.

करस s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music &c.). [amateur.

कन्यतिया s.m. A lover in music, an कन्यार्थ s.f. Boring the ears.

unwait s.f. A kind of Scolopendra or Julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

क्षणहर् s. m. A rudder,

कनस्य s. m. Attention, listening.

बनइरीला s. m. A steersman.

कारा s. m. An officer employed by government to value the crops on the field.

क्रमकार s.f. Valuation of crops grain.
n, prop. m. The name of Kristina.
स्वत्रकार s. m. A listening, attention.
सनावार s. m. The name of a vegetable,
a species of Arum.

WAINH s. f. A shraddha or religious occemony performed daily by Hindus, during the dark half of the month Asin, in honor of deceased ancestors, or where hence that fortnight is called Kan-a.

wifaw s. m. Wheaten flour.

कानिका s.f. An atorn, drop, grain.

कानिया s.f. The lap, the hip.

कानियाना v. a. To go to one side, to avoid one, to dodge, to shun.

কলিবাছত্ত. f. Shyness. কৰিত adj. Small, little. s. m. A. younger brother.

क निष्ठा s. f. The little finger.

किन्दा adj. Revengeful.

कनीय s.m. A caste of people, generally arrow-makers.

कने prep. Near, to, with, &c.

सनेर } s. f. A flower (Nerium odorum, कनेज } single).

क्रमेश s. m. The ceremony of boring the ears.

बनीजिया adj. Inhabitant of Kanouj. बनीडा s. m. Any situation in an appart

ment close to an angle of the wall.

सर्ने। इत adj. Diffident, bashful, favoured; standing in awe of, afraid to meet another.

ৰাণীয়। adj. Standing in awe of another. Kanaura karna, To gain ascendency over another, or make him stand in awe.

बनीड़ी s. f. Awe of another, under his influence.

कन s. m. A husband, sweetheart.

the neck of a jogi to carry things on.

The s. m. A bulbous or tuberous root;

one of an esculent port (Arim com-

panulatum) ; garlic ; an affection of | जवटबेगी adj. Disguised, in masquerade. the feminine organ.

बाहरा s. f. Cool in a mountain.

बदन s. m, A gum (Sagapenum).

कप

कल्ला s. . A precipico : a cave : a kind of silver thread.

करवार s. m. A stag, buck, deer.

करा) s. m. A squill (Eruthronium Indicum.

) s. m. The shoulder. Kanda jharna, To prepare, to fly (a **ল**ধা ∫ bird).

कियाना v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder. saddle.

अनेजीक s. f A kind of pannel or pack-चना s. m. The notches on the two sides of the upper leather of a shoe; the part of a paper kite to which the string is tied.

कवादार s. m. A kind of shoe or slipper. बड़ी s. m. A spark of a diamond or other gem ; bran. Kanni kaina, To undermine a person, or effect his ruin by clandestine means.

कवका s. f. A girl, a maiden ; the Socotrine aloe (Aloe perfoliata).

कथा s. f. A little girl, a girl nine years old; a virgin; the sign Virgo. Konya-dana, Dowry virgin-giving, giving a girl in marriage.

क इरीचा s. m. A steersman.

क हाई s. f. Valuation of crops of grain. कादेश a. prop. A name of Krishna.

अपन्या s.f. Shivering, trembling, quaking, perturbation.

TTZ s. m. Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvent on, trick, spite, rancour, adulteration, subterfuge. adj. Designing, insincere.

जपटना s. f. Deceitfulness. अपटलेखा s. m. A forged document. अपटवेश s. m. Disguise.

s. m. A hypocrite.

बदरी adj. Insincere, fraudulent, dishonest, a rogue, a cheat, false, deceitful, hypocritical : adulterated.

कपड़ s. m. Cloth, Kaparchhán karns, To strain. Kaparchhan, adj. Impalpable (powder) : deep (consultation) : thoroughly sifted (intelligence, &c.).

क्पडकीठा s. m. A tent.

Walls. m. Cloth; clothes, dress, habit, Kapra pahanna, To put on clothes. Kapron se hona, To have the menses,

कपड़े s. m. pl. Dress, apparel. Kapre rangna, To become a mendicant. Kapre kojhol dena, To give an alarm, Kapre-wapre, Clothes.

कपना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, quiver. adj. Trembling.

सपरकृट adj. Pounded up with rags (clay for making crucibles, &c.).

wutter s. m. A kind of gauze.

क्षपाट s. m. A door, a shutter, the leaf or pannel of a door.

कपार s. m. The skull, the cranium; fate, destiny.

wall adi. Shrewd, sly. s. m. A caste in Bengal that sells greens &c.; a title of Siva. who carries a skull in his hand and a chain of skulls round his neck's a cavesson. Ardh-kapari, Pain of half the head, hemicrania; an areca nut having two kernels, or rather one of those kernels which are convex on one side and flat on the other, where it was in contact with its fellow (These nuts, from the doctrine of signatures, are said to be a remedy for the Hemicrania).

sque s. m. The head, forehead; the skull, the cranium; fate, destiny. Kapal puina, To be unfortunate.

Kapal khuina, To have a favourable turn of fortune.

aging s.m. A titler of Shies. Kapdliasan, An attitude of mendicants in worship, standing on their heads. Kapdli-kriyd. A ceremony among Hindus; when a dead body is burning and nearly reduced to ashes, the nearest relation breaks the skull with the stroke of a bamboo and pours melted gives into the cavity; hence, Kapdl kriya karna, To think intensely, to beat or cudgel ones brains.

cotton plant (Gossypium herbaceum). चवाचो इ. f. Paleness, from fear or illness.

कपि s. m. An ape or monkey.

कपित s. m. The elephant or wood apple (Feronia Elephantium, or Cratæva Valanga).

कपिला s. f. Brown-coloured cow.

कपूत } s. m. A bad or degenerate

बपूती s.f. Degeneracy.

कपूर s. m. Camphor; also, name of a flower.

अपूरकपरी s. f. A sort of medicine.

बपूरी s. f. A kind of betel-leaf.

बदोत् s. m. A pigeon or dove, especially the spotted-necked pigeon.

कपोस s. m. The cheek. Kapolgendus, A small pillow of a circular shape to rest the cheek upon.

www s. m. Phlegm, one of the three humors of the body; watery froth or foam in general.

क्यामन adj. Antiphlegmatic.

चनी adj. Phlegmatic.

when. Kubkub, adv. When? Kubka, or Kabke, or Kabki, Since when? Of what time? Kablo, Till when? How long.

करवड़ी s.f. A game among boys, who divide themselves into two parties; one of which takes its station on one side of a line or ridge, called pala, made on the ground, and the other on the other. One boy, shouting k:bbaddi kabaddee, passes this line and endeavours to touch one of those on the opposite side, if he is able to do this, and to return to his own party, the boy that was so touched is supposed to be slain, that is, retires from the game; but if the boy who made the assault be seized and unable to return, he dies, or retires in the same manner. The assault is thus made from the two sides alternately, and that party is victorious of which some remain after all their opponents are slain. [Prison bars ?] काम s. m. A headless trank, especially retaining the powers of action.

कदरा adj. Grey, dirty white, variegated. कवाड़ s. m. A door.

कवि sm. A poet,

कदित s. m. A sort of verse used by the Hindus, poetry.

कविता s. f. Poetry, a poem.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ s. m. An eminent poet, a prince of poets.

ৰণী adv. Ever, some time or other. ৰণ্ Kabhi Kabhi, Sometimes, now and then, at times. Kabhi, ke, of sometimes, sometime ago, Kabhi nah kabhi, Sometime or other.

जनड 8. m. A tortoise, turtle.

क्षमडा s. m. A bow (made of bamboo).

क्षमडा s. m. A gourd (Cucursita pepo).

कन्यन इ. m. An earthen or wooden water-pot used by the ascetic and religious student. 'भाग adj. Libidinous, desirous ; beautiful, desirable. [loss.

कसणा s. f. Deficiency, back, abatement, कसनीय adj. Pleasing, beautiful desirable.

कमनत s. m. An archer, bowman. कमनेती s.f. Archery.

कमन्दा s.f. The loins; a girdle, belt.

THE S. m. A fruit (Averrhos carim-

कसरपटा A kind of ring or zone encircling the waists of women.

कमरवंद s.m. Girdle, zone.

समरवंदी s. f. Preparation for action.

भागा s.m } A chamber, room.

कानरी s. f. } A chamber, room

জনত s. m. The lotus (Nclumbium speciosum or Nymphæa nelubo).

कमलचरन s. m. An epithet of the feet of any deity.

कमलन्य adj. Having eyes like the lotus flower, [lily.

कमलनाज s. m. The stalk of the water-कमलनेज s. m. The stalk of the waterlily.

कमखपच s. m. The lotus leaf.

कामजारून adj. Lotus-faced.

कत्तवाष s. m. A disorder, the jaundice. कमलवाषु s. m. Jaundice.

www.s.m. The caterpillar or larva of a brown moth, covered with fine bristles, which, on handing it, adhere to the skin and excite itching: it is destructive to trees; the palmer worm.s.f. A name of the goddess Lukshwi; an excellent woman.

कमलाच s. f. An epithet of a person with beautiful eyes.

इसल्यांत The Lord of Lakshmi Vishnu. इसलायन e.m. An epithet of Brahma. सनविभी s.f. A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them.

भननी s.f. A small blanket.

कमनाना v. s. To cause to work, to earn, to use (as rezors &c.).

\$T

west s.f. Earning gain; Work, performance. [(a livelihood)

जनाज adj. Laborious, one who carns जनाज s. f. A bow, a spring.

कमानगर One who makes holes.

arrier v. a. To carn; to work, to perform; to perpetrate, to commit (crime); to do (good); to cleam (leather or a privy); to lessen, to abate. [workman, oarners.]

कमासुत s. m. A journeyman, servant, कमीला s. f. A plant or drug.

कमेरा s. m. A. workman, journeyman,

क्रमेड s. m. A workman, assistant.

कस्ट s. m. A dyening drug, being the dust from the ontside of the capsules of Rottlera tinctoriu; said to be, also, a purgative medicine and aphrodisiac.

स्मीदिनी e.f. A sort of water-lily desoribed as expanding its petals during night, and closing them in the day time (Menyanthes Indica, of Cristata).

क्रमोरी s. f. A small earthen vessel.

कम s. m. Shivering, tremour, trembling, quaking, perturbation, shaking.

क्यन s. m. Trembling, quivering.

सम्बद्धान adj. Trembling.

shake, to agitate.

क्याहा } adj. Tremulons, fearful, किंग्ल } shaking, trembling.

कल्प है s. m. A blanket.

क्यों s. m. A country in the north of India, Camooj or Cambay.

duty, custom, fee, tax, toll, impost, royal revenue.

at s. m. A granary, storehouse.

was s. m. The drinking pot of a stu-· dent or of an ascetic.

करकच s. m. A kind of salt, sea salt made by evaporation.

करकट s. m. A erab, the sign Cancer. करकनाय s.f. A species of fowl whose

bones even are black. dian crane). करकरा s. m. Bad coin ; a bird (Numi-ATAINE s. f. Cracking, crackling noise, करकव odj. Piercing, harsh ; obdurate,

violent, sharp, contumelious.

करकरा s. f. A termagant, scold. करकाना v. a. To strain, sprain, break,

करवन Austere, rigid, insentible. & m. A war song to encour-

कडबा (age combatants. करवेत । s. m. A kind of bard whose

business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called waist. Karkha.

बारगहा s.m. A string worn round the करमञ्च s. m. Protection.

बरही र s.f. A spoon, a skein, a ringato & s. m. Name of a tree. Kale-

करंजा (dupa indica.

करज 8. m. A finger nail.

करजदारी s.f. The being in debt.

करजीर ! s. f. Having the hands plac-बरजीड़ | ed flat together.

ৰাস্থ s. m. A plant (Galedupa arborea). wen s. m. Cause, instrument; making, acting, doing ; to make, to do ; the car, the helm of a hoat.

₩ (♥ s. m. An astrological division of time, of which there are eleven, 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and 2 are equal to a lunar day.

बरकी s. f. Action, business ; a trowel ; (in arithmetic), a surd or irrational quantity. Iskill, art.

करना s. m. Action, business, deed :

will s. m. An auther, creator.

कारतारी The beating time with the hands.

चारतज s. m. The palm of the hand.

Weater 8. m. ? A musical instrument, करताली s. f. skind of mall cymbal : the word may also imply beating time with the hands.

with s.f. The skin of a calf stuffed and placed near the mother to make her give milk.

करवति s. f. Action, business. करत्त & f. Action, business.

करहा s. m. Exchange, balance made to make up a deficiency in coin, or the difference between the price of new things and old given in exchange.

बारियलागा v. a. To realize. करभगरी s. f. A girdle, zone, cordon.

करन s. m. Lace cut into small pieces and put on a cap.

करनफुल s. m. A kind of ear-ring. करनहार s. m. Doer, maker.

करना v. a. To do, make, form, perform, execute, effect, act, administer, avail, set, thrust, use, core, s. m. A kind of citron (Citrus medicus); making, doing, &c.

METIZE The Carnatic country.

करनी s.f. An action, deed.

करनेवाला s. m. Maker, doer.

ata s. f. The stalk of joar or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

जरम ? s. m. Business, act, action; for-कर्भ f tune, fate, destiny, office ; accus, case : hindu worship, devotion; name of a bird, Karambhog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

बार्नवारी 's. m. An inferior officer to collect the revenue from a certain devision of a village, the village accountकरमनीव s. m. The fulfilling of destiny. करमेवा s. m. A kind of vegetable.

कारलगुषा adj. Uxorious.

करसाना v. a. To effect, to settle. v. n. To shriek.

STAZ s.f. Sideways, sleeping on the side, turning from side to side. Kusrwut lena, To turn (in bed). Karwat karna, To turn over.

करवाना v. s. To cause to make or do. करवान } s. m. A rudder, a paddle.

करनारा है . m. A fragrant plant or flower

(Oleander or Nerium odorum).

অংশীয় s. m. Ædematous swelling of the
hands. [for fuel.

बरहो s.f. Small lumps of cowdung dried

क (त 8. m. A saw.

witit s. m. A. sawyer.

mar. adj. Adulterated, false or bad (as coin). [curlew.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰত s. m. A bird, a kind of heron or ৰ্যান্ত s. s. To cause to be done or mad; to actuate, to effect.

करायल s. m. Rosin.

attiti adj. Hard, stiff.

Rosin, pitch. adj. Great, large; high, lofty; formidable, terrible.

कराइना v.n. To sigh and utter sh ! from pain, to groun, to mean.

ward s.f. A flat vessel of iron, brass, or earth, in which food is boiled or fried. 'Karahi châtna, To lick the pots (from indigence or extreme avarice); hence, applied as a repressab to a bridegroem if it rain on his wedding procession. Karahi lena, A apecies of ordeal, in which off is made boiling hot in the vessel above described, a wmell piece of gold, as a ring, is put.

in it, and the suspected person is to take it out. If he do this without injury to his hand, he is pronounced innocent.

कव :

aft An elephant.

बारको A female elephant.

करित s. m. A sprout, a shoot.

करिष्ठीव s.f. The loins, waist.

त्ररोर s. m. The shoot of a bamboo; s thorny plant growing in deserts and fod upon by camels (Capporis aphylla).

ৰংগৈত s. m. A plant (Capparis spinosa). কৰমা s. f. Tenderness, pity, compassion, mercy. Karuna-nidhana, Abode of tenderness and mercy (an epithet of

the Deity).
জব্যায়জ adj. Compassionate, tender.
জব্যায়েজ adj. An epithet of God.
জব্যায়য় adj. Gentle, compassionate.

with a sport. Karua-chouth, A Hindu holy-day celebrated in the montla Kurtik.

करेकर adj. A breast.

att adj. Hard, stiff, vehement.

सरेखा s. m. A vegetable of a bitter taste

(Momerdica charantia). [kind). सरेस s. m. A snake (of a very venomous सरोइ } adj. Ten millions. Karorapati, सरोइ } Possessor of a crore of ropess. Karorakhukh, s. m. A liar. सरोइ s. m. A tax-gather, an inspector,

an overseer.

स्तेनी s.f. Milk that sticks to the bottom of the pot after boiling.

(Carissa carandas).

an a. m. A crab ; the sign Cancer.

Concer; a kind of bird, the Numidian crane. क्षा adj. Violent ; hard ; intangible ; cruel ; unfeeling, unmerciful ; harsh, unkind; miserly.

क्षम शा s. f. Termaghat, scold,

करों है s. m. Pean, song of triumph. कके तर s. m. A kind of gem or precious

TT s. m. A plant (Curcuma resli-क र र ब 8. m. Zodoary (Curcuma zerumhet).

कहनी s. f. An iron skimmer.

mef s. m. A large spoon, a ladle. बरोज s. f. A bound, spring, jump.

कर्ची s.f. A spoon ; a skein (a ringlet). बार्क ज s. f. An iron spoon; a sword

made of soft iron. कड़ी adi. Stiff, hard ; harsh, obdurate.

www s. m. The ear : the helm of a boat. &c. Karna-phúl, s. m. A kind of earring,

कर्योही ह .f. An insect or worm भाषेत्रहुवा With many feet, and of a reddish colour (Julus cornifex): a small centipede.

क्ष्याय s. m. The wax of the ear.

कर्परपंप s. m. An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear.

THE S. m. A. supercargo, pilot or helmsman. Fear.

will s. m. Inflammation of the outer क्षप्राची s. f. An ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendent from it.

क्षेत्र s. m. The capital of Roja Karna, the ancient name of Bhagalpore.

manfant s. m. A. disease of the ear, suppression of the excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and to pass by the nose and mouth. क्रबाह्य s. m. A sort of fish (Ophiocepha-

lus kurrawey)

क्षेप्च s. m. A kind of ear-ring.

कर्षमद्भ र s. m. A sort of sheat-fish (Silurus unitus).

कर्णमञ e.m. The excretion or wax of क्पेंसकट s. m. An ornament of the ear ;

an ear-ring. Tthe car. क्णबन s. m. A parotis, or swelling near

क्षाचिता s. f. The lobe of the ear.

कर्णवेधन s. m. Perforating the cars.

कार्यवेधनी s. f. An instrument for perforating the ear.

क्षण्य s. m. Ear-ache.

क्ष्याव s. m. Discharge of ichorous matter from the ear.

wife s. m. A country, the modern Carnatic; the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Musore.

कपांदी s. f. One of the raginis, or female personifications of the musical modes. Iment of the car.

wwinger s. m. An ear-ring, or orna-कियानी s. f. A disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus uteri.

नदी s.f. Action, business; a trowel.

भूषी s. m. The name of a mountain, one of seven principal ranges of the mountains dividing the universe.

वर्ग री s. f. A pair of scissors, or shears. बार्च adj. Proper to be done, what ought to be done, necessary, incumbent, practicable, proper, fit.

करांक्ता s. f. Practicability, propriety, fitness, necessity, obligation,

कर्ती s. m. Maker, Creator (the Divine Being), author, doer, agent ; nominative (in gram.); a proprietor, master : a husband.

wait s. m. The creator, maker; an author, doer.

adj. 'An agent, a doer, a maker.

TE S. m. Agency, management, rule, government.

s. m. Mud. mire, clay.

कर्दन s. m. Grumbling of the bowels, borboryami. fcordon.

कर्षनी s. f. A waist-band, girdle, zone. कपांच s. m. Cotton.

कर्णभी s. f. The cotton tree.

चप्र s. m. Camphor.

s. m. Zedoary (Curcuma कद र क zerunibet).

कपूरतेल s. m. Camphor liniment.

कप्रमणि s. m. A white mineral used medicinally. Ceria. कव दार s. m. Mountain ebony ; blue bar

कार प s.f. Trumpet flower (Bignonia. suaveolens); a sort of Basil (Ocymum gratissimum).

कवं रे s. m. Action, act, office, for-करन र tune, fate, destiny; accusative case ; Hindu worship devotion ; name of a bird. Karm-blog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

कर्मकास s. m. The body of religious ceremonies, commanded in the hindu laws, or established by custom.

बर्चकार sdj. A worker. s. m. A blackfaccusative case. क्षेत्रारक s. m. One who does any work; नकं चन adj. Dismissed from office.

कर्षहर adj. Immoral, disputable.

कर्षभीग s. m. Fulfilling of destiny ; the suffering of the consequences of actions, whether good or bad.

क्रमंद्रम s. m. The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age.

कर्याविषास s. m. The consequences of actions.

क्षेत्रीक adj. Assiduous, laborious : one who persevenes in his duties without looking forward to their reward,

क्षेत्रह s. m. Approved occupation. कर्षण्र adj. Assidnous, laborious.

बर्चाहिति s. f. Success, accomplishment. त्रवांधभी adj. Devout virtuous ; fortunate, accidental.

किंद्र adj. Active, assiduous, diligent wal adj. Relating to any work, doing work, fortunate.

कर्ष न्त्रिय . m. An organ of action : five are reckoned, the hand, the foot, the larnyx, or organ of the voice, the organ of generation and that of feenlent exerction.

कर्र sdj. Hard, adulterated, false or bad (as coin).

करीना v. n. To be hard or stiff.

कार्य adi. A cultivator, of the spil, one who lives by tilt ..

ANG s. m. Ploughing, cultivating the ground; drawing or attracting.

क्षपत्र s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

क्षियी s.f. A medicinal sort of moon plant ; the bit of a bridle.

₹ s. m. To-morrow, yesterday; the fourth period of the Hindus. s.f. Ease, tranquillity, peace, relief, quiet, rest; a trap, a machine, a lock. Kal ki bát, News of yesterday, something that happened very lately. Kal-makal, s. f. Uneasiness, disquiet, trouble. Kal ka admi, An automaton, a puppet ; ('met.) a very weak person. Kal ka ghora, A very well trained and obedient horse.

work s. f. Tin, lacker, gilt.

Town s. m. Wrangling; a confused noise, the murmuring or buz of a erowd.

बनको s. m. The tenth Hindu incarnation, yet to happen. The deity is expected to assume the appearance

of a brahman, who is to be born in the town of Sambhal, and in the family of Vishnu Sarma ; he will ride on horseback and put to death all the wicked.

क अमा s. m. A flower, the cockscomb (Amaranthus), prince's feather.

क्या An ornament on the turban.

ares s. m. A. spot or mark, abuse, calumny, accusation, reflection, aspersion, suspicion, scandal, obloguy, defamation, blemish, brand, stigma, चलक्ति adj. Calumniated, defamed.

क्विती f. adj. Stained, blemished. charged with any thing disgraceful; liable to reproach; disgraced, reviled. low.

कलजदर्ग adj. Dark-complexioned, salaufem edj. Malignant, ill-omened, whose curses prevail.

and adi. An animal struck with a poisoned weapon.

कारत s. f. A wife.

way s. m. Dye for the hair; starch.

argum v. c. To be grieved, to grieve. WHYITI v. a. To grieve, to distress.

कलम s. m. A pen, a reed for writing with.

चलमञ्ज s. f. Distraction, trouble. कलमलाना v. n. To fidget, to writhe, to flutter.

बाजमी s. f. Convolvulus repens, used as an esculent vegetable.

wave s. f. Misfortune, calamity.

water s. m. A distiller, a vender of spirituous liquors.

was s, m. A dome, capola, spire, or the ornament on the top of a dome, a pinnacle; a water-pot. Katassthapan karna, e. s. To make an offering of a jar of water to any deity; five

sacred being previously placed in it, viz. Aswattha (Ficus Religiosa) Vata (Ficus Indica), Uddumbara (Ficus Glomerata), Shami (Mimosa Albida), and Amra (Hog plum) or mango.

कलम } For words beginning thus.

कल्या s. m. A pinnacle.

कर्जाकरा adi, Black-headed, s. m. Man. कल्डी s. f. A water-pot, a little spire on the top of a dome or pinnacle.

THE s. m. Quarrel, strife, contention. क्षाइ s. m. Quarrelsome, turbulent. क्षत्रकार्शि s. m. A quarrelsome woman. कुलकारी adj. Quarrelsome, factious, turbulent.

THEIR adt. Quarrelsome, contentious, will s. f. A scold, a termagant, vixen, The sixteenth part of the moon's diameter, a digit of the moon; a division of time, about eight seconds, the sixtieth part of a degree ; part, portión ; art, trick. Kala-bazi, s. f. Turning over head and heels, tumbling, juggling. Kale ne badne, To disobey, decline, not to succeed. Kala na lugna, Not to have an advantage, not to avail.

went s. f. Wrist; a kind of pulse leguminous seeds in general.

कताना v. a. To parch grain.

कदाप 's. m. Assemblage, multitude ; & grammar of the Sonskrit language. क्लाक्यन s. m. Gold thread, a silver thread.

THE s. m. A distiller, a seller of spirituous liquors, a tavern-keeper, innkeeper.

बनारिन s.f. Female of Kalar.

क्षावन s. m. A kind of singer or musician.

twigs of the following trees desired | WATEN s. m. A munical instrument,

The fourth age of the world, according to the Hindus, the iron age or that of vice : the commencement of the Kali-yug or age is placed about 3101 years anterior to the Christian era, the number of its years are 432,000, at the expiration of which the world is to be destroyed.

कि । s. f. A bud, an unblown flower बाली (blossom ; quicklime ; fourth age of the world.

wies s. m. A curlew.

कलिका s.f. The sixteenth part of the [Mythology. moon's disc.

करिकाल.The fourth age in the Hindu चालिइ s. m. The febrifuge nut plant (Casalpinia or Guilandina Bonducells); the name of a country: the name Kaling is applied in the Purans to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below Cuttack to the vicinity of Madras.

দ্বাৰা s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori, the bark of which is used as Tbud. a purgative,

क नवाना v. s. To blossom, to bloom to Tingu s. m. The fourth or present age of the world, which Mr. Bently supposes to have commenced 3102 years before the Christian era.

will s. m. A christian church, a congregation of believers.

waits. f. A bud, an unblown flower blossom; quicklime; the Kali-yug or 4th age of the Hindus.

wat adj. Black (complexioned). MAN s. Dirt, impurity.

and s. m. Any thing tanvay or black complexioned.

क्रिज s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a lancheon, a breakfast.

कदेशा s. m. The liver ; (met.) courage, spirit, magnanimity, heart, Kaleja ulatna, To be fatigued with excessive vomiting. Keleje phatna, To be disturbed with grief or jealouy. Kaleja thanda karna, To obtain one's wish. to get ease. Kaleja jalno kisi ka. To suffer sorrow, to mourn, Kalera kampna, To be afraid, to suffer cold. Kaleja par sámp phirna, To suffer jealousy or envy. Kaleja se laga rakhna, To caress, embrace, love exceedingly. Kaleje men dát rakhna, To love or esteem exceedingly.

क लेकर s. m. The body.

करीया s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals. a luncheon, a breakfast,

s. m. The liver courage.

कतप्र s. m. Sickness, pain, trouble, distress, vexation, affliction, tormen, quarrel, contention.

क्रवीर s. m. A heifer.

कदील s. m. Wantonness, friskiness, play, sport, frolic, gambol.

करों जी s. f. A small, blackish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell used medicinally (Nigella Indica).

sem s. m. Sediment, the deposit of oil, ghee, &c., dirt, filth ; ordure, feeces; ein, fraud ; the Beleric myrobalan ; the wax of the ear. adj. Sinful, wicked.

wey s. m. A shastr or sacred work. one the six Vedangs, comprehending the description of religious rites; a day and night of Brama, a period of 4,320,000,000 of solar sidereal years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of & Panihilation; a

destruction of the world : a sacred precept, practice described by the Veds for effecting certain consequences; optionality, alternative. doubt; resolve, purpose, any act of determination; prodriety, fitness.

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क स्पत्र रे s. m. One of the fabulous trees of Indra's heaven; a tree which yields whatever may be desired.

कर्मका s. m. The destruction of all things, the end of the world.

कलना s. m. A scheme, a contrivance, a plan, a forgery, an imitation.

ways s. m. The destruction of the world, the end of the Kalp, the four ages of its existence.

wfwa adi. Made, arranged, artificially produced or constructed.

बलवा s. m. The Final destruction. कदाव s. m. Dirt, sediment.

ज्ञ s. m. The dawn or break of day. ødv. Yesterday. to-morrow. adi. Healthy, recovered from sickness; deaf and dumb.

कल्याच s. m. Welfare, happiness, prosperity, good fortune : name of a musical mode sung at night; a leguminous shrub (Glycine debilis). adj. Happy, well, right, prosperous, luky.

कल्याचनचन s.m. Good wishes.

कल्याची adj. Happy, lucky, prosperous; auspicious, propitious.

war adj. Barren, sterile (land); salt (as food).

कज्ञाना e. s. To burn, to be inflamed (as the skin by rubbing pepper, &c. on it). TRIVERS 8. m. A kind of sweetmest-

কল্পাৰ s. m. Jey, happiness, pleasure.

काष s. m. Yesterday, to-morrow. क्रम s. m. Armour, mail ; a drum used (Hibiscus populaeoides) ; an amulet. a writing carried about the person as a charm.

वापपव s. m. A tree, commonly called Bhojpatr : nieces of the brak of this tree inscribed with mystical verses serve as amulets, &c.

करवी s. m. A kind of flat fish, remarkable for going by land from one spot to another (Coius cobeius).

कदल) s. m. A mouthful; a kind of fish; an astringent wash for. eleaning the mouth, a gargle.

aff s. m. A poet,

कावता } s.f. Poetry, a poem.

क्रींद s. m. A kind of grass (Scirpus kysur); a root (Cyperus tuberosus); one of the nine divisions of Jambu dwip. Cashmir.

कसीर s. m. The name of a country, ■ Suy s. m. The name of a Muni or deified sage, the son of Marichi and father of the immortals, gods and devils; a kind of deer.

क्ष s. m. The touchstone ; assay ; the decoction of a colouring substance.

क्षप s. m. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone.

क्षाब s. m. Astringency.

क्षपाय s. f. An astringent.

क्षीटी s. f. A touchstone.

ar s. m. Want, penury, affliction, pain, distress, hardship, vehemence, violence, acuteness, (of pain), agony, difficulty : bodily pain or uneasiness.

were adj. Giving pain or truble.

wie s. f. Test, trial ; pain, trouble.

well adj. Suffering a painful and tedious labour (a woman); afflicted, suffering, in want.

in battle, a kettle drum; a tree | www s.m. Strength, power; assay, a

ouchstone the; decoction of a colour- | Tet s. m. A brazier or pewterer. ing aubstance.

क्षक . f. Pain, stitch, affliction. [ful, कस्त्रका v. n. To suffer pain, to be pain-कमक्सा adj. Gritty, sandy, (as bread).

कसकत s.m. Bell-metal.

कन्त s. m. Rack, torment, torture. कसना v. a. To tighten, tie, brace; to assay, try, prove, examine; to fry in melted butter. s. m. A bundle, wallet.

कमसमाना v. n. To move, to shake, कसनाना v. a. To cause to tighten, tie, bind, &c.

कमानि है. f. A mistress, strumpet कमशीयाज s. m. A whoremonger.

कासदीवाजी s.f. Whoremongery. कमश s. f. An oath.

क्षमस्रो s.f. Crow# press: excitement, anxiety before a battle.

आसर s. m. Violence, compulsion. भावता s. f. (from Persian) Abundance, plenty, (in Hind.) Exercise, practice,

vigour, gymnastics, exertion. कत्रजो Usual, practiced, familiar,

क्षा aff, Tight, tense, strait.

क्रमाई s. m. A butcher. adj. Cruel, hard-hearted.

कसाना v. a. To cause to try, to prove or assay ; to cause to tighten. v. n. To be spoiled (curds &c.) by standing in a metal vessel.

क्रमाया ब Ready, tied up. BHIT s. m. A sweetmeat.

कसाव s. m. Astringency.

कसाव ट s. f. An astringent.

Willy s. m. A cushion, clothing.

कसोदा s. m. A poem. क्षीका adj. Strong, vigorous. [ferri].

सर्वेष s. m. Martial vitriol (Sulphas कसर s. m. An error, fault.

वासेबाय part. Tied up, prepared, ready. | कहार s. m. A palkee-bearer.

कंदर s. m. A root (Cyperus tuberosus). वारेना adj. Astringent.

વર્ષે કાર્યક. f A kind of pickle; a plant (Cassea sophera).

नसीटी s. f. A touchstone. कसारा s.f. An oyster.

कसरी s. f. Mask, the animal perfume so called, as brought from Cashmir, Nepal, and western Assam and Bhutan, the latter is said to be the best.

कहन s. m. A saying, by word.

कहना v. a. To tell, say, recount, relate. bid, order, call, affirm, assert, aver, avow, declare, acquaint, advise. speak. s. m. Saying, advice, order. Kaha dena, To tell, bid, order, &c. कडमानस s. f. A proverb, saying, an

adage; style. कडन्त s. f. A. proverb, adage saying,

कहरना v. n. To groun. कहराना v. n. To groan (as a sick person).

कडलाना v. a. To cause to say, to call. to be called; to parch, v. n. To wither; to become weak, to be lazy.

कश्चा भजना v. a. To send a message, to send and tell, to inform.

बहुश s. m. A cough, कटवाना v. a. To cause to speak.

Ti adv. Where ? Kohan-tak, How far? how long; to what degree? Kahan se, Whence ? Kahan ka kahan. To what degree; extremely, immensely.

कहा s. m. Order, leave, saying, word, call, confession, affirmation, advice, pron. What? which? how? why?

कडाकडी s. f. Altercation, expostulation. कहाना v. a. To cause to speak, to cause to tell, to be called.

कड़ानी s. f. A tale, story, fable.

कहानत s. f. A proverb, saying an adage. कहानुनी s. f. Conversation, discussion, altercation.

www. Somewhere, anywhere, wherever. Kahin nah kahin, Somewhere or other.

कड़ी s. f. A foraging party.

www. Somewhere, anywhere.

■ s. m. The arm-pit, the side or flank.

ment, which after the cloth is carried round the body is brought up behind and tucked into the waistband; a woman's girdle or zone.

mi pron. Whom ? what ? which ? postpos. Of, belonging to.

कांबर s. m. A nodule of lime-stone.

wiw s. f. The armpit.

कांचना v. n. To grunt.

কাৰা s. m, Straining (when at stool, &c.)

कांगन } s. m. A plant or its seed कांगनी } (Panicum italicum).

कावी s. f. A chafing-dish.

at s. m. Glass; a disorder in which the intestinum rectum is prolapsed; a prolapsus ani. Kanch nikalna, Ani procidentia.

कांचा adj. Raw.

कांका s. f. Wish, desire, inclination.

made by steeping rice in water and letting the liquor ferment, which is kept for use sometimes twenty years. Will s. m. A thorn, spine; a fork; small (goldsmith's or apothecary's) scales; a spur; a type; the tongue of a balance; fishing-hook; a fishbone. Kenta sa nikal jans, To be breed from distress or injury. Kanton par ghastina, (tit. to drag upon thorns). To extol or exalt one above his morties; (used by a person who

from humility disclaims the praises bestowed on him.) Kante bone, (lit. to plant thorns), To prepare distress, or misfortune for one's self.

कांडा adj. Near, proximate.

कांटेबीना t. To prepare for one-self distress or misfortune.

कांड s. m. A section, part, division ; sport, exhibition.

कांडना v. a. To beat, press, grind.

कांडली s. f. Purslain (Portulaca).

कांडी s.f. A rafter; a sentence of the Vedas.

बाड़ी s. f. A single straw, blade or grass. कांदा s. m. An onion.

নাহু s. m. A sugar-boiler, a tribe whose business it is to fry corn, prepare sweetmeats, &c.

कांदी s. m. Mud, clime.

कांधना v. a. To assist, to protect.

आधा s. m. The shoulder. Kandha hitana, To shrug up the shoulders. Kondha dena, to assist; to carry away the dead. [shake.

सांपना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, सांच s, f. A species of grass (Saccharun) spontaneum).

कांसा } s. m. Bell-metal, white cop-चांसा } per or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam of zinc and copper,

कांद्यकार s. m. A brazier, a pewterer, a worker in white or bell-metal.

बासनील s. m. Blue vitriol considered as a collirium.

कांचा s.f. Wish, desire, inclination,

wit s.f. The green scum on the surface of stagnant pools, or the green mould that sticks to walls and pavements. scum, fur, paste.

bark (Frageria sesca). [Tresses. The s. m. A crow. Kakpaksha, s. m.

within s. m. A kind of leather. काकड़ासिंगी s. f. A medicine. সাস্ত s. m. A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable.

बाकपच s. m. A crow's feather.

क्राक्योच s. m. A kind of ebony. . WITH SAIT S. f. A woman that bears only

one child.

काकश्च हो है s. m. A kind of mountain काकसुग्रन्ती ∫

काकमङ s. m. A water-hen, a gallinule. बाबमह s, m. The colocynth or bitter apple.

जाका s. m. A paternal uncle.

जाकी s. f. Aunt.

काकृतकी s. f. Ranunculus.

काकील s. m. A poisonous substance of a black colour, possibly the berry of the Coculus Indicus; a division of the infernal regions or hell.

काकीली s, f. A vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm. &c., it is said to be a root brought from Nepal or Morang.

wie s.f. The armpit.

wie weig s. f. A painful suppurating tumour in the armpit.

बाबाबादो s. f. The space from the shoulders to the armpit.

कात s. m. A crow; a raven.

कागद s. m. A paper.

द्धानही है. m. Vendor of paper.

कागहबद्दी s. m. Office allowance for stationary.

way s. f. A parrots beats. Two side, margin.

चाच s. m. Glass; alkaline ashes, any salt of potash or soda in a glassy or erystalline state ; crystal, quartz or glass; a disease of the eyes.

काचनचि s, m. Crystal, quartz.

का चमल s. m. Black salt or sods.

काचनवा s.m. Black salt, a medicinal salt, prepared by calcining fossil salt and the fruit of the emblic myrobalan together : it consists chiefly of muriate of soda, with a small quantity of iron, line and sulpher, and is a tonic aperient. knowing.

काचा adj. Unripe, raw, simple, un-काची s. f. Milk pollaged.

बाह्र s. m. A cloth worn round the hips passing between the legs and tucked in behind; the upper part of the thigh.

बाइन ., f. A female gardener.

TIETI v. c. To bind on or tie up the Kachha or upper part of the thigh : to skin, to gather.

काइनी s. f. A. cloth worn over the Kachh, or upper part of the thigh.

The upper part of the thigh. बाकी s. m. A gardener who cultivates and sells pot-herbs.

TIST s. m. Business, occupation, a work, an action, affair.

कालच s. m. Lampblack (with which the eyelids are painted). Kagul ki kothri, A place from going into which, or an affair, the being engaged in which, brings disgrace or suspicion on one's character.

बाजी adj. Busy, employed.

काज prep, By reason of, for the sake of, काचन s. m. Gold, adj. Golden, of gold. का सनमय adj. Golden.

WIZ s. f. A cut, incision, execution : scum; virulence. Kat karna, v. s. To wound, to cut. Kat khang, To bite.

काटकृट s. f. Clippings, chips, scraps. Kathut karna, To clip, cut out ; to deduct.

নাবেশ্য v. a. To cut, clip; to bite, corrude, crude; to reap; to stop, stay;
to waste, pass away (time), to pass
(a road); to interrupt, intercept;
to shame, make ashamed. Kat dalna,
To cut off, amputate.

क इ.s. m. Cutter. adj. Corrosive. क ड s. m. Wood, timber. stock. bl

** 5. m. Wood, timber, stock, block. a pair of stocks; a scabbard. Kathpulli, s. f. A puppet, a toy. Kath kaullu, s. m. A sad blockhead, adj. Impentrable, blockhead. Kath ki bhambo, s. f. A sad blockhead (woman). Kath kira, A bug. Kath men path dena, To be imprisoned, to be in the stocks. Kath mandak, a toad. Kath hona, To pine away; to be petrified with astonishment. Kath kabdr, Wooden articles.

काटक नाड } Wooden articles.

काठकी छ। 8. m. A bug.

काउड़ा s. m. A. wooden pot.

कार्ड पुनकी s.f. A wooden doll. [ty.

बाहिन s. f. Difficulty; hardness; cruel-बाहा s. f. Body; scabbard; shape;

Will s. f. Body; scabbard; shape; wood, timber; appearance, person; a saddle.

লাজা s. m. A young buffalo. লাত s. m. Membrum virile.

wist v. c. To draw forth (as c sword), draw, draw off, skin, take out, to extricate; to draw lines or figures work flowers on cloth, draw figures in needle-work, to draw, paint, delineate.

कांडा s.m. A decoction.

(Fruit, nuts, &c.) whose kernel is is rotten, or which has no kernel; foolish, stupid. Kana-bati karna,

To talk or whisper in the ear; to consult, advise. Kana-phusi, *s. f. Whispering. Kana-tiri. *s. f. The name of a grass. Kana-kani karna, To whisper. Kani-kouri, A-cowrie with a hole in it.

काची odj. f. A woman blind of one eye. दाख s. m. A chapter, a section, part, division: sport, exhibition.

कातना v. a. To spin.

नावर adj. Distressed, agitated with distress, confused, perplexed, disordered; timid, timorous, gentle. s. m. A large kind of fish (Cyprinus catla).

कात्रना s. f. Timidity, agitation.

काविक s. m. The second or seventh Hindu month (October-November) when the moon is full near Krittika or the pleindes.

कात्ययन s. m. Name of a saint.

बादर adj. Timid, timorous, confused, distressed.

कादराइ कादरी } s.f. Timidity, timorousness.

काटा } s. m. Slime, mud, mire.

कान s. m. The ear. adj. Blind of one eye. Kan metna, To pull the ears, chastise. Kan bharna, To excite dissention by tale-bearing. Kan par jun na-chalna, to be very negligent or careless. Kan par rakhna, To remember; to abstain. Kan par háth dharna. To refuse deny. Kan pakarna, To confess inferiority. Kan phutna, e. n. To be deaf. Kan phorna, To make a noise. Kan phunkan, To tell tales, to excite quarrels; to tutor. Kan jhukana, To desire to hear. Kan dharna, To hear, listen, attend, be attentive. Kan dabákar chale jana, To run away. Kan dabana, To tura

back the ears, a sa horse does when I preparing to bite. Kan de sunna, To hear, attentively. Kan dena, To hear, to be attentive. Kan salai, s. f. Name of an insect. Kan ka parda, The tympanum. Kan kátna. To get the better of, surpass, overcome, ontwit, Kan khari hona, To be alarmed, Kan khol dena, (lit.) To open one's cars; to inform; to make acquainted with, warn, caution. Kon Lagna, To get into one's confidence. Kan malna, To admonish, punish, chastise, Kan myl, s.m. Ear-wax. Kan mul-wala, A person whose employment it is to pick or clean the ears. Kan men ungli de rahna, To stop one's ears, to turn a deaf ear to what is 'said. Kon men bat, marno. To pretend not to hear. Kan men parna, To be heard (a speech). Kan men tel dálna, (lit, to pour oil in the ear.) To pretend not to hear. Kan men tel dálkar so rahna. To be inattentive or negligent. Kan men kahna, To whisper, to tell. Kan nah hilána. To be silent. Kánonkán kahna, To whisper, Kan hilana, To acquiesce in. Kan hone, To understand, comprehend, be warned or take example.

WIT s.f. Modesty, shame, respect. s. m. A husband. Kan karna, To be ashumed. Kan chhorna, To be impudent. Kan nah karna, To treat with disrespect.

सामजारा s. m. Scorpion. जानम s. m. A forest, desert, wood. जानपुरको Whispering in the ear. जानपुरको w. A fruit. जानभेल s. m. Earwax. जानपुरकार s. f. Earwig, earpick. काना adj. Blind.

कानाकानी A whispering in the ear.

कानि s. f. Shame.

कानी s.f. Blind.

काना s. m. Husband. adj. Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful.

काला s. f. Wife, beloved; heauty, splendor; light, a lovely or desirable woman.

कानि s. f. Splendonr, lustre.

ৰাশস্ত্ৰ s. m. The ancient name of the country of Kananj.

কাৰ s. m. A husband; one of the names of Krishna.

कार्यका s. m. A musical mode; a kind of nightingale.

कापना v. n. To tremble, quake.

कापुरुष adj. A contemptible man.

कापन s. m. A bitter seed.

Covery.

काफिला ॰. m. A body of travellers. काबिय हे s. f. An earth with which

काविस s.y. The cash viril which काविस searthonware is varnished काविरी n. prop. Name of a river, the

THE S. m. Desire, wish, inclination; the god of love, Cupid : business, action, act, deed, affair, matter, work, use, occupation, employment; packet, mail, post-bag. Kam ana, To come into use, be of use, avail, stand in stend, to be wanted ; to be rmitten, to be slain in the field, Kam tamam karns, To accomplish, to finish; to kill, to make away with. Kam tamám hone, To be finished killed, or made away with. Kam chalana, To carry on business. Kam rakhna, To maké use of, Kamkáj, Business, occupation. Kamkaji, adj. Laborious, active, alert, Kamkel, s. f. Amoreus dalliance, coition. Kam men lána, To employ, to use. Kam nikalna, To

carry into effect, to accomplish one's जामिन s. m. An amorous man, an uxori-

जानजाज s. m. Work.

कामकाजी s. m. Superintendent, worker. कामकाजि s. m. Sport, amoreus dalliance. कामकोजी s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition.

बानदगाई } s. f. A certain cow belong-कानभेतु । ing to Indra.

चानदेव s. m. The cupid of the Hindu mythology.

सामदेव n. prop. Cupid, the son of Vishnu, and Rakmini, and husband of Rati (Venus).

हानचेत्र n. prop. A. cow belonging to Indra, said to grant every thing requested of her; a cow that gives much milk.

बानना s. f. Desire, wish, inclination. बामियद adj. Libidinous, lustful. desirous.

बागराज s.m. Sonchus.

कामरी s.f. A blanket.

WING s. m. A district lying east of Bengal, formerly independent, now part of Assam. adj. Plensing, beautiful; taking any or every shape at will."

Pleasing, beautiful.

कानपा adj. Pleasing, beautiful; a native of Campup.

TINET s. m. A complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile.

wiff gadj. Distracted or agitated
with love or lust, lascivious, libidinous, lustful.

कामाय adj. Blinded by lust, lustful. सामारि s. m. A mineral substance used in medicine, a sort of pyrites.

सानायों है s. m. A person who carries सानायों है baskets filled with Ganges water to distant places.

stiffer s. m. An annorous man, an uxorious husband; the ruddy goose, a pigeon, a sparrow; a boy dressed in female attire who dances in the season of the holi.

ৰাদিনী s.f. A loving or affectionate woman. adj. Libidinous, cupidinous, and adj. Libidinous, lustful, impassioned, fond, wanton; cupidinous; loving; busy. s.f. A lump of gold. বাছৰ adj. Cupidinous, desirous, or lustful, libidinous.

। Lustful, libidinous.

। Lustful, adj. A woman libidinous or ৰাদীৰ্ভ s.m. Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c., exclusive of those

কাদীহা s.f. A ragini, One of the female personifications of the musical modes, sung in the night. [shake. काणवा v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, আন্দাস s. m. A horse of the bread of Camboge, n. prop. A country in the north of India, Camboge, Camboy, or Khambach.

for whom it is directed by law.

ज्ञान्य adj. Agreeable, desirable, amiable, ज्ञान्यज्ञचे s. m. Supererogatory work performed at pleasure or through the desire of some advantage.

कामदान s. m. An acceptable or desirable gift.

काव s. m. } The body, appearance, बावा s. f. } person. कावक adj. Bodily, personal.

बायम s. m. A certain mixed tribe or caste of Hindus.

bark (Fragaria vesca).

wrat adj. Cowardly, timid, timorous.

cast or tribe, the Kayethe or writer caste, proceeding from a Kahattri father, and Sudra mother. काया s. f. The body, appearance, per- कार्याचना s.f. Prudence, caution, con-80n.

कारक adj. An agent, acting, doing. s. m. Action, especially in grammar; case (in gram.).

ৰাবে s. m. Business, an action, affair, work, profession, &c.

THE s. m. Cause, motive, principle; account, reason, occasion, action, agency; an instrument or means.

WITT s. m. A black snake. adj. Black. कारागार s. m. A gaol, a place of confinement.

wife s. m. Soot, lampblack with which the eyes are painted.

कारी (in comp.) Making, maker, doer. कारीय s. m. A heap of dung, a large quantity of cow-dung.

wit \ adj. An artist, an artificer. कारकर । an agent, a maker, a doer. बादिविक adj. Compassionate, tender, kind.

चारीवीथे s. m. A king, also called Arjun, a celebrated hero, distinct from the Pandu prince; one of the Jyn Chakravartis or emperors of the world.

कातिक s. m. The eighth month (October-November) when the moon is full near the Pleiades.

कानि की काद s.m. The day of full moon in the month Kartik, a festival.

कार्पेख s.m. Poverty, indigence.

कार्पास s. m. The cotton plant (Gossypeum); cotton cloth, &c. esqual adj, Made of cotton, cottony, काचिक adj. Worked, embroidered, in-

termixed with coloured thread (cloth, ĝe.)

कामा क 8. m. A bow.

बार्थ s. m. Cause, origin : motive, object; affair, business, an action, a work, profession, &c.

sideration.

वार्यविदि s. f. Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose. TITE S. m. A husbandman.

कार्याप s. m. A weight or measure of silver, equal to 16 pane of couries : a weight of copper, equal to 80 Ratis; a weight of shells equal to the same number of couries ; a huse bandman.

कार्विक s. m. A weight ; a husbandman. Will s. m. Time : a name of Yamah or Jam, the supposed regent of the dead; death, season, age; dearth, famine; angel of death; calamity; (met.) a snake ; (in Braj) To-morrow. Kál-bitana, or-katna, organwána, To waste one's time, to spend time. Kal-bas hong, To be in the hands of death, to be seized by fate. Kal-parns, The coming or happening of a famine.

with s. m. Blackness; one of the expressions of quantity (corresponding to our a, b, x, y, &c.) in Bijaganit, or Algebra; freckle, mark, stain, sound, a tumult, spot.

कालकील s. m. A confused or mingled कालकट s. m. A kind of poison, destroying even the regent of death; the poison of a snake.

काज्य s. m. Freckle, mark, stain, sort. कालनम s. m, A kind of Cobra di capella.

बालनक s.m. A cycle, a given revolu-. tion of time; period.

बार्खकर क m. A name of Shio ; a rock in Bundelkhand, the modern Callinjer : the adjacent country ; an assembly of religious mendicants; Callinger is one of the places at which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the *Veds* amongst the *Tapasya-sthans* or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion.

चालधर्म s. m. Death, dying.

কাজা

कालनियांच s. m. A fragrant and resinous substance, Bdellium.

कार्जप्रसास s. m. The sultry scason, autuun, the two months following the rainy season,

कालमा s. m. Suspicion, calumny.

कालमेविका s. f. Bengal madder ; black Teori.

कालसंघी s. f. A plant (Serratula or Conyzs anthelmintica); Bengal madder (Rubia Manjith).

काषपांत s.m. A particular night, one of which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th month of every 77th year; after such a period of life, a man is considered exempt from attention to the usual ordinances.

कालवाच s. m. A factitious and purga-

कालसर्प s. m. The black and most deadly variety of the cobra (Coluber naga).

भारतसार s. m. The black antelope.

काल्युव s. m. One of the twenty-one hells.

कालचेप s. m. The passing or spending of time; the enduring of suffering.

wimi adj. Black, dark. s. m. A snake; time; a name of Krishna Kalu-dana, A purgative seed (Convolvulus nil) Kalu-jira. s. m. Seeds of the Nigella indica. Kalumah kurna, To break off all commexion with another; to disgrace; to copulate; to expel. Kalu-mamak. s. m. A kind of rock salt impregnated with sulphur and bitumen which leaves a hepatic

flavour in the month (it is much used medicinally; Kale-baran, Of the colour of a snake, Kale kes, A great distance. Kule-bal, è. m. The lower part of the belly, the pubes.

क्राजागुर s. m. A black kind of Aloe wood or Agallochun.

कालाञ्जनी s. m. A small shrub used as a purgative.

कालाना s. m. Interval, intermediate time; process of time.

कारायती s.f. The act of calking a ship or boat. Kala-pstti-karna, To calk (a ship, gc.)

कालापन s. m. Blackness.

काधिशे s. f. A name of the river Jamma. काधिक s. m. The curlew; blackness, a black colour; a fault or flaw in gold, &c.: a line of hair extending to the navel; ink or blacking, soot; a small bird, commonly called Syam.

wiferin n. prop. A celebrated poet, nuthor of Subuntals, the Raghu Vens, the Naloday, and other poems: he was one of the nine poets or gems of Vikramadityah's court, and is supposed to have flourished in the century preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to more persons than one, and seems in some measure to have been used as an honourable title: the works attributed to this author are amongst the most elegant compositions in the Sankirii language.

वालिन्दी s.f. The river Jamna.

mission s.m. A serpent said to have been vanquished by Krishna, adj. Black (complexion).

বাৰী adj. f. The Hecate of the Hindus and wife of Shin, to whom human sacrifices are offered; the Nile; ink.

. m. A fabalous serpent with a hundred and ten heads said to have been vanquished by Krishna. Kalimirch, s. f. Black pepper. Kali-bun, s. m. Name of a plant. Kali tulsi, s. f. Basil (Ocumam basilicam). Kali-dah, name of a whirlpool in the river Jamna, where the serpent Kali is said to have lived. Kali-miti, s. f. Black lead. ing to time. শ্বাদীল adj. Timely, seasonable, relat-बाजीपर s. m. A buck, deer. THU . m. Foulness, unfairness. कालेको स s. m. A great distance. बालेवरण adj. Of the color of a snake. कालेबाख s. m. The pabes. कार्लयर s. m. A drug. कालानिक adi. Feigned, forged, contrived, factitious. s. m. A hypocrite. कार्यनिकता s. f. Hypocrisy. कालह) Tomorrow and vesterday, दावि ∫ WITT s. f. The baskets in which the Hindus carry about the Ganges water. कावादैना v. a. To ring or lounge (& horse, &c.) ; to trick, to sham. बावेरी s. f. Turmeric, a harlot. WING s. m. A poem, a poetical composition. बाव्यकीर s. m. A plagiarist of poetry. काव्यपीर s. m. A plagiarist. काचार s. m. Taste for poetical compowin s. f. Cough, catarrh ; a species of grass (Saccharum spontaneum). Kashwas, e. m. Asthms. THE S. J. Asthma. काणी s. f. A clebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Benares. winiged s.f. The capital of the Kasi's

i. c. Benares.

काम्बीर s. m. Cashmir, saffron. TIE s. m. Wood. काष्ट्रज s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. ৰাছৰীত s. m. A small insect or worm found in decayed wood. The wood-pecker. बाही adi. Of wood, wooden. कास s. m. Cough, catarrh. s. f. A species of reed or long grass of which rope is made (Saothurum spontaneum) Kas-smas, Asihma, will adj. Removing or alleviating cough, pectoral, कामन्नी s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini). वासनाभिनी s.f. A thorny plant, used as a remedy for the cough. वासवी s. m. A weaver. कासमहे s. m. A plant (Cassia or Senna esculenta). fof yam. WITTE S. m. An esculent root, a sort कासीस s.m. Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron. कास s. m. Name of a plant (Chara). काचा Equiv. To kisse, to whom (sing.) TIVE s. m. An agggregate number consisting of sixteen pans, or 1280 couries. Wischievous. [metel]. बाह्यान्य e. m. Thornapple Datura wiw (in Braj.) pron. adj. Some any. any one, any thing. काहि wir pros. Why? wherefore? for what? fa conj. That, or. विशिष्णी A kind of girdle with small bells or any tinkling ornament. fafa s. m. The blue jay. विश्ववाणा v. n. To shrick, to scream. fart s. m. A slave, a servant. बिक्वी s.f. A girdle of bells or tink-

ling ornaments worn by women.

विक् s. f. A sort of fiddle.

क्षिपक्षिपामा v. a. To grind or gnash. the teeth.

ক্ষিক্ষা v. a. To have a gummy running at the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

निचरिष s.f. Mud, mire, &c.

विवर्षिवर द्वीना To be very wet.

विषया s. m. The gummy substance that oozes out of the eyes.

নিমধী s.f. The slough (of a snake, fo.) দিবিল adj. A little, a part. adv. Something, somewhat.

far s. m. A kind of sour dish; excrement, excretion, dirt.

worment, search of the with small-pox, pitted, spotted. [with rage. कि क्षित्र adj. Worm-eaten; marked with small-pox, pitted, spotted. [with rage. कि क्षित्र adj. Worm-eaten; weevil-eaten. [क्षत्र adj. Worm-eaten; weevil-eaten. [क्षत्र adj. Worm man ? how much?

fant postpos. To, up to, for.

कितना s. m. कितनी s. f. किता s. m. adj. How much; how

किते Contradiction.

fea A dialectic form.

बिद्या s. m. An example, model, leader. बिदारवसक s. m. A musical mode.

क्टिएरा s.m. A musical mode sung in the midnight of summer.

कियर adv. Where? whither?

किन pron. interrog. pl. Who? which? farfकनाना v, n. To tingle (the hands as from cold).

विनिक्ती s.f. A tingling.

किनवेशा s.m. A purchaser.

विकार s. m. The bosom, a side, edge. विकार s. m. Side, margin.

चिनारी s. f. (Gold or silver) Lace ; . edge, border.

funt adv. Aside, ashore.

किल conj. But.

নিশ্য s. m. One of the eleven periods called Karons.

fast s. m. A kind of singer or chorister at the court of the gods; a demigod attached to the service of Kuνέτ, the god of riches.

किनाज़ s. m. किनाज़ी s. f. } Door.

किम relat. pron. What ? who ? which ? how ?

(新城城水 s. m. A division of the universe, one of the nine khands or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the Himachal and Himachat mountains; a despicable or low man. [frame. [wait] s.f. A bod (of a garden): a

कियारी s.f. A bod (of a garden); a किरकिटी s.f. A mote, or particle of dust fallen into the eye.

किरिकरा adj. Gritty, sandy.

কিংকিংনাৰা v. n. To be gritty, to grate. কিংবিয়া s. m. A dancer, or singing boy. কিংখ s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

किरणन्य adj. Radiant, bright, refulgent, किरान s. f. A sword,

चित्रात s. m. A savage, a tribe of mountaineers who live by the chase, the Kirhadæ of Arrian.

किराना s. m. Grocery. v. s. To adjust; to sift, separate by turning round in a winnowing fan (differing from phutokns).

बिराव s. m. A small pea (Pisum arvense).

fartz s. m. A crest, a diadem.

First s. m. A hollow tooth endive. ody. Broken, rugged, tattertd.

জিৰ s.f. A splinter; a sword (especiolly, a straight one to thrust with). . কিন্দী s.f. The Palas tree. face adv. Certainly, indeed, verily; probably, possibly.

ষিল্ল s. f. Splendour, lustre (of á gem). বিভারে তির s. m. Wanton or amorous pastime, or gestures.

formize s.m. A game among boys; one boy, having drawn several line, upon a stone, hides it, and others, repeating the word kil-hanta, run about searching for it; whoever finds the stone, has a right to strike the boy who hid it, three times with his fingers on the back of the hand.

factions: m. Poevishness, fretfulness, anger. s. f. Sound expressing joy, or the expression of pleasure by any sound or cry.

किल्बिलाना v. n. To be fretful, to snap, to snarl, to be peerish, to squabble. किल्नी s. f. A tick (insect that infects dogs, fc.). a doglouse.

किलाना v. d. To winnow; to strike with

**REWICH S.f. The chattering (of a monkey), snarling; sound expressing joy. Kü-kdri marna, v. n. To express pleasure by any sound or cry, to shout.

দিল্লী e.f. A key, bolt. [pruriens).
দিল্লাৰ s. m. A plant, cowitch (Poliches
দিল্লীৰ s. m. A youth, a son, a lad, one
from his brith to the end of his
fifteenth year; subject to suits at law.
দিল্লীয়ে ddj. Young, infantine.

जिल्ली s. f. Daughter.

fant s. f. Check (at chess).

what? Kistorah, In what manner? which? Kistorah, In what manner? how? Kis-badr, How much ! Kis-kis, which (used interrogatively, and expressive of much, many various) Kis-lige, Why? wherefore.

क्सिन दे s. f. Husband, agriculture.

किसान s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

किसारी s.f. A kind of pulse (Lathyrus satious).

वित्तरी pron. inter. sing. To whom ? to what ? to which ?

की Ifem. of ka) Of, belonging to.

कीवड़ s. m. The Acacia tree.

कीव कीवड } s.f. Dirt, mud, slime, mire.

कीट s. m. An insect, a worm, a reptile; the dregs of oil in a lamp, or that collected in a hukka snake.

कोइडा है adj. Wormy, worm-eaten.

कीटा s. m. A worm, an insect, a maggot, a reptile, a snake, a leech.

कोधर adv. Whither, &c.

बीना 3rd. pers. sing. ma:. perf. tense (of karna, to do), Done, made.

कोबा v. a. To purchase, to buy. Kinwyya, adj. A purchaser.

कीप s. f. A funnel.

कीया part. past. or s. m. Done, made ; deed, doings.

कोर कोरक } s. m. A parrot; parroquet.

कोरन } s. f. Praise, fame, renown. कोरिन } Ki-rat-wan, adj. Renowned.

बीरहा adj. Wormy.

कीर्यन s.m. Speech, words; shouting for joy, singing aloud, singing in concert; celebrating, praising.

बोत्त ना s.f. Fame, glory.

कोर्ति s.f. Fame, renown, glory. कोर्तिनान adj. Praised, famous, celebrated.

aller s. f. A small nail, peg, tack, stake, pain, bolt, wedge; the core

of a boil. Kil-kanta, Tools, apps- | स्टबी s. m. Ill-breeding, rudeness. ratus, accoutrements,

की लगा v. o. To charm a snake so as to. prevent his biting.

की सा s. f. A small nail, tack, peg.

A particle of depreciation prefixed to nouns, and implying, sin, guilt; reproach, contempt; diminution, littleness.

क्र बच्चा adj. Able-bodied, robust, athletic, stout. Kungrai, s. f. Strength, stoutness.

त पनी s. f. A bodice.

த ஏ s, m, An arbour.

3 € s. m. An elephant.

B TEI s. m. A caste whose business it is to sell vegetables. Kungran, s. f. Female of Kunjra.

ल जभवन 8. m. Grove.

ज्ञ जन s. m. An arbor, grove. क्र जन s. m. An elephant, a large ele-क्षंत्री *ह. f*. A key.

* & s. m. An abyss, a pool, spring ; a pit for sacrifice : a hole in ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person.

stars, m. A large ring worn in the ears; a circle; a halo round the sun or moon. Kundal marns, To coil, to form a coil.

क डिल्मा s. m. A. species of Hindi stanza. which invariably ends with the word with which it began : it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

wat s. m. A coil, ring, carl, hoop; a snake. Kundii ban ana, To curl. 5 d s. f. A chain or iron catch to. fasten a door,

5 8 m. A flower (Jasminum grandi-

美數

florum). क इन s. m. Pure gold.

ज इनजुद्र a. m. A medicine (Olibanum). Bett s. m. A stack a rick.

s. m. A kind of tent.

जांदी s. f. The act of calendering (cloth). Kundi karna, To calender (cloth, to best, to cudgel. Kundigar, s. m. A. calenderer.

कुंबर s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brother-THE S. m. A water-pot ; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ka mela, The twelfth year fair of Hardwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage, Kumbhai, the sixth vear fair.

क्रंबर } s. m. An unmarried boy, a son, क्रंबरर } A child ; the son of a Raja, a prince, heir-apparent.

कु बारी s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit formarriage. [villainy.

and s. m. Wickedness, sin, depravity, and and adj. Wicked, deprayed,

swaf adj. Wicked, bad.

gauff adj. Wicked, vicious.

जुकरी दा s. m. A plant (Colsia). Bat s. m. A dog ; a Kshattri.

THERE S. m. A mushroom, a toadstool. 33 4 s. m. Weakness of the eyes in infants.

3 Z s. m. A gallinaceous fowl, a cock. a wild cock (Phasianus Gallus).

BE ZEE S. m. A. religious observance. (worship of Shie) held by women on, the seventh of the light fortnight of Bhadon, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring.

3 8. f. A. hen. 54 C s. m. A. dog.

司艺

कुछ री ड. f. A bitch.

ক্সিন্ত s. f. A crime, a sin, a wicked action. [abdomen. ক্সিক s. m. The belly, the cavity of the

Twiff s. f. Evil report, infamy.

कुष्टम s. m. Saffron (Crocus satisus).

symis. m. A vessel in which the guldi or red mixture is contained with which they play at the heli.

রুষ s. m. f. A breast, a pap, the bosom রুষদ্দ s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus) sappan or log wood. রুষদ adj. Censorious, detracting.

স্থানা v. a. To bruise, to crush, Kuchal-dalna, v. a. To bruise, &c.; to overlay. [vomica,

কুবলা s. m. A vomic nut (Strychnos nux কুবলী s. f. The canine teeth.

जुनाव s. m. A nipple.

FUE s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct.

Ku-chali, adj. Of bad conduct or
behaviour, ill-behaved.

बुजाबी s. m. An ill behaned person. कुजिबा s. m. The lobe of the ear.

399 adj. Ill-clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments.

To neut. pron. Any, anything, aught, some, something, somewhat, a little, whatever. Kuchh our gana, To give a false explanation, to tell a different story. Kuchh-ek, Some little, some few. Kuchh tum ne para paya, Have you found a treasure? (an expression addressed to one who seems inordinateby pleased without apparent cause) Kuchh tum ne khasab dekha, What t have you dreamt this, or seen a vision? (an expression used to a perwho relates improbabilities; or to depict the astonishment of the speaker at any unexpected act of another). Kuckh se kuch hona, To be entirely changed,

Kuchh ash kuch, Some at least, something or other. Kuchh nshin, Nothing. Kuchh ho, Wdatever may happen, come what may.

TES Some few, some little.

ৰূল s. m. The planet Mars ; Tnesday. ৰূসভীৰত s. m. A forest frequented by clephants.

क्षांकि adj. Base, of mean extraction or bad cast; one who has lost his cast, an outcast.

TS. m. A place overgrown with ereeping plants, a bower, an arbour.

THE s. m. An elephant.

मुझी s.f. A key.

बुट s. m. A medicine (Cotus arabicus). बटकी s. f. A medicine : a grant : es-

trangement from or desertion of friends. [ing.

কুহৰ্ত s. m. Nibbling, itching, scratch-কুতো s. m. A medicinal plant (Echites antidysenterics), the seeds are used as a vermifuge. [rest.

क्टना s. m. A place of safety, haven of क्टना s. m. A pimp.

सुटनाई s.f. The wages of a pimp. सुटनाना v. a. To entice, seduce, inveigle, wheedle, coax.

कटनापा s. m. Pimping.

ज्रहनी s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

कटबट s. m. A plant (Bignonia indica). कटावा s. m. Solanum jacquini.

WEIT s. m. A impatient little horse.

wfer s. m. A cottage, a hut.

ब्राटिक adj. Crooked, bent; perverse, untoward, cruel; dishonest, fraudulent. [honesty.

जुदिवना क f. Crookedness; guile, dis-जुटी s. f. A cottage, a hut.

बहार s. m. A small house, a hot, a hovel. बहन } इ. m. Kiu, family, tribe, cast, बहन } relative, a kinsman, a con-

nexion ; offspring, pregeny, race.

बुट्बिन । s. m. A householder, a pater-बुट्मी familias.

नुस

कुट्टिनो s. f. The wife of a householder and mother of a family a matron.

कुटेर s. f. A had habit, कहनी s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

कहार s. m. Copulation.

53(s.m. The post round which the string of the churning stick winds.

■31■ s.m. A bird, the wood-pecker.

mart s. m. An axe.

बुडारी s. f. An axe; an earthen vase prepared for melting gold, silver, &c.. a crucible.

कुक्तना । v. n. To cluck, to cackle कुक्काना । (a laying ken); to speak anguly murmur, grumble.

angrily, murmur, grumble. अवसा s. m. Tribe, cast, family, race.

क्षा s. m. Sweeping, dirt.

ing (of a hen).

बुदंग adj. Unmannerly, ill-bred, rude. Kudhongi, s. f. Unmannerliness, rudeness.

सुद्धन s.f. Grief, sorrow, lamentation, सुद्धना v. n. To grieve, mourn, lament, pine, repine, vex, be afflicted, be angry, or disgusted,

हाइंब adj. Ill-shaped, ill-mannered, ugly, rude.

कुदाबा v. α. To vex, afflict, grieve, trouble, anger, disguet, displease.

क्षपना s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

बुद्धित adj. Ashamed.

pit for sacrifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person. জুজুজ s. m. A large ring worn in the ears; circle; a halo round the sun or moon.

stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it began, it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

चुकती s. m. A coil, ring, curl, a snake.

Kundli banana, To curl.

कछो s.f. A chain or iron catch to fasten a door.

कृतक s.m. Wrong reasoning, false doc-

स्तप है .m. The eighth hour or portion of the day; about noon. सत्तर s.m. That which is gnawed or

bitten off with the teeth. कृतरना v. a. To cut with the teeth.

कृतिक s. m. A puppy ; a cutter. कृतिका } s. f. A young bitch, small

चतुत्रको s. m. An inquisitive person.

सुत्यस s. m. Weakness of the eyes in infants.

ৰুবুছৰ s. m. Eagerness, desire; show, exhibition, sport, pleasure, diversion. pastime, festivity is spectacle. Kut-uhali, adj. Sportive, of sport or festivity.

बासा s.m. A dog.

बुद्धापि adv. Wherever, any where, somewhere. [calumny

ৰুৱা s. f. Reproach, contempt, censure, ক্ৰিল adj. Low, vile, contemptible; contemned, reviled.

बुद्धना र v. n. To leap, bound, jump, बुद्धना र्हाहिस, caper, skip.

सुद्वाना v. a. To cause to dandle, सद्दाना v. a. To dandle; to cause to leap; (nut.) to provoke. water s, m, A kind of dove.

TET s. m. A pick-axe,

ह्यारी s.f. A dibble.

sers s. m. A hoe or kind of spade, a pick-axe, or mattock.

क्रहाकी s.f. A small mattock, a spade, hoe, dibble.

mefe s. f. Weak sight, evil eye.

TEN s. m. Mountain ebony.

প্রভাগ s. m. Mountain ebony (Bauhinia variegata 1: a kind of spade or hoe.

कमश s. m. A disease of the nails. कनको adj. Having bad or diseased nails.

कन्य s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

क नौति s. f. Bad behaviour, ill-manners: impolicy, misgovernment.

कमल s. m. Hair.

事元 s. m. A kind of jasmin (Jasminum grandiflorum).

क न्दन s. m. Pure gold.

बुद्द्र s. m. A medicine.

बन्दरा s. m. A stack, a rick.

ब दला s. m. A kind of tent.

बदो s. f. The act of calendering (cloth) Kundi karna, To calender (cloth); to beat, to cudgel. Kundigar, s. m. A calenderer.

कृद्द s.f. The resin of the Boswelia thurifera, gum Olibanum, or frankincense.

क्षपथ s. m. Deviation, aberration, immorality, profligacy, a bad road; heterodox doctrine, heresy.

कपचनामी adj. Wicked, going in a bad or wrong road.

कपनी s.m. A wanderer, an immoral person.

अपराममं s. m. Bad advice.

wara adj. Unworthy, unfit.

afiga ady. Incensed, angry, offended.

age s. m. A disobedient or wicked son.

4 464 s. m. A low or vile man; a pel-

क पुत s. m. A bad or degenerate son.

क प्या s. m. A large leathern vessel for holding oil, ghee, &c. Kuppa lurhna The decease of a king, &c. Kuppa hona. To become very fat.

कारी s. f. A small leathern vessel for holding oil, ghee, &c.; a vial, a skiu, a leathern bottle.

कद s. m. A hump.

क्यजा adj. Hump-backed, crooked.

कंझ

44€ s. m. A hump. mafe Daughter,

कदेर s. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth.

कदल Difficult, Severe.

कृत्वा बत्ने. Hump-backed.

कुमार्जी s. f. A bad wife. सभाष s. m. Ill-temper, bad disposition, ill-treatment.

m ная в. m. Saffron.

? s. f. Foolishness, stupidity, THE indiscretion. adj. Stupid, foolish; wicked, vicious, injudicious. कुमद } s. m. A white esculent lotus, 3H€ { that expands its petals dur-

ing the night, and closes them in the day-time (Nymphæa esculenta). कुसलना s.m. Bad counsel, ill advice,

intrigue. May s. m. A kind of unleavened bread. Kumach-so munh, A broad face.

mert s. m. A boy ; the son of a raja, a prince.

कुमारिका है s.f. A maiden, a virgin, a बुनारी ∫ princes, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage.

कुमार्च s. m. A bad road ; a bad course. MHE s. m. A white esculent lotus that expands its petals during the night,

and closes them in the day-time | (Nymphæa esculenta).

क सुदिनी s. f. A place abounding in lotuses, &c.

भागेष्ठ्या रे s. m. A small elephant. वामें दिया (

क्षीद s. m. The southern hemisphere or pole.

■ * s. m. A water-pot ; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ko mela, The twelfthyear fair of Hardiwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage. Kumbhni, The sixth-year fair.

क अकार s. m. A potter.

न्यसनामचा s.f. A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

क्षा s. f. A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the Naucles cadamba.

ৰণিকা s. f. A disease of the eyes, hor declum or stye.

बन्धीपास s. m. A hell in which the wicked are supposed to be baked like a potter's vessels.

क कोर s. m. The crocodile of the Ganges, the long-nosed alligator.

न मुख्लामा । v. n. To wither, fade, blast. बनवाना) droop, be blighted, dry up. जन्दार s. m. A potter.

क म्हारनी s. f. A potter's wife or a female potter.

क्न्यारी s. f. An animal resembling a wasp, which builds its house of clay. क म्होर s. m. An alligator, a crocodile.

बरकरी s. f. Belly-fretting.

TT s. m. A deer.

₹ ₹ 8. m. Corundum stone (Adamantinus corundum). . [biflorus). करणी s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos ■ TE s. m. Bad taste, badness of juide or flavour. adj. Bad in taste or flavour.

THE S. m. A kind of coarse sugar. क रीवि s. f. Misconduct, bad manners.

₹ n. pron. An aneient sovereign of Delhi and the country around, Kurukshetar, n. prop. The country near Delki where the great battle was fought between the Kouruva, and the Pandav. Kuru-bansi, adj. Of the race of Kuru.

₹ 8. f. Kuru, or Uttara Kuru, the most northerly of the four Maha Dwipis, or principal division of the known world ; by other systems it is considered as one of the nine divisions or Varshas of the same: in both cases, however it is the country beyoud the northernmost range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean.

■ 5 s. m. A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

क द्वन s. m. The crimson amaranth ; a purple species of Barleria; also a yellow kind.

क्रविन्द s. m. Arnby. क इ किस कदिला ।

क इप adj. Deformed, ngly. s. m. Ugliness.

च दपता s. f. Ugliness.

कड़पी adj. Ugly, ill-made, frightful, deformed.

करेलना v. a. To poke.

क्ष र s.f. Sweepings, rubbish.

बा के s. f. Belly-fretting ..

क क्षींच s.f. A bound, spring, jump.

क्ष s.m. A tortoise, a turtle ; the second Hindu mythological incarnation.

auf s. m. A tribe of husbandmen.

क्यों s. f. The state of a bird sitting at case and in security, trimming its wings with its beak ; (hence) ease,

security, hope, confidence of success, Kuryal men ghuleta lagna, To be disappointed or fail into misfortune in the moment of security, or when sure of success.

Til s. f. Gristle, cartilage.

क चंत s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

ৰ জ s. m. Family, pedigree, race, tribe or caste, relations, household.

क लक्ता s. m. Gargling.

क्षात्री इ. f. The itch.

क ब कब s. m. Miscouduct, bad temper; ugliness.

ब्या adj. Of bad signs or featuress, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

ৰু জবা s. m. Capital, principle, stock in trade. [(a horse).

কুৰাৰ adj. Cutting behind in walking কুৰাৰ s.m. A plant (Alpinia galanya or Galanga major); a seed (Nigella sativa).

3821 s. f. An unchaste woman, one by whom the family honour is injured, a prostitute.

कुलरो s. f. Red arsenic.

5 जतारण s. m. A youth who is a credit to his family, the saviour of his family.

কুৰুৱা s.f. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes, also as an astringent to sores. [biflorus.

इनसी s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos कुन्देश s.f. The goddess of a family, any female deity worshipped in particular by a family through successive generations.

. কুল হী ভী s. m. Une who brings disgrace, or reproach on his family.

कुलपची s. m. Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or cast, peculiar duty of caste or race. নুলবাস s. m. A' reprobate, an out-caste. বুজ্বনি s. m. Head or chief of a family, নুজ্বনাজৰ adj. Nourshing or providing for a family.

कुलपालि s. f. A chaste woman.

ক্তৰ্ম s.m. The object of worship or of reverence of a family; a family priest. [noble family.

बुलक्ष् s. f. A virtuous woman of a

जुलबुका ady. Vermicular.

কুজৰুপাৰা v. a. To itch; to fidget; to writhe (as a worm or snake); to grumble or rumble (the bowels).

ক্ৰমন্ত্ৰ s. m. Vermicular motion, কুলাক্ত adj. One who disgraces his

কুৰৰাত্ত *adj.* One who disgraces his family.

कुत्तवीष्ट्रण v. a. To disgrace one's family. कुत्तवा s. m. A sansage.

জনবন ady. Of a good or noble seared ady. f. Chaste, of pure or noble descent; a gentle woman.

कुलवान ady. Well-born, of good or noble family, or noble descent.

হুজা s.f. A falcon's hood, a boy's cap.

जनहा s. m. A cup larger than kulhiya, an earthen vessel to drink out of.

इसचप s. m. Misconduct, bad temper, ugliness.

ছবাৰ adj. Of bad signs or features, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened. ছবাৰ s.f. A bound, spring, leap, jump.

bounce. Kulanch marna, To bound or skip.

peculiar to a tribe or caste, peculiar, duty of caste or race.

TTIM 8. m. A potter.

sound, a great and indistinct noise tumult, uproar.

sufful s.f. A cup, a small round vessel. Kulhiya men gur phorná (lit. to dreak a lamp of, coarse sugar in a small cup). To endeuvour to do with few hands a work which requires many. Kulhiya lagána, Cupping.

কুত্তীকৰ s. m. A drug (the root of Piper betel).

জ্বীন adj, Noble, of respectable descent, well-born, of a good family, genteel. জ্বীনাৰ s.f. Nobility, respectibility ক্ৰীনাৰ of descent, gentility.

बनाग s. m. A kind of pickle.

ब्रह्मा s. m. } Gargling or rinsing the mouth,

करहाड़ी s. f. An axe, a hatchet.

ing. [low language.

3444 s. m. A water-lily.

कुवाका s. m. Abuse, evil-speaking.

कुविचार s. m. A wrong decision.

of wealth. [reigns.

बुरावाच s.m. The place where Kuver ब्रोबा s. f. An unsuitable time, unreasonable time.

nay s.m. A species of grass used in many solemn and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass (Pos cynoruroides), the sacred grass of the Hindus.

স্থান s. m. Welfare, happiness, জনতান s.f. Well-being, health, prosperity, safety.

ক্তমন্ত্ৰন s.f. Well-being, health, happiness, welfare. [fare.

क्षभम s. m. Enquiry after one's wel-क्षमजनवाज s. m. Happiness and welfare. क्षमजा odj. Happy, well, right.

क्ष्मकात है s.f. Happiness, ease, pros. क्षमबात है perity. ন্ত্ৰাৰ adj. Auspicious, favourable; happy, prosperous.

নুষ্টাৰ s. m. A seat or mat made of the Kusha grass.

ৰ দিৰ Name of Bissamitra.

क्रमीब ady. Ill-behaved, rude, wicked; evil-disposed, ill-tempered.

क्रमीजना s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct ; bad disposition, ill temper.

कुशीखन s. m. An actor, nimine, dancer.

52 s. m. Leprosy, of which eighteen varieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance.

ন্ত s. m. A plant (Costus speciosus). কুডনামূল s. m. White mustard; a sort of van.

कुष्टनाथनी s. f. A plant (Psoralia corylifolia).

adj. Leprous; a leper.

a religious ceremony, a certain rite performed as a penance or expiation.

STW s. m. Bad company.

क्रमरात s. f. Health, happiness, welfare.

इसीद s. m. Usury, the profession of usury; any loan or thing lent to be repaid with interest.

कुरोहा adj. A money-lender.

ন্ত্ৰাইন adj. One who follows the profession of usury.

क्षति } s. m. Evil intersourse, bad company.

Sun s. m. A flower with which clothes are dyed red, bastard, saffron, safflower (Carthamus tinctorius); the menstrual discharge; ophthalmia, disease of the eyes.

कुषुभाकन s. m. The culx of brass used as a collyrium. [ripe. कृषुनित s. m. Blossoming, full blossom, THE s. m. Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius).

THAT s. m. The dve of safflower; (met.) an infusion of bhang (Cannabis sativa) used for intoxication.

न सन्ती adj. Cloths dyed with safflower.

3 wy s. m. A bad dream, night-mare. कुइनी s. f. The elbow.

TTT s. m. Fog. mist.

क्रदान s. m. Lamentation, weeping.

क्रष्टासा s. m. A fog, a mist.

करी s. f. A species of hawk.

5 The notes of the kekila or kovel.

कुइकना v. n. To sound (as konels do).

कदरी adj. Yellow eyed.

ज्ञा s. m. 1 well.

कुष s. m. The little red and black seed which goldsmiths use for weights (Abrus precatorius).

TT s. m. A breast, the female breast. कृपना v. To chew, to masticate, to pound, कु बर adj. Jibbing, refractory, stubborn.

कु ची s. f. A brush. уя s. m. The name of a bird, perhaps

the crane. कृत s. m. Conjecture, guess.

THE s. m. A well; an angle or corner (of the eye) ; slice, division (of the jack fruit) Cocoon (of the silk worm).

THIE s. m. The sixth Hindu month (Sept.-Oct.)

क्यार्पण s. m. The state of a bachelor or virgin, celfbacy,

wart s. m. An unmarried person, a bacheler.

कुणारी s. f. A maid. a virgin.

an s. f. Sobbing, crying. Kúk marna, To cry, to sob.

कुक्ता v. a. To sob, cry. scream ; to vociferate or call (as the kokil), v. a. To wind up (a watch, clock, &c.)

ज़क्र s. m. A dog.

वृक्तरचाल s.f. A trot.

कुक्करसुता s m. A mushroom (growing on wood), a toadstool.

कुकरी s.f. A bundle of thread : maize. Indian corn (Zea mais); the gripes.

99 s. m. Cooing : a dove : an omelet. कविका s. f. A small brush or hair pencil.

कृषिका s.f. A small tamarind : part of the ear, the lobe.

TET s. m. A tuft, cluster.

कता s. m. An earthen water pot.

TE s. m. Paper used to make pasteboard. s. f. Mimickry; illusion; fraud, deceit, trick; falsehood.

कटना s. f. Falsehood, fraud.

कटना v. a. To pound, beat, bray, macerate : to endeel. ffiction.

कटस्य s. m. Situated at the summit. कुटार्थभिषता s. f. A. tale, a story, के.

Tel s. m. Sweepings, dirt, rubbish.

as adj. Foolish, stupid, simpleton. will s. m. A vessel (earthen) for kneading bread in. a platter. Kunda

Test s. f. A vesnel (of stone) in which snuff, bhang, &c. are ground.

karna, To prosper.

TR s. m. Survey, a task, guess, anpraisement : estimate : the base of a right angled triangle.

THE s. m. One of the rules in nrithmetic or algebra.

कृतना'ण. d. To value, to appraise. क्द s. f. A spring, jump, leap, hound.

कदना v. a. To leap, bound, jump, (met.) rejoice; to boast. Kúdna-phandana, To jump about, to leap, (about, as for joy)

कृताचे s. f. A scrap.

Test s. m. A kind of tent.

Ty s. m. A well; a hole, a hollows

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कृषी s. f. A small well.

सूपेरा adj. Unlucky.

mas s. m. A hump.

क्षड़ा adj. Humpbacked, crooked.

कुनांक s.m. A kind of bread.

जुन्दलरेनी v. n. To break into a house by penetrating through the wall.

m adj. Cruel. savage, pitiless ; violator.

जूरमी s. f. A scoop.

द्या s. f. A tortoise, a turtle; the second Hindu mythological incarnation. दश s. m. A bank, a shore; a heap, a

mound; a pond or pool.

क्षा s. m. The hip. [cooley. क्षी s, m. A labourer, porter, carrier, a कररा s. m. A hump-backed man.

ब्हा s.f. Fog, mist.

and adj. Done, made, performed; fit, proper. s. f. Fruit, consequence; the first of the four ages of the world, the golden age or Sata jug. adv. Completely finished.

क्तचन s. m. An ungrateful person.

লালী adj. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices, neglectful of favours, an ingrate.

क्रमधनाई s. f. Ingratitude.

san adj. Grateful, remembering foruier aid or favors.

क्तचता e.f. Gratitude.

कतनुत s. m. The first of the four ages of the world, the Sata-yug.

জনাৰ্থ adj. The granting of supplication, the fulfilment of a request, successful, having obtained one's purpose or accomplished one's design.

क्रताचेता s. f. Success, accomplishment of an object.

sions, or constellations in the moon's

path, consisting of six stars, and corresponding to the pleiades.

कृतिम ad). Made, factitious, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced.

हाविसपुत s. m. An adopted son ; one of the twelve kinds recognized in law.

स्तिमनिष्य s. m. An acquired friend, one on whom benefits have been conferred or from whom they have been received.

क्या s.f. An action, a charm, witchery. बटन s.m. Derivative from a verb; name of a treatise on syntax.

ays adi: Miserly, avaricious.

क पण } s. m. Miser.

क्रपणता इ. f. Stinginess.'

क्षपा s.f. Tenderness, compassion, favor, kindness, pity, mercy, affection, hounty.

muru s. m. A sword, a seimitar or sacrificial knife.

क्रपानिधान s. m. The abode of mercy, the mansion of kindness.

ह पापास s. m. An object of compassion. हापास adi. Compassionate, tender, merciful, liberal, kind, benevolent; obliging, propitious.

क्षपामय adj. Compassionate.

क्रपासिंधु s. m. Ocean of grace, mercy or kindness. [hearted.

लपाडीन odj. Unfeeling, unkind, hard-लिन s. m. A worm, an insect in general; las, the rod dye, which is in fact an insect.

sing adj. Vermifuge, anthelmintic. s. m. A shrub used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly called Birong (Erycibs paniculats).

ज्ञानिक s.m. Agallochum.

mfunt s. f. Lac. a red dve so called.

क्रानिड्नक s. m. Tooth-ache with decay of the teeth.

क्रानिस adj. Having worms, wormy.

हासिला s. f. A fruitful woman, one bearing many children.

क्रिनेश्चर adj. Anthelmintic, vermifuge. जमी adj. Affected with worms.

तम adj. Small, thin, little, minute; spare, emaciated.

हायता s. f. Smallness, slenderness, spareness, leanness, thinness, emaciatedness shape.

हमाड़ी s. f. A woman with a slender. क बाहु s.m. Fire.

हायह s. m. A husbandman, a peasaut. हावाज s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

हाथि s. f. Husbandry, agriculture; plonghing, cultivating the soil, &c.

aw ady. Black, dark blue. n. prop. One of the Hindu mythological incarnations: he is distinct from the ten Avatars or incarnations, being identified with the deity.

क्रणपरन s. m. A plant (Poinciana pulcherrima).

awazı s. f. The Indian spikenard.

क्रमजीरस s. m. Culonji. a plant having a small black seed which is used for medical and culinary purposes (Nigella Indica).

क्रणता s. f. Blackness.

क्षणामर s. m. A kind of Sandal wood, of a dusky copper hue.

must s.m. The dark half of a month, the fifteen days during which the moon is in the wane.

क्रमायल s. m. A fruit, the Corindo.

that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, a muriate of soda. क्षतीइ s. m. The loadstone.

a wait s. m. The black antelope.

कृषानदी s. f. A river, possibly the river Krishne in the Decan.

ৰুষাৰাধ s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus
religions).

कृषात्रित adj. Devoted to or the yotary of Krishna. [ness.

THE S. f. Slenderness, spareness lean-

बेथोड़ा s. m. A flower (Pandanus odoratissimus).

के पदा s. m. An earthworm.

बेबडा s. m. A. crab.

केकर adj. Squint-eyed.

के का s. f. The cry of a peacock.

देवी s. m. A peacock. [colocasia).

क पत

নিমুল s. m. An esculent root (Arum কিন্তা s. m. A sapling.

चेतको s.f. A flower (Pandanus odora-

क्रेस pron. How much ? how many ? क्रेसिक adj. Some, a few. a little.

and s. m. The dragon's tail or descending node; in astronomy the ninth of the planets; in mythology, a demon; a comet, a falling-star, &c.

केतृतारा s.f. A comet.

होताल s. m. One of the nine great division of the known world, the western portion or Varsh of Jambu Dwig.

बेतुरब s. f. Lapis lazuli.

भेदार s.m. A field; a mountain the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya mountain. (fomentoes).

बेल् s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros बेल्फ s. m. A sort of ebony, that yields a species of tar (Diospyros glutinoso). s. m. The poles; the centre of a circle. [per arm.

बंग s. m. A bracelet worn on the up-

बेलन s. f. A daughter-in law.

केशा s. m. A plantain (tree or fruit) ; banana.

নিৰি s. f. Play, sport, pastime, amusement, amorous dalliance, coition. (atissimus).

coition, [atissimus). केवड़ा s.f. A flower. (Pandanus odor-

केवर्ग } s. m. A fisherman.

南本町 adj. One, alone, only, solely, completely, peculiary; all, entire, whole s. m. A species of knowledge, probably that of the unity of God. adv. Completely, peculiarly, only, solely.

देश s.f. Cowitch (Dolichos pruriens). देश s.m. The shutter or fold of a door, a door.

देवजी s. f. Horoscope, nativity.

केश s. m. The hair of the head, a cock's comb.

sar (Mesua ferrea); a shrub used in dying Rottleria tinctoria).

केशरिन है s.m. A lion.

केंबरेब s. m. A tress or fillet of hair. केंबारेबी conj. Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair.

वंशी s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the head.

बेसर s. m. Saffron (Crocus satious). बेसरिया adj. Yellow or saffron-coloured. बेसरिया s. m. A'lion.

pron. How many ? adj. Several. conj. Or, either. Ky-ek, or Ky-i-sk, Some, few.

केंचली s. f. The slough or skin of as snake.

कराटक s. m. A species of poison one of the fixed kinds.

केत s. m. A tree (Teronia elephantum). केया s. m. An intoxicating drink made from the fruit of the Kuta.

के चित्र s. f. The wife of a Kayesth.

केवी s. f. The Kythi-Nagari characters used chiefly by Kayasth about Patna, and the adjacent country.

कैन s. f. A bamboo twig.

केरी s. f. A small unripe mango. Kyri-ankh. s. f. A wall-eye, an eye

the pupil of which is grey. केव s.f. A sprout, a shoot.

fants. m. The mountain Kylas. the fabulous residence of Kuner, and favourite hamt of Shiv: it is placed by the Hindus amongst the Himaloya mountains, and the name is given to one of the Inftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manus lake.

के रचे s. m. A fisherman, a waterman. के रख s. m. Eternal emancipation, fortune happiness.

हैन। } prov. How? in what manner? what sort of? what like? Kysahi, Howsoever.

os. To, for.

wit s. f. The water-lily (Nymphaa lotus) the pulp of the jack fruit (Artocorpus integrifolia).

pron. Any, any one, any body,
some one, a. Some body.
Koi-ra, certain, somebody, something.
Koi nah koi, Somebody or other, some
or other. Koi nahin, Nobody. none.
Koi dam men, Soon, shortly, immediately.

alvel s. m. A planter, a husbandman, a gardener, a Hindu cast whose profession is husbandry.

कोएला s. m. Charcoal,

को जना ए. a. To prick, pierce, stab, gore. alts s. m. A gourd, a sweet pumpkin (Cucurbita pepo).

कीपल s. f. A young shoot, a bud, anunblown flower. Sarka.

with s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas cawiw s. m. A foster brother, nurse's child; a small nail, a tack; a kind of lotus.

की किनी adj. Short.

wifes) s. m. The black or Indian को देख | cuckoo (Cuculus) : the kokil makes a prominent figure in Hindu poetry, and is supposed by his musical cry to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

की किसबेनी adi. Speaking like a kokil, eloquent as the kokil.

कीख ? s. f. The womb, the abdomen, wier hypochondrium.

कांच्य adj. Barren.

TITE s. m. The name of a country, Konkun, in the peninsula.

की जाबर s. m. The day of full moon in the month Aswin (Sept.-Oct.): Who is awake? the call of Lukshmi, who · descending on this night promised wealth to all that were awake, hence the night is spent in festivity and games of chance in honor of the goddess.

witz s. m. A fort, redoubt, stronghold,

Tize s. m. A kind of greens; holes made by bird in trees.

affe adj. A crore or ten millions.

wit s. m. A fort, a caste, a stronghold. s. m. A species of leprosy with | sits. m. Inflammation and ulceration

large round spots; ring-worm, impe-Closet. tigo.

कोडरी s. f. A room, chamber, apartment, wild s. m. A house built of burnt bricks or stone ; a story, a floor,

बोदी s, f. A small (brick) house, a warehouse, a granary, dwelling, mausion, barrack, chamber, bank, chest, bin, storehouse, factory; a bankinghouse; the chamber of a gun, the inside or shaft of a well ; the womb; the ferrule or mounting at the end of a scabbard. Kothiwal, A wholesale merchant, a warehouse-keeper.

की हीर odv. Out of place.

कोड s. m. The leprosy.

कीडमा v. a. To dig out, to scoop, bore, hollow, excavate.

कोच्याचा s. m. The name of a bird, of a snake, and of a flower,

कीका s. m. A whip, a lash. Kora karna, To whip : to reduce to obedience ; to put a horse to his speed by whipping. ¡Kora márna, To lash.

बीको s. f. A score, twenty.

कोड s.m. The leprosy. Korh-men khaj nikalna, In leprosy to catch the itch; (met.) to have one misfortune added to another.

कीदना v. a. To vex, to afflict, to grieve. कोडी adj. A leper.

will s. m, A corner, an angle. Konch dar, ady. Cornered, angled.

कीचा s. m. Corner, side. Konakuthra. s. m. A corner of a room, house, &c., hole and corner, every corner.

affe adi. Having a crooked arm.

alle s. m. A led-horse. Kotalkash, s. m. A surcingle, particularly for fastening body-clothes.

चोत्रहोर s.f. A kind of greens, coriander.

of the angles of the eyelids; gangrene.

बोहर } s. m. A small grain (Pospa-बोहर } lum fruksentaceum).

कीषा s m. A corner, an angle, a side. Konadar, adj. Cornered, angular. कीच s.f. A spear.

কাণ s. m. Wrath, rage, passion, anger. কাণজন্মিৰ adj. Enraged, inflamed with wrath. [anger.

चीपरीप्त adj. Incensed, inflamed with

कांचना v. n. To be angry, to be wrathful, to rage. s.f. A passionate woman. कोचनान adj. Passionate, angry.

कीपवेग s.m. Violence, impetuosity of passion.

कीपाक व adj. Furious, enraged.

कोपानित adj: Passionate, angry, rageiul, wrathful.

बोपिनी } adj. Angry, passionate, wrath-बोपी } ful.

कोपीन s.f. A cloth worn (round the waist) between the legs.

क्षोबो s.f. A cabbage. [placid. कामल adg. Soft, bland, tender, mild, कामलता s.f. Softness, placidity, tenderness, mildness, agreeableness.

कीनजताई s. f. Softness. कांग्य s. m. A corner, an angle.

बायल s. f. A bird (Cuculus); a flower Clitoria ternatea).

कीवजा s. m. Charcoal.

ৰাং s. f. Edge, border, margin, side, point. s. m. A crore or ten millions. কাৰে s. m. A bud, an unblown flower. ৰাবে adj. New, unused, unhandled, unblowed for the state of the second for the second f

bleached, fresh (applied chiefly to earthen vessels, cloth or paper). Kora rahna, To be disappointed.

बोरको s.f. Small cardamums. होरी s.f. A virgin. कीरी s. m. A rafter.

narrow passage, a lane; embracing, an embrace; a tribe of mountainners, the Coles; a country, Calinga, the modern sea cost from Cuttack to Madras.

कीका s. m. A jackal.

কীভাছৰ s. m. Uproar, clutter, tumult, mirth, a confused or mingled sound, a noise made by many or a great and indistinct noise.

कीलिया s. m. A lane. [the lap. कीलिया ना v. a. To embrace, to take in कोली s. m. A weaver.

की कु s. m. An oilman, a cast whose business it is to sell oil.

कीर्व adv. Lap, bosom, embrace.

ৰীজ্ম s. m. An oilman's press. Kolhumen purwa dena, To macerate (any thing in a press, &c.

कोविदार s. m. A species of ebony (Buuhinia varieyata).

कोश s. m. A measure of about two miles; a piece added to the end of a sleeve, a cuff.

की भना v. a. To curse.

को सलं s. m. f. A name of the city of rjodhya (Oude) or neighbouring district.

बोधवा s. f. The country south of Ajodhya (Oude) or Ajodhya itself.

कोगड़िक s. f. Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from Hernia humoralis, or hydrocele, &c.

will s. m. A sheath, a scabbard; a judicial trial by oath or ordeal, attesting a deity and touching or drinking water three times in which some itid has been washed; a testicle or the scrotum; a nutmeg; a dictionary or vocabulary.

which grain is kept; an apartment; any viscus, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowols, &c.

where s. m. The digestive faculty, the gastric juice.

कीसना v. s. To curse.

कीमजी s. m. New leaves just sprouting.

कीसा s. m. Curse, malediction.

को पनी s.f. The elbow.

cristatellus).

দ্বীস্থা s. m. Fog, mist; name of a fruit. দ্বীস্থা s. f. A species of hawk (Falco

al postpos. Of, belonging to.

m postpos. Denoting the objective case. To for.

कें। s. f. Splendour, brightness, flash (as of lighting).

कें।धना v. n. To lighten, to flash.

कें।धा s. m. Lightning.

कें रखा s. m. A kind of orange.

कोइ। s. m. A shell of a large kind, कोडियाका s. m. A kind of snake; a

कीडिशासा s. m. A kind of snake; । wealthy person.

with s. m. A small shell used as coin (Cypran monits); money, fare, hire; a gland; the point of the sternum, or ensiform cartilage. Kouri-bhik, adj. Venal. Phuti kouri, or Kani kouri, A bit of money of the lowest value, (fg.) a farthing.

sport, pastime, diversion, play, trick, show, a scene or spectacle.

নীনুদ্ধী s.m. A tumbler, a dancer, one who contributes to divert by exhibitions, &c. adj. Sportive, of pastime or diversion.

what pron. Who? which? what? Kounso, which? what? what sort of?

चौपीन s. m. A privy part, a small piece of cloth worn over the privities. भौनार s. m. Youth, childhood, Koumári, adj. maiden, virgin.

कोसुद s. m. The month Kartik (October-November).

सीसुदी s. f. Moonlight.

कीर s. m. A mouthful,

Paudavas, the patronymics of two families descended from Kuru by their respective fathers Diritardistra and Pandu.

कौरव s. m. A descendant of Kuru.

adj. Of a good family, well-born.
s. m. A mouthful.

बीखर s. m. One of the astrological periods called Karanas.

को ना s. m. Corner, side (of a room &c.) embrace, bosom, armful; a kind of orange.

की बिक adj. Ancestral,

की लिया s. f. A small mouthful,

नीलियाना v. a. To take in the arms, or the lap, to embrace.

कीची s. f. Embrace, grasp of the arms. कीच s. m. A crow. [tea].

ৰীগাইঠী s. f. A flower (Clitoris terna-কীয় s. m. Canyakubja, or Canouge, the ancient city, so called.

कौश्ल s. m. Happiness, welfare, &c.

बोबडो इ. f. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry; a respectful present.

कोशस्य १.m. Good fortune, well-being, &c. कोशिको ३. f. Name of a river.

कोश्य } odj. Silken, of silk.

कीस्थ adj. Dyed with safflower.

দীবাদ s. m. The jewel of Krishna suspended on his breast. [or.

wift s. f. A bed (of a garden); a frame. बात ado. Why? wherefore? how? well? what? then, because. काकर adv. Why? how? wift adv. Because that.

क्रदग s. m. Weeping, lamenting.

ян s. m. Order, method; uninterrupted progress.

क्रि s. m. An insect, a worm.

जब s. m. Buying, purchase.

ऋयविकय s. m. Trade, traffic, buying and selling.

कानि s.f. Ascending, surmounting either in a literal or figurative sence; the sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic; declination of a planet; splendour, lustre.

क्रान्तिमञ्जल s. m. The ecliptic.

ज़िमी s. m. A worm, an insect : lac. which is the accumulation of an insect.

जिया s. f. Deed, an act, action; a religious act; obsequies; a verb; an oath. Kriyá-karm, s. m. The performance of obsequies.

क्रियेन्दिय s. m. An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion.

की डा s. f. Sport, play, pastime, pleasure, amusement, game.

क्रीड़ारब s. m. Copulation

की जावन adj. Sporting, sportive. कीव adj. Bought, purchased.

क्रोतब s. m. A son bought from his

natural parents, and adopted as male issne

कीता s. m. A son one of the twelve kinds acknowledged by the ancient Hindu law; he who is purchased from his natural parents.

क्रोपिन s. m. The Aguru or aloe wood.

me adj. Angry, wrathful.

क्ष s.f. Anger, passion.

at adj. Cruel, pitiless, hard-hearted, harsh, savage; formidable, terrible.

जारकार् adj. Fierce, cruel, unrelenting. क्रकीष s. m. Torpid or costive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives.

क्राता s. f. Cruelty, fierceness.

क्रम adj. Mischievous, villanous ; evileyed.

mlu s. m. Anger, wrath, passion, rage.

adj. Passionate, angry, wrath-क्रीधिन ful, choleric.

कोधना s. m. A passionate woman, a vixen.

क्रीधमय adj. Angry, passionate.

कीधननित ady. Free from wrath, mild. calm.

क्रीधवम adj. Passionate, violent. जोधी adj. Angry, passionate.

कोश s. m. A. measure of distance, a league, a Kos, containing 4,000 cubits; some make the Kos 8,000 cubits.

कीच s. m. One of the Dwipas, or principal divisions of the world.

कान adj. Wearied ; depressed in spirits or exhausted. flancholy. कान्तमना adj Low-spirited, languid, memife s. f. Fatigue, Weariness.

adi. Distressed, afflicted. wearied.

कींव s.m. The neuter gender ; an ennuch. adj. Weak, impotent ; idle, slothful. केंद्र s. m. Wetness, dampness, moisture. an s.m. Pain, affliction or distress: pain from disease, anguish; worldly occupation, care, trouble.

क्रों भ्रम adj. Pained, distressed, afflicted. क्रेंच s. m. Absence of virility, impotence; the neuter gender; unmanliness, cowardice, &c.

The second consonant of the Nagri alphabet: is is a guttural and has the sound of the English kh.

₹ s. m. Heaven ; sky or æther ; vacuity. खंबाली s. f. A plant (Polypody), a kind of moss.

संखड adj. Dry and crackling.

खंखारना n.a. To hem, hawk, expectorate. eint s. m. Semi-vitrified bricks.

खंगालडाखना v. a. To murder privately. खंगालना To wash, rinse.

खंगेन adj. Tusked.

बंजन s. m. A small bird, a wagtail.

खंजरी s. f. A small tambourin, a timbrel. લંજ s. m. Side, quarter, division of the earth, region, division of a house, apartment; part, piece. fragment, portion; a chapter, section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Pudmawat.

खंडन s. m. The act of reducing any thing to pieces, the rescinding of an order, the refuting of an argument. the removing of any calamity, the thwarting of any scheme : breaking. dividing.

खंडनकरना v. a. To cut up, to quarter, to ent to pieces, to divide : to refute. खंडना v. a. To refute.

चंडर s. m. A rujnons and broken-down building, ruins of a town or house, &c. बंडरीच s. m. A small bird, a wagtail.

चंडना s. m. A flake, a slice (especially of fish) a division or piece (of land). खंडितकरना v. a. To refute. interrupt. prevent.

wifers s. f. A woman, who, provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

es s. m. District, province, division, section.

संदीर adj. Turbid.

with s. f. A paidle for digging the ground, a dibble.

खंदाना s. m. A pit from which earth has been dug out to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood.

wis s. m. A pillar, a post. Kham thakna, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory no wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

खचीरना v. c. To scoop, scrape.

खन s. m. A bird; air, wind, Khages. s. m. The adjutant bird.

खतील s.m. The vault or circle of the heavens, the planisphere; the same represented artificially, the armillary sphere.

खगीसविद्या s. f. Astronomy.

खना v. n. To be set (as a jewel). खबर s. m. A cloud.

war ? adj. Set (as a jewel), set with खनित (jewels, inlaid.

खजर s. m. A date, or date tree (Phenix dactylifera); wild date (Elate sylvestris or Phenix sylvestris); a kind of sweetment. Khajur chhari. A kind of silk cloth stained with waving marks like the traces of the old leaves on the trunk of the date tree.

चनरा s. m. The ridge of a thatched roof.

खनरिया s. m. A date.

बच adj. Lame, crippled, limping.

सम्बद्ध s. m. A small bird, the wagtail (Motacilla alba).

चन्दी s. m. A small tambourin, a timbrel. चचरीट s. m. A wagtail.

WHI S. m. A species of metre, a stanza of two lines, one of 32, the other of 30 feet.

WZ adj. Six. Khat-ras, Six, tastes. Khut-shastra, The six philosophical sciences of the Hindus (called otherwise (Khat-darshana), viz. Niyaya, Logic, taught by Gotama : Vusheshika, taught by Kanada: it agrees with Nivaya in some points and differs in others : Mimansa, taught by Jymani; it consists of rules for the construction and right interpretation of the Vedas : Vedanta, taught by Vyasadeva : the science of theology ; Sankhya, taught by Kapila: the followers of this sect disbelieve in a Creator. saying that the universe is from all eternity; Patan-jala, introduced by Shesanaga: it agrees in every point with Sankhya, excepting that it makes God to be the Creator.

चट 8. f. A bedstead.

चटकना v. n. To wrangle, to offend, to wrankle, to pierce (as a thorn): to doubt, to be apprehensive, s. m. Doubt, hesitation, disgust.

₹2 81 8. m. Apprehension, suspicion, aza doubt, suspense, abodement; sound of footsteps.

चटकाना s. m. Rapping, thumping, rattling (of a door, &c.).

बटबटाना v. a. To knock, tap, pat, rap. बरगीरक s. m. A bug.

बंदेडवार 8. m. A bedstead with curtains. खटना v. n. To last.

Ways s.f. Wrangling, contention, quarrel; clashing of weapons.

TENG 8. W. A bug.

बटमीटा s. m. A mixed taste of sour and sweet; agreeable. Cordantly. चटरान s. m. A wrangling ; singing dis-

खटरिया s. m. An insect.

श्रटना 8. f. A bedstead.

खडरारा s. m. A dunghill.

wzit s.f. Acidity, sourness; an acid. चटाका s. m. A crash.

चटापटी s.f. Wrangling.

wein s. m. Spring-tide.

wzis s. m. A pin with which a boat is fastened.

खटास s. m. A polecat.

षरिया s. f. A bedstead, a bier. Khuda kare uski khatyo nikle. God grant his bier may be carried out, or he may die (a common form of cursing).

खटी क s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game.

बटीचा s. m. A small bedstead.

चहा adj. Acid, sour. Khatta-ság, 8. m. The herb sorrel. Khatta-sa, adj. Sourish, acetons.

खद्दास s. m. The civet or zibet cat (Viverra zibetha), a polecat.

चहिन t. m. A hunter one who lives by killing and selling game.

WE s. m. A labourer.

WEI s. f. A bedstead.

बडंब adj. Dry, dried up.

खड़क s. f. A cow-house or cow-shed ; an imitative sound. Kharak jana. To take warning, to be apprized.

खड़बना v. n. To rustle, to rattle, clang. बड़बा s. m. Doubt, apprehension; a tooth pick.

चड्डाना v. n. To creak, clatter, rattle, jar; to grind the teeth; to snore. THE WINE S. f. Creaking, clatter, rat-

tling, jarring (as a door), snoring.

TET 2. m. A sword or scimitar.

च्यूच्यूच्य } s.f. Hurry, bustle, commotion, tumult ; uproar ; noise of horse's feet 'in galloping ; gripping on going to stool.

बद्भंडन s.f. Wrangling.

WEIT S. m. A whetstone, a grindstone. wer adj. Erect, upright, standing up, standing, steep, high, aground, ready, ripe perpendicular. Khara karna, To raise, station, place, stay or stop, stick up, place erect, procure a fictitious person for some purpose. Khara hona. To stand up, be erect, rise, stand. Khara rahana, v.n. To stand, stay, remain standing.

ৰঙ্গেজ s.m. Pattens (wooden) Kharaundar, A kind of shoes fastened to pattens.

खाइवा s. m. Chalk.

षश्चित s. f. A morter.

বস্তুটি s. f. Chalk. Kat-khari, s. f. A species of steatites with which children learn to write and which is used in giving a polish to stucco.

wrist, a bracelet.

चड़े खड़े adv. Soon, immediately, instantly, presently, quickly.

खड़न s. m. f. A sword.

खड s. f. Straw.

www.m. Side, quarter, region, division of a house, apartment; part, piece, fragment, portion; a chapter. section; sugar (coarse): the songs of Padmawat; a flaw in a jewol.

सञ्जन s. m. Breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces, rescinding an order, refuting an argument, removing of any, calamity, thwarting of any scheme.

सञ्ज्ञान v. a. To cut up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to refute. सञ्जा v. a. To refute.

चांदात adj. Out, torn, broken in pieces; destroyed; refuted, controverted; scattered, dispersed. [terrupt. चांद्रतस्थान o. a. To refute, prevent, in-चांद्रतस्थान s.f. A woman, who provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

बतरानी s. f. The female of Khatri.

खतवारा s. m. A dunghill.

ৰবা s. m. A grain-pit, a cavity in which grain is kept.

खने s. m. One of the four Hindu castes, a man of the military tribe. Khatrani, s. f. The female of Khatri.

खटबटाना v. n. To simmer, to make a boiling noise.

षदिर s. m. A tree, the resin which is used in medicine, Kattha or catechu.
(Mimosa catechu). [bica].

खिंदरीपम s. m. The Babul Mcscia Ara-खरी s. m. A grass that grows in ponds. खरेख s. f. Pursuit.

खटेडूना v. a. To oursue, to hunt.

ৰব'. m. A division of a house, a story (of a building). a flight of rooms: a mine; a certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c., of the moon.

खनाना s. m. A pit from which earth has been dug to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood. [mango. खपटा s. m. A broken tile; a slice of खपत adj. Expanded. s. f. Vent, sale. खपती s. f. Vent, sale, a lunstic.

want v n. To be dried up or absorbed; to sell, go off, be expended or made away with; to remain, join, mix with, enter, penetrate. s. m. A company (of travellers, &c.

warrs. m. A tile; an arrow with a broad point.

बपरी s.f. A small tile; the skull. बपरेंच s.f A tiled house, tilling. buildy ing of tlies, स्रपास s. f. A piece torn off from a hamboo. a splinter; a very lean person. स्पाना v. a. To dry up, destroy, make away with, despatch, ravage.

age s. m. The betal tree (Areco funfel, or catechu).

chafing dish; an earthen cup used by jogis; the vessel in which the blood of a victim is offered.

खनमा s. m. Slime.

चना adj. Left-handed.

we s. m. A pillar, a post. Khom thoukna, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory to wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

THE adj, Sultry.

अमनाई s. f. Sultriness.

THIT s. f. A musical mode.

चनीयन a. m. Lassitude, weariness, slee-

s. m. A pillar, a post.

at s. f. Grass, straw. s. m. An ass.

बर्जा s. m. Pavement, causeway.

ৰাৰ s. f. A cow-house, or cowshed.

বাৰা v. a. To thump, to shake; to
frighten away, to put to flight; to

बरवरा १. m. A currycomb.

करकरिया s. f. A chair, a litter.

बरहरा adj. Rough.

sell.

garment which extends from the armpit down the side.

loping; tumult, uprogar.

ato s. m. A stone or grinding medicine on, a mortar.

wev s.f. Straw.

WITT s. m. A currycomb.

खरहा s. m. A hare, a rabbit,

सरहारना v. a. To sweep. [grass. सरही s. f. A stack, a rick; a kind of सरा adj. Pure, prime, best sort, genuine, honest, candid, sincere, strict.

चराई s.f. Purity, excellence, probity, rectitude, trustiness, honesty, candour.

खराका s. m. A crashing noise.

क्राइट s. f. The stalk of burnt grass.

खरी s. f. Oil-cake; chalk.

खरींट श. f. A scratch with the nail.

खरीटना v. a. To scratch.

खरीचना, र v. a. To scrape, to खरीटना, scratch

कार्ज s, f. The bass (in music).

चा र s. m. The date tree and its fruit. चा प्रमा s. m. The juice or extract of the wild date, Tári, used to leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous fermentation.

utis. m. The rough draught of a letter or any writing; an iron instrument to rub horses with, a currycomb; an ulcer with hardness of the skin on the back of the foot.

কুর্থানা s. m. Snoring. Kharráta marna, To snore.

चर्च इ. m. A large number, ten million millions, a billion. adj. A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature.

ৰঙ্গ s. m. A warthless person. s malicious person; sediment, deposit of oil. .&c., an oil-cake; a pit. adj. Low, vile, base; mischievous, bad, wicked."

ৰব্যা s. w. A park. [(the bowels).
স্থানীৰ s. n. To rumble, to grumble
স্থানীয়া s. m. Skin, hide.

prepuce, foreskin.

चलवस s. f. Hurry bustle, agitation, commotion, alarm, tumult, hurly-burly.

बहरक ना v. a. To boil, bubble; to be agitated or tossed up and down.

खलाड़ी s. f. The place in which salt is boiled (in Bengal).

watt s. f. A hollow, bottom.

ৰণি s. m. Sediment of oil or oilcake.

खालियान s. m. A granary.

खालियाना v. a. To skin, to flay. खालिया । s. m. A kind of fish (Tricho-

खरीय | podus colisa). खलहान s. m. A threshing-floor.

ৰাজী } s.f. The dregs of mustardseed, &c., after the oil is pressed out, oil-cakes.

भुनेत s. m. Scented oils; a hole made by children for playing at trap-ball or marbles. [language.

स्वर्गीत s. f. Abuse, low or wicked स्वत्र s. m. A mill, a stone or vessel for grinding drugs, &c.

wall s. m. A shoe.

खा 8. m. A shot. खांबर adj. Bald, morbidity, troubled

with falling of the hair. चार s. m. The shoulder. [body. चरति s. m. A celestial or immortal

ষ্ট্ৰবাৰ s. f. Separation, running away. মুন্তবাৰ v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, to slide away, draw back

THERE s. f. The poppy-head; the scented roots of a species of grass (Andropogon muricats) used for door screens in the hot weather, which being sprinkled with water, serve to cool the rooms.

खरखर रस s. m. Poppy-jnice, opium. खरखरा s. m. Grinding the teeth.

खब्दाना v. R. To grind the teeth.

garr a. m. A day-book, neid-book, waste-book, rough drawings, draught (for an account); a scal); a kind of cruptive disease. • [open does not be a like of the country of t

खराना v. n. To rain, fall in, sink; to खरीटना v. o. To pull, pluck, pull the hair, scratch, tear.

स्कटिक s.m. Crystal, the sun gem; the moon gem.

खांग s. m. A tusk.

खांच s. m. Slime, mud.

खांचा s. m. A stay, a basket, a pannier ; a cage, a hen-coop.

खांड s. m. Sugar (coarse).

खांड्ना v. s. To excavate, to pound.

आंखा s. m. A straight double-edged aword, cutlass, cleaver (butcher's); a flake or slice (of fish). Khánde ke phor-par chaina, To attribute, to decide.

खांचना v. n. To cough.

खांसी s. f. A cough,

खाई s.f. A ditch, a most, a trench. खाई s.m. A glutton.

জাৰ s. m. The horn of a rhinoceros.

wist s. f. The itch.

স্থাসা s. m. A sweetmeat like piecrust. স্থাত s.f. A bedstead; a bier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile.

terraneous granary.

account, waste-book. Khata-bari, s.f.
A storehouse.

काती s. f. A cast generally employed as cart-wrights. s. m. A carpenter.

जार s. f. Dung, manure.

Food, victuals.

and s.f. A mine; (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

कामपार s. m. A pit, a shaft (of a mine) ; । चित्रवाना v. a. To cause to draw, pull, any thing very dry.

खाना e.'a. To eat ; to embezzle ; (met.) to get, suffer, take, receive, hold, contain, s. m. Food, dinner, eating, Kho jana, To est up, devour. Khana Pins, Meat and drink, food, board, fare. श्वानि s. f. A mine ; (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

TITTE s. m. Eater, devourer,

wiew ad). Uneven.

च(₹ s. m. Alkali, potash. WITT odj. Salt, brackish. s. m. A net (in which straw is tied).

att adj. Salt, brackish.

wret s. m. A coarse kind of red cloth of cotton.

खाच s. f. Skin, hide ; bellows ; a rivulet, river, canal, creek, inlet. Khal khynchna, To take the skin off, to flav.

कार 8. f. Manure.

चित्रा v.n. Wo be drawn, pulled or tightened, to be drawn or delineated (a picture, &c.); to be borne or suffered. Khinchana, v. a. To cause to draw or endu re-

चित्राबट s.f. Lrawing, tightening.

বিছেনা v. n. To be scattered.

चिंडाना v. a. To scatter.

fæ₹W! s. f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding. furty s. f. A dish made of pulse and rice boiled together, the flower of the ber tree (Zizyphus jujuba); carnest to dancing women when they are engaged for an entertainment; a mixed heap of gold and silver coin; a barbarous mixture of two languages, a langua franca or jargon.

चित्रता v. n. To be pulled, to be drawn, to be extracted, to be endured, to etretch.

extract, stretch.

िचन part. past. or adj. Tense, tight ; fine, slender. ness, tightness.

िक्र पाव s. m. Drag, pull, draught ; tense-िक जलाना v. a. To vex, tease, irritate. trouble, disturb, molest, v. n. To get angry.

िश्वाना v. a. To vex, tease, irritate, trouble, disturb, molest,

far s. f. Fretfulness, vexation, teasing. खिलाता । v. n. To be angry, to fret, to be vexed.

समाना v. n. To fret, to be vexed.

श्चित्रको s.f. A window, casement, gate, back-door, wicket, sallyport, shutter, far odi. Distrest, suffering pain or uneasiness; wearied, exhausted.

खिर्मिन s. f. A window.

च्चिरन s. f. A black ring painted on a tambourin.

बिर्गे s. f. A tree and its fruit (Mimusops hauki).

facul s. m. A dish made with biestings, or the milk of a cow just calved.

िखलिखलाना v. n. To laugh heartily, to giggle, titter.

श्चित्रजाना v. n. To blossom, bloom; to laugh, to be delighted.

खिल्ला o. n. To blow (as a flowen), to flower; to be delighted, to laugh.

famele adj. Humorous, playful, funny pleasant. entertaining.

faniteit s. f. A dry nurse. Khiloipilai, Charge of maintenance.

frege s. m. Given to eat, feeder, adj. Causing to bloom.

विवाद ह adj. Playsome. tereist 5

farmer v. a. To cause or give to eat, to feed; to cause to take (an oath, gc.); to cause to suffer (as, mar khilana, To cause to be beaten); to cause to play, to allow to play, to amuse, play with, dandle; make, to blossom (a flower).

की ज

कितार adj. Playsome.

feel's adj. Playful, addicted to gaming. चित्रीन। s. f. A plaything, a toy, a bawble, gewgaw.

funt s. f. Joke, jest, humour. Khillibáz, adj. Humerous, playsome, funny. Khilli-bázi, s. f. Humour, fun, play, jocularity. [larity. विक्रोबाओ s. f. Humour, fun, play, jocu-

las adj. Humorous, playsome, funny. fue s.f. Grinning, shewing the teeth, a tooth.

चिसवामा To stir: to slip away, slip away stealthily, to hide.

fasagi } adj. Grinning, showing चित्रं विपोर \ the teeth when smiling. furture v. n. To stir, slip, slip away, to sheer off. Khisak jans, v. n. To slip away, slide.

विस्ताना v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, slide away, draw back,

चित्रमण v. n. To fall, to sink (as s terrace); to drop off; to become old. decline in years.

चित्रसमा v. n. To slip. adj. Slippery. faranti adj. Slippery.

ि दशाव s. m. Slipperiness, slipping. terसलाइट s.f. Slipperiness.

\ v. n. To flinch, draw खिसाना back, to be abashed. चित्रामा v. n. To grin. adj. Fretful, pecvish, bashful, abashed.

wegges s. f. Vexation, fretfulness.

fuel s. f. Fretfulness, temper.

wiv s. m. Reluctance, repugnance. wiwn v. To pull, to draw.

n s.f. Anger, vexation.

and o, n. To be angry, to be vexed.

सीहर ? Gleanings or leavings on the कोटर } threshing floor after the grain. has been removed.

Wil s. f. A wedge.

TRICE-milk.

की रिवकार s.f. The first time of giving rice, milk to an infant.

witt s. m. A cucumber (Cucumis utillissimus).

स्रोदो s. f. An udder.

कोज s. f. Parched grain inflated or puffed out by heat so as to appear like froth.

and s. f. Betel-leaf made up with the different ingredients. wite s.f. Loss ; a grin ; shrug ; biestwill s. f. Shewing the teeth, a grinning.

v. s. To grin स्रोतिकालना 🕻

will s. m. A rubber (used in baths): a pocket.

wit s. f. An alkaline earth, fossil alkali. with s. m. A hollow of a tree.

खद्दना e. c. To trample, tread, beat or work with the feet.

wis s. m. Animosity, spite, rancour.

द्वाना v. n. To be angry.

www adi. Poor.

खन्ताना v. a. To itch, scratch, tickle.

TRAITE s. f. Itching, scratching, titillation.

बाजा की s. f. The itch.

चुजाना v. s. To scratch, to sub gently with the nails.

wegivi adj. Stingy.

भूटक्या e. a. To hibble ; to doubt.

WEST s. m. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt, suspense; sound of footsteps, weit s. f. Perfidy.

Wil s. f. A treasure, hoard; a gast.

www adj. Rough s. m. A henhouse. www s. m. A hollow of a tree.

will s. f. A purse.

GENI v. n. To be dug, to be engraved. बहरा s. m. Small pieces change (money) over and above the count, spare (money).

v. c. To cause to delve. बाह्याना ३ चराना } dig, engrave, carve.

The spaces in a necessary between the little brick partitions; the space from which a tooth has fallen out or been extracted.

स्था s.f. Hunger.

[hungry. युषाचे adj. Distressed with hunger, खुनसाना v. n. To be angry.

खुनहो odj. Angry.

चन्ता v. a. To affect, penetrate, stick into : to adorn.

es s. m. A (cloven) hoof, a horse's खरी s.f. ∫

ब्राहरा s. m. An earcleaner.

खुरचन s.f. Pot-scrapings.

सूर्यमा v. c. To scrape.

खरवनी s.f. A scraper, a scoop or shovel. चर्चास s. m. A large sieve for sifting earth : Khurchál karna, To tease.

wes s. m. A scab.

with s. m. An instrument for scraping grass for horses; the knee-pan. patella.

we's. f. A scraper, a weeding knife, the tool with which grass is scraped up for horses; a shovel for cleaning out a bird-cage.

चरना s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

सरोट adj. Very old.

The knee-pan; an instrument like a cup formed of a cocoanut shell or other material, with which clothes are marked with stripes.

Wit s.f. A (cloven) hoof.

getter v. a. To run after, to persecute, to catch, to enclose.

way adj. Rough.

खुब्बिया v. a. To indulge openly in vices which were formerly practised in secret.

खल्लाना v. n. To be opened.

went u. n. To be opened, revealed, expanded, untied or unfolded, disclosed or uncovered, let loose or be loose, laid aside (restraint), dispersed (clouds). clear up (the sky), be broken (neditation, &c.)

खनाना v. a. To cause to open.

खुदा s. m. (f. i.) Upen, naked, loose. खलाना v. a. To open or cause to open.

Editis, m. Essence, the prime part of a thing.

कुर्बदी s.f. \ The acting unceremoni-₹ 617 ouv. \$ onsly.

GUCAUCS. m. Whispering.

चं द s. f. The tendo Achillis, hamstring. Khunch marne. To hamstring.

₹ z s. m. A corner, an angle ; earwax ; station, portion.

Wien s. m. A. drug.

W ZI s. m. A wooden stake.

बंदना v. a. To dig up (as the earth with the feet 1.

चना s.f. A little girl.

आज्ञा ady. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

THI s. m. Sediment, dregs, mouldiness of vinegar, &c.

Ten v. a. To pluck, to pick the leaves, &c. of vegetables.

s. f. A scab.

चु s. m. A furrow.

us s. f. Refuse.

us adj. Small, mean. unini v. n. To trot.

च्या v. n. To wax old.

चेत्रसा s. m. A mark, a sign

art s. m. A Vidyadhara; or kind of demigod.

weapon, the club of Balardma.

चेटची ६ .m. A sportsman, a hunter.

केड़ा s. f. A village,

बेड्डो s. f. A kind of iron or steel, a sort of steel made in India.

चेंद्रो र. f. Membranes in which the fœtus is developed, secudines. खेत s. m. A field, a field of battle.

Res. m. A field, a field of battle, ground; a holy place. Khet-chhorna.
v. a. To flee from the field of battle.
Khet-rahua, To remain on the field of battle \, to be killed.

बेतो s. f. Husbandry; crop. adj. Arable. बेतोबाडी s. f. Husbandry, agriculture. बेतोबारी s. f. Husbandry, farming.

श्रेतीहर s. m. A peasant, a husbandman. श्रेद s. m. Sorrow, grief, affliction distress; rain.

केटना v. a. To run after, to persecute.

हिदा s. m. The trap or enclosure in which elephants are caught.

बेदित adj. Sorrowful repentant; afflict

For a series of base metal inserted in coin, or cracked coin; a term in algebra; something added to a sum; an apartment. Khep karna. To sustain a loss.

क्षेपना w. a. To pass the time.

adj. An idiot, a madman, a fool.

किपया s.m. A voyager. जैसक्त्रज्ञ s.f. Health.

war A kind of dancing.

Aft s. f. After-birth. Kherhi, s. f. Membranes in which the festus is enveloped, secundines, placenta. [time, ws. m. Play, game, sport, fun, pas-deferment adj. f. Playsome, wanton;

ar unchaste (woman), an adulteress, strumpet.

क्षेत्रका v. o. To play, to sport. Khelat (Braja) part. pres. Playing, play.

क्षेत्रज्ञ है s.m. A. waterman, a rower, ज केटर्ड boatman.

स्वाना ». a. To row, punt paddle; suffer, endure (pain, calamity, \$c.)

Ray s. m. Fare, farry-money, price of passage in a boat, passage-money; crossing over a river.

विश्व s. m. A kind of cloth, diaper, damask, a sheet or wrapper of such cloth-विसञ्जा s. m. A kind of cloth.

तेष s. f. Pulling, drawing ; scarcity: भूषिमा v. a. To pull, draw, tighten ; delineate, paint.

संपादिणे s.f. Pulling and hawling. संपात s.m. Play, sport, fun, pastimes संप.m. A tree (Mimoso catedu). संपात aig. Brown. s. m. A sprat (or fiak very like one); a tree (Mimosocatechu).

सेलर, s. f. Churning, vessel.

बार s. m. A young bullock, a seed. खीचा s. m. Plaster; coarse brick-dust; milk, inspissated by boiling.

सोबाग v. c. To cause to lose or part with.

afts. f. The dry part of sugar-cano after expressing the juice; clothes folded up and put on the head as a defence against rain.

सींचना v. n. To cough.

बोक s.f. A cough, बोक s.f. A cut or rent in cloth, &c.

ৰীবনা v. a. To thrust, to stuff.

wrangling or quarrelling.

another, as grass into thatch, triffing

purchases; part of grain which is to be parched taken as payment for parching it; something paid by those who draw water at-a well to the bihishii who attends there with his bucket, for the use of it.

The adj. Descient, adulterated, bad (as coin), salse, deceitful, s. m. A tent-pin, a pin, a peg, nail; protection. Khonteh ke bal kidna, To become insolent relying on protection (the idea seems to be taken from a person's teasing an animal, which, being fastime; so that the khonte is only indirectly a protection by restraining the adversary).

सीयका s. m. A hollow.

witness, dellow.

बींग } s. m. A bird's nest

or tied up on the top of the head braided

बोसना v. a. To stuff, thrust in, cram. कोसना adj. Hollow. excavated (us a

कोषणा बत्रे. Hollow, excavated (us a tooth or a tree, gc.).

the amount of which has been paid remaining in the hand of him who has paid it by way of voucher.

ांच a. m. Search, inquiry, quest, trace, mark.

कोजकाज s. f. Vexation; inquiry,

क्षोत्रना v. a. To search for, to inquire after, to seek, explore.

चीत्राह्म v. मृ. To be lost.

चोजिया adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquiritive,

fect, fault.

gist ad. Perfidione, counterfeit, false, fally, defective.

will s. f. Perfidity; vice, blemish, falseness, faultiness, defectiveness.

कोद s. m. A push, thrust, pass.

बोदना v. d. To dig, to delve, to hollow; search for.

स्रोदनी s. f. Searching ; a spade.

बोदर s. m. A certain pace (of a horse).

कोटवेबाइ s. m. Search, inquiry.

rid of, to waste, to squander. s. m. Losing: a leaf which contains a parcel of betel or flowers, &c. [fissure.

क्षोप s. f. A cave, n corner; a rent, a खीपना s. m. A cocoanut, rather the kernel of a cocoanut, kernel.

सीपरी s. f. The skull, a shell, pate. Khovri khá-jana. To spend or lavish another's property.

चोपा s. m. The hair of the head braided or tied up on the top of the head.

क्लीवार s. m. A hogsty.

सीया s. m. Refuse.

चोर s. f. An alley; a covering; the rage or curse of a god.

सोरी s. f. An alley.

जीव s. m. A case, sheath, hollow (as of e tree, &c.) a cavity.

ভাৰতা s. m. A hollow (as of a tree &c.)
ভাৰতা v. a. To open, to loose, to shine,
to expand, untie, unravel, set sail or
unmoor (a ship, &c.)

जीवनंदी s. f. The changing or removing of a horse's shoes.

चीवना v. a. To take or snatch away; to pull out hairs.

(a mon). s. m. Rind, peel, skin, shell.

The marks which Hindus make on their foreheads with Sandalwood saffren. &c. चौरा s.m. The rot (among sheep), the falling off of the hairs. [heat. चौराना w. n. To boil, to be agitated by स्थात adj. Famous, celebrated, notorious. स्थात s.f. Fame, celebrity, notoriety. स्थात ब.dj. Famous, स्थात s.m. Play, sport, fun, pastime चार n. prop. The Lord Jesus Christ, the Saviour of the world. चौरियाण s.m. A christian, a follower of the Lord Jesus Christ.

77 W The third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, answering to G. in Good. बंब (used in compos.) A river, a stream. Do-gange. In two streams (a river) गंगा a f. The river Ganges. गंद्राजसनी s. f. A kind of ear-ring. गंगाचाम s.m. Death. बीज s. m. A scaldhead (Tinea capitis). गंभा adj. Scaldheaded, bald. बंजिया s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keep their sickle. &c.) बंकीय adj. Addicted to the use of quajha. बंदजी खा १. m. Knot-joining. Ganth-jora banthans, v. a. To tie together the shirts of the mantles of the bride and bridegroom: a ceremony attending marriage performed by the purchit or officiating priest. बंडकटा s. m. A cut-purse. sifeq s. f. Bump, pains in the joints. बंखा s. m. A ring, a circle; a kind of horse-collar, a knotted string tied round the neck of a child. &c., as a charm ; the number four. sizers, m. A sort of axe, a pole-axe. and s. f. A circle, particularly that which Ramchandra is said to have !

drawn round Sitd. to protect her from Ráwana. बंडेरी s.f. A segment cut, or portion of sugar-cane. बंद s. f. Stink, filth, ordure, smell. बंदक s. Brimstone. Gandak ka atr, Sulphuric Acid. संदशा s. f. A leek (Allium porrum). बंदा odj. Stinking, filthy, foul, nasty : odious. बंध s. f. Perfume, odonr, scent. बंधक s. f. Brimstone. बंधराज s. m. Gardenia florida. बंधरें s. m. A celestial musician, a class of demi-gods. Gandharna-hyah, 8 m. A kind of marriage, Gandharns-gita, s. m. A kind of some or singing. गंधार s. m. A musical mode. गंधी s. m. A person who sells rose-water. essences and atr. a perfumer : a green bug. a'rigg adi, Stinking. मंत्रीर adj. Deep; serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave, बेशाज adj. Squanderer. संवाना ". a. To lose, throw away, get rid of, discharge, spenn in vain, waste, squander, pass, trifle. siars s. m. A countryman, Villager : clown, boor, churl, rustic, peasant. vial adj. Relating to a village or the country, rustie. [heaven. and s. m. Sky, firmament, atmosphere, श्रापाधल s.f. Dust of the Kethi flower (Pan lanus odoratissimus). ग्यपशेष s. m. A pelican (Relections Quoquetalus). नगरी s. f. A water pot. THE The river Games. नक्षाजनकी क. f. A kind of ear-ring. writing a. m. The water of the Ganges.

nwint s. m. The hank of the Gauges.

नेकाबार s. m. The place where the Ganges enters the plain, Huridwar,

-पदापार s. m. The (ferther) bank of the Ganges.

बणाइन s. m. A man of a mixed and low caste, employed to remove dead bodies; a brahman who conducts the ceremonies of pilgrimage at some places on the Ganges, especially at Benares.

नकायाना s. f. Pilgrimage to the Ganges; carrying a sick person to the river side to die there.

बङ्गाचेब s. m. The river Ganges, and two

ৰৰ s. m. Mortar, plaster, cement, old mortar knocked off walls, &c.; the floor.

तचनीमा adj. Short and fat (person). गचपच adj Crowded, stuffed together, close, thick.

गण s. m. An elephant; a measure of length, the Gaz, a yard, a measure of two cubits.

বৰ্ষাত্ত a. m. A string composed of several tassels, made of the hair of a species of ox, and suspended as an ornament from an elephant's neck, or is fastened to a horse's ears, extending on both sides to the saddle.

गजरन s.m. A name of Gunesh; ivory, the elephant's tooth.

बजनाय s. m. A large gun or cannon. बजनी s.f. Bole, earth,

जजपति s. m. The master or rider of an elephant, the title of a rajah.

त्रजपाटव e. m. Lampblack (with which the eye-lide are painted).

बजपाच s. m. An elephant driver or keeper.

बजनीती s.m. A large pearl: it is a popular idea of the Hindus that the finest pearls are to be found in the heads of elephants.

ৰসং s. m. The chimes rung at the expiration of a watch or pañar of the day or nicht: but sometimes restricted to those at the close of the fourth; the word pañar heing more commonly used for the middle chimes.

ৰস্বাচ. m. The leaf of the carrot; a kind of jewel, an ornament for the wrist, a bracelet; the waving lines on mashru (a kind of silk cloth).
বস্বাচ্য s. m. A large elephant.

বাজাহার s. m. A wreath or necklace of flowers; a gold ornament of the same form.

[sweetmeat.

गजा s.m. Part of a cart; a kind of यजाना v. n. To work, to ferment. सस्ता s. m. Winning.

गिमन adj. Thick (a forest &c.)

सम्बद्ध . m. A scaldhend (Tinia capitis). तम्बद्ध . m. A mine, a jewel-mine; a treasury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c., is preserved; a mart, a place where grain, &c., is stored for sale.

गमा adj Scaldheaded, bald,

गिवया s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keep their sickles Go.)

गटकुमल s. m. A nickname for a monkey. गटपर odv. Higgledy-piggledy.

नहा s. m. The part of the pipe which fixes into the top of the metal part of a hukka; the ankle.

root of onion, turmerick, &c., a clove of garlie. आठक्टा s. m. A cut-purse.

বস্থাই s.f. The practice of a cut-purse. বাষসা v.n. To be joined or arranged together; to be tied or knotted together; to unite, connect; collude.

gether; to unite, connect; collude. बदर्भना है s.m. Binding or joining in बदर्भना है s.m. Binding or joining in a knot; tying the knot, a Hindu ceremony attending marriage, at which the bride and bridegroom's clothes are fastened together, and a procession takes place to a river or piece of water.

सहर s. m. A large bundle, a bale, a pack.
सहरों s. f. A bundle, parcel, packet,
total, amount; crew, pack, junto.
Gathri bandhaa, v. a. To pack up,
bundle, gather woney, fc.) Gathri
karna, v. a. To add (hjures),

ৰ্থকাৰা v. a. To cause to join or to adhere, [tie.

गराना v. s. To attach, connect, join, गरान s. m. Connexion, joining together, Gathao-yanthus, v. s. To contrive well.

गडिया s. f. A bump; pains in the joints; a back, sack; bundle, package. बाँडवाबाब s. f. Rheumatism.

महो है s. f. A ball, pack; a small bundle.

बहोबा adj. Knotty ; robust.

गरभा s. m. Knots in cloth.

NWW s. m. A game, tipeat; a mode of incantation performed for the destruction of any person (maran), to secure his affection (mohan), to subject him to obedience (bas karna), to imprison him or deprive of the power of action or speech (stambhan), to drive him away (uckchatan), or to call him (ekarshan). Certain words are pronounaced over an effigy of the person or his name in writing, which is afterwards buried.

ৰন্ধ :. m. A kind of fish (a sort of gilthead).

ৰঙ্গৰ্গৰ v. n. To gurgle; thunder; roll; roar; (as a tiger), to rumble.

गङ्ग्दर s. m. Any old tattered clothes, rags and tatters.

बङ्ग s. f. Swamp, morass.

driven into the earth (as a stake, &c.), be fixed, to fix, lie, sink, be buried.

बद्धा odv. Higgledy-piggledy. बद्धा इ. m. Bustle, confusion ; motion

of the bowel, borborygmi. [bustle. নত্ৰ-ভাতিত এক. Confusion, fright, alarm, নত্ৰাহো s.m. A shepherd or goatherd. নত্ৰাহা s.m. Rock or fossile salt, es-

নভ্ৰম s. m. Rock or fossile salt, especially that found in the district of Sambhar in the province of Ajmere.

ngai s. m. A kind of water-pot; a flower-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feast of busant pancalum, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in return.

बक्ताना v. a. To cause to be buried or driven into the earth. [abyss. बक्ता a. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an बक्ता v. a. To cause to penetrate; &c. लाक्षार adj. ¡Stout-hearted, stiff-necked, stubborn, obstinate.

बिश्वारी s.f. Obstinacy, stubbornness. ब्रह्म श s.m. A kind of water-pot carried about by musicians and duncing women at the feast of basant panchami, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in return.

नक्षिया s. m. A shepherd or goatherd. नक्षाना v. o. To pierce, perforate, bore, stick into. [ten quires. ककी s.f. A bundle of paper containing

गढ़-s. m. A fort, a castle.

भद्रभ s.f. Form, make, fashion. भद्रभा o. s. To malleate, form by hammering; to make, form, shape, fashion, o. n. To be driven down (as a state), to be buried, sunk, &c., to be make; formed or fashioned.

सद्गर adj. Coarse, thick. [abyss. तदा s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an तदाम s.f. The price of making jewellery. तदामा s. a. To cause to form by hammering, to cause to make.

गहिया s. f. A pike, a javelin, spear.

बड़ों s.f. A small fort, a castle.
बहेबा s.m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an
abyss. [A barrier.
बहेबा s.f. A small tank or pond. e.m.
बहेब s.m. A flock, multitude, troop,
title, class, &c.; a body of troops
equal to 29 chariots, 81 horse, 135
foot; troops of inferior deities c onsidered as Shio's attendants, and under the especial superin tendence of
Grasss.

ৰ্থক s. m. An arithmetician, astrologer, a calculator of nativites.

नवनी s.f. The wife of an astrologer. वयना s.f. Arithmetic. | stock.

ন্দ্র s. m. Public property, common

वयनाय adj. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned.

विका s.f. A courtezan, a harlot.

number, to calculate.

afun adj. Numbered, counted, reckoned, calculated. s. m. Computation, arithmetic, numeration. Gan-il-kar, s. m. An astrologer, an arithmeticiaa.

win s. m. A name of Shiv; Ganes the son of Shiv and Parvati: he is the god of wisdom, and remover of obstanles, whence in the commencement of all undertakings, the opining of all compositions, &c. he receives the reverential homage of the Hindus; he is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant, and the present appellation with other similar compounds alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as Shie's attendants.

ৰম্ভ s. m. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple; a boil, a phlegmonoid pimple; a mark, a spot; a rhinoceros.

नष्ड ह. m. A rhinoceros.

गणनो s. f. A river in the north of India, the Gandak.

बद्धमाना s. f. Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c.

string tied round the neek of a child, . &c. as a charm; the number four. (as, a ganda of couries or four couries).

नव्यापा s. m. An axe, a pole-axe.

बन्धि s. m. Goitre or Bronchocele.

गको s. f. A circle, particularly that which Romchandor is said to have drawn round Sita to protect her from Rawan.

नकेरी s.f. A segment cut or portion of sugar-cane.

गचा adj. That which may be numbered. बत adj. Gone ; obtained, gained.

ৰন s. f. Going, moving, motion, sift procedure, march, pace, galt; state, condition, course of events, fate, fortune; funeral rites salvation; custom, habit, usage, way. Gat karns, e. s. To perform funeral rites.

जरभा s. m. A foil for fencing with ; a mace, a club.

करकर adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

बहुबहुद्द s. m. A grain (Guilandina Bonducella 1.

werer adj. Corpulent, fat.

west adj. Turbid, muddy, dull, dirty.

बरकार s. f. Muddiness, dalness.

7787 8, m. An ass.

बहा s. f. A club, a mace,

struct s. m. A name of Vishne or Krishna, the mace-bearer.

बरेन s. m. Achild.

weet s. m. A thick bedding.

नद्भ adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

odj. Half-ripe (fruit).

wit s. f. A cushion, ped, pack-saddle, bedding or any thing stuffed; a seat;

a severeign's throne. ₩¶ s, m, Prose.

वधा s. m. An ass.

स्थापुरमा s.m. Boerhavia diffusa.

#4 s. m. A. troop, tribe, flock, class, multitude ; Siv's attendants.

बनना e.m. Sugar-cane Succharum officinarum). v. s. To count, reckon, calculate, number, compute,

चदना s. m. A leek (Allium porrum). यश s.f. Perfume, odour, scent, smell,

बासक s. f. Britustone.

fragrance.

WAGIE 8. m. A fragment wood, as sandal, aloe wood, &c.

बन्दन s. m. The name of a particular mountain; sulphur,

म अ र ह s. w. Myrrh.

सम्बद्धा 8. m. Gardenia florida ; sandal ; any sweet smelling flower.

कार्य s. m. A. celestial musician ; a class of demigods supposed to inhabit Indra's heaven, and from the orchestra at all the banquets of the principal deities; the soul after douth, | THE & f. A city in the province of

and previous to its being born again according to the notion of the Hindus; a kind of deer.

TATE s. m. The wind. only. Smelling, fragrant,

गभनाए s. m. Sandal.

गथार s, m. A musical mode.

wq s. f. Prattle, tattle, talk, chat, tattiling. Gap marna, v. s. To prattle.

बद्दाना v. a. To swallow, to gulp.

wans s. f. Prattle, tattling, tattle.

नवी adj. A tuttler, an idle talker,

wes s. m. A clown, young man, stripling, lad, an uninformed youth ; & bridegroom.

wafe s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

सभीर ads. Deep, profound, sagacious ; thick, impervious (as a forest); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

s. f. Sound of the kettle drum, violent shake or clash in music.

सन्दोत्ता adj. Spicy, fragrant, odorifer-

WARE, m. A road.

जनम s. m. Going, the act of going.

समनासम्ब s. m. Coming and going, access and egress and egress, intercourse.

WHITE v. c. To pass (time).

ज्ञान e. m. A passenger.

ant odi. Deep (as water, but applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

मधी(ता a. J. Depth (of water) ; depth of thought, profoundness; depth of sound.

www uch. Attainable, accessible.

want of Accessibility ; perceptibility.

Behar, a celebrated place of pilgrim- । समर् s. f. A water-vessel, a goglet. age; it is said to have been rendered holy by the benediction of Vishnu, who granted its sanctity to the prayers of its dying chief killed by the deity; a cow, past part, Gone went. watel s. m. A class of Gaya brahmans.

who officiate in certain religious ceremonies performed by pilgrims at that Santidote. place.

m & m. Sickness, disease ; poison, an नःगया s. f. A sparrow.

अरमहाना v. n. To gurgle ; to thunder ; roll: roar (as a tiger); to rumble. tream o. n. To thunder, to roar, to

bellow.

acted s. f. Pride; a proud woman. ज्ञ s. m. The fœtus or embryo.

TITT adi, Light bay (colour in a horse or pigeon.

TIE s. m. The venom of a snake, or venom in general.

जरकी adi. Venomous, poisonous. area apj. Heavy ; important ; respect-

able : demure. ATTITUS s. m. Respectability.

my s. m. The throat, neck.

TITE s. m. A sack (for holding the walls of a tent, &c.)

TITE s. f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

गरांवन s. m. A tother.

निरमा s. f. Importance, self-importance; vanity of mind, a boast.

न्दो s. f. The kernel of a cocoanut.

πεψ ε. m. In Hindu mythology the regent of birds : a large vulture : a large kind of heron (Ardea argala). a gigantic crane or adjutant bird.

man s. m. One of the ten principal Munis or saints. a cavalier. ara s. m. A seaffold; a tower, bustion,

यज s. m. The roaring of elephants : the rumbling of clouds, thunder; bellow-

ing, roaring, roar.

मर्जन s. m. Sound, noise; passion. warth ; the rumbling of clouds &c. : thundering, thunder, bellowing, roar-

बर्जि s. m. The muttering of clouds, or distant thunder.

बत s. m. A hole in general.

गहम s. m. The white lotus ; an ass.

गहभी s. f. An insect, a kind of beetle springing from cow-dung. नद s. m. Vanity, pride.

गरेता s. f. Pride ; a prond woman.

गर्ववनी s. f. A proud woman.

नभें s. f. A fœtus or embryo : pregnancy; the belly; the inside, the middle; the bed of the Ganges when the river is fullest, that is on the 14th day of the dark half of the month Bhadr, or in the height of the rains; as high as the river flows at this periods, so far extends the Garbh, after which the Tir or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits, this space is hely ground.

कभेदा s. f. A shrub so called.

गर्भदास s. m. Son of a slavegirl. बर्भपावक s. m. A red kind of Morunga supposed to produce abortion.

गर्भेष्प adj. m.] A child, an infant. गमंदपी . f. मर्भवती s. f. A pregnant female.

बनेबाद s. m. Abortion, miscarriage. बर्माधान s. m. A ceremony performed . prior to conception. (being supposed conducive to future impregnation.

कशियो s.f. A Pregnant woman. नरीं s. f. An instrument for twisting

thread or string.

सर्थ s. m. Pride, arrogance. सर्था adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant. सर्थित adj. Proud, haughty; conceited. सर्थ s. m. Censuring, censure, blame, reproach.

सद्देश s. f. Abuse, censure, reproach. सम्बं adj. Low, vile, contemptible

ৰৰ s. m. The neck, throat. gal bahiyan dalna, v. n. To. throw one's arms around another's neck. Gal dens, v. a. To throttle, to choke; to execute by hanging.

अलगा s.f. A boil.

সৰমত্ত s. m. Inflamation, enlargement of the glands of the neck.

मलमल e.m. A citron; name of a bird; mixture of lime and linseed oil forming a kind of mortar impenetrable to water.

নৰসভ্য s. m. A handkerchief used as a sling for the arm.

সজলিকা The thick cloth which is used in tying broken hand together with the neck.

সম্ভা adj. Stentorophonic, or loudly sounding. [bridle.

क्षणता s.f. Part of the headstall of a क्षणता c.n. To melt, dissolve, waste, be dissolved, be wasted away.

जननी s.f. Wasting, consumption. मनदा adj. ,Abusive, foul-mouthed. मनदानी s.f. Scolding; bragging, boast-

ing. Galphatáka karna, v. a. Te scold; to lie; to brag.

METERS s. m. The jaws; the angle of the mouth.

wants s. f. Vaunt, vaunting.

कच्चान बन्धे. Chubby. [neck. अनवही s. f. Throwing the arms on the बन्दवाह s. f. An embrace, throwing the

arms on the neck.

warm ady. Soluble, corruptible.

गलहो s. f. The forecastle (of a boat, \$c.); a prow.

गनहेच्या adj. Abusive.

बन्देश s. m. Forecastle-man, boatswain. west s. m. The throat, neck, gullet ; voice. adj. Rotten, melted, wasted. Gala uthana (lit. to up the throat), To apply acrid substances, such as pepper, &c., to the uvula of a child. when it becomes hoarse, or loses its voice from the relaxation of that part. Gala-bandhána, To ensuare one's self, especially in the bonds of, love. Gala-bythna or parns, To be hoarse. Gala-phansna, To hang, to choke. Gala-dabána, To strangle. Galo deno, To waste. Galo kátna. To cut the throat, Gala-ghontna, To throttle, choke, strangle, hold by the throat. Gele-parna, To seek the friendship of one who is averse from it. Gale-pari-bajae sidh, We should make a virtue of necessity. Gale kahar hong. To seek and persist in a quarrel, or dispute, tease, plague, to importune; to seek with ardour the friendship or affection of any one; to persecute with kindness or attention. Gale lagna, To embrace. Gale bandhna, To importune.

सञ्जाना v. a. To melt, dissolve; to soften; to waste away, squander. Galanessola, s. m. A menstruum, a solvent.

were s. m. The name of a bird.

Note s. m. Solution, fusion. Galau, adj.
Soluble, septical, weakening, melter,
dissolver.

सवाबट s. f. Solution, dissolving. ब्रांचन adj. Fallen, dropped.

नायन का. का. का. पार्वा पार्व पार पार्व पार पार्व पार्व पार्



horse, &c.), to force food or medicine down the throat.

লজিয়াবা s.m. A street or lane.
আলী s.f. A lane. Gali bah gali, From
street to street. Gali kucha, s.m.
A narrow lane.

नवेनछ s. m. A kind of bird (the Adjutant or Ardea Argalla).

नहाला s. m. Gargarism.

काम s. m. Going, moving.

मदाख s. f. The light that is admitted by a window, skylight.

नाना v. o. To cause to sing.

सवाच s. f. A skylight, a hole to admit light, a lattice, window; an air-hole, a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c.

जवेनक ह. m. Red chalk.

गरेया s. m. A singer.

नव adj. Of or belonging to a cow. नवान adj. f. A foolish dissolute woman. नवाननर adj. m. A clown, ignorant, foolish.

are s. f. A handle.

ব্যক s. f. The emotion of intoxication. মহুৰবা c. n. To be agitated by intoxicatiom. [chaser.

नक्ती s.f. Purchase s. m.f. A pur-नक्तकाना v. n. To quiver, shake or undulate. [forest.

ৰছৰ s.m. An eclipse; thicket, wood, সহল s.m. Jewels, ornaments; a pledge, a pawn. e. n. To lay hold of, handle, seize, catch, take to blush. বহনী s.f. Oakum: act of calking. adi.

Pledged, Gahni-dharns v. a. To pawn, to pledge.

महरा adj. Deep Gahra rang, Deep colour.

aver s. m. Pincers, forceps.

जनवारा s. m. A swing, a cradle. जावन s. m. The name of a disorder. बांजना v. o. To store, hoard ; to stir, agitate ; to cliura.

नांजर s f. A kind of grass or verdure.

गांजा है s.m. The hemp plant (Canna-गांजा) bis sativa). The fructification when nearly ripe, is bruised and smoked for intoxication; the leaves dried are ground in water and drank for the same purpose: in this state it is called bhang and sabsi.

alz s. m. A knot; joint, articulation; a bundle. Gánth parns, is applied to the fixing of enmity towards any one in the breast. Ganth-dar, adj. Knotted. Ganth ka purs, adj. Rich, wealthy. Ganth ka khana, To act to one's own prejudice. Ganth kholna, The untying of a knot; prodigality, expense; to open the purse; removal of prejudice.

गोट उ खड़ना s. m. A dislocation.

गांडडोचा adj. Knotty (as a stick), compact (as a man).

ৰাটনা v. s. To tie. knot, join, make adhere. stick, cobble, put together; to reduce to obedience or subjection, to attach.

नांड s. f. The anus, privities. Gand ghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

লাজ s. f. A kind of grass of which khas khas is the root (Andropogen muricatum).

miet s. m. Sugar-cane.

नांडीव s. m. The bow of Arjun ; any bow. [लवेध्यः).

নাছ s. m. A catamite; sodemite (Cinwitten v. s. To lay bricks in mortar, to string, to put or tie in order on as string, &c.

नाव s. m. A village.

जांबना v. s. To sing. [s fowl, dv.) जांबना v. s. To pierce, transfix, spit (at नासी s.f. The iron point of an arrow. जल s.f. A cow.

नागर } s. f. A water-vessel a goglet.

बाक s. m. A tree. [annuum. बाक विश्व s. f. Cayenne pepper (Capsicum बाक s. f. Scum, froth: a thunderbolt.

Gaj-mara, adj. Thunder-struck; afflicted, unfortunate.

नाजन s. m. Sounding, rearing.

নাম্বাত. n. To sound, to thunder: to roar as a lion or other wild beast; to be pleased, happy, cheerful, delighted.

নালৰ s. f. A carrot (A Daucuscarota). নালৰালা s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

माख्यीप s. f. Burying, burial,

नरना ए. ज. To bury, set, drive down, fix, sink.

सापर s.f. A sheep.

venom or the bite of a snake.

नाष्ट्रा s. m. A ditch, pit, cavern, an ambuscade; a cart, a carriage. Gareh : bythna, To be concealed, to lie in ambush.

हाड़ी s.f. A cart, car, coach, carriage. बाड़ीवान s.m. A carter, a coachman, a carman.

बाइ e. f. A difficulty.

street ddj. Thick, close, dense; sly, shrewd, knowing, wise; strong (as

ghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

what is the root (Andropogon muricatum).

miest s. m. Sugar-cane.

लाकीय s. m., The bow of Arjun; any bow. -कात s.f. The body; apparel. ज्ञाता s. m. Paste-board. जाती s. f. A plaid.

बात s. m. A celestial chorister.

जाव s. m. The body ! a limb, a member.

নাৰৰ s. m. A musician, a singer; a chanter of the Purans or sacred poems.

नापा s.f. A verse, a stanza; metre, a rhythm; a song, a chaunt, or verse to be chaunted or sung.

बाद s.f. Sediment.

बाइना v. a. To ram down.

नादर adj. Half-ripe (grain). s. m. A heap, stack, rick.

ৰাষী s. f. A cushion, pad, pack-saddle, a thin matttress, bedding or any thing stuffed; a sent; a sovereign's throne, নান s. m. A song, a singing.

দামৰ্থ s. m. A heavenly chorister; s song, singing; a form of marriage, that which requires only mutual and amorous agreement.

नाना v. o. To sing.

লাস্বত s. m. One of the seven primary notes of music; a country, Condahar, between the north of India and Pensia.

नासारी s.f. One of the tutelary female deities of the Jyns.

नान्तिक s. m. A vender of perfumes, a perfumer; a kind of worm having a strong fetid smell.

WIN s. m. A tree, a fruit of which contains a glutinous astringent juice, with which the bottoms of boats are smeared, and in which nets are soaked (Diopyros glutinosa, Embryopteris glutinifera).

नाम s. m. Pregnancy.

with s. m. A new leaf springing from the centre of a plantum tree. नामिन adj. Pregnant (sa animal, as cow., मानी s. f. Abuse, Gali-yalosj. s. f. buffalo, fc.) Reciprocal bause. Galiyan, Indecent

ing s. m. A village.

बाबिनी adj. f. Going moving.

नामुक adj. Going, locomotive.

बाजीयं s. m. Depth (of water, sound, &c.) बाब s. f. A cow, Gownáns, Beef.

नायम s. m. A singer, adj. Singing. नायमिन s. m. A tree that yields the

নাথনিন s. m. A tree that yields the resin formerly called Terra Japonica (Mimosa catechu).

आयूबी s. f. A measure of verse in the Veds, a stanza of 24 syllables, or 4 lines of 6 syllables each : a sacred verse from the Veds to be recited only mentally; this is usually personified and considered as a goddess. the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of twice-born; investiture with the saered and distinguishing string, &c., being regarded as a new birth : there is but one Gauatri of the Veds, but according to the system of the Tantribue, a number of mystical verses are called Gayntrees, each deity has one in particular, &c. The repetition of the Gayatri is considered necessary to salvation.

जायन s.m. A singer. adj. Singing, a singer.

नार s.f. A buse. [milk.

स्तर र. त. To strain; to squeeze; to सार र. m. Mud (kneeded or) prepared for making pottery, prepared clay; a musical mode.

and s. f. Abuse.

সাল s. m. A cheek; a sort of tobacco. সালো s. m. A pod of cotton; s ball of carded cotton,

precation.

[18] s. f. Abuse, Gsli-yalosj. s. f. Reciprocal bause, Galiyan, Indecent songs (sung) at marriages. Gali deni, To abuse, revile, call names, scold.

नावष् adj. Deceitful, alluring. नावही adj. A simpleton, blockhead. नावाधी s. m. Cow's clarified butter. माइ s. m. An alligator, a shark.

साइत s. m. A chapman, purchaser, taker or seizer.

नाशना ७. a. To calk, thrash, tread; to inqure, search, seek, Gshi-gahi, adv. With much inquiry, research. pla. per. par. Having inquired or sought repeatedly.

गाही s f. Five (an aggregate made up of five parts).

गजारे s. f. Name of an insect.

गिचपिचिया s. m. The pleiades.

निटकारी s.f. A particular vocal sound in singing ; quavering ? shake ?

जिटकौरी s. f. A pebble.

निङ्गिङ्गाना v. a. To beseech, implore earnestly and humbly.

नियसी s.f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

লিখন v. a. To count, reckon, number. নিখনান v. a. To cause to count. লিখ s. m. A volture.

जिनजार s. f. Name of an insect.

গিলী s.f. Number, reckoning, account; muster.

গিলা v. s. To count, reckon, number, লিখেত s. m. A lizard; a chameleon. গিংগাদৰ s. m. Economy.

wen v. s. To fall, to drop, to sink, to tumble down. Girtch-partch, adv. With difficulty, with much ado.

जिर पक्षा v. n. To fall.

ferrer adj. A householder, a peasant, h husbandman, লিছেলাম্বন s. m. The state or abode of Girhast or householder.

निरम्बी s. f. Husbandry, housewifery, household.

चिराना v. a. To cause to fall, to fell, to overturn, or overthrow, to abase, to cast, throw or break down; to spill, to drop, shed; to strike. Gira dena. To throw, beat, cast or break down.

দিনি s. m. A mountain, a hill. adj. Venerable, respectable, worshipful. দিনিয়া s. f. A name of the goddess

Paroati, as daughter of the personified Himalaya mountain.

विदि 8. m. A hyena.

ίητισε ε. m. A mountain, a hill.

बिरिसार s. m. The Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India.

নিবত s. m. A protuberance, hard swelling, gland, knot, tumour, scirrhus.

बिबटी s. f. A gland.

विषक्री s.f. A squirrel.

iबांबबर adj. Lazy.

গিবীয়া s.m. The flower of the Mahus (Bussia latifolia) after it has fallen off.

शिकी s. m. Minispermum glabrum.

विवीरो s. f. Betel-leaf prepared and folded up.

fust s.f. A span (measure of circumjernece, i. e. the circle formed by joining the ends of the thumb and forefinger); an ear of Indian corn (Zesmays) from which the seeds have been taken out; the short stick in the game of tip-cat, which is stuck by the longer one called danda. Gilli or Gulli-danda, To play at tip-cat.

affin s. f. A dish generally used in Muharram.

बोजना v. a. To crample.

गाटन s. m. A coarse kind of carpet not coloured. [To sing.

নান s. m. A song, singing. Git gana, নানা s. f. A name often applied to books as the Bhagwat Gita, which is often called Geets only.

बोदड़ s. m. A jackal (Conis aureus). बादड्अवको s. f. Bully-ing, bluster, bravado.

गील ! s.f. A road.

गोधा adj. Moist, damp, wet. s. m. A wild creeper (Mimoso scandens). गुगुना adj. Milk-warm, tempid; snuffling, snuffler.

गुंगुनाना ७. कृ. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

गुजनापन s. m. Tepidity.

गुंग s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound.

वृत्र s. m. The seed of Abrus precatorius, or the shrub itself Gunj-har, s. m. A necklace composed of Gunja seed. बुजरबा o. n. To roar, to growl. बुजरब बतुं. Thick, close,

गु जानी s. f. Thickness, closeness.

गुक्त odj. Grave.

गुंचनाग v. s. To cause to string, &c. गुंदेला sdi. Producing gum (s tree).

मुधना v. n. To be kneaded, plaited, &c.

तु स्वट इ. म. Name of a tree or game

(Amyris agallocha); Bdellium.

1881 s. m. A bunch, a bluster (of fruit),
ear of cron.

वृच्छेदार s.f. A kind of turban.

वृत्रका n. prop. A district of India, Euzerat.

मुख्या s. f. An ear ring ; a kind of sweetmeat: मुख्य adv. Thickly, closely. s. m. The seed of strue precgar atorius, or the shrub itself. Gung-har, s. m. A seedlage composed of the Gung seed.

वृष्ण odj. Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound.

Twie adj. Thick, close.

नुभानी s. f. Thickness, closeness.

गुटकारा ए. n. To coo as a dove ; to swallow.

gzai s. f. A ball prepared by devetees, by putting which in their mouths they are supposed to become invisible; a sweetmeat swallowed as a bolus without chewing; a small book worn as an amulet

বৃতিকা s. f. A. pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball.

बुदबा adj. Being set on edge (the teeth). बुदबी s.f. A kernel, stone (of fruit), seed.

ৰুষ্ক s. m. Molasses, troacle, raw sugar. Guranbe, Mangoes boiled with meal and sagar, resembling mangoe-fool. বুৰুবুৰ্বা s. a. To rumble (the bonels). বুৰুবুৰ্বা s.f. A small hukks, a kind of pipe for smoking.

गुक्र s. m. A medicine, (Menispermum glabrum).

ৰুত্ব } s. m. A kind of Bassia (B. বৃদ্ধুজ } attybila) bearing flowers which are sweet, and from which a spirituous liquor is distilled the nuts afford an oil used instead of butter. বৃদ্ধান o a. To dig; to cause to dig, নৰ্জ্য s. m. A seller of Gur, s. f. A doll,

বুজা s. f. A child's kite; a pinion. বুজা s. f. Hibiscus syriacus.

n. A quality, an attribute or property in general (but expecistly of excellence, &c.); skill, understanding,

cleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit ; a string, rope, small track-rope, a property of humanity. of which three are particularized, viz. the Satwoh, Rajah, and Tomah, or principles of truth or existence, passion, or foulness, and darkness, or ignorance : a favour, a kindness, Gunkarna, To benefit. Gun-ka-pulta dena, To repay a benefit. Gunchhandna, To pass over a person's good qualities, Gun-gahak, adi. Purchasing skill or merit, patronising, learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning, Gun manna, To acknowledge a favour, Gun-nidhan, Abdoe of skill or merit; skilful. बुषस्थान (lit. mine of merit) adj. Very worthy, skilful or learned.

worthy, skillul or learned.
নুদ্ধান s. m. Panegyric, praise.

गुणमानकरना v. s. To sing, celebrate, prattle, (or crow) as infants.

युषता s.f. Excellence; multiplication. गुणवं च s.m. The loss of all good qualitics.

जुष्पय vdj. Possessed of merit.

बुष्यम | adj. Possessing attributes पुष्पाम | but cepecially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished, पुष्पाम adj. Endowed with all goods qualities, an ocean of virtue or excel-

नुबस्ति s.f. Panegyric, encomium.

lence.

गुष्पीन adj. Void of merit. गुषा s. m. (in comp.) Fold, turn, time ; as Soa-ouns. A hundred-fold.

युचिन । odj. Endowed with good युचियन । qualities ; skilful.

gd ad. Skilful. virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art: a snake catcher, one who charms, a sorcerer, conjurer.

s. m. The name of a mountain, according to some. Chitrkote or Comptah in Bundelcand.

जुषना v. n. To be plaited, to be threaded to strung.

युष्यां बीं. Plaited or strung together.

गुद्द s. m. } The anus.

गुदकीलक } s.m. Piles.

गुदगुदा adj. Soft, plump.

गृदगुदार्थ गृदगुदाहट } s. f. Titillation

वरग्दाना e. a. To tickle to titillate. युद्धक s. m. Constipation, flatulence, &c. गृद्धिका adj. Clothed in patched garments or raga; a tatterdemalion; ono who lets quilts for hire. Gudriyapir, s. m. A tree near a town or village on which people tie up rags in

the manner of votive tablets, which they believe to be efficacious for the accomplishment of their wishes. ब्रह्मी ..f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding, quilts, &c.; a daily market.

मुदा s. f. The anus. मुद्दा s. m. A baby, doll ; a windgall ; a

bough, a branch.

जुर्चे s.f. Name of the neck. जुर्ज s.m. A quality, an attribute or property in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, clevernoss, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a small track-rope; a property of which three are particularized, vis. the Satwah, Rojah, and Tamah, principless of truth or existence; passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance; farour, or kindness. Gunkarna, To benfit. Gun ka palto dena,

To repay a benefit. Gun-chhándna,

To pass over a person's good qualities. Gran-gahak. adj. Purchasing, skill or merit, a patron of learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Gun-mana. To ackowlege a favorr.

गुनगुना adj. Milk-warm ; snuffling.

जुनगुनाना v. n. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

नगरन } adj. Possessing attributes भौनवान } but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

ৰ্বী adj. Skilful, virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art; a snake-catcher, one who charms snakes, a sorcerer.

মুদ্ধ adj. Preserved, protected; hidden, concealed; invisible, withdrawn from sight. s.m. An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vysyah or man of the third class. adv. Privately, secretly.

सुन्न s. f. Concealing, concealment; preserving, protecting.

मुत्री s. f. A hidden sword.

गपा s. f. A cave.

नुबरीता s. m. A beetle found in dunghills or old cowdung (Scarabeus or Stercorarius? copris).

मुभाना है v. a. To thrust, stick into.

बुनोबा s. m. Hard lumps in the intestines produced by costiveness, scybals. गुनदा s. m. A swelling or tumour from a blow.

गुमटी s.f. } A tower, a bastion.

गनका है अ. m. A protuberance, a bump,

ब्रुमर् s. f. Vertigo. जनसा adj. Musty. म्राजना v. n. To snarl.

acit s. f. Fairneys, whiteness, yellowness, pale redness. Afta s.f. A bend (of s rosary, &c.).

76 s. m. A-spiritual parent or director from whom the youth receives the initiatory mante or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and youth, up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string ; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor; a religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in the Shastras, &c. ; a father, or any venerable male relation ; a spiritual guide, preceptor, tutor, pastor, teacher; the planet Jupiter. edj. Heavy, weighty; important; honourable, respectable ; great, emiment; difficult, arduous; best, excellent. Guru-mukh hong, To receive from a Guru the initiatory mantr or mystical prayer peculiar to the deity adopted for worship in particular, who is thence termed the Isht-den, or chosen god; to become a scholar, Guru-laksh, s. m. Knowledge which can be acquired from a living instructor only.

मदकार्थ s. m. A serious or momentous affair; the business or office of a spiritual teacher. ब्रह्मन s. m. An elder, a venerable per-मुद्द्र adj. More important, highly honourable, weighty. fation. मुख्देशत s. m. The eighth lunar constell-MEGIA adj. Difficult of digestion. ₩€€# s. m. A topaz.

बद्दादन s. f. The wife of a spiritual teacher.

ग नगर s. m. Thursday. गर्मा s. m. Servant boy, a brat ; vaga-नगांनी s. f. A kind of shoe or slipper. Tid s.f. Ague, the cold fit of a fever.

quotidian fever.

युष s. f. A creeping plant (Menispermum glabrum).

गुआँ र s. m. A district in the southwest, Guzerai m. pl. The people of Guzerai. बर्ज री s. m. One of the Raginis or female personification of music.

गरीं s. f. Parched barley.

म जिल्ही s. f. A pregnant woman.

गुजाबा s. m. Sweet cake fried in butter, or wheat flower, sugar and daki, with anise and cardamum seeds made into dumplings and fried in ghee. ad).

मनगुजाना v. a. To soften, to mollify. गलग्लाइट s. f. Softness.

न जन्यना adj. Plump, handsome, chubby. गलपना s. m. A musketeer, a shooter of ball, a gunner.

गुरुकड़ी s.f. Conglomeration, knot, Guljhari dil-ki, s. f. Grief, displeasure, mental uneasiness.

युक्त s. f. Rice-gruel, or rice and water boiled together and seasoned with salt. बनाई s.f. Roundness, rotundity.

गुजाबनामन s.f. The rosespple (Eugenia jambos).

Term. m. A farinaceous powder dyed red which the Hindus throw on each other during the indecent festivities and drunken frolics of the hole. Guial-chashm, adj. Red-eyed Gullalbari s.f. A royal pavilion or tent Gulali, adj. Of the colour of the gulal or stained with it,

होंकी . f. A pill, a bolus, any smalt globular substance; a disease, गुलवा s. m. A monkey's pouch, गुलेख है . f. A pellet-bow. जुल्स s. m. The ankle. जुल्स s. m. The division of an army, a body of troops consisting of 9 platoons, or 9 elephants, 9 chariots, 27 horse, and 45 foot; the spleen; a disease, according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but it appears to be an induration of the mesentaric glands so as to be perceived externally. [bow.

externally.
নুধা s. m. A pellet shot from a pelletনাম s. m. A kind of pigeon s. f. A
whetstone, a polishing stone.
নুধাৰ s. m. The betel-nut tree (Areca

faufel or catechu).

नुवेश (gossip) s. f. A woman's female friend, ddj. Eloquent, conversible. भट s. m. Cabal.

To s. m. Human excrement Gohi, adj.
Defiled with excrement.

बुद्धत part. Covered, concealed ; plaiting the hair.

गड़ना v. a. To thread, to string : to plaid, to braid.

जिल्हान प्र. त. To bawl, to call out. v. a.
नहामजी s.f. A sty (in the eye).

TVI s. f. A cave, a cavern.

न कार s. f. Meconium (of infants).

तुषार s.f. An assistant, aid ; bawling ; tumult, alarm.

gw adj. Concealable, requiring concealment, a.f. The anna, the parts of the body which decency requires to be concealed.

que s. m. A kind of demigod attendant upon Kuver, the god of riches, and guardian of his tre^{a8}ures. 4 s. f. Human excrement.

युना ady. Dumb. युनाई s.f. Dumbness.

মূল s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound, roar.

যুজনা v. n. To resound, hum, buzz, growl, roar.

जुला s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

Ter s. m. A beam (of a ship); the cross timbers (of a boat).

স্থানা ৩. a. To thread, string, plait; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit. Gunth-wána, v. a. To cause to string, plait; stitch; put on a spit.

पृंद s.f. Gum.

गुंदना v. a. To knead; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

गृहिनी s.f. A tree yielding a sort of gummy fruit.

मुखा adj. Round, circular. s. m. A ring, a circle.

मू थन s. m. Dough ; plaiting, braid.

त्थना v. s. To knead (four, &c.) ; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

ब्या s.f. Betel-nut.

पूर्वा s. m. A partner (at any game). गुज़ s. m. A tree or gum (Amyris agallocha) ; Bdellium.

युक्ती s.f. A cockle-shell,

গুলং s. m. A cast of Rajpoots originally
from Gujrot.

ब्बरे s.f. The female of Gujar; an ornament worn on the wrists and feet; an earthen image representing a milkmaid; a musical mode.

यूनी s.f. A stick, a club.

गुष्टिया s. m. A doll.

युद्ध वर्ताः Abstrace, difficult, obscure, abstracted; secret, mysterious, enigmatical; hidden, concealed.

युद्धता अ. f. Abstruseness, secrecy, concealedness. ब्ह्यात s. m. A snake.

बृह्यक्ष s. m. A spy, a secret emissary, disguised agent, a scout.

मृद्देश s. m. A pedagogue, a pedant. मृद्देश s. m. A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way.

यूदार्थ adj. Of obscure or hidden meaning. यूदार्थ s. m. A round ball of cotton.

ग्यना v. s. To plait, braid, thread, string; to stitch; to spit or put on a soit.

সুষ্য s. m. A quilt; a bundle of old clothes; any old tattered cloths; a kind of silk stuff. Gudar-khyl. adj. (applied only to females) Foolish, unmanuerly, rude. Gudar sina, To stitch together. Gudar ka lal, or Gudar men gandoura nikálna, Good proceeding from evil.

गृदङ्की s.f. A quilt (especially a mendicant's); a bundle.

गूदर adj. Fat, plump.

युदा s. m. Brain, marrow, kernel, pith, erumb.

गृदिया adj. Desirous, wishing.

गूधना v. a. To knead (flour, &c.)

गुनका s. m. A bump, a swelling.

मूचर s.f. A wild fig (Ficus guleria). मुख्य s.f. Human excrement.

युक्तिया s. m. A dunghill, a place where excrement is thrown.

মুছী adj. Defiled with excrement, নম্মন s. m. Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poison;

WY t. m. A vulture.

garlic.

रशा adj. Desirous, greedy, covetous. राज adj. Covetous, cupidinous, greedy. राजुना s. f. Covetousness, greediness,

* extreme and liberal desire.

*habitation in general; a wife.

स्टब्बपीतव s. m. A pigeon, a tame er domestic pigeon.

यहत्ती s. f. A terrace in front of a house, a threshold.

रहनाम्ब s. m. A pigeon.

Twidle . m. A householder; a householder of particular merit, giving alms and performing all the prescribed ceremonies, &c.; virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c.

सहस्राहिका s. f. The site of a habitation. सहस्राहिका s. f. A garden or grove near

a house.

the second class, or he who after having finished his studies and been invested with the sacred thread. performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family; a peasant, a husbandman.

यहस्यायन s. m. The profession or condition of a bouseholder or married man.

ग्रह्मो s.f. Husbandry, house-keeping, housewifery, household; the duties of a householder.

হাছখী s.f. A wife. [eaught. হাছীন adj. Taken, attached, seized, হাছা adj. A partisan, of or belonging to a side or party; to be taken or seized; or of belonging to a house; a book containing directions for reli-

बेंड s. f. Name of a fish.

gious rites.

ग्रेडक s. m. Marigold. ग्रेडा s. m. A rhinoceros.

गड़ s. m. A ball for playing with.

बंद s. m. An elephant, s. f. A ball for playing with Gend-tari, s. f. Playing at ball.

नेहा s. m. Marigold; s ball .

बेही s. f. A ball (to play with).

नेवटा 8. m. A crab.

बेबली s. f. A trollop.

भेषो a.f. Name of a game, knocking a stick over a line by throwing another stick at it.

वैदरा adj. Simple, ignorant, silly.

Net s. m. A young unfledged bird; (mst.) an infant.

गेपा s. m. A nipple.

निक्€ s. m. Name of a bird.

गेइ s. m. A kind of red earth or ochre.

विद्या adj. Covered with or coloured like geru.

The smut, mildew.

Am adj. Simple.

গৈছ } s. m. A professional singer, an actor, a mimic; a chanter of the Sam Ved.

बेह s. m. A house, a dwelling.

गेह s. m. Wheat.

नेक्षां s. m. The colour of wheat; a sort of grass. adj. Of the colour of wheat, swarthy.

शेर } s.f. A pickaxe.

नेखा s. m. A rhinoceros.

मेना s. m. A bush ; a small bullock.

नेनी s.f. A small car or carriage drawn by the bullocks called gyna.

बैया s. f. A cow.

नेरा s. m. A sheaf (of corn).

गेरिक s. m. Red earth or ochre.

गेल s. f. A road.

नेप्री s. f. Demurrage.

नी s. f. Cow. [ing.

बोठ s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sew-बीडा s. m. Dried cow-dung.

ब्रेडनो s.f. Name of a tree.

ৰীহ s.f. Gum. Gond-dani, s.f. A vessel in which gum is kept to seal letters with. Gond-kaih, An instrument for spreading gum with (in sealing letters).

মাইলী s. f. A reed of the leaves of which coarse mats are made (Typha). মাহা s. m. A thin dough or pap made of flour of Cicer arietinum for feeding birds.

बोही s. f. Name of a tree (Cordia).

नीवर्ष s. m. A span; a kind of deer (the nil gow?) a mule.

बोक्कल s. m. A herd of kine, a multitude of cattle; a cow-house or station.

नोचर s.m. A plant (Ruellia longifalia, and in Bengal, Tributus lonuginosus); an ornament (bells tied round the an-Mes); a joint Bara gokhru, Pedalium muren

गीचना v. a. To catch, seize.

गोचर s. m. Perception, information. adj Known, perceived.

बीचरी adj. Visible, seen, perceived.

गीनर s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). गीनागरिक adj. Happy, fortunate, susficious.

गोट s f. A counter, piece or man at back gammon, chess, &c. ; the lem of a garment.

बोटा s.m. (Gold or silver) Lace or edging (rather narrow).

बोटी s.f. The small-pox, a pock.

गोड s. m. The leg, foot.

गोइना v. a. To dig, to scrape. गोड़ी s.f. Taking away. Gri karna.

To take away, stenl, wak off with.

the sacks fastened on the edes of a beast of burthen to sarry grain in.

बीत s. m. Parentage linese, pedigree, stock of a family

and n. prop. Bydha; 450 the author of the Nyayai philophy, or logic, and his dostrines presponded with those of Aristoti. नीती adj. One of the same stock or family, a relative.

नीत s. m. Family, race, lineage, kin ; a genus, a class or species.

and s. m. A relation; in law the term is nearly equivalent to the gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandhu or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors.

होर है s.f. The lap, bosom, embrace; होरों दे the elephantiasis. Göd lena, to adopt (a child). God pasarna, To ask, heg.

mark with dots (the skin). s. m.
Marks of tattooing.

ton s. m. Yellow orpiment; a cow's tooth; a fossil substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt.

बीपुडरी s. f. The name of a river in the jeninsula, the Goddoeri.

गी कंडनी s. f. A milk-pail,

alugi s. m. A bough, a branch.

archers on the left arm to prevent its being injured by the bow string.

गीधम } m. Wheat.

avel s. f. Evening, twilight.

गोंचेने इ. f. A mich-cow.

sidered to the same with the Best or Bor.

alu s. m. A hydsuau, a cowherd, a milkman. s. A god-necklace.
alus s. m. Conceal, et i. Gopan karns,
To conceal, to hid

बीपनीय कर्तु. Fit to be concealed. नीपरस s. m. Gum myrrh.

कीपाल है s. m. A cowherd, a cow-कीपालक keeper or protector; s king, a soverign.

नोपी s. f. A The female of Gop (a coisherd): a female cowherd.

नीपोचन्द्र s. m. A species of white clay. नीपनाल s. m. A cowherd.

गोफन र s.f. A sling (for throwing) गोफिया with).

बीफिया with). बीबर s. m. Cow-dung. Gobar khana, to

do penance (by eating cow-dung). बीवरगनेश adj. Fat.

बीबरी s.f. Plaster made of cow-dung, बीबरीहा s.m. A beetle found in cowdung (Scarabeus).

गोभी s. f. A term in card-playing; name of a medicinal herb (Hieractum). Sufud gobbi, Cacalia sonchifolia.

गीमय s. m. Cow-dung.

नीस्थ s. m. A hole in a wall made by thieves, &c. ; branch.

शेषुकी e.f. A cloth-bag containing a rosary, the hand being thrust in, counts the beads; the chasm in the Himalaya mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindus to be of the shape of a cow's mouth.

गीसव s. m. Cow's urine.

गौतिरस s. m. A gem of a yellowish or tawny colour (a topax) a precious' stone brought from the Himalaya and Indus. described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red and dark bine, perhaps' varieties of agate.

नी नेद्रशिक्ष s. m. Chalcedony or opal. नी नेप s. m. The offering or sacrifice of a cow.

are s. m. Milk, butter-milk, ourdled or coagulated milk.

milk of cattle. s. m. A sodomite.

बोरबी s. f. A vessel for holding milk, &c., a milk-pail.

गोरा adj. Fair (complexioned).

na s.m. An ox, a cow. Gornadlyuka, a s.m. Twilight (the time of bringing home the cows). Gornari bers, s.f. Evening.

को इत s. m. A measure of distance equal to two cros sor cos.

কার্যাখনা s. f. A bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine of a cow or vomited in the shape of scibules by the animal; it is employed in painting and dyeing and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Tituc or sacred mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelminitic remedy, &c.

in s. m. A circle, a ball, any thing round or globular, water-jar adj. Round. Gol-phal, s. m. The testicle, Golgol, adj. Round. Golsa, adj. Roundish.

গীজনা s. n. } A widow's illegitimate গীজৈনা s.f. } son or daughter. গীলমিম s. f. Black-pepper (Pipernigrum).

Alter s. f. A globe, a sphere, a mandal; a large water-jar s. m. A granary; a canon-ball; a bell; a large beam of wood; a kind of pigeon; the kernel of a coccanut.

बीबाई s. m. Roundness,

बीकाकार adj. Round, globular.

নীৰ্ভজঃ s. m. Name of a game, tip-cat, নীৰাখাৰ s. m. The division of mathematical science which treats of the spheres, spherics.

Mart s. m. Roundness.

बोखारा adj. Round.

बोखी s. f. bullet, a ball, a globule; s pill; a jar Goli marna, To shoot s ball at.

बोखोक s. m. The heaven of Vishnu.

बीवना v. a. To conceal, hide.

नोतर्म s.m. A celebrated hill in Vindra wun, or the country about Mathura, it is said to have been upheld by Krithna upon one finger to shelter the cowherds from a storm excited by Indra, as a test of the divinity of the former.

गीभास adj. Cow-house.

बोष्ट s. f. Plot, cabal, conspiracy.

बोह s. m. Cow-pen, a fold for cattle, a station of cowherds.

গাষ্টা s.f. An assembly, a meeting, conversation, discourse; family counexion, but especially the dependant or junior branches.

गोपद s, m. A measure, as much as a cow's footstep will hold; the mark or impression of cow's foot; or hoof.

गोसन s. m. The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the *Hindus* in former times, and not permitted in the present age or *Kalijug*.

nited to s. m. The deity; a saint, a holy person; the descendants of the disciples of Chytanych of Nadia.

गीचेंबा s. f. The diety.

नोश्चन s. m. A cluster of blossom, si

गोसनी s.f. A grape. [cattle. नोस्थान s.m. A cowpen, a station for नोबना v. a. To hide, conceal.

all s.m. A lizard, a guana; a gangetic alligator.

बीक्या s.f. Killing a cow.

गोदरा s. m. Cakes of dried cow-dung ; an ally, succourer, an assistant. बोहरी s. f. Demurrage. बोहर s. m. Tumult, uproar.

नीइं s. m. Wheat.

নীছখন } s. m. A species of snake, নীছন: } the Bos.

गोध्र s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia and Tribulus languinosus).

मी s. m. f. A. cow, one of the cow species. Gos-dan, s. m. Gift of a cow. मैं s. f. Opportunity, advantage. Gosn-

gir, Controller, uncontrolled, ruler, invested with authority, self-interested. Goan-ghat, s. f. Power, opportunity.

गीख s.m. A portico.

गीकई s. f. A sprout.

बीकी s. f. A hole or pit.

and s. m. The district of Gour, the central part of Bengal; the ruins of its capital called by the same name are still extensive. m. pl. The inhabitants of Gour (brahmuns).

गौड़ा s. m. A cast of Hindus in Urissa, who are generally palki carriers and bearers: a musical mode.

नोहिया s. m. Inhabitant of Gour; hence the followers of Chytanyah of Naddea are so called: this philosopher flourished in the year 1407 of Solivahan, about A. D. 1350.

गोड़ो s.f. Rum or spirit distilled from Gur or molasses; a musical mode.

गौदान s. m. Gift of a cow.

बीना s. m. Bringing home a wife. Gounhar, s. m. The company who attend the bride when bringing home.

गौर ailj. Fair-complexioned.

নীৰে s. m. Reputation, respectability, venerableness, consequence or weight. নীৰ্দিন adj. Venerable, repectable.

after s. m. A. cock-sparrow.

बौरिया s. f. A sparrow.

बीरी s. f. A musical mode.

बोझाला s. m. A cow-house.

नीइ s. m. Perseverance.

नीहरण s. m. An ally, succourer, an assistant.

खारह adj. Eleven. Gyrahwan, adj. Eleventh. [order.

पणित adj. Strung, tied together, or in यन s. m. A book or composition in

prose or verse, a code, the book of the Sikh religion composed by the guru Nonak Shah.

য়ৰকাৰ s. m. An author, book-maker, writer, compiler.

यान s. m. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c.; and figuratively of the body; a tie, the knot of a cord, &c.

सस adj. Inaccurately pronounced, slurred, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable

Grah-sthapan, Invoking the presence of the, nine planets.

ave s. m. Taking, seizure, receiving, acceptance; assent, agreement; an eclipse.

यक्षी इ. f. Diarrhoa, dysentery.

यहपीड़ा s.f. The influence of an unpropitious planet.

यक्ष्या s. f. Worship of the sun and the other planets.

यहराज s. m. The sun ; the moon ; the planet Jupiter.

or the polar star, from its remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements.

वदायीन adj. Subject to planetary infin-

यशास s. m. Epilepsy, convulsions, demoniacal possession which the complaint is supposed to be.

Taking, disposed to take.

A village, a hamlet, an inhabited place in the midst of fields and meadow land, where men of the service class mostly reside, and where agriculture thrives; a scale in music, an octave.

चानची s.m. A barber. s.f. A whore, a harlot; a peasant or villager.

থাপৰাসৰ s.m. The village priest, one who conducts the ceremonies for any or all classes, and is consequently considered as a degraded brahman; it also applies to the attendant of an idol.

यामवासी s.m. A villager.

यानिक aaj. Village, rude, rustic.

यानीय ody A villager, a rustic, village ; vulgar, rude

बाख s. m. Rustic or homely speech; the Prakrit, and the other dialects of India except the Sanskrit.adj. Rustic (in discourse); village-born, produced in or relating to a village.

पाम्यधर्म s. m. Copulation.

षासाय s. m. An ass (lit. village horse). षास s. m. A mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump or rice, &c., of the size of a peacock's egg.

Taking, either by seizure or acceptance; a shark; according to some the Gangetic alligator, according to others, the water elephant (the hippopatamus?).

ques s. m. One who takes or seizes, one who accepts.

पाक s.f. A shark, according to some. पाक sdy. Worthy of acceptance, fit to he received.

कीय s. f. The neck; the back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trapezium muscle. तीय s. m. The hot season comprehending two months, about June, July ; heat, warmth. adj. Hot, warm.

चेड s. m. A dwelling, a house.

गैंद s. m. A necklace, a close neck-lace or collar.

वेष adj. Belonging or relating to the

पैभी s. m. Double jasmin.

स्तान adj. Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease &c.

of body or depression of mind.

खाल है s. m. A cowherd.

म्बाखिन s.f. The female of Gwal wife of a cowherd.

खेंड adv. Near.

म्बें डा s. m. Suburb, vicinage. Gwendeh, adv. Near.

र्वे इ adv. Near.

ষ

ৰ The fourth consonant of the Nágari alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding with gh.

चंदीरमा } v. a. To rinse; to mix any चंदीजना } liquid by stirring it about... चंद s. m. The neck.

vizi s. m. A bell, a clock, an hour.

चंद्राची s. f. A small bell.

चचरा s. m. } A petticoat.

घनाघन adj. Thick.

wz s. m. A water-pot; the body. s. f. Mind, heart, thought, soul.

**ZT* s. m. A mediator, go-between, an ambassador, attorney, messenger; an agent who assærtains or invents genealogies and negotiates matrimonial alliances.

2 s. m. An epithet, name of | ususin v. n. To thunder. a Rishi,

went s. f. Diminution, decrease ; allevintion, abatement, decline,

बटलंबी s. f. A bawd or procuress. wza s. m. Occurring.

went v. n. To abate, decrease, lessen, decline, waste, dwindle, to be depressed,

चटनोच adj. Liable to abatement, or decrease, or diminution.

घटन s.f. Decrease.

TETE adv. More or less, about,

s. m. A wharfinger. घटनाम 🕻

TTI s. m. An offender, transgressor. watching for wait, watching for plunder or prey.

921 s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds, clouds : crowds.

घटाटीप s. m. A covering for a palki, a a carriage, or any article of furniture. घटाना a. a. To decrease, lessen, abate,

diminish, allay, reduce. TITE S. m. Deficiency, reduction, ab-

breviation, falling (as of a river or of the price of any thing), depreciation. अवटावना v. a. To reduce, to cause to

subside or fall. अदिका s. f. The ankle; a muhurt, or 30th part of a day and night : a dand

or period of 24 minutes. षरिया adj. Low-priced.

बटी s. f. The Ghari, or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which bours are struck : diminution, abatement, decrease ; alleviation.

My s. m. A yhat, a quay or landing place, steps of the side of a river, &c., leading to the water's edge.

WET s. m. Corn of the foot.

uff s. f. A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c.

घड़ना छ. त. To make, form, forge, work (metals).

TEI s. m. A water-pot, an earthen pot, a pitcher, jar.

चड़िया s. f. A crucible : a honey-comb ; the womb.

पहिचान s. m. A crocodile; a plate of brass for beating time,

षांख्यानी s. m. The person who attends the ghariyal and strikes the hours. wel s. f. Fold, plait,

and s. f. An hour or the space of 24 minutes; an instrument for measuring time, a clok, watch, &c. Ghari men tola ghari men masha, Expresses

a person of a changeable disposition. पडोपडी Always, again and again.

षड़ीया s. m. } A stand for water-pots,

घड़ीखा s.m. A. pot, a pitcher.

wers. m. A bell, also a plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a bell : a clock, an hour.

बद्धाको s. f. A small bell,

प्राथा s.m. Bell metal.

विका s. f. The uvula or soft palate. TE S. m. A string of bells, tied on an

elephant's chest, &c., by way of ornament.

That s. m. A murderer.

an adj. Material, solid; gross; compact ; hard, firm ; impenetrable ; very, much. s. m. A number. an assemblage or quantity; (in arithmetic) the cube of a number; (in geometry) a 'solid.

चन s. m. Gathering of the clouds, clouds; an anvil, a sledge-hammer.

घनगरन s. m. Thunder, any loud noise. adj. Lond-sounding.

चन्दन s. f. An imitative sound.

बन्दनाना v. n. To jingle, ring, tinkle, to sound like a wheel in revolution.

धनचेरा s.m. A petticoat.

सम्बद्धिः a.m. Cloudiness, gathering of the cloud. adj. Cloudy, overcast; lond-sounding. [ning. सनज्याला s. f. Lightning, a flash of light-

चनजाला s.f. Lightning, a flash of light-चनतनश्च adj. Whose body is of the colour of the clouds, an epithet of Krishna.

इनता s. f. Firmness, compactness ; thickness, solidity.

चनपंच s. m. The contents of a solid (in geometry).

वनम्ब s. m. Cube root (in arithmetic). वनमान adj. Black as a cloud, &c. s. m. Black clouds.

चनसार s. m. Camphor; mercury, or some peculiar form of it.

uni adj. Thick, close, confused, numerous, much, many.

प्राच्या A kind of poetry.

चनेरा adj. Much, many.

वनेस s. m. A bird (Buceros malabaricus), वपवी s. f. The grasp of the two arms. वपवी . f. Clasping with joy.

चवराना v. त. To be confused, confounded, perplexed, agitated, embarassed,

agitation, perturbation, alarm, con-

क्रम्बनाना adj. To revolve.

&c.

gance, conceit.

चनकी adji Proud, haughty, arrogant. चनरीच s.f. Crowd, confusion in a general engagement.

चनच s. f. Heat, closeness.

वनसान } s. m. Battle, engagement,

चनाचन adj. Thick, crowded.

चनाना v. n. To sun, to bask in the sun. चनाना A wit: to sun, bask in the sum.

पत्रं कर्त. Name of a plant.

वनीई The castor oil plant. (Palmos ' christi or Bicinus communis).

षमीरी s. f. The prickly-heat.

वयर } adj. Delay, blaming others.

W. s. m. House, dwelling, home, apartment, drawer, compartment, groover Ghar karna, To fix, settle, establish a family. Ghar khokar tamasha dekhna. To ruin one's self and spend the time in idle pleasures. Ghar ghálnas To rain. Ghar chalána, To provide for one's household expenses. Ghar dubons. To be ruined. Ghar dwari. s. f. A kind of tax, poll-tax, hearthmoney. Ghar-bahghar. adj. To or inevery house, from house to house, Gharbasa, adj. At home indolent. inactive. Ghar byth-jana. To be rouined Ghar hong, Expresses affection and unanimity between husband and wife.

षरक adj. Domestic, household.

चरत s. f. Make, form.

घरनो s.f. A raft made with pots, a float (of pots).

with v. a. To make, form, malleste, forge, work (metals).

चरनी s. f. A wife.

प्रशास s. m. Household furniture, &c. uxux a. m. Family, household goods, Gharbár bazána, To consummate a marriage. Gharbar hone, To undergothe consummation of a marriage.

बरवारी s. f. Housewifery, domestic con-

MUNIS. m. House-rent.

MKCI s. m. A rattling noise in the

throat which dying people are afflict- | TEXTHI v. n. To thunder ; (met.) To ed with pain, agony, pang.

WESTER S. m. Snoring.

बरारी s.f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

भरदासा s. m. A house-keeper, master of a house.

चरवाको s. f. Mistress of a house; house-keeping.

चराना s. m. Family, house-hold. ष्राभी s. m. A thatcher.

मरी s. f. An hour, or the space of 24 minutes; a fold, a plant. adi, Folded (as clothes).

बरेबा adj. Domestic, tame.

जदबा । s. m. A small house which children make to play in.

चचंट s. m. A kind of fish (Silurus). मर्बर s. m. The name of a river, the

Gogra or Ghogra; the sound of gurgling, rumbling, &c.

वर्ग s. m. Heat : the hot season : sunshine; sweat, perspiration.

चर्षेक s. m. Grinding, pounding. अवंची e. f. Turmeric.

वस्या s. m. A. small quantity given above the quantity purchased, to boot.

चसन s. f. The act of rubbing.

चरना । v. n. To be rubbed, to be बसिना | abraded, to be worn, to fret, wear. v. a. To rub, rub off, whet, to beat, adj. Apt, to be worn by rubbing.

षसिटना v. n. To be dragged, to be trailed, to trail.

विधारा s. n. A grass-cutter.

षश्चितारिक s. f. The wife of a grasscutter.

चसीटना v. a. To drag, pull, trail. चसीचा adj. Grassy. Tthunder. Two s.f. Thunder, Ghaharna, v. n. To roar, to bawl.

चक्र adj. Gluttonous, voracious.

adi. Mischievous, hurtful. HINE adj. Wounded.

चाई s.f. Cudgelling; stratagem, fraud, a decoy; number five (in reckoning); the interval between the fingers or toes, the junction of the fingers, the space at the root where the fingers separate; the angle formed by a branch with the trunk of a tree, or space at the root of the branch : a cut or stroke with the broad sword or cudgel (of which there are twelvecuts).

वार्चन s.f. (One) time, turn.

षाईपांजी s. f. Secret inquiry, spring. WIE s. m. A hurt, bruise, wound, sore.

शक्तवप adi. Living from hand to mouth. improvident, spendthrift.

चांटी s. f. Adam's apple, the larynx ; wind-pipe.

धानस s. m. A large kind of fowl.

wis adi. Old, aged, experienced : slv. wily ; shrewd.

वावरा s. m. A petticoat ; name of s river, Gogra or Ghogra; a plant (Xanthium indicum).

WIZ s. f. A landing-place; a quay, wharf, ferry, ford, pass, bathingplace on a river side. Ghát-már, s. m. A smuggler, Ghát-márna, v. a. To smuggle.

बाट s. m. Mode, manner, shape; offence; want, abatement, reduction; deficiency, loss, detriments adj. Abated, less.

पाटपाट s.f. The way to a Ghát.

चाटमांकी s. m. A ferry-men. चाटा s. m. Acclivity, ascent, deficiency,

abatement, reduction.

ghat of the Ganges, Jonna, &c. to keep the clothes of the bathers.

चाटी s.f. A strait, a pass (in a mountoin, Gc.), a ravine.

un s. f. Aim, design, snare, ambuscade, ambush. opportunity; killing, slaughter, a bruise, ablow; product (of a sum in multiplication). Ghát karna, To waylay, lie in ambush, kill, Ghát tokna, To watch an opportunity.

बातक s. m. A murderer, maimer, an enemy. [muderer. बातन s. m. Killing, slaughter; a

भाता s. m. Name of a plaything. भागा s. m. Anything given gratis in a sale over and above the price.

चानी adj. Murderous, felonious, चानुक adj. Mischievous, injurious, mur-

derous, cruel, savage violent, feroocious.

चान s.f. As much as is thrown in at one time into a mill or mortar, &c. चानी s.f. An oil-mill (or oil-press); a sugar-mill.

বাৰ্ম adj. Confused, confounded.
বাৰ s.f. Sunbeams, sunshine; beat (of
the sun). [blockhead.

the sun).
चामक् adj. Simple, artless; a clown, a

wie s. f. Mischief.

ৰাজ্য s.m. A destroyer, desolator, one who ruins. [in, to throw. सालग v. a. To desolate, ruin; to thrust ৰাজনীয় adj. Jumbled.

wie s. m. A wound, a sore. Chao ka nishan, s. m. A scar.

wiswa adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

straw, hay, fodder. Ghas-pát, s. f. Sweepings.

वासपात Sweepings, rubbish, fallen and rotting leaves.

fus s. m. Butter charified by boiling and straining.

चिंचाना v. n. To be hoarse.

fusion v. a. To faller, be unable to speak (from fest, joy. &c.), appear very humble, coax. wheedle, fawa, beseech, implore. Ghishi bandh jana, v. n. To falter, be unable to speak (from shame or fear, &c.)

चित्री s. f. A faltering in speech.

ষিব্যাৰ adj. Thick, confused, muddy. Ghick-pich bakna, or bolna, To speak thick.

fau s.f. Disgust, shame, bashfulness.

Ghin dens, To reproach, abash. Ghin

khans. To be disgusted, to have the

stomach turned.

विकथिना adj. Disgusting.

বিভাগা v. n. To be disgusted, adj. Disgusting.

चिचियाना v. n. To be disgusted.

विषीना adj. Disgusting, abominable, nanseous, fulsome.

বিষা s. m. Name of a vegetable, a pompion (Cucurbito lagenaria). Ghiyo torui s.f. A vegetable (Luffa pentandra).

ৰিংলা v. n. To be surrounded, enclosed, to be collected around; to gather (as the clouds).

for twisting ropes; a kind of pigeon, the tumbler Ghirni khana, To goround.

বিধার s. f. Stink (particularly of urine). বিধানা v. a. To eause to surround or enclose.

fwwn v. n. To be rubbed, to be abraded. v. s. To rub , to beat. adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing. चिसनी adv. By rubbing ; as Ghisni chalna, To move along, rubbing on the ground, as a child on his buttocks before he is able to walk.

विसाना v. a. To cause to rub. abrade. विनाव s. m. | Attrition, rubbing, fric-चिसावट s. f. } tion, abrasion.

विशिधाना v. a. To trail, to drag.

की s. m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.

बोक्नार s. m. A medicinal plant (Alie perfoliata).

चौंच ? The neck (both before and be-घोष f hind).

with s. m. The name of a very large wild creeper.

चंगीना s. m. A toy, a child's rattle. wind s. f. A small red and black seed (Abrus precatorius).

TTE s. m. A small bell : an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells festened to it.

संच वार घुंचगर } घंचगरा र् adj. Curly (hair).

g'el s. f. A button.

Thribes. a receiver of चुंमी adj. Malicious ; म् सी adj. Angry.

चचचा s. m. An owl.

The knee, Ghutnon chaina, To crawl about on the knees (as a

cated. child \. हटना v. n. To be rubbed, to be suffo-

geit s. f. Perfidy. ष टाना v. n. To shave clean, to polish. 88 s. m. A horse. Ghur-charha, A horseman, trooper, one on horseback. Chur-charhi, s. f. A female on horseback, riding. Ghur-dour, s. m. A

race course, horserace. Ghur-bahal, s. f. A four-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses, a chariot. Ghur-munka, adj. Horse-faced. Gur-

sal s. m. A stable.

पदका v. a. To brow-beat, to repri mand, to frown at.

geal s. f. Rebuff, brow beating, reuke . frowning at.

बुडचढा s. m. A horseman.

पुरुवही s. f. A. female on horseback ; riding.

बुद्धींड s. m. A race-course.

Two-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses.

agrici adj. Horse-faced.

बुद्धसमा v. a. To curl.

इस्टाल s. m. A stable.

gu s. m. Name of an insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, grain, and flour), a weevil; rancour. yur adj. Destroyed by the ghun, weevil-

esten.

adj. Secret, cautious, designing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

चुड़ी s. f. A button.

बन s. m. An insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, and flour). a weevil ; rancour.

घनगीना s. m. Plaything. gar adj. Destroyed by the ghun, weevil-

चनाचर) s. m. Characters traced by a घं नाच्चर 🕽 weevil in wood.

प्रतिया adi. Designing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

gy adj. Dark.

सन्द्रमा s. m. Revolution, going round ; subterfuge, evasion, prevarication; doubt, suspense, hesitation. Ghunghu-ma-na, v. a. To revolve ; to prevaricate.

च नक्ता adj. Dark, condy.

www s. f. Gathering of the clouds. च सरा s. m. Name of a plant (Phlomis);

name of an insect.

भागरी s. f. The vertigo, swimming of | प्रशेषका v. a. To thrust, stuff, eram. the head, giddiness.

चुनाना v. a. To turn round, whirl, cause to turn, wheel, roll, brandish, circulate, encircle ; to beguile, Ghumána phirana, To prevaricate.

घरकना v. a. To brow-beat, reprimand; frown at, chide.

बरकी s. f. Rebuff, brow-beating, rebuke, frowning at.

चरवरा s. m. The mole-cricket (Gryllus Gryllotalpa), a phagedenick ulcer or herpes exedens (so named from digging in the flesh, as the mole-cricket closs in earth or sand).

च रच राना v. n. To grunt (as a pig).

s. m. Tendo Achilles. घंडनस 🕻

चरनाना v. n. To snore.

ष रनी s.f. A vertigo, swimming in the head, rolling,

धलना v. n. To melt, dissolve, be dissolved; to be mellowed, to rot (as fruit); to become lean, to waste.

चन्निक part. Dissolved, mixed melted (in kindness).

चलवा s. m. To boot.

चलवाना v. a. To cause to mix with a liquid, to cause to dissolve.

चलाक adj. Melting.

चलाना v. a. To melt, to dissolve. चलावट s. f. Melting, dissolving,

चवा s. m. A coarse kind of cotton.

च प s. m. Penetrating.

भूसना v. n. To be thrust in, to enter. penetrate; interfere, meddle.

चमपैठ s. f. Access.

चुनाना v. c. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in, cause to penetrate or enter.

ष्टिक्ता v. n. To be thrust or stuffed in.

force or run in, pierce, insinuate, foist.

घूंबनी s. f. A sort of stir-about, or grain of any kind (pulse or wheat, \$c.) boiled whole with sugar.

चंगर s. m. A curl. Goungar-waleh. Curled hair.

घुनी s.f. Clothes folded and put on the head as a defence against the rain; a cockle or snail, a small ghonga.

ष वर्गी s.f. A small red and black seed (Arbus precatorius).

H WE s.f. A voil; concealing the face with a veil, &c. Ghunghut karns, To draw a veil over the face. Ghunghat karna, v. s. To veil: to draw back his neck (a horse). Ghunghat karna, v. a. To be broken or defeated (an army).

च बर s. m. A curl.

च बद s. m. A small bell, an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

ਥ ੱਟ s. m. A gulp, draught, pull.

घ टना v. a. To gulp, drink, swallow.

₹ 3 s. f. A medicine consisting of aloes, spices and borax, given to a new-born infants to clear out the meconium.

व स s. m. A bandicote rat.

च सा s. m. A blow of the fist. www.s.m. The ring-necked dove : an

owl.

च च चा s. m. An owl; a blockhead.

₹ Z s. m. A gulp, draught.

स्टमा v. s. To gulp, drink, guzzle.

ब्री s.f. A medicine given to newborn infants; the ankle joint. च न s. m. Rancour, malice, spite.

च ना adj. Designing, malicions, spite-

ful, revengeful, rancorous; secret, ! cautious.

चेर

च म adv. Back, round about.

च नच माला adj. Loose (as a robe), full. च सच मेला adj. Revolving, circling, round. भ मना v. n. To go round, revolve, turn,

roll, wheel, whirl. sub. Whirling, turning &c. Sir ghúmna, To be giddy or dizzy, to swim (the head).

▼ ₹ s. m. Staring ; dunghill.

ब्रची s. f. A twist in thread, entanglement.

भ रना v. a. To state at, to stare, to fix the eyes on ; to look at angrily.

च रा s. m. Sweeping, a dunghill. व रिया A. m. A. dunghill.

₹ ₹ s. m. A bandicote rat (Mus malabaricus : Mus giganteus) ; a bribe.

च सत s. m. A young owl.

च समझ सा s. m. Thumping and pulling. boxing, fisticuffs.

■ W s. m. A thump, a blow of the fist, buffet, a bandicote rat.

चेंटा 8. m. हे चें टी s. f. (

चेंगा ? s. m. The bronchocele goitre or Derbyshire neck.

चैतला s. m. A kind of shoe.

चेपना v. a. To mix, mingle, unite into a paste (as flour and water).

चेर adj. Round, surrounding, enclosing ; loose (as a robe); full; winding, meandering. s. m. Circuit, circumference. Ghergher karna, To surround stop or hinder, Gherdar, adj. Full loose (a robe), circular, extensive. चेर 8. m. Calumny, reproach, complaint. चेरना v. a. To surround, compass, encircle, invest, beset, blockade, Gherna

gharna, To surround, &c.

के ली s. f. A handle for turning a spinning-wheel, a winch,

act adi. Round, surrounded, s. m. A. cricle, a circumference; a siege, blockade, a fence; vertigo. Ghera dalna, To surround, lay a siege, besiege. Ghero men parna, To be surrounded, चेदर s f. A kind of sweetmeat.

was s. f. Reproach, blame, censure, &c.; compassion, tenderness, pity; abhorrence, disgust, shame, bashfulnegs

wa s. m. Ghi, clarified butter, or butter which has been boiled gently and allowed to cool: it is then used for culinery and religious purposes, and is highly satcemed by the Hindus.

इतकृतारी s. f. The aloe (Aloe perfoliata). with s. m. A cockle-shell, a snail (Coachlea helix).

चीट s. f. A draught (drink).

बॉटमा v. a. To polish by rubbing ; (met.) to investigate ; to strangle. s. m. A. stone, &c., with which any thing is polished, the knee.

घोनला s. m. A (bird's) nest.

घोषाना v. a. To repeat, to iterate, to speak aloud.

घोषी s.f. A pocket, pouch, wallet ; a turtle dove.

चार s. f. Polish.

घोटक s. m. A horse.

बोटना v. a. To polish; calender; to plod, to shave.

घोटनी .. f. A rubber.

wizi s. m. A. wooden rubber,

बीट adj. Polished, smooth (words).

Til s. m. A horse. Ghoreh ko sarpat घोषा s. m. A cloth with a part folded like a sugar-loaf to cover the head and worn over the body in cold or wet weather.

बीवां s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

মাং s. m. Horror, horribleness; trepidation; dread, awe; the sound of a drum. Ghor ghuntna, To be inwardly displeased, to conceal one's dislike or indignation. adj. Frightful, horrible, terrific, aweful; deep (colour of a horse, or sleep). Ghor nidra, Deep sleep. [ful appearance, মাংহুল্ল adj. Terrific, of horridor frightনাংহুল adj. Frightful, hideous s. m. A

hideous appearance, খাবেখা adj. Frightful, horrible, hideous, খাবাজনি adj. Frightful, hideous, of horrible aspect or form.

horrible aspect or form

ৰাজ ৪. m. Evasion, subterfuge. বাল্বা ৩. a. To mix with a liquid to dissolve.

चाचमेल s. m. Mixture, mixing.

शोधा s. m. An intoxicating portion made of bhong or opium; a solution; name of a fish. Gholeh men dolno, To involve in difficulty.

चीव s.m. A station of herdsmen; a cast of milk-men; a cowherd.

श्रापना । s.f. Speaking aloud, making भीखना ∫ a great noise; crying, proclaiming.

चीवला s. m. A bird's nest.

चींचा s. m. A Mussimen cowherd or milk-man.

बीड़ s. f. A bunch (of plantains).

बीह है s. f. A bunch or cluster of होर है grapes, dates or plantains.

wid s. m. The nose; smell, smelling. adj. Smelling.

त्रायतप्य ७. m. Fragrance, odour, a fragranse, a perfume.

भागेरिय s. f. The nose, the sense of smelling.

win adj. Smelled.

The twentieth letter of the alphabet and first of the second or palatial class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in Church.

चंगवात s. m. Name of a disorder.

चंगर s. m. Tray, trough.

ৰা adj. Healthy, cured, sound. Changa b mana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastice. Bhata-changa. adj. In health and vigour; perfect, good. ব্যুৱ.m. A claw. talon, clutch, gnasp. খ্যুৱ.dp. Excellent.

चंगर s. f. A flower pot, a tray. [tray. चंगर s. m. A large basket, a trough or चंगरा s.f. A small basket.

चंचनाना v.n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.); to make the noise butter does in a frying pan.

च चरीक s. m. Large black bee.

चंचल adj. Trembling, tremulous; restless, wanton, playful, fickle; perishable, transitory.

শ্বনা s. f. Perishableness; restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

বৰভাগে s. m. Playfulness, wantoness,

चंदलाइ s. f. Restlessness, playfulness ; perishableness.

चंचलाना v. n. To be playful, wanton, unsteady, or restless.

ৰব্যাহত s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness, ficklensss.

T'Z s. m. A miser.

(met.) a miser, a merciless wretch, an outcast.

Till s. m. The rear-guard; a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthea pots joined together. Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukh, s. m. Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukhi. or Chand-badani, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

ৰ'ষ্ণ s. m. Sandal-wood or tree sanders (Sirium myrtifolium or Santalum album).

च देखा ddj. Bald. s.m. Baldness.

ৰ হয় s. m. A small canopy, an awning. ৰ হা s. m. An assessment, contribution, subscription; the moon.

च दिया s.f. The crown of the head.

च होल } s.m. A tribe of Rajputs who च देवा } claim descent from the moon.

च देवा) craim descent from the moon. चंदीहा adj. Silvery, white.

च देशी च देश } s.f. Name of a place.

च हैनी s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel),

T s. f. The moon, considered as a planet or deity. Chandr-mukhi, adj. Having a countenance, beautiful as the moon. [a finger nail.

THE S. M. The eye in a peacock's tail;
THEN S. F. A digit or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

चंद्रम s. m. The reputed Registrar of Jam's court.

the name of a tribe of Khattris, who claim descent from the moon.

च आशा s.f. The name of a river, the Chenab, one of the five streams of the Panjab. Chandrabhag, is the name of mountain, part of the Himalaya range, where the river is said to have its source.

ৰ হলা s. m. The moon. [thief, ৰ হবৈৰ s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical ৰ হবিৰা s.f. A flant (Serratula anthelmintics); a digit of the moon.

कंद्रस्करी s.f. A kind of Asclepias (A. acids); rue.

चंद्रवासा s. f. Large cardamoms.

च इसमार s. f. Small cardamoms.

चंद्रहार s.m. An ornament of dress, a sort of necklace composed of circular pieces of gold, silver, &c.

শ্বৰ ব

ৰ'হা sdj. Bald ; wise, intelligent.

चंद्रासप s. m. Moonlight.

पद्दाना v. n. To be withered or dried up (a tree), to cease to grow.

That s. f. Moonlight; the moonbeams; a small fish (Zeus oblongus); large cardamoms,

च दिख s. m. A petherb (Chenopodium album).

ৰ মাহৰ s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread over the large open courts of Hindu houses, &c. upon festival occasions; moon rise; a kind of collyrium.

चंपा है s.m. A tree bearing a yellow चंपा है fragrant flower (Michelia champaca).

Tate. m. An instrument made of peacock's feathers, &c. waved over the head of a sovereign, used to whisk off flies, &c., and also made of the tail of the Bos grunniens, a species, of ox.

www.s. m. Landed property, landed estate, a farm. Chak-bandi, s. f. Defining or making the boundaries of an estate.

चव s. m. A shepherd, or goatherd. '

the female of chakwa.

the waist. adj. f. Resplendent,

चवा हो s.f. A musk-rat (Soren corulescens ; Soren coruleus).

scrape, a scar; a slice, &c. Chakta dena, or—lena; 10 sear.

चकताना v. a. To sod, to turf.

चनती s. f. The hide of a rhinoceros. (of which shields are made), a patch of leather, a slice, a patch; the round of a cheese, a round plate of metal. &c., a letter, an epistle. ada. Compressed, flattened.

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चक्नाच र s. m. Scraps, small pieces, atoms, filings. Chakná-chur hona, To dashed to pieces, to shatter. Chakna-chur karna, To shatter, shiver, to break pieces.

चन्ना s. m. A boot, a stocking.

पकरवा s. m. Revelry. Chakarba machána, v. a. To revel, to riot.

THE S. m. A. kind of dish made of pulse.

चकरानी s.f. Woman servant.

चचा s. m. A brothel ; a kind of cloth made of silk and cotton; a division of a country containing several parganahs. adj. Wide, broad; round. Chakledar, s. m. The governor of a province or country. Chakledari. s.f. The government of a province or country; a round plate on which bread is rolled.

warn't s. f. Breadth

widen. चक्कामा s. f. To extend in breadth, to चक्रा s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas casarca); a whirlpool.

चका s. f. The female of the water-fowl chakına.

चक्रमण s. f. A kind of grass.

चकाचान s.f. The sound of the repeated strokes of a sword, dagger, or mace. चनाचाप s. f. The state of being dazzled, radiance.

Taylor s. m. A disease in horses. चवानी s. f. A ringworm.

wfwa adj. Timid, fearful ; astonished. with large eyes,

चनावा s. m. A fruit of the lime kind, a citron, pompelmoose, shaddock (Citrus decumanus).

चनीर s. m. The Bertavelle or Greek partridge (Tetrao rufus : Perdix rufa) fabulously said to subsist upon the moon beams, and to eat fire at the full moon.

चनीटा ? s. m. A. species of Cassia ৰন্ধ (Cassia obtusifolia), esteemed a remedy for ringworms.

चक्क s. m. A perch for birds (Particularly falcons), a roost.

an s. m. Congulated milk ; a carriage wheel, a circle adj. Rroud; thick (as duhi, &c.)

चक्रान adj. Thick (bhang, gc.) blot blotted, smeared,

वही s. f. A millstone, a mill, grinder ; kneepan : a thunderbolt.

s. m. A clasp-knife, a pen-knife.

TR ? s. m. A whirlwind or whirlpool ; TET (a circular missile weapon used principally by the Sikhs, a sharp discus or iron ring which they throw with great dexterity: (it was with this instrument called soodursun-chukr. that Narayan is said to have cut off the head of the Asur Rahu, when after churning the ocean, the surs or gods, and Asurs or demons fought for the amrit or nector); a circular course, the lounge (in menage): (met.) a misfortune, scrape, perplexity; a side or quarter, as Chabun chakkar men. Ou. the four sides, on all sides. Chakrdhari, A. pencock ; Vishnu. Chakr marna, To wheel round, to whirl round, Ghoreh ko chakkar dena, To lounge a horse.

चन्नव ode. In rotation, going, round or revolving like a wheel,

कुक्त है. m. An emperor, a sovereign of the world, a universal monarch. the ruler of a chakr or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bharat are especially considered as Chakr varttis; a title of brahmans in Bengal. चक्रवाक s. m. A bird, the ruddy goose (Anas casarca). Cirole. चलवान adj. Circular, being in a ring or चकाचार adj. Circular. বলিল adi. Astonished : timid, fearful. चक्री s. f. A round plate on which bread is rolled; an assembly of singers. चन्नेला ads. round, circular. चल s m. The eye. चक्रा v. a. To relish, taste. चखाचसी &.f. Discord. चावाना v. a. To cause to taste. चमसमा n. a. To cat without appetite. चतेर s. f. A flower-pot. चक्रवाव s. m. Name of a disorder. Trav. trough. wer adi. Healthy, cured, sound, Changa bánana. To correct, punish, put to right, chastise. Bhala-changa, adj. In health and vigour ; perfect, good. चन्न र odj. Excellent. TE T s. f. A flower-pot, a tray. Tri s. m. A large basket; a trough, or trav. पहिंची s. f. A small basket. चनर ady. (Land) that has been cultivated or ploughed one year. भगरा s. m. Name of a tree. चर्चाह्या ह. m. A. whistler, . [ther. चवा s. m. Paternal uncle, father's bro-ৰণী s.f. Father's brother's wife, aunt. चवीर s. m. A line, stripe, score. चचेंग adj. Descended from or related through a paternal uncle, as Chachéra-bhai, s. m. A cousin, son of

paternal uncle. Chachéri bahin, s. f. Daughter of paternal uncle, a female cousin.

चचीरना v. a. To suck (a dry substance from which nothing can be obtained).

चयल s. m. I.arge breasts.

বরী s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt. বৰ্ষনান্ত n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.) to make the noise butter does in a frying-pan.

चयनाइट s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain.

ব্যার adj. Trembling, shaking, moving, unsteady; fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady metaphorically); playful, restless, wanton, perishable. s. m. A lecher, a libertine.

বছলনা s.f. Restlessness. perishableness; fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness. [hearted.

তমন্ত্র adj. Capricious, fickle, false-তমন্ত্র s. f. Lightning.

चरताई s.f. Restlessness, playfulness, বহুৱানা v. n. To be playful, wanton or restless.

বস্থাত্ত s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness,

THE s. f. A beak.

Tadv. Quickly, instantly. s.f. An excoriation, a sore, a scab, cancer; the noise of breaking up, snap. Chat bhasam. Eating up the whole, licking the platter clean. Chat deh tutna. To snap, short, to break. Chat karna, To eat, dissipate, make waste. Chat hons, v. n. To be dissipated or consumed.

wzw s. m. A sparrow. s. f. A hensparrow; a crash, a crack, a smack, intelligence, gaudiness; glitter, splendour, prime of life. adj. Intelligent, quick. Chatak seh, ann. Deceiving. Chatak seh jana, To pay with the fore top sail. Chatakwai, s. f. Quickness.

ঘতনা v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split.
আহলা s. m. A slap, box, blow, cuff.
আইলা s. m. Sonroity. Chaika lagans, To thirst, to wish.

বহরনা v. a. To crack (as a whip); to snap the fingers (in rejaicing); to split; to fire off a musket; to irritate

चटकार्गी v. a. To urge cattle by the clacking noise made by drawing the tongue from the palate.

বহনীলা adj. Splendid, glittering, gaudy. বহৰনা v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split. বহনীয়ে s. m. Name of a tree.

चटना adj. m. Voracious (man).

परनी s.f. A kind of acid sauce (or marmalade). adj. f. Vorncious (noman). প্রথম adv. Hastily, in a hurry, instantly. প্রথমা adj. Active, hasty; stout; meat dressed with little sauce or gravy.

चटपटाना u. n. To be agitated, to flatter, palpitate, wince.

चटणटाइट् s. f. Agitation, flurry, flutter, palpitation.

च्यदिया adj. Active, quick, alert; hot (with spices). [agility.

चटवटी s.f. Haste, hurry, quickness, चटनांगा v. a. To make lick or lap up.

चटमान है s. f. A school, an acs-चटमारी demy. चटाई s.f. A mat. Chatsi bichchána.

v. s. To mat, to spread mat.

TRIES. f. A crash, an explosion. adj.
Intelligent.

বহাৰা s. m. A crash, an explosion, a smack (or kiss).

Torne a. m. Reiterated sound.

smack (or kiss). [rock.

ম্বান s. f. Rocky ground, block of stone, ম্বানা v. a. To make lick or lap up.

चटिया s. m. A punil, a scholar.

sort of hawk

चटी सा s. m. A kind of dove.

चटीरा s. m. An epicare, a glutton.

₹₹ 8. m. A school-bov.

चहाबहा s. m. A plaything, a kind of rattle or clapper given to children,

चही s.f. Scarcity, want.

चटा s. m. A bonne-bouche, dainties, चड़ s. m. Sound made by breaking a branch.

ঘতৰত s. m. An imitative sound.

चडवडाना v. n. To crack, creak,

बद्धाना v. n. To smart, to palpitate, flutter, throb.

चड़बढ़ बीलना । v. a. To chatter, prat-चड़बढ़ करना । tle.

बड़बड़िया s. m. A. prattler, chatterer, an idle talker.

TEC. m. An imitative sound.

चड्डा s. m. The groin ; bubo.

चढ़ के adv. Avowedly, designedly, excellently. Charhta hona, v. n. To excel.

चढती s.f. Advantage, gain, rise.

ৰ্বাত n. To ascend. mount, advance, attack. embark. board. rise, climb. soar, spread, well, ride; to be strung (a bow), to be hraced (a drum); to be offered un. (an oblation or acci-fics). Charkna utarna, v. n. To hire and dismiss; congressus.

चदन्दार s. m. A passenger, supercargo. चदनदा v. a. To find an opportunity.

बद्दा बर्ज. Rising up (a shoe over the heel of the wearer).

बद्दाना v. a. To cause others to raise or to make ascend or to pull on, &c. बद्देश र. m. One who ascends, mounts, &c.,, a rider, mounter, climber.

ark s. f. Ascent, acclivity, embarkation, attack, assaults, irruption, rank, dignity; price paid for ascending riding, embarking, &c.

waym! v. a. To make ascend, embark, &c., to offer up oblations or sacrifice; to string (a bow); to brace (a drum); to raise, lift, take up advance, apply, put, spread, bend, dye (with colour), pull, draw on, cock, fix (a bay onst), run. [tide.

चदाव ३. m. Ascent, rise, acclivity, attack, access, fit rank. dignity, floodtide

बढ़ी है s. f. Preparation for battle.

s. m. A trooper who does not ride his own horse, a rider.

भूदें। ज s. m. A shoe rising up over the heel of the wearer.

s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpea (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

s adj. Fierce. violent, passionate, hot, warm; pungent, acrid.

चन्दा s. f. Warmth, pungency.

e. f. A name of the goddess of Durga, applied especially to her fabulous incarnation for the purpose of destroying Makes Asur; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the Marken deyak Pursa, and is particularly celebrated in Bengal at the Durga Puja; or festival held in honour of the goddess towards the close of the year (October-November); a passionate woman, a mischieyous or furious woman.

The rear-guard.

Twill s. m. An outcast, the generic name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a Sudr father and Brahman mother (met.) a miser, a merciless wretch.

ৰজ্ঞানিৰ s. m. The female of Chandal. ৰজিকা s. f. The goddess Durga.

चडीकसम s. m. Red Oleander.

ৰফ্টাৰ s. m. The rear-guard; a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined tegether.

चनरा है adj. Wise, intelligent, cun-

watt s.f. A canopy, veil, a parasol; a tent, a pavilion.

vagt adj. Cunning dexterous, ingenious, clever, sly, shrewd, wise, knowing, intelligent, expert, adroit, sagacious; four.

ৰব্বৰা s. f. Cunning, eleverness, alyness, wisdom, knowledge. [lar.
ৰব্বৰ adj. Four-cornered, quadranguৰব্ব adj. Wise, intelligent, cunning,

clever, expert.

ৰৱদে s. f. Cunning, cleverness, slyness, wisdom, knowledge, evpertness. বুল adj. Fourth. [age.

चतुर्देशो *adj.* The 14th day of the moon's चतुर्भुज *adj.* Having four hands, an epithet of Vichau.

चतुमुत्री adj. f. Having four hands, an epithet of Deni.

Town s. m. The deity Brahm.

चतुन s.m. The aggregate of the four Yugs or ages of the Hindus.

with s. m. The aggregate of four wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final and final beatitude. [meet.]

ৰবুম্ব s. m. \ Verse, the metre of ৰক্ষণ্ড s. m. Edipse of the moon.
ৰবুম্ব s. f. \ stanzas, especially con- ; ক্ৰম্মান s. f. The name of a rice. sisting of four pads or lines.

चतुषदा s. m. An animal with four legs, a quadruped.

was, f. A kind of sugar-cane.

The bursting of husk of a seed by exposure to the sun.

अनुवाना v. n. To burst and fall out (as a seed from the husk).

चना s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpes (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

चनेट s. f. Spices given to cattle, drugs for oxen.

看表 s. m. The moon, Chaud-mukh, s. m. A bright face or beautiful as the moon, Chand-mukhe, or Chand-badani, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

चन्दन s. m. Sandal-wood or tree (Sirum myrtifolium).

चन्द्रजा adi. Bald. s. m. Baldness. चन्द्रा s. m. A small canopy, an awning.

TT s. m. Assessment, contribution, subscription.

चन्दिया s. f. The crown of the head.

बन्दीख है s.m. A tribe of Rayputs who बदेखा (claim descent from the moon,

चन्दीहा adj. Silvery, white.

बन्देरी } s.f. Name of a place,

बार ली s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel). The moon.

बद्धका 8. f. A digit, or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

ৰত্বাৰ s.m. A fabulous, gem, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon : a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant.

बद्ध s. m. The Registrar of Jam's court. f moon.

चित्रोत s. m. The orb or sphere of the

चन्द्रभाग s. f. The name of a river, the Chenab one of the five streams of the Panjab Chandr-bhag. The name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range, where the river is said to have its source.

चन्द्रमि इ. m. The moongem.

बह्मक्त s. m. The orb or disc of the the lunar sphere.

चलना s. m. The moon.

बहरेबा s. f. A digit of the moon.

चन्द्रेण s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical thief.

बल्बेखा s.f. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica); a digit of the moon,

चन्द्रवंशी s. m. A descendant of the moon ; the name of a tribe of Khattris who claim descent from the moon.

चन्द्रवहरी s. f. A kind of Asclepias (A. scida).

चन्द्रवासा s. f. Large cardamoms.

चांन्द्रका s. f. Moonlight; a small fish (Zeus oblongus).

चन्द्रोदय s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread ever the large open courts of Hindu houses, &c., upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind moon of collyrium.

चन्द्रीपल s. m. Moon-gem.

चन्त्र s. m. Cress, cresses (L pidium sativum).

चपकन s. f. A kind of vest, a sort of coat. (Chapkandar, s. m. A vest like a chapkan.

चपचना v. n. To collapse.

चपका s. m. Caprimulgus.

चप्यामा v. n. To make adhere, to stick on ; to compress ; to threaten. '

चपटना v. n. To be flattened. flow. will adj. Flattened, compressed shal-चपटाना v. a. To flatten.

-चपिट्रही s. f. Name of an insect.

भाइसपुष्ट s. m. An imitative sound of the noise of the mouth in eating.

wager v. n. To flee, run away : to desist, denv.

www.s. m. A kind of lac; clear land. चपडाक vdj. Brazen-faced, s. m. Slippers.

चप्राना v. a. To falsify, to brazen.

wast s. f. Cakes of cow-dung.

चप्ना v. n. To be abashed, to be bashful in company, to blush, submit, stoop; to be crushed or squeezed.

with s. f. A lid, a cover, top (small). the knee-pan. Chapni-bhar pani-men dub marna (lit. to drown one's self in saucerfull of water), To be greatly abashed. Chapni chatni, (lit. to lick the pot-lid). To be contented with little. [badge.

TOTTE & f. A buckle, breastplate, clasp, चप्रासी s. m. A messenger or other servant wearing a chapras.

way adi. Trembling, tremulous ; shaking ; wavering, unsteady ; swift, expeditious; wanton, restless, volatile. adv. Swiftly.

चपलता s. f. Fickleness, inconstancy. TYTI s. f. The goddess Lakshmi or

fortune; lightning; a whore. चप्राकास adj. Of a fickle or inconstant

चपाती s.f. A thin cake of unleavened

चपाना v. a. To abash ; to place one thing or another, to pile.

चपेट s. m. The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. s. f. A slap, a blow; a sudden misfortune, risk.

चपेट s. m. A slap, a blow; a basterd. .adj. Illegitimate.

बपोटी s. m. An old worn-out turban. चलन s. m. A lid or cover of a pot (large). TOTAL s. f. A slipper.

way s. m. A handbreadth.

s.f. Kneading the limbs.

way s. m. An oar, a paddle. Chappu marna, v. a. To row.

物用

चमाच s. f. A place surounded with marshes and mire.

चवनीइडडी s.f. Cartilage, gristle.

चवलाना v. c. To chew slowly.

चववाना v. a. To cause to chew. &c.

war s. f. Mastication.

चुनाना v. a. To chew, gnaw, champ, masticate, bite (the lip) Chaba chaba har bat karni, To speak with study or preparation; also, reserve or haughtily or scornfully.

चनावला adj. Childish, boyish.

चतुवा s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on; custom-house; a police office.

चनेना s. m. | Parched grain to exercise चवेगी s.f. } the teeth with when more substantial food is not at hand.

चमन s. f. String.

चनक s. f. Glitter, splendour, flash, gleam. Chumak-tamak, s. f. Splendour, refulgence, glitter.

चनकता ady. Bright, glittering.

चमकना v. n. To glitter, shine, flash, glare, startle; to prosper; to be angry.

चनकाना r. a. To cause to glitter ; to provoke, to make to startle; to wave, brandish, flourish, brighten, burnish : to display.

चनकाव 8. 70. Glitter, splendour, much light, brilliancy, flourish, brightness,

चनगादच् इ. m.) चमगोद्धं ह. त. चमगुद्द्धां इ. र्.

THE odf. Lean, meagre. s. m. A bat. चनचनाना v. n. To tingle ; to sleep ; to sparkle, shame, glitter.

चमचमाहर s. f. Brightness.

THE s. m. Leather, a hide, a skin, the skin. Chamra udherna, or, - Chhurána. or,-nikálna, To flay, to skin.

चमत्वार s. f. A sort of grass : haste. s. m. Amazement; astonishment, surprise.

चनतकारी ady. Astonishing, sagacious, acute, unusual, surprising.

चनवन्नत adj. Surprised, astonished.

THE s. m. A fly-flapper, made of the Tibet cow's tail or Sura-gao, the Yak or Bos grunniens.

चनरक s. f. The apparatus of a spinning wheel ; (met.) a lean woman.

चनरवनसी s.f. A bittern. चमरा s. m. A hide, leather, skin.

चनरी s.f. The Yak or Bos grunniens, of whose tail-hairs the chouri, is most usually made.

चनरनी s. f. A woman who works with leather, shoemaker's wife.

चमस s. m. A vessel used at sacrifices for drinking the juice of the acid asclepias, a kind of ladle or spoon; a plant commonly called Khetpapra (Mollugo pentaphylla).

चनाई adj. Copper-coloured.

चमान s.f. Slippers or shoes fixed to pattens.

WHIT s. m. A worker in leather. shoe-maker, cobbler, a tanner, currier.

चमारी s. f. Female of Chamár,

चम् s.f. An army ; a squadron, a division of an army. [cattle.

चनका s. m. A tick or louse infesting चमेटा s. m. Box, thump, blow.

चभोदा १. m.

www s. m. Mountain ebony (Bauhinia variegata).

बमाई adj. Orange coloured,

चन्यक रे s. m. A tree bearing a yellow पा (fragrant flower (Michelia chumpaca), a division of the jack fruit.

चन्यक वर्णी adj. Of the colour of the champa flower, i. e. gold-coloured.

चम्पटडीना v. n. To vanish, disappear. scamper off, run away,

पद्मा s. m. A tree bearing a yellow fragrant flower (Michelia champacs). Champai, ad1. Of the colour of champa.

चन्पाकलो s. f. A necklace, each piece of which resembles the unblown flowers of the champa.

चम्पकेचा s.m. A small kind of plantain, चन्यावली s.f. The district of Champa or Bhagalpore (abounding in ebony trees). चम्पी adj. Orange-colonred.

we s.f. A work in which the same subject is continued through alternations in the composition of prose and verse. [khand.

चल्ला s. f. Name of a river in Bundel-चला s. m. A tribe of beggars who cut or scarify their skin.

चल s. m. A narrow-necked vessel for holding water. चल ली s. f. A flower (Jasminum grandi-

florum).

▼4 s. m. An assemblage, a multitude : a heap, a collection; a mound of earth, raised to form the Toundation of a building ; a rampart or mound of earth, raised from the ditch of a

चवन v. Gathering.

w. s. m. A ford, sheal, island ; sound made by tearing cloth, &c. ; a wagtail ; forage, pasture ; food. adj. Re- | पर्पाप s. f. Dust of the feet. moveable. moveable, locomotive, moving, going ; animate.

wit s. m. The author of a treatise on medicine, applied also to the work; leprosy.

TIME! S. m. The person who cuts forage for cattle, elephant keeper's underling.

चरका adj. White-spotted (as from leporsy). s. m. A small wound, scratch.

Titi s. m. A leper.

at s. m. A wheel, celestial sphere.

TTELS. m. A spinning-wheel, a reel. s. f. A small spinning-wheel, a

pully; the instrument with which the seed is separated from the cotton. বংৰৰা v. c. To perfume the person of any one by plastering sandal-wood,

&c. all over him, to apply (perfumes to the body).

WITE s. m. Prating, chattering: an imitative sound.

Talkative, chattering. चरपराना v. n. To crackle (as wood in

the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide, scold, fret.

चरचेला s. m. A chatterer a prater. ₹₹ 8. m. An imitative sound ('as of

carriage, wheel, &c.); idle prattle. चरचेत s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner.

TTE s. m. 'A wagtail. चरच s. m. The foot ; the feet of a verse :

shoes, feeding, grazzing. नर्यक्रम s. m. A lotus-like foot.

प्यापिक s. m A foot mark.

चरचप्रवच s. m. . Prostration, falling at the feet. feet. Troutfen adj. Prostrate, fallen at the

चर्चपादका s. f. A wooden shoe, footstool, चंद्यपीढ 8. m. A wooden shoe.

चरणसरीज s. m. A lotus-like foot. चरणसेवा s. f. Service, devotion.

TIMES s. m. An ornament on the feet.

चरचाचत रे s. m. Ambrosia of the feet चरचोदन (implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brahman's feet bave been washed. Charanamrit lena, v. n. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

चरती s. m. One who does not fast.

चरन s. m. A foot : the feet of a verse : shoes.

चरना v. n. To graze, to feed, s. m. Half. trowsers. Charna charhána, v. s. To put on half, trowsers.

परनासन ? s. m. Ambrosia of the feet (implied in the expression), चरनीदक 5 the water with which an idel or a Brahman's feet have been washed. Charanamrit lens, v. s. To wash the feet of a gnest and sip the water.

TTT adi. Acrid, hot.

TETT adj. Acrid, hot (as pepper): smart (in conversation).

चरपराना v. n. To smart.

TITES s. f. Smarting, pungency. चरपरिया adj. Active, ingenious,

TTY s. m. Activity, cleverness, quickness.

चरपा adj. Active, clever, quick.

चर्पराएगी s. f. Dexterity, expertness, activity.

चरवाना v. ø. To brace a drum.

WIN adj. Last, ultimate, final; west, western.

T(TENER) s. m. The western mounttain behind which the sun is supposed to set.

with s. f. Price paid for pasturage.

WEST S. m. A grazier, shepherd, feeder.

चरताही s. f. The wages of a grazier, '
the occupation of a grazier.

of the s. m. The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucked, an urn.

चाना s. m. A hide, a skin.

पराई . f. The price paid for pasturage ; grazing, feeding, pasturage.

चराव s. m. An animal that grazes.

write ady. Moveable, locomotive; shaking, trembling, unsteady; sky, atmosphere; heaven.

with s. m. Lea fallow, a meadow, a salt-marsh or meadow by the seashore.

चराना v. s. To graze, pasture, feed. चरान s. m. Pasture-land.

चरित s. m. Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance.

with s.m. Instituted or peculiar observance or conduct; story, adventure, nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history, the conduct of the food

at s. f. Unripe corn cut for the food of cattle. adj. Moveable, locomotive; trembling, shaking, unsteady.

पहार s.f. A small earthen pot.

WANT s. m. A large pot.

चर्च s. m. An arguer.

hend, conceive.

et s. m. Prating, chattering; an imitative sound.

the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

waf a. m.f. Talking over past events, mention, mentioning, recapitulating former occurrences; inquiry, investigation; argument, report, discourse, discoussion, consideration, careful perusal, prevalence, engagedness, attention to business; adoration; perfuring by smearing the whole body with sandal-wood, &c.

चर्चे वा s. m. A chattering, a prater.

चर्चेत s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner. चर्मे s. m. Leather, a skiu, a hide; a shield.

चैन्द्रार s. m. A shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather.

वर्मवटका } s.f. A bat.

वर्मस्तो । s. f. A river that runs across वर्मन्ती । Bandelkhand into the ganges, the modern Chambal.

चरेतरङ्ग s. m. A wrinkle, a fold of skin. चर्मन s. m. Skin, hide, bark, &c. ; a shield.

चर्ममा } adj. Leather, made of leather. चर्मा s.m. A worker in leather.

च्या s. f. Perseverance in religious austerities; due and regular observance of all rites or customs.

चरों s. m. Thunder.

चर्राना v. n. To burst ; to ache, to smart. चर्चव .m. Chewing, masticating.

पर्धे s.m. The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucket, an urn.

we s.f. Going dispersion; variation, departure from truth, failure in the performance of a promise or accomplishment if a prediction. Chal dena, v. s. To march (as on army); to beguile. [or departure.

ৰক্ষাৰ s. m. Preparation for journey বৰ্ণাৰত adj. Fickle, inconsant. s. m. Fickleness, mutability. चलियाता s. f. Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy.

चलत s. m. Passable.

THE adj. Current; saleable, vendible.

THE s.m. A tree producing an acid fruit (Dillenia indica). part. act. Going. Chalti chiz, s. f. Saleable goods, passable coin, &c.

werd adj. Ready (under).

चेत्र s. m. The holy fig tree.

Ten s. m. Habit, custom, process. course, fashion, conduct, behaviour; ceremony; currency. adj. Current. Chalan chalna, v. s. To behave.

चनना adj. Saleable, vendible.

चलनहार } adj. Current, in use, chslan har, about to go, to pass

equi v. n. To move, go, proceed, walk. go off, pass (as coin), be discharged (a gun, φc.), to blow, flow, drive; behave; sail, work, auswer, succeed, avail, last serve, stand. Chal-nikalna. To turn out vicious, to exceed bounds. Chale chaina, To go along. Chila jana. To go along, be off, depart.

धन्ते s. f. A sieve. adj. Current, usual, fashionable.

चनापेर s. m. Motion. .

च दविष्य s. m. Error, mistake.

चलविधरा adj. Restive.

चलविषराष्ट्र s. f. Restiveness.

way s. f. A kind of fish (Clupea cultrate).

with adj. Going; frail, inconstant, tickle; on the point of death.

ৰভাষৰ ৈ .f. The bustle of setting ৰভাষৰী ১ onteon a journey, &c. setting about any thing, adj. Tremulous, unsteady; moveable and stationary.

wers s. f. Clearance ; remittance.

चवान v. a. To impel, set a going, make to go or pass, to drive, actuate, direct; to fire a musket or cannon, shoot at, do, hasten, forward, send, accustom, act, advance utter, throw, thrust, use, walk.

ব্যাৰ ৯ m. Habit, custom. [custom. क্ৰাৰা s. m. Movement, motion, going, বলাক adj. Active, brisk.

ৰণিন adj. Current, usual; shaking, trembling; gone, departed.

ৰ্ণিক s. m. Nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage. quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

বজিৰী adj. Gay, sportive, changeable, inconstant, affected.

बबु s. m. A handful of water, water taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth.

বৰ্ক s. m. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c.; a small pot, a gallipot, &c.; a handful of water.

चवेन्दिय adj. Sensitive, sensual, not having subdued senses or passions.

ৰবী interj. Away ! begone !

चलीना s. m. A small stick with which the spinning-wheel is turned.

चवाई s. m. Reporter, backbiter. चवाचा s. m. A chair, a sedan.

चवाच s. m. A report, slander.

¬fa s. f. The pepper plant which yields long pepper.

चित्रों } (Piper chavya).

with, a wine glass, &c.; any drinking vessel; spirituous liquor.

and s.m. Decay, infirmity.

a stitch (sharp lancinating pain).

चनका v. n. To throb, to ache. चनका s. m. Love, ardent desire, a relish,

habit, custom. [cloth].

THE PART V. N. To burst or split (as light well s. f. A species of itch peculiar to the palms of the hand and soles of the feet, said to be occasioned by insects.

चहत्तना v. n. To whistle (as birds).

TWMI s. m. A kind of firework; the smarting of a wound, &c., by the application of a medicine. Chahak lagana, To burn the skin slightly by fomenting.

ঘতনাৰ s. f. Singing or chirping of birds. আছকাৰেলা v. n. To sing or chirp (birds). ঘতনাই aij. Brawny, stout.

चहपदा adj. Deeply-coloured.

चहचड़ाइट s. f. The singing or chirping of birds.

वहचड़ाना n. n. To sing or chirp as birds. चहचड़ाना s. m. A whistler.

बहलना v. n. To be fatigued, to be tired. बहलबहरू s. f. Jollity, merriment, cheer, mirth.

ষ্ড্ৰা ১ m. Dirt, mud, slime, ooze, mire; a splinter of wood.
Childe nikaina. To fatigue, to be tired, Childa kārna, To split to pieces.

শ্থিব ado. Becoming; necessary, expe-

चरों s.f. Warbling. चर् adj. Four. Chahan-or, adv. Ou all sides.

चड़ चक चड़ दिस } adj. Circumjacent, all round. चड़ s. m. The eye. Chakshurog, s. m. Onthalmis.

चलपाई । s. f. A sort of metre consist-दोवाई ing of four (पद) lines.

ark s. m. A low class of Hindus; the seed of tamarind,

बारें जूरें हैं s.f., Scaldhead. बाग्रेस ह.m. A colour in horses. बांटना v. s. To press, to squeeze. बांटना v. s.

vie s. m. The moon; the crown of the head: a white spot in the forehead of cattle, and many other things which are moon-like; an ornament; a month (linar); target (shoot at). Chand chirpdna, To change as the meon. Chand rât, Ead of the month Chând-tara, A robe made of flowering muslin, &c. Chând mârna, To fire at a mark. Chând neh khet kiya, The moon has risen.

चंदना s m. Light. Chándnapakh, s. m. The light fortnight of the moon.

when the moon-beams, moonlight; name of a flower; a white cloth spread over a carpet; any thing white and shining, Chándni-chouk, s.m. A wide and public street or market Chándi ka mars jaza. s.n. To be affected with a disease supposed to proceed from a stroke of the moon (a horer).

বাহা s.m. A subscription to raise a certain sum, an assessment, quota, share.

चांदी s. f. Silver (pure), plate ; the crown of the head.

wive. f. The lock of a gun; the stocks, the rack. Chámp charhana, To cook a gun; to punish or torment by squeezing the ear with the lock of a gun.

বাৰনা v. a. To join; to stuff, cram, thrust in press.

wing s. m. Rice.

WI s. f. Tea, s. m. Chádan, Teapot.

s. m. Eagerness, desire, pleasure.

चाटर s. m. Rice.

wiv s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste. THE s. m. A potter's wheel ; rings of earth forming a well; a mill-stone, mill.

with s. f. A mill-stone, a mill; grinder.

s. m. The blue jay.

चाचना v. a. To taste, relish, enjoy.

TITO s. m. A colour in horses.

चाचर s. m. The pole round which they play at the festival of the holi; a fair or assemblage of people collected after the holi. fbrother.

TITI s. m. Paternal uncle, father's बाबी s. f. Father's sister, or father's brother's wife, aunt.

VIEW s. m. Unsteadiness.

wiz s.f. Longing, wish, itch, relish, taste; habit, custom; a delicacy, a bonne bouche. Chat-lena, To lick up. चाटना v. a. To lick, to lap.

चाटी s. f.' A churn.

wis s. f. Turf ; a hurt, a wound, a knock; a lever.

TIMES 8. m. An impure or degraded tribe, a Pariah, an outcaste.

चारताची s. f. A woman of the same tribe.

TIME s. m. A bird, a kind of cuckoo (Cuculus melano-leucus).

Will s. m. A large net, a seine.

Tige adj. Clever, able, ingenious, shrewd, wise, knowing, cunning, sly;

चात्री s.f. Dexterity, ability, cleverness. चतुर्थ s.m. Cunning, shrewdness, slyness. चात्रवर्ष s. m. The aggregate of the four original casts, the Brahman, Khatiri, Vysyas, and Sudr.

चानुर्धेख s. m. The priest, &c. versed in. the four Veds.

चलान s. m. A hollow made in the ground to receive a burnt-offering; any hole in the ground.

Ti € s. m. The moon-gem; a month, a lunar month; the light fortnight, or half month during which the moon is on the increase. adj. Lunar.

चान्द्रभागा s. f. A river in the Panjab, the Chenab.

चान्द्रमास s.m. The constellation Mirgsira; star in Orion.

ৰান্তায়ৰ s. f. A religious or expiatory observance, regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one mouthful, for the dark half of the month, and increasing it in like manner during the light half.

TIT s. m. A bow. folia). TITUZ s. m. A tree (Buchanonia loti-चापन s. m. A. tree (literally or metaphorically).

चाक्र s. m. A kind of fishing net.

चावना v. a. To chew, masticate, gnaw. Cháb cháb báten karni. To mince one's words, to speak little or haughtily.

चावी s. m. A key.

चामटपाडना v. a. To crunch to crush. বাদ s. m. Hide, skin, leather. Chám ke dam chalana, v. s. To stretch to the utmost a temporary authority.

The s. m. The tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off flies, &c. चामरम्ब s. m. The betelnut tree (Arecs

faufel or catechu). चामीबर s. m. Gold.

will s. m. Eagerness, pleasure ; taste. TIE saj. Four. Char-ungal, s. m. A palm (four inches). Char-ungli s.f.

Hand's-breadth, Char-bisi, s.f. Four-

score, Char-tuk, adi, Broken (into four pieces).

चारमुषा adj. Four-fold.

TITU s. m. A dancer or mimic, a kind of bard, reciter or panegyrist.

चारपथ s. m. A meeting of two roads. TITTE s. m. The head of a tribe of Atheists.

TITE s. m. Forage, fodder, food for cattle, bait for fish ; a young plant. Chare dálna, To bait,

चार adj. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, elegant,

चार्न्नाक s. m. A sophist, a philosopher ; one acquainted with the doctrines of the schools, a sceptic in many matters of Hindu faith, and considered by the orthodox as an atheist or materialist.

बार्बी s. f. A beautiful woman, a beauty ; understanding, intellect; moonlight; light, splendor.

ৰাৰ s. m. The thatch or roof of a house. s. f. A colour in horses, roan ; gait, motion, movement, pace, procedure, habit, custom, practice, method, way. Chál pakarna, To prevail. Chál chalna, To behave. Chál dhál, s. f. Gait, motion procedure, manners. behaviour, breeding, politeness. Chal wilna, To smell a rat.

TIME odi. Laxative.

বাৰাৰ s. m. A sieve, a strainer.

चालना v. a. To sift. v. n. To be mischievous. Chalanhar, A sifter.

चालनी s.f. A sieve, a strainer.

चालइ s. f. A fish, a sort of sprat (Clapea caltrata).

चाचा s. m. Motion, departure ; (met.) a lucky moment. fous.

बाकी ady. Rognish, wicked, mischiev-चासीस adj. Forty.

चा शीमशं adj. Fortieth ; (hence) the fortieth day after child-birth, death of a relation, &c.

बाखीस s. m. A dinfness of sight which is supposed to come on at forty years of age, and often to be removed on approaching the forty-eighth fiftieth year ; the fortieth year of any era, or of the century.

चालीसी s. f. Quarantine kept after the death of a relation, child-birth &c.

ৰাৰ s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste, desire : a measure equal to four fingers; a kind of bamboo, Chao-chochla, or Chao-choz, Fondness, endearment, tondling and toying.

पावडी s. f. Name of a bazar in Delhi. चारल s. m. Rice (cleared of the husk and not dressed).

TH s.f. Ploughing, Chás kurna, and Chasna, To plough.

चासा s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman. WIT s. f. Desire, wish, love, liking, affection, choice, want appetite. Chahchit, or Chah-o-choz, Love, affection, dalliance.

चाइन adj. Affectionate.

चापन s. f. Desire, will, wishing, volition, love, liking. पाइना v. a. To love, like, desire, wish

for, will, want, demand, choose, need, require, pary, approve, ask for, crave, attempt, try, to see, look to, look for.

TITES. f. Love, affection, will.

वाहावडी s.f. The love of one's country. वाकीय adv. Necessary, becoming, requisite.

ৰাষীনা adj. Agreeable, desirable, beloved. s. m. A sweetheart, one beloved, a darling.

पार्शती s. f. . A mistress, a sweetheart.

चाडी imper. Choose, either, or.

made of split bamboos.

funzi s. m. A kind of tassar cloth.

feets adj. Filthy, greasy. s. m. An oil merchant.

THENT S. M. Oil. adj. Clean, polished, smooth; beautiful (person); greasy, oily, fat glossy, slippery; incontinent, lewd, wanton, Chikna basan, or, —ghara banna, To be incontinent, incorrigible, deaf to admontion. Chikna chand, adj. Beautiful. Chikni joru, s. f. A. slippery wife Chikni supari, s. f. A. kind of betel-nut prepared by boiling, Chikni surat, adj. Prosperous, affluent flourishing. Chikni sutti, s. f. Clay.

विकार s. f. Fat of meat ; wantonness ; gloss, smoothness, polish.

বিশ্বনাদা v. o. To clean, polish, smooth, lubricate, sleek.

বিষ্ণান্ত s. f. Cleanness, glossiness, sleekness, smoothness, polish; greasiness; beauty.

चिक्कनिया s. m. Beau, spark.

चिक्रलमा v. a. To masticate, to chew (slowly).

चिकारना v. n. To squeak,

ferrit s. m. A kind of antelope found on the banks of the Jamna; a kind of fiddle.

বিনাৰী s. f. An insect like a musquito; smut (obscenity).

বিশিক্ষক s. m. A physician, a practiser in medicine.

বিভিত্তা e.f. The practice of medicine, healing, curing, administering or applying remedies, attendance of a yhysician on a patient.

चिवन adj. Flat-nosed.

Talan s. m. Mud, mire,

Pagr s. m. Hair ; a lock of hair.

fattr adj. Rashly criminal, inconsiderstely guilty, punishing or injuring others without consideration.

विकारना v.a. To peck.

বিশ্বীয় adj. Restless, inconstant.

चिक्क s. m. A musk rat.

feez adj. Filthy, covered with grease and dirt.

fasu adj. Bland, soft, mild, unctuous, emollient.

विक्रणी s.f. The betel-nut.

(person) greasy, oily; incontinent, lewd, wanton.

विक्स s. m. Barley meal.

far s.f. A mouse.

feren adj. Bland, unctuous, emollient, fer s. f. A rotten betel-nut. adj. Flat-nosed.

चित्र र s. m. Weed.

चित्रा v. a. To weed.

faut s.f. A squirrel.

বিশ্বত s. m. বিশ্বকা s. m. বিশ্বকা s. f.

चिक्रनी s. f. } A chicken.

fam? s. f. A spark of (fire); a wicked dwarf Chinyi jharni, or,—Chhutna, or,—nikalna, To sparkle.

To scream, to screech, clastration of the control o

and sheep).

বিশ্ব কৰা o. a. To scrawl, to score. বিশ্বি s. m. A Vegetable (Bets vulgaris).

विविधाना s. m. To squeak, shrick, bleat.

Paz s. m. Rag. scrap. Chit ukhárna v.n. \ To splinter or have small pieces knocked of furniture.

fazar s. m. A kind of grass or grain ; mueus, slime.

चिटकारा s. m. A speck, a scar ; a clack with the tongue occasioned by an acrid taste. Chitkára lagana, To brand. चिटको s. m. Sunshine.

चिहा adj. White, fair, s. m. A silver coin. Chitta ukharna, v. a. To splinter or knock small pieces off furniture.

বিহী s. f. The hen of the little birds called Amadavades (Fringilla amandave).

fact s. m. A memorandum of money paid, or the pay of servants of the

चिदी s. f. A note, a letter, a billet Tolab chitthi, s. f. A summons. Chitthipati, chiithipattar, s.f. Epistolary correspondence.

far s. m. Vexation; irritation; aversion, antipathy. Chir nikslna, To

fasfast s. m. A plant (Achyranthes aspera), adj. Cross, peevish, crabbed, fretful.

fusfusies s. f. Poevishness, fretfulness. fugur v. n. To be vexed, to vex, to be irretated, to fret, to be provoked.

furfum adi. Fiery, hot (as pepper), scrid.

चित्रिकाइट s. f. Acrimony.

Two s. m. A sparrow. Chiri, s. f. A hen-sparrow.

Twent v. a. To vex, irritate, mock, provoke, offend, gibe, jeer.

বিভিন্ন s. f. A bird, a hen-sparrow (a generic term), a sparrow; a kind of sewing. Chiriyoh-khanah, s. m. An aviary.

चित्रीमार s. m. A bird-catcher, a fowler. चिड s. f. Abhorrence, abomination, dislike, vexation, provocation.

বিষাত f. Thought, consideration, reflection, anxiety. xious.

fa fa adj. Thoughtful, reflective, anfun s. f. Intellect, understanding, mind, life, soul, heart, memory; look, glance, sense. Chit-chae, Pleasing to the mind, satisfactory, what the heart desires. Chit-chora, Heart-stealer, heart-stealing or heart-alluring. Chit dens, To pay attention. Chit karna, To make up one's mind. Chit lagan, adj. Amusing, pleasant. Chit lana; v. n. To be attentive, attached, apply to.

fwa adj. Supine, lying, flat on the back. Chit karns, To throw (one's adversary) on his back (a term in wrestling). to discomfit, over-come in battle.

चितकारा | adj. Piebald, speckled, spot-খিনভা ted.

चितना v. n. To look, see, behold, appear, to be painted.

चित्रना v. a. To paint.

funct s. f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spice Virginis).

funus ady. Piebald, peckled, spotted.

चित्रम s. f. A sight, a look, a glance. TTTEZ s. f. Reluctance, repugnance.

चिता s. f. A funeral pile.

चित्रं adj. Supine, (applied to gnimated beings).

funrague s. m. A mark where a funeral pile has been, a mausoleum, a monument.

v. a. To caution, warn, ap-चितावना 5 prize, inform, advise, suggest, remind, intimate, alarm,

चितावनी s. f. A token : admonition. warning.

শিন্য s. m. A person who paints flowers, &c. on wood, a painter,

भिनीना v.a. To see, to look at, to behold.'

fun s. m. The mind or faculty of reasoning, the heart considered as the seat of intellect.

विकासकार s. f. Happiness, gaiety, joy. विकास adj. Kind-hearted, amiable.

শিশাৰ্থন s. m. Madness, derangement. বিশা s. m. A medicinal plant (Plumbago

zeylanica); application of a blister.
edj. White.

चिमानीन s. m. Consciousness of pleasure or pain, the attention of the mind to its own sensations.

শৈষী s.f. A scar, spot, freckle, &c.; a kind of serpent; a couri worn smooth by rubbing. Chittidar, adj. Speckled. Chitti lana, To scar.

বিষয় s. m. A monument, or any mark
of the scite of a funeral pile.
বিষয় s.f. A funeral pile.

বিষ o. a. A picture, painting, delineation, writing, &c.; a circular ornament, a sectarial mark on the forehead.

विस्तार s. m. A portrait-painter, a paint-वित्तवारो s. f. Portrait-painting, painting. वित्तवारो s. m. A mountain in Bundelkhand, the modern Compteh, and first habitation of Rams in his exile.

পিস্থার s. m. A portrait-painter, a painter. থিসনা s. m. A name of Jam; Jam's registrar.

चित्रमेना e.f. A emall bird, the Myna. चित्रमहा e.f. A creeper (Cissus pedsta) ; à kind of metre.

fenutien a.f. A plant (Hemionites fenuel scordifolio); Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). [called. fenuel s.f. The Myns, a small bird so

বিনাইবিন adj. Of various colours,

শিবদীজন s. m. Change of diet, eating of unusual food. [colour

ৰিষ্য s. m. Variegated or spotted (the বিষয়ালা s.f. A gallery of pictures, a picture-room.

fast s.f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spice Virginis). adj. variegated, spotted, speckled.

funiw s. m. A kind of snake; a plant (Plumbago zeylanica); yellow orpiment; vermilion.

चननी s. f. The second (Hindu) division of women.

चित्रहा s.m. A rag, tatter.

चित्रश्या adj. Tattered, ragged, clothed in rags.

বিষয়ক্ষা v. a. To tear to pieces; to fill a paper with writing or scribbling; to abuse, revile, treat with indignity. বিশ্ব s. f. Ardor wring,

funni v. n. To throb, to shoot (as a boil, &c.); to ery, to screech.

चिनगारी s. f. A spark (of fire).

funn s. f. A spark (af fire); wicked dwarf. Chingi jherni. or, --chhutno, or,--nikalna, To sparkle.

चिनचिनाना v. n. To scream, squeak, squall

चिनान s..m. Study.

चिनाग v. a. To study, to think.

recollection, care, doubt, danger, rick, anxiety, thought, peril.

furnish adj. Disturbed in thought or distracted by any idea.

चित्रामा v. o. To cause to study.

Thoughtful, anxious.

বিশান্তি s: m. A fabulous gem, supposed to yield its possessor whatever may be required. শিকাৰৰ adj. Thinking, thoughtful.

শিকাৰীয়াৰ s. m. Council-house or room.

শিকাৰ adj. Thoughtful, anxious. reflective. [thinking.

শিকাৰ s. f. Reflection, consideration,

শিকা s. m. A kind of grain (Pasicum

mitisceum).

শিকা s. m. A scar, mark, spot, stain,
sign, symbol, token by which any
thing is known, feature, signature.

Chinh charhana, To stigmatize.

শিকাৰ s. m.

শিকাৰ

चिष्यमा v. n. To stick, adhere, collapse; to spread or sink (as ink on damp paper); to be compressed. Chipok jana. To fall in love at first sight. चिष्यिया बोर्जे. Clammy, viscid, glutinous, adhesive.

चियाचियाना है ए. त. To adhere, to cohere, चियाच्या है to stick.

feufeurezs. f. Viscosity, glutinousness, tenacity, stickness. feuer adj. Clammy, viscous, glutinous.

नियदा कतु. Clammy, viscous, giutinous. नियदाना v. d. To sod, turf, to apply patches, stick.

विषयो s.f. Small cakes of dried cowdung.

चिषणा v. n. To be concealed. चिषणा s. m. Gum (of the eyst), चिष्णा adj. Shallow, s. f. Name of a bird. चिष्णा s. m. A sparrow-hawk. चिष्णी s. f. A patch on paper.

Terren adj. Childish, boyish.
Terren adj. Unnolite, childish, boyTerren ish. Chibillapan, s. m. Boy-

ishness, childishness.

The chin. [age.

Further s. m. Gil become viscous by

चित्रचित्रा s. m. Gil become viscous by चित्रच्या । v. s. albers, to stick. Chi-चित्रकृता । mot rolles, v. m. दिश्लोकपुर বিষয়ে s. m. Tongs, forceps. বিষয়ানা v. n. To adhere, to cling to. বিষয়ী নাহনা v. a. To pinch.

चिमडा adj. Elastic. tough. चिमछा adj. Tough, ductile, flexible,

hardy. [duotility. Fungit s. f. Power, vigour, flexibility.

चिनकृष्ट s.f. Power, vigour, flexibility, चिनकृष्टा v.n. To toughen, grow tough, चिनकृष्ट s.f. Toughness, flexibility.

चिमको adj. Infrangible (s quill for instance), hard. [stasping). चिमका adj. Glutinous (as of by long चिमक: m. A parrot; a plant, from the fibres of which coarse cloth and rope

are made.

[Tex adj. Long (time).

friel adi. Long-lived.

चिरवारा v. a. To have a scanty stool.

ferrate s.m. A long period adv. Always, eternally, Chirkál se, adv. Long ago.

ferenz s. m, A bit, a piece, a rag.

चिरकटिया adj. s. m. A tatterdomalion ragged.

further adj. Dilatory, tedious, alow.
furtur s. m. A medicinal, plant (4shy-ranthet aspere); a child.

िक्रिक्शिस v. a. To crackle (as weed in the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

चिर्विश्वट e.f. Peevishness, fretfulness. चिरजीयना v. n. To be long-lived.

चिरजीवी adj. Long-lived.

Terelling s. m. A. crow; wishnu adj.
Long-lived.

First of. A woman married or single, who continues to reside after maturity in her father's home; a young woman;

चिरत । adj. Old, ancient, antiquated, चिरता । long, lasting

বিষয়া v. n. To be torn or split, to split. বিষয়োগ v. a. To cause to tear or te be torn.

বিজ্ঞোৰী adj. Long enduring, lasting or remaining, for a long time.

चिराइ s.f. The smell of burning leather, hair, &c.

cause to split. [a Divinity.

বিষয়ে adj. Long-lived. s m. A Deity, বিভিন্ন s. f. A woman staying in her father's house.

বিশীলী s. f. Nut of the Chironjia sapida, and the tree.

चिरोरी . f. Beseeching, begging, requesting.

বিষয় s.f. Refulgence, glitter.

বিলক্ষা v. n. To glitter, to shine. বিলক্ষিকাৰা v. n. To shriek, scream,

বিক্ষিকাৰা v. n. To shriek, scream, screech.

चिल्लाहा adj. Lousy.

चिलम s. m. The part of a hukka which contains the tobacco and fire.

चित्रमो s. f. A wash-hand bason of metal with a cover to it; part of a hukka fixed under the chilam.

বিজ্ঞান s.f. A skreen for keeping out the glare, a venetian-blind, a lattice.

चित्रानिच s. m. A shutter.

चित्रका adj. Splashy, muddy, slimy.

चिलहोरना v. o. To peck.

ষিশ্বৰ s.f. Twitch, stitch.

বিজ্ঞ s. m. The Bengal kite (Falco chila), বিজ্ঞ s. f. A louse, Chillar márna. v. a. To louse.

THE a.m. A bowstring; gold threads put in the borders of a turban. Chilla khynchna, v. a. To bend a bow; to prepare for battle. Chilla cherhos, v. a. To bend a bow.

bawl, bellow, cry out, exclaim.

विकास्ट s. f. Cry, out-cry, scream,

ৰিল্লী s: f. A kind of dish made of eggs; a blockhead, one who plays mischievous prank.

esting of which is said to produce madness; screaming like a kite.

বিস্থান্য s. a. To embellish, decorate.

বিভিন্ন s. m. Warbling of the nightingale, &c.; the sound of fireworks.

far s. m. A mark of any kind, a spot, stain. sign, symbol, &c.; a banner. a standard. a symptom.

বীটা s. f. Small ant. [upon. বীঘনা v. n. To be bruised by being trod বীজ'লা s. m. Large black ant.

ৰীজ টা s. f. The diminutive of chiunta. ৰীজন্তা s. m. Rice parched and eaten raw.

चौक } s. m. Mud, slime,

ৰীমত s. f. A mixture of oil and dust.
adj. Greasy or dusty (as cloth).

The s. f. A scream, screech, shriek.

Chikh marns. To scream, screech,
shriek, cry.

[taste.

वीक्षना v. n. To roar scream, v. a. To वीक्र s. m. A squirrel.

चौडी s. f. A note, letter, billet.

বীনত্ত s. m. Hips, buttocks. Chitar tekna, To get rest, to sit down.

चौतना v. a. To wish, think or imagine ; to draw, to paint,

vinu s. m. A certain animal of the forest (perhaps a leoperd or panther, or some other spotled canimal). acti. Spotted, variegated, speckled (colour) vint s. m. Painting; thought, wish understanding, wisdom; leopard or panther (Falis jubsta; Musting Leopard pard); a medicinal plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

चीचना . v. s. To rend, to tear.

দীন s.m. A sort of grass (Panicum millacium); a country, China; a sort of cloth.

बेनपप्र s. m. Minium or red-lead brought in cake: or lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China).

দীনী s.f. Sugar (coarse, being perhaps so named from Chin, China, whence it might have been first brought to India as sugarcandy is colled Misri, apparentity from Misri, Egypt). adj. Belonging to, or produced in China, Chinese.

चीक s. m. A mark, a token by which any thing is known.

বীছৰা v. a. To know, to recognize.

The s. f. Rheum of the eyes.

The s. m. Rent, slit, strip; attire; tearing, rending, splitting, slitting, s.f. Cloth; a sort of covering or dress for women, clothes, attire; the Pinetree (Pinus longifalia). Chir nikalna, To break through troops.

cleave, saw, harrow.

THY s. m. Incision, cut, wound, slit; virginity; a turband. Chira-utarna, v. o. To deflower. Chira-band, A virgin.

नोरी s. f. The ends or hem of a garment. नोरेस s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentians Cherayta).

नील s. f. A kite (Falco chila). Chil jhapatta marna, To snatch.

चीलर . f. A louse.

salet s. m. The tattered dress of a

Bouddh mendicant, or of any mendicant. [cant.

ৰীবাৰ্ s. m. A Boudh or Jyn mendi-ৰুত্মান s.f. A reservoir, cistern. Chuankhai, s.f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom,

रंगे .f. A tax gathered daily from grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hands.

च चुना s. m. Ascarides.

পুৰজা s. m. Blinkard, Chundh-lana, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly. পুষা adj. Blinkard; bad (as a handwriting).

चुकानी s. f. Settlement.

সুদ্ধনা v. n. To be finished, to be completed, to be fixed; to be agreed upon, to be adjusted.

Tank s.f. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision. Chuksi dens, To escape one's notice, to give one the slip.

इवाना v. a. To finish, complete, settle, adjust ; to fix the price of.

चुकीता s. m. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision, settlement.

JES s. m. A small tank or pit, a shal-

चुकार s. m. The roaring of a lion.

v. a. To deceive, to play tricks.

ym s. m. Sorrel; sourness; acid seasoning.

বুলিকাs.f. Wood sorrel (Oxelis monodelpha), according to other authorities (Rumex vesicarius).

पुत्त a.f. A plait or fold in a garment. पुत्रता v. s. To peck, to pick up food with the beak, to pick up food, to feed. Chag long, v. s. To select, chopse, cull. पुनाना v a. To cause to peck or pick up food with the beak.

grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hand.

yvar(x-1 v. n. To fondle, to chirp to, to cheer by making the noise occasioned by drawing in the breath with lips pratruded.

चुकारी s.f. Blandishment.

yain v. n. To drop, to be drenched with water, to be dripping wet with sweat, water, &c.

ৰুদ্ধি s. m. The female breast or bosom.
মুম্বু s. m. Large breasts,

fingers; the hammer of a gun; a mole of printing cloth or gulbadan; an ornament worn on the close. Chucki bharna, or—lena, To nip, to pinch; to throw out provoking insinuations. Chuckiyon men urana, To put one of with a joke.

gener s.m. Plessantry, facetioueness, wit, humor; conundrum. Chatkalaso, adj. Amusing.

wzwr s. m. A cue or lock of hair worn behind.

चटामा है ए. त. To wound.

witten s. m. A spy to thieves, the head of a gang of thieves, s. f. A lock of hair loft on the head when the rest is shaved.

कृष्टियाना v. s. To wound.

TY s.f. An imitative sound.

man s.m. A dish prepared from parehed rice.

died while pregnent; a hag, a fury; rty woman, slut, slattern. च नवना १. m. Ascarides.

चुनत s.f. Plaiting (cloth), plaits. चनन s. m. Rumple, crease.

ৰুপট a.f A mode of dying cloth, in which they are tied in different places previous to dipping them in the dye, so as to prevent the parts tied from receiving the colour, also, cloths dyed in this manner.

जुनाना } v. a. To cause to pick, जुनाना } choose, select, arrange, put in order, &c. Chuna lena, v. a. To plant (cloth); to kill by building a person into a wall.

खनावट s. f. A plait, plaiting.

चनीटा s. m. A box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel; the folding of the cloth called sarv, worn by women.

will. s. f. A small box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel; a small spoon used to take out the lime; encouraging troops in the time of battle (for which parpose there is an officer in Indian armist); selecting from an army the fittest men for a desperate enterprize; a practice which formerly prevailed at Benerous (on the 11th of Jeth, shukl pakels, the inhabitants were wont to swim across the river, and forming themselves into two parties, to high with swords, clubs, &c.)

बनी s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

www adj. Blinkerd.

water v. a. To be purblind, to see

gut ad. Dim, purblind, dimaighted.
gut v.a. To gather, pick, chaeses,
select, cull; to pick up food (at
birds); to place in order, arrange-1

to plait (cloth), s. m. Ascarides.

Dorwoza chunna, To close a door with bricks.

चनो s.f. A small ruby ; ascarides.

adj. Silent. interj. Silenca! (the word ruh being understood) s.f. Silence as Chup lagni, or Chupki lagni, w.n. To be struck dumb.

चुपका ady. Silent.

भूपको s. f. Silence.

चुपचाप रे adj. Silent. adv. Furtively, चुपाचुप रे by stealth silently.

equipment v. a. To keep silence. Chupchupate, adv. Silently, secretly.

चुपड़ना v. a. To varnish, cover, smooth, anoint ; palliate, besmear.

चुपड़ा adj. Plausible though false.

বুৰুষ adj. f. Oiled, greasy; smooth, plausible. Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery, soft words. Chupri roti, s. f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

चुणी s. f. Silence.

चुमको s.f. A plunge in water, dip. चुमका v.n. To be stuck or thrust into,

to pierce, to be pricked, pierced, goaded stabbed, to penetrate.

The man a. To stick into, thrust into.

pierce, goad, stab, prick.

चुना है s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati,

चुनाना v. a. To cause to kiss.

चुनाए s.m. A sound with the lips चुनाए s.f. by which dogs and horses are called.

चुन्सारना v. c. To conx, speak kinly to soothe (by drowing in the breath with protruded lips.).

west s. m. A kisser, a lecher; a rogue, a cheat; the loadstone, a magnet; extract (from s book &c..); a general scholar, one who knews parts in a variety of books; the upper part or middle of a balance. चुन्नक s. m. Kissing ; a kiss. चुन्नक s. m. The load-stone. चुरको s. f. Lock of hair:

TISE s. m. Powder. [prattle.

चुरनना v. n. To chirp; to prate, to चुरचरा adj. Orisp, acrid, sound.

THE s. m. An imitative sound.

gd s. f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c. and worn or the wrist; a kind of bracelet; a small well.

चुदेशना ७. त. To gabble, to prattle. चुदे इ. त. Nap, drowsiness, nodding. चुदी इ. f. Dregs.

Te s. f. Itching, scratching.

चुक्क s. m. Wantonness, inconstancy. चक्कका v. n. To itch, to titillate:

बुबबुबा s.f. Wantonness, in constancy. बुबबुबा adj. Restless. fidgetting; airy, gay.

बुखबुधाना v. n. To be restless, to be agog, to fidget, to be fidgetty.

बुलबृकापन s. m. Gaiety.

ৰুৰৱতাৰত s. f. Restlessness; gaiety. বুলবুৰিবা adj. Restless, fidgetting; airy, gay.

चुलाना v. s. To distil, cause to drip.

ৰুজাৰ s. m. A kind of dish. -ব ল s. m. A blear eye.

च हा बतां. Blear-eyed.

Tal r. f. A fire-place, chimney.

Tw s. m. A handful, the palm of the hand contracted water. Chullu-bhar pan men dub marna). (lit. to drown one's self in a handful of water). To be greatly ashamed. Chullu chullu sadhna, To get a habit of drinking by gradual increase. Chullu man ullu hona, To be intoxicated with a mouthful.

Tark adj. F. Lewd, Holdingus (nomin):

च् सञ्चन ग. ग. To throb. च सञ्चा ड. र्. A mouthful of drink.

च सहर s. m. One in the habit of sucking (met. a tippler').

च सनी s. f. A child's coral.

चु को s. f. The juice of fruits.

च प्रवा adj. Deeply-coloured.

ৰুম্ম ছবা v. n. To glow as a colour, to die a deep colour, to blush (a flower). ৰুম্ম s. f. Mention; cheer, jollity, mirth, merriment, festivity, Chuhal karna, To carol, to make merry.

ৰ হৰা s. m. A large wooden peg, a tent-pin.

च पत्नी adj. Comic.

च दिया s. m. A little mouse.

चूंबी s.f. Toll, tax, duty.

TABLE 8. f. Singing of birds.

च्यो s.f. Breast, dug, nipple.

TEI s. m. A large ant.

चूरी s. f. A small aut.

चूंडना v. s. To gather (a flower) to claw, pinch.

चं धवा } adj. Dim, purblind, dim-sigh-चंधा } ted.

चूना part. poss. Kissed.

ani s. f. A reservoir, a cistern. Ohuan khaiss. s.f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom.

** s. f. An error, fault, inadvertency, blunder, mistake, failing, miss. adj. Sour, acid. s. m. A medicine made of boiled lemon juice and pomegrantes.

पूर्वा v. n. To blunder, mistake, depart from, err, miss, fail, miscarry.

Tell s. m. A kind of sorrel (Rumex vesicarius); #kind of earthen pot.
Tell s. m. A medicine, orris-root, orrice, or iris-root.

A crack, a noise.

worn by Hindu widows; the ring fastened to elephants' teeth.

the crown of the head at the ceremony of tonsure; a peacock's crest; any crest; plume, diadem &c. the head; top, summit; a kind of bracelet. s. m. The rings fastened to elephants' teeth; a kind of food made of parched rice.

चुडामचि s. m. A jewel worn in a crest, or a diadem; the Gunja (Abrus precatorius).

পুটাৰা s.f. A kind of grass (Kyllinga monocephala) adj. Crested, having a lock of hair on the crown of the head. পুটাৰ adj. Crested, having a lock of hair, &c. on the top of the head.

** s.f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c. and worn on the wrist, **Churidar**, Drawers, sleeves, made too long, so as to be crumpled into plaits.

Mus. m. Flour; lime.

ans, To be overjoyed. Chutar sukorna,
To loiter, to hang back. Chutar sukorna,
To speak equivocally,
to use far-fetched expressions.

चन s. m. Flour ; lime,

an v. n. To leak, drop, distil, to be filtered, to coze, exade; to drop from the tree when ripe (fruit). s. n., Lime Chuna-pazni, s. f. A dancing girl, Chuna-lagana, To defame.

and s.f. Pulse split or ground very coarsely; a spark or small ruby or other gem.

w qw s. m. Grease.

plansible. Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery,

worth words. Chupri roti, s.f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

TH s. m. Prick, puncture.

च मनापतार s. m. A magnet.

च सन s. m. Kissing.

च नना v. a. To kiss.

чи s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati, s. f. Dulliance.

Ruised. Chár-chár, ady. Broken to atoms Chár rahna, To set. Chir karna, To set. Chir karna, To beak into small pieces. to shatter. Chár hona, To be broken into small pieces; to be cammented of, to be in love, to be tired Nasheh men chár hona, To be in toxicated.

च रत s. m. A powder composed of medicines for promoting digestion.

TI s. m. Filing; saw-dust; grain reduced to coarse particles to be chucked into the mouth.

butter; a bracelet.

ent or minute division of substance; fossile alkali, efforescent saalt; aromatic powder, pounded saada, &c.

चर्चेत्रलब s. m. A lock of hair, a curl or ourling hair.

fragments of carth, of brick; limestone module, commonly known in India by the name of Kankar.

મુશ્રા છ. a. To reduce to very small pieces or to atoms.

of sugar and crumbled bread.

work which fits into another (ss a dove-tail); a pivot upon which a door turns (ss on a hinge); an axletree arm. Chulen ukharna, or,—dhili

hone. To be tried, worm out with

चुला s. f. A crest.

च लहा s. m. } A fire-place.

च्या v. a. To drop, to leak, to soze, to exude.

च सना v. a. To suck,

च सनी s. f. Child's coral, a sucking stick for children.

ceiving game with a stalking horse.

च इक्षा s. m. A Hindu sweeper.

च इंडी s. m. The wife of a Chuhra, s Hindu sweeper-woman.

व इना v. a. To suck.

s. m. A rat, a mouse. Chuhe-dan, s. m. A mouse-trap. Chuhe-mar, s. m. A sparrow-hawk, cormorant, a mouser.

च हो s.f. A mouse.

चे विषय s. m. Brats.

चें की s. f. A needle-case.

चेंच बरना v. n. To chatter, chirp, murmur, gramble, squeak.

चॅड़ा ady. Young, little. [tress. चॅव s.m. The acrid resin of fruits and

चिट s. m. A servant, a slave. चिटक s. f. A miracle ; a deception.

चेटो s. f. A female servant.

Qui s. m. A servant.

and s. f. A female servant or slave.

প্রত্য ক্ল. Memory, remembrance, thought, perception, consciousness; circumspection.

Reason, rationality, caution; soul, self; understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflection.

तेता o. d. To remember, think of, advise, reflect, be aware, perceive; to recover the senses, to be round. s.f. Action. an s. m. An admonisher.

चेना s. m. Millet (Panicum Italicum). चेनना v. s. To stick together.

बेराई s. f. Shwery,

चैरावना s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentiona Cherayta). [girl.

Stand Constitution 1. Ignit.

the house; a pupil, a disciple; a servant.

বৰণী s.f. Silk (sloth). বিহা s.f. Application, endeavour, effort, exertion. motion. exercise, search.

appearance, bodily act or function.

चैत s. m. The twelfth Hindu month (March-April).

sidered as the essence of all being; reason, understanding, caution, perception, the possession of the proper use of the faculties; an animal or sentient being. adj. In possession of the senses, awake, rational, sensitive, cautious, attentive, aware, perceiving.

an. Ease, relief, repose, tranquillity; denying a bet in gaming, imposture.

चेता s, m. A kind of corn.

चैला s. m. A billet of wood cut for burning, &c.

चीकना v. c. To prick, pierce.

चौनदा s. m. A joint of bambu used to send letters in.

चौगा s. m. A funnel.

ৰাৰ s. f. Beak, bill ; a point.

ৰীৰ্বা s. m. Playfulness, blandishments, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness.

The ribbon with which hair

is tied or braided at the end, the one or lock of hair behind; false hair mixed with the real.

Till s. f. The hair braided behind (tail); braid, cue; top, apex, summit, pinnacle; an ornament worn on the head by women. Chonti asmánpor shinna, To be very vain or aspiring Chonti-kat, A slave. Chonti-kat-wána, To be a slave; to be obedient. Chonti kisi-ki hath men ana, To have a power over one, to subdue.

Two s. m. The head; hair braided on the top of the head.

चीयना v. a. To scratch, to claw.

ৰীঘৰাৰা v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly,

ayu s. f. Dinness, dulness of sight,
ayu s. f. Wish, desire, fondness;
alacrity, avidity; a gold ornament worn or the front teeth.

चोचा s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

बोबाइ s. m. A mountain robber, sa mountaineer and outlaw.

ৰীমাৰ s.f. Dropping, dripping.

चाचाना v. s. To cause to drip, to distil, drop, filter, draw off.

चोबर s. m. Husk, of wheat, bran.

A medicine, orris-root.

Tell odj. Pure, unadulterated, genuine, neat, good, choice, fine, sharp, pungent, keen; clever, dexterous; pleasing, delightful, beautiful.

will s.f. Purity, sharpness.

adj. f. Sharp (tone in music).

Ann s. m. Food of birds brought up from the crop; food of birds in general. Choga badalna, To bill, caress as doves by joining bills. Tri s. m. A funnel.

দীৰ্দা s. m. Playfulness, blandishment, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness.

चीज s. m. Subtilness, beauty.

चीनी adj. Subtil.

*Tz s.f. A hurt, bruise, blow, damage; fall; spite; effort, attempt, assiduity: desire, wish, aim. Chot-par chot, One misfortune follows another, misfortunes come not singly. Chotbandhna, To defend; to bind up the edge of a sword, &c. to restain by magic. Chot khara, To be hurt, to to receive a blow; to suffer loss.

পাতা s. m. Discount or premium, independent of interest; treacle.

चौटियाना v. a. To seize by the hair.

পাইা s. f. A lock of hair left on the top of the head, the plant or tie of hair behind, a cue; top, summit, summit of a hill; a petticoat. Choti na hona, To excel, to be pre-eminent or unrivalled.

चौद्रा s. m. A thief.

wis s. m. A bodice or jacket.

कीय s. m. Cow-dung.

Trans adj. Blinkard. [dimly.

শীশলাৰা v. n. To be purblind, to see শীশী s. f. Dimne's, dulness of sight. শীঘ s. f. Desire, wish, hope,

THY s.m. A nail; a kind of victuals given upon great occasion, marriages, &c.; prey; puncture.

ৰীয়া s. m. Husk of grain; the scale of a fish; a hole dug in the sandy bed of a river which has dried, in which water is found.

s. f. A quicksand, Chor-chakár, s. m. A thief, Chor-khana, s. m. Byroom, concealed drawer, Chor-darwaze, s. m. Trap-door: Chor-dhor, s. m. Plantiff and defendant : all the parties of a lawsuit; a thief and what he has stolen. Chor-zamin, A. quagmire, bog. Cher-sirhi s. f. Backstairs. Chor khirki, s.f. A backdoor, a by-door. Chor-gali, s. f. A. by-road, back-lane. Chor-lagana, w. n. To be injured, to be damaged. Chorlagna shama-ko. To waste a candle by a thief being attached to it, Chormahall, s. m. The apartments of the concubines of great men. Chor-mandura, s. m. A game played by children. Chor-mahichni, s. f. Hide and seck.

चोरवृषो s. f. A kind of grass (Andropoqon aciculatum).

चीराना v. a. To steal.

stealth. Ghori-chori, adv. By stealth, clandestinely.

when s.m. A bodice, a garment worn by a bride at her marriage, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket; a country, the modern Tamjore, the name is also supposed to apply to a part of Birbhum in Bengal.

বীলী s. f. A bodice, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket.

चोषा s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

ৰীৰ cdj. Any thing (fruit especially) capable of being sucked, as a mango,

चीइज़ीचवा s. m. The lower jaw. चीइचा s. m. A large peg or pin.

adj. (in compg.) Four Chou-baghles,

s. m. A kind of jacket not open under the arms. Chou-bandi, s. f. Giving a horse new shoes; the fastenings of baggage, Chou-bhir, adv. On all sides, all round. Chou-parah, adi. Four-pieced. Chou-pas. adv. All round, around. Chou-pakal, adi. Four-sided. Chou-tah, adj. Of four folds. Chou-jugi, adj. Of the four ages or great (Hindu) periods of the world. Chou-mahalla, adj. Of four stories (& house, &c.) Chou-mukhi, adj. Four-faced, having four faces, Chou-mekha, Tying the elbows behind.

শীমনী s. f. A (silver) four anna piece, a quarter rupee.

भोध s.f. The act of starting, start. भीधना v. n. To start, boggle, start up from sleep. Chounk uthna, To start, to wince. Chounk parns, To bounce, start up. [gler.

ৰীৰত s. m. An untamed animal, a beg-বীৰা s. m. Wheedling, Choungs karns, To wheedle out of money.

A wheedler. Choungi-bazi, s. f. Sharping. &c.

TES. m. A blockhead.

and converse on; a custom-house; a police office.

चें। मीस adj. Thiry-four.

काधिवाका v. a. To be confused, frightened out of one's senses, smazed, dazzled or astonished.

for grain.

arth s.f. An instrument for driving away flies, a fly flapper. [ers.] [ers.]

city; a court-ard; a square place filled, at marriages and on other occasions of rejoicings, with sweetments, which after certain ceremonies are distributed. Chouk-bharma or Choukpurna, To fill a Chouk or square place with sweetments on some occasion of rejoicing. Chouk-patta, a seat on which the people sit and cat in the chouks.

বীনৰ adj. Good, well, fine, excellent. বীনৰ s. m. A ring of two pearls worm in each ear.

ৰাজ্জী s. f. A bound, a spring, a hounce; a ring of pearls worn in the ear by men. Choukari bharna, To leap, bound, bounce, Choukari bhūtna. To forget one's bound, i. s. to be fascinaned, to have one's senses benumbed. Choukari mar bythna, To squat.

चौबज्ञा adj. Cautious, alert, circumspect, slv. on one's guard. warv.

सौत्रस adj. Cantious, wasthful, accurate, diligent, active, clever, alert, circumspect, intelligent: full weight.

चौत्रसाई s. f. Attention, circumspection, watchfulness, alertness, caution.

चौबसी s. f. Watching, diligence, attention; four people employed together, or eating out of the same dish or plate.

The space in which Hindus cook or eat their viotuals; a square slate or marble, &c.; a square space of ground; the four front teeth; the cabe of a measure called bons,

That s. f. A frame to sit on, stool, bench, chair; guard or watch; watching; the post where a guard is stationed; an ornament worn on the breat; Chautisign, adj. kegsing guard. s. m. A watchman. Choukidari, s. f. The business of a watchman; the pay or hire of a watchman. Chouki marna, To smuggle. Chouki dena To watch, guard, mount guard.

बोबीर } adj. Four-cornered, square.

upper and lower piece of the frame of a door.

बोखी adj. s. Sharp (tone in music). चौखरा adj. Square.

चीगडा s. m. A rabbit, hare.

चौनाच बतां. Quadruple, fourfold.

There is A game resembling cricket (or tennis) but played on horse-back; the bat or club with which the game is played, a mall, a plain. Chougan.
gah, A place for that game. Chougan.
bati, s. f. Playing of the game of chougan.

चौगानी s. f. A straight huk-ka-snake or tube for smoking through.

चौगुषा adj. Four-fold, quadraple,

ৰীম্বা s. m. A small box of gold or silver with four partitions for holding perfumes.

ele adj. Spoiled, destroyed.

बीडचीपट adj. Abandoned, vicious ; damaged.

adj. Wide, broad, Choura-chakla,

भोषार्थ s.f. Breadth, extent, width, extention, boasting. Chourdi marna, or.—karna, To boast, to give one's self airs.

नीकान s. m. f. Width, breadth.

expand, widen. [poles.

The state of the sta

भीतपा s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on. चीतार s.m. A four-stringed musical instrument.

चौताब s. m. A mode in nusic.

चौतीया s.f. A quartin (aglio).

चीय s.f. The fourth lunar day; the fourth part; hence, tribute (collected by the Mahrattas).

चीया adj. Fourth. Choutheh, adv. In the fourth place, fourthly.

चौषाई s.f. The fourth part, a quarter. चौषिया s.m. One who receives ceremony performed on the fourth day

after marriage. चीयो s. f. The fourth day; a ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriage.

चौदना adj. Crossing their teeth in fight (elephants); sturdy, robust, stout.

चोदनी s.f. Boldness. चोदस s.f. The fourteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

The adj. Fourteen. Choundhwan, adj. Fourteenth.

बौदानिया s. m. An ornament. (formed बौदानी s.f. of four pearls) worn in the ears. corpulent.

बीबर adj. Robust, active, vigorous, बीबराई s.f. The business of a Chowdhari (the headman of a trade).

শীঘটা s.m. The headman of a trade, (In a Bengal, title of landholders superior to Tallukdar).

the destroy of the level, destroyed, leveled, flat, plaim, Choupat karna, To level, destroy.

with oblong dice; the cloth on which it is played.

चीपनी है s.f. A small tract, an essay, चीपनी के pamphlet, a pocket-book,

चौपच्या s. m. A kind of seden.

बीपा edi. Four-footed.

sisting of four feet (pud) or lines.

नोपाइ s. m. A kind of summer-house or pavilion (generally built jointly by several people as a resting place common to them all); a quadruped, an animal, a beast.

चौपाखा s. m. A litter, a sedan.

जीवास s. m. An animal, a beast, a quadruped.

चौदर adj. Stout, robust, bold.

चोबार s.m. Summer-house, an assembly,

चौदारा s. m. A. shed.

चौबीस adj. Twenty-four.

পীৰ s.m. A Brahman acquainted with the four Veds (now, however, the term is applied to the descendants of such though not learned).

चीनासा s. m. The rainy season.

चीसुच s. m. A lamp-stand with partitions ; a name of Brahma.

चौसवा adj. Having four burners, &c. (a lamp). s. m. A lamp-stand with four partitions; a kind of pats or wooden scimitar for fencing with.

শীমূলী s. f. Name of a Hindu goddess the seed of a tree called Rudrakth Sampla lobelis, or, Elaocarpus ganitrus).

with s. m. A practice of the sword exercise; cutting the four legs of an animal off at one blow. Chourang katna, v. a. To cut off the four legs of an animal at one blow. Chourang midma. To loose the use of the limbs by illness.

भीरत adj. Level, even.

where s.f. Equality of surface, evenness, levelness.

चीरसाया v. a. To level.

बोरा s.m. A terrace or mound to sit and converge on; the place where Hinds women are burned (more properly, where the living widow or sait is immolated).

चौरान adj. Ninety-four.

बोराडी adj. Eighty-four. s.f. Morrisbells worn on the ankles by dancing girls.

witter s. m. A cross road.

चौरी s. f. A summer house.

ार्थक कं s. m. A ceremony of tonsure, cutting off all the hair from the head of a child three years old except one lock on the crown.

चीवड़ा s. m. A necklace of four str-चीवड़ी s. f. | ings.

जीवाई s. f. A kind of greens (Amaranthus polygamus).

भीवन adj. Fifty-four.

चौरा s.m. A quadruped (particularly oxen); a handbreadth.

चौबार्ष s.f. A tempest, hurricane, commotion (q. d. wind blowing from four quarters).

चीम s. m. Flour, powder.

क्रीमड adj. Sixty-four.

with oblong dice, or what the game is played on. [meet.

ৰীছয় s. m. A place where four streets

चीकान s. m. A cast of Raiguts.

fallen from or off deviated from, erred, strayed,

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The seventh consonant in the Nágari alphabet. Its sound is expressed by chh. adj. Six. Chhah set, s. mg. Trick, cheat, juggle.

thatched roof on a boat; a stuffed pad to prevent bullocks being hurt when loaded. adj. Abolished.

হৰাৰা v. a. To concentrate, to cause to strain. [strain.

ভবাৰত s. f. Concentration, causing to searing v. s. To simmer; to sound; to smart, to pain.

ছ टना v. n. To grow thin ; to diminish ; to be extracted or seperated,

कटनाना v. n. To cause to clean rice; to cause to select, prune, lop, clip,

with s.f. Cleaning or separating (grain, &c.): the price for cleaning.

beating rice to elear it from the husk.

क करा s.m. A kind of carriage, a cart, क कराना v. a. To slap, to cuff.

इति र. n. To be content, satiated, gratified; to be afflicted, harassed; astonished. Chhak jana, To be satisfied or satiated

mait s. f. Satisty.

क्याना v. s. To pamper, cloy, to chas-

f tise.

will s.m. The sixth (at cards, gc.); a cage with a net attached to it, Chhakka panja karna, To deceive, play tricks.

was. m. A goat.

इन्हों s.f. A she-goat of small breed.

हराती s.f. A she-goat; a kind of Convolvulus. (C. argenteus), or moré probably. C. pres-capræ.

क्युनी s. f. Child's coral.

(of the phapond).

un adj. Bushy.

wong s. m. Gallery; the expanded branches of a tree.

ৰতবাৰা v. n. To simmer ; to sound ; to smart, to pain.

EZUI s. m. A kind of sieve. v. n. To decay, to separate, to be pruned, to be picked out. [flounder.

कटपटाना v. n. To toss, tumble about, कटना odj. Sixth.

wzwiady. Waspish, peevish.

water s.f. The sixteenth part of a ser, two ounces.

eti s.f. Splendour, brilliancy, lustre, refulgence, a glory; assemblage, number; a straight or continuous mark or line,

EZIMI s. f. Lightning.

बह } s.f. The sixth day of a lunar fortnight.

कडा odj. Sixth.

adj. f. Sixth. s, f. A religious at ceremony performed on the sixth day after child-birth. Chhathi ka dad yad dilans, To correct or chastise.

ছত্ত s.f. The pole of a spear; spikenard. হত্তা v.a. To beat rice, to separate the husk from it,

worn in the ears. adj. Alone.

owl s.f. A switch, cane, rod, wand; a procession of the followers of Shah Mudar.

स्कृति s.f. A kind of fragrant moss. स्व s. m. A moment or instant.

ছবিশ্ব adj. Perishable, temporary, momentary, inconstant, uncertain.

e द्वा v. n. To grow thin; to diminish; to be extracted or separated.

e equation of the cause to clean rice, to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.

(grain, \$c.); the price paid for cleaning. meaningrice to clear it from the husk.

En s. f. A roof, a cloth stretched across the roof of a room, a platform. Chhat banans, or, —psina, or, lagans, w. a. To ceil, to cover the inner roof of a building.

Bunchy, flat.

इसर् s. m. An umbrella,

₩ a. m. A honeycomb.

इतीय odj. Thirty-six.

क्योंनी adj.f. Prude, prudish.

इत s. m. A parasol, an umbrella, the Indian Chhattah.

स्वपारी है s. m. One entitled to carry स्वपति है an 'umbrella, i. e. a raja, prince, &c.; a house set apart for the charitable entertainment of stangers, guests, &c.

ছৰমত্ব s. m. Widowhood; subversion of dominion, loss of empire, deposition, &c.

sowa); a pungent seed, coriander; a mushroom, anise.

ছাৰখী s.f. A female of the Chhatri cast. adj. Bearing a parasol or umbrella.

with s. m. The second of the four Hindu casts. s.f. A tester or covering of a bed, a small umbrella; a frame made of bambus for pigeons to settle upon. wert z. m. A house, a dwelling; a

bower, an arbor. कराम s.m. (In money) Six dam, or

the fourth part of a piece (pyss).

क्यन र trick, deceit, fraud. क्यानाय s.m. A religious hypocrite, a false brother.

get s. m. A moment, an instant; a sound made by the falling of a drop

of water upon a worm plate, a hissing noise.

हनकान। v. a. To concentrate, to cause to strain. [strain.

सनसाइट s. f. Concentration, causing to सनदाना v. n. To simmer; to sound; chink; to smart, to pain.

ছবৰাৰা v. s. To cause to sift or strain. ছবাৰ s. sn. The sound (kissing) of a drop of water falling on a hot plate, a hissing noise; the sound of the breaking of earthen ware.

mentary, inconstant, uncertain.

we c. m. Poetical metre, it is also applicable particularly to the metre of the Veds; a measure (in music); meaning, intention, purport, opinion; wish, desire. adj. Solitary, secret, private.

क्रमा v. n. To be tied.

हन्यातन s. m. A hypocrite, a pretended and false ascetic.

इन्दर्ग्द s. m. Trick, cheating, deceiving.

इन्होंन s. m. A reciter or chanter of the San Ved.

ext c. n. To be strained, to be percolated. s. m. A sieve, a cloth through which any thin is sitted.

ह्म s.m. Squash. Chhap-chhap, The sound occasioned by water when struck with the hand. [verse, we't s.m. A kind of measure of Hindu स्पन्नाग v. a. To dash or throw water. स्पना v. n. To be printed or stamped; to be concealed, hidden, absent, to disappear, to lurk.

स्पनाना o. a. To cause to print.

Tits.f. Edition, the price of printing, the act of printing. कपाका s. m. The sound produced by \ क्वक . f. Running over, overflow. striking water, squash.

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क्याना v. a. To hide, conceal, secrete : to cause to print. Tverse.

क्षपद s. m. A kind of measure of Hind:

कृष्णन adj. Fifty-six.

AT s. m. A thatched roof.

कपास्ट s. m. A bedstead with cartains.

कप्रशाह s. m. A thatcher.

क्राप्तरवन्दी s.f. Thatching.

क्रव 8. f. Beauty, splendour, brilliancy : shape, form, figure. Chhab takhti s. f. Handsomeness, Chhabi-chhin, adj. Small in shape, deficient in splendour, small or slender.

क्वडा s. m. A sort of basket. I ful.

क्योला adj. Handsome, comely, grace-कवाम adj. Twenty-six.

द्धमद्भाना o. n. To shine, to glitter ; to

क्रमण्ड s. m. An orphan, a fatherless son. क्षना v. a. To pardon, forgive.

क्य s. f. Mortality, frailty, destruction.

क्यरीम s. m. Consumption. bov.

æq s. m. Victini, shade, shadow; a жигни adi. Sixty-six.

₹ 8. f. Spikenard; shaft, pole, pike, staff, flagstaff, flag.

इरक्रीयी s. f. Jakes, a necessary.

इतिया adj. Alone, single, free (not burdened, as a traveller, not having a load).

E] s.f. Vomiting, sickness, reaching,

steufty s.m. Small cardamons (on anti-emetic).

st s. m. Small shot.

8 8. m. Wickedness, fraud, circumvention, stratagem, trick, deception. knavery, artifice, evasion, excuse, subterfuge, pretence. Chhal-bal. s. m. Force and fraud, stratagem, artific, trick.

क्ष्यक्री v. n. To be spilt, to overflow,

क्त दाना ". त. To spill.

ভাৰতাত n To skip.

মণ্ডলাৰা v. a. To murmur.

कजकलाइट s. m. Murmur.

電報行数第 s. m. Plot, stratagem.

क्षकिंदी adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

क्लना v. a. To deceive, cheat, evade, make excuses, s. m. Tricking, deceiving.

ऋखनी adj. Battered, s. f. A sieve. Chhalni karna, v. a. To batter.

表明者 . f. Skipping jumping, a spring, skip, leap. Chhalángen marna, To wisp. spring, to jump. क्लावा s. m. Ignis fatnus, willo'-the-क्लिया ह ady. Deceitful, fraudulent,

कली (artful, treacherous, false, perfictions, betrayer, s. m. A. cheat, deceiver.

表記 s. m. A ring (ornamental). Ch halledar, adj. Annular.

wal s. f. Skin, bark, rind, &c.

of s. f. Beauty, splendonr, brilliance light, lusture.

कवेया s. m. A thatcher.

aft s. f. Discolouration.

₩ik s.f. Ashes.

wi s. f. Shade, shadow; the reflection of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhanbanh, s. f. Auspices.

atz s.f. Refuse ; parings, &c. ; selection, fashion of clothes. Chhánt karna, To vomit, to disgorge. Chhant lens, To select, choose, Chhántchhatáo Retrenchment.

खांदन s. f. Cutting, slip, chip.

क्रांद्रमा v. a. To vomit ; to separate the husk from grain by pounding it in a mortar; to husk to pare, clip,

prune, lop, crop, trim, dress, clean, clect.

ভারনা v. a. To emit; to leave, let go, release, forsake, abandon, to loose, to romit.

हांद s. f. A tether, trammel, net. हांदना v. a. To tether, fasten, tie, bind. हांदा s. m. Share, part (among fakirs). हांदे } s. f. Shade, shadow, the reflective fitting of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhanh-banh, s. f. Auspices.

atriti adj. Umbrageous.

giw s. m. Luncheon, ready prepared food carried out by labourers and husbandmen when they proceed to their daily work.

हाजना v. a. To clear the water of a well-हान s. m. A he-goat.

काषण s. f. A he-goat. s. f. A leathern
} bottle with a spout to it, a goat-skin.
बाजिया

s. f. A she-goat.

काक s. f. Buttermilk.

हाज s. m. A kind of basket used in winnowing or clearing grain.

हाजना v. a. To thatch; to befit, to become.

*IF s.f. A bank of a river. Chhar-chitthi, s.f. A permit, a pass.

का कहा का s. m. A medicinal herb. कात s. f. Roof. ady. Thin feeble, emaciated.

क्ता s.m. A large umbrella.

काती e.f. An umbrella.

Breast-high, Chhati bhar-ana, To weep. Chhati bhar-jana, To be chest-foundered, Chhati-par patthar rakhna, Th have patience. Chhattipar mung dalna (lit. to grind palte on the breast), To do anything in the presence of another person by which he is vexed. Chhatti phatni, To break

the heart with grief or sorrow, to sympathize. Chhati pitna, To regret, repent, lament. Chhati thokno, To encourage; to assure, Chhati thandi hona, To be pleased or overloved. Chhati jalna. To have the heart-burn : to lament. Chhati ka patthar, Nuisance, pest. Chhati ka jam (lit, the destroyer of the heart). Is applied to a person or thing the presence of which is unpleasant, a pest, a nuisance. Chhati kholke-milna, To meet frankly. Chhati garrani, The breast to swell (in young women). Chhati lagana, To lament, to grieve. Chhati lagana, or, Chhatise lagana, To fondle. Chhati nikalkar chalna, To stalk, to strut.

ন্থাৰ s. m. A scholar, a pupil, a disciple, a tyro or novice.

ছাবন s. m. Covering, a covering, a screen, &c.

क्रादन s. m. A water-bag.

क्रादित adj. Covered, concealed.

खान s. f. A roof, a frame of bamboe for thatching.

द्धानविनान s. m. Investigation, द्धानवे adj. Ninety six.

कानस s. f. Chaff.

জালা v. s. To thatch, shade, cover, roof, spread. Chha jans, To spread, ao lie, to overshadow. Chha lens, To cloud, overspread, darken, overcast.

will v. a. To strain, percolate, filter, sift; to search, canvass, investigate. Chian lens, To cull, to select. Chian marna, To search, rummage, explore, canvass.

sion; a seal, seal-string.

द्वापना .a. To print, to stamp.

द्यापा s. m. Edition, impression, stamp,

print, seal, &c. Chhapeh khánah, s. m. Printing-office. Chhapeh-wala, Printer.

grut s. m. Denominational marks representing a lotus, trident, &c., de'ineated on the body by the Vyshnues or worshippers of Vishnu. gruteur s. f. The ar' of printing.

will s. f. Shade, shadow, reflected image; darkness, obscurity. s. m. Apparition, spectre, shade; (met.) some what resembling; a mode in music.

हायातर s. m. A large tree, one that gives shade or shelter.

TRITEZ s. m. A musical mode.

क्रायापय s. m. Æther, the firmament. क्रायातित s. m. A chhsta or parasol.

wit s.f. Ashes, dust; a large clod of earth.

ছাহন্ত্ৰীলা s. m. A kind of fragrant moss. জাহ s. m. The thrush (disease), blister. জাল s. f. Peel skin, rind, bark. Chhal utarna, To peel, to decorticate.

हासा s. m. A blister, pustule, pimple ; skin.

कालिया s. f. A kind of betelnut.

wiवना v. a. To thatch, to shade, to cover, to roof, to spread. Chha jéna, To spread, to lie. Chha lena, To cloud, overspread, darken.

कारनी s.f. Cantonments, barracks or huts for seldiers; thatching, the act of thatching.

ভিত্ৰপুৰা । v. a. To cause to stop, to feeler) cause to seize, to cancel, to strike out.

चित्र में s. f. Wand, stick.

ferens. m. Sneezing.

क्रिक्रको s. f. The little finger.

हिन्द्र s.m. Slough (of a wound), skin. व्यक्ति adj. Lean, skinny. ভিত্য adj. Shallow.

विक्वाई s. f. Shallowness.

बिक्सी s. f. The play of ducks and drakes.

विद्योद्धा adj. Trifling, puerile, airy.

ed, or dispersed, to spirt, to spread.

Chhitakna chandni ks, The diffusion of moonlight.

क्टियानी s. f. A bolt.

ड्रिटकाना v. a. To dissipate, disperse, squirt, scatser, strew, desert.

ferzai s. f. Small shot, speck. Chhitki dena, To flecker, to spot, to mark with strokes or touches. Chhitki, daina, To splash. Chhitki karna, or,—lagana, To spot, to speck, &c.

िक्का v. a. To sprinkle. Chhirak-kir bechna, To sprinkle water on stale or faded vegetables or fruits to make them appear fres; to puff off goods.

ভিত্তবাদা v. c. To cause another tosprinkle. ভিত্তবাদা v. c. To cause to sprinkle.

ভিত্তাৰ s. m. Sprinkling, watering.
ভিত্তা v. n. To [be touched, excited, placed on.

हिए s. m. A moment or instant. Chlinbhar men. In a moment.

दियां वर्षा adj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

क्रिकेस adv. A little while.

क्तिनी s.f. A basket (without à cover, like a tray).

हिताना v. n. To be scattered; to be spread about. [spread.

चित्ररामा v. c. To scatter, to strew; to fचनरी s.f. A small basket without lid or handle.

ভিনী s. f. The earth. Chhiti-chhan. Covering the earth, prostrate on the

ground, Chhit.-chhan, v. n. To be ! dispersed or scattered.

किटना v. n. To be pierced or bored. किहाना v. a. To cause to pierce, to perforate.

fag s. m. A hole, a vacuity, a perfora tion, &c. ; fault, defect, flaw (moral or physical).

किदिस adj. Perforated, pierced, having holes or openings.

क्ति 8. m. A moment or instant. Chain bhar men. In a moment

किनकना v. a. To winnow, to sift, v. n. To go away offended.

विनकाना v. a. To cause to stop, to cause to seize, to cancel, strike out.

क्रिमविषंस adj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

दिनना s. m. A fornicator.

दिनवामा s. f. To cause to snatch. दिनाना v. a. To seize, snatch, pluck, de.

दिनास s. f. A harlot, a prostitute Chhinál-pan, or, Chhinál pana, s. m Whoredom, prostitution, harlotry.

किनाचा s. m. Fornication. Uhhmála karns To whore, commit adultory. किनान s. m. Seizure.

क्लिक adv. A little while.

for adj. Cut, divided, f tered.

किश्रमिश्र adj. Cut up, destroyed, seat-क्तिकहा s. f. A tree (Menispermum glabrum).

किन्नदेशिका s. f. A plant also called Ul nidhi (Cissampelos hexanda).

व्यासंभव adj. Confirmed, confident, free from doabt.

ছিলা s. f. A. whore, a harlot, a tree (Menispermum glabrum).

"J. A lizard.

faquis. w. Sprinkling.

हिप्पा) r. n. To be concealed, hidden, absent, to disappear, to lurk, क्पना) Chhip jana, To retire, withdarw.

fæqt adj. Cfose, hidden, concealed Chhipa ruhna, To abscond. Chipachhipi, adv. Underhand, secretly.

क्रिपाना 🤰 v. a. To conceal, hide secretc. क्पाना

fargis s. m. Secrecy, concealment,

Tweet s. m. Pardon, quarter, forgiveness. absolution, Chhima-jog, adj. Pardonable, Chhima karna, v. s. To Pardou, forgive, exense.

क्रियानर्व्य *बती.* Ninety sux. कियानीस adj. Forty six.

facuter adı. Sixty-six.

क्रियाची adj. Eighty-six.

किल्का s. m. Crust, husk, shell, peel; scale, rind, bark, skin. Chhilka utarna, To blanch, peel, husk, decorticate.

किलना v. n. To be excoriated. किनावाना v. a. To cause to skin or excoriate, &c.

किनीरी s. f. A whitlow, blister, felon. fans s. m. The husk of chung.

farat adj. Seventy-six. with interj. Tush! tut ! fy! foh !

of s. f. Sneezing, sneeze, Chheenk lanewala. A sternutatory (medicine).

कींकना v. n. To sneeze.

ala s. m. A network of strings or cords to hang any thing on (as a burthen at either end of a yoke or pole, de), the cords of a bahangi.

क्षेत्रग v. a. To throw out water.

etz s. f. Chintz.

To sprinkle.

STEI s. m. Shot, spot, plash, Chhinla marna, To sprinkle, bedrop.

i and s. m. A sling for carrying baskets,

होचड़ा s. m. The skinny and rejected part of meat, क piece of flesh.

सीचमा v. n. To decrease to pine away.

कोट s. f. Spot, splash, chintz. कोटना v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle.

होण adj. Wasted, emaciated, decayed; slight, slender, little.

wilder s. m. Brogue, shoe.

person or animal whose legs are much separated). [slonder, little.

জীন adj. Wasted, decayed; slight, জীনা v. o. To snatch, pull, tear, pluck, rob. Chhina-chháni karno. To scram-

ble, Chhin lena, To snatch up, acquire, take possession of, pluck bereave, deprive.

kir s. f. Discoloration or spot on the skin: fishing-rod: the act of a buf-

falo's pushing with his horns. खीवना v. a. To print clothes; to push with the horn as a buffalo; to draw

np the rod in fishing. कीपी s. m. A cloth-printer.

होनी s. f. A pod, legume, husk. होर s. m. Milk.

कोलन s. f. Parings.

होजना v. a. To peel, skin. excoriate, pare, bark (a tree, oc.), erase, scrape, Chhilna-chhdlna, or, Chhil chhdl karna; v. a. To pare, peel, &c.

क गाँजिया s. f. The little finger.

क्षापंता v. a. To drive away contemptuously; to set on or encourage a dog. [with game. क्याची v. f. The play of a dog or cat

इन्द्री v. c. To conjure, to exorcise.

sa et Mole, musk rat (Sorex corulescens); a squib. Chhu-chhundar chhor-

no, To backbite, calcamniate, excite recentment,

♥Z adv. But. except. save; (in compos.)
little, small, Chhut-bhya, s. m. Middling class of people, Chhut-pana,
s. m. Childhood. •

कटलरा s. m. Deliverance.

हटका adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, least.

क्टकाना v. a. To release, set a liberty.

कुटबारा s. m. Exemption, liberty, liberation, disengagement, deliverance, release, discharge.

क्टब्रेना adj. Dissolute

क्टबेली s. f. Dissoluteness.

gzel v. n. To be adrift, discharged, got rid of, to be let off, to be left or abundancd, to slip (from), to escape, to be liberated, loose, dishevelled (the hair), to cease, to get loose, to leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed.

क्टपन s. m. Infancy, childhood.

क्रान } s.f. Leisure, time.

azivi s. m. Littleness,

करी s.f. Leave, discharge, release, acquittal, time, leisure, cessation, disengagement, intermission, dismission, permission, freedom.

क्ष्यामा v. s. To cause to let go, to cause to set free.

liberate, extricate, get rid of, discharge. remove, deliver, dismiss; separate, except,

Beliverance, setting free.

खुड़ीती s.f. Ransom.

gaver adj. Defiled by touching, foul, corrupt, polluted (applied to vessels, dishes, &c.).

कुइ adj. Mean, low, little, trifling.

be absent, to disappear, to lark.

क्याना v. a. To conceal, to hide.

knife; a razor. Chhura-chhur, s.f.
Snick and suce, fighting with knives.
A knife, scalpel. Chhura-tale
dam lena, To be patient in difficulties.
Chhuri-katari, s.f. Snick and snee,
fighting with knives; quarrel.

कल्याना १ v. a To make water slow-बलक्राना । (as mares, ýc., in heat).

क्रमाना v. o. To cause to touch.

क्ष्यकी १ odi. Puerile. finical, boy-

ह्यात s. m. Resemblance, likeness. इहाता v. c. To whitewash.

कुडारा s. m. A date (Phænix dactylifera.) कुडाबट s.f. Touch.

adj. Boyish, silly.

स्याना v. a. To cause to touch, &c. स्थाना s. f. Caudle given to a lying-in woman.

s.f. Chalk.

खुको 8. f. A guat.

Foolish, silly, empty.

iuration. Empty, hollow. s. m. Con-

** s.f. A pipe, a tube, canula,

off hand or playing loose in feating; radiance; or splendour of jewels, reflection of a mirrer, &c.; giving money off hand or at will to jugglers, &c. at entertainments.

ed, to spout, to be got rid of, to escape, to be liberated, to be loose, to be dishevelled (the hair); to cease, get loose, leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed, to be let go, be abandoned, to be left.

get s. f. Defilement, contamination, touch.

ETI v. o. To touch, meddle with, feel.

ইন s.f. \ Sequesomation of goods.
ইনেৰ s.m. \ Chhenk lena, To confis-

क्रमा अ. अ. To detain, prevent, stop, retain, bar, restrain, arrest.

चुंबर या s. m. A confiscator.

क्काव s. m. Sequestration of goods.

केंचना v. a. To mince, to hack, to pound. देख adj. Domesticated, tame (as a

bird or beast). देखना v. a. To stop, detain, prevent, rotain, bar, restrain.

हमोदित s. f. Indirect speech, insinuation, double entendre, hint, &c.

** s. f. The act of irritating, irritation, vexing, &c. Chher-chher, or Chher-khuni, s. f. Stricture animadzersion; the act of vexing, provoking, exciting, &c.

क्षमा e. a. To irritate, vex, exoite. fret, trouble, disturb, molest, abuse, insult, aggross, touch, handle, stir up, interrupt; to play on a musical instrument.

क्रेड़ा s. m. Touch, provocation, excitement, &c.

land, plantation; a sacred or holy place (as Kuru-kshsir).

per ficial contents) of a field, of a triangle or other geometrical figure.

triangle er other geometrical figure.

**E ** . m. A hole, an orifice ; the denominator of a fraction ; the divisor.

thing to bore a hole with.

Ren s. m. A hole, an orifice.

केरना v. a. To pierce, bore, perforate, | काइना v.a. To let go, emit fire, emit, abl. penetrate. क्रेना s. m. Card; a small kind of cym-हनी s. f. A chisel, punch, piercer.

s. f. Welfare.

समद्भी s.f. A sort of kite (Falce ponticerianus).

हेनएड s. m. A fatherless son.

केरना v. n. To have a bad digestion. हेरी s. f. A gont.

a s. m. A medicinal plant (Conyca anthelmintica).

केनना s. m. A mark, a piece of wood cut off. Chheona karna, To line out, mark. क्रननी v. a. To pierce or to bleed a tar tree, to extract tari; to mark.

केशनी s. f. A chisel, punch, piercer.

क्षर s. m. Cuticle, skin. mil s m. Spaces, comma, &c.

केवा s. m. Victim ; shade, shadow ; a boy.

s. m. A fop, a beau.

बेलचिकनिया s. m. A coxcomb, a fop. केवापन s. m. Spruceness.

Freacle.

off s. f. Seasoning, relish.

with which food is seasoned.

कीववाबरना v. a. To fondle.

ale s. f. Bodkin, case for needles; a small oup for children.

南南(1 s. m. A boy.

खाबरी s. f. A girl.

s.f. A nurse; bosom, Chhochho karna, To fondle,

बोटा adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, least, &c. Chhota-bara, adj. Varied, variegated, various, great and small, high and low.

wiert s. s. Smallness.

forgive, forsake, leave, quit. desert, except, free, loose, omit, pardon, release, shoot, fire (to gan, &c.), spare, abandon, abdicate, abstain, breathe, resign, discharge, lay aside.

कोसा . m. Release. omission. क्षीजाब leaving, sparing, क्रीडावा go,

होडावना v. a. To set free, deliver, dismiss, separate, except.

कोडोवी s.f. Ransom.

कोत s. f. Impurity, defilement,

होगी s. f. The earth.

कीप s. m. A coat of paint, &c. Chhopchhap karna, To shuffle up ; to plaster or repair a wall, &c.

कीपना v. a. To fill up, shut ; paint, dve. कीर s. m. Border ; edge : end ; a towboat.

क्रोर्प s. m. Abandoning, leaving.

TITI s. m. A boy, Chhora-chhori, s. m. Boy and girl ; children.

कोरी s. f. A girl.

कोचना v. a. To peel, skin, excoriate, pare, erase, scrape, Chholni, s.f. A. scraper.

€ s. m. Affection ; anger.

witt s. m. A boy, a lad.

को हो adj. Affectionate ; angry.

केंद्र s. f. Seasoning, relish.

क्रोजन s. m. Spices with which food is seasoned.

केंचना v. a. To season.

होत्तन s. m. A scrambler.

क्रीवना v. s. To scramble.

हीना s. m. Young of any animal.

कीनी s.f. Cantonments, barracks.

wit s. m. The shaving of the head or beard.

कोलिया adj. Gay, cheerful.

The third letter of the second class of consonants, corresponding to the letter j in jam. [creature.]

नंतु s. m. An animal, a sentient, being, नंत s. m. An amulet; a musical instrument; an instrument, an engine.

sigt s. m. A pitchfork.

আৰু s. m. When trensure, &c. ia buried, an animal (sometimes a man) is killed and buried with it as a guard; this animal is called Jak, and receives orders to allow no one else to take up the treasure, &c.; (met.) a miser, called also, Jak ka gunashta, or agent.

লকস্থা r. s. To tighten, draw tight (as a knot), bind, fasten, tie, pinion. লক্ষাই adj. Tight.

an attendant on Kuver, the Indian Plutus.

शब्द ती s. f. A female Jakh or a fairy. अन s. m. The world, the universe. Jugbandhu, s. m. Friend of the world. Jug-jayst, s. m. The universe; a feast, entertainment, sacrifice or religions ceremony in which oblations are presented.

जनजना s.m. Brass tinsel, thin plates of brass used in decoration.

जनजनाइट s.f. Splendour, much light, glitter. [buttress.

जमत् s.m. The world, the universe; a जगत् अकागर adj. Enlightening the world. जगतर:को s.m. A tyrant.

जनतर्: जा s. m. A tyrant.
जनतस्य s. m. The destruction of the
world.

ज़मते s.m. The earth; people, mankind; a sort of metre. adj. Moveable, locomotive, transitory.

जमतीतच s. m. The world, the earth; sublunary things.

जनत्वतां s. m. A name of Brahma; the creater of the world.

जनपाय s. m. Air, wind.

जगदम्बा s. f. Mother saf the world, an epithet of a Hindu goddess.

ज्यद्श्यार s. m. Air, wind; a stay or supporter of the universe.

जनदोष s. m. An epithet of Vishnu and of Shiv; lord of the world or universe.

जग्दिनाम s. m. The expiration of a Kalpa or period of the world's existence.

अनग v. n. To awake, to rouse; to be awake. Jugta, adj. Awake.

ন্দৰ্যত s. m. A form of Vishaw; a peculiar and celebrated idol of this name is worshipped on the Coromandel coast in Orissa, and pilgrimages are made to the shrine of Jagannath, from all parts of India.

जनमा adj. Glittering, splendid.

क्रमनाना v. 2. To glitter, to shine. जगमनाइट s. f. Glitter, splendour, glare. much light.

MATES, m. Armour, mail,

जनइ s. f. Place, station, quarter, room, vacancy, stead. Jagah okhorna, v. a. To'leave a blank.

সাহত s. m. Wakefulness (occasioned by apprehension or disease); coughing at night, vigils, vespers.

जवाज्योति s. f. Splendour, much light, जवावा o. a. To awake, wake, rouse from sleep.

जनेपर } s. m. A name of Vishau and अधेषर } Shiv; God of the universe.

ज्योधबोत s. m. The sacrificial thread or cord, worn by the three first classes of Hindus over the left shoulder and under the right. [loins. ज्यान s. m. Mons veneris; the bip and काव adi. Last. hindmost : low vile. fourth tribe. जारना s. m. A Sudr or man of the जरून s. m. A Hindu mendicant who has matted hair and rings a bell. adj. Locomotive, moveable, removeable, in motion, mendicant, that which has motion as opposed to that which is stationary.

जक्रम adj. Desert, solitary, waste, jungle, wild, &c. s. m. A forest, a wood. Jangal phirna, or,-jana, To ease one's self.

जक्ता adj. Wild. s. m. A. musical mede: woody country, ferest.

जारती adj. s. f. Wild, savage, barbarian, clown, boor. Jangli piyaz, Squills (Erythronium Indicum). Jangli billi. s.f. A wild cat. Jangli singhara, s. m. Hermodactyl, Jangli kawwa, s. m. A raven.

wer s. f. The leg : the thigh.

जचना v. n. To be examined, tried. proved, assayed. [proof. ज्ञावट s. f. Test, trail, examination, खन्नान s. m. A customer, a person to whose custom Brahmans, barbers, and some others, have a legal claim. ज्ञानाची s. m. The stipend paid by a jaimán ; wife of a jaiman.

बनीर s. f. An iron chaiu.

writt s. m. An island, peninsula.

ware s. m. Trouble, difficulty, plague, embarrassment, perplexity; a swivel, &c.

muret . m. Molester.

mz ? e.f. Matted hair, the hair matted as worn by the god Shiv, and by ascetics; the long hairs occasionally clotted together, and brought over the head so as to project like a horn from the forehead, at other

times allowed to fall carciessly over the back and shoulders; the root of a tree, a fibrous root; spikenard.

जटबा v. o. To pilfer, steal, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

जटाजूट s. f. The matted and braided hair of Shiv rolled on his head.

जटाज्ल s. f. The braided hair of Shie rolled on his head.

जटायारी adj. Whose hair is matted. s.f. The cockscomb flower (Celosia cristata).

जटामांसी s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi).

जुटाय s. m. A fabulous bird mentioned in the story of Rama, as the sen of Arun, killed by Rawen, Bdellium.

जटान adj. Wearing clotted bair.

जटाला s. f. Spikenard. जटि s. f. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus mfza adi. Clotted, matted; set, studded (with jewels, &c.). s. f. Set work of jewels, &c.

जटिन s. m. Waved-leaf tree.

जदिनी adj. Having clotted hair.

ज़टिल s. m. A lion. s. f. Indian spikenard ; long-pepper ; orris-root. adj. Having clotted or entangled hair.

जटज s. m. A freckle, a mark.

mat s. m. The belly.

अठरमह s. m. Cassia fistula.

कडरा odj. Hard, firm ; bound, tied. जठराचि s. m. The uneasy sensation arising from hunger.

चटरान्स s. m. The uneasy sensation domen. arising from hunger. काउराम s.m. Dropsy, water in the ab-

नरेप s. m. रे Elder (brother-uncle). वडेरी कर्

ज्ञ s.f. A root, origin, foundation, base. basis. s. m. An inanimate body, what is void of life, a blockhead, idiot, dolt. Jar ka bhed. Essence. adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

जड़िक्स adj. Dilatory, working slowly. जड़िक्स s. m. A brute.

अहताई s. m. Coldness, chilliness, im-

लक्ष्मा s. f. Coldness, chilliness; apathy, stupidity; immoveableness, stiffness,

rigidity, torpor. जड़न s.f. The act of setting jewels.

জন্ত্ৰা v. a. t To strike, shake off; to join, make adhere; to stud, bestud, set jewels, fix, enchance.

क्षाप्राणे s.m. Any substance that is devoid of animation.

সত্তীয় s. f. Root and branch. Jarperse ukhárna, v. a. To extirpate. অন্তৰত s. f. The trunk of a tree.

अञ्चनामा v. s. To cause to set with jewels. जडबृद्धि s. f. Dullness of intellect.

অস্থানে s. m. A dull stupid person, idiot. অস্তব্য s. m. Rice cropped at the end of the rainy season.

লক্ত s. m. Cold, frost, winter; idiocity, fatuity, stupidity; dulness, apathy, sluggishness of mind or body.

সভাই s. f. Price of setting jewels; the act of setting jewels.

সম্ভান adj. Set, studded with jewels. সম্ভান v. a. To be cold. v. a. To cause to stud, to cause to set jewels.

जड़ाव s. m. } Setting of jewels.

লভাৰৰ } s. f. Warm clothes, winter লভাৰৰ } dress.

কান্তন part. Set (with jewels, Gc.), studed. [jewels; a striker. কান্ত্ৰা s. m. A jeweller, one who sets

ৰাজ্বা s. m. A jeweller, one who sets অন্তা s. f. The root of a medicinal herb. আজীৰটো s. f. Medicinal herbs, drugs, simples. हरें ह s. m. A freckle, a mark, जन s. f. Mauner, fashion, kind.

जतन s.m. Carefulness, remedy, care, effort, endeavour.

जतनी adj. Careful.

সাধাৰ্য ত. a. To inform of, caution, warn, apprize, to remind, to declare, to admonish; to proclaim; make known. স্বাৰ্থ z. m. Lineage, family, pedigree, genealogy, dynasty.

সবি s. f. A kind of musical rhythm (generally sung at the holi).

ন্তান adj. Faithful to the marriage bed (aman), religious person, devotee, a particular order of devotees; a sage whose passions are completely under subjection.

जतु s. m. Lac, a red dye, or animal pigment analogous to cochineal.

जन्द s. m. Lac ; asafætida.

जनुका s. f. A plant commonly called chakwat; a bat.

সন্ত্রনক s.m. A man at chess or backgammon, &c.

লন্ত, m. The collar bone, the claviele. লথা s. m. A company, band, gang, party, class. Jatha bándhna. To form a party.

sur adv. As, so, like, in the manner of, according to, to the utmost of, Jatha Jog, In a proper manner, suitably, properly.

ज्ञार्थ adv. In fact, exactly, truly.

বা adv. As, while, whilst, when, as soon as, at the time when. Jad-tak, or,—talsk or,—tag, adv. Till, until, yet, whilst, as long as while. Jad-nah-tad, adv. Constantly.

जदबातद्वा ada. So so.

जर्ब भी adv. Of the race of Jadu. जयपि adv. Though, although. जन s. m. Man, individually or collectively, a man, mankind, a person, an individual. In comp. it has a plural sense; as Strijan, Women.

লাৰ s. m. A father, a progenitor; the name of a king, sovereign of Mithila, and father of Sits.

जनकपुर s. m. The metropolis of Rajah Janak, in the district of Tirkut. जनकीरा s. m. An inhabitant of Janak-

pur. pur. जनस*ा s. m.* Female apartments, seraglio.

লৰভা s. m. Female apartments, seraglio. লবস্থ s. m. A Chandal, a man of a low or degraded tribe.

जनजानवर s.m. Man and beast,

जनतः s.f. Mankind, a number of men. जनन s.m. Birth, production; family, race, lineage.

जनना v. n. To be born.

ক্ষণনী s. f. A.mother; tenderness, compassion. adj. A parent, a progenitor. কাৰ্যৰ s. m. Noise, clamour; the sound of human voices.

লৰভাৰ s.m. One of the seven Loks or Hindu divisions of the world; the division said to be inhabited by pious men, after their decease; a superior sort of paradiso.

जनवाद s. m. News, rumour, report.

house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

লণসূবি s. f. News, tidings, intelligence. লণা s. m. A person, individual. part. pass. Born; a son.

जनाई s.f. A midwife.

ৰণাজাৰ adv. Man by man, one by one (person).
বাণাজ্য s. m. Secret communication.

whispering, speaking, aside, &c.

wann v. a. To deliver, bring to bed; to inform, remind, tell, warn, point out, shew, seem. s. m. Midwifery. সন্দর s. m. A signal.

जनावर s.m. Any living creature, an a animal.

जनात्रव s. m. A temporary hall.

লিকা s. m. Double entendre, an expression having more than one mean-

जनित ddj. Produced.

जनिया s. m. A father.

जनिनों s.f. A mother,

লগী s.f. A. woman in general; a mother; the wife of a son or brother's son, &c.; birth, production; a maid-servant; daughter-inlaw.

आन s. m. Birth, engenderment.

जनक conj. To wit, though, although.

जनेज s.m. The braminical thread; a flaw in a jewel.

अनेत s. f. The company and attendants at a marriage feast.

जनेवा s. f. A kind of grass (Dub; Agrostis linearis).

জনী s. m. The brahminical thread. adv. Like as, as.

জনীবাছৰে s. m. Fame, glory. [wire. জনা s. m. An instrument for drawing জনালা v. a. To squeeze, to press.

जनार s. m. An amulet.

বা s. m. An animal, a sentient being, a creature, any being endowed with animal life; it is more usually applied however to beings of the lowest organization.

জন্ম s. m. A plant and vermifuge. জন্মৰ s. m. Glomerous fig-tree (Ficus glomerata).

লগুৰা,s.f. A kind of grass (Saccharums spontaneum.

জন s. m. A machine in general, any instrument or apparatus, an engine; a musical instrument; an anulet; juggling; an observatory; a dial. ক্ষনৰ s. m. Juggling; conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations.

जनो a.f. An instrument for drawing wire; a conquerer, a juggler, a wizard.

TEI s. m. A pitchfork.

and v. n. To produce young, to be delivered (of child), to be born.

क्षण s. m. Birth, production, life.

জন্মকাৰ s. f Genealogical table of life. জন্মবাৰ s. m. Vishnu, the bolt or stay of life.

अन्यह s. m. A father.

জন্মবানা s. m. Father; God (as the giver of life or author of existence).

जगदिन s. m. Birth-day.

अवान s. m. Birth, production.

जनाग. n. To be bern.

लक्षपती s.f. Horoscope, nativity. Janma-patri ki bidh milna, To meet one's fate.

क्षत्रभृति s.f. artwister s.m. Birth-place.

स्वारीकी adj. Valetudinarian.

জন্মান্তে. To beget; to make vegetate. জন্মান্ত s. m. Regeneration, another birth, another state of existence.

जनानरीय adj. Acquired in a former birth.

জন্মৰ adj. Born blind. [being. জন্মিৰ s. m. An animal, an existent জন্মীজ্ব n. prop. The son and successor of Rajah Parikshit.

बन्धेवर s. m. A festival commemoratting the birth of Krishna.

ant, or companion of a bridegroom.

जया s. f. The friend of a mother; the relation or companion of a bride, a bridesmaid, &c.

water s. m. The place at the bride's

house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

জন্মাই } adv. Man by man, every জন্মাই } one.

सप s. m. Silent repetition of the names of a deity, silent meditation, muttering prayers; repeating inaudibly passages from the Shasters; adoration, charms, names of a deity, counting silently the bends of a rosary, &c. अपन part. Repeating prayers, worshipping.

जपनप s. m. Devotion, adoration.

জাবনা ু v. a. To count one's beads, জাবনী ু to repeat the name of God internally, to recite the bend-roll to make mention, to repeat prayers inaudibly.

ज्ञपरायच s. m. A sage, one devoted to religious meditation.

जपनाजा s.f. A rosary. जपनाजी s.f. A kind of bag in which

beads are held during their recital.

The flower of the plant kurhur (Cleone viscosa).

जपीतपी s. m. An adorer.

aw When, at the time when, as soon as. Jab-tak, or.—talak, or.—talak, or.—talak, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-tab, Now and then. Jab-jab, Whenever Jab-ka-tab, adv. At the time when, at the proper moment. Jabkabhi or, Jabkabhu, Whenever. Jabki, adv. At the time when, when, since. Jab-log, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-nah-tab, adv. Now and then; perpetually. Jabhi, adv. At the very time, Jab se, Since.

face from the corners of the mouth to the jaws. स्वयता v. n. To be filled, to be folded. सबहा adj. Rigid, stiff, awkward. सब्हा adj. Ill-shaped.

जबर s. m. An oppression, violence, strength.

जबरी adv. Since.

जबलन As long as, till when, whilst.

ज्ञालवरंग s. m. A musical instrument.

जवडि } At the very time when.

जब्म adj. Unlucky, bad, ill.

जाभा है s.m. The jaw.

বাদ s. m. Pluto, the supposed regent of worlds below, or judge of departed son's, death. Jam dut, s. m. Messenger of death. Jam dips. s. m. A lamp or illumination sacred to Pluto, lighted on the 13th of Kartik. Krishpakshs, i. s. Three days before the devail.

জনৰ s. m. Repeating of a word in different significations (in rhetoria); a twin. s. f. The state of succeeding or going on well.

square. n. To succeed, go on well, fit, to be assembled. Dukán jamki, Buyers and sellers are collected in the shop. Larai jamki, The fight was joined. Majlis jamki, The assembly is full. Mukaddama jamka, The cause is begun to be debated.

खनवाना v. s. To adjust, go on well, settle, fix; to assemble, crowd together.

WATE s. m. Crowd, multitude.

जनका adv. Always, constantly, perpetually. [father.

कामस्पी n. prop. Name of Parusram's समञ्ज्ञ s. m. Messenger of death.

wave s. m. A dagger.

জনসাত দ. To germinate, grow; to be congulated, congealed or frozen, to consolidate; to be collected, to clot; to adhere, stick, cohere, set; to pace in the manege.

जननिका s.f. A curtain, tent, curtains. जनराज n. prop. The regent of death. जनहाई s.f. Gaping, yawning, Jamahai

lena, To gape, to yawn.

अमहाना v. n. To gape, to yawn.

असा s. f. An accumulation, sum total. जनार्षे s. m. A son-in-law.

जमात s.f. A body, a gathering.

जनाना v. a. To collect; sum up; coagulate, freeze or make ice; congent, consolidate; to pace in the manege.

जमालगीदा s. m. A purgative nut (Jatropha carcas; Croton Tiglium).

জানাৰ s.m. A crowd or multitude; a collection, accumulation, accretion; coagulation.

समावट s.f. Coagulation, agglutination, congelation. consolidation.

जमीनवान्द s. m. A bulbous root.

जमोदार s. m. Landlord, land-holder. जमोदारो s. f. The state of a landholder.

जन्ना n. prop. f. The river Jamuna.

जन्दि . J. Gaping, yawning. जनीवना n. n. To ascertain.

জাতা s. m. dual. Husband and wife. জাতা s. m. An aquatic plant Vallisneria).

aniai s. m. A fragrant plant (Pan-

जनोर s.m. Common lime (Citrus acids); a plant called by some a sort of basil, with small leaves.

Eugenia jambu).

सम्बं . m. A jackal ; a low man; the the rose apple.

water so me One of the Purante

divisions of the earth, including the whole of Hindustan, and said to be so named from 'the preceding plant abounding in it, and implying according to the Purdas. the central division of the world, or the known world; according to the Bouddhas, it is confined to India.

ৰাম্ব s. m. A fragrant plant (Pondanus odoratissimus); the rose apple. বাৰীৰী s. m. The lime or citron, apparently of more than one species; a plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small leaves.

wa s. m.f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest. victory, bravo! huzza! all hail! s. m. A kind of mung or bean (Phasealus mungo).

जयजयकार s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation.

जयजयन्त्रो s.f. Name of a musical mode. जयदब s. m. A kind of drum,

स्वयंत्र s. m. Shout of victory.

জ্বৰ s. m. A plant (Æschynomene sesban); name of a musical mode. জ্বৰী s. f. A tree (Æschynomene ses-

खयनी s.f. A tree (Æschynomene sesban); a flag. a banner. खयपब s. m., Record of victory or

triumph; in law, the sealed and written award of the judge in favor of either party.

জ্বদান e.m. A king, a sovereign; (it is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindu princes); a tree (Croton Tiglium).

[victory, জ্বদানা s.f. A necklace or garland of জ্বদ্ধ s.m. The royal elaphant,

ज्ञयभप्तः व ज्ञयमान ज्ञयम्म ज्ञयमान ज्ञयमान ज्ञयमान ज्ञयमान

adj. Victorious.

जनगत s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

जवम् इ. m. A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Jay Jay.

जया adj. Able to conquer, victorious, जर s. f. A fever.

जरकृद s. m. A kind of water-fowl. जरजर Old, decayed.

जरड Old, decayed.

जाडा adj. Hard, solid; hardhearted, cruel, harsh; old, decayed, infirm. s.m. Decripitude.

ing a pungent seed; a plant, yielding a pungent seed (Niyella indica); old age, becoming old and infirm.

जारन adj. Old, ancient, advanced in years ; infirm, decayed.

ज्ञाती s. f. An old woman.

जरन s. f. Burning.

खरना v. n. To burn,

जरम् adv. Root and branch, entirely. जरा s.f. Decrepitude, the general relaxation and debility consequent upon old age, or old age itself; a tree (Minuseps kauki); a female demon.

জ্বাম s. m. Paroxysm of a fever. জ্বাব্য adj. Infirm, decrepid, debilitated, old.

जराना र. c. To burn, kindle, inflame, light, make jealous.

wrig s. m. The womb, the uterus.

जरावुज adj. Viviparous, born from the womb, as man and other animals.

কাৰেৰ s.m. A proper name; a celebrated king and warrior, sovereign of Magadh, father-in-law to Kons, and foe to Krishna; he is said to have been slain in single combat by Bhim.

क्यन्त्रशिव s.m. Bhimsen, the third of the Pandu princes.

will s. f. A sort of wooden dart with

an iron point. Jarib cholána. To throw the jarib. [old age. জব্য s. m. Skinniness, flesh flaccid with জগ্ম s. m. Indra's banner or emblem;

জনং s. m. Indra's banner or emblem; an aquatic plant (Vallisneris). adj. Old. infirm.

क्षेत्र

जनरीका adj. Rugged, perforated, full of holes; old, decayed.

जर्ष alj. Old, decayed.

জানিত s. m. Sesamum, growing wild, জল s. m. Water; frigidity (moral, mental or physical). adj. Cold, stapid, apathetic, idiotic.

जलपत्ति s. m. A water-bee.

जनकरक s.m. An aquatic plant (Trapa bispinosa); a crocodile.

জনক্দি s. m. The gangetic porpoise or water-ape.

জাৰাৰ s. m. The diver or water-crow. জাৰনাত্ত s. m. An elephant.

জান জিবাত s. m. A shark, or according to some, a large alligator (who moves preeminently among the watery herds).

জনক্ৰত s. m. A water-hen, a diver. জনক্ত হী s. f. The black-headed gull.

क्षत्रकात s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

जवज्ञा s. f. A water-plant.

जनक्षो s.f. A whirlpool; a pond, a pool; a spring, a well.

জালমুৰ্য s. m. The gangetic porpoise. জালম্ম s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

कार्योश s.f. Sporting, or gamboling in the water, bathing for pleasure or amusement.

जनगण s.m. A whirlpool; a turtle, a tortoise; a piece of water, a lake.

जनस्य adj. Aquatic, moving or going in water (an animal).

कारक s, m. A fish ; a lotus ; a shell

ৰ বসৰু 3. m. A fish, or any marine, aquatic, or amphibious animal. ব্যৱস্থা ৪. f. A leech.

সৰ্ভা adj. Indignant, outrageous.

जवजनाना v. n. To be indignant.

লবজনাহত s. f. Indignation, rage, passion, anger.

জৰজা s. f. A plant, said to be a sort of Bassia growing in or near water. adj. Water-born, aquatic.

সলসাৰ s. m. A boat.

जनदिल s. m. A bivalve shell,

जनतर्ग s. m. The musical glasses, or harmonicon; playing on glasses or china bowls by rubbing the edges; a brass vessel in which water is put and the edges are beaten with two sticks.

जनतंत्री s.f. Name of a musical instrument.

जनवन s. m. Ground half covered with water, marshy ground.

জনহ s.m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyderus rotundus).

জনহাম্দ s.m. The Sal tree (Shorea robusta).

जन्भर s.m. A cloud; the ocean; a grass (Cyperus rotundus).

अवधारा s.f. A steam or current of water,

ज्ञलधि s. m. The ocean,

জলন s. m. Burning, heat, inflammation; passion, vexation. জলনজন s. m. An otter.

লব্যাজি s.f. The two hands full of water met., abandonment. Jalánjali karna, To give up a practice.

sign s. a. To burn, to be burnt, to be kindled (mst.) To get into a passion, to be enraged, to rage, Jal uthna, To break out (as fire). Jal rakna, To be in a passion, to rage. Jal highna, To brand, to burn to ashes. Jale par non lagana, (lit. to throw salt on a burn). To triumph over insult.

खनिषि s.m. The ocean.

আক্সিন্থ s. m. A drain, a water course, a pipe along a wall or building for carrying off water-fall, the descent of a spring, &c. [niera).

जननेम s. m. A drng (Herpestes mon-जननेस s.f. Vollisnerio).

अन्तवार s. m. The dropsy.

जनपद्धी s. f. Water-fowl.

जनपनि s.m. Varun, the mythological deity presiding over the watery element, the Hindu Neptune.

अवगरे s.f. An olive ; the Elaocarpus serratus.

जलपान s.m. Drinking (of water), eating, taking light food between meals, a luncheon.

अञ्चिष्यको s.f. An aquatic plant (Commelina salicifolia, &c.)

जनपुष्टना s.f. An aquatic plant (Pislio stratiotes).

जनपित्र s.m. The chatak (Cuculus melanoleucos); a fish.

স্তৰ্মন্ধ s. m. A dam, a dike, rocks or stones impeding a current.

ज्ञाबन्ध s. m. A fish.

जनवन् s. m, A usn. जनवन part. Burnt up or consumed with fire.

जनवरी s.f. Swimming, striking with the arms and legs in water.

नहरूद s. m. A bubble of water.

जनमा s. f. A kind of potherb (Hilancha repens).

जलस् इ. m. A cloud; an aquatic plant (Commelina salicifolis or bengalensis). जनभीरा इ. m. A water-bee. जनसब इ. m. A deluge, flood inundation.

नवनविद्या ... A. water insect.

जनसम्बद्ध क. क. A waterman, a mermaid. जनमान s.m. A drain or issue from a pond.

जसमाजार s. m. An otter.

जसम् त s. m. Shiv, of whom one form is water, implying his omnipresence. जसवन s. m. A water-work, a machine for raising water &c., any contrivance connected with that element.

স্থান্ত্ৰ s. m. A house or fabric erected in the midst of water, or subterraneous apartments constructed in the bank of a river, for retiring to in the hot season; a summer-house, &c.

जलयान s. m. A boat,

असमुमर s. m. A whirlpool. नवरक s. m. A kind of crane, feeding or small fish chiefly, and therefore haunting swamps &c.

ARTE s. m. A gallinule.

লবাস s. m. The Vak, a kind of crane. প্ৰথম s.f. A wave, a billow.

সত্তিত্ব s. m. The autumnal Equinox, the moment of the Sun's entering Libra, occurring near the close of the annual rains,

লধ্যবিধ s. m. A. prawn or shrimp (water-scorpion). [pike. লণ্ডাৰ s. m. A kind of fish, a sort of লল্পীয় s. m. A burner.

লতম্ব s. m. Vishau, who is supposed to sleep, borne by his serpent couch above the ocean, during the four months of the periodical rains in India. [waters.

जनसंद s. m. Vithnu, as sleeping on the जनस्व s. m. A fish, a sort of pike (Esox scolopax) the gangetic perpoise; an aquatic plant (Trapa bispinosa). s.f. A leech.

जनमृत s f. The guinen-worm (Filaria medinensis).

जनसंगी s. f. Sleeping in water by way of mortification; a fish.

সবহ s. m. A small water (or summer).
house.

লন্ধান s. m. Cuttle fish bone, considered as the indurated foam of the sea. ললা s. m. A lake. [of water.

লবাৰাৰ s. m. Appearance or semblance লকাৰ s. m. An otter or water-cat.

ললাম্বল s. m. A natural water-course or

channel; a plant (Vollisneria). স্থায়াহ s. m. A pond, a lake, a reservoir, any piece of water.

ज्ञाना v. a. To burn, kindle, inflame, fire, light, muke jealous.

जवायका } adj. Fretful, passionate, hot-जवासुना } tempered ; scorched.

जनामय adj. Full of water, wet.

जनान्विका s. f. A well.

जन। पैंद s. m. The rainy season; sea of fresh water; an inundation, a flood, a deluge.

जाहा ady. Wet, charged with aqueous moisture.

जलाजुका है s.f. A leech.

हालावन s.f. Firewood.

meinu s. m. A pond, a tank, a lake, a reservoir, or any piece of water; the ocean; a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum). adj. Stupid; dull, cold, apathetic.

खांचिया } s. f. A leech.

afugt s. m. A fisherman.

अने च्या s.f. A plant (Heliotropium indicum).

आपकेश्व s. m. Submarine fire,

अनेवी s.f. A kind of sweetmest.

কাৰৰ s. m. The mythological deity of water, Varun; the ocean.

जिला s. f. A leech.

লখী ভাষ s. m. A drain or channel, made on purpose for carrying off an excess of water, or such a channel made naturally by the overflow of a river, &c.

जाबादर s. m. Dropsy.

जनीरगी जनीकस जनीका जनीका

সম s. m. Dissenison, wrangling; prate, babble.

बाह्य adj. A chatterer, talking much and foolishly or improperly.

প্ৰ s. m. Barley. Jow jow hisab lena, To take a strict account, the mark between the joints of the finger, প্ৰমী s. f. Mace.

country, Ionia or Greece; a Greek or Mahomedan.

was s. m. Mark in the joints of the fingers; a flower, the Chinarrose (Hübiscus rosa sinensis); a clove of garlic, a kind of stitch in needle-work. Jawedar, Serred in a particular manner.

जगई s.m. A son-in-law.

जनाइन A kind of eating fruit. जनावार s. m. Impure salt-petre.

জনাছ c s. m. The young shoots of barley presented by Brahmans to their disciples at the feast of Noaratr.

जनापुष s. m. The China rose, the plant or its flower.

जनार s. m. The rise or flow of the tide जनारा s. m. Indian corn.

as food for cattle.

जवाली s. f. Mixed wheat.

equet s. m. A prickly bush of which tattis are made, and with is eaten by eamels (Hedysarum athagi).

THE s. m. Name, character, celebrity, reputation, fame, renown, luck Jasapies, s. m. Good and evil. or the favourable and unfavourble traits of one's character.

असपव रे adj. Reputable, renowned.

adj. Famous, illustrious, renowned, celebrated.

अस है s.m. Pewter.

and adv. Where, in which place, which place. Jahan tahan, Here and there. every where, Jahan ka tahan, Everywhere, in the same place as before. Johan jahan, adv. Wherever, Johan kahin, adv. Wherever. Johan tak, adv. As far as Jahan-se, Whence, from which place. Jahan-tahan phirna, To straggle, to wander.

wil adv. Wherever,

art s. f. A plant, the flowers of which resemble those of the kadamb.

The period of the total destruction of the world.

s. m. The name of a king or saint. The Ganges; the river in its course is said to have disturbed the devotions of the saint Jahnu. upon which he drank up its water: having released them at the intercession of the gods, he is thus considered the parent of the stream.

on pron, sing. Whom, what, which, any one.

wit adj. f. Born. s.f. A daughter.

for a thing purchased, while it is carried away to be finally approved.

जांत्र s. m. The thigh and leg.

जांबर s. f. Strength, power.

जांगरे adv. With force, powerfully, loudly. जांच s. f. The thigh. indico).

त्रांचल s. m. A kind of heron. (Ardea जविया s. m. A kind of breeches that do not cover the thigh.

লাৰ s. m. Trial, examination, test, assay, proof.

জাৰল v. a. To examine, enquire into. ascertain, try, prove, assay.

जांत s.f. A wooden trough for raising water.

जोता s. f. A stone-mill for grinding corn, a handmill of two stones, one

over the other; a pair of bellows, नाबड s. m. Money (or other pleage) left for a thing purchased, while it is car-

ried away to be finally approved. आव s. m. A religious, sacrifice, vigils,

जागृत s.f. Watchfulness, waking. आगतीन्यीति वत्।, Possessed of or exerting miraculous powers.

जानना v. n. To awake, to be awake, to जागरण s.f. Vigil, wakefulness, keeping watch, sitting up at night (in a religious ceremony or prayers), vespers, आगिति s. f. Waking, vigilance.

आगह s.f. Place.

जागा s. m. A cast of Hindus. जाबादरी s. f. Drowsiness, sleepiness.

ony odj. Wakeful, watchful. TITE s. m. The francoline partridge.

नाइफी adj. Rural, picturesque, diversified with hill, vale, wood, and water (country); wild, jangli, barbarous, savage, s. f. Cowach (Carpopogen pruriens).

WITE s. m. Poison, venom.

mitfo ? s. m. A snake-catcher, a जासह s. f. Money (or other pledge) left | जासनिक है dealer in antidotes, अ

snake doctor, one who pretends : नामपान s. f. Pedigree. chiefly by charms to cure the bite of snakes or other venemous animals.

जाक औ s. f. Knowledge of poisons, the possession of charms or drugs, and employment of them as antidotes : a potherb (Luffa acutangula).

बायन s. m. A suitor, a solicitor, a candidate, a beggar, a person who goes about singing for charity, a petitioner, one who asks or solicits.

जावना v. a. To want, need, require, implore, solicit, ask, beg,

जाजन s. m. Brahman who presides at the performance of a religious ceremony, an officiating priest; a player on cymbals or on the tabour.

जाजम s.f. A cloth thrown over the carpet to sit on.

WIZ s. m. A tribe of Rajents.

बार्टील s. m. f. A plant (Bignonia suaveolens).

wix s. m. The axis of an oil or sugar mill which presses the grain or the canes; a post placed by Hindus in the centre of a tank to mark its being dedicated.

बाड . m. The gums (of the teeth). witer, s. m. Cold, coldness : the winter. जाड़ी s.f. A row of teeth.

आहा s. m. Coldness, apathy : folly, stupidity, duliness of intellect; coldness, frigidity.

जान adj. Born, produced, engendered ; a child, offspring, s, m, Kind, sort, class, species, cast, sect, tribe, race ; birth, production,

सातन s. m. A mendicant : astrological calculation of a nativity.

कारकम s. m. A sacrificial ceremony directed to be performed at the birth of a child.

जाति s. f. Kind, sort, species, class, tribe : birth, production : lineage, race, family.

जातिलच्छ s.m. Specific or generic distinction or characteristic; mark of rtibe or caste.

जातिसभाव s. m. Specific or generic character or nature.

नातिहीन adj. Outcaste, void of caste. नाती s. f. Great-flowered jasmin (Jasminum grandiflorum) ; mace, nutmeg. जातीपथी s. f. Mace.

जातीपल s. m. Nutmeg.

जासीरस s. m. Gum-myrrh.

जाय adj. Well-born, of good family, जासम adı. Born blind.

Bildi s. f. A moment (generally imploy-(ing a fortunate moment); pilgrimage : departure, march, journey ; procession, a festival.

s. m. A pilgrim.

साइद s. m. The lineage of Krishna, one of that race.

जान s. m. A conjurer, an astrologer. part. Knowing adj. Wise, intelligent. Janbujhkar, adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.

जानत adj. Knowing, understanding. कानना v. a. To know, to understand, to

comprehend, to suppose, to trust, जानना v. a. To know, understand, \$6

comprehend, to suppose, जानपद्यान s. m. An acquaintance, an

intimate friend. जानव्याचे adv. Knowingly, wilfully.

purposely. जानकार adj. Going, passing away.

जाना v. n. To go, be, pass, reach, continue, Jata-rohna, To be lost, missing, to die, disappear, vanish, gd AWRY, PASS AWRY.

aria s. m. The knee.

कानुकाल s. m. The kneepan or patells. जानुसन्स s. f. The knee joint.

जाने चनजाने adv. Wittingly or unwit-

आभि देना . a. To liberate, let go; to excuse, pass over (as a fruit). Janedo. Never mind, let alone, don't.

जानी v. n. To go; understand, suppose; that is, videlicet, to wit.

ena v. a. To know, understand comprehend, suppose, believe. deem, think, fancy, conceive, judge, secount, esteem, to trust,

ৰাষ s. m. Repeating inaudibly passages from the shasters, charms, names of a deity silent meditation, mattering of prayers, counting silently one's beads.

the Veds, prayers, &c., inaudibly. जान s. m. Muzzle for large cattle ; on

net for fruit ; a sort of grass. आदी s. f. Muzzle for small cattle.

jambos, &c.); the eighth part of a day, watch of three hours.

(Calyptranthes caryodhyllifohia; Eugenia Jambolaua). s. m. Sour milk, used to coagalate fresh milk, runnet, eoagulator.

आमशी adj. Grecias, Mahomedan, or their language, क्ष [husband, जामात s. m. Son-in-law, daughter's जामात s. m. A daughter's husband, a son-in-law; a husband, a lord or master; the sun-flower (Helianthus animus).

आमिनी &.f. Night.

সানী s.f. A virtuous and repectable woman ; a sister.

জালৰ s. m. The rose-apple the fruit. আন্তৰ্গত s. m. A fabulous bear, fatherin-haw to Krishna.

आव्यति s. f. The wife of Krishna, daughter of the bear.

आवान s. m. Name of a bear, who

স্থায়খন s.f. Mace. [chals. স্থায়ক s.m. Knthneg (myristica mos-স্থায় s.f. A wife, one wedded according to the perfect ritual. adj. m. Born. s.m. A son.

जायापती s. m. dual, Husband and wife. जार s. m. A paramour, a gallant; virulence.

of a woman by her gallant.

जारन s. m. Firewood, fuel.

জাবো e. a. To light, kindle, burn, inflame. জাবল e. a. To burn, kindle, inflame, জাবল e. m. A kind of wood (Lagerstramia flos revins).

₹ part. Burning.

जाज s.m. A net; a sash; a window, a lattice, an eyelet, or loophole; magik, conjuring, illusion, supernatural deception. Jaldar. adj. Reticulated. Jal-lakri, s.f. Valerian.

কালেম s. m. A country situated in the north-west of India, spparently part of Luhors, and perhaps the modern Jallindhar. [dhor.

जावनरा adj. An inhabitant of Jalan-जाना s.m. Cobweb, a pellicle; a jar; a speek on the eye, a catarect

जारिक e. m. A spider ; a fisherman ; a hunter using nets.

লাভিন্ধ adj. A cheat, a rogue, a vagabond, a conjurer, or juggler; one who employs nets, &c., for a livelihood. লাৰিনী t. f. A painting room. [juror. লাৰিয়া s. m. A cheat, a rogue a con-লাৰী adj. Illusory, deceptive. s. f. Network; the integument in which a feetus is enveloped; a coil; a caul; a lattice, grate, treilis-work. Jdli porna, Expresses the hardening of the stone of a mango.

কাজ s. m. A low man, one of a degraded tribe or business. adj. Cruel, harsh, severe; inconsiderate, rash, acting without thinking.

जारक ह. m. The red colour procured from the lakh insect.

जान्ती } s.f. Mace (the spice so call-जािनो } ed.

भाषनीभाषा s.f. The language of the Greeks or of the Mahomedans.

नावां adj. Twins.

नास् pron. From or of whom.

on for pron. rel. sing. In the dative case, to whomsoever.

जारी s.f. A flower (Josminum granduflorum); a fire-work resembling that flower.

जिमजिमिया adj. Fawning.

श्चिम जिमो s.f. An exclamation expressive of surprise and pleasure. Jiggigi karna, v. a. To fawn.

शिवीषा s. f. Emulation, wish to excel or overcome. [jith).

কিছি s. f. Bengal madder (Rubis man-কিলিয়া s. f. A sister, a dug, a breast. কিলায়া s. f. Asking, inquiring.

खिडानी s. f. Husband's elder brother's wife.

fara adv. Where.

कितकीय adj. Of subdued passion, not to be provoked or made angry.

লিল্লা) adj. How much, so much, as many. Jitnemen, In as much (time) as.

জিলা }, adj. As much as, as many as,

জিলালা adj. Self-subdued, void of passion. [quer.

জিবাৰা v. a. To cause to win or con-

जितेन्द्रिय } s.m. An ascetic, a sage, जितेन्द्रों } one who has completely subdued his passions.

জিলাদ্বিলা s. f. Continence, subjugation of the senses or passions. [ses. জিলাদ্বিলা adj. Having subdued the sen-ভিলাল adj. Conquerable, vincible,

জিল্ডী adj. Victorious, triumphant. s. m. The city of Benares.

जियर adv. Where, wherever, whither, there. Jidhar tidhar, adv. Whither, here and there; every where.

for pron. rel. inflee. pl. Whom, what, which. A negative particle, No. not. A prohibitive particle, Don't s. m. A jin, the generic name of the personage peculiar to the Jyn sect, who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of the other sects; a saint and teacher; twenty-four Jins are supposed to flourish in an Uvasarpi, or Jyn age, and their writers enumerrate those of the ages past, present, and to come; a Buddh, a generic term applied to the chief saints of the Buddh sect, in the same manner as to those of the Jyns.

जिमारा क्यं. Abusive, foul-tongued,

জিম conj. Like, as, in such manner as. জিমানা v. a. To feed, to entertain.

क्रियरा s. m. Life, soul. adj. (met). Beloved.

for any v. a. To give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, to patronize; to cause to live. লিখুলা ৈ s. m. Life, soul, sweet-heart, িলাভা ৈ beloved; annual wages to washermen and others.

जियोड adj. Brave, conrageous.

লিখালা v. c. To give life to; to vivify, animate, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, patronize.

জিমানা v. a. To feed, to entertain; to give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to cause to live; to foster, to patronize.

fww pron. rel. sing. That, what, who, whom. which, any one, Jis-lis, Whomever, whatever, some or other. Jis-jis, Whichever. each of which Jis jagah, adv. Where, wherever, Jis dam, adv. When, while, whilst. Jis tarali, adv. What fashion or manner. (in) what manner, according to, as Jis taref, adv. Wherever, Jis-kadr, adv. To what degee, as, as much as, whatever, whatsoever. Jis-kisi ka, of whomever, whosesoever. Jis kisi-ko, To whomever.

चिर्द inft. gron That, what, who, whom. जिसा s. f. The tongue.

जिज्ञान्त s. m. The fir of the tongue. जिज्ञासाद s. m. Licking, lapping.

off s. m. Life, soul, self, spirit, mind. Ji uthána, To withdraw one's friendship or desire. Ji bura karna, To vomit, to have a nausea; to be displeased. Ji barhána, To be moderately desirons Ji bikhara. To be a sease and contented Ji ajana, To have the mind suddenly fixed (on any thing). Ji bharana, To be touched with compassion or seized with grief. Ji bahlana, To amuse one's self, to dissipate reflection. Ji pana, To understand one's temper, to be highly

pleased; to escape from misfortune. Ji pani karna, To harses, to tease, to plague, to perplex. Ji par kisi-ke chaina, To obey. Ji par khelna, To risk one's life, to run the hazard. Ji pasijna, or,-pighalna, or,-pighal jana. To be compassionate, to feel affection. Ji pakra jana. To be sorry. Ji phat jana, To be broken-hearted. Ji phir jana, To be contented ; to be satisted or disgusted Jijalana, To befriend; to plague, to perplex. Ji jalna. To be vexed or troubled in mind. Ji chahna, To desire. Ji chhipana, or, -churana, To do a work carelessly or lazily, to neglect. Ji chalana, To act bravely. Ji chalna, to desire. Ji-dán. Granting life, pardoning a capital crime, permission. Ji dan karne, To grant life, to pardon a capital crime. Ji dharakna, To have a palpitation of the heart. Ji dub jana, To faint. Ji rokhna, To be easily pleased, to please. Je se utar jana, To sink in the opinion of another; to be brokenhearted. Ji se márna. To kill. Ji karna, or,-hona, To desire, to wish for. Ji khol ke kuchh karna, To do with pleasure or cheerfully. Ji ki aman mangni, To preface a discourse with excuse. Ji ke badal ji dens, To take up the cause of another. Ji ghat jana, To detest. Ji laga a, To excite desire or lovet to place or fix the mind, Ji lagna, To contract, affection for any person or thing, to hanker after, Ji lena, To penetrate one's thoughts ; to excite one's desire ; to kill. Ji marna, To mortify one's. desire, to displease. Ji milana, To contract friendship. Ji-men and, To come into the mind, to occur to the

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recollection. Jimen jal jana, To be tormented with envy or jealousy. Jimen ji ana, To be comforted. Jimen ghar karna, To be pleasant, agreeable or acceptable. Ji nikalna, To die; to desire or love excessively; to fear exceedingly. Ji kurna, To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. Ji hat jana, To detest.

जी adv. Yes. s. m. Sir, master, madam. जीका s. m. Pension, livelihood.

जोङ्ग राना v. n. To corrugate, to wrinkle. जीस s.f. Winning, victory.

जीतना v. a. To win, conquer, overcome, beat.

जीतन 8. m. Life, existence.

जीतवन } है. m. A. winner.

जीवा adj. Alive, living over, more, above. Jiteji, adj. Alive, living.

भौतिया s.f. Name of a Hindu fast observed by women, who have lost several children, to preserve the remainder.

जीत् s. m. A winner.

जोधर adv. Where, wherever, there.

नोग s. m. An old man.

कीना v. n. To live. s. m. Living.

with s.f. The tongue. Jibh barhana, To be loquacious and abusive; to pursue pleasures beyond one's reach Jibh pakarna, To silence; to interrupt one's discourse; to criticise minutely Jibh jhukana, To pretend to wealth falsely. Jibh cháina, to long after of covet unttainable enjoyment. Jibh cholana, To boast beyond one's ability. Jibh dab ke bat kahna, To speak with reserve. Jibh katna, To speak with reserve. Jibh katna, To forbid by signs; to grant the request of a petitioner; to be struck with

terror or astonishment. Jibh nikalna, To be extremely fatigued or thirsty. जोमारा *atji*. Plain-spoken, loquacious. जोमी s.m. An instrument for cleaning the tongue; a bit of a bridle,

कीमना v. a. To eat,

जीमार adj. Capital (as a crime); mortifying one's desires.

जीरक s. m. Cumin-seed.

the treble.

जीरन adj. Old, decayed ; digested.

লীব্য s. m. Cumin-seed. [cient, লীঘ s. m. An old man. a.ij. Old, anwithered, decayed; digested.

जीर्चना s. f. Old age ; infirmity, decay. जीर्चनस s. m. Old, worn, or tattered

rament.
নাজনৰ s.m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus). [digestion.
নাজি s.f. Old age, infirmity, decay;
নাজ s.f. A high note or tone in singing or music opposite to the bass,

and s. m. Animated being, animal; life, existence; the sentient soul, the emanation of the deity which, it is believed, is incorporated with the animal body, and gives it life, motion, and sensation, hence also called Juaman: it is opposed to that abstract state of the soul Parmatman, in which, by meditating upon its own divine nature and origin, the spirit is supposed to be set at liberty from human feetings and passions.

जीव s. m. A sweet heart, a lover. interj. Bravo !

লীমল s. m. A tree (Pentaptera tomentosa); a medicinal plant, considered as one of the eight principal drugs, classed together under the name Unitwary; an naimal, any being oudowed with life. भीवगर } adj. Resolute, bold, brave,

লীবসীৰ s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a sort of pheasant.

জীমন্ত্ৰীৰ s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a pheasant; the Chakor or Greek partridge.

जीवड़ा s, m. The soul, life; a sweetlicart, beloved; annual wages to washermen and others. [rious.

जीवत part. Living, alive. adj. Victo-जीवतिया s.f. A Hindu fast observed by women who have lost several children to preserve the remainder.

জীৰদীকা s.f. A woman whose children are living. [alive. shawfa s.f. A wife whose husband is

नीवधन s. m. Living property, live stock, wealth in flock and herds.

লীবদ s. m. Life, existence; livelihood, living, profession; water; a son.

जीवनसूर s. f. Root of life, any thing that gives or restores life.

जीवनी s. f. Jasmin.

कोरनीपाय s.m. Livelihood, means of subsitence. [dead. कोरनीयध s.m. A drug to revive the

जीवनीषध s. m. A drug to revive the जीवन adj. Alive, living, existent.

লীবন্ধির s. m. A fowler, a bird-catcher. জীবন্ধিয়া ε. m. A parasite plant (Epidendron tesseloides, and other species); a plant Menispermum glabrum).

जोरजो s.f. A tree (Celtis orientalis); a plant (Menispermum glabrum); the Sam or Saen tree (Mimosa albido); yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebulo).

जीवपुत्रक s. ms A plant bearing seeds which are used in rosaries.

स्रोवसन्दर s. m. The body.

জীবজাৰ s. m. A joint, an articulation. জীবাৰ s. m. A drug for re-animating the dead; life, existence.

जीवाधार s. m. The earth.

লীবান্ধা s.m. The vital principle, or spirit; that spiritual essence which renders bodies susceptible of motion or sensation.

কাৰালয় s. m. A fowler, a bird-catcher. জীৰিকা s. f. Livelihood, profession or occupation, by which a subsistence is obtained; pension.

जीवित s. m. Living. life, existence.

जीवितकाल s. m. Period or duration of life, a life.

जोशिया anj. Living, alive, existent. जोशिया s. m. A name of Yam, regent of death; a lover, a husband; lord or master of existence; a drug to revive the dead.

नीवितेषा adj. Ruling life, master of being (applicable to objects either of reverence or offection).

जीवी adj. Alive, living, animate, a living being.

नीहारमा v. n. To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless.

जुन s.f. Emotion, impulse; a volume containing several books.

ষ্টা s.m. One of the four great Hindu periods; a term used in the game of chouser; a pair. Jugamnjug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages. Jugjug, adv. Constantly, ēternally. Jugphorna, or,—phulna, To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. সুধার s.f. Address, dexterity, contrivance, counsel, wit, a pun, art Jugat bolna, To pun. Jugatbasi, Punster, quibbler. Jugatbasi, s.f. A quibble, pun, witticism, economy,

जुगती adj. Artful, clover, cunning, eco- | जुदा ह. m., Twins, nomical, facetious, punning.

जुगनी s. f. Fire-fly, glow-worm; ornament worn round the neck.

जुनन् s. m. The fire-fly (Limpyris); a jewel worn about the neck,

जुगल } जुगम ≸ ady. Two, a pair, brace, couple.

ज्या v. n. To be careful of, to keep with care ; to lend labour, i. e. To assist another in his work in expectation of similar assistance being returned hereafter.

जुगाल adj. Two. जगानना v. a. To chew the cud.

जगाली s. f. The end.

जगपन s. m. ? Censure, abuse, reproach, ज्ञगुषा s. f. f reviling. जगुष्मित वती. Consured, abused, reproach-

ed, reviled.

जङ s. m. f. A potherb (Convolvulus argenteus). fabandoned. न्हित adj. Outcast, deserted, injured, जुम s. m. An engagement, a battle.

लकाड बाजना v. a. To sound warlike instruments in battle.

जटक s. m. f. The matted hair of Shin or of ascetics; any knot or tillet of

ज्ञा v. n. To close with, to engage in close fight, to unite, toclose, to join (as the edges of a wound), to etny, wait.

जुटाना v. a. To conglutinate.

नुडमा v. a. To be joined.

जुक्क हा 8. m. Twins.

जुड़ाई s. f. The price of joining, mending, &c.

जुडाना v. a. To cause to join, to cause to couple, to get mended; to tear the hair in token of grief and vexation.

जुन (in compos.) With, connected with, united with, joined to, as, Dharmajut. ady. Virtuous.

जतवाना v. a. To cause to join or yoke. जवाई adj. Arable. s. f. Tillage. Jutana, v. n. To be joined, to yoke ; to be tilled.

जितियाना v. n. To beat with a slipper.

जड s. m. Battle, war, fight. जन s. m. Time.

जनहरी s. f. A kind of grain. সদস্থাই s. f. The moonlight.

जनशा s. m. A kind of grain, (comprising many species, of which Indian coin is one).

जुन्हें वा s. f. The moonlight.

ज्यती s. f. A young woman, damsel.

ज्ञ व ady. Young.

जरना v.n. To be procured or obtained, to come to hand, to be joined. जरने v. n. To unite, to be joined.

ज्या देना n. n. To procure.

जरना v. n. To be comforted or pacified. v. a. To proenre.

जनायन adj. Procurable, Jurao, s. m. Procurement.

जनगड. f. A wife.

जल s. m. Deceit, cheating, a trick, Julboz, s. m. A knave, a cheat.

, तका ठ. m. भूनाहिन s. f. } A. weaver.

जाती s.f. A young woman, a damsel. जनराज s. m. A king's son, the heir-aparent, one appointed to the empire.

जरा adj. Young, juvenile. s. m. A. yoke, a young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy. ज्यार s. m. Large maize.

आयारी s. m. A. gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords, whereby the sound is said to improve.

জ্বৰ s. m. The water of boiled pulse, pease soup, porridge, &c.

meal, or its leavings.

जारा adj. Served, obliged, worshipped, gratified by service.

STER s. f. Hindu salutation, obeisance.

sadv. Lord! master ! sir !

SIN s. m. A yoke ; a dic, dice, a gaming, gambling, Jus khelna, To gamble. Juakhana, A gambling-house.

ज्याट s. m. A yoke.

अभारी s.m. A gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a nusical instrument beneath the cords. where by the sound is said to improve.

जं s. f. A louse. Jun-munho. adj. Smooth-faced, hypocritical.

ज्यत s. f. Manner, mode; skill, cleverness; a pun, or double meaning. Jugathaz, A punster, or rather one who is fond of uttering double meanings.

জ্ঞান v. n. To fight, to be killed in battle. Jujh marns, To die fighting. জাত s. m. The matted hair of Shiv; the clotted hair of an ascetic.

जुड़ adj. Cold. s. m. Coldness, the cold. जाड़ा s. m. Cold; the hair done up in a knot behind, the hinder part of a turband.

ब्रुड़ी s. f. An ague. [famous. जनसोरा adj. Beaten with slippers ; in-असा s. m. A slipper.

जुलो s, f. A shoe. Juti-khor, adj. Beaten with slip, ets; mean, abject. Juti pyrar. s.f. Scattle. Juti-kari, e.f. Act of beating with slippers.

जूब s. m. A band, a company, flock, herd. ज्य s. m. A multitude of birds or beasts.

377 8. m. Time.

জুনা s. m. A rope of grass; a ring of twisted grass laid under a roundbottomed jar to prevent it from oversetting.

ज्या s. m. A yoke.

जून s. m. Guile.

জুৰ } s. m. The water, of boiled pulse, s. m. pease soup, porridge, broth &c.,

जूर s. m. A yoke. जुहड़ s. m. Pits filled with water at the bottom of moun±ains.

जुरी s. f. Jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum).

जुमा s. f. Gaping, yawning.

জ্মিনী s.f. A kind of mimosa (Mimosa octandra).

ने pron. Who, which, what.

किंड s. f. A heap.

প্ৰত s.m. Husband's elder brother, name of the second Hindu month (May June). adj. Older, first-born. প্ৰস্তা adj. Elder, first-born; husband's elder brother.

নীতা adj. m. Elder, first-born; the first and strongest tint obtained from the kusum flower (Carthamus tinctorius). নিহালী s.f. The wife of a husband's elder brother.

नेडीनमु s. m. Liquorice (Glycirrhiza glabra). [son.

नेदीत s. m. Husband's elder brother's नेता adj. As much as, so much. Jeto-ki, adv. Though, although.

जेतिक adj. As many, as much.

नेषु s.f. A pocket. Jeb-katra, s. m. A pickpocket.

लेवा adj. Conquerable, fit or subject to be conquered.

at s. m. The membrane in which the

fætus is envoloped, the after-birth, secondines.

- के ज s. m. A string or line of captives chained together, a string of buckets passed over the Persian wheel.
- केवडा s. m. A cord, a string.
- जेनडी s. f. A string, a cord, a worm. जेनना v. s. To eat.
- जनगर s. f. A. treat, feast, entertainment, banquet.
- जेवरी s.f. A cord, a string.
- चेष्ट ali. Eldest, chief.
- জীষ s.m. Husband's elder brother.
 name of the second Hindu month
 (June-July). adj. Older, first-born.
 জীষা s.f. One of the lunar mansion
 (the eighteenth).
- wits s. f. A pile of pots filled with water and placed one over the other in order to be carried on the head; a coremony preparative to marriage, in which pots filled with water are piled over one another, the whole is crowned with a bowl of sharbat, and the friends watch by it during the night. [ment.
- बेहर s. f. The name of a female orna-के adj. As much as.
- के s. m. f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo ! luzza! all hail! Jujykar, s. m. fejoicings, triumph, exultation. Jujykar karna, To huzza, shout. Jumalá, s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.
- जैजेननी s. f. A musical mode.
- mom s. m. A kind of drum.
- जैत s. m. A plant (Æschynomene sesban); a musical mode. [queror.
- जैवरच s. m. A hero, a victor, a con-जैवा s. m. A conqueror, a victor.
- केंबी adj. Victorious, triumphant,

- चेन s.m. A Jyn, a follower of the principles of a Jin, or teacher of heterodox notions, the chief of which are, the supremacy of certain religious pontiffs over the gods of the Hindus, denial of the divine authority of the I'eds, and a disregard of the distinction of castes.
- जैपाज s. m. A plant (('rotom Tiglium). केंदर adj. As many times, as often as. नैमान adj. Victorious.
- नेंगिन s. m. A celebrated saint and philosopher, founder of the uttar mimánsá school.
- 3 et adv. or adj. In the mannr wheicle, what-like, as, such as, according as. Jysā chāhiyē, As may be desired, as it ought, sufficiently. Jysā tysā, As well as, so so. Jysā kī tysā, Precisely the same unaltered. Jysā kī, As though, as if.
- जै है v. fut. Will go, will be.
- নাৰ্বা 2d pers. pl. fut. ton. of To go.
 সৌ pron. rel. Who, what, which, that.
 conj. If, that, that which, because,
 Jojo, Whoever. whatever. Jo chiz,
 What thing, whatever. Jo kuchk,
 Whoever. Jo koi, Whoever. Joki,
 Though, although, whichever.
- লীমাৰ s.f. A grain, Indian corn (Sorghum vulgaris). s. m. Flood-tide.
- जीचार भाटा s. m. The flood-tide, and
- πf adv. As, when. Jon-ton. In some way. Jonton karke, adv. In any way, by some means, somehow or other, as it could be done. Jon karton, As originally, in the same way as it was, as it was, as in reality, unaltered.
- নাৰ s. f. A leech. Jonk lagana, Top apply leeches,

कोंकाओं adv. In the same stall. जोकर adv. In any way.

সাঁদ্ধান্ত s.m. Aloe wood or Agallochum আহ্বী adv. In seme way or other, some how.

जीहीं adv. As soon as.

जीव s.f. A leech.

जोख s.f. Weight,

नीसना v. a. To weigh.

नीखिम s.f. Risk, venture, peril, danger, achievement, enterprize. Jo!him uthána, To run the hazard, venture, risk.

जोखिमी s. m. A risker.

नोस्तां s. f. Risk, venture.

জীৰ s.m. Junction, fitting; a fortunate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, intense meditation; certain division of a great circle, measured upon the Ecliptic. adj Possible, capable, fit (in comps. it answers to, able, worthy, &c.).

जोगता s. f. Suitableness, capability ability, fitness.

जोबनी s.f. A class, of female deities supposed to be attendant on the goddess Debi; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

जी बनाबा र. f. A person's assuming any number of forms of his own body at pleasure; a deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess.

जारा adj. Opportune, fit, proper, able, capaele, adequate, advisable, apposite, applicable. [Jogi.

जोगाध्यास s. m. The life and practice of a जोगिन s. f. remale of Jogi.

जीगिनी s.f. A female fiend or spirit, supposed to be attendant on and created by Duryi; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

क्रोगिया s. m. A colour, s. f. A musical mode ; a kind of pigeon.

जांशी s. m. A Hindu mendicant, a devotee; a cast of Hindus who are commonly weavers; they do not hurn but bury their dead; and the women are sometimes, buried alive with their husband's cornse.

जीगेंग } s. m. A devotec, an adorer.

जीय adj. Accomplished, fit, capable, जीजन s. m. A measure of four cos.

সীত s. m. A fellow, peer, one of a pair. a mate, a match. adj. Equal, even, not odd. Jot bandhana, To pair.

জার s. m. Junction, joint, joining, connexion, conjunction, a patch; a scam, society. Jor dena, To cast up, to add the sum. Jortor, s. m. Contrivance, arrangement, mechanism, joint, joint, joings, s. m. Savings, collecting by small quantities, scraping together.

जोडती s. f. Calculation, reckoning. जोडन s. m. Solder ; runnet.

जीड़ना v. a. To join, mend, patch; to add together; to reckon, to east or sum or add up; to get or rather to save and scrape up a fortune, &c.; to fabricate, cement, solder, unite, set (a bone, &c.), to tie, annex, affix, invent, contrive.

जोड़ा s. m. Joining, connexion, a pair, a couple; a pair of shoes; a suit (of clothes); alchymy.

जोड़ाई s. f. Joining.

जोडी s. f. A pair, a couple.

जीत s. f. Cultration, cultivated land, tillage. जीत } s. f. Brilliancy, Instre. light : जोति | the sunbeams ; the flame of a candle or lamp; vision. Jot-man, adj. Luminous, bright, Jotisarup, adj. Luminous, self-resplendent (an epithet of God).

स्तीतना v. a. To yoke, to plough, to till. जीतार s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman.

जोतिष s. m. Astrology, astronomy.

जोतियी s, m, An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोसी s. f. The string which suspends the scale of a balance,

जीधन s. m. Fighting, battle.

जीधा s. m. A warrior, a combatant.

s. f. Pudendum muliebre.

जीवन s. m. Puberty, adolescence, prime, youth, (met.) breast.

जीवनवसी adj. f. At the age of puberty, fit to be married, youthful,

s. f. A wife.

जीवा s. m. Fraud, deceit. Jola dena. To deceive.

जीवत part. Sees, regards, observes. जोदनी v.a. To see, to look at, to regard.

जीवी s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोसी s. m. A trible of Hindus. जीवना v. a. To expect, to look out for. जी conj. If that. adv. When, what time, Joulon, As long as.

जो s. m. Barley ; the mark between the joints of the finger Jou. jou hisáb lena. To take a strict account.

कोंबना v. a. To rail.

जौराभारा s. m. A retired room, a vault. s. m. A grain, Joar (Hol-

cus sorgum). स्रोत्य s. m. Dower, nuptial present.

जीन pron. Who, what, which. जीनार s. f. A feast,

भौलग adv. Until, as long as.

ল্পন লাj. Tanglit, expounded, mado known.

श्रम s. f. Understanding, comprehension, the exercise of the intellectual Iderstood.

भाग adj. Known, comprehended, un-चातिषदाना s.m. A man completely versed in any science or Shastr.

RIGI s. m. One acquainted with any thing, Guatepurus, A learned man.

जातान्वय v. m. A name of Varddhaman, the last Jin or Jun pontiff.

जाति s. m. A father; a distant kinsman, one who does not participate in the oblations of food water offered to deceased ancestors.

चाद adi. Knowing, wise, intelligent, जानेय alj. Relationship, affinity.

ज्ञान s. m. Knowledge in general ; understanding, inteliect, intelligence : knowledge of a specific and religious kind, that which is derived from meditation, and the study of philosophy which teaches man the (now fallen) divine nature and origin of his immaterial part with the unreality of corporal enjoyments or worldly forms, and which, separating him during life from terrestrial objects, is supposed to secure him after death, a final emancipation from existence. and re-union with the universal spirit; or in other words, to exempt the soul from further transmigration. Guan dourána. To meditate deeply. चानदपेष s. m. One of the Jyn saints.

जानवान ? adj. Wise, intelligent, knowing, indicions, a sage, one possessing religious wisdom,

माजिन s. m. An astrologer, a fortuneteller, a man prescient of future events; a sage, one possessing religious wisdom or gyan.

ज्ञानिनी adj. Wise, intelligent.

चानेन्द्रिय s.m. An organ of perception or consciousness, the skin, tongue, eye, ear and intellect,

श्चापक adj. Making known, giving information, proclaiming. m. One who proclaims.

चापन s. m. Making known, apprising, communicating, informing, जापित adj. Revealed, discovered, noti-

आ s. f. A mother; the earth; a bowstring.

ज्यानी v. a. To cause to live, to give life to, to recover any one almost dead ; to foster, to patronise.

ज्येष्ठ adi Best, most excellent, preeminent; very old, oldest; elder, elder-born. s. m. The month Justh (May-June).

ब्येश्वता s. f. Seniority ; superiority.

ञ्चैष्ठतात s. m. A father's elder brother.

ज्येष्टवर्षे s. m. A Brahman, as elder or best-born.

चेंडा s.f. One of the asterisms considered as lunar mansions, the 18th comprising three stars, of which one is Scorpionis, figured by a ring or earring ; the middle finger,

ज्यों adv. As, how much, the more so, when, asif. Jyan ka tyon, Precisely the same.

चोति s. f. Light.

ज्योतिष s. m. Astronomical and astrological science, astronomy, astrology. ज्योतिपिका s. m. An astrologer.

ज्योतिषी s. f. A star, a plant, an asterism. s. m. An astrologer, or astronomer.

ज्योतिक s. m. A planetary or heavenly body ; the generic term for the snn. the moon, a planet, an astorism, a ster; the word in the m. pl. Jyotishka, implies all these five.

ज्यीतिकान adj. Luminous, splendid, resplendant, glorious.

ज्योतीरथ s. m. The pole-star.

न्योतसा s. f. Moonlight,

ज्योतकापिय s. m The Chacor or Greek partridge.

ज्योतकाइच s. m. The tripod or tree of a lampstand, a candlestick.

अधोत्सी s.f. A moonlight night, or a night in which the moon is full.

34 € s. m. Fever, intermitting or continued.

ज्यस्माज्य adi. Anti-febrile, febrifuge. ज्वराधि s. m. Feverish heat, or the hot

paroxysm of fever. चरापडा s.f. A plant (Medicago escu-

lenta). ज्यरी adj. Febrile, feverish, affected

ज्यल s. m. Flame, blaze, light.

with fever.

ज्वलका s. f, Flame.

zing. ज्यक्त s. m. Ugni or fire ; burning, bla-ञ्चित adj. Burnt ; blazing, flaming.

ज्यार s.f. A grain, Indian corn, maize (Holcus sorgum).

जाता s. f. Flame, blaze,

ज्यालाजिका s. m. Ugni or fire, whose tongue is flame.

आवासुकी s. f. A place where subterrancons fires break forth. an object of veneration the Hindus; a volcano; a celebrated Jwala-mukhi or volcano exists near Balkh, to which pilgrimages are made from Hinduston, the soil abounding with hydrogenous gas which takes fire when coming in contact, with the external air; otherwise, vents being made, a light is applied to the orifice and flame being kindled is fed by the stream of gas that escapes.

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with the ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding in power to fh.

wis. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms, as of sworbs,

भेतार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. भेदना े v. n. To be horrorstruck, have भंदनीं the hair stand on end, to shuddsr. rave. chatter, lament.

अंदारा s.m. An elk; a tree without leaves.

भंगा s. m. An upper garment er vest, a

নামৰাৰ s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. মানত s. f. Wrangling, perplexity, enembrance.

संसदी adj. Perplexing.

कंकना adj. Peevish, fretful.

संभागा v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, gingle, rattle.

भंभनाइट s. f. Peevishness, clinking ; tinkling, ringing.

with C s. f. A lattice.

क डा s. m. A banner, a flag, an ensign, a streamer.

क इना adj. With thick handsome foliage (a tree), with fine head of hair (a child).

willing v. n. To tan. (in the sun) v. a.

To wash the feet by rubbing jhanwan.
www. e. f. Passion, emotion. Jhak marna,
To act fruitlessly or absurdly. Jhaki,
adj. Passionate.

भवभोगे s.f. Scrambling and wrangling, snatching.

भक्ता v. n. To rave, chatter, reflect lament.

सदरी s. f. A milk-pail or vessel.

भकाभक adj. Shining, glittering with gold and silver. &c. brocade.

अवोर s. m. Loss, misfortune.

ककीरा s. m. Raining, a shower, a squall, a breeze, gust.

भाकीनी v. s. To drive or beat as wind or rain in a squall, to shake.

कतील s.f. The act of shaking in the

मकी लगा v. a. To shake.

सहद s. m. A squall, a storm, a tempest. सदी s. m. A chatterer, a prater, an useless talker.

भाषना v. n. To chatter.

MAN S. m. A kind of hawk.

भारता v. n. To wrangle, quarrel, dispute, cavil, contend, squabble.

พกตุ s. m. Wrangling, quarrelling, contention, quarrel, squabble, strife, Jhayra pakarna, To engage in another's quarrel. Jhayra rayra, s. m. Squabbling and wrangling, brawl, squabble.

क्रमहाना v. a. To set a wrangling.

भवजावित adj. Quarrelsome wrang-भवजावित ling, disputations. contentions; a brawler, an argner.

mw s. m. An upper garment or vest, a coat, a gown.

अत्युषा s. m. A child's frock or shirt.

आवतर s. m. A goglet.

भाभ s. m. A long beard.

ধানাবো v. a. To browbeat, to speak snappishly to.

www. s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

क्षान s. m. A indistinct noise like the

jangling of meial ornaments, a ringing, a ratiling, &c.

का भागी s. f. A lattice.

新寶[s.f. Wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale; a sharp clanging sound, jangling; raining in large drops.

জ্জানিত s. m. Wind with rain, a high wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent in the south-west monsoon.

भक्तातात s. m. Wind with rain, a storm. a squall.

Hz adj. Quick, instantly. Jhat-se, or Jhatpat, adv. Quickly, hastily.

कदक e.f. Twitch, stitch, toss, throw, jork, shake.

भारभाग v. n. To shake; to become lean. v. a. To touse, twitch, pull, jerk. Jhatak lenv, v. a. To snatch.

**EXET part. Slaughtsred by cutting off the head (in the Hindu way), broken asunder or torn by a sudden jerk, torn to pieces, 2. m. A shake, a pull, a twitch.

भटकाना v. n. To shake, to pull.

कटपट adv. Quickly, hastily.

भारास s. m. Flap, clap, rain blown with a strong wind.

নতি s. m. A small tree, a shrub, a bush. নতিল adv. Quickly, speedily, instantly. নতু s.f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. s. m.f. A kind of lock.

भड़कना र v. a. To browbeat, ao speak भिड़कना र snappishly to, to threaten, to jerk.

भड़ का भड़की s.f. Mutual wrangling. भड़काड़ाना v. n. To shake, to jerk.

কর্ব s.f. The act of falling off (as of fruit from a tree); snuff.

भड़ना v. n. To fall off (as fruit, leaves ofc. from a tree), emit, drop, fall, pour, shake, strain, to be sounded (the noubut), to be discharged (a volley).

মত্ত্ব s. f. Heat, fiorceness (os of pepper), acrimony; sparring, contention. মত্ত্বদা v. n. To spar, fight (as cocks, or,), to contend.

भड़वाभाइपी s. f. Fighting particularly of birds) sparring, contention.

भड़पाना v. a. To fight (cocks or other birds), make to spar or contend.

भहजारना v. n. To burn, to be all in flames.

भाइवंद s. m. भाइवंदी s. f. भाइवंदा s. f. } A wild ber tree Zizg. phus jujuba).

भाइनाना v. a. To cause others to sweep.

भड़ाका है है. m. Speed, haste, harry.

भाराचा s. m. A skylight.

भाइ।भाइ adj. Hastily, rapidly.

भाषाना v. a. To get swept; to cause to be exercised,

आही s. f. Continued rain, showers, strom, wet weather; perquisites.

भाइतिहा s. m. The end of the season (of fruits, &c.) going out season.

भाषक s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling. [ring.

आयका v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, आदा s. m. A banner, flag, an ensign, a streamer.

ৰম্ভনা adj. With thick handsome foliage (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

wiff s. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms (as of swords, &c.).

भाष s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling; clank, jingle.

भागवा v. n. To tinkle, clink. tingle, ring, jingle.

आनवार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing, | अवका s. m. Splendour, refulgence; the clank, jingle, rattle.

क्षतकारना v. a. To ring.

अन्तवां s. m. A kind of rice.

wit adj. Quick, adv. Quickly. Jhapse, ado. Quickly, in a tree. Jhap khána. v. n. To overset (a paper kite in flying).

भागत s.f. Fanning, winking, &c. भावता o. a. To fan, to move to and fro (a fan). v a. To spring (as a tiger); to snatch : to wink.

कारकाना u, n. To wink, to twinkle.

आक्षा इ. f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), drowsiness, wink, twinkle.

"WITE s.f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), rush, snap. Jhapat lens, To snatch, snap up.

भारता v n. To snatch, to spring, to attack, to attack suddenly, to spring or pounce upon, to fly at, snap at.

WITE s. m. Assault, sudden attack; the spring of a tiger : a snatch. Jhapatta. márna, To snatch.

आगाआनी s.f. Haste, hurry.

अन्याट s. f. Quickness. अन्याना v. n. To take a nap.

अपास s. f. A shower.

आताविद्या adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

आवासाना v. a. To astonish. आ विया s. m. An ornament,

WIN odi, Long haired (cattle or dogs). shaggy; bent curved, bending (as the

bough of a tree). भाषा s. m. A tassel.

well s. f. Trappings.

अन्या adj. Long-haired (cattle or dogs), shaggy; bent, curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

आमक s.f. Glitter.

भाषकहा s. m. Splendour.

4 17 v. n. To glitter ; to dance.

clash or clatter of metallic substances. भाषाना v. a. To cause to glitter or

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dance.

भामकी s. f. Glance, glare, glitter.

Want | adj. Heavily and during the भागाभाग | whole day (roiming),

क्रमक्रमाना v. n. To sparkle, shine, glitter. अप्रमास adv. Drop by drop (as small

rain). ness, haste. अत्याका s. m. A heavy shower ; quick-अनाभान adj. Heavily and during the

whole day (raining). we s.f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. Jhar barna, To burn, to be all

in flames. आहरना s. m. A skimmer ; a spring, a cascade. v. n. To spring, to flow; to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from the tree).

भारतना v. n. To spar, to fight (as cocks, &c.), to contend.

आोबा s. m. A lattic, a window.

www ₹ s. m. A goglet.

भागी s. m. A skimmer ; a spring, a ensende. n. n. To spring, to flow ; to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from the

₩ s. f. Passion, anger, jealousy; the heat from a fire.

with s. f. Brightness, glitter, glare. refulgence, reflection of light.

अत नकता o. n. To shine, to glare.

अनुवा s. m. A blister.

आवाना o. a. To cause to shine, brightan, burnish. [splendour. भावतार s. m. Burning, brightness,

अनुवा s. f. A glance,

आवक्षत्र s. m. Glare, glitter.

भागभाषा v. n. To glitter, to glare ; to be in a passion : to throb, ache. smart.

श्रामभाषट s.f. Glitter, glare, splendour : smart.

₩f4

भाषना v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (as a fan), to flap. v. n. To be soldered or repaired.

कानगाना v. n. Cansal of jhalna.

अन्यादा adj. Suspicious: icalous.

भागान adj. Luminous, resplendent. embroidered. s. f. Splendour, glitter.

आलाना r. a. To repair (any thing of metal), to solder.

अन्तानीर adj. Splendid, shining, covered with jewels and ornaments, s. f. Splendour. [wood.

₩ 41 € s. m. A thicket, copse, under. wit s. f. Shadow; a freckle or black mark on the face (not a mole).

晰 s. f. A peep. s. m. A herd of deer, a flock of birds, &c.

आ जन। v. a. To peep, to spy.

This s. m. Bushes, brambles, underwood.

आंकाओकी s. f. Peeping, bopsep. कांख s. m. A kind of deer.

आंभ s. f. cymbal; anger, passion, pet, rage; stillness, dreariness; impatience (in a horse expecting his corn).

आक्षर s. f. Wrangling, .squabbling, quarrelling.

with s. m. The name of an insect, caterpillar, cabbage-worm.

mifwai adi. Passionate.

आंभी s. f. A kind of play. (Children in the month of Asin go about at night, dancing, begging, and carrying on their heads earthen pots perforated on all sides, within which lamps are kept burning.

₩iq s. m. A matted shutter.

आपना v. a. To cover, to shut.

भावराज्येण. Black.

writed s. f. A wink, coquetry;

hot wind. Jhaonlibáz, A coquette. Jhaonli lena, To ogle,

Miar s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

कांसना v. a. To debauch, to seduce, to weedle, to coax; to be inclined, to be agog, to be intent or set (on), to covet.

wie s. m. A flatterer, wheedler, seducer. MISS s. m. A tree growing in marshy ground, whose tender branches are worked into baskets, and the dry wood is used as fuel (Tamarix Indica). आव s. m. Foam, froth (of the ocean).

fankles. The s. m. Cymbals or bells for the

WHITE E. m. An intoxicating mixture made with bhung or hemp.

anie s. m. An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creepers; a wood, a thicket.

Dhracta. HIZI S. f. Jasmin. कारीका s. f. A plant (Flacourtia cata-HIE s. m. Bushes, brambles, bush, shrub, brake, underwood; a kind of firework; a lustro or chandelier; a purge; continued rain. Jhar bándhna, To rain without ceasing, Jhar pahar, Digression. Jhar phunk, f. s. Juggling, conquering, hocus pocus (particularly the bite of a snake or a disease). Jhar shatak, s. f. Sweeping. Jhar jhankar, s. m. Brambles, large dry bushes. Jhar jhur, s.f. Sweepings ; perquisites ; thicket.

wires adj. Bushy. s. m. A forest, the forest of Byjanath.

आ। पन s. f. Sweepings; a coarse cloth for wiping furniture, &c.

काइना v. a. To sweep, brush, shift, clean, strain, knock off, dash, strike, flap, strike fire (as with a flint), to beat (bushes, &c.) Jhar packhor kar dekhna, To try, to prove, to examine, Jharna phunkna, To exorcise, to repeat spells or charms. Jhar dalna, To sweep out or away. Jhar dena, v. a. To brush, to clear away.

wir adv. Entirely.

आङ्क्ष s. f. Juggling, conjuring.

ings s. m. A stool, a purge. Jhara jhapla jana, To go to the necessary. Jhara jhapla lens, To search. Jhara phirna, or Jhara jhalka phirna, To walk amoug the bushes (which means) to go to the necessary. Jhara dena, To submit to search. Dukan-jhara s. m. Sweepings of a (druggist's) shop, compound medicine.

भाड़ी s. f. Forest, wood, underwood, brushwood, copse, bush, brake, shrub.

His s. m. f. A besom, broom, a comet. Jharu-kash, or,—bardar, s. m. A sweeper; the caste of Halalkhor.

wild s. m. A narrow-mouthed basket.

आशा 3. m. A leathern pot for measuring oil, ghee, &c.

স্পাদস্ক s. m. A burnt or vitrified brick. স্পাদস্ক s. m. A small whetstone, used chiefly by housewives for sharpening their spindles, needles, &c.

आ आ s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

आरो s.f. A pitcher with a long neck and a spout to it, an ewer; forest, wood, underwood, brush-wood.

on of pepper), acrimony; a large basket; joining or soldering of metals.

lish, to clean (plate); to solder.

Fringe, Jhalarder, adj.

Fringed, Jacabardar, adj.

Will s. m. A spring (of water).

भावरी s. f. Cymbals.

भाष s. m. A tree (Tamarix Indica).

funna s. f. A start...

'সাস্থ্য । n. To start or boggle,
স্থান্ত্র । to feel the sensation of
the limbs being asleep, or as if pins
and needles were striking through
them.

किक्काना v. n. To start.

fus s. f. Threat, jerk.

দিক্তকনা } v. a. To browbeat, speak সন্তলনা } snappishly to, scold, threaten, jerk.

भिडकाभिडको s. f. Mutual wrangling.

দিশ্বৰী] s. f. Rebuff, spappishness, দ্বৰা] frowning, jerk, repercussion. দিশ্বদিশ্বলা v. n. To rage, rail, storm. দ্বিশ্বস্থা adj. Raw-bound.

দিন্দী adj. A shrub (Barleria cristata). দিন্দিনী s. f. The tinkling sensation felt when a limb is asleep.

further s. f. Running in a slender stream (water, &c.).

भित्रिक्त adj. Very thin.

िमार्गभाषा v. n. To trinkle, to rill.

fund s. f. A cricket.

िभासमा s. m. The nested bottom of a bed or couch when worn out and separated. adj. A couch or bed is said to be juitga, when the bottom is worn out or broken.

west s. m. A kind of soldier.

भिष्य इ. f. Armour, a coat of mail; the visor of a helmet. Jhilam ka tóp, An iron helmet.

নিব্যিষ s. m. A kind of gauze ; a shutter, a venetian blind.

श्चित्रका adj. Thin, sparkling.

দিক্লিকাৰা ত. n. To undulate as the flame of a candle or as water, to twinkle, to scintillate. final s.f. A cricket; a thin skin, a pellicle; the membrane in which the feetns is enveloped (secundines); the

caul (omentum).

भो कना भौ कना को का bond any thing with sorrow, recommend any thing seriously.

भौगट s. m. A steersman.

भौगा s.f. A shrimp, a prawn s. m. Cucumis acutangulus: Lufa acutangula.

will s. m. A kind of insect, a cricket.

भीन | adj. Fine, subtil, thin,

क्सील s. f. A lake.

अभी हो s. m. A shower.

মুখা v. n. To nod, to bow, to stoop, to be bent, especially downwards (as the bough of a tree), to be tilted; to be angry, to be perplexed.

क्षुत्राना v. s. To cause to stoop, to tilt, bend downwards; to bow, incline; to nod or make nod.

ज्ञान s. m. The state of being bent downwards, stoop.

आवाद s. f. Stooping, nodding, bending downwards.

to be petulant or irretable, to rage, to storm. Jhunjhlahat, s. f. Peevishness, raging, storming.

भाटलाना है ए. a. To belie, to falsify.

महाराजा । v. a. To prove to be false, मुंदाजा । to prove one in the wrong; to pollute victuals by touching them, &c. Munh plutatus, To ent something. Munhs munh plutatus, To give a man the lie to his face.

ஆர் ். m. A bush, bramble.

ww e, m. A shrub, a bush.

মুন্ত s.m. A crowd, a swarm, fleck troop; the buzzing noise of a crowd; a clump of trees. Jhund ke jhund, Crowds, &c. used intensively. মুন্তা s.m. A standard, a banner, a flag.

भुष्डा s. m. A standard, a banner, a flag. भुष्डो s. f. A bush, a tuft of grass. भुन s. f. Slight resemblance.

भाग त. j. Signt resemblance. भागभागा s. m. A child's rattle.

भुतभुती s. f. Little bells worn on the

अनुसाह. m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the wain, Ursu Major; a bunch of flowers or fruits; name of a flower. [grief), to pine. आइना ७ n. To wither, to fade (from अइनाट s. m. A multitude, a crowd, assembly, ball; a battle, conflict; a shawl twisted round the head.

भ्रुरियाना v. a. To weed; to wipe, clean, and plaster a house, &c.

₩tl s. f. A wrinkle.

শ্বভাগ v. a. To scorch, to singe (as the small feathers of a plucked fowl). দুলনা v. n. To swing, to dandle.

आवस आना v. n. To be scorehed or signed.

आजस देना v. a. To scar, to singe. आजसना v. n. To be singed, scorched or seared.

अनुसाना v. d. To cause to singe, to singe, sear, scorch.

in which others are, to rock (a cradle); to daugle, to hang; to make another (as a dan) dance after one.

was s. m. A shirt or vest that covers the body from the shoulder downwards.

w w. s. m. A bird's nest.

भा कर s. f. Petulance, pecvishness, irritableness, rage. भा उर है s.f. Ground that produces भा उर है two crops yearly.

अनूडमक्तांडन s.f. Leavings.

भूडी s.f. A bush, a clump of grass.

Jadj. False, s. m. A lie, falsehood.

Jhuth muth, False, untrue, adv.

Falsely. Jhuth boing. To lie, to tell a lie, speaking falsehood.

adj. Liar, false; (among Hindus) that which has touched
food and is thereby defiled; offal,
refuse, left (food). s. m. Leavings of
food. Jhuta jhata. s. m. Offals, left
food. Jhutha chaina, To eat leavings,
to be very wretched. Jhuthi na
puchhna, To refuse even common
civility.

₩ 3 s. m. A bush, bramble.

भूता s. m. A ripe cocea-nut; a kind of muslin.

waying, undulating. Jhúm jhúm, Gathering of the clouds.

अप्रसंद s.f. An assembly, a ball; (met.) a battle, an engagement.

জন্ম s. m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the constellation of the bear.

भा नकी s. f. A kind of ear-ring.

क्षमा s. m. Gathering of the clouds. अनुमारा v. n. To wave, move the head up and down, slumber, move loose, gather (the clouds).

shake fruit from the tree. v. n. To pine.

Withered.

ings, a bag, a wallet, a knapsack.

swing, dangle, hang, oscillate. s. m.

A kind of poem,

people swing, the rope on which

Wat s. m. Mizzling rain.

মুনী s.f. An town opposite Allahabad.
মুনীৰ s.f. A shove or push in swinging;
the impulse of a squall or sudden
blast of wind. Jhonk dena, To set
fire to (particularly strew, &c.); to
throw dust, &c.; to throw away (the
twee of men uselessly). Jhonk khana,
To roll.

ন্ধাৰণ v. a. To cast, push, throw, toss; to cast fuel (into an oven).

wilz: s. m. } The hair of the back part wilz: s. f. } of the head; the motion of a swing. Jhonta dena, To shake one's head with violence.

क्योंपड़ा s. m. } A cottage, a hut.

with eyelets which covers the whole body; a spike.

भोष s. m. A bunch, a cluster (of fruit). भोष s. f. A jolt, a puff or gust.

ম্বাৰা s. m. A blow, a contact, collision, a gust, blast, breeze or current (of wind). [dulous belly.

with s. m. A nest; the stomach; a pen-

新司 s. m. Puckering or wrinkling (as of ill made clothes); a litter, broad, farrow, hatch, a birth,

with s. m., A stroke of the sun; the palsy; a knapsack, a wallet.

भोजी s.f. A wallet.

witt adj. Tawny.

भौता adj. Greatly burnt or scorched.

क्षीड़ t.f. Squabbling; sounding all the strings of a musical instrument at once.

whose branches when tender are

made into baskets, and when dry are used as fuel; it grows in marshes; a basket without a cover.

ढ

The eleventh consonant of the Nagri alphabet, and answers to the Enghish t in tin.

z'w s. m. A weight, equal four máshas:

टंकना v. n. To be stitched.

टंबार s. f. The twang (of a bowstring). टंबारना v. n. To twang.

टंगना v. n. To be hung, to be suspended. टंगरी s. f. The leg.

ट नारी s. f. (dim of ट न्ती) A small axe. टंच adj. Miserly; hard; untractable. टंटा s. m. Wrangling, altercation. squabble, strife.

zw s. f. Temper, nature, disposition.

Tak bandhns, v. a. To stare, to gaze.

Tak lagana, v. a. To expect, to long for.

হৰহেৰী s. f. Staring, fixed look, to gaze. Tstski bandhns, To regard with a fixed look, to gaze.

ZWAI v. n. To be stitched. v. s. To stare at, to aim, peep, sec, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend. ZWAIN v. a. To knock together the heads of two people, to dash the head on something, to dash tegether, to butt, v. n. To grope in a dark place or passes.

RAUM s. f. A mint. Takial ka khota, adj. Spoilt in education. Taksal charhna, v. n. To be educated. Taksal bahar adj. Uneducated, unpolished, rude, unclassical.

टकवानिया है s. m. Officers of the mint.

zais. m. Two pice of Delhi, nearly equal in value to a penny. English money, or about two thirds of an anna.

टकाई s.f. A tax, duty, collection, imposition ; a cheap trull.

তদী e.f. Stare, fixed look ; aim, তদ্বা s. m. A spindle.

टक्त } ady. Rich, possessed of ready टक्ति } money.

टकोर s.f. The sound of a drum ; a fillip, tap.

टकीरा s. m. A fillip, a tap; a very small unripe mangoe; the sound of a drum. टकीनों v. a. To forment.

टकीना s. m. Two pice or two-thirds of an anna, of Delhi, nearly a penny, English money. [album). टक्स्ट्रेबी s. m. A potherb (Chenepodium

ZECs.m. Shoving, pushing, shouldering, knocking against, collision, striking a blow, butt, butting, the knocking of head to head; equality Takkar khana, v. a. To stumble; to be dashed against any thing; to meet with a loss or misfortune. Takkar pahár se lena, To enter the lists against an antagonist of greatly superior force. Takkar márna, v. a. To knock against; (met. from the suppliant's striking their heads on the ground) to pray; to curse.

टचना s. m. The ankle joint.

wandering of the mind, confusion, per plexity.

टनरना v. n. To roll.

टगरा adj. Squint-eyed.

टबराना है v. a. To roll.

हचरना v. n. To roll.

टबलना v. n. To roll; to be melted, to rarefy.

टबलागा v. a. To roll.

ZW s. m. A kind of elephant or wood apple; Borax; a spade or hoe; a hatchet, or stone cutter's chisel; a sword, a scimitar, a sacrificial hatchet or knife; a weight equal to four mashas; a weight of silver put for a coin.

टছपवि s. m. The master of the mint, टছসাভা s. f. A mint, [fc. टছা s. m. The jingle of plates, dishes.

टदानक s.m. The mulberry (Morus Indica),

टडार s. m. Surprise, wonder; fame, notoriety, the twang of a bow-string. स्कोरना v. n. To twang.

Z₹ 8. m. The leg ; Borax.

टक्क जाना } v. n. To be hung, to be suspended.

टक्की s.f. The leg.

टिक्किनी s.f. A plant (Cissampe los hexandra).

হৰ adj. Miserly; hard, untractable. হয়েৰা adj. Fresh, new, recent.

zzwi s.f. The crown of the head; a fence, a hedge.

टटप्रिया adj. Bankrupt, or reduced in circumstances (a merchant).

टरबानी s. f. A pony mare.

टहिया s.f. A screen, a matted shutter. टिटरी { s. f. A bird, a sandpiper

टरीक्री र्रे Trings goensis). टरीक्रा v. a. To feel for, grope, search for by feeling, touch, finger.

ZET s. m. A matted shutter. [drum. ZET] s. f. A lie, a falsehood; a kettle-ZEI s. m. A screen.

z? s.f. A screen, a matted shutter; a necessary office; a frame for illumination. Tatti bandhna, v. n. To draw.up men in a close rank, Shikar ki tatti ki ot bythna, To do secretly; to form an ambuscade.

2ξ 8. m. A pony. .

टिया s. f. A flat dish used by Hindus, टक्सा s m. Wrangling, altercation, squabble, strife.

za s. m. Twang; pride, conceit, vanity.

Tan. A sound.

বৰক s. f. A harsh sound. [৫০.), বৰকা s. m. The jingle (of plates, di.hes, বনা s. m. Pudendum muliebre, clitoris. বনান v. a. To extend, to stretch.

zq s. m. A spring, leap, bound, a drop of rain or other liquid; sound,

टपक s.f. Pain, throbbing; sound made by dropping. Tapak navis. s. m. One who reports erroneously what he pretends to have overheard. Tapak parna To drip.

टर्पमना v. n. To drop when ripe ; to drip, distil ; to throb, palpitate.

zum s. m. A drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes); a windfall,

टपकामा v. a. To cause to drip, to distil, टपकाम s. m. Distillation.

zun s. f. A small drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes); a windfall.

टपनाना v.a. To jump over, to leap over, टपना v.a. To jump over. Top-a-tos, part. Groping.

zq qui v. n. To thrust one's self into other people's concerns, to intermeddle, to interfere.

zum v. a. To cause to jump ever, to cause to leap; to make to bound.

zur s. m. The post office, a mode in music; the bound of a ball, &c.; a sort of hook; a jump, a bound. Topps khana, v. a. To bound or ricochet (a shot). Tuppa marna, v. a. To sew or stitch with intervals; to read in a desultory manner.

टब्बर s. m. Family.

zv alj. Intoxicated; inattentive, regardless, like one intoxicated.

ZIZI s.f. Chattering.

टरटराना v. a. To chatter.

टरटरी s. f. Chattering.

टरना रे v. n. To give way. to shrink टखना रे from, flinch; to pass away. disappear. retire.

zi adj. Wicked, vicious (particularly a horse); stout.

टराना v. a. To chatter.

टल जाना v. n. To get out of the way, to disappear, vanish, pass away.

হলবা ত. n. To give way, shrink from, from, finch; to disappear, pass away, retire.

टलप s.f. A piece, a fragment. टलमलाना v. o. To tantalize.

হলানা v. d. To cause to disappear, to cause to give way.

Zawi s. m. A man who watches over a tal or stack of wood.

टक्केनबीसी s. m. Unprofitable employment, wasting of time.

टबक s. f. Shooting pain, stitch, throb. टबका v. n. to move, to shake to have pain, to decline in quality.

टमकाना v. s. To move, to shake; to shoot with pain.

2441 v. n. To burst (as tight cloth or a pillow stuffed too full). to split, to crack.

टबरे 8. m. Tears.

टडक 8. f. Pain in the joints. टडका v. n. To pain.

ZWZWI s. m. Beauty, freshness or splen-

dour, conspicuous at a distance.

2 will s. m. A branch or large bough of a tree.

द्रहती s.f. A branch.

zva { s.f. House-wifery, housezwzikt } keeping, daty, scrvice, task, business, work, job, use, drudgery. Tahal takor korns c. a. To serve, to grudge. Tahal lagana, v. s. To dance attendance.

হত্তন v. n. To walk backwards, and forwards, to take the air, to rove, to ramble.

द्रष्टली s. f. A housewife.

TRUMT v. a. To lead about, to cause to walk backward and forwards (as a horse or child); to make dance attendance.

टहलूका s. m. A manager of household concerns, a servant, a drudge.

zwak s. f. A housewife.

হছৰ s. m. A poetical form of হছৰ। ইটা s. m. The voice of a new born child

टडीका s. m. A blow.

হাম s. m. A weight equal to four mashus, s.f. An iron pin; a stitch. হাম্বা v. a. To stitch, to cobble.

Ziw C s. m. A blackguard, a lecher, a

zimi s. m. A stitch; a tub made of stones; solder. Tánke lagána, v. o. To stitch: to solder.

z's s.f. A venereal chancre; a square piece cut of a melon to examine its quality: a chisel.

হ'ল জনানা e. a. To stitch; to solder. হ'ল s. f. The leg. Tang uthana, To hang up, to hang; to be a catamite. হ'লৰ s. m. A kind of horse, a highland pony.

হাসবা v. s. To hang up, dangle, hang by a string. &c. (not on a reg). शल '

द्रांकी s. f. A hatchet.

হাৰদ } s. m. A kind of horse, a high-হাৰ্দ } land pony. Tanghan-numa, adj. Like atanghan.

হাৰ } adj. Perverse, audacious, হাৰস্থা ∫ troublesome.

ziz s. f. The crown of the head.

Zisi adj. Powerful, strong, firm, solid.

टाङ s.f. A stage, a raised seat, plat-टाङा s.m. A venture (of goods) : name

of a place in Oudh; the goods of a Banjara.

ziz s. m. Canvas, sackeloth. Totháf. s. m. A weaver of canvas. Tatbafi, s. f. Embroidery.

হাত্রম adj. Fresh, new, recent; juggling. হাত্রা s. f. A screen, a matted sbutter. সাজী s. f. A small hatchet or axe.

द्रानना v. a. To stretch, to pull.

ZIQ s.f. A stroke with the fore foot of a horse; the sound of a horse's hoof in travelling; a frame made of bamboo for catching fish.

हापना v. a. To paw with the fore feet (as a horse that is impatient): to where (a low phrase).

Ziui s. m. A hen-coop. Tapa-toi karna, To trifle ; to grope, to rummage.

zıy s. m. An island.

ZITC 8. f. A small lake.

द्वारता v. a. To move out of the way. टारी s. f. Distance.

2(W oerbal, n.f. Evasion, putting aside,
putting off or out of the way, rejecting a request. s.f. A heap (of grain, &c.), a stack, a rick; baldness from age; a turn or trick, in wrestling.
Tal korna, To put off; to heap. Tal marns, To heap; to turn the scale fraudulently in weighing.

হাৰত্বীৰ s. m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane.

ZIETI v. a. To evade, prevariente, avoid, put off, postpone, defer; to drive out of the way, put or turn aside, ward off, fend, obviate, move, remove, prevent.

टानमटीन s.m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane, fraud, deceit.

Zimi s.m. Evasion; a rick, heap, stack.
Tala bala batana. To put off.

टानी s.f. A sort of musical instrument, टिकटिको s.f. A lizard.

टिकटी s. f. A teapoy or stool.

হিকা v. n. To stop, remain in any place, to be detained, to lodge, stay, tarry.

হৈকৰী s.f. A wafer, a small round cake; an ornament worn on the forehead.

হয়াস adj. Durable, lasting.

fz = 1 v. a. To retain, fix in any place, stop, billet, lodge, station.

टिकान s. m. Stability, permanence.

হিনিয়া s.f. A small cake of bread, a little cake charcoal for the hukka, a water, a bolus.

दिकीर s. m. A cataplasm, a poultice.

fz∓ s. f. A thick cake of bread.

を確認。f. A small cake of bread. Tikki lagana, v. a. To form a connexion, make interest, earn a scanty livelihood

दिवसना v. n. To be melted, rarely.

टिटकारना v. a. To urge an animal by titkari

হিহসাথ s.f. The noise made by drawing the tongue from the roof of the mouth, to make horses, &c., proceed.

ৱিটাছবা } A sand piper (Tringa or go-

হৈছিল e.m. A bird (Parra jacano, or goensis).

feet s. m. A grasshopper.

fzes s. f. A locust.

fzq s. m. A stain of any colour applied by the finger.

टिप्पन s. f. Annotation.

टिवानी s. f. A gloss, a comment.

fzun s. f. Pride, arrogance.

হিশাৰা v. a. To give small daily allowance, such as merely to save one from starving.

दिभाव s. m. A small daily allowance.

टिमरिस s. m. A sound.

दिमदिनाना v. n. To give a faint light. दिश्विया s. f. A young hen.

टिल्पा s. m. A flatterer.

हिन्दा s. f. A small village.

Ziz s. m. The ripe fruit of karil; a speck on the eye. I neck.

speck on the eye. [neck. Zim s. f. An ornament for the head and

2 m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unquents upon the forehead and between the eyebrows, either as an ornament or sectarial distinction; an ornament worn on the forehead; the nuptial gifts or engagement; inoculation, s. f. A commentary. Tike blepna, To send the nuptial gifts, which are presented by the relations of the pride to the birdegroom, Tika lena, To accept.

होकेस adj. Invested with the tiká or of sovereignty,

होडनी s. f. A sort of medicine.

टोड़ी s.f. A locust.

the nuptial gifts.

Ziu s. f. A note of hand, a cheek; drawing a card; raising the voice in singing; the noting of any thing; the act of pressing, compressing. Tip lena, v. a. To draw a card.

टीपटाप s. f. Ornament; the act of pressing or compressing.

टोपना v. a. To press, to compress, to grope, feel, squeeze.

z) s. f. A transverse piece in cloths, or a breadth cut diagonally.

রীল s. f. A young hen; a woman (so named in contempt).

ziei s. m. A rising ground, a small hill, a mount, a ridge, a hillock.

ਟੀਚ s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain. Tis marna, To throb, shoot. Tisna, v. n. To palpitate, throb.

ट देवा adj. Tiny. Tuniya tota, A kind of parrot.

टक ady. A little.

zaw: s.m. A piece, bit, portion, division, morsel. Tukra-gada, A beggar for a bit of bread.

ट्यमा ब्ली. A little.

ZWI s. m. Scut, a short tail.

दुकार s. f. Pecking, nibbling, of fruit, &c., more for amusement than from appetite.

Zui s. m. A rake, a black-guard.

ट्यूनाना v. a. To tune slowly.

z s. m. A hand or branch that has been cut off.

zwi ad). Handless, whose hands have been cut off, or one born without hands, s, m. The knob in the back part of a turband. Tundedar, s. m. A turband which has a knob in the hinder part.

Tundiyan kasna, or,—charhana, or, —bandhana, To tie the hands behind the back,

ट्रपाना v. s. To have buried, to cause to cover.

ट्रमक s.f. The sound of water dropping ; sound of gurgling.

टुचकना v. n. To cry, to weep.

ट प्या v. n. To cry.

🕏 s. m. Ventris crepitus, Tun karna, | Tzr s. m. A large ripe fruit of karil ; & Crepitum ventris edere.

चंत्रना v. a. To peck, nibble, chew straws, &c., for amusement ; to pick : to piddle.

द नाटांगी s. f. Pecking and nibbling. टंडी s. f. The navel ; a small branch or stump of a tree, broken at the end and leafless.

s. m. A piece, a little, particle, an atom, a bit; a single beat of a drum.

ZZ s. f. Fracture, breaking, break; mis-understanding of coolness between friends, harm, loss, deficiency: a passage omitted in the writing of a book, which is afterwards written in the margin, Tut jana, To be broken : to become ill, to pine. Tut parna. To break in upon, to rush in, to be collected in crowds. Tut rahans, To be distressed, to be weary, to be reduced to poverty, to pine away; to be separated.

Z Zai v. n. To break, to be broken, to burst, fail, break forth or rush upon, to assault, to attack, to charge, to invade.

z zi part. Broken, decayed. s. m. Loss failure, deficiency. Tuta-phuta, adj. Fragments, broken to pieces.

दम s.m. Trifles ; an ornament ; a frame for pigeons to perch on. Tum tam, s. m. A few trifles ; an ornament, Tum deng. To push gently.

ट मी s.f. A bud.

टेंगरा ८, ७०. रे A fish (Silurus). टेंगरी ८. 🖍 🐧

टे नी s. f. Teasing.

Zz s. m. The ripe fruit of karil; a speck on the eye.

Zz s. m. Name of a fruit.

fizgig; speaking inconsiderately,

z zì s. f. Name of a fruit; speaking inconsiderately.

टेंट्या s. m. The windpipe, the throat.

ชิสิ s. m. An imitative sound, an inarticulate sound.

देक s.f. A. prop. a pillar, reliance : a promise, a vow. Tek rahana, To lean upon.

टेकन s. m. A prop, support.

टेकना v. a. To support, to prop.

s. m. Rising, ground, a height. डेकरा रे

देगरा s. m. Rising ground.

ZEI s. m. The trunk of a tree; an instrument for twisting coarsethread or twine.

टेडा adj. Crooked, bent, awry. Terhas karna, v. a. To bend, to crook, to distort, Terha berg, adj. Crooked,

टेडाई s. f. Crookedness, obliquity.

देही s. f. Pride, vanity, hanghtiness; perverseness.

देना s. m. A cock of the breed of fowls called teni.

हेनी s. m. A partirular breed of fowls. adj. Tiny, small.

ट्रेस s. f. Snuff of a candle, the flame of a candle or lamp. Temtam, s. m. Dressing.

Et s. f. Tune ; voice, call.

Z THI v. n. To bawl, to roar to, to call loudly, to shout, to holla ; to tune. Z U s. m. A curtain, adj. Squint-eyed, cock-eyed,

देखना v. n. To remove.

2 941 s. m. A beam.

z s. f. Habit, custom.

टेबकी s. f. A prop, a pillar.

देवना v. a. To sharpen.

Z41 s. m. Calculation of nativity; habit,

₹ s. m. The blossoms of the Palus tree (Butea frondosa); a kind of play.

रेड्स s. m. A village.

टेस्सा इ. m. The customs of marriage. होषा इ. f. Act of feeling or groping.

হামাহাই s. f. Searching, feeling for, feeling.

zizi s. m. A cracker. a serpent in fireworks; a joint of bambu, &c.; a cartridge. adj. Haudless.

ਟੀਂਟੀ s. f. A spont.

27 s. f. Hinderance, prevention; the influence of eye.

হাকাৰ s. f. Hindrance, prevention. হাকাৰ v. d. To interrogate, prevent, challenge, envy, accost; to look at with an evil eye,

হান্ত্ৰা s. m. A large basket (without a lid). হান্ত্ৰী s. f. A small basket (without a হান্ত্ৰী s. f. Hindrance, prevention.

হাতমা s. m. A charm, an amulet, a philter, a superstitious remedy.

হীহা s. m. A kind of turtle-dove. হীহা s. m. Loss, deficiency ; detriment ;

a cartridge; a candle's end. होड़ी s.f. The name of a musical mode or ragini. [ment,

হালবা s. m. A kind of hawk; enchant-হাল্ডা s m. A jnggling man, a conjurer. হাল্ডাই s. f. A juggling woman, a female conjurer, a witch.

z) a. m. Enchantment, fascination. v. a. To feel, grope, handle.

होनाहानी s.f. होनाहामन s m. } Hocus pocus, juggling. टोप s. m. A hat, cap, helmet, head cover, thimble; batt: a stitch.

Zi s. m. A helmet, cap, hat.

zivi s. f. A hat. Topinuals, One who wears a hat, or an animal with a

comb, crest, &c. It is used also to express the Persian or Moghat troops but now more generally applies to every European (from wearing a hat or cap).

zivi s. m. A ledge extending out from a wall, to keep off the weather without pillars; eaves.

27m s. m. A company, society; a hamlet. Tol morno, To dash one top against, another while in motion.

टोजा s.m. A quarter or section of a town.

टोनो s. f. A company, a society, a crowd. टोन्डा s. m. A juggler, a conjurer.

ठ

The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to th in pent-house.

ত্ত্তব্য s. m. f. Hard work, harassing labour, difficulties; a sound.

সক্ষমণা ৬. ৫. To tap, to rap, to pat. তক্তিভাগ ৪. m. A stickler, a wrangler. তক্তিভাগ ৫dj. Stuffed together in a crowd, crowed.

ठकडोना s.f. A small boat so called, a shallop, skiff.

TATIL s. f. Godship, divinity; chief ship, mastership.

হন্তবেশ s.f. A female divinity or idol. হন s. m. A robber, assassin, cutthroat; a cheat, impostor. Thingbazi, or, Thaybidys, s.f. Cunning, fraudulent, art, dexterity. Thag tana, To rob, to cheat. Thag tena, To cheat.

उन्हें s. f. Robbers, theft, cheating. उन्हों v. c. To cheat, to deceive. उनहीं s.f. A female robber or cheat. उनहें s.f. Robbers theft, cheating. उनाहे s. n. To be cheated.

wears a hat, or an animal with a 3 194 s. f. A female robber or cheat.

त्रशिया s. m. A cheater. डगोरी s. f. Cheat, trick.

5z s. m. Bank, shore.

हरू s. m. Frame made of bamboo for thatching, shell of a house.

321 s. m. Fun, sport, joking, jest ; name of a place. Thatthe karna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule. Thatthebaz. A jester; a humorous person, a funny fellow, jocular, arch, waggish, comical, facetious. Thatthebazi, s.f. Jesting, sporting, fun, jocularity. Thuttha marna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule.

35 s. m. Throng, crowd.

35 8- m. A. fence,

ठडरी s.f. The frame of a matted screen, the frame (bambu work) of a thatched roof, shell of a house; a bier; a skeleton, a very thin person.

ठक्ता . n. To stop, to stagnate, to stand amazed, to draw back in surprise, to shrink, to boggle.

डदााना v. a. To strike, beat, beat one's own head, &c. (in token of vexation); harass one's self.

3341 8. m. A brazier, a tinker. Thathere Thatthere ki badli, A bargain between two people equally acute or knowing, diamond cut diamond.

33 s. m. The stalk of the jour (Holcus sorgum).

ठठेरी s. f. A female brazier or tinker. उद्योर हे adj. Banterer, waggish, jocu-ठठांच । lar, jocose, jester, wag.

ठडीजी s. f. Fun, humour, sport, joking, jesting, jocularity, comicalness, deri-

3381 s. m. The beak of a paper kite. zu s. f. Coldness, cold, a cold. ठछ त s. f. Coldness.

हरूस adj. Cold. Kaleja thands karna, उसनी 8. f. A rammer.

To be pleased, to be happy (by seeing a friend, son, &c.); to have one's revenge gratified. Thands karna, v. a. To make cold, cool, ; to extinguish; to comfort, to assuage, to pacify, appease. Thanda parns, To abate (anger, virility or wantonness). Thands hona, To become cold, to cool: to be extinguished; to be comforted or pacified; to rest; to lose virility.

उछाई s. f. Refrigerant medicine : the intoxicating drug made of bhanc.

ठछी ad), f. Cold, Thandi sáns bharni. To sigh.

उद्धा ady. Cold.

उनकना v. n. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of head-ache); to jingle, tinkle. clink.

डनडनाना v. a. To jingle, to rattle.

ठनाक s. m. A jingle, tinkle, clink,

उद्या v. n. To be fixed, to be ascertained. ठपना v. a. To strike,

3 m. An instrument for stamping leather with, a die, a stamp, a printing type; printing.

ठरक । s.m. Snore, Tharak parna, v.n. σττ } To shore.

3 (1 s. f. Λ kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

दिशा s. m. A kind of earthen hukka.

ठर्न s.f. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

zy An imitative sound, as of a musket ill charged or flashing in the pan.

उसक s. f. State, dignity.

उसकता v. a. To break a piece of an earthen ware vessel (by knocking two vessels together) without completely destroying it.

हमाहस adi. Filled, crowded.

द्वस्त s. m. A mould or form into which plates of metal, &c., are beat to take the form of pastes of ornaments, &c.; pride, vanity.

ठ अरना e. n. To be stopped, to be fixed, to stop, stay, remain, abide, rest, stand, last, to be fixed on, concluded, settled, determined, proved.

उपराचा र. ट. To fix, stop, determine, appropriate, settle, ascertain, appoint, fix on, demonstrate, prove, conclude or consider, ascribe.

ठइराव s. m. Settlement, fixture, permanence, appropriation, proof.

বছাৰা s. m. A peal, a succession of loud sounds, an explosion. Thahaka ki mulakát, s. f. Meeting with great demonstrations of friendship.

हा है s. m. f. Place, residence, a situ-

होसना v. o. To stuff, to cram.

57 s. m. A sound made by striking one thing against another.

Tigst s. m. The divinity, an idol; a lord, master, chief (among Rajputs); a land-holder; a barber.

STATEST S. m. An idol-temple.

ziz s. m. The frame of a roof for thatching, on which the straw is laid; arrangement, adjustment.

515 s. m. State, dignity, equipage, pomp; conveniency, plenty.

sin adj. Frect.

बढ़ adj. Steep.

ठादना v. n. To be fixed, to stand.

ठाइ। adj. d. } Erect, standing.

हानडु adj. Worthy of belief, trusty. s. m. The report of a musket.

Tim v. s. To resolve or fix (in the mind), to determine, be intent on,

intend, set one's heart on ; to settle, perform.

314 s. m. Determination; snow, frost. 318 s. m. A branch.

ठावा s. m. A branch. adj. Disengaged, at leisure, unemployed.

डाली s. f. A branch.

ठावना v. a. To stuff, cram, ram down.

डिकरा s. m. Fragment of an earthen vessel, a shard, potsherd; a vessel for carrying fire, such as mendicants use,

Tamini s. m. Residence, place, station, site, abode, dwelling; boundary, limit, fixing. Thikana karna, v. a. To account for, to search or trace an affair to its commencement. Thikana dhundhana, v. a. To seek a residence or employment. Thikane lagna, v. n. To be killed, to die, to be put an end to, to be terminated. Thikane lagna, To put to death, to kill, to wsylay, to make away with, to despatch, assassinate; to establish, settle, arrange, prove; find out one's residence. Tawin adj. Short, dwarfish.

डिक्रमाई s. f. Lowness (of stature).

6354 s.f. The state of standing amazed. Thithak jana, or,—rahna, v.n.
To stop short.

তিত্বনা ৩. ন. To stop, stagnate, stand amazed, draw back in surprise, shrink, boggle.

दिकरना v. n. To be tumbed, or benumbed, to be chill. . [torpid.

विद्या adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, विद्यापट है s. f. Numbness, numbed-

| STATES | 8. f. Numbness, numbed-| STATES | ness, chilliness, torpor, torpidness.

डिटरना v. त. To be numbed or benumbed, to be chill. Thithurana, v. a. To chill, benumb, numb.

feet adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, torpid.

ठिनक s. f. Sob.

डिनका v. n. To sob.

for s.f. Frost; coldness.

दिश्ना v. n. To freeze, to be chilled.

दिश्या s. f. A water-pot.

zī adj. Exact, even, accurate, complete, just, fit, meet, proper, reasonnble, true, regular, right; (met.)
parsimonious. adv. Exactly, &c. s. m.
Sum, addition. Thik ana, v. n. To fit,
correspond, suit, answer, apply. Thik
karna, v. a. To put to rights, to
correct, to adjust, to adapt fit; to
bent. Thik thik, adj. Exact, fit, proper, accuratedy. adequately, Thik t hak
karna, v. a. To put to rights, correct, adjust, fit.

हरता, aquas, m. दीवसटीब ado. Exactly, truly, rightly. दीवसटीबा s. m. Abuse. [ware. दीवसा s. m. A broken piece of earthen-दीवसी s.f. A broken piece of earthenware, a potsherd: mons veneris. Thikri chunna, to be mad.

ठोका s. m. Hire, fare, fixed price; work done by contract, a task.

होप s. f. A kind of lamp.

ठ कड़ा s. m. A bit, a piece (of bread &c.). इ कराना v. c. To kick or strike with the tocs.

5 set s. f. The chin; parched grain. Thuddi pakarns, To flatter; to carry favour.

हुनकाना v. a. To cause to knock or hammer.

ह नुका s. f. Sob.

ठ नुक्तना v. n. To sob.

हमक s. f. The act of waving or walking with a graceful easy air, Thunak chal, A dignified pace, stately gait, graceful carriage.

हें महता e. s. To walk with grace and and stateliness, to strut, to walk with dignity.

ड, मका adj. Short, of low stature.

ত্ৰন্ধনী adj. Lazy, s.f. The playing of a paper kite to keep it up when the wind is light.

उ नक्ता v. a Peditum ciere, suppedere ; to weep but not aloud.

ठ सको s. f. Ventris crepitus surdus.

ठ सना v. n. To be stuffed, to be crammed.

ठ जाना v. a. To cause to stuff, ठ दिया s. m. A cunuch.

3 s. m. A stump, a branch of a tree (broken off at the end leafless); an amputated hand.

द्वा } adj. Having the hand ampus दिया } tated; having its branches lop; e-l and leafless (a tree).

ਰ'ਣੀ ε.f. Stubble.

हेडना s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

हें गना adj. Short, dwarfish.

डेंगा s. m. A stick, a small club; a tool (penis).

र्हे गावाजना v. a. To spoil.

รัธ adj. Pure, genuine; contentious. รัธิ s. f. A cork, a plug; a ball of

car-wax; a dhoti or cloth reaching no further than the knee.

a s.f. A support, a prop; a large sack filled with grain.

डेका s. m. A plug.

हैं शे s.f. A act of rosting on the way (a porter corrying a load). Theki dena, or,—lagana, To rest (a porter carrying a load).

33 adj. Pure, genuine ; contentious.

हेपी s. f. A cork, a plug, a stopple. Thepi munh men dena, To be silent. देशा v. a. To shove, to push, to move forward by pushing. s. m. Acting the buffoon.

3 of s. m. A pushen shove. Thelatheli, s. f. Shoving and shouldering.

है बना s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

हें ड s. m. A knock, a blow, tripping against a stone, &c., a shove, a push, a thrust.

उसना v. s. To pierce; to knock against; to stuff, to cram, to ram in; to eat ravenously.

हें बरा इ. m. Sneer, oblique reflection or innuendo.

Framer v. a. To knock, to hammer; to drive (as a stake); to thrust with the finger, to fillip, to drive, to bent, to tap, to thump. Thonk dens, To hammer or drive down, to knock, pith thonkna, To pat on the back.

डॉन s.f. The act of striking with a finger or beak, peacking.

डींगना है v. a. To strike with the beak, डींगना है to poke.

ठीना s. m. Striking with the beak.

তাঁত s. f. Beak, bill (of a bird). ত্ৰীৰূপা v. s. To beat, strike, drive (as

ৱান্দা v. s. To beat, strike, drive (as a stake). ক্ৰান্ধ s. f. Tripping or striking the

foot against any thing, a beat of the foot, a kick, a stumbling-block.

द्राभर काना v. a. To trip, to stumble; to meet with a loss or misfortune.

ठोकर लक्षमा v. a. To strike against the foot (a stumbling-block or obstacle).

हीकरा s. m. A fillip. adj. Hard (as bad bread).

होड़ी s.f. The chin.

होर s. f. Beak, bill.

दोका s. m. A cup for the food and drink of a bird in a cage; the

knuckles. Thola marna, v. a. To strike with the knuckles.

डीस adj. Solid, compact.

ठोसना v. a. To stuff.

होसा s. m. The thumb presented in token of denial.

उसाई s. f. Solidity.

oft s. f. Place, room, residence, alv.
Upon the spot, Thear rahus, To be
murdered, to be knocked down lifeless upon the spot,

定

The thirteenth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or the third letter of
the lingual or cerebral class of consonants. It is often confounded in
pronounciation with a hard r or l,
sounded as in the Northumbrian bur.
It has the sound of the English d
in dun, and is pronounced by applying the tip of the tongue inverted to
the palate.

डकराना o. n. To cry bitterly.

waix s.f. A belch, eructation, bellowing. Dakárna, v.n. To belch; to bellow, to low. Dakár jana, or,—by-thna, v.n. To embezzle. Dakár lens,

कतेत s. m. A robber, a pirate.

उनेती s. f. Robbery, piracy.

sulfing s. m. A caste of Hindus descended from a brakman on the mother's side. They subsist on alms on saturday, and are skilled in astrology,

चन s. f. A space, one step (measure. चन्नजाना o. s. To shake; to burn brightly, to burn clear (charceal). Dagddgakar pani pins, To drink greedily, or a large quantity at a draught. खनमा alj. Unsteady, tottering.

खगनगागा v. n. To totter, stagger, shiver. डगर s. f. A road, a highway.

डगरना o n. To travel, to walk on the

road, to roll. डगराना ». a. To roll.

डगराना v. a. To roll. डगगा s. m. A lean, long-legged horse.

a Rosinante, a garran.

wasp. &c, but particularly of a scorpion. Dank marna, v. a. To sting.

eri s.m. A double drum, a kettledrum.

ভাত্তিৰী s. f. A witch, a kind of female imp or exil being.

ভদ্মিলাল r. a. To sting (as a reptile). ভদ্মীলা adj. Armed with a sting, stinger, ভদ্মা v. n. To stop, to stand stilt.

डहा s. m. A plng, spigot, stopple, cork. डहा s. m. A stalk.

डहमुखा adj. Beard shaven, beardless. डहिंग्स adj. Having a long beard.

kind of exercise, placing the hands on the ground and then bending down so as almost to touch the earth with the breast.

डखपेल s. m. One who exercises himself at the dand.

obeisance, prostration.

segs s. m. A staff, an ensign-staff; the beam of a pair of scales; a collector of market duties.

डब्बिया s. m. A kind of garment for women; a collector of market duties,

segî s. f. The tube of the corolla of the Nyctanthes arbortristis, which is used for dying; a handle; the beam of a pair of scales, s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand pay dandi, 's. f. A footpath, by-path, track. [ment.

ভঙ্গান s. f. A line, stripe, score, linea-ভঙ্গীন s. f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisauce, prostration.

डपटना v. n. To call, bawl at, halker, rebuke, gallop.

डफ s. m. A tambourin.

डफारना v. n. To cry bitterly, to blubber. roar.

डफानो s. m. A kind of Mahomedan mendicant, who always plays upon a musical instrument called daf; a chatterer.

sy s. m. Strength, power, authority; a kind of pocket; the leather with which oil-pots are made, Dabyar, s. m. A currier.

डबकाना r. n. To glitter.

डबका s. m. Fresh water drawn from a well. adj. Fat, corpulent.

डवडवाना v. a. To fill with water or tears (the eyes). Ankhen dab-dabána; or, Ansu dabdabána, To be on the point of shedding tears.

डबरा s. m. Marshy land, a puddle, डबराडहरा s. m. A hole or pit of water,

डबराडहरा s. m. A hole or pit of water, a puddle.

डबरिया adj. Left handed.

डबस s. m. Provisions, sea-stock, stores, डबीना v. a. To drown, immerse, flood; to ruin, &c.

তব্দ s. m. A leathern vessel for holding oil.

डब s. m. A iron spoon.

sort of small drnm shaped like an hourglass, held in one hand, and beaten with the fingers.

ত্ত্বৰ s. m. A car or litter carried on men's shoulders, a palankeen, a ;dooly flying in the air, the flight of a bird. कर : m. Fear, dread, awe. ' इरना है v. n. To fear, be frightened, अर्थना है dread.

खर्प adj. Afraide

उद्योकना ady. A. coward.

डरवेबा adj. Fearful ; (met.) A coward. डराक adj. Terrible.

डराक adj. Fearful.

अराना } ». a. To frighten, scare, अरानमा } cause to fear, terrify, alarm, dannt, deter. adj. frightful, terrible, terrifying.

दराष्ट्र adj. Timid, fearing.

sum. A sling, a basket, a ddi, carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam, and strings of a balance; present of fruits, sweetmeats, &c. are usually sent in this manner. s.f. Glitter.

a lid). इत्यामा v. a. To cause to throw down, or to throw, to occasion, &c.

ছধা s. m. A large lump, a clod; a large basket. '(like a tray). ছনিয়া s. m. A basket (without a cover, ছবা s. f. A lump (of suyar, meat, vc.) ছবা s. m. A large wooden spoon,

WH s. m. The string by which scales are suspended (or held in the hand); the threads of the warp at the end of a piece of cloth which are left unwoven; the end of a piece of cloth.

WHTI v. a. To bite or sting (as a venemous animal).

डमीना s. m. Bedding.

ৰহন s. m., A cavern, abyss, a pitfall.
ৰহনাৰ v. a. To deceive, disappoint,
balk, tantalize; to spoil, throw
away uselessly.

TTT adj Flourishing, blooming, green, fresh; pleasing.

ভত্তহাৰা ». s. To flourish, to blossom. ভাৰঃ s. m. Foil (under precions stone); the sting of a scorpion (and sometimes of other animals).

होंग s. f. A stick, a club; the greatest height or summit of a mountain.

ষ্টাৰ cutj. Thiu lean. s. m. A lean, beast, a starveling; the flowering stem of radishes or mustard; cattle. ছাত্ৰখত s.f. Gallop. [menace. ছাত্ৰশ v. a. To sunb, rebuke, threaten, side s. m. Padicle, petiale footstalk, ষ্টাৱ s. f. A straw, stubble, peciale, stalk.

sis s. m. Retaliation, punishment, penalty, fine amercement, mulet, revenge, forfeit, an oar; the backbone; a stick; a line.

डांडना v. n. To retaliate, to take revenge, to fine, to punish.

संह भरना v. a. To pay a fine.

डांडलेना v. a. To take a fine, to fine, to amerce.

संदा s. m. Landmarks ; road.

डांडान्डा s. m. The frontier boundary between the lands of two proprietors.

कांकी s. m. A rower, a beatman.

द्वांबद s. m. A tiger's cub or whelp.

wisiwie adj. Wandering without house or home, errant, ruined, ,lost, destitute, Dannea doli, s.f. The wandering without house or home, destitute state.

wis s. m. The sting of a reptile; we large musquito, a gaddly.

with s.f. A post (for the conveyance of letters, also relay of horses or of palki bearers); a post-office; perpetual vomiting. Dak layni, To be seized with constant vomiting.

हात s. m. Husband of a dakini, कातना v. a. To vomit. স্থানা s. m. An attack by robbers. Da- | আ s. m. A litter, a large branch. ka parna, or,-dena, or,-dalna, To rob.

श्चाकिन रे s. f. A kind of female imp श्राकिती € or evil being; a witch, a termagant.

स्वाकिया s. m. Robber : postman.

क्राकी adj. Gluttonous.

डाक s. m. A robber, a pirate.

TTE s. f. Threatening, snubbing, browbeating, checking,

डाटना v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, browbeat,

हाद s. f. A jaw-tooth or grinder.

खादी s. f. A beard.

डाव s.f. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides). s. m. A sword-belt; an unripe cocoa-nut. (well.

डावक s. m. Fresh water drawn from a डावर s. m. A vessel for washing hands in ; a round tank.

द्धावरनैनी adj. Having large eyes (epithet peculiar to women).

WIH s. m. A sacrificial grass (Poa cunosuroides).

खासर s. m. Resin, a torch.

द्धायन s. f. A. witch.

ET s, f. Branch, bough ; line, row. Dár ki dár, Company, band,

स्राप्ता v. a. To throw, fling, cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, throw down, throw away.

द्वारिम s. m. A pomegranate.

will s. f. A branch, a bough. Ek dol, ad, Of one piece, without joining.

हानवा v. a. To throw down, to fling, cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, put, push, set, shake, submit, throw, hurl, thrust, destroy, throw away ; cause, occasion, produce, excite. Dal dena, v. a. To throw away, cast, cause, occusion, &c.

ड रिजम :. m. A pomegranate.

द्वाको s. f. A present of fruit, &c., a basket of fruit, &c.; a branch, a

bough. burning. TIE s. f. Malice, spite, envy, jealousy,

ब्राह्मा v. a. To be malicious, to burn with spite ; to be fused (as metal) : to heat (metal).

Tive s. m. The name of a country. also Tripura.

Erel ady. Malicious, spiteful, envious. EIFA s. m. A gallinnle.

िहाना v. n. To shake, vibrate, tremble, quiver, move ; to shrink, to go back.

funtaint v. n. To go away.

िस्तामा v. a. To cause to shake or move. for s. m. A fat man ; a servant, a slave; a rogue, a cheat; a low or

deprayed man. fezal ? v. n. To see ; to take aim, to

डिठना 🕻 look at. िहाउवारा adj. Seeing, the opposite of blind.

द्रिश्डिम s. m. A musical instrument; a kind of small drum or tabour; a plant bearing a small fruit (Carissa carandas).

ि (Set s. m. Cuttle-fish bone considered to be the foam of the sea.

दिविष्या ad). Left-handed. डिविया s.f. A very small box.

ि बिला s. m. A small box.

डिब्बी s. f. A cartouch-box, a small box. fen s. m. A dramatic entertainment, dramatic exhibition of battle or tumult.

fores s. m. An egg; a chrysalis; the bladder: the spleen; the uterns; any young animal.

ভিলিকা s. m. A. libidinous woman.

for s. m. Pride, vanity; any young animal; a fool, an idiot, a blockhead. हिन्मा s f. An infant.

होत s. m. Pride, vaunting, boasting. होंग वारना v. c. To make boast (of), to boast.

जीड s.f. Sight, look, glance, vision. जीडबंद adj. Enchanting the sight, preventing one's seeing by conjuration, a juggler.

डीटबंदी s.f. Enchanting the sight, preventing by conjuration one's seeing. डीस s. m.f. Stature; body, bulk, size. डीस s. m. A haunt, place, dwelling village.

होड़ा s. m. A bank, a mound. जुक्त s. m. A blow with the first. जुक्तरा s. m. Advanced in years, old, aged. जुक्करिया adj. f. Old (woman).

इनडगाना v. n. To sound (a kettle-drum), to twinkle.

डड़ } s. m. A kind of snake Am-

डनको s. f. A dip, dive, plunge.

ह बनाना v. a. To cause to drown, &c. ज्याना v. a. To cause to sink, to immorse, dip, to demolish, ruin, destroy. ज्यान adj. Out of man's depth, deep (enough to drown in). s. m. Drowning.

জৰীৰা } v. a. To drown. immerse, জৰীৰা } flood; to ruin. Dabo-dena, v. a. To exhaust, to ruin, to demolish to drown.

डिस्थाना ग. a. To lead about (as a horse), to lead in hand,

ভ্ৰামা v. a. To move, shake, swing, agitate. [tle. ভ্ৰিড, f. A small turtle; a female tur-

ৰ পিৰা s. f. A small bird resembling a wagtail.

§1s. n. A dip, a dive, inmersion.
§441 r. n. To dive; to drown; to be immersed or deluged; to set, to sink; to be destroyed or rained; to

be absorbed (in business, study, &c.)
Dil dubna, To faint.

Sa s. m. Step, pace.

mayid judi banani (lit. to build a separate mosque of a brick and a half), To withdraw, through pride, from the society of others, Derh pann, Three-eighths of a ser, Derh bakayan miyan bagh men, lit. Tho gentleman in his garden consisting of a tree and a half. (and the bake-yun, Melus sempervirus, here mentuoned, is a tree of no use or estimation) is applied to a person who assumes consequences without reason.

डेदगव s. f. A kind of dance.

देना s. m. A log tied to the neck of a vicious ox.

Ru s. m. A dwelling, a tent. alg. Squint-eyed.

डेल है s. m. A lump of earth.

डेवट्रा s. m. Half as much again; a mode of reckoning.

डिस्ट्राना v. a. To take once and a half.

डेबड़ी s.f. A threshold, a door, antichamber, porch.

डें ब्होदार s. m. A door-keeper.

discharged at once.

উত্তী s.f. A threshold, door, antichamber porch.

चैन s. m. Wings of birds.

हैना s. m. A branch, a bough.

wits. f. A wooden spoon, ladle.

होंगा s. m. } A spoon ; a canee ; a होंगो s. f. } trough.

लोडी s. f. Proclamation by beat of drum. होंर } s.f. A species of snake.

खीक s.f. Vomiting.

स्टीकाना v. n. To vomit.

लोकरा adj. m. Old (man).

डोकरी adj. f. Old (wonism).

with part, act. Vomiting

होब s. m. A dip, a dive, a plunge (in dys or colouring).

जीबदेना v. a. To dip in dye or colouring.

স্ত্ৰীন য় s. m. A low caste of Hindus; স্ত্ৰীনত্ত্বা the name of a caste of Mahomedans, the males of which are musicians, and the females sing and the company of females only.

डीसनपना s. m. The art or practice of a male or female of the dom caste.

होसभी s. f. A female of the caste called dom.

Rit s. f. String, cord, thread, rope. s. m.

A fillet of thread or cord tied round
the arm or wrist.

tied round the arm or wrist; it is also applied to the string tying a packet or parcel.

STUS. Thread, line, cord; edge of a sword; Ankh ks dora. A bloodshot eye, vessels distended with blood on the tunica conjunctiva of the eye (from intoxication or ether eause). Gardan ka dora, A graceful motion of the neck in dancing. Dore dains, v. s. To stitch a quilt; to utter a long continued sound like the Amadwade (Fringilla amandava).

स्रोरिया s. m. Stipped muslin; a dogkeeper; lace.

ছাবা s. f. A string, cord, thread, rope. ছাল s. m. A bucket for drawing water. ছালখা s. f. A small bucket for drawing water.

डोम डोम s. m. Roving, perambulating. डोमना v. n. To move, to shake or ho shaken; to roam, ramble, move, wander; to swing,

given an inferior family, married by a person of rank, who gives a present to her parents. She ranks below wives of equal family, but above coacubines.

डोबा s. m. Manner ; ceition .

डोबादेगा v. a. To give a daughter to a superior by away of tribute,

डोनी s. f. A kind of sedan (for women). डैं।जा s. m. A scaffold.

জান্তা s. f. Proclamation by beat of drum, ভারী s. f. Threshold, door, anti-chamber. adj. f. Half as much again; raised one half higher (a tone in music).

डील s. m. Manner, method, mode; shape, fashion, form.

3

The fourteenth consonant in the Négri alphabet, or the fourth of the third series, and aspirate of the preceding letter; it has the power of dh in Holy-rood-house.

दरिया v. a. To force an invitation, by fixing one's self in a house till dinner comes on table.

हंग s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

ढंढोश s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

दंदीरिया s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

ढक s. m. A weight.

ক্রমনা v. a. To cover, to conceal. s. a. A lid, cover, putlid. हकती s. f. A lid. cover (of a pot). हकार s. f. A belch, cructation, bellowing. हकार बना एक गर्मा कर करा करा करा है।

दक्षेल s. m. A shove, push, thrust.

टकोलदेना v. s. To push, precipitate. टकोलना v. s. To shove, push, justle.

डक्तलग्र. a. 10 snove, push, justie. डक्तल्र. m. A pusher.

रक्ष s. m. A city or district, Dhaces or Daces; covering or disappearance. दक्षा s.f. A large or a double drum.

Tw s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

इटिया है s. f. A cord used instead of बही a bridle.

दश क्ष: m. A plug, cork, bung.

ढड़कीवा s. m. A raven.

टकुग s. m. The name of a bird a kind of myna.

डफोरा s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

दखोरिया s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

दनमनाना a. int. To roll, be tossed about. दनमनी Upset, spilt.

दनमनीकाना v. n. To roll down or along. दना v. n. To be demolished, razed, destroyed.

डनेक s. m. A bird with a very large bill (Bucsros).

दपदपाना v. a. To thump a drum (as children do)

द्यमा v. n. To be covered, to be concealed or hidden. s. m. A cover, covering.

24 s. m. Shape, from; manners, breeding, behaviour, mode, method, manner, knack, knowledge, fashion, style, way, address, dexterity, art, position.

डब्रा adj. Turbid.

डवीला adj. Well-made. graceful.

डब्बा s.m. A copper coin equal to a

दश्य s.m. A tambourine. दश्याना v.n. To roll.

टरकना v. n. To drip.

टरका s. m. A horn for giving liquids to cattle, watering of the eye.

दरना v. n. To draw near, come.

दलक s. f. Rolling, tilting.

दलकना v. n. To roll, be spilt.

ढनका ady. Blear-eyed ; spilling.

टबकाना v. s. To tilt, overturn, spill, pour, roll.

Zent v. n. To be cast (a metal), to be poured out, to flow, spill; to roll; to incline, decline. Din dhalns. To decline the day (tenosrds receive). Dhalti phirti chhaon (lit. rolling and turning shade), is applied, to the changeable state of worldly concerns, (met.) to a person of a capricious or unsteady temper.

देखसलामा v. n. To move from side to side, to totter.

दलाना v. a. To cause to cast (meial), to cause to pour.

दर्शन s. m. A person in the equipage of great men armed with sword and buckler; a constable, a targeteer.

टबाना v. a. To cause to be knocked down, razed or demolished.

दहना v. n. To fall, to be demolished, to tumble down (as a house ýc.) to be razed, destroyed.

दह पड़ना v. n. To fall, to soss,

हार odj. Two and a half.

डोजना v. s. To cover, to shut. डोन s.f. A precipice, cliff.

दोचा s. m. A frame, a plan.

बापना v. a: To cover, conceal, hide.

zie s. m. A cough, cold.

दांमना v. a. To blame, to accuse.

sitt s. m. Calumny, undescreed, abuse, defamation.

दांमी s. f. A cough, cold.

31% s. m. A tree (Butes frontoss).

डाका s. m. A thick wood of dhák trees ;

a city or district, Dhaccs or Disces.

SIZI s. m. A handkerchief tied over the turband and over the ears.

हाडों s. f. Ra k. torment, torture; a noose or gin fastened on a horse's

डाइन s. f. m. Firmness of mind, enofidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

ढांडस देना r. a. To animate.

ढाड्न बंधाना v. a. To encourage, comkeep in spirits.

हाड़ी e.m. A kind of musician, a singer. द्वारम s.m.f. Firmness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

दादिन १. m. } A kind of musician, a singer.

द्वान s.m. Hedge, enclosure.

aten v. a. To break, batter, knock down or raze (a building &c.), to demolish.

दादा s. m. A net; the caves of a house, extending three or four cul its beyond the wall, so that people may sit under them.

31€ s. m. A declivity, a heap of corn.

दारी s.f. A certain Hindu caste.

ढाइ adj. Slant, sloping.

दाल s. m. Declivity, slope, s. f. A shield, target, buckler.

हालना v. a. To cast (metal in fusion); to pour out, tilt, spill; (met.) to do mischief, mar, spoil.

द्राचरां adj. Sloping, declivitous; cast

हाची s. m. A warrior armed with shield, a shield-bearer.

314 adj. Slant, sloping. part. act.

Spoiling, doing mischief casting, &c. Phalubhar karna, To shift goods, &c. occasionally over shallows, &c. atts s. m. The precipitous or high bank of a river.

Fam s. m. f. Side; near, close to.

famit s. f. Forwardness, assurance,
impudence, andacity, andaciousness,
boldness, presumption, presumptuousness, petalance, pertness.

दिवका s. m. Protuberance.

दिमदिमी s.f. A kind of tambourin. दीवाड adi. Lazy.

হীত্ব ddj. Forward, impudent, fam-হীত্ব iliar, bold, daring, presumptuous, confident, pret, part, pass, Seen,

ঠাত s. m. Pregnancy; a large belly. ঠাল s. m. Looseness, relaxedness, remissness, laziness, inattention, delay,

तीला adj. Loose, not tight; remiss;

lazy, inattentive, dilatory. दीलाई s. f. Looseness, remissness.

दीश s. m. A rising ground.

द दना v. a. To seek, to scarch for. दु दनादोद्दना v. a. To search-for, to seek, दुदाना v. a. To cause to seek.

दुक्ता v. n. To enter, penetrate; to take aim, look, have regard or inclination (to); to sympathize.

ढ क्रीलगाना v. a. To take aim.

ह जना v n. To be poured out, to be spilt, to roll.

द्र लगाना | r. a. To cause to be carri-द्रे लाना | ed ; to spill (water, &c).

हनाई s. f. Act of carrying ; price paid for carrying, or for transporting.

হ্বা s. m. A bank, a mound, a clod of

ढूं इंडाइ s. m. Search.

ढूढ s. m. Search.

इडन s. m. Seeking, searching, investigating. द दना अ. a. To seek, search for. Dundhna-dhandhna, To search for, seck.

द्व दिया s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn

द बना v. n. To shut, close ; to steal on, draw nigh, approach ; go into, enter.

द का s. m. Tapping or shoving, by way of calling the attention of one spoken to.

द कादेना v. a. To peep, to tap.

दरवा s. m. A. pea.

द्ध नो s.f. A bundle of one hundred betel leaves, s. m. A drummer.

द्व सर् s. m. A caste of Hindus.

as s. m. A. wave.

हैं बली s. f. A mode of joining breadths of cloth or of cutting out cloth ; a machine for drawing out water, being lever supported on a long post, having a bucket supended to one end, and a weight of earth or stone to the other.

ZT s. m. A mathine for pounding with.

दें इस s. m. A kind of gourd.

हें डी The capsule of the poppy (or of the cotton tree), a poppy head ; an ornament worn in the ear.

gizi s. m. Pregnancy; a large belly. देंद s. m. Name of a tribe of workers in leather : a crow.

हैं हैं! s. f. An ornament worn in the ear. दक्षी 8. f. A pounding machine.

देवचा The unstamped lumps of copper used in India as "pice."

₹ 8. m. A lienp, accumulation. adj. Much, abundant, enough.

हेरा ady. Squinting, squint-eved. देशे s. f. A heap.

देखवांच s. m. A sling.

देखवांसी & f. A slinger.

डेला s. m. A clod of earth, a lump of lay. chalk, &c. Dhala-chouth, s, f. The fourth day of the bright part of the Hindu month Bhadon, a festival on which the Hindus pelt each other with stones, throw them into each other's houses, and if abused, consider the abuse an honor,

डेलाचीथ s. f. The fourth day of the light half of Bhadra.

ZEI s. m. A kind of Hindu mendicant ; a tribe of Jats.

देश s. m. A measure of two and a half ढेंबाटेकर ady. Desolated.

दोचा s. m. Fruit and flowers presented by inferiors on festival days.

दींचा adj. Four and a half.

दोंड s.f. A capsule or seed-vessel (especially of the poppy).

दोक s. f. Salntation.

डीकना v. a. To drink, to tope.

ढोका s. m. A piece of stone. zizi s. m. A child.

द्रीना v. a. To carry, to bear.

द्धीर s. m. Cattle.

दोरा s. m. The representation of a tomb carried about in the muharram,

दोरी s.f. Eagerness, ardour.

होल s. m. A large drum.

s. f. A small drum.

द्रोलकिया s. m. A person that plays on the dholak.

दोलन s. m. A friend, a sweet-heart. द्रीक्ना s. m. A little amulet in the shape of a drum.

दोला n. prop. Name of a famous lover in Hindustan. s. m. A boy.

दोलिया s. m. A drummer,

होनी s. f. A bundle of one hundred betel-leaves, s. m. A drummer.

ढींचा adj. Four and a half.

₹

The fifth letter of the third class of consonants in the Nágari alphabet, or the fifteenth consonant; it is scarcely ever used as an initial letter. It has the power of n. uttered with the point of the tongue pressed back on the palate.

ন

n The first letter of the fourth or denatl class of consonants, or the sixteenth consonant in the Nágari alphabet. It has the sound of t in most of the continental languages of Europe, or, as expressed in the provincial pronunciation of butter in Yorkshire.

বাই s. f. A large cauldron or boiler for oil, butter, &c.

নয় dato. Till, up to, while, toward, near to, to, at (or denoting ofter a genitive form, the objective case).

तज adv. Still, yet, nevertheless. तंग s. m. A girth of a horse, saddle girth. सकतक s. m. The sound of feet.

सकता v. a. To look at, to look, to observe, to aim at, to watch. v. n.
To be looked at, to be stared at.

तकला s. m. A spindle.

तकती s.f. A weaver's reel. तकताही s.f. Watching, overseeing,

superintending, looking sharp after (as after a silversmith).

বন্ধাৰ s. m. Metion, agitation, gesture. নন্ধাৰা v. a. To aim.

सिवाश s.m. A pillow.

तकानी s.m. A small pillow.

तक्रपा s. m. A spindle,

नक र.m. Buttermilk, with a fourth

समाद s. m. A churning stick.

-বাৰ্ম s. m. One of the principal mythological Nagos or serpents of patal;
a snake of a middle size and of a red

संचय s. m. Time present, time being. सचयो s.f. A carpenter's adze.

सचन 8. m. A carpenter.

तचीमला s.f. The name of a city, the Taxels of Ptolemy in the Panjab.

तक्त s. :n. A throne.

त्रस्ता s. m. A plank, board, a stool.

तद्भती «. f. A small plank, a little board like a slate.

तपन Then.

तखान s. m. A carpenter.

त्रामा n. a. To quilt, to stitch together. त्राम s. m. A tree (Tabernamontana corcoronaria).

तनाई s.f. The price paid for quilting, &c. ; the act of quilting.

समामा v. a. To cause to be quilted, to get stitched together.

सगार s. m. A tub, bucket, trough,

सप्ता s.f. A strand or thread of a twist, सप्ती s.f. A strand or thread of a twist; a kind of fishing-line not used with a rod. Tri-taggi, A thread of three strands. Choa-taggi, 'One of four strands.

awis. m. Two pice (pysa).

तचना v. s. To be, heated, to parch.

तचाना v. a. To parch, to scorch, तज s. f. The bay tree or its bark (Laurus cassia), woody cassia.

নম s. m. A knower, one who understands, is acquainted with. [leave. নলনা v. s. To abandon, desert, quit, নত s. m. A field; a shore or bank. cazes s. m. An indifferent person, one neither a friend nor a foe.

লড় s.m. Party, division, faction; an imitative sound.

नक्तना v. n. To be cracked, to be split, to burst, to crack.

মন্ত্ৰা s. m. Dawn of day. Tarke, ado.
In the morning early, at dawn of day.
নন্তবন্ধান v. n. To trickle, drop, patter,
binster, welter; to warp or crack
with noise (as a plank exposed to the
sun).

ब्हान है. The act of dropping. तह्न इ.f. Haste, hurry, outrageousness, explosion, fury, leap, jump. तहन्द्र ह. m. The noise of falling water.

तस्पद्धाः इ. स. The noise of fatting war

मख्यीला adj. Hasty, hurrying.

বস্তুদ s.f. Agitation, tossing about, palpitation.

নম্পন্ন v. n. To flatter, to palpitate. বৃদ্ধন্ব s. f. Act of flattering, palpitation.

to be very desirous about any thing, to be agitated, to writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss.

सम्बामा v. a. To put in great agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble.

त्रवासकी s.f. The beam of a balance. त्रवासा adj. Pretty, showy, gaudy. s. m. The sound of striking.

सङ्गत s. m. A pond, a pool, deep enough for the growth of the lotus and other aquatic flowers; a trap for catching deer. तड़ाड़ा s. m. Throwing water.

agrat s. m. Gaudiness in dress, wearing smart clothes, Turayadar, s. m. One who dresses well and is particular in having fine and well-made clothes.

বস্থাৰা s. m. Show, ostentation, vanity. বস্তুস s. m. Rice (cleaned from the husk), any grain after thrashing and winnowing; a vermifuge plant.

are used as a vermifuge.

πη pron. That.

सत्ती s.f. A playful, wanton girl.

ततप्रा s. m. A vessel for warming water, a kettle.

सताना v. a. To warm.

वसार s. f. Embrocation, pouring of water on a deceased part. Taterna, v. a. To embrocate.

तत्काल adv. At that time, then, s. m. Present, time being, or the time when an act occurs.

तत्वाचची s. m. A man wise or intelligent for the time being, one having presence of mind, &c.

तत्वालीन adv. At that time.

तत्वष s. m. Time present, time being. adv. At that time, instantly, immediately. [outrageous.

বদা adj. Hot, fiery, passionate, furious, বদৰে adj. Diligent, attending to any thing closely and anxiously, engaged, attentive, addicted to, adept. বন্ধ ads. There, therein.

त्वभन्त adj. Venerable, respectable,

revenue.

Mas. m. An element, a principle, the
essence; essential nature, the real
nature of the human soul, considered
in the shasters, as one and the same
with the divine spirit animating the,

universe: the philosophical etymology of this word best explains its meaning at that, that divine being, and a thou, that very God art thou, the Supreme leing or Brahma; truth, reality, the essential substance, opposed to what is illusory or fallacious; an element or elementary property differently enumerated in different systems, from the three which are the same with the three guns, to twenty-seven, which include the elements, organs, faculties, matter, spirit, life, and God; a first principle, an axiom; mind, intellect; low time in music; a musical instrument. सस्त्रान s. m. Knowledge of divine truth. तथ adj. True, right. तथा s. f. Power, ability, might. adj. or conj. So, thus, ditto, and. तथागत s. m. A Jyn or Buddha. तथापि adv. Nevertheless, yet, even. त्याम adv. Be it so, yes. सचैन adv. In that manner. as adv. Then, at that time, afterwards, in that case, therefore, so soon. Tadanantar, adv. After that, after which. Tad to, adv. Then, in that case. Tad bhi, adv. Still, nevertheless, however, notwithstanding. Tad se, adv. Thence, since that time. Tad hi, odv. At that very time, in that case only. -news adv. After that,

नद्वना तथे. Atter that. तद्वा करेत. Still, nevertheless. तद्वा वर्ते. Still, nevertheless. तद्वा वर्ते. Then, at that time. नवन वर्ते. Missely, niggardly. तथी वर्त. At that very time. मा s. m. The body, person. Tonitanha, ado. Alone, solitary. Ton-o man marna, To restrain que's desires and be silent. Tan-di, A person of application. Tan-dihi, s. f. Application, exertion, attention, diligence. Tan-dunst, adj. Healthy, vigorous. Tan-dunsti, s. f. Health, vigour. Tan-dena, To pay attention. Tan-parwsr. Careful of the body, over-attentive to the body. Tan-parwsri. s. f. Self-indulgence.

বসম adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little, adv. Slightly.

तमञ्जीन f.a. A slender bodied person. तनना v. t. To stretch, pull tight. सनमन s. m. Body and soul.

तनव s.f. A son; a male descendant, तनवा s.f. A daughter.

तनाव s.f. A tent rope. वनिक odj. Small, slight.

सनिको Small, slight. [waist. सनिवा s. m. A kind of covering for the सनी s. f. A string with which garments

are tied; a daughter.

तनुक adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little, adv. Slightly.

ततुज s. m. and s. f. Offspring, child. सनुजा s. f. Offspring, child.

तन्त्र s. m. A pore of the skin. तन्त्रमाना v. n. To twang, to tingle.

तन्तनाइट s. f. Sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

सन्त s. m. A weaver. [scendants. सन्त s. m. A thread; offspring, race, do-समा भीड s. m. A silk-worm.

by the Hindus; a religious treatise teaching peculiar and mystical formula and rites for the worship of the deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the form of a dialogue between Shiv and Duryá, who are the peculiar deight

ties of the Tantrikas: there is a great number of these works, and their authority in many parts of India, seems to have, in a great measure, superseded that of the Veds: according, to one account, a Tantra comprises five subjects, the creation 'and destruction of the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects, magical rites for the acquirement of six (superhuman) faculties, and four modes of union with spirit by meditation; a variety of subjects are however, introduced into many of them; whilst some are limited to a single topic as the mode of I reathing in certain rites, the language of birds, leasts, &c. ; a branch of the Feds, that which teaches montras or mystical and magical formulæ; demonstration, clear and right conclusion : raiment, vesture : a medicament, a drug; a principal medi-' cament, or perhaps a charm, considered as producing medicinal effects; a charm, an enchantment,

तन्त्री s. m. A musician.

तन्त s. f. Lassitude, exhaustion, weariness, syncope.

बन्दास adj. Slothful, singgish, overcome with sleep or fatigue.

तन्द्री e. f. Sleepiness, drowsiness; lassitude, fainting, exhaustion.

नदा v. n. To stretch, pull tight : to sit upri_ht.

ৰুৱাৰা v. n. To twang ; to have a sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

सन्याच Up to the limit, up to hand.

aq s. m. The hot season, summer; devout austerity, religious penance. a. f. Heat, warmth.

agrant v. n. To throb, to palpitate. Ta-

pakna phore ka, the throlding of a phlegmon or boil, when coming to supperation.

तपन adj. Hot, warm, fervent. s. f. Heat. नपन s. m. The sun ; a division of hell. The hot senson; mental distress, pining, grieving. s. f. Heat, glow, fervour, warmth, ! urning.

सपना v. n. To be glorified : to glow, be heated, frisk about.

तपनि s. f. Hot, sultry.

वपनी s. f. The Godaneri river.

तपरी s. f. A mound, a small height, an acclavity.

तप्रस् a. m. The power or strength avquired religious exercises.

age s. m. Religions austerity, penance, mortification, the practice of mental or personal self-denial; world, the religion inhabited by saints or devotces after death; virtue, moral merit; duty, the special observance of certain things, thus the Tapas of a Brahman is sacred learning; of a Kshatri, the protection of subjects; of a Vys. almsgiving to Brahmans : of a Sudra, the service of the same sect; and of a Rishi or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots.

तपसी s.m. A religious devotee,

नपसी s. f. A kind of fish.

auer s. m. The month Phalyun (February-March).

ayen s. f. Devout austerity, religious penance, devotion.

तप्रिक्त । s. m. An ascetic, a religious engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance,

तपद्धी s. m. A devotee, a performer of austere devotion, an ascetic. adj. Devout, practising austere devotion, Topsi, or Topasi-machhli, s.f. The mango fish (Polynemus paradisea).

nut s. m. A worshipper, an ascetic, a devotee.

aquat v. a. To pour out a libation; to heat, to warm, to cause to glow, to make another warm hinself at the fire or in the sun.

सपाक s. m. Affection, ardour.

नपास s. f. Sunshine, the sunleams ;

नपी s. m. A devotee, a worshipper.

तपीधन s. m. A devotee, an ascetic, one who performs religious penance.

सपीवट s. m. A country, part of central India, or Holy land.

तम adj. Hot, warm, fervent, heated, inflamed, lurnt with heat, pain or sorrow.

ৰসকল s. m. A sort of penance, drinking hot water, milk, or ghee, for three days.

aul s. m. Division, district, parish.

तम् वर्तेषु, Then, at that time, so soon; afterwards. Tab tak, Till then. Tabtori, or, Tab-tain, or, Tab-tsg, adv. Till then, so long.

त्वते From that time.

तत्रज्ञ odv. Since this time.

ageif prep. Till this.

तवड़ी adv. At that time. Tabhi-to, then indeed. Tabhi-se, Thence, thence-forth.

तमे adv. Exactly then.

สพ: s. m. Darkness, gloom; the quality of darkness, incident to humanity; illusion of mind, headstrong passion, anger; irascibility or promptitude to the vindictive passions,

HH s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the Tamahgun, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion,

&c.; darkness, gloom; sorrew, grief.

तमक s.f. Vanity, arrogance, pride; growing red in the face.

तमका। v. n. To grow red (in the face); to be enraged without cause, or to break out into violence at a temperate and reasonable speech.

तनका s. m. A stroke of the sun.

तसत adj. Desirons, enpidinous, longing or hankering after.

तमतमाना v. n. To grow red in the face; to glow, to sparkle, to twinkle, to flash.

वसवसाइट s. f. The state of growing red in the face, glow.

สพย s. m. The third of the qualities incident to humanity, the Tomah-gun, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, world delusion, &c.; darkness (physical or moral), gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमस्तिनी s. f. Night.

বদাভ s. m. The sectarial mark mado with sandal, &c., on the forehead; a tree bearing black blossoms (Xanthocymus pictorius).

तमालक s.m. A kind of potherb (Marsiles dentats).

तमाचिषा s.f. A district in Bengal, the mordern Tamluk.

तमाची s.f. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and fauces.

तिवज्ञ s.f. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. s. m. The dark half the month, from the full to the change.

वभीगुष s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the property of darkness, whence

proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness, gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमोच s. m. The legislator of Buddh.

बमीचित्री s.f. The district of Tamluk in Bengal.

तमीइत adj. Overcome with rage, fear, &c., or any of the effects of the property of darkness.

ताचा s. m. A pot, pipkin.

तिवया s. m. A pot.

तस्य s. m. A tent.

तकील s. m. The betel leaf. Tambal ana, To bleed from the bridle (a horse's mouth).

নন্দীলিন s. f. A woman whose business it is to sell betel leaf; name of a tree. নন্দীলী s. m. A caste whose business it

is to sell betel leaf.

at adv. Under, beneath.

ης t s. f. A star.

तरक s.f. A beam, a rafter.

तरकारों s. f. Esculent vegetables. वरका s. m. The fruit of the tar tree

(Borassus flabelliformis).

s.f. A wave, an emotion; whim, conceit, fancy, caprice; becoming state and dignity.

तरकियी s. f. A river.

at adj. Braggart, fanciful, fantastic-

avez s. f. Dregs, sediment, lees.

ATT s. m. A raft, a float; swarg or paradise; crossing over, passing across; escaping, being saved; one who is saved or delivered.

ntle s.m. The sun; a ray of light, a float or raft.

নাৰ্থি } s. f. A ship, vessel, boat; the succotrine aloe (A perfoliata); a plant (Hibiscus mutabilis).

तरङ s. m. A raft or float, made of hambus, &c. tied together, and sometimes floated upon jars or hollow gourds inverted; the float of a fishing line.

नरको adj. A bost, a vessel.

तरनरा s. m. A kind of dish.

तरन s. m. Passing over; escaping, being saved; one who in saved or delivered.

বংৰা v. n. To cross over, to pass. over, to be ferried : to be saved.

বংল s. m. A fog; a hard shower, a torrent of rain; the ocean.

तरनी s f. A boat.

तरपत्र s.m. A libation of water to the names of deceased ancestors; satisfaction, gratification.

तरफ्ता v. n. To flutter, palpitate, flounce, be agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

নংৰুল s. m. A water-melon (Cucurbita citrullus).

तरक adj. Capricious, changeable, fickle, inconstant, ticklish, volatile, unsteady; libidinous, lecherous, wanton.

ates adj. Lower, nethermost.s. m. A kind of bambu; bottom, depth, lower or under part.

₹₹ 8. m. A. tree.

तरदर s. m. Any large tree.

तर्दरिया s.m. A sword ; a swordsman, a fencer.

तरवार s.f. A sword, a scimitar.

तरसना v. n. To long, desire anxiously, be agog ; to pity.

att s. m. The bottom of any thing.

सरादे s.f. A marsh, mead, meadow. Torai khewa, adj. Living in, or near water (water-fowl, water-spaniel, fc.). नराकको s. f. The beam of a balance. तराज s. f. A scale, balance.

तरान s. m. Revenue.

नराना v. a. To cause to pass over or swim; to save.

तरी s. f. A boat.

₹5 8. m. A tree.

सद्जीवन s. m. The root of a tree.

तदम s. m. A kind of flower (Achyranthes aspera?); a young man, one of the virile age. adj. Young, juvenile, adult ; new, fresh, novel.

तक्षाई s.f. ? Adoles ence, youth. त्रवणापन ड. m. puberty.

सद्यो s.f. A young woman from 16 to 30 years of age, generally however one about the first ago.

तरी adv. Under.

नरेखा 's. m. The falling of water from a spout, or from any height.

सरेत s. m. A buoy.

बरैया s.f. A. star.

वर्ष s. m. Doubt, disputation, discussion, reasoning; the science of reasoning, logic; (in logic) a proposition.

नक विद्वा s. f. The science of reasoning or logic.

नवारी s. f. Esculent vegetables.

निव adj. Doubtful, disputatious. निक s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shastr.

शक्ति . m. Cassis tora.

- auf s. f. A kind of ornament for the ears made of the leaves of the tar tree. s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shastr.

तक s.f. A spindle, an iron pin upon which the cotton is first drawn out; it also serves as the distaff, the cotton being next transferred from it to the wheel.

सक्तर s. m. Drawing out the cotton upon the distaff or upon the wheel.

नक्टी s. f. A spindle or a distaff.

तक पिषड़ s. nl. } A ball of clay, &c. तक पीठी s. f. } upon the lower end of the spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion.

नकु ल s. f. The fruit of the tar rrce (Borassus flabelliformis).

वक जासक s. m. A concave shell or saucer in which the lower end of the spindle is placed and whirled round.

वर्क्क आप s. m. A small whetstone for sharpening spindles, &c.

त्वी odi. Rapid (a stream).

तंत्र s. m. Wrath, anger. तअनी s. f. The fore finger.

वर्तराना adj. Very greasy ; dripping with moisture.

सर्तरामा v. n. To bluster, to boast. सर्तराष्ट्र s. f. Bluster, boast.

सपेंच s. m. Satisfaction, given or received; either the act of pleasing or the state of being pleased; satiety, fulness; a religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased.

तर्दे s.f. A musical tone, Imur. तरीना v. n. To grudge, grumble, mur-तर्रारा s. m. Rapidity, flow. Tarara bharna. To gallop. fencer.

सर्वेदिश s. m. A sword ; a swordsman, a सर्वाद s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

तर्षे s. m. Thirst, wish, desire.

त्रवेष s. m. Thirst, thirsting ; it is also used metaphorically.

तिषेत adj. Thirsting, athirst, thirsty. वर्षे s. m. Compassion, mercy, Tars khana, To compassionate, to pity.

तसीना v. a. To cause to long, set agog, tantalize, tease, vex.

नहीं adv. The third day past or to come (not including the present, i. e. two days intervening).

HW f. m. Depth, bottom, lowness, inferiority of position, the place under or underneath : the sole of the foot, सलकपर adj. Upside, down; confused. Res adv. Till.

तल

now adj. Bitter, rancid.

तलकट s. f. Dregs, refuse, scum, sediment, offals, leavings,

तलतलाना v. n. To shake.

तसमा v. a. To fry.

त्रवपट adi. Ruined, destroyed.

तलपना रे o. n. To flutter, to palpitate, तलका be restless, be agitated, to flounce.

सलमलाना v. n. To be tantalized : to grieve, to be agitated.

तलवरिया s.f. A scimitar. s.m. A swordsman, one armed with a scimitar, a sword-player, a fencer,

नभवार s.f. A sword, a scimitar.

सखनासना v. a. Spoken of the feet of animal which are worn by treading on hard rocky ground.

त्रचा s. f. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm. s. m. The stand or support of any thing, that which is under or below it : the bot tom of any thing ; the sole of a shoe; protection.

awraw s. m. One of the seven divisions of the infernal regions.

तलाव s. m. A pond, reservoir of water. निषद adj. Inferior, next, below, one who acts at the command of another. awil s. f. The bottom of any thing ; the sole of a shoe ; beneath, under ; impalpable powder.

तल्या है s. m. The sole of the foot. नवन र Talua chátna, or, Talve tale hath dharna, To flatter. Talwe sahlane, (lit. to stroke the soles of the feet) Signifies excessive flattery, adulation. Talwon se ag lagni, (lit. burning in the soles of the feet) Implies excessive anger.

ad adv. Below, down, beneath, under. Tale-upar, ani. Upside down : confused. Tale tale deklina, To see clandestinely. Tale ki zamin upar honi, Is used to express great disturbance and confusion.

त्रलेया s. f. A small pond.

तखेडा s. m. A turtle-dove. सिका s. f. A key.

त्वर्गे s. m. The dental class of letters in ... the Nágri alphabet, beginning wifls म tah. saucer.

सम्बद्ध s.f. A salver, a small plate, a तसर s. m. A shuttle; a kind of coarse silk the produce of a particular worm (Bombyx paphia), that feeds on the asan (Terminalia slata tomentosa), &c.

तसचा s. m. A vessel used by Hindus to dress their victuals in.

Tent s. m. A thief, a robber, a stealer: a kind of potherb (Medicago esculenta); a tree (Vanqueria spinosa). तस्त्रता s. f. Thievishness, thieving.

नकरी s.f. Theft ; a passionate woman. तस s. m. A razor-strop.

सम s. m. An inch. spersed. तहसनहस adj. Ruined, destroyed, disaut adv. Thither, there, Tahan tahan,

In each place. awi At that place.

तहाना v. s. To fold, to ply, to wrap. ast adv. Thither, there, exactly there.

at inflect, of the 3rd pers. pron. sing. Him, her, it, that.

नाना s. m. A small two-wheeled car without covering, and on which one person only can sit. Tanga-sawar, One who rides on a tanga.

digg s. m. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Shiv and his votaries.

ving s. f. A loom; cat-gut, sinew, the string of a musical instrument. Tantbaji our rág bujha, He understood from the first word. Tant bándhna, To put to silence an idle talker.

aiai s. m. A string (of camels, horses, &c.), a drove; a train, a series, a

ritfl s. m. A weaver.

तांबड़ा s.m. A copper colour (in pigeons'; a false stone resembling a ruby.

नावा s. m. Copper.

माइन s. m. An amulet or charm.

नाई . f. An aunt, paternal uncle's wife, father's elder brother's wife; an earthen frying pot.

নাজ } s. m. A paternal uncle, father's নাজ } elder brother.

ats s.f. Look, fixed regard, glance, peep; aim, view, the act of aiming, pointing (of a dog). Tak bandhna, To covet, to point (as a dog). Tak rahna, To aspire.

सासना v. a. To stare at, aim, peep, see.
spy. watch, view, behold, look, look
for. attend.

ताकवात .. f. Nick of time.

माम } s. m. Thread.

तागा (Lace.

(1)-101-45 or mr. 2211-001

तागना v a. To thread.

ताना s. m. Thread.

तानी s. m. An Arabian horse. [ear,
तारोक s. m. An ornament worn in theu
ang s. m. The plam tree (Borassus
flabelli/ormis) s.f. Understanding.

Tarbaz, adj. Intelligent, quick of
apprehension. Tarbazi, s.f. Quick-

ness of apprehension. [tiser.

diwar s. m. An ornament worn in the

ताङ्ग } s. m. Beating, whipping, pun-ताङ्गा } islument, admonition, reproof, penalty, Tarna karna, To reprove, punish. chastise.

ताइना v. a. To understand, conceive, comprehend, guess, apprehend.

साइनीय adj. Reproveable, worthy of admonition, punishment, &c.

ताड़िया | s.f. Wife of a demon (rakshds) नाड़ का | killed by Rám.

ताक़ी s. m. The juice of the palm tree (toddy); hilt of a dagger.

ताखा s. m. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Shio and his votatis.

तात: adj. Venerable, reverend, respect-

तात s. m. Father. adj. Hot, warm. तातनी pron. inflect. f. Of her, that or it. तातनी pron. inflect. m. Of him, that or it. तातन adj. Hot, warm.

नाता adj. m. Hot, heating (food).

त्राते pron. inflect. From him, her, it, or that.

तान्कालिक adj. Of that time or period. तान्वर्ष s. m. Object, purpose, intent, design; meaning, purport; explanation; the apprehension of an implied wish or thought; need.

तदानम adj. Likeness, similarity.

ताहका s. f. Such like, like him or it, &c. ताल s. f. A tune, a tone, the key note in music, stretching, tension, knitting (eye-brows). [culation_

तानवड s. m. Dancing with violent ges-तानतीवजा v. a. To crack a joke, to drop a word which excites quarrelling or induces conversation, to animadvert; to strike up a tune. ताला s. m. The warp, the threads that are extended lengthwise upon a loom, Tána bánka karna, To fidget, to dance attendance, Tune tanna, To wander. here and there without profit.

सामा v. a. To heat, prove, assay.

शाभी s. f. The warp ; the price paid for wearing.

सानिक s. m. A scholar, a man completely versed in any science; a follower of the doctrine taught by the Tantras. तावा v. a. To extend, stretch, expand,

pull, knit (the eve-brows), Tambu tanna. To pitch tents.

साप s. m. Warmth, heat, burning (moral or physical); pain, sorrow, distress, s. f. Fever, Tap-telli, s. f. An induration of the spleen, attended with, or preceded by fever : splenitis, agnecake.

नापम s. m. Fever, morbid heat. adj. Burning, inflaming, heating.

जापण s. m. The snn ; heating, inflaming. नापना v. a. To bask in the sun or before fire, to warm one's self at (or over) a fire, to warm, to heat.

नाप्य adj. Performing penance, s, m. A practiser of devout ansterities, a devotee, an ascetic.

तापित adj. Inflamed ; distressed, pained. नापी s. f. A name of the Tapti or Sarat river; a name of the Jamna river, Oppressed by heat, morbid, moral or physical; any thing heated or glowing.

ताच s. m. A mineral substance, sulphuret of iron, said to le procured from the Tapti river.

बावड़ नीड़ adv. Successively, repeatedly. तामकीनी s. f. Enamelled copper.

सामचा s. m. A gem of inferior value of a copper colour.

सामरस s. m. A lotus (Ngmpha nelumbo); copper : gold.

तामलकी s. f. A plant (Flacourtis cataphracta).

तामचित्र s. f. A district in the south of Bengal Tamluk.

वासस ady. Affected by or appertaining to the third quality, that of darkness or vice ; partaking or influenced by the principle of inertness, ignorance or mental darkness, inert, stupid, ignorant. s. m. Darkness, illusion, irascibility; an incendiary, a malignant and mischievous man, a villain. तामसी adj. Dark, irascible, vindictive.

s. m. Copper.

सामित्र s. m. Calx or scorise of copper. ताब ज s. m. Betel-leaf, the areca nnt, ताम लराम s. m. A kind of pulse (Ervum lens).

तान्त लवजी s.f. A small plant bearing a leaf, which with the areca nut, a small quantity of caustic lime or chunam, and catechu, and occasionally cloves cardamoms, &c., from the Pan or betel of the Asiatics (Piperbetel).

साम्ब स्त्री s. f. Betel (Piper betel) or its pungent leaf, which together with the areca nut is eaten very generally by the natives of the cast. s. m. The Pan bearer of a prince or sovereign ; a servant whose business it is to prepare and furnish the Pan.

तन्त्र s. m. A copper colour (in pigeons); a false stone resembling a ruby.

सास s. m. Copper; a kind of sandal wood represented as of a dark red colour and smelling like a lotus; a dark or coppery red.

ताबचरी s. f. A name of the female elephant of the west.

तास कार s. m. A brazier, a copper smith. तासगर्भ s. f. Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper.

तासपट s. m. A copper plate, such as

Hindu grants of land, &c. are frequently inscribed on.

तासप्यों s.f. A river in the peninsula, and the district in its vicinity.

तायपुष s. m. A kind of chony (Bauhinia variegata); a plant (Kempferia rotunds), [snave-olens).

तासपुषा s. f. Trumpet flower (Bignon a सामपुषी s. f. Lythrum fruticosum.

त्रासपणी s. f. Lythrum fruticosum. त्रासपल s. m. Alangium hexapelalum.

सामाची s. f. The blossom of sesamum.

सामगती s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manith).

ताम रोज इ. m. A kind of vetch.

सामदा s. m. A sort of sandal wood.

तासभार s. m. A red kind of sandal (Pterospermum santolinum).

त। साक s. m. One of the eighteen divisions of the known continent.

तासिक s. m. A brazier, a coppers-mith. तासिका s. f. A copper vessel for marking time.

নাৰী s.f. A copper of metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass; it is put into a vessel of water, the water gradually filling it and the sinking marks the time that has elapsed.

बार s. m. A high note or tone in music; a wire, a chord.

नारक adj. A protector, a preserver.

नारटूटना v.n. To be disjointed, to be separated.

नारष s. m. A raft, a float ; the act of freeing, salvation, doliverance ; one that sets free or delivers. नारणन्त s, m. f. The Saviour, and the person saved.

तारणा v. a. To free, rid, exempt from further transmigration, absolve from sin, save.

नारतच्य s. m. Distinction, discrimination. नारतीङ् s. m. A kind of sewing or ucedle-work, open work, pulling out some threads. &c.

तारना v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmingration, to absolve from sin, to save.

नारपनार adi. Dispersed, &c.

तारबायना v. a. To continue or repeat an action without interruption.

Tare ginna, To count the stars, i. c. to get no sleep.

नारायच s. m. The atmosphere, the firmament, heaven or sky.

सारासक्डल s. m. The starry sphere.

सारिका s. f. The apple of the eye; a star.

नारियो s f. A goddess peculiar to the Jyns; a name of Durgd; deliverer.

नारी s. f. The clapping of hands; a key; abstraction, absence of mind, absorption in thought or devotion.

are s. m. The palate.

নাৰিক s. m. A philosopher, a sophist, a follower of either of the six schools of *Hindu* philosophy.

तासिष: ddj. Relating or attached to the science of reasoning.

नानी v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmigration, to absolve from sin, to save.

are s.m. A pond; beating time in music, musical time or measure, chime; slapping or clapping the hands together or against the arms previous to fighting; a musical in



strument of bell metal or brass (a sort of cymbal) played with a stick; the palm tree (Borassus flabelliformis). Tal dena, To chime ; to slap the bands on the arms before fighting, Tal marna, or-thokna, To strike the hand against the arms preparatory to wrestling.

साजक s. m. A bolt, a latch, a kind of lock for fastening a door with.

सालपत s. m. A hollow cylinder of gold with or without a ring attached to it thrust through the lobe of the ear, and worn as an ornament.

सालपर्णी s. f. A sort of anise (Anethum panmorium).

तालपुषक s. m. A medicinal application to the eyes.

तालमञ्जामा s. m. A medicinal herb (Barleria longifolia).

तालम्ली s. f. A plant (Curculigo orchioides).

तालवन s.m. A fan.

साला s. m. A lock.

तालाच्या s.f. A perfume. साखी s. f. A sort of key or pin ; clapping of the hands together; a species of the mountain palm (Coryph : t :liera): a plant (Flacourtia cataphracta). Tali ek hath se bajni, Is used to express an impossibility. Tali bajana, To clap the hands (generally by way of censure and ridi cule); to hoot, Tali marns, To hoot. ताल s. m. The palate, the ridge or slit in the roof of the mouth; a disorder in horses, the lampreys.

सात s. m. A sheet of paper ; proof trial, easy ; speed.

mis. m. Heat; passion, rage; strength, power; splendour, dignity; twist, eail, contortion. Tao dena, To twist; to stroke the whiskers : to heat (as iron). Tao pech khana, To be heated ; to be angry.

तित

aran adv. So much, so far, so many, unto, until, the correlative to यात्रक nowat.

नावमा v. a. To heat, to raise heat by blowing with bellows, to anneal; toprove, to assy; to twist.

नाम s. m. Cloth of gold, brocade.

HIH s. m. The cards, a game at cards ; brocade, cloth of gold.

साम् वासुको | pron. Of him, that or it.

atfs pron. To him, her or it.

साहिती s. f. A kind of dish, viz. rice boiled with bar-i, which consists, of pulse (Phascolus radiatus) gound in a wet state mixed with giuger, pepper, &c. and dried in small lumps. तिकतिक s.f. A sound used in driving

a cart.

विक्रीनिया adj. Priangular.

fam s. m. A small piece of flesh, asteak, a chop, a collop, a slice.

fam ady. Bitter; fragrant s. m. A bitter taste, bitterness; fragrance, perfame.

「南新 s. m. A kind of gourd (Trichosanthes diaca 1: a sort of Gentian (G, cherayta). [catum).

तिक्रगम s. f. A plant (Lycopodium imbri-तित्रतुम्बी s. f. At bitter gourd.

विकादम्बर s. f. A medicinal kind of moon- • plant.

famua s. m. A cucurbitaceous plant (Momordina mixta).

तिकाप्रकेष s.f. A potherb (Hilancha repens) ; a. plant (. Menispermum glu-Brum).

तिसमञ्ज s. m. A kind of cucumber (Trichosanthes direca).

বিজ্ঞ বীভিজ্জিল s. f. A medicinal plant. বিজ্ঞানী s. f. A plant (Aletris hyacinthoides).

चित्रसाम s. m. A plant (Capparis trifolista).

तिक्रमार s.m. A sort of Mimosa (M. catechu).

नितिका s. f. A bitter gourd.

विश्वरा करना v. a. To trifallow, to plough three times.

तिखारना v. a. To confirm, to prove, to establish by argument; to inquire carnestly; to trifallow.

तिमुख s. m. A stone in music. adj. Threefold, triple.

तिमुना adj. Threefold.

faw s. m. Heat, also the heat of spices, or pungency. adj. Hot, pungent, acrid; sharp (as a weapon).

तिकान adj. Sharp, virulent, bitter, severe.

तित्ररी } s. f. A tertian fever or निजारी } ague.

तिवरी s. f. A. plant, commonly called Teori.

तिस adv. Thither, three.

वितना } adj. So many, so much, Titnefeaनी men, in so much (time).

तितर्वितर adj. Dispersed.

নিবিষা s.f. Patience, resignation, sufferance, endurance.

तितिचित } adj. Patient, resigned.

 fafaer s. m. An obstacle, impediment, stratagem.

লিবিভ s. m. One of the seven Korans or astronomical periods so called; as sort of sweetment made of sesamum, ground, and baked with sugar.

fafat s. m. The Francoline partridge, fafaft s. m. The Francoline partridge; the name of a muni, and one of the

early teachers of the Tyttiri, or black Yajur Ved; the Yajur Ved, namedafter its teacher.

तिष } s. m. Alugar day, one thir-तिष } tieth of a whole lunation.

तिथिचय s. m. Day of new moon. तिद्री adj. Three-doored.

तिथर adv. Therc. तिथारा ३ m. A plant (Euphorbis iquo-

run); the meeting of three streams.
বিল্ pron: pl. inflect. Them, those. He,
she, it, that. Tinhen, To them or
those, &c. [throb.

বিশ্বসা v. n. To flutter, palpitate, firem s. m. A straw, a bit of the stalk of grass. Tinke danton men lena, To make submission, confess inferrity, or ask for quarter. Tinke chunna '(lit. to' pick straws), To be intoxicated.

तिनिज़ी s. m. The tamarind tree.

तिकी s. f. A kind of rice.

first s.m. A species of ebony, from the fruit of which a kind of resin is obtained, that is used in India as pitch for caulking vessels, &c. (Diospyros glutinosa).

বিজ্ঞী s.f. The resinsus fruit of a sort of ebony.

faulti and. Thrice. s. m. A hall or room with three doors.

तिमि s.m. A fabulous fish of an enormous size, said to be one liundred: Yojans long.

विभिक्तिक है. m. A large fabulous fish.

নিশিকিলনিৰ s. m. A fabulous fish larger than either of the preceding.

নিনিম adj. Wet moist, moistened damp; steady, fixed, unmoved, washaken. বিনিম s. m. Larkness; gutta serena,

বিদিৰ s. m. Larkness; gutta serena, total blindness from affection of the optic nerve. fairs s. m. A kind of pumpkin ground; a water melon.

fag s. f. A woman, a wife.

factor; s. m. A mixture of dry ginger, long pepper, and black pepper.

तिरका s.f. Thirst, desire.

तिरखंडी s. f. A trivet.

fatel adj. Crooked, across, crosswise, bent, oblique, awry, askant; perverse; affected, foolish. Tirchha dekhna, To squint, to look askant. Tirchha Lagna, v. n. To strike obliquely, to glance. Tirchhi ankharna, To look angrily, to cast unkind looks. Tirchhi nazare, Leer, ogle, side glance, squint.

तिरकाणा v.n. To crook, to place in a transverse position, slant v.n. To be perverse; to be affected.

तिरिक्षाना v. n. To edge, to go obliquely. तिरिक्षाना v. n. To trickle, to drop.

तिरना o. n. To swim.

तिरपद s. m. A tripod.

fतरपन adj. Fifty-three.

सिर्पीतिया s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

तिरक्षा s.m. A medicine composed of three myrobalans.

तिरवाचत s. m. An agreement confirmed three times.

factor adj. Standing awry, or bending (properly with legs, loins and neck bent).

নিম্মনী adj. Having the position described under tirbanga, and epithet of Krishna. s.f. A species of poetical measure.

fate adv. Indirectly, underhandedly, secretly, covertly; crookedly, awry; a particle of abuse or depreciation.

fates adj. Sixty-three. [proach.

factor of m. Disrespect, abuse, re-

तिरिक्या s. f. Disrespect, contempt, reproach.

faर्ख्य adj. Reviled, abused, reproached, censured.

বিয়া (contraction of Ters), Thy, thine. বিয়াৰা v. s. To cause to pass over or swim; to save.

तिरान्ते adj. Ninety-three.

तिराव s. m. Swimming.

तिरास s. f. Thirst.

तिरास चाना v. n. To be thirsty.

तिरासी adj. Eighty-three.

तिरिया s.f. A woman, maid, female, wife.

तिरियाचित्व s. m. Female wiles.

तिरियावेद s. m. The science of women, knowledge of women.

तिरिवाराज्य s. m. Amazon country, petticont government.

तिरी adj. Three.

तिरीविरी adj. Dispersed.

तिरेन्द s. m. The float of a fishing line, a float or buoy.

तिरेन्दा s. m. A. float.

নিবৌদ্ধ adj. Covered, concealed, hidden, removed or withdrawn from sight.

तिरौंदा s. m. A buoy, beacon.

विभिन्न s.m. A pot of oil, &c., swimming on water; an ocular spectrum or spark appearing before the eye from the internal state of that organ. विभिन्न ए. n. To vibrate, dazzle, thrill, shake; to glisten as grease or oil, swimming on water.

तिविराष्ट्र s. f. Vibration.

নিনিব s.f. Vertigo, darkness (Perhaps amaurosis or blindness from disease). নিষ্টু ব s. f. A district on the Gandsk, Tirhut.

तिइ विद्य adj. Belonging to Tirkut, produced in Tirkut. farm s. m. A plant bearing au oily seed; the oil and seed being both much used in oriental cooking (Sesa-(mun orientale); a mole or spot, compared to a seed of sesamum. Tilon men tel nihin kahna, (lit. to say there is no oil in the seeds of sesamum, is) To say snow is black, to deny the most evident truth.

R可称 s. m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unguents upon the fore-head, and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or a sectarial distinction; a freekle, a mole, a natural mark on the person; a title, especially in composition, implying pre-eminence.

faunt s. f. A kind of necklace, adj.

Spotted, freckled, a person having moles or spots; chief, principal.

বিজনত s. m. The farina of sesamum. বিজন্মজন s. m. A mole or spot on the

body; a man so marked. 情報要求 s. m. A sweetmeat, composed of pounded sesamum and sugar.

faur s. m. An inhabitant of Tylongo, in which the first soldiers were clothed and disciplined in the European manner; (hence) a soldier or rather sepoy.

तिस्त्री s. f. A kind of (child's) kite. तिस्त्रहा s. m. A cock rouch (Blatta).

্ৰেশ্যৰৰী s. f. Mixture composed of rice and sesamum seeds; a mixture of black and gray hairs in the head.

নিজন্ম s.f. A kind of sweetment. বিভন্ন s.m. A necklace of three strings.

• तिसतेस s. m. Sesamum oil.

নিকাষীর s. f. Sesamum made up in the shape of a cow, for the purpose of being presented to Brahmans. तिलपणी s. f. Red sandars (Pterocarpus santolinus).

तिलिप्सिट s. m. A 'sort of sweetment made chiefly or ground sesamum.

নিক্তিয় } s. m. Barren sesamum, bearing no blossom, or its seed yielding no oil.

तिल्बर s. m. A kind of bird.

तिलमय adj. Made or composed of sesamum,

तिलगपर s. m. A kind of pea-fowl, marked with spots resembling the seed of the sesamum.

तिनस्तरो s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar.

तिलड़ा adj. Oily.

বিলাই s.f. A small frying pan. বিলাৰই s.f. A plain in the vicinity of Sirhind, abounding in robbers; hence,

it is applied to any situation of danger.

from s. m. A kind sweetmeat (eaten particularly by the Hindus when the sun enters capricorn).

fasiti adj. (Spoken of a lamp) Sloped so that the oil may reach the wick.

নিজীমনা s.f. One of the courtezans of Swarg, the paradise of the Hindus. নিজীবন s.m. A dish of milk, rice and sesamum.

तिसी s.f. The spleen or milt, Taptilli, s.f. Disorder of the spleen.

facts s. m. A hall or building with three doors.

तिवासी adj. Stale, three days old. तिष s.f. Thirst.

तिणा s. f. Thirst ; temptation.

নিম্ব s. m. The eighth nakshatra or lunar mansion, an asterism figured by an arrow, and containing three stars, of which one is Cancer, adj. Auspicious, fortunate, lucky.

fau inflect. pron. That which &c. Tisupront, adv. Moreover. Tis-per, or, Tis-pi, adv. Besides, over and al ove, moreover, by, nevertheless, still, then, after that, thereon, whereat, Tis-per-bhi, adv. Thereon, neverthe less, yet, still. [pire.

निसरायत s. m. A third person, an um-

तिमृत s. m. Name of a medicine.

faget adj. Seventy-three.

fastist v. a. To tertiate, to do the third time, to triple.

तिस्रावट 8. f. Triplication.

fant pron. Your, of you.

faur's s.f. The third part; the third part of a piece of cloth for making tronsers.

নিয়াৰন s.m. A third person; a court of inquiry, three or four persons by whom any cause is arbitrated, an arbitrator.

तिहारी } pron. Your, of you. तिहारी

faft pron. pl. Those very, them, them-selves.

far adi. Three.

নিৰ্থ adj. Pungent, hot; angry, passionate; sharp, acute, penetrating, ardent, virulent, bitter, evere.

নীৰত s. m. Posteriors.

तीक्र s.f. A star by substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma angustifolia.

नोचच adj. Hot, warm, pungent, ardent, zealous, active, warm; keen, intelligent; angry, passionate, sharp (as a sword) penetrating. ती ख क स्टूक s. m. Thorn apple (Datura metel).

तीसकट s. m. The onion.

तीश्च क्रमान ady. Active.

तीखगम s. m. Morungo Hyperanthera; the gum olibanum tree, small cardamonis.

नीश्चन्य s. f. Mustard seed ; orris root, Pan lanus odoratissimus.

तीश्चतेल s. m. Resin ; the milky juice of the Euphorbia, spirituous or vinous liquor.

तीखपन } s. m. Coriander.

तीखप्य s. m. Cloves.

सीक्ष्र स s. m. Saltpetre.

নী আংগ্ৰাs. m. Barley.

तीचा adj. Pungent, hot, warm; angry, passionate; sharp (as a sword), penetrating.

सोची adj. f. Sharp (tone in music).

तीब्र s. f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma augusticlia.

নীজন adj. Ardent, sharp. (night. নীজ s. f. The third day of a lunar fort-নীজা s. m. The third day after the death of a relation, on which oblations are offered (used among Mahomedans).

तीव } adj. Bitter; pungent, hot,

alax s. m. A partridge (Perdix Francolinus). Titar ke munh lachhmi (lit, good fortune proceeds from the mouth of the partridge, which is a small bird of little estimation), A saying used when a person of mean understanding is chosen to decide in matters of which, he is incompetent to judge.

alati s. f. A butterfly; a sort of medicine.

सीवा adj. Bitter ; pungent, hot, acrid. तीन adj. Three.

तीनतर्ह adj. Dispersed, scattered. rnined (only).

की नथान s. m. The private parts ; penis तीनी ऋष s. m. (sec देवकृष, पिळकृष ऋषिकृष, the three kinds of human obligations. नीन स्वस्था s. f. The three periods into which human life divides itself, viz.

childhood, manhood, sevility.

सीनीक। ब s. m. Present, past, future. तीनगन s. m. The principle of truth, the love of sensual enjoyment. Dark-

नी बिर s. m. Darkness, obscurity. त्रीय s. f. A woman or female in general. तीयल s. f. A suit (of female's clothes).

सीर s. m. A shore, a bank ; an arrow. adv. Near.

तीरण s. m. A holy spot visited by pilgrims, especially at sacred waters. नीरना v. To swim, float, cross over. तीरमृक्ति s. m. Tirhut, a province in the

east of central Hindustan, lying on the north of Behar . being bounded on the west and east by the Gandaki and Kausiki rivers, on the south by the Ganges, and on the north by the

skirts of the Himalaya mountains. तीराहा s. f. The junction of three rivers, lit. having three mouths or faces.

तीर्थ adj. Crossed, passed over ; spread, expanded.

तीर्चपदी s.f. A plant (Curculigo orchioides).

कीय s. m. Pilgrimage ; a holy place, any place of pilgrimage as Bunares; Gya, Jaggernauth, &c. but especially particular spots along the course of sacred streams as the Ganges, &c. and in the vicinity of some piece of water or sacred springs.

तीर्थराञ्ज s. m. The city of Pryag or Alla-. habail.

तार्थराजी s.f. The city of Benares, the most eminent of the Tirths or places of pilgrimage.

तीर्थवासी s.m. One who resides at places of pilgrimage.

तीकी s. f. A har (of a cage, &c.); the calf of the leg.

तीवर s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and solling game; a fisherman, one who lives by fishing.

तीवरी s. f. The wife of a hunter.

तीन adv. Much, excessively, endless, adv. Much, excessive, endless, unbounded, unlimited; pungent, hot,

तीववेदना s. f. Agony, excessive pain, the pain of damnation.

लीका s. f. A river in the east of Bengal. तीस odj. Thirty.

सीसरा s. m. A third party.

तीमरा adj. Third.

तसरे adv. In the third place, thirdly. तीसी s.f. Flax (Linum usitatis simum). तुष adj. Your.

तुंग s. m. Prominent, high,

तुंब adj. High, tall.

₫ s. m. Face.

girt s. f. Beak, snout.

तंदी s.m. (adj.) A person having a large stomach or navel.

तक s.f. One line of a poem, a ryhme : a moment.

तक्ता इ. m. तुक्ली इ. f. A kind of paper kite.

तुकाचौरी ह s.f. The manna of bam तुगा boos.

gr adj. High, tall, clevated, lofty. s.m. A tree (Rottleria tinctoria): top, vortex, altitude,

तक्षमढ s. m. A restive elephant, or one 34--- 38

in rut. s. f. A river in the Mysore country, the Tumbhadr.

तुक्रभद्दा s. f. A river in Mysore.

तुकी s.f. A kind of basil Ocymum gratissimum).

বৃদ্ধ adj. Void, empty; contemptible, বৃদ্ধনা s. f. Worthlessness. [sap. तৃদ্ধানা বি easter oil tree as having no বৃদ্ধানা বি e. s. To cause to break.

तुष्ट्राना । तुम्र s. f. A vessel with a spout.

तुत्रराता १ v n. To lisp, speak imper-तुत्रलाना feetly as a child.

na s. m. A collyrium extracted from the Anomam Zanthorhiza; blue vitriol sulphate of copper, especially medicinally considered as an unjun, application to the eyes.

নুষ্ঠান্তৰ s. m. Blue vitriol, considered as a medicinal application to the eyes. নুষক s. m. Cross, out of temper.

गुन्की s. f. A fine kind of bread or

तुन्ताना v. n. To sound.

हुन्दक्षी s. f. The navel.

तुष्परिमार्ज रे s. m. A tazy man, a तुष्परिमार्ज रे sloth, a sluggard, passing his whole time in stroking his sides. [vated navel.

sides. [vated navel.

gfram apj. Having a prominent or elegras. m. Toon, a tree of which the
wood bears some resemblance to mahogany and is used for furniture, &c.
(Cedrelo tuns). adj. Tormented,
vexed, injured, cut, broken, cut
down, &c.

तुत्रवाय s. m. A tailor.

तुषक s.f. A musket.

নুম 2d. pers. pron. pl. You Tum ap, You yourself. Tumko, or, Tumhen, To you. Tum tano, pron. 2d. pes. mas, gen. pl. You, of you.

तुमनि s. f. A troop of soldiers.

तुमरा adj. Your.

तुनसा adj. Like you.

तुनाई s. f. The price of carding.

तुमाना v. a. To cause to be carded.

नुसार adj. Your.

নুসুৰ s. m. Mingled or tumultuous combat; uproar, clangour, tumult, tumultuous sound or noise; Beleric myrobolan.

तुष्या s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.

तुब्बिया s. m. A pot.

गुली s. f. A long gourd (Cneurbita, lagenaria); a small hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.; a kind of pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes).

3π s.f. A kind of regetable (Cucumis acutangulus).

तुरक s. m. A Turk ; a soldier, a Mahomedan.

सर्व s. m. A horse.

TT s. m. A horse.

ব্ৰন্তমন্ত্ৰ s. m. Necessary celibroy, leading a life of continence in consequence merely of being without female society.

त्रों s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). त्रों s. m. A horseman, cavalier, &c. adj. Equestrian, riding, mounted, or carried on a horse.

तुरको s. f. Aplant (Physalis flexuosa). तुरत { adv. Quickly, instantly direct-तुरत } ly.

तुर्वत s.f. A kind of stitch.

gauge v. a. To sew (in a particular manner), to stitch.

तुर्वाना v. a. To stitch, darn, hem.

तुरमती s.f. A kind of hawk (Falco fusciatus, or Falco dubius). तुरही } s.f. A trumpet, a clarion.

gent s. f. Your.

तुरावान् adj. Qnick, soon.

तुरावती adj. Quick, swift, expeditions.

तुर्धे s. f. A brush, or a fibrons stick used by weavers to clean and separate the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrons stick used for that purpose.

तुरीय s. m. The divine Being, or universal Spirit.

বুৰজ্ব s. m: Incense; a country, perhaps Turan or Turkistan, the original country of the Turks.

Jean s. m. pl. The inhabitants of Turushing

इते इतेष्ठने साम् क्षेप्रकार कर्मा क्षेप्रकार कर्मा क्षेप्रकार कर्मा क्षेप्रकार कर्मा क्षेप्रकार कर्मा क्षेप्रकार क्षेप्र क्षेप्रकार क्ष

मुद्देश ady. Nimble, active ; flippant.

adj. Alike, like, Tul bythna, To be weighed against valuable things, which are to be given in alms; to sit straight and compact (as in a boat which might be overset by sitting uneven or caretessty). Tul rahna, To stand front to front, ready for battle or opposed.

तुसतुनामा v. n. To become soft (from moisture as a mud wall in the rains, as a sore or boil when suppurating, or as fruit getting rips).

मुला v. n. To be weighed or balanced; to be drawn up in array (as one army against another),

নুলবুল adj. A stutterer, a stammer. বুলবুলানা v. To articulate imperfectly as a child.

तुलची s.f. A small shrub held in veneration by the *Hindus*, Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum) ; Tulsi is said to have been a nymph beloved by Krishn and by him metamorphosed into this plant. Tulsi ka hira. Beads made of the wood of the Tulsi plant. Tulsi dana, A gold ornament. Tulsi dan, n. prop. Name of a Gosain, and author of the Tulsikrik-Ramayan.

নুজনীহল s.m. The leaf of the Tulsi-plant. নৰা s.f. Measure by weight; a measure or weight of gold and silver, 100 paths or about 125 onnees troy; a balance, especially a fine balance, goldsmith's or assay scales; the sign Libra of the zodiac; the practice of being weighed against gold or any kind of valuable substance, which is afterwards given to priests.

तुलकोटि s. f. An ornament of the feet or toes; a hundred millions.

तुलाकोश s. m. A sort of ordeal, in which the accused is tried by being weighed in a scale.

বুখাহান s. m. A gift of any articles to Brahmans equal in weight to the person of the donor.

gaiding s. m. The berry of the Abrus

precestorius, from which the goldsmith's or jeweller's weight in India
is taken; the berry weights 15/16 grain
troy, the factitions weight about 23/16.
3 and Part of an Indian carriago,
which rests on the axletree arm and
supports the body of the carriage.

ble the wagtail. [trec.

The Simal or silk cotton

The Simal or silk used for that purpose.

The Simal or silk used for that purpose.

The Many of the Simal or silk used for that purpose.

The Many of the Simal or silk used for that purpose.

The Many of the Simal or silk used for that purpose, [logous to.]

तुष्तान s m. Drinking together-तुषर s.m. A tribe of Ropputs. तर्ष s. f. A kiad of lentil (Cytisus capan). तृष s.m. The husk of chaff or rice, &c.:] Beledic myrobuttan.

त्रपास s. m. A conflagration of chaff, or of the husk of corn; a capital punishment; burning; twisting dry straw, &c., around the limbs of a criminal, and setting it on fire.

gait s. m. Frost; cold; thin, rain, midst; ice, or snow.

नुपारा adj. Cold, frigid, frosty.

तुषित s. m. A kind of subordinate deity, one of a class of thirty-six.

ਗੁਝ adj. Pleased, satisfied, rejoiced, gratified. [fication.

বুলনা s.f. Delight, satisfaction, grati-বুলি s.f. Pleasure, satisfaction, gratification, content.

तुस s. m. The husk of corn or rice. नुहिन x. m. Frost, snow.

न pron. 2nd. pers. sing. Thou, Too too, sound of calling a dog.

तुषर 8. f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus cajan). स्ताकरना v. a. To dispute, to wrangle, to abuse.

त्वा s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.

न् बी s.f. A small gourd; the snout of a crocodile, alligator, &o.; a kind of musical pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibits snakes).

तकारना v. a. To thou.

ব্য s. m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toona).

त चीर ३. m. A quiver.

न त s. m. The mulberry tree.

म मदे क. f. A vessel with a spout.

त्तक } s.m. Blue vitriol, tutty. त्तमा

तसन s. m. Chips, clippings, filings, fragments.

न नी s. f. A parrot, parroquet.

तन s.m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toons).

त्रमना v. a. To card or separate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

तमरी s. f. The snout of a crocodile, alligator. &c.

त्रिया s. m. Thread made of carded .cotton, in opposition to that made of what has been heat only.

त्वा v. s. To card or separate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

तुर्व adv. Quick, swift, quickly. ady.

त्व s. m. Resembling,

নুজনাজী s. f. A thick roll of cotton, from which it is drawn out in spring. বুজী s. f. A steelyard; a weaver's fibrous stick or brush; a pencil, a painter's brush or a stick with a fibrous extremity used as one; a rod, &c, dipped into crucibles to try if their contents are in fusion.

सदर s. m. A tribe of Rayputs; a bull without horns though of an age to have them; a beardless man; a eunuch.

तृष्टिन s. m. Snow, frost. तृष्टी pron. Thon, thyself.

হৰ s. m. Grass, any gramineous plant. হৰ্মসন্ধ adj. Graminivorons, one whose food is grass.

बचकाति s. m. The vegetable kingdom. दणराज s. m. A palmyra tree. हणात् adj. Like grass, like a straw ; worthless, insignificant.

द्रचस adj. Grassy, made, &c. with grass. द्रचारिष s. m. Conflagration of chaff; burning a criminal wrapped up in straw.

हणावत s.m. A certain Rakshas. दतीय adj. Third. Tritial prakriti, s.f. A cunuch: the neuter gender.

द्यप्त adj. Pleased, satisfied, contented. द्यमाना adj. Contented, satisfied, tranquil. दिप्त s. f. Pleasure, satisfaction, content. दफ्त s. f. The three myrobalans.

हमति s.f. Trinity; the three principal

द्या s. f. Thirst, wish, desire; a plant (Commelina salicifolia).

त्रवाबना ady. Thirsty.

दिवत adj. Thirsty, thirsting (physically or metpahorically).

হজ্ম akj. Thirsty (physically or metapherically), desiring, longing for. cupidinous. [avarice. হজ্ম s. f. Thirst; ambition, desire, wish,

हणाच्य s. m. Content, resignation, patience.

हन s. m. Grass, grass-blade.

ते They, those. postpos. From, by, with, in, than.

न prepos. From, by, with, in.

तंत्राखीस adj. Forty-three. तंत्रीस adj. Thirty-three.

तेंद्रभा s. m. A leopard (Felis leopardus).

तंद् s. m. A fruit (Dyospyros ebenum or glutinosa).

तेईम adj. Twenty-three.

ন্ধ স s. m. Ardour, splendour, glory, refulgence, strength, energy; fire, sharpness pungency. [Sara.) নিস্কুল s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum নুস্নী s.f. A plant (Aletris hyacynthoides). तेजपास s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassid, cassia. [tic.

तेजनान adj. Glorions, splendid, energe-तेजनती s. f. An aromatic | Lint (Pothos officinalis).

तेजनस adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-

ने जसी adj. Glorious, refulgent, splendid. तेजस्वर adj. Restorative, invigorating, productive, tonic.

तेत्रको रे adj. Glorions, luminons, तेजीमम brilliant, splendid, energetic; famons; colebrated.

तेजीमस s. m. A tree (Premna spinosa). तेजीवती s. f. A plant bearing a fruit resembling peper.

तें तर adj. A few th son or daughter. तें व adv. So much, thus, much.

नेपनी s. f. A kind of stitch.

तेमन s. m. Wetting, moistening, moisture wet, damp; a sauce or condiment.

तेमनी s. f. A chimney, a fire place.

तेरा pron 3d per. gen. case, Thy, thine. तेरस s.f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

तेरह adj. Thirteen Terahwan adj. Thirteenth.

तेरस s. m. The third year past or to before last, year after the next.

a s. m. Oil. Tet charhans, v. s. To anoint the head, shoulders, hands, and feet of the bride and bridegroom with oil mixed with turmeric during the marriage ceremony.

तेशिन s. f. Wife of an oilman.

तिश्विष s. m. Name of a colour, dark bay. Teliyo suran, adj. Light bay coloured.

तेली s. m. A caste whose business is to sell oil, an oilman. होतन s. m. A garden, a pleasure garden or play-ground : play ; sport, pastime. तेवर s. m. Swimming or giddiness in the head.

शेवस्य s. m. The year past or to come, year before last, year after the next. तदरामा v. a. To have a swimming in the head, to be giddy, to be faint, to stagger, to fall down senseless from a blow.

तेवरी तेवरको तेवरको तेवरको हिन्दा है s.f. A frown. Teori charhaa, A frown to come on.

तेवषार १. m. A holiday, a festival. तेवी adv. So, in like manner, as ; at the

same time, then. तेशिषा adj. Dim-sighted, purblind. तेष s.m. Anger, passion, vehemence.

तेहर s. m. A female ornament worn round the ankles.

त पा s. m. Steadfastness, peremptoriness, perserverance, speaking with warmth, vehemence.

तेषी adv. Exactly then, ते adj. So many. Tybár. So often. ते pron. Thou.

तेंतीस adi. Thirty-three.

तित्व s. m. One of the astronomical periods called Karan.

तैतिर s. m. A flock of partridges, a Francoline partridge.

Francoine purcence.

Francoin

तैतिरीयक s. m. A follower of the Tititri branch of the Veds. नैरना v. a. To swim, to cross over.

লৈৰ s.m. Oil, expressed oil, prepared from sesamum, mustard, &c.; storax, gum Benzoin, incense.

तेलकिइ s. m. The oil cake, a cake made of the oily seed, after expression.

নক্ষ s. m. The part of the peninsula south of Orisza, the modern Carnatic. নক্ষা s. m. An inhabitant of the country called Tylanga, or the Carnatic; a sepoy or native foot soldier dressed

in the European costume. तैसवीरका s. m. A. cockroach, or oilstealer.

तैलमालो s.f. A wick, the cotton of a lamp.

तेलफाटिक s. m. A sort of gem (Amber ?) तेलिनो s. f. The wick or cotton of a lamp.

ते लिसासा s. f. A oil mill.

নীনী s. m. An oilman, an oil grinder or preparer. adj. Relating or belonging to oil, oily, &c.

तेषा adj. Such. adv. So in that manner, in like manner, at the samemoment

al A conjunction introducing the answer to a conditional proposition; Then, that; as, Jo tu aways to passega, If then with come, then shalt then recieve. An adverb denoting asseveration or emphasis; as, Myn to ata the, pur usue an nah dipa. I was in fact coming, but he prevented me.

at adv. Sc, in that manner, then.

तींद s. f. A pot belly.

तोंडी s. f. The navel.

तोंदेव } adj. Pot-tellied, gor-bellied,

afti ado. Exactly then.

all s. m. The breach made iy a gun,

&c.; the strength of a current; whey. Tor karna, To make a breach (as a ball). Torjor, s. m Cutting out (as cloth by a tailor); arranging a speech; &c. Tor data, To break and destroy, to pull down. Tor tar, s. m. Breaking and destroying; plain speaking. Tor dena, To break, to spoil. Tor phor, s. m. Breaking, plain speaking, Tor lens, To gather, to pluck (fruit).

तो है s.f. A not work thrown over a

तोड़त s.m. A dried pod of tori, kept for seed,

तो इना v. a. To break, tear, rend, turst, split, demolish; to change (money), to pluck or gather (fruit, flowers, ýc.), to reduce (in artilimetic). Dam torna, To be at the point of death.
Roti torna, To eat the bread of idleness. Torna jorna, (to bresk and join), Expresses absolute power over any thing.

[the wrist.

ती इस s. m. A large thick ring worn on ती इसई s.f. Price paid for breaking or changing coin.

लोड़बाना v. a. To cause to be broken, or to be changed (coin).

নাস্থা s. m. Scarcity, want; a purse, a bag, containing one thousand rupees; the match of gun; a bank, an island, a bar; a ploughshare; a piece of rope; an ornament like a chain. Toredor, A matchlock.

নী স্থানা v. a. To cause to be broken or changed (as money).

तोको e.f. Mustard seed. adv. Till, up to. तोतना v. s. To weave tape or ribland. तो । जा adj. Stutteror, stammerer, lisping, lisper, stuttering, stammering, speaking imperfectly as a child. तीतजाना. v. n. To lisp, to speak imperfectly as a shild.

तीता s. m. A parrot; the cock of a matchlock.

तंति s.f. A female parrot.

तोपड़ा s. m. A fly ; a kind of pigeon.

त्रोपना v. a. To bury, to cover. त्रोपाना र v. a. To have buried, to cause

तुपाना } to cover. तीवडा s.m. The bag in which horses

cat their corn.

नीमड़ी s.f. A hollowed gourd (Cucurbits la jenaria).

तीय s. m. Water.

ते यकाम s. m. A sort of cane, growing in or near water (Calamus fasciculatus).

নীয়ন্ত s. m. A sort of penance, drinking nothing but water for a fixed period.

तीयद s. m. A fragrant garss (Cyperus rotundus).

तोषधर s. m. A potherb (Masilia denara). तोषपिपाली s.f. A plant (Jussieua repens).

तीयपुषी s. f. Trumpet flower.

तोषपस्त s.m. The clearing nut-plant Strychnos poratorum): the nut being rubbed upon the inside of a water jar, occasions the precipitation of the impurities of the water poured into it.

तीयवज्ञी s.f. A kind of gourd (Momordies charantis).

तोर s.f. A kind of pulse; a net thrown over a woman's palki.

ती (ष s. m. The ornamented arch of a door or gateway; decoration of a gate-post; a bundle of fl. wers enclosed in a cloth of god tissue and hung at a gateway or door; strings of flowers suspended across gateways on public festivals. are s. m. A number of trays, containing various dishes of food, presented to others by great men; a nobleman a minister of state; pride Turahposh, s. m. A covering for dishes, &c. Torah-bandi, s.f. The arrangement or sending out of trays of food as presents.

तेरही s.f. A trumpet. तीरी s.f. A vegetable.

নাল & s. m. Weight, weighing. Tol নীল & tal, Weighing and measuring. নীল s. m. A tols, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 masha: of 5 rattis or 6½ grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 mashas jeweler's weight, and weighs nearly double, or 210 grains,

तीष 8 m. Pleasure, joy, happiness. तोही pron. To or for thee, thee.

and adv. Then, that time, in that case, moreover, that also, for, yes, well. Too bhi, adv. Even then; still, yet, nevertheless. Tow low, or, Tow lag, adv. Then in that case, till, then, so long.

al adv. So, in that manner, then.

त । सना v. a. To be affected or overcome with heat,

तीन p.ion. correl. That.

নীৰ s. m. Weight, weighing, Tool tol, Weighing and measuring.

तोलना v. a. To weigh, to balance; to confront (as two armies). Toolns nazaron men. To estimate the worth of any one.

तोबवादे | s. j. The price for weigh-तीलादे | ing.

तीवाना v. a. To cause to be weighed.

तीं निया s. m. A vessel used by Hin-तीबी s. f. dus. तीही adv. Then, even, still, in that case only, at that very time.

तीइ adv. Still, them, even, novertheless.

यज्ञ adj. Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted.

ৰস্ত্ৰা v. c. To quit, to abandon, to leave, or resign.

আৰ s. m. Abdication; leaving, abaudoning, renouncing, parting from, seperation, deserting.

लामना v. a. To leave, to abandon, to desert, to forsake, to quit, to abdicate, resign.

wifin s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects thoughts, passions, &c.

सानी part. act. Leaving, relinquishing, abandoning. s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons, terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.

न्याज्य adj. Fit to be left, forsaken or avoided.

लों adv. So in like manner, as ; at the same time, then.

स्तीया ody. Dim-sighted, purblind.

m. f. The city of Harischandra suspended, it is supposed in the air.

au s. f. An unchaste woman (a shame to her family).

बपारव्हा s.f. A whore, a harlot.

au sdj. Three.

মা s.f. The three Veds collectively, that is, omitting the Utharean, which not being a text-book for the customary religious rites of the Hin-ক্ষাৰ, is considered very commonly rather as an appendix to the other

ME

three, than a fourth work of equal authority; a plant (Conyza serratula).

লয়ীথৰ্ম s. m. Duty enjoined by the Veds, modes of sacrifice, &c, prescribed by them.

बयोदणी s. f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

वस्त adj. Timid, fearful.

ৰাখ s. m. Safety; preserving, protection; deliverance, salvation; a coat of mail. Tran karns, To free, to protect. Tran karts, s. m. A savionr, a deliverer.

बाषी s. m. A saviour, a deliverer. बायमाण a lj. A preserver, preserving. बाम s. m. Fear, alarm, terror.

वामदायी adj. Terrifying, fear-exciting.

बामा है odj. Afraid.

লাভ । interj. Mercy! save! Trah! লাভী । Trah! karna, To complain, to repent of sin, to cry, for mercy.

ৰাছিলাং s. m. Calling out for deliverance or mercy, cry out for mercy. বি adj. Three.

বিষয়ত s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia).
বিষয়ত s. m. The aggregate of three spices, viz. black and long pepper, and dry ginger.

विकादक s. m. A short of fish (Silurus); a plant (Ruella longifalia).

fawn s.f. A triangular frame or bar across the mouth of a well, over which passes the rope of the bucket, or to which one end of it is tied to guard against its slipping; a frame at the bottom of a well on which the masonry rests.

দিকাৰেম s. m. A name of Buddh, founder of the Buddh* sect. adj. Omniscient; who knows or is acquainted with the past, present and future. নিশ্বলন্থনী s. m. A Rishi or divine sage; a name of Buddh, adj. Omniscient. নিশ্বত s. m. The name of a mountain in the peninsula; any mountain with three peaks; sen-salt prepared by evaporation.

विकीश s. m. The vulva ; a triangle,

ৰিবাথ s. m. The aggregate of three human objects, or virtue, wealth, and love.

faut s. m. A country. in the northwest division of India, or m. pl. Trigarta, its inhabitants: apparently part of Lahore, said by Mr. Wilford, to be the modern Tahora, but differently described in the various Cosh.

বিষদা s. f. A lascivious woman, wanton.

বিস্থ adj. Thrice, three times, triple;
possessing the three gunas or properties; the aggregate of the three
qualities incident to human nature.

fau s. m. Grass, meadow grass.

विषया s.f. The state or abstract property of grass.

ৰিআৰিন্ধ s. m. A portion of the Yajur Ved; A follower of that branch of the Ved.

নিহুস্থা s. m. A wandering devotee, one who carries three long hamboo stayes. in his right hand; the religious man who has obtained a command over his words, thoughts and actions, or mind, body and speech.

বিৰক্ষা s. f. A cresping plant (Cissus pedata).

নিহম s.m. A god, a deity, an immortal; from enjoying perpetual youth, or being subject, as well as mortals, to the three conditions, of birth, being, and destruction.

विद्याहार s. m. Amrit or Ambrosia.

factor s. m. Disorder of the three humours of the body, vitiation of the bile, blood, and phlegm.

বিষয়াৰ s. m. The forehead marked naturally with three horizontal lines. নিম্ম s. m. A place where three roads meet.

बिपद s. m. A tripod.

विषदी s. f. A creeper (Cissus pedato) ; the girth of an elephant.

faure s. m. Fever (personified), the demon of fever as described in the Purans, with three feet, and three heads, alluding probably to it; three stages of cold, hot, and sweating.

faggs s. m. Three curved horizontal marks made across the forehead with cow-dung ashes; they are worn especially by the followers of Shin, or Sakti, and are indispensible in proceeding to worship the former.

fayt s. f. A district of Bengal, the modern Tiperah.

विपौजिया s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

বিদয়া s. m. A medicine composed of the three myrobalans.

নিইছী s.f. The conflux of three sacred rivers; especially that of the Canges, Jamuna, and supposed Saraswati, under ground at Allahabad, which city, is also so named.

faust adj. Standing awry or bending (properly with legs, loins, and neck bent).

[Awki adj. Having the position described under tribhanga. s. f. A species of poetical measure.

নিমুখন s. m. The three worlds, viz. heaven, earth, and hell; the universe. Tribhuwan-njagar, adj. Splendour of three worlds.

विषय s. m. A portion of the Rig Ved; a follower or student of the Trimadhu section of the Rig Ved.

নিম্মী s. f. The meeting of three roads. নিম্কা s. m. A mountain with three peaks.

বিমুদ্ধানী adj. Having three mouths, a meeting of three waters, roads.

বিমূপ্তি s. m. A Jyn saint; the united form of Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiv, or the Hindu trind; one possessing three forms or modes of being. s. f. Trinity.

fause s. m. A medicinal plant (Mollugo pentaphylla).

Faul s.f. A woman, maid, female. wife,
Tiriya-charitra, s. m. Female wiles.
Tiriyabed, s. m. The science of
woman, knowledge of woman. Tiriya-raj, s. m. Amazon country, petti-oat government.

বিষয়ামৰ s. m. Sin. as the impeder of the three objects of life. [river. বিষয়াম] s. f. The Yamuna or Junna বিষয়েম s. m. Three nights collectively,

or the duration of three nights. বিত্তীক s. m. The three worlds, i. e. heaven, earth, and the regions under the earth; the universe.

ৰিতীকী s. f. The aggregate of the three worlds, or, heaven, earth, and hell collectively. *Triloki-nath*, s. m. Lord of the universe.

বিষয়ঁ s. m. Three human objects or pursuits; as, love, daty, and wealth; three conditions of a king or state, prosperity, evenness and decay; or loss, gain, equality; the three qualities of nature, purity, blindness, and depravity.

[folia].

पिनर्पका s. m. A. plant (Ruellia longi-पिनेषी s. f. A name of the Ganges; the name is especially applied to the river at Allahabad, where it receives Jamuna and is supposed to receive under ground the Saraswsti.

विज्ञतार्थी s. f. A. potherb (Hilancha repens).

পিল স্থ

विष्य s, m. A sanctified teacher of the Jyn sect; the refuge or asyulum of the three worlds.

चित्रज s. m. A trident, a three pointed spike or spear, especially the crest of Shav.

fare s.f. A sort of metre, the stanza consisting of three lines of various lengths. I triangle.

faux s. m. A hill with three peaks; বিষয়ের s. m. A kind of fish (Cyprinus denticulatus).

विस्त्रा adj. The three periods of the day, or, dawn, noon, and eve.

विस्पर्ण s. m. A portion of the Rig and Yojur Veds.

च हो इ. f. Loss, destruction.

चेता s. f. The second Yug or age of the Hindus, said to consist of 1.296,000 years; the silver age.

बेद्द s. m. The modern city of Tipperah in Bengal.

चैविद्य s. m. A scholar in the three Veds, or one who possesses three sciences.

बीटकी s.f. A. Rágini, or one of the female personifications of music.

चोटी s. f. The heak or bill of a lird ; a kind of pike (Esor scolopax).

लक s.f. The tark of the bamboo; bark in general.

लक्षा र s. m. A sore or wound.

लक्षीरा s. f. The manna of the lamboo. क्या s. f. Skin ; bark ; rind ; woody cassia.

लरा s. f. Haste, speed. खरिस s. m. Despatch, haste.

Quickly, swiftly, ady, Quick, swift, expeditious.

घ

The seventeenth consumant of the Nagari alphabet, and second of the dental class, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by th.

ut s.f. A heap of clothes, &c.

s. m. A pillar, a post.

ways v. n. To cease, to be restrained, to stop, to be supported.

यक } s. m. Clot, lump (congealed). Thakke ke thakke, adj Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

यक्षक adj. Very wet, drenched.

यक्ता v. n. To be wearied or fatigued, to tire, to fag.

wat adj. Tired, weary.

चकाना v. a. To tire, harass, weary, fag, fatigue, fade.

यांकत adj. Wearied, stopped, motionless, astonished.

थका s. m. Clot, lump (congealed). Thakke ke thakke, adj. Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

चन s. m. Udder. Thandar, An animal with a large udder, or having an ndder.

यनी s. f. A blemish in horses.

यनेला s. m. Inflamed breast (of a woman); name of an animal,

यनेवरी s. m. A. Brahman or Thaneshwar, a famous Hindu shrine in Kurukshetra, near Karnaal.

चपक s. m. A pat, a tap.

TTE s. m. A box, slap, claw, cuff.

प्राची s.f. The clapping of hands. Thapri bayans, To clap the hands. Thapri marna, To hoot.

बपेड़ा s.m. A slap, a box, a clout, buffet; scalp.

चपड़ s. m. A box, a slap, claw, cuff.

यम s. m. A piller, a post.

धनना । v. n. To cease, to be restrained, to stop; to be supported.

चर s. m. A lion or tiger's den.

चर्चर adj. Trembling.

चरण्याना v. n. To tremble, quiver, shiver, shake, quake, vibrate.

यस्त्राइट हे.f. Tremour, shaking, trem-यस्त्री bling, quivering, shivering, vibration.

धरहरना धरहराना धरीना } n. v. To tremble, to quiver.

um s. m. Place, firm, or dry ground; a lion's or tiger's den.

यजना v. n. To palpitate, to flutter. यजपर adj. Moving on land, terrestrial (an animal).

चवधव बरना । v. n. To undulate, to चवधवाना । flactuate as a thick or glutinous fluid, to shake as the flabby flesh of a fat man.

बलवेड़ा s. m. Place of abode, and means of attaining one's desires.

यालिया s.f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish, generally of brass.

यवर्ष s. m. A mason, a brick-layer, an an architect.

ui v. n. past tense. Was.

यांग s. f. A den of thieves.

यांनी s. m. A receiver of stolen goods.

यांभ s. m. A post, a piller, a support, prop, an obstacle.

shield, protect, keep, retain, main-

tain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (a horse), to bear, assist, resist.

যাবলা s. m. A mound or bason of earth about the root of a tree.

याकना v. n. To fatigue, to be tired.

याती } s.f. A trust, what is given यायी } in charge, a charge.

und. m. A piece of cloth; a stall for cattle, a manger, a piece of coin), as Ek than cahruft, One gold mohur. Tinon than, The private parts of a male.

বাৰা s. m. A station, a guard; the inside of the lines of an army; a heap of bamboos.

चानी s. m. Householder, master of the house. s. f. A den of thieves.

viu s. f. A tap, a pat, a flap, paw; the sound of small drum.

হাবলা v. α. To patch (as a wall with condung); to tap. s, f. A religious ceremony performed at a certain season, at Agra and its vicinity.

will s. m. A mark of the paw.

षापी s. f. The noise of tapping; the instrument with which potters beat their earth, or with which torraces are beaten.

थान s. m. A post, a pillar, prop, support; an obstacle.

षायना v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, maintain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (s horse); to bear, assist, resist.

un } .s. m. A large flat dish.

greens, m. The basin at the root of a tree for holding water; the excavation in which a tree is to be planted; a large flat dish. ভাৰী s.f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish; a mount or basin about the root of a tree for holding water.

षाइ s. f. Bottom, ford.

चाही s.f. Fordableness.

fut adj. Fixed, stable, settled, tranquil, calm, smooth.

ছিংকাৰা v. n. To set one's relf off well in dancing, to dance with expressive action and gesture.

furn s. f. Rest, settlement, tranquility, steadfastness.

चिराना v. n. To settle (as liquor). चोर adı. Tranquil, calm. smooth.

युक्षकाना v. n. To spit on the mention of any disease, as a preservative against it, or, as a caution against an ovil oye.

युक्तकारे adj. Base, contemptible (fit to be spit upon).

सुकाना v. a. To cause to spit; to cause to reproach.

श्रुद्दिना adj. Miserly, narrowly.

यतकारना v. a. To drive away scornfully. घयनी s. f. The mouth of a camel, horse. &c.

ष्याना v. s. To frown, scowl, or pout. ष्याना v. s. To cause to be supported, propped or plastered.

युवयुव adj. Gently falling or dropping (as water from a small height).

um s. m. Spittle, saliva. Thúk chatta,
To brask one's promise. Thúk dena,
to leave, to give up. Thúk lagakar
chhorna. To treat with sovereign
contempt. Thúk lagana, To apply
spittle (å term of abuse and of most
indecent meaning).

चना v. a. To spit.

यूपी a.f. A pillar, post, column.

थ्यक्। s. m. Mouth.

च्चना s. m. The mouth of a camel, यूचनी s. f: horse, &c.

युनी s. f. A pillar, post, column.

बुहर s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neriifolia)

वेरेवेर s. m. Merry-making. Tha-i-tha-i karno, To make merry.

धेगली s.f. A patch (in a garment). धेगोधेबी s.f. Merry-making.

adidal s. J. Merry-making.

चैवा s. m. A stone set in a ring.

वेला s. m. वेलिया s. f. वेली s. m. A purse tied round the waist; a bag; the scrotum,

धीस s. m. A mount, heap, ready money; share, portion. Thokdar, s. m. A wholesale dealer.

बोड़ s. m. The spathe of a plantain tree before it shoots from the stem.

The adj. A little, small, scarce, few, scanty, seldon, some, less. Thora thora, A little by degrees. Thora thora hona, To be ashamed, to shrink with shame. Thora-bahut, adj. More or less. Thore se thora, adj. Very little.

चोत्रा adj. Bruised and spoiled (as the head of a mallet); toothless.

योचना adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull.

out a point. adj. Hollow, empty; toothless. Thothi bat, Word without meaning, nonsense.

योप s. m. An ornament or mounting at the end of the pole of a palki, &c.; head, topping.

श्रोपना v. s. To support, to prop; to plaster; to pile, to heap.

थीपियाना v.n. To trickle.

षीपी s. f. Box, thump.

बोद्द s. m. A plant (Euphorbia nerifolia).

5

The third letter of the dental class and eighteenth consonant in the N *gri alphabot, corresponding to the letter d, uttered with the point of the tongue pressed on the upper foreteeth.

the Deity. s.f. The Godhead. Dailagna, To be unfortunate. Dai-mara, adj. Struck by the Deity, accursed.

ty, punishment, castigation by amercement or putting to death; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

दंडात s.f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

दंडी s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

दंदनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to have at one's ease.

दंदाइ s. m. A blister, a pimple.

₹n s. m. A gadfly; a tooth; the sting of a snake.

इंबन्ड. m. Biting, stinging.

इसम्ब s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morunga).

दंशित adj. Bitten, stung.

दंशी s. f. A small gadfly.

स्तिर adj. Mischievous, noxious.

s. m. A son of Brahma, said to have been born from the thumb of his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the word. Daksh is said to have had sixty daughters, of whom twenty seven are represented as the nymphs who form the lunar asterisms, and wives of the moon: one of his daughters also was Sati or Durga, the wile of Shue, and seventeen were

married to Kasyap, and were the mothers of all created beings. Daksh was on one occasion decapitated by Shiv; be is sometimes regarded as an Anstar of Brahma himself; a muni and legislator who flourished in the beginning of the Treta yug; a scholar; a pundit; a dexterous or elever man. adj. Clever, able, dexterous.

द्वता s. f. Dexterity, cleverness.

ব্যাপ্তার হলে a. m. A name of Shis.

Daksh having on one occasion made
a sacrifice, to which he invited all
the gods, except his son-in-law Shiv,
and his wife Sati, they went unbid,
and being received unpolitely, the
latter threw himself into the fire, and
was burnt; a furious quarrel ensued
between Shis and Daksh, in which
the god de, apittaded his-father-in-law.
efrom adj. Right (not left); south,
southern.

द्विषण्की s. f. The south-east quarter. द्विषा s. f. A present to Brahmans upon solemn or sacrificial occasions,

a fee, reward; a form or figure of Durys, in which the right side is said to be advanced; donation to Brakmsn personified as a goddess, said to be born from Krishn's right side.

হজিখানি s. m. One kind of sacred fire, that which is taken from the domestic or consecrated fire, and is placed to the south.

इतियापन s. m. The Malaya mountain. इतियाम् adj. Turning the face southwards.

হবিখায়ৰ s. m. Southing. Dakshinayan surja, The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, | THI S. m. Wrangling, confusion, mutiny, southern declination.

इचिणीय adj. Meriting or deserving a

दिख्णेन adv. Southward, southerly, द्विख adj. Meriting or deserving of a reward.

दची ady. Capable, able, well qualified. दखन s. m. South; the southern part of India.

दखनी adı. Sonthern (generally, things or versons from the south). Dakhani pudina. Horse-mint. India. द्धिन s. m. South ; the southern part of दिखना adj, Sonthern, s. f. Southerly wind.

इंखिनायन s. m. Southing. Dakhinayan suria. The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

दश्यमी adi. Southern ('generally, things or persons from the south). Dakhina pudina, Horse-mint.

दगड s. m. A kettle-drum. mony. दम्बना v. c. To disbelieve a true testi-

दम्ख[s. m. Highway. दम्भाना v. a. To propel, to roll,

दगदगा adj. Shining.

टबरबाना v. n. To glow, gleam, twinkle. दग्रवाष्ट्र s. f. Splendour, sparkling, twinkling (as of a star).

द्रमधना v. a. To burn ; to tense, vex ; to chide, threaten, upbraid, revile, pester.

दगमगाना v. n. To tremble.

द्रमुद्रा s. m A kind of quilted vest worn as armour. ffire.

zwg adi. Burnt, schorched, consumed by दरभकास s. m. A raven, or perhaps the carrion crow.

zem s. m. A kind of chair.

sedition, rebellion.

दक्षेत adj. Mutinous, turbulent, mutineer, seditions.

दक s. m. See दच.

दिख्ना 8. ∫. See दिच्छ.

दटना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

दशका v. n. To spilt, to be rent or torn, to crack.

दहेडा s. m. Hard, impetuous rain.

दरमुखा ady. Beard-shaven, beardless. दहियल adj. Having long beard.

दछ s. m. A stick, a staff ; punishment, castigation by amercement or putting to death, fine, penalty; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

दराक s. m. A sort of metre, the stanza of which exceeds 27 syllables and may extend to 200.

दशका s.f. A country on the northeast coast of the peninsula, containing the celebrated forest. Dandkaranyah, in which Ram resided some time.

दखदका s. f. A sort of drum.

दण्डतामी s. f. A perforated copper vessel of given capacity, placed in a vessel of water; when filled with water it sinks, marking a certain portion of

दखनीति s. f. Ethics, the system of morals taught by Chanyakyah.

दखनीय adj. Punishable, deserving pun-[prinus bar biger 3)

दखपाल s. m. A. small kind of fish (Cy-दख्दन s. f. Hindu salutation, bow.

obeisance, prostration.

दखादखी s. f. Single stick ; cudgelling, fighting with sticks or staves.

दखायमान adj. Standing erect.

zfesa adj. Punished, chastised, sentenced, fined,

इन्द्रिन s. m. A staff or mace-hearer. इन्द्री s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis,

च्छा adj. Punishable, deserving punishment.

इतना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

इतवन } s.m. A tooth-brush, generally इतीन } of a twig.

en s. m. The name of a king; a title or surname of a man of the Vys or third tribe. adj. Given presented, made over, assigned.

रणसपुत्र s. m. A son given away by his natural parents to persons engaging to adopt him : one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old *Hindu* law.

इत्तपदानिक s.m. Resumption of a gift, taking back a thing given.

হলামন্ s. m. A youth or orphan who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents.

इतानपक्षमेन 's. m. Non-resumption of gifts,

₹fn s. f. Gift, donation.

ददनाना v. a. To chide, to sunb.

हरियाल s. m. Descent (by ancestors), pedigree, ancestors, paternal grandfather's family.

दही इ. m. A bump (occasioned by the bite of an insect).

दह s.m. Cutaneous and herpetic eruptions. [pes.

दहरीनिष् adj. Herpetic, diseased by Her-दह s. m. Herpetic eruptions.

₹fu s. m. Sour thick milk, milk curdled or coagulated by heat, or by the addition of buttermilk: it is an article of food of general use and high estimation among the Hindus, and is considered medicinally as the romedy or preventative of most disorders. Dadhikado, Coagulated milk and day,

thrown by people at each other in sport, on the festival of Krishna's birth-day.

द्धिपृथिका s. f. A flower (Clitorea ternata). [apple.

হবিদ্ধৰ s. m. The elephant or wood হামীৰ s. m. The name of a muni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be arned with his bones in lien of thunderbolts: they being the only effective weapons against the demon

द्धानि s. f. A medicinal plant.

Torak.

বৰ s. m. A tooth; an elephant's tusk or tooth.

ৰুজ্যাৰ s. m. A tree yielding an astringent-resin (Mimosa catechu); a plant (Mimusops etengi); a toothbrush, or a fibrous stick used for cleaning the teeth,

Enquaws. m. A kind of jasmine (jasminum pubescens); the petals, or leaves of the flower, resembling teeth in colour and shape; this comparison is frequent among the poets.

दन्तपीर s. f. The tooth-ache.

বৰ্ষণ s. m. A plan), the flower of which is compared to a tooth (Strychnos polatorum).

दणसूज s. m. The tartar of the teeth. इसमांच s. m. The gams.

হলমত s. m. Elephant or wood apple; common lime (Citrus acida); a plant bearing an acid fruit (Averrhos carambola).

হলমতা s. f. Wood sorrel (Oxalis monodelpha).

বন্ধাৰ s. m. A dentifrice, composed chiefly of the powdered fruit of the Chebulic myrobalan and green sulphate of iron. s दलकात s. m. The tooth-ache.

दलावजी s. f. A harrow or rake.

दनार्जें इ.s. m. A disease of the teeth or gums; gum boil, ulceration of the gunis. [tusked

स्व

दन्ती s. m. An elephant. adj. Toothed. दन्तीतीज s. m. A strong purgative nut, the fruit of the croton.

दल्द) adj. Having large or prominent tusks, tusked (an cle-दनौल ∫ phant, bear, Se.)

दना adj. Dental, of or belonging to the teeth (as a class of letters in the Nagari alnh ibet).

टल s. Enmity.

इन्द्रनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to live at one's case.

दराइ . m. A blister, a pimple.

दबा s. m. Membrum virile.

दपट s. m. Course, gallop.

दपटना v. n. To gallop, to rush ; to rebuke, to reprimand.

दपटाना v. त. To gallop.

टपहपाना v. a. To shine. दपटप करना

दपदपाचर s. f. Shining, splendour.

द्वना v. n. To crouch, to skulk, to be awed, to lie in ambash, to lark, to set (a dog), to twinkle. Dabak ana or,-jana or-rahna, v. n. To sneak, to skulk, Dabak bythna, v. n. To crouch.

' दवकर s. f. A trap.

द्वजाना v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, awe, daunt; to conceal,

दब की s. f. Ambush, crouching. Dabki marna, To lie in ambush.

दवकीचा है adj. Skulking, skulker.

adj. Ill-bred, brutish, barbarous, dolt, foolish, lout,

दबना v. n. To be snubbed, to crouch, to shrink, to be pressed down, he mowed down, give away, to be awed, to be concealed. Dab chalna, ornikalna. To be awad, be overpowered, Dab jana, To retire, to withdraw, to be mortified, to be suppressed. D. ib marua, To be crushed to death, Daband, v. n. To advance. Dabe paon, With silent steps, softly, gently.

दंस

ZAI s. m. Ambush. Daba marna, To lie in wait.

दबाक An oppressor.

दवाना v. n. To press down; to snub, chide, keep under, to check, curb, restrain, repress, awe, depress, how down, suppress. Dabae dalna, To keep concealed, to hide (generally fartively). Dibá marna, To overcome, to get the better of ; to crush to death. Dabá lena, To encroach upon.

दशाव s. m. Strength, power, authority, pressure, crush, suppression, depression, resignation, submissiveners. Debao manna, v. a. To stant in awe. Epadale. दर्बीला s. m. Name of a medicine ; a

दवेषांत adv. With silent stops, कांत्रि, gently. [domer in. दवेल s. m. A subject, a person under द्वीचना v. a. To conceal, to hide (g merally furticely).

द्वीस s. m. A. flint.

द्वीसना v. त. To tope, to tipple,

इम s. m. Taming, subduing ; selfcommand, endurance of the most painful austerities; self restraint, subduing the senses, suppressing the appetites, passions, &c.

इनक s. m. A tamer, a subduer (of the passions, appetites, &c.) s. f. Ardour, glitter, .

दमका v. n. To shine, to glow.

दशकता s. m. A squirt, a fire engine; a jack or crane (for raising weights). दशकोष s. m. A certain king of the

दमधीष s. m. A certain king of the lunar race.

दमद्रा s. m. Gold, silver, riches.

दमझो s, f. The eighth part of a pysa or pice. Damri ke tin tin hona, To be ruined, demolished.

इमदमाना v. n. To shake (as the branch of a tree).

दमन s. m. A. hero; a kind of flower (Artemisia); taming, subduing.

दमना n. n. To glitter, to flash; to bend with elasticity, to spring.

दमान v. o. To bend (with elasticity). दमामा s. m. A large kettledrum.

दमयनी The heroine of a tale in the Mahabharat.

दमरी The eighth part of a pysa.

THE Powerful, terrible, fierce.

इनाइ Son-in-law.

दम्पति } m. du. Husband and wife.

दम adj. Arrogance, pride, boast; hypocrisy.

दभी adj. Hypocritical, proud. s. m. A hypocrite, as imposter.

दम ady. Subjected or tamed. s. m. A steer, a young bullock.

द्या s.f. A gift; affection, tenderness, sympathy, compassion, mercy, clemency; kindness, favor.

दशकार s.f. adj. Kind, shewing compassion.

दयाञ्चस adj. Compassionate.

दयामान adj. Charitable, merciful, kind. दयाग्रज र कांग्र. Kind, compassionate,

दयायुक्त (क्या. Kind, compassions दयायुक्त | benevolent, friendly.

हवान | adj. Tender, compassionate, हवानु | merciful, gracious, liberal, generous, beneficent, kind, दयानुत s. m. Tenderness, comps sionnteness.

दयावन दयावन दयावन दयावन

द्यामीच adj. Kind, compassionate ; affectionate.

द्यासागर } s. m. Great love.

दर्थी pret. Gave ; given.

दिशन adj. Beloved, dear, desired.

दियता s. f. A wife. [wife.

द्यताधीन adj. Hen-pecked, subject to a दर s. m. Price.

दरकना v. n. To split, rend, be torn, to crack.

दरका s. m. Crack, crevice, cranny.

दरकाना v.'a. To cause to crack or split. दरदर s. m. Cinnabar.

इरदरा adj. Half-pounded, coarsely ground.

Ref. A country bordering on Cashmir, the mountains about Cashmir and above Peshawar. s. m. A tribe of barbarians.

दरवहरा s. m. An intoxicating spirit

द्रमा s. m. A kind of mat.

दरस s. m. See दर्भ dursh.

दर्सन Looking, view.

दरसी One who comes to see or visit.

दरही s.f. A fish, a sort of carp (Cyprinus.).

दरा े s.f. A natural or artificial ex-दर्श े cavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c. ; a valley.

दर्शती s. f. A sickle.

दराद s. m. A fissure, rift, rent, breach. दरिद adj. Poor, needy, indigent, dis-

tressed, wretched.

दरिकता s.f. Pororty, indigence, wretch-

इति adj. Poor, wretched, indigent. दरीवा s. m. A stall (in a market) where betel is sold.

दरेग s. m. A sigh, sorrow.

दर्दर s.m. Frog.

दर्ब s. m. Cutaneous eruption, Herpes. दहोरोगी adj. Herpetick, afflicted with Herpes.

दर्प s. m. Pride, arrogance, boasting. दर्षेष s. m. A mirror, looking glass.

दर्भ s. m. Wealth, property ; substance, matter, a thing.

ર્સ s. m. Kusa or sacrificial grass (Pos cynosuroides); a kind of reed (Succharum spontaneum); another species (S. cylindricum).

दर्शना v. n. To go straight and quickly, without fear or delay. adj. Straight forwards.

रवं s. m. Substance, thing, wealth.

हमें s.m. Sight, seeing; the junction of sun and moon, or day of new moon when it rises invisable.

इमेक adj. Who or what shews, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. s.m. An exhibiter, one who points out or shews any thing.

रभेस s. m. [Sight, seeing, looking; aspect, appearance; interview; a shashtr, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patanjal, Sankhyah, Vysseshikah, Nysyah, Mimansa, and Vedant; visiting any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image.

दर्भनपारी adj. Beautiful, handsome. दर्भनपतिम् s. m. A surety for appearance.

ર્યોની adj. Payable at sight (a bill of exchange). s.f. A ball of exchange payable at sight; offering, present, adj. Handsome, sightly. Darshamijawan, A beautiful youth.

दर्भनीय adj. Beautiful, handsome, agreea'le, visible to be seen.

दर्शनीयमानी adj. Vain, conceited, thinking one self handsome.

दर्शाया Shown, seen.

znîsı To show.

दर्भित adj. Visible, apparent; shown, displayed; explained, seen.

दल s.m. The leaf of a tree; a large army; a heap or quantity; wild rice. Daldw, adj. Fleshy, thick. Dalwal, Commander of an army.

दलक s. f. Clitter,

इन्त्रना v. n. To glitter.

दलकपार s. m. A folded petal of leaf.

दलकीष s. m. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens). [bog.

दबदब s. m. A quagmire, a slough, a इस्टब्स adj. Quaggy, boggy

दलदलाना s. m. To shake, to undulate. दलदलाहर s.f. Tremour.

दबदबी कर्ता, Swampy.

इनदहर्भ adj. Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c.

दखन s. m. Breaking to pieces, dividing, tearing asunder, splitting. । दखना v. a. To griad coarsely, to split

a pulse. হৰবিশীৰ s.m. The Bhojput tree, the i bark of which is used for wrapping woollens in, and for hukuh snakes,

दलपूची s.f. A fragrant plant (Pand-

द्ववादक s. m. A mass of clouds ; a large army ; a large tent.

दबस्य करना v. a. To thrash, crumple, rumple, rufile,

द्वनामा v. a. To cause to be coarsely ground corn).

इनवेया s. m. One who grinds corn). इलमसर s. f. The fibre or vein of a leaf. दलहारन है s. f. A woman whose busi-इन्हारी | ness is to deal in grain.

देखहार। s. m. One whose business is to sell grain.

इतादक १. m. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously; an acquatic plant (Pistia stratioites); a plant commonly called Nagesar (Mesna ferres); a tree (Mimoza siriska); a sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

₹नाना v. a. To cause to be coarsely grounded.

दलामल s. m. A tree (Vangueria spinosa). दलाच s. m. Broker.

दलानी Brokerage.

zfez s. m. (Wrotchedness, poverty, दिखद्रता s. f. } indigence.

दिल्डी adj. Poor, wretched, indigent, needy, unfortunate.

इतिया s. m. Half-ground or coarsely pounded grain, plit pulse.

इन्दिन s. f. Any sort of pulse which may be split, as dal.

दली s. f. A clod of clay or mould. दलेंती s. f. A handmill.

दक्षेगन्धि s. m. A plant (Echites scholaris) ₹ 8. m. A forest conflagration.

दवाई s. f. Medicine. द्वाचि s. m. A wood on fire or the con-

flugration of a forest. द्वानल A forest conflagration.

दवार s. m. } दवारि s. f. Do.

In adj. Ten. Dasan-diss, The ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world). Dasan dwar, The ten passages for the faculties, viz, the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head. It seems, however, that properly there are only nine, the last not be-

ing acknowledged in any Sunskrip works of authority which have been consulted

दशक्ष टगक्य A ten-necked. शकसर

दशकामज्ञासन s. m. The aggregate of ten vices proceeding from the quality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, playing and hypocrisv.

दमगुष adj Ten times, tenfold.

दशकास s. m. A district or collection of ten villages.

दमन s. m. A tooth.

znuts. m. A fragrant grass (Cuperus rotundus); a district part of Malwa in Bundelkhand,

दशम ailj. Tenth. flands.

दशमात्र s. m A collection of ten gar-दशमी s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight: the tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. alj. Very old or aged.

दशस्तु s. m. A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants.

दमस्य s. m. A proper name, a severeign of Ajodhyá or Oude, and father of Ram

दशनचप s. m. Ten marks or attributes.

दशशीम s. m. " Ravan." दशस्य दशानन

दशसन adi. A thousand. दशस्य adj. A myriad.

दशहरा s. m. The tenth of Jetha, shuklapaksha, which is reckoned the birthday of Ganga: whoever bathes in

the Ganga on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (navaratri), they throw the images of Devi into the river. On this day, it is said, Ram marched against Riven, for whi h reason it is called Vippa dasawn: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hindu princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war he intended the campaign is then opened.

दमा s. f. A state, condition, period or time of life, as youth, manhood, old age, &c.; circumstances.

दशाम s. m. Tenth part. [drum]. दशानिक s. m. A plant (Croton polyan-दशासल s. m. Result of circumstances, or of condition of life.

इमार्थ s. m. A country, part of central Hindustan, lying on the S. E. of Findhya mountains.

दमाणं s. f. A river rising in the Vind'hys hills, the Dosarene of the aucients.

India, the kingdom of Yadu. m. pl The Yadwa or people of Desharha.

EMITAIT s. m. A name of Vishue; the deity of whom there are said to have been ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind.

देशाधित s. m. Existing circumstances, peculiar condition.

इसी s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

इशीला adj. In good circumstances.

रहोत्स्य m. pt. The ten organs of sense and action, viz. the skin, eye, tongue, nose, ear, organ of speech, hand, foot, anus, and pudendum, en adj. Ten. Desan, disa, f. pl. The ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world). Desam door, m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz., the eyes, ears, non-tri's, month, penis, anns, and crown of the head.

दसन s. m. A tooth.

दमम } adj. Tenth.

इसने s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.

दसहरा s. m. The tenth of Jeth, shull spaksha, supposed to be the birth day of Ganga: whoever bathes in the Gangá on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins. The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (nav.srátri), they throw tho images of Devi into the river. On this. day Ram is supposed to have marched against Ravan, for which reason it is called Vijyá dasami: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hin lu princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended, the campaign is then opened,

इसी s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

दशीला adj. In good circumstances.

दशिखा s. m. Moulting (of birds). Dasokha jharna, To moult.

दर्गोदिसा f. pl. The ten regions, sides, or quarters (of the world).

दर्शीहार m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz. the eye, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head, दसीधा } s. m. A panegyrist.

इसा s. m. Zinc, tutenag, Lapis calaminaris.

दस्य s. m. An enemy; a thief; an oppressor, a violator, a committer of injustice, &c.

दस्त्र हि. f. Theft, dishonest mode of subsistence.

दह s. m. A deep whirlpool, very deep water, an abyss. Kanwal-daha, A place abounding in water-lilies.

दहन s. f. Ardour.

হছৰাৰা v. n. To burn, to be burnt, to be ruined, lost, destroyed; to regret, হছৰাৰা v. a. To burn, to kindle; to

হয়বান v. a. To burn, to kindle; to ruin, destroy, lose; to esuse to regret; to heat (iron &c.).

दहदृदहदृ जलना v. n. To lurn with great fury.

दस्त वर्तां. Scorehing, burning.

दस्य s m. Burning, combustion; fire, or the deity Agni; the marking-nut plant; lead-wort (Plumbago zeylanics, gc.).

दश्ना adj. Right, the opposite of left, इडिनावर्ष s.m. Circling towards the right in worshipping.

द्यनीय adj. To be or what may be burnt, combustible.

दश्नीपज s. m. The sun-gem, a crystal lent. [fear.

दश्यमा v. n. To shake, to tremble, to दश्यामा v. s. To agitate.

दक्षेरा s. m. A weight of ten seers.

art; s. f. The figure ten; the tenth part; the decimal places of figures in arithmetic, the tens.

दशादना v. n. To roar (as a tiger). दशादा v. a. To burn.

दिश्व part. pass. Burnt.

दिशा adj. Right, the opposite of left,

दशे s.m. Thick sour milk, coagulated milk. Dahiwala, s.m. A seller of sour milk.

दहेंगर s.m. A vessel for entrying sour milk in (particularly at festivals).

হটন } s. m. A dowry, portion, every হাহৰ thing a wife takes with her husband.

दक्षण है s.m. A bird (Coracias).

दहें डी s.f. A vessel in which sour milk is kept.

दाइक है s. m. Giving, an honor, a

Riks. f. A milk-nurse; a midwife, Dai ko sompna, To put out to nurse. Dsi khilsi, A dry nurse. Dsi jansi, s. f. A midwife. Dai pilai, s. f. A wet nurse.

हाज s. m. An appellation of a father or of an elder brother.

বাজহা s.f. A shrub that bears a flower like chamomile (Chrysanthemun indicum); a kind of firework like that shrub; a kind of armour. a ij. Relating to David, of David.

दाएजा s. m. Dowry dower. दोप्डांप adv. On the right and left.

sion, injustice, injury.

दोडामेंडा s. m. The frontier or boundary between the lands of two proprietors.

tis s.f. A balance.

To bite the finger, is a term expressive of being surprised. Dank kaches, To grin, to shew the teeth.

Dank kackatans, v. a. To guash the teeth. Dank katk to teeth the most intimate friend or any onc.

Dank ka dard, The tooth-ache. Dank katket karne, To dishearten, to dishearten.

please. Dant tale unoli dabana, or,katna. To stand in amaze, to be nmazed, to wonder, Dant nikalna, To laugh, to grin; to express or confess inability and helplessness. Dant per charhana. To detract from the virtues or praise of another. Dant pisna, To gnash the teeth, to grin. Dant bujna, or,-bajna, v. n. To chatter the teeth, squabble, wrangle, chattering of the teeth, squabbling, wrangling, sparring. Dant rakhna, or,-hona kisi-par, To desire any thing exceedingly; to hate. Dant lagna, s. m. Trismus or locked-jaw. Dant lana, or,-nikalna, To teeth, grow (as teeth). Danton zamin pakarni (lit. to bite the ground), To be reduced to extremities, to suffer great pain. Danton marna, To gnash the teeth (with anger).

হানৰ s. m. A tooth-brush made from the branch of a tree. [grin. হানবীখনা v. n. To gnash the teeth, to হানাজিল্লিক s. f. Quarrel.

id s.f. The tooth of a saw or other instrument, cog (of a wheel). Danti dens, To insist upon. Danti porna, v. n. To be notched or indented (the edge of a tool). Danti logna, To have a locked jaw.

₹ s. m. Ambuscade, ambush, snare; time, turn, opportunity, vicissitude; twisting of one another in wrestling. Daon chalna, To have the advantage of. Daon chalna, To take advantage of. Daon pakarna, To wrestle. Daon bythna, To lie in ambush, to luck.

हांबान s. m. Burning, stubble, &c.

জাল s.m. A donor, one who makes presents, especially to Brahmans; a

sacrificer, one who pays all the expenses of ceremony, and employs the officiating prigets.

इं हा

दाई खिलाई s.f. A dry nurse.

মান্ত্রাবিদ্ধী f. pl. The twenty-seven lunar mansions, considered mythologically as the daughters of Daksh, and wives of the moon. e.f. The nymph and asterism Rohini; a plant (Croton polyandrum).

হাতিকথা s.f. A place in the north of India, in the country of Vahlik or Balkh.

दाचिकसीय adj. Produced or born, &c.

हाचा s. Cleverness, dexterity, ability.

it s. m. Spot, stain, mark, scar, cicatrix, blemish, freekle, speck, a mark by burning with a hot iron, brand, stigma, cautery. Day charhana, or, lagans, To villify, to defame. Dag dens, To mark by burning with a hot iron, to cauterize, brand, scar; to blemish. Dagdar, atj. Scarred, cauterized, spotted marked. Dag lagad, To be damaged, to get a bad name. Dag lana, To villify. Dag hona, To be quuterized or scarred.

हानना v. a. To cauterize, to mark by burning with a hot iron; to fire (s gan, &c.).

हाइक s. m. A tooth, a tusk.

হাজিল } s.m. The pomegrante tree, হাজিল } or its fruit, (Punica granatum).

इनिष्यम s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonia robiteka).

दािङ्गिपिय s. m. The parrot, as being fond of the pomegrante.

दाइनिके s. f. The frontier or boundary between the taws of two proprietors.

₹12 8. f. A jaw-tooth, or grinder.

हाडिका है s. f. The beard. Darhi ba-हाड़ी anna, or,—mundhag, v. a. To have.

दात s. m. Bonntifulness.

हातन s. f. A tooth-I rush made of the branch of a tree.

इति अ adj. To be given, what may or on the to be given.

ξιπι Liberal, generous. subst. Giver, benefactor, donor.

हाट adj. A donor, a giver, giving, bestowing. [or da.

हात s. m. A sort of sickle, large knife

दादन s. m. } Advances (of money).

हाइयदी s. m. A follower of Dadoo. हाइमदेन s. m. A plant used to cure the

ringworm (Caesia alats). इष्ट्रप ६. m. A kind of song.

इ।इ। s. m. Paternal grandfather; elder brother.

हादी 8. f. Paternal grandmother.

हाइर s. m. A frog.

हारू n. prop. A Hindu founder of a sect, born in the state of Jypur. Dadupanthi, A followor of Dadu.

इ।धना *v. n.* To burn.

हान s. m. Act of giving or bestowing; gift, donation; a present, a special gift; alms, charity; anything demanded by law or custom, as toll, &c.; the fluid that flows from the temples of an elephant in rut. Danpatter, s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift. Danpun, s. m. Charity, alms. रामधर्ष s. m. Almsgiving, charity; the rules for making donations.

दानपति s. m. A liberal or munificent man.

हानपत्र s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift. [nation.

दानयोग्य adj. Fit for or meriting a do-दानव s. m. A demon, a Titan or giant. दानशेख adj. Liberal, munificent.

हाना s. m. Grain in general, a grain, berry, seed, corn, speck, pimple.

दानापानी s. m. Food, victuals. दानी s. m. Beneficent, liberal.

दानी adj. Munificent, liberal, hountiful,

दानीय adj. Worthy of having any thing given, or worthy or fit to le given.

τηπι ο. a. To press down, to suppress, to snub; to squeeze. Dab rakha, To conceal, to steal and conceal; to press (particularly with the thighs), to retain ty pressure, to gripe (σε money). Dab lena, To ontgrow.

दाबानल s. m. Fire in a forest.

ξιη s. m. Price, the twenty-fourth part of pysa or pice. s. f. A string, a cord, a thread or rope.

हामनी adj. Relating to the artemisia flower. s. f. A string, a rope, especially for tying cattle.

हामालिम s. m. A county, the modern district of Tamluk.

हामा s. m. A rope, a string, a cord.

dying insolvent, his effects were divided among his creditors in proportion to their claims.

द्रामासाद्दो s. f. Proportioning, equal assessment, dividend (of a bankrupt's property).

इामिनी s. f. Lighting.

हामी s. m. An assessment. Dami lagana, To assess.

इमिट्र s. m. A name of Krishna: Yasodha his foster mother having in vain, passed the folds of a rope round his confinement.

हासिक adj. Hypocritical. s. m. A. hypocrite ; a kind crane (Ardea nivea). 214 s. m. Inheritance; a nuptial present.

हायब adj. Liberal, giving, a donor. श्वजा s. m. A dowry, portion, naptial present.

इत्यमान s. m. Partition of heritage, apportioning inheritance, &c.

हायितिमाच s. m. Portioning or portion of inheritance, division of property amongst different heirs.

हाया s. m. Demand, claim, plant, इ।याद s. m. A son ; a kinsman, near of

remote : an heir. टावादव s. m. An heir, a kinsman.

इ।याही s. f. A daughter, an heiress. इायापवर्णन s. m. Privation, forfeiture or property.

द्रावित adi. Condemned. sentenced: awarded, adjudged,

s.f. A wife.

द्वारचीनी s. f. Cinnamon.

ZITT s. m. The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum).

₹1₹ s.m. A sort of poison brought from the country named Darad. हाराभीन adj. Dependant upon a wife,

subject, to her.

हारिका s. f. A daughter.

टारिकाटाम s.m. Giving a daughter in marriage.

राष्ट्रि & m. Poverty, indigence, द्रोरिका wretchedness.

बारिड़ी alj. Poor, indigent, needy. wretched, unfortunate.

हारी 8. f. A female slave taken in war. ₹15 s. m. Wood, timber : a sort of pine (Pinus devudaroo).

body, whilst a child, to keep him in | zrea adj. Made of wood, wooden, &c. 2154 adj. Horrible, austere, terrific, frightful, fearful; dreadful, shocking. s. m. Horror, horribleness; lead wort (Plumbago žeylanica).

> दावनारि दादनारि A female doll.

द्राद्रनिमा s. f. A. plant (Curcuma z.inthorrizon). wooden.

टाइम्ब adj. Made of wood, woody. हाइस्ती s. f. A doll.

हाइइदिहा s. f. A kind of Curcuma C. der. zanthorrhizon).

ZIE s. f. Spirituous liquor; gun-pow-

हारका s. m. हारका s. f.

ZIZI s. m. Hardness, fixedness, stablity.

दार्भिका है s.f. A sort of collyrinm हाओं from an infusion of the . Curcuma zanthorrhizon ; a sort of notherb.

ZIM s. f. Pulse, vetches. s. m. A sort of grain (Paspalum frumentaceum). Dal galni kisi ke v. n. To have an advantage, to avail.

इाला s.f. Colocynth. दालान s. f. A hall.

दालिइ s. m. Poverty, indigence.

दाचिक्री odj. Poor, indigent.

टालिम s. m. The pomegranate.

zis s. m. A bill or kind of hatchet with a hooked point; vicissitude, turn, opportunity, stake, wager, a stroke at any game ; a bet, &c. ; a forest, a forest on fire, Dao bandhas, or,-badna, To bet, to wager.

द्रावता v. a. To thrash, to tread.

दावनं s. m. Destruction ; protection. दावना v. To thresh, tread. दावा s. m. Claim, plaint; demand.

\$ s. m. The huband of a nurse.

ZIM s. m. A servant.

दाशपुर s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

टामेरक s. m. Malwa, (the province).

er man of the fourth tribe; a Sudraffix or appellation.

दासन s. m. Bed.

द्रावल s. m. Slavery, servitude.

इत्सहासी s. f. The female slave of a slave; male and female slaves.

₹18पूर s. m. A fragrant grass (Cype-rus rotundus).

THE s. m. A piece of wood sticking ont from a wall to support the thatch or chhappar; a reaping hook.

दाशो s. f. A maid-servant.

दासीपुत s. m. The son of a slave girl.

हास s. m. } Slavery, servitude.

fig s. m. Burning, combustion, conflagration, ardour, inflammation; morbid beat; actual or potential cautery. Dah dena, To light the funeral pile. Dah rakhns, To grudgo.

cauterising, caustic. s. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

ZITTE s. m. Inflammatory fever.

হাছৰ s. m. Burning, reducing to ashes; eauterising. [left).

हाइमा v. a. To burn, adj. Right (not दाइसर s. m. A place where dead bodies are turnt.

RIVERUS. m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropoyon muricatum). this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding to tempering the hot winds.

हाहिना adj. Right (opposed to left). दाही s. m. (a.) Settling on fire, inflammatory.

दिया 8. m. Lamp.

ta s. m. Quarter, region, side ; point (of the compass).

दिक्षानि s. m. A regent or a quarter of the universe, as the Sun of the east; Saturn of the west; Mars of the south; Mercury of the north; Venus of the south-east; Ragu of the south-west; Chandrs of the northwest; and Jupiter of the north-

हिस्ताल s. m. A regent of a quarter of the universe, as Indvá of the east; Ugni of the south-east; Nyvit of the south-west; Varun of the west; Marut of the north-west; Kuver of the north; and Essan or Shiv of the north-east; this word is applicable to the Dikpatis, as that term is to these also.

হিৰ্মুজ s. m. An inauspicious planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, &c.

হিন্দুজালা v. n. To show, exhibit, denote, direct. Dikhlai dena, To appear, be apparent, seem.

दिखनावा s. m. Show, pageantry,

दिसाई s.f. Showing, show, display, appearance, Dikhai dena, To appear.

दिखाज s. m. (a.) Fit to be shewn, covety. হিস্কাস adj. Comely.

द्याना v. a. To cause to see, to show, exhibit, display, expose.

हिन्दाव s. m. Display, show.

程可 s. m. Quarter, region, tract, side, way; (in compos.) wards, as uttardig, North-wards; point (of the compass).

दिनम s. m. The horizon.

frant s. m. Space, the a tmosphere.

दिन्दर adj. Naked, unclad, unclothed : dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. s. m. A Budhh mendicant, wearing coloured clothes. or going raked; any mendicant not wearing clothes; a name of Shiv. from his being naked; a Jyn of the great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired,

हिनवान् } s. m. A watchman, a guard.

दिन्यू s. m. The quarter to which it is deemed unlucky to travel or particular days.

दिगगज s. m. An elephant of a quarter or point of the compass, one of eight supposed to be attached to the north, north-east, &c., supporting the globe. दिगमी s. f. A large tank, or reservoir. in form of an oblong square.

दिग्जिय s. m. Subjugation of an extensive country, either in arms or controversy.

हिव्बिक्यो s. m. A conqueror or subjugator of an extensive tract of country, or the world.

दिन्ति अपनान s. m. Invasion, going forth to conquer the world.

दिक्तिभाग s. m. A quater or point of the compass. space. श्चिमापी adı, Spreading through all

हिची s. f. A large tank, or reservoir, in form of an oblong square.

ferit s.f. Hardness, solidity. हिटीना s. m. A patch, an artificial mole on the face.

दिह } adj. Firm, strong.

हिन्सा है s.f. Firmness, strength. feeing v. a. To prove, to strengthen. दिति s. f. One of the wives of Kasyap and mother of the Dytyas or infernal race, opposed to the gods.

दितिज s. m. A demon or asur.

fam s. m. A Titan, a demon or giant. दिदार s. m. An interview, an overseer. faut ind. Of two kinds, in two ways.

fefu s. f. Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being.

दिन s. m. Day. Din kátna, To pss time with difficulty. Din ko din, rat ko rat nah janna, To be totally absorbed in thought or business. Din khulna, To begin to prosper after adversity, Din ganwans. To spent carelessly, or trifle away, time. Din charling, The day being far advanced; the period of a woman's menstruction being protracted Din charhana. To commence any business late in the day; to eat the bread of idleness, or earn one's wages without labour. Din dhalns, v. n. To grow late, to decline (the sun). Din dhoule, In day-light. Din parna, To be unfortunate. Din phirns, To begin to prosper (after adversity). Din badin Day by day Din bharne, Expresses time spent in pain and trouble. Din mundna, To grow late, to close (the day).

दिनकर s. m. The sun.

दिनज्योतिस s. m. Sunshine, daylight. दिनदानी s. m. Giving daily.

दिनदिन Every day : daily. दिनन pl. (Sing. दिन) Days.

दिनपति s. m. Sun. दिनप्रति Every day.

दिनभर Whole day.

दिनमान s. m. The length of day. दिनशति Night and day.

दिनाम s. m. Day-blind, i. e. the owl.

fenit s. f. A tetter, a ringworm.

fanish s. m. Evening, sun-set, close of | fanish s. m. Day and night. day.

दिनारमा s. m. Morning.

द्रिनावसान s. m. Evening, (to animals). दिनी ady. Aged (generally applied to animals.

दिनोधा s. m. Disopia or dayblindness. faufa a. Brilliant, radiant, splendid. दिच्च s. m. An oat : brilliant, Heavenly furniture

दिया s. m. A lamp. part-past. Given. दियानत :. f. Honesty, probity.

दियार s.f. White ant.

दियासलाई s.f. A match (for catching

दिखवाना v. a. To cause to give or to-दिख्याची s. m. An inhabitant of Delhi. दिखवेया s. m. One who causes to give

दिलाना v. a. To cause to give, to occasion, cansign, assign, to cause to

yield, so cause to give up. दिखासा s.m. Comfort, consolation, encouragement, support (of mind).

दिसीप s.m. The name of a king and ancestor of Ram, the ruler of Delhi or Hastinapur.

feet adi. Bold, courageous. दिखेरी s.f. Intrepidity, boldness.

दिनो p. n. Delhi. adj. Hearty, sincere. दिशों s.f. The name of a city, once the metropolis of Hindustan, called also Shahjehanabad.

दिव s. m. Heaven, day.

दिवशाणी s.f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

s. m. A day.

दिया इ. m. Day, day-light,

दिशासर s. m. The sun.

दिवातन adj. Daily, diurnal, of or be longing to the day,

दिवास adj. Being blind by day s. m. An owl.

दिवामध्य s. m. Mid-day, moon.

दिवाराव s. m. A day and night,

दिवासावि s. f. Day or night; a day and night.

दिवास s. f. Wall: the bridge of the दिवाला s.m. Insolvency, bankruptcy.

दिवासी s. f. A Hindu festival, celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kartik, when the Hindus, after bathing in the Ganges, or other river, put on their best attire, perform a sraddh, an at night worship Fakshmi, and indulge in excessive gambling. The houses and streets are illuminated at night; and in Hindustan, the night is universally spent in gaming.

दिवीदास s. m. A king of Benares, and founder of the Indian School of medicine.

few adi. Divine, celestial : beantiful. agreeable, charming; an ordeal; an oath.

दिव्यथकी adj. Virtuous, agreeable.

दिव्यपदास्त s. m. A mixture of five articles, ghee, curds, milk, butter and

दिव्यस्व s. m. The famous gem Chintafaute s. m. Quicksilver.

दिव्यवस्त adj. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment.

हिन्यीपपाइक adj. Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being.

few s. f. Region, space, quarter, part. frm s.f. Side, region, quarter, point (of the compass).

faning s. m. A sign in the heavens consulted on commencing a journey; the quarter towards wich it is deem unlucky to travel on particular days.

হিল s. f. Sight, look of, seeing. হিল্পা v. n. To appear, be seen, to

seem, v. a. To sec.

हिसा s.f. Side, region, quarter, peint (of the compass). Disa karna, To travel. Disa jana, or, phirna, To go into the fields (for a privy).

दिसावर s. m. A climate.

दिसावरी s. f. A sort of pan or betel leaf. adj. Foreign (good).

दिस्स s. m. A idol temple.

दिश्वली s.f. A threshold. दिश्वही s.f. Threshold, door. Dilluridar,

s.m. A door-keeper. হিন্তা s.f. Name of a city, the metropolis of Hindustan, called also Shahjahanabad.

दीषट s. f. Lampstand.

that s. f. Sacrificing, offering oblations; receiving the initiatory. mantr or in cantation.

হীবিব adj. Initiated; performed (as the Diksha ceremoney).

दीचिट s. m. A spiritual father, the communicator of the initiator of the initiator mantr or prayer.

दीखना v. n. To look, to appear.

होड } s.f. Sight, glance, look, vis-होडि } ion.

होधित s.f. A ray of light, a sun or a moon beam; light in general.

₹m adj. Poor, indigent, needy, distressed; humble. Din-dyal, adj. Merciful to the poor; Din-nath, Lord of the poor; Din-bandhu, The friend of the poor; are all epithets of the Deity.

होन चेतन adj. Distressed, dejected.

दीनता है s. f. Poverty, indigence ; दीनताई है humility.

दीनसुष adj. Down-east, of melancholy aspect.

होना v. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, produce, lay (eggs), s. m. Giving.

होनार s. m. A weight of glod; a coin,

होनी 3d. pers. sing. per tense of दनी To give.

होप s. m. A lamp; an island; a continent, a region or clime of the earth.
होपक s. m. A light, a candle, a lamp; an aromatic seed (Ligusticum ajumen'; a muscial mode, sung at moon in the hot weather; a kind of firework. adj.
Making luminous; kindling inflaming.

होपिक : s. m. Lamp-black, soot.

दीपकृषी है s.f. The wick of a lamp.

होपसन s. m. Lamp-black, the condensed smoke or soot of a lamp.

टीपदान

होपन ady. Inflaming, light or heat-exciting; tonic, stimulant; stimulating, exciting.

दोवपुष s. m. The Champac (Michelia champaca).

हीपमाल } s. m. A row of lamps, in दीपमालिका } illumination.

होइस s. r. The stand or stem of a lamp, a candlestick.

होपशिषा s.f. The name of a lamp.

frquel s.f. The day of new moon in the month Asuno or Kartik (September-October), a festival with noctural illuminations in honor of Kartikeyah; the Decali, as it is smally termed; a row or range of lamps.

হার odj. Luminous, splendid, radiant. হারি s. f. Light, lustre, splendour. হান্ত s. f. The white ant. als udj. Long, applied either to space or time. s. m. The Sal tree; a long vowel.

होर्चक्य क) s.m. , A sort of crane (Ar-होधेकसर 🕽 dea ninea).

ही घेंबाल s. m. A long time, a long period. होचकोल s. m. A tree (Alangium hexa-

petalum). हीचेक्रेश ad). Long-haired.

दी चे जक्त हुन s. m. A. kind of fish. होचेजहा adi. Long-thighed. s. m. A crane, a camel.

हीर्घतिहा s.m. A snake.

होचे जीव s.m. Long life.

होर्च नी शे adj. Living or existing a long. time.

द्रीर्घतन adj. Tall, long.

इचेंद्रशी ady. Far seeing, provident, wise. s. m. A wise and learned man, a seer, a prophet,

बीचेंडिंड. m. A wise or provident man. adj. Wise, provident, far-seeing. [sigh.

ত্রীপ্রিয়া s. f. Death.

दीर्घनियास s.m. A long or deep-drawn

होर्चप s. m. The fork-tailed shrike. दोषपूत adj. Long-leaved, longifolium.

s. m. Garlic. होचेंपवस s. m. Garlie ; a thorny plant ;

a kind of growing in marshy places. होचंपना s. f. A sort of Eugenia.

होर्चंपर्णे adj. Long-leaved, longifolinm. हीचेपना adi. Having long shoots or tendrils. s. m. The sun plant (Crotolaria jancea).

दौषेपाष्ट इ. m. A heron.

होचेंपल s. m. A plant (Cassia fistula). हो चेंसूल adj. Having a long root. s. m. A kind of Bilwa tree: a sort of sensitive plant.

दोषंमूता s. f. A creeper (Echites frutescens); a plant (Hedysarum gangeticum).

होचेमुली s.f. A plant (Hedysatum alhagi). Inight.

होचेंदाव s. m. A long period; a long हीर्चरीनी adj. Being long ill.

हीचंत्र atj. Being of an ancient family. दीधंबण s. m. A long vowel.

होधान s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). होष्डिनका s. f. A plant (Mimosa oct

andra). [robusta). दीर्घमाच s, m. The Sál tree (Shorea

दीर्घसव adj. Dilatory, slow, tedious. द्रीर्ष सुवेता s. f. Dilatoriness, tediousness.

द्रीचंस्की adj. Dilatory. दोचेंबर s. m. A long vowel ; a long note, a minim or semibreve.

दोषीय s. m. Long life.

होषांच स adj. Long-lived. s. m. The silkcotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum). दीवट s. f. A lamp-stand.

होबली s.f. A small lamp.

होता s. m. A lamp.

होबाली s.f. A leather strap, a bolt. दीवि s. m. The blue jay.

होसना v. n. To look, to seem, to appear, to te visible. Dise, adj. Like, alv. Likely.

होचा s. f. Sacrifi ing, offering oblation: receiving the initiatory mantr or incantation.

होबित adj. Initiated; performed (as the Diksha ceremony).

हीचित s. m. A spiritual father, the communicator of the initiatory mantr or prayer.

दंदभी s. m. A large kettledrum.

दुख s. m. Pain, ail, ache, grief, sorrow affliction, distress; unhappiness; difficulty, trouble; labour, fatigue; annoyance. Dukhka mára, adj. Afflicted. Dukh ka hárta, s. m. Dispeller of grief or pain, Dukh-dai, or Dukhdani, adj. Giving or occasioning pain, tronblesome, vexatious. Dukh pana, To be afflicted. Dukh bharna. To labour, to toil, to suffer distress or trouble. Dukh-hdran, Anodyne. Dukh hdrta, Dispeller of grief or pain.

दु:खबर adj. Causing pain; afflicting, occasioning sorrow or trouble.

হু আছের adj. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

दु:खजीनी adj. Living in pain or distress. दु:खडा s. m. Misfortunes, calamities.

दु खद्भ adj. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

इ:बहाई } adj. Giving or occasioning इ खहानी } pain, troublesome, vexations.

दु:खना ". n. To ache, pain, smart.

दु:खाःइन adj. Painful, distressful, abounding with trouble, &c.

इ:समानिन १ adj. Suffering pain, hav-इ:समानी ∫ ing pain as their portion. इ:स्वमध्य adj. To be obtained or effected

with difficulty.

दु:बहागर s. m. Deep distress; the world. दु:बहन adj. Removing pain.

दुःसाना v. a. To inflict pain, to torment, to hart, to pain.

दु:चित adj. Pained, suffering pain ; afflicted, in distress or pain, sick.

दु: विद्या adj. In distress or pain, unfortunate, poor, in digent, afflicted.

द: बिवारा m. } adj. Afflicted, in dis-द: बिवारी f. } tress or pain, sick, sor rowful, sad, wretched, grieved.

दु: बी adj. Suffering pain, sorrow-दु: चिन ing; afflicted, in distress or pain; sick; affected.

दु:बासन odj. Ungovernable, ill-managed, intractable.

इ:बील adj. Ill-behaved, reprobate, alandoned. दुःसम adj. Improper, unseasonable.

दु:समा s. m. Time of affliction, distress or trouble.

दु:सङ् adj. Intolerable, difficult to be borne.

दुःसाध्य adj. Difficult, arduous, not easily accomplished.

दु. साम् atj. Difficult or unfit to be touched. s. m. A plant (Hedpsarum ahagi).

दु:स्वर्गा s f. A prickly sort of nightshade, दुक्रा s. m. The fourth part of a pysa or pice.

दुक छो s. f. A snaffle.

दुकान s. f. A shop.

द्वामा } s. m. A shop-kerper.

दकान s, m. Famine, scarcity.

दंकल

दुक्त s. m. A cloth worn around the moist.

दुश्चराई s. m. Pain, imparting, affective.

दुगण s. m. A second degree or tone in music.

दुनवा दुनवा दुनव

द्राध s. m. Milk.

হম্মনা s. f. Milkiness, the nature of milk. হম্মনাজীয় s. m. Milk and mangoes, mango fool.

दु:स्वेदन s. m. The froth or skim of milk, syllabub, cream.

दुन्धकेनी s. f. A small medicinal shrub so called.

হৃতিকা s. f. A sort of Asclepias (A. rosea): the Hindi deprivative Dudhi, is also applied to Euphorbia hirta and thumifolia.

दुन्धन } adj. Milky, having milk.

इन्प्रिनिका s. f. A plant described as a | red sort of Apang (Achyranthes uspera).

दिवत & adj. Of two two minds, wa-दिश्वा (vering, distracted.

द्व interj. Away! begone! avannt ! s. f. Splendour, light, beauty spite, malice. Dut dabak, Reproof, reprimand.

इतकार् s. m. } A reproof. Dutkurna, दतकारी कर् reprove.

दताना v. a. To press down ; to snub, to chide, to keep under.

दति s. f. Splendour, light, beauty. दृत्तादेना v. o. To drive away sornfully; to deceive, balk, cheat.

दही s. f. A medicinal herb (Euphorbia hirta and thymifolia).

adj. f. Milch, giving milk, s. m. A sort of drum, a large kettle-drum.

दुन्दमार s. m. A sort of red worm.

gger s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Dupatts tanke sona, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and circlesiness or after death). Dupatta hilana, or, phirana, v. a. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (a fort.) द्वपद्भित s.f. A kind of flower (Pent-

apetes phanicea). adj. Meridian. द्रवधा s. f. Doubt, suspense, uncertaintv, dilemma.

guer adj. Lean, thin, poor, barren, meagre, weak.

द्वलाई ह. र्. Leanness, thinness. दबसायमा ह. था. meagreness. दुवलापा 8. गा.

इशांचिया s. m. An interpreter.

s, m. A famine, a scarcity

37 prep. A depreciative particle, implying pain, trouble, (bad, difficulty. ill). Inferiority, (bad, vile, contemptible). Prohibition, (away, hold, forbear.) It corresponds in general to the English prefixes, in, un, &c., as infamous, unbearalle, and the like. Dur-jan, s. m. An enemy. Dur-din, Day of adversity. Dur-nam, s. m. Infamy. Dur-bachan, s. m. Abuse. Dur-bal, adj. Weak, nerveless, faint. Dur-balta, s. f. Weakness, faintness. द्रश्वा v. n. To be hidden, or concealed, to be absent, to disappear, to lnrk. दरहर s. m. Bad luck, misfortune.

gran adj. Ending ill, having a bad end. इर्शनक s. m. A tree (Achyranthes aspera].

इ (भिगड़ा s. f. Cowach.

इराजार १ adj. Wicked, depraved, fol-इंसवारी | lowing evil practices ; disregarding or deviating from established practices ; irreligious, profligate.

इराका adj. Vile, wicked, bad. s. m. A rascal, a scoundrel, a villain. द्राधर्व s. m. White mustard.

दराना v. a. To hide, to conceal. द्रारी adj. Of difficult ascent, s. m.

The palm tree ; the date tree. दरारी हा s. f. The silk-cotton tree. टरालम adj. Difficult of attainment. द्राजभा s.f. A prickly plant, the Jawasa (Hedysarum alhagi). द्राचाप s. m. Abusive or scurrilous

language, abuse. दिस adj. Sinful, wicked. f. m. Sin. दृश्क adj. Very bad, very wicked. s. m. Great crime, extreme wickedness.

इरी s. f. The two on dice.

द्रका adj. Dou'le-faced; that which is the same on both sides, not having a wrong side.

दुत्तर adı. Unanswerable.

ad). Difficult of access or approach, inaccessible, impervious; impenetrable, impassable; difficult of attainment, unattainable. s.m. A fort, a strong-hold, a Drug or hill fort; a pass, a defile, a difficult or narrow passage over a stream, or a mountain, or through a wood, &c.

क्षेत्रकं s. m. Enterprise, difficult undertaking,

इनें। odj. Poor, indigent, distressed; suffering pain or affliction.

दुर्वति s. f. Hell; poverty, indigence; nucanness, subjectness.

हुनेश adj. Ill-smelling, ill-scented, fetid. s. m. Any ill-smelling, sabstance, stink, steach. Durgenth ána. To stink.

इमेथी adj. Ill-smelling.

इनन adj. Inaccessible, difficult of access or approach; unattainable, difficult of attainment; deep, profound. देवेनसा s. f. Depth, profundity.

Entiles, J. Depth, profitantity.

Entiles, J. The goddess Durya, the wife of Shio, and mother of Kartikeyah and Ganes; also called Uma. Bhawani, and Parvati: as Durya she is a goddess of terrific form and irascible temper, and parti-ularly worshipped at the Durya puja, held in Bengal in the month of Asvin or shout October; a word; a Hindubook containing the narration of the goddess Durya.

हर्गाधिकारी } s.m. The governor of a

हुर्गानत्रको s. f. The niuth of the light half of Kartik, sacred to Durga as Jaggaddhatri.

हुनीयवण s. m. Taking refage in a fortress. इपेट adj. Difficult of accomplishment, ardnons.

र्जन ady. Bad, wicked, vile; malicious, mischief-making. s. m. A bad man.

दुर्भेनलाई s. m. दुर्भेनताई s. f. } Wickedness, villainy.

हुर्ज्य adj. Invincible, difficult to be subdued or overcome.

इज र बागुं. Difficult of digestion, indi-

हुआंत adj. Inauspiciously born or produced; improper. s. m. Misfortune, calauity; disparity, unconformity, impropriety.

हर्जीत adj. Vile, wicked; low, out cast. हर्जीत adj. Ill-behaved, ill-governed; impolitic. s. m. Misconduct; impolicy.

हुर्षीति श. f. Impolicy ; misconduct. इदेन adj. Difficult to le subdued.

हुई में ady. Difficult to be seen or met with.

ξέπι s.f. A state of calamity or miscry, or adversity.

दृद्धि s. m. A dark or cloudy day; rain or cloudy and rainy weather.

हुई ह adj.] Ill-seen (literally or flyurstively), ill-examined, imperfectly investigated; looked at with an evil eye.

इहें। s. m. Bad luck, misfortane.

दुर्नाम s. m. Infamy, a bad name, obloquy, a discredit, slander.

दुर्नामा रु. m. Piles or hæmorrhoides.; इर्नामी adj. Infamous.

ह्मिंगर adj. Difficult to be stopped, . hindered, contradicted, &c.; inviacible, unconquerable.

इनेंब odj. Feeble, thin, emaciated; weak, impotent, infirm, faint, powerless; poor. poten ce.

rafe adj. Silly, ignorant.

हमेंच adj. To be exten with difficulty. इमेंचा s. f. A wife not loved or liked by her husband; a bad or ill tempered woman.

इसीच adj. Unfortunate, unlucky. इसीच s. m. Bad disposition, ill-temper, bad behaviour, ill-manners.

zwas, m. Dearth, famine.

इर्फात adj. Silly, ignorant, simple, a blockhead. s.f. Folly, foolishness. रंगना adj. Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully.

इसंख adj. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed; hideous, ugly.

for pounding pavements with, a rammer.

price. s. m. Dearness, any thing of high price or value.

इच्चा adj. Of little or contemptible understanding, dull, etupid, ignorant, uniformed.

द धींचन s.m. The elder of the Kuru princes, and leader of the war against his cousins, the Pandus and Krishna.

Rist adj. Difficult of attainment or acquirement, hard to be got or met with; scare, rare; excellent, eminent, dear, beloved s. m. A plant, a sort of Hedysarum.

द्रभेगा s. f. A sort of prickly night-

sign, an evil omen.

इ अंपन } s.m. Censure, abuse; any इ.आ.च } unlucky or ill-omened speech.

wicked, leading, a low

or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard: &c.

इंडिन s.f. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c.; juggling, fraud.

दृष्ण देश adj. Evil-minded, badhearted. दुलको s. f. Trot. Dulki jana, or, chalns, v. n. To trot.

इवड़ा adj. Two-fold, of two rows or strings. s. m. A necklace of two rows or strings.

इज्जो s.f. A necklace of two strings. इज्जो s.f. A kick of the two hind legs of a quadruped. Dulstii marna, To wince, to kick with the two hind legs.

दुलबन्द s. m. A turban, or the fine cloth of one.

दुलनियान s. m. A small purse.

द्वहरू दुव्हिन दुव्हिन

द्वहा } s. m. A bridggroom.

set s.f. A sheet or covering of two breadths used by females.

दुलाना v. त. To agitate, toss, shake.

दुवार s. m. Love, affection.

इचरा adj. Acting ill, behaving wickedly. इचरिन adj. Misbehaving, 'doing or designing ill. t. m. Evil purpose or action, misconduct, error.

दुब्बर adj. Difficult to be done, दुब्बर्थ s. m. Wickedness, sin.

दुव्यक्षी s. m. A wicked person, a sinner, a criminal.

हुन्त् ज s. m. A low family or race. हुन्त्र जीन adj. Of a low or degraded family.

₹ ₹ 8. m. Sin, crime, guilt,

दुव्य ती adj. Wicked, an evil doer. इष्य s. m. Pain in general.

ξε adj. Low, vile; wicked, depraved, bad, faulty; enemy.

इंट्वारिणी s. f. } adj. Wicked.

द प्रचेता adj. Malevolent : stupid.

इंडना s.f. Wickedness, badness, depravity.

द समाय adj. Innately bad.

स्थादमा s.f. Wickedness, innate depravity.

दृष्टमित adj. Wicked, depraved.

₹ El s. f. A harlot, a wanton.

द चान s. m. Abuse.

इ पूर्व m. } adj. Not to be touched, इ पूर्वा f. } unpleasant to the touch. s. m. A plant (Hedysarum alhaji). इ प्रकृति adj. Of a bad nature or dis-

ह प्रकृति adj. Of a bad nature or disposition.

इ पाप adj. Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got or reached.

द्याच ddj. Remote, unattainable, difficult of approach or attainment.

ह् क्वज adj. Difficult to be relinquished or parted with.

र्बार s. m. Double stakes at dice, &c., playing double or quits.

इ. इन s. m. Milking.

दुष्टना v. n. To be milked.

इंडरा ahj. Double.

इ.इराना v. a. To fold. to double, to repeat, to reduplicate.

Trk s.f. Crying out for justice, exclamation, an oath, plaint. Duhai tihai karna, To make reiterated complaints.

₹ ₹171 v. ø. To cause to milk.

द् द्वार s. m. A milker.

इ दिना s. f. A daughter.

इ चितुपिक s. m. A son-in-law, a daughter's hust and. र दिख s. f. A daughter.

द हेला adj. Difficult, weighty.

₹ wr adj. To be milked, milkable.

gui s. m. The two or deuce at cards, dice, &c.

द्रमुखा adj. Double, two-fold.

हुन s. f. The second day of a lunar fortnight.

द्रभवर s. m. A man who marries s second wife, a bigamist.

दमा adp. Second, other.

c. m. A messenger or envoy, a newscarrier; an ambassador; a go between, an angel who passes between
God and man.

इतिका s. f. A female messenger, s

दूतिया adj. Sceond.

हती s.f. A female messenger, a confidant, a procuress, a go-between, a bawd.

Eus. m. Milk; the juice or milk of certain bushes. Dudh-adhari, adj. Living on milk. Dudh-pilat. s.f. A. wet nurse. Dudh bilana, To suckle. Dudh barhna, v. n. To be weaned (s.child). Dudh bhati, s. m. A foster brother. Dudh bhati, s. f. A ceremony performed the fourth day after marriage, wherein the bride and bridegroom eat milk, boiled rice and sugar, together.

ह्यार } adj. Giving much milk, milch. ह्यार कर्नु. Milky. s. m. Name of sevent

plants with milky juice. Dudhiys patthar, A white stone of which plaster is made, and utensils are formed.

ह्नी adj. Milky, containing milky juice. s.f. Starch; name of several plants with milky juice. as, various species

of Asclepias, Echites, Euphorbia. &c. (Asclepias rosea, &c.)

इना adj. Double, two-fold.

द्रव s. m. Name of a grass (Agrostis linearis).

ट्रव्ह वसल ady. Unknown, insignificant, helpless, hiding through weakness. इबर adj. Weak, lean ; difficult.

इविया s. f. A kind of green (colour), grass-green.

इभक s. m. A famine a scarcity.

gradi. Distant, remore, adv. Far, far off : widely. Dur bhagna, To abstain from, to abhor, abominate, avoid, shun, Dur karna, To remove, to dispel, to reject, to avert, to keep at a distance. Dur hona, To be removed, to be remote, or dispelled. Dur ho.

Begone, avaunt, be off !

इरगामी adi. Going far.

द्रता s. f. Remoteness, distance.

दूरदर्भेन s.m. Foresight ; long-sightedness.

इस्टर्शी adı. Long-sighted, far-seeing (literally or metaphorically), s. m. A pundit, a learned man, a teacher; a prophet, a seer ; a vulture.

इरहम s. m. A learned man : a vulture. FIETE s. f. Long-sightedness; foresight.

इरवासी m. ? adj. Residing in a foreign इर्याचिनी f. ∫ land, outlandish.

द्रस्य adj. Remote, far of.

इरोकत adj. Removed, placed far off. द्रीमृत adj. Remote, far off.

दब्बों s. f. Bent grass, the Dub (Panicum dactylon).

दलहा s. m. A bridegroom.

दवन adj. Ill, low, contemptible, infamous.

दवण s. m. Blame, fault, defect, offence. दिश्व at i. Calumniated, falsely accused, especially of adultery; contaminated, corrupted, spoiled; violated; llamed, censured.

दिवता s.f. A girl who has been violated or deflowered.

इबी र s. f. The secretion or rheum दंषीका € of the eye.

इष adj. Reprehensible, contemptible, vile, bad.

दसर् s. m. The second.

ट मरा adj. Second, other, equal, a match. Durse, In the second (place), secondly.

द् डिया s.m. A. kind of fireplace.

ETT s. m. A snake, whose eyes are his ears : in the opinion of the Hindus, the snake has no visible external ear. .

ET s. m. The eye.

हमगीख s. m. A small circle on the axis of the earth, within the greater circle of the armillary sphere, and accompanying each planetary circle.

इडमछन् s. m. A small circle within the great circle of the armillary sphere; accompanying each planetary circle or orbit.

zz adi. Hard, firm ; able, powerful ; bulky, massive, solid; strong; confirmed.

EZHIES S. m. A bamboo.

हडकारी adj. Persevering, determined. gant s. f. Firmness, hardness ; steadi-

इटनियम ady. Certain, confirmed, corroborated, undoubted,

हदफ्त s. m. The coconnut.

ness ; solidity ; strength.

हृद्धविना ह. f. A creeper (Echites frutescens).

हडमित adj. Faithful, devoted.

हरमुद्दि adj. Miserly, niggardly, closefisted.

Ezell adj. Having coarse hair on the skin. s. m. A wild hog; coarse hair, bristles.

हट्सूबिका s.f. A plant, from the fibres of which bow strings are made.

हडसीह्न adj. Firm in friendship, constant. [sops.

हरफ़क्ष s. m. A plant, a sort of Mimu-हराइ adj. Firm-bodied, hard, strong. s. m. A diamond.

हदाना v. a. To strengthen; to prove. हदामिक s. f. A faithful mistress or wife.

हद वृष s. m. A hero, one firm in battle.

हजा } s.f. The eye.

हशीपम s. m. The white lotus (Nelumbium speciosum).

হল ddj. Visitle, to be seen; beautiful.
pleasing. s. m. (In arithmetic), A
given quantity or number.

इन्द्रन s: m. Vision, sight.

er adj. Seen, visible, apparent.

हरकुर s. m. A riddle, an enigma.

हरतन } adj. Seeing, beholding, ha-

हष्टाल s. m. An example, illustration, a parable, simile, trope.

wision, view. [bilis].

हरिक्रत s. m. A flower (Hibiscus muta-दृश्यात s. m. A look, a look at, or on. दृश्यात s. m. A look, a glance.

देखडा s. m. A white-ant hill.

देखना v. a. To see, to look at, view, observe, mark, inspect, behold, perceive, experience. Dekhas bhaha, To see, to look at. Dekha dekhi. s. f. Emulation, competition, the looking at cash other, or being within sight (of objects).

देखेनेया । s. m. A spectator, beholder, दिखनेया । observer, viewer.

देखा s. m. Sight, seeing.

देखादेखों s.f. Emulation, competitio..., the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects),

देगचर adj. Naked.

देना s. m. Dowry, portion.

देजू s. m. Part of a portion or dowry.

देन verbal n. To give, giving.

देनलेन s. m. Pecnniary transactions uponinterest, debts and credit; barter, traffic.

रेगा v. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, resign, cause, occasion, produce. to lay (egys). s. m. Giving. Dena pana, s. m. Profit and loss, settling of one's affairs.

देवदार The mast tree (Uviris longi-देवी s.f. A Hindu goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the god-, dess Durgs; a queen.

देवरा adj. Left, opposite of right.

देनारमा v. a. To dish on the ground, to throw, to stamp.

₹a adj. To be given, fit or proper for a gift.

देश s. m. A dwelling, a tent.

₹4 s. m. A deity, a god; a husband's brother, a term or surname applicable to a Brahman, also to a man of the Kayath class.

देशक adj. Divine, celestial, like a deity देशकर्म s. m. A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and safflower.

देवनांडर s. m. Water-cresses.

देशकाठ s. m. A kind of pine (Pinns devdaru).

देशिको s.f. One of the female personifications of the modes of musica (24) s. f. Wife of Vasudes, and mother of Krishna

देवनीय odj. Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity.

देवकुछ s. m. A natural spring.

देवकुसुम s. m. Cloves.

देशनात्रारी s.f. One of the Raginis, or female persenifications of the modes of music.

क्रेवबायन s.m. A celestial chorister.

दे बिंगरी s. f. One of the female personifications of music.

इवरइ s. m. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods; a temple,

देवही s.f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

देशहाल 2.f. The second day of the moon of Kartik shukl-paksh, on which Vishnu is said to awake from his sleep of four months.

हे बन इ. m. The holy fig tree; a tree of paradise; the tree of plenty; any venerable and ancient tree; usually the place of assembling in a village. हे बना इ.f. A god, a deity or divine be-

हेबता s.f. A god, a deity or divine be ing ; divinity.

इतिताष्ट्र s. m. A kind of grass (Andropogon serratus).

दे स्तीवं s. m. The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the the fingers.

bute of a divine being.

ξ et π adj. Given by the gods, godgiven, or given to the gods (a name
or critical).

हें बहानी s.f. A sort of creeper, commonly called Hatighosh.

devideru): in Bengal it is usually applied to the Uvaria longifolia, and

in the peninsula to another tree (Erylbroxylon sideroxylloides).

ইব্যান s. m. A sort of grain cultivated in many parts of Hindustan (Andropogon Saccharatus).

है बपूप s. m. A fragrant resin (Bdellium) used in incense.

हॅ देवन s. m. A kind of reed (Arundo bengalensis).

इ बनावरी s. f. The Devnaguri character used by the Hindus in their sacred writings.

हें बना मरवा s. m. A shrub (Ocymum). हें बनिन्दब s. m. A heretic, an unbeliever,

a reviler of the gods. ইবনিহা s. f. Heresy, atheism.

इ विभिन्न adj. Natural, created.

देवपच s. m. Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way.

देशपणा s. m. Λ worshipper of idols, or the gods. [gods.

हेबयूना s.f. Idolatry, the worship of the हेबबस s. m. A tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria).

देवभवन s. m. The holy fig-tree; paradise; a temple. [nancy,

इंसास s. m. The eighth month of preg-इंसर s. m. A husband's brother, parti-

cularly his younger brother. इ बराची s.f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

क्षेत्रको adj. Godlike, of divine form.

worshipped, a temple, a pageda.

इंबला 4. f. Double jasmine.

Fuel s.f. A fish-scale; the scale or scale of small-pox; a small lamp.

one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Satyah lok, in opposition to those below the (303) .

of any divinity.

इंबर s. m. A divine hoon or blessing. इंबरायो s.f. The language of the gods, the Sanskrit language.

हे बहच s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris); a tree of hearen or paradise; a plant yielding a fragrant resin (Bdellium). हे बहत s. m. Any obligation or vow of a deitr.

इ बसाब s. f. A place of idols, a temple. इ बसमा s. f. An assembly of the gods. इ बस s. m. The property applicable to religious purposes, endowment, & z.

religious purposes, endowment, & ...

€ 31 s. m. A god, a deity; a giver. s. f.

A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis); a

plant (Marsiles quadrifolia).

चे बाबत s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident. दे बाज s. m. A giver.

देशालब s. m. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods; a temple.

है शाखा s. m. Bankruptcy.

देशिखया adj. Bankrupt.

₹ 1131 s.f. Hindu festival (celebrated on the day of the new moon of Ksrtik). The houses and streets are illuminated all night; and in Hindustan the night is universally spent in gaming. ₹ 118t s.f. Barter, traffic.

₹ s. f. A goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Durgs; a queen; a plant (Trigonella corniculata).

ह रोकोइ s. m. A town, the city of Van. probably Davicetta on the Coromandel coast.

हें नेखान s. f. A place of idols, a temple. दे नेखान s. m. A sacred grove.

ξ π s. m. A country, a region, whether inhabited, a territory.

E AMIX s. m. A musical mode sung in the morning. द भकारी s.f. A mode of music, a Rayini, दे भकात s.m. Abandoning one's country; emigration.

इंश्राम s. m. Local law, the law, or usage of the country.

इं शनिकाता s. m. Banishment, exile.

इ अव्यवदार है s. m. Local usage, custom है ग्रेविदार of the country.

हे सभाषा s.f. The language of the verna-

cular dialect. इंगास s.m. A musical mode sung at

noon in the spring. देशाहर s. m. The custom and usage of the country.

₹ माटन s. m. Wandering through the country.

इंशाधिपति s. m. The ruler of a country. a governor, a king.

देशानर } s. m. A foreign country देशावर \$ s. m. A kind of betel-leaf; a

kind of dove, इंबो adj. Of or belonging to a country;

indigenous. s. f. Appearance: इस adj. Local.

*\s. f. The body. Deh durana, To conceal or cover the privities. Deh sambhaina, To keep up one's spirits, to be firm, to recover one's self.

दे प्रचय s. m. Disease, sickness.

हे प्यात adj. Separated or detached from the body (as excrement or the spirt. do).

इंड्यान s. m. Voluntary death ; death in general.

दे चयावा s. f. Death, dying.

Ψπ s.f. A temple where idols are
worshipped by Jyns, a Hindu temple.

₹ wat s.f. The threshold of a door, the lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it. होहबत | ndj. Corporeal, inhabiting a | होहबान | body.

इंडाकाशहो s. m. A Chaorak, a materialist.

हों दिन है adj. Corporeal, embodied, haver ing body; living, a living being.

देह 2d pers. sing. imper. of Dena, To देश s. m. Dowry, portion.

हैश . m A demon, a Titan or giant of Pindu mythology.

हे लाइन s. m. An age of the demons, consisting of 12, 000 divine years, or the sum of the four yoogs or ages of men.

देन adj. Diurnal, daily, relating to a day. s. m. Poverty, wretchedness.

है निक adj. Diurnal, of or relating to a day.

दिनिकी s. f. A day's hire or wages.

हेन्य s. m. Meanness, covetousness; poverty, humbleness.

इैवा s.f. A mother; the stand that children run to in playing at hide and seek.

देवी Gave, given.

a deity, divine, celestial, &c. s. m. Destiny, fate, fortune.

दैनिक्तक s. m. A fatalist.

दे बिबला s. f. Fatalism, reliance on fate. दे बच adj. Prophetic, foretelling, acquainted with fate. s. m. An astrologer.

देविष्ठा s. f. A female fortuneteller. देविष्ण s. m. An age of the gods or im-

इ वयुग s. m. An age of the gods or immortals.

दवशीन s. m. The occurrence of any unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. [teller.

दे ब्लेखक s. m. An astrologer, a fortune-देववाची s. f. A voice from heaven. दशनम s. f Sudden misfortune, accident.

दैशास र adv. By chance, by accident, देशी y unavoidably, accidentally; an fatally; at length.

देव 8. m. Fate, fortune.

al adj. Two. Do-kal, s. m. Both worlds. Do-gandi chitti A fomenter of "quarrels; a go-between, one who flatters both parties in a dispute. (Allusion to a game among children, who rub a tamarind seed on one side tell a mark is made, then throw it like a die : the caster wins if the mark turns up. The seed thus prepared is called chittee : ana if it be froudulently marked on · both sides, so as always to win, it is called do-gundi), Do-ghariya, &. m. The space of two hours, Do-challe, s. m. A roof sloping two ways. Dochitai, s. f. Suspense, absence, absence or abstraction of min l, Dochitta, adj. Wavering, doubtful, of two minds, absent or abstracted (in mind). Do-iing, or Do-giwa, ali. Pregnant, Do ji se hona, To be pregnant, Do-tuk, adj, Two pieced; clear, plain, clean Do-tuk hong, To be adjusted, to be completed. Do-dhara, adj. Two edged (sword), Do-parta, ady, Double, of two folds. Do-palka, (having two eyelids), s. m. A kind of pigeon; a kind of stone for a ring. Do-pahar, s. f. Mid-day, moon, Dopahriya, s. m. A kind of flower (Pentapetes), adj. Meridian. Do-pahri, adj. ()f moon or mid-day, Do-patta (two-breadthed), s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Do-pahri, tanke sona. To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Do-patta hilant,

or phirana, s. n. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (s fort). Do-bhashiya, s. m. An interpreter. Do-rang, adj. Piebald, of two colours; hypocrite. Do-ranga, adi. Capricious, double-dealer. Dorangi, s. f. The property of having two colours : duplicity, hypocrisy, double-dealing, deceit, capriciousness. adı. Of two colours, capricious, double-faced. Do-lara, s. m. A necklace of two stings., Do-lohi, s. f. A. scimitar made of two plates of steel joined together. Do-suta, s. m. A. kind of cloth, the threads of which are double. Do-sera, s. m. A weight of two seers.

होंकना v.n. To growl. होंकी s.f. Bellows.

होर s.m. A species of snake. दोज adj. Both.

els ady. Both.

दोक s. m. A two year old foal.

दीनाड़ा adj. Twice, doubled; a musket carrying two balls.

होजीश adj. Pregnant.

that adj. Married to a second wife.

दोदना v. n. To deny.

(in s. m. A flower (a species of Artemisis): leaves folded up in the shape of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetmeats, &c.

होनाची adj. Double-barrelled (a gun).

and asj. Both. Donon wakt milne. Expresses the evening twilight, when day and night meet.

शिषका adj. Pregnant.

होदे s. m. A title of Brahmans.

द्रीमधान ब्रोह. Two-fisted, ambi-dextrons, strong.

दोन हा odj. Having two mouths, s. m.

A serpent which has two months (Amphisbana).

the s.m. Swimming; a festival on the 14th of Phalgna, the awimming of the juvenile Krishas; a litter, swimming cot, a dooly; a swing. Dol-mal karna, o. a. To wave, swing, undulate.

दीवायनान adj. Swimming, being swung ; doubting, perplexed, vacillating.

होतिका s. f. A swing.

হীখ s. m. Fault, blame, vice, defeat, blenrish; sin, offence, transgression, crime; disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. Dosh hons, To be sick after child-birth, from neglect of regimen.

दीयक्षत्य . m. Reprehending, condemning. [sorious.

होषवाकी adj. Malicious, malignant, cen-दोवय s. m. Objection, blame.

दीवना ». a. To accuse, to blame.

दीवनत } adj. Faulty, defective, wicked,

दोविक adj. Faulty, defective, bad.

दीविन } adj. Faulty. defective; bad, दोषी } wicked; criminal. दोसाह s. m. A low cast of Hindue, re-

residing in Patna, hog-keepers,

होसी s m. Thick sour milk ; a Musa'm 2A milkman,

Press s. f. The Prakrit metre, called Doha; a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabin instants alternately. [hands,

होक्तक s.f. A slap or pat with both होक्ता s.m. Daughter's.

दोषती s. f. Daughter's daughter.

sive s. m. Wish, desire; the longing of a preguent woman, especially se a a sign of impregnation. sometimes confounded with the womb.

दी प्रवर्गी | s. m. Apregnant woman दी प्रश्तिका | longing for any thing. दी प्रव s. m. A milk vessel, a milk pail; milking.

दोषमा v. a. To milk.

क्षेषणी s.f. A milk pail.

वीकर s. m. A double sheet; a sheath, दीकरा s. m. A distich. adj. iDouble. दीकराब s. m. Repetition, doubling, reduplication.

हो इन्द्रती s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

दीश s. m. A complet, distitch.

exclamation, an oath, plaint (crying twice alas). Dohai tihai karna, To make reiterated complaints.

रोशन s. m. A young bullock, a steer.

हाडिन इ. m. दोडिनी इ. f. } adj. A milker.

₹ 0. f. Fire.

दौनका s. f. A heavy shover.

दौत्रा s. m. A scaffold.

elw s. f. Run, incursion, attack, assault, endeavour, struggle, effort, race, running, course, career, military expedition.

name s.f. Labour and fatigue, toil, bustle. Dourdhup karna, To use great labour and exertion for the accomplishment of any object, to bustle, toil.

बीड्ना v. n. To run, to gallop, course, drive, sessault, rush, invade; tail.

दोक्ना खबना ज. n. To run violently, to use great exertion, to toil.

बोदा s. m. A large basket (without a lid); a highwayman (who robs on horseback). दीवाद s. m. A racer, a runner.

दीकृत्वीकृति s. f. Running, contest in running, race, hurry.

रीक्ना v. s. To cause to run or gallop, to run, drive, impel, actuate, expedite, speed, despatch.

होड़ाडा s. m. A messenger, runner, courier, guide.

दीको s.f. A drawn game at Chaupar.

বাগ s. m. A flower (Artemisia Indica); leaves folded up in the shape of a cup holding tetel, flowers, sweetmeats &c.

हीरा s. m. A large basket (without cover).

दौराब्य s. m. Wickedness, depravity. दौरो s. m. A basket (without a lid); a rope with which a string of cattle are bound together.

दौर्गीय s.f. Fostor, bad smell.

বীসন্থ s. m. Wickedness, depravity, vileness.

पोर्वाच s. m. Weakness, debility.

दीमांग्य ३, m. Ill luck, misfortune. दीदिन ३. m. A daughter's son.

दीश्रिको s. f. A daughter's daugter.

ष् तिका s. f. A place (Hemionites cordifolia).

বুব s. m. Gaming, playing with dice, or any thing not possessing life.

य तकार s. m. The keeper of a gaming house; a gambler.

युत्तिम s.f. The day of full moon in the month Karitk (October-November); the night of which is spent is games of chance, in honor of the fortune, Lakshmi.

ब्रासमा s. f. A gaming house or assembly.

य नारिकारी s. m. The keeper of a gaming house, [wife.

यौरानी इ. f. Husband's younger brother's

gfaw s. m. A man of an out-cast tribe, descended from a degraded Kahattri. gray s.f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.

রব

द्रविचनाञ्चन s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morunga).

May s. m. Wealth, property ; substance, manner, thing; elementary substance, nine kinds of which are reckoned; viz. earth, water, fire, air, æther, time, space, soul, and intel-

lect; a drug, a medicament, any thing used in medicine.

दस्यात है adj. Rich, wealthy. হঅবাদ (

द्रव्यस्थ s. m. Accumulation of property.

garraf a s. m. Gain, sequisition, sequiring property.

gial s. f. A grape.

द्राधिमा s. m. Length.

gram adj. Dinretic ; solvent, discutient.

BITTE s. m. A kind of borax.

zrage. m. The clearing nut; fusing. Bifami s. f. Saliva,

sifes s. m. A country; properly the coast of coromandel, from Madras to Cape Camorin, or the country in which Tamal is spoken; a native of Drarir or Dravid; a Brohman of Dravir, or rather of the south, five Dravirs being specified, or Dravir, Karnat, Gujerat, Maharashtra, and

Biffen a. m. Zedoary (Curcums zerumbat) ; black salt.

Rivi s. f. Grape.

gfafast s. m. A tree, a sort of pine (Pinus devdaru).

an adi. Quick or swift ; flown, escaped, [Quickly. run away.

gaye s. m. A quick pace or step. adv.

ge s. m. A tree in general; a tree of Swarg or paradise.

दुसन्द s. m. A thorn, or claw of trees.

हुनव्याधि } s. m. Lac, the animal dye, हुनामस } or disease of tree.

says, s. m. The palm tree, or sovereign of tree.

ATTH s. m. A tree (Chironjia sapida). guing s. m. The regent of one-third of a planetary sign, the Decanus of European astrology, whence the word is probably derived.

द्रोप s. m. A measure of capacity, the same as an Adhak; a measure of four Adhakt; in common use, a measure of thirty-two seers, or rather more than sixty-four lbs. avoirdupois ; the sixteenth part of a Khari, or forty-eight gallons ; a proper name, the military preceptor of the Pandus; a raven, or perhaps the carrier crow.

दोषजाज s. m. A raven.

द्रोपसुष) s. m. The capital of a (district, the principal of four जीवीसका 🕽 hundred villages.

\$1 s. m. Spite, malice, hatred, mischief, trespass, injury; offence, wrong ; rebellion.

होइक्तिन s. m. Injurious design, malice prepense; the wish, thought or attempt to injure.

होशाट s. m. A sort of metre, the Doha or stanza of Hindi poetry.

होची १ वर्तां, Hurting, harming, endeavouring to hurt, mischievous, spiteful, malicious, malignant, inimical, rebellious.

sifuel s. f. A. vessel holding a drong by measure.

TE e. m. A pair, a couple (male and female especially).

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we s. m. A pair, a brace; a couple of animals or male and femalé; union of the sexes or coupling.

in couples. [ca).

ह्या प्र. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylani-हाइम adj. The twelfth.

बादबी s.f. The twelfth day of the half month.

or great periods, comprising 864,000 years; doubt, uncertainty.

wire of. A door, a gate; a means, an expedient, a medium or way by which any thing takes place or is effected.

Wire n. A door, a gate; or rather the door or gateway, a passage, an entrance; a way, a means, a medium or vehicle.

FIRM s. m. Dwarka, the capital of Krithaa, supposed to have been submerged by the sea but represented by a small island of the north part of the Malabar coast.

ৰাংঘাৰ s. m. A warder, a door-keeper. ৱাংব্ৰিমূল s. m The Vak, a sort of crane (Ardea nivea).

ster adv. By means of.

हारिष् । s. m. A porter, warder, door

fs dual only, adj. Two.

fare adj. Twice, two times; multiplied by two, doubled.

विमुची क्रम । व्यों. Doubled, increased,

fun adj. Twice-born. s. m. A man of either of the three first classes, a Brahman, a Kutchri, er a Vys., whose investiture with the characteristic string, at years of puberty, constitutes, religiously and metaphorically, his second birth. বিসম্ভাৱিৰ s. m. A tree (Cordin myza). বিসম্ভাৱ s. m. A Sudra or man of the fourth or servile tribe.

विश्वचा adj. Twice-born, regenerate. . m. A. Brahman. (acida).

दिजिम्बा s. f. The moon-plant (Asclepies चिज्ञदेशम s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe, a Sudra.

(\$ 17 s. f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indicus); gum olil anum.

বিসাধনী s. f. The chara: teristic thread er cord which designates the three first classes of the Hindus.

दितीय adj. Second.

fuffurs. f. A wife, according to the ritual, a woman wedded after the ceremony prescribed by the Veds, a second self as it were; the second day of the fortnight.

दितीयामा s. f. A scitamineous plant (Curcumo zanthorrhiza,).

विधा adv. Of two kinds, in two ways. विधात ady. Having two natures.

fay s. m. A plant (Mesua ferrea).

fequ s. m. A place where two reads meet.

faux adj. Two-footed. s. m. A biped, including four genera, gods, demons, men, and birds.

free A serpent, s. f. A leech.

दिस्यादि s. m. A sort of serpent (Amphisbæns).

বিষয় adj. Repeated, said twice; said or told in two ways.

frefm s. f. Tautology, repetition.

fery adj. Of two forms.

বিষয় adj. Of two kinds, in two ways.

feens s. m. A fortnight.

विश्वस्था s. f. A pregnant woman. वीप s. m. An island, any land surrounded by water; the world is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these being separated from the next by a peculiar and circumambient ocean; the seven Duips, reckoning from the central one, are Jambu, Kus, Pluksh, Salmelli, Krounch, Sak. Pushkar: the central Duip, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed Duips: viz. Kuru, Chandra, Varun, Soumyah, Nag, Kumarica, Gabhastiman, Tamrapurna, Kaseru, and Indra.

दोषी adj. Islander. s. m. A tiger.

हेवी adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse, obonoxious. s. m. An enemy.

adj. Hateful, detestable.

देखता s. f. Aversion, dislike, detestableness.

vas. m. Duplication, doubling or being doubled; duality, in philosophy, the assertion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soul, spirit and matter, God and the universo.

देवनही s. m. A philosopher who asserts two principles.

a adj. Two-fold, of two sorts.

वेथोकरण s. m. Making two, separating, disuniting.

মুঠ odj. Having two senses, meaning two things; having two objects. s.m. A two-fold meaning, double entendre.

ध

The nineteenth consonant in the Nagari alphabet; it is the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by dh, as in mud-house, but a soft dental.

र्भन '

चंबर s. m. Cowherd, shepherd.

vy s. m. Work.

siver s. m. A kind of drum.

चंचकी s.f. A small drum.

भंभवा s. m. Deception, trick. भंभवाग v. d. To trick.

ten s. m. Business, employment, work, avocation, occupation.

tions ody. Solitary.

पंचारी s. f. Solitude,

चेपाला s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

viver v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thrust into, to sink, to enter, run into.

ঘৰ্ষৰ s. m. Palpitation, perturba-ঘৰ্ষৰী s. f. tion, apprehension. মন্ত্ৰীয়া v. n. To palpitate.

वसरहत्रामा v. n. To be confounded at a sudden disaster.

ধৰীত e. m. Shove, push, thrust. D'akel dena, To push, to precipitate. ধৰীত্ৰা v. a. To shove, to pash, to

jostle.

धनेत्र.m. A pusher. धन्नभका s.m. Shoving and jostling, instling.

um: s. m. A'shove, jolt, push, jog. Dhakka dena, To shove, push, jolt.

ungs } e.m. A paramour. Dhag gerungs } baz, s. f. An adulteress, Kazi, or, Bakhshi ka dhaggar, Independent of judge or general (aa sopression of pride).

धनीयना u. n. To roll, to wallow.

boo, slough, &c.).

us s. m. f. Shape, form; attitude, posture; figure, appearance, person. Dhaj pslatns, To change one's attitude in sword-playing, &c. чжин s. m. Impotency.

पजा s. f. A slip of cloth, a standard, a ship's pendant, a flag, a banner.'s. m. attitude, posture.

धजीबा adj. Well-looking, personable. धनी s. f. A slip of cloth or paper, a shred. Dhajjian urana, To disgrace, to expose one to infamy. Dhairian karna, To tear to pieces.

www.m. The body.

चक्क s.f. Palpitation ; fear.

प्रक्रमा v. n. To palpitate : to blaze. uwwi s. m. Fear, doubt, suspense; palpitation; thunder.

धरकाना v. c. To affright, to frighten. पद्धकाना v. a. To burn with great fary, Dhardhar rahna, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate.

चक्शकाना v. s. To flutter, to palpitate. wer s. m. The sound of hammering, &c.; frightening, alarming; a crowd. uver s. m. The sound of hammering : frighting, alarming ; bullying, brava-

do : a crowd. uw s. m. A party ; a weight, Dhara bandhas, To make up a standard to weigh by, with bricks or any thing else : as, by having one weight (of a pound suppose) it is doubled, quadrupled, and so on, till the weight requisite is obtained.

West s. m. A crash, report, of gun, explosion.

will s.f. A line, particularly the black lines made on the lips with missi; a weight of five seers : the quantity weighed at once.

थाचा र s.m. A bird, a kind of myna भक्ता ∫ or jay,

un s.f. A word used to encourage elephants.

वतीनगर adj. Ignoble, spurious.

धसुरा s. m. A plant (Datura fastuosa or thorn-apple).

unfour adj. A cheat, an impostor. भ्रम्मा v. n. To blaze.

www s. m. In versification, certain words or letters, which are reckoned by poets to be unlucky. (The letters, w h. a g. a n, in begginning of a verse: ₹r. ₹ j, ₹ s, in the middle ; and ₹ k. zt, n gyu, in the end of a sentence are of this description).

un adj. Fortunate. interj. Well done ! what happiness | how fortunate, s. m. Fortune, prosperity, an expression, of praise, thanks, riches, property of any description, thing, substance, wealth, opulence. Dhan-pair, s. m. An inventory of property. Dhanman, or. Dhanwan, adj. Affluent, rich, wealthy, Dhan manna, To thank. Dhan-andh, adj. Blinded with wealth or riches, purse-proud.

धनंत्रम s. m. Fire ; a tree (Pentapters arjuna).

भनक s. f. Embroidery, lace.

धनकटी s. f. The season for cutting rice. धनम्भित adi. Purse proud.

चन्त्र adj. Opulent, powerful.

धनस्या s.f. Covetousness.

धन्द्र adj. Beneficent, liberal, who gives away property. &c.

धनद्द s. m. Fine : amercement. चनद्प s. m. Pride of wealth.

धनदायी adj. Literal, munificent. s. m. A benefactor, a donor.

प्रमुख्य है n. prop. The name of a phy-भागरी & sician in the court of Indra. odj. Powerful, strong, wealthy.

unufa s. m. The god of riches, Kuver.

प्रमयाम रे A wealthy person. भ्रम्मान 🕻

धन्तिय adj. Fond of wealth.

धनप्रिया s. f. A vegetable (Ardisia solanacea).

धनमद adj. Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth.

ঘৰজীন s. m. Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice.

धनवन्न धनवन धनवन धनादा े adj. Wealthy, affluent, rich.

धनव्य s. m. Expenditure, extravagance. धनस्यचि s. f. Accumulation of wealth. धनस s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

धनहरी adj. A chief, a pilferer. s. f. A sort of perfume commonly called Chor.

ঘৰতা s. m. A cultivator of rice. adj. (Of a country) in which rice is cultivated.

धनदीन adj. Poor, reduced to poverty. धनामार s.m. Treasury of wealth.

भनावा s. m. Abounding in riches, wealthy. [property.

धनाधिकार s. m. A title or right to धनाधिकारी s. m. An heir.

ঘণাখিকাবিদ্ধী s. f. An heiress. ঘণাঘাৰ s. m. A treasurer.

ষ্ণাআৰ s. m. A treasurer. ঘণাআৰ s. m. Acquisition of propery. ঘণাআঁ adj. Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly.

धनामा s. f. Thirst of wealth, longing after riches.

খনাৰী s.f. One of the musical modes. খনিৰ adj. Pious. s.m. A creditor. খনিৰা s.m. Coriander seed (Corian-

drum sativum). Dhaniye ki khopri men pani pilana, v. a. To harass, to disturb, to tantalise.

ঘ্ৰিছা s. f. The twenty-fourth Nukshutr or lunar mansion; the dolphin; it comprises four stars and is figured by a drum or tabor.

यनी adj. Rich, wealthy, fortunate, an

epithet of Deity. s. m. Owner, proprictor s. f. A beam.

un .s.m. A bow; the sign Sagittarius.

un s. f. A bow. Dhanukdhari, s. m.

An archer. Dhanuk-dhar, s. m. An

archer, armed with a bow, an epithet

of Krithna Dhunuk-dhars. s. m. A

ceremony in honor of Shiv. Dhanukbae, s. f. Tetanus.

খনুদ্ধী s. f. The bow with which cotton is cleaned. adj. Arched.

धनु:पट s. m. A. tree (Buchanania-latifolia).

ধনু: মাথা s. f- A plant, from the leaves of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow-strings were formerly made (Sansiviera zeylanics).

चनुर्वेर s. m. An archer, one armed with bow.

धनुष्री ड•्री. An archer, a bowman. धनुष्रीका ड.∫. A plant, from the leaves of

which bow strings were made. ঘনুবা s. f. The moon-plant.

ধনুৰ s. m. A bow. ধনুৰবাতি s. f. The points or ends of a

भन्तरंकार s. m. The twang of a bow.

भृत्यभ्र } s. m. An archer, bowman,

भृत्यम s. m. Any religious ceremony in which the bow figures as an emblem.

uguis. m. Bow.

wast s. f. Small bow.

धनेत्र s. m. The name of a bird with a very large bill (Buceros).

पनेकर s. m. Kuver, the Indian Plutus. धनावेड adj. Saccessful; true apeakings धनीटा s. m. Cross beams that sustain the supports of a thatch.

धन adj. Fortunate, lucky ; good, virtuous, interj. Well done! what happiness; how fortunate, so expression of praise, worthy of greatness or glory;

মুখাজ s. m. A plant bearing a small pungent seed used by the Hindus as a condiment (Coriandrum satisum). মুখালে s. m. The physician of the gods, said to have been produced at the churning of the ocean; a celebrated physician who appears to have been the founder of the Hindu medical school.

धन्यवास s. m. A plant (Hedgsarum alhagi).

way s. m. A country scantily supplied with water, a desert, a waste, a firm spot, land, ground.

ঘৰীs. m. An archer, a bowman; a name of Urjun; a tree (Pentaptera srjuna); a wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man.

थप s. m. Voice, sound, noise, crack. धपाइ s. m. Running, race. धपा s. m. A stain on cloth; a slap, box, thumb, blow; deception.

were s. m. A. stain on cloth.

thumping, &c.; threat, threatening, awe, s. m. A blacksmith.

young v. a. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of a head-ache): to palpitate, to thump; to flash, to glimmer.

unus s. m. Great heat, threatening, chiding; thump, noise produced by the fall of any heavy body.

भन्दाना v. s. To threaten, menace, chide, snull cow, daunt.

बनवाषट] s. f. Threatening, threat, सबसे | menace, धनवाना v. n. To make a noise (with the feet by running about over head).
जनवार adj. Corpulent,

uning s. m. A kind of cannon carried on an elephant.

भगाणीकरी s. f. Noise, tumult, bustle. भगाभग s. m. The sound of stamping, thumping,

walt s. m. A chime or time in music; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedan mendicants).

will s, m. A chime or time in music; a kind of song which is sung during the Holi, or festival held at the approach of the vernal equinox; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahamedan fakirs).

श्रमीका s. m. A kind of tambourin.

भुषात 2. m. Running through fire on religious occasions (among, Mahomedan mendicants).

ut s. m. The body, trunk,

the navel (or rather the unbilical vein, perhaps the aorts or colica artery, as it is said to pulsate) which is supposed by the Hindu physicians to be occasionally removed from its place, and thus to occasion various morbid symptoms. This is called dharan digat, or, ndf tatis, or, ukharan, and the cure is attempted by friction of the belly. s. m. Holding, possessing, having; a measure or weight; a breast, a female breas.

arche, f. The earth. Dharmat-dhar, s. m.

A mountain; a name of Shashnag,
fabulous serpent, said to uphold the
earth; a name of Vishna, in the
form of a tortone and of a bear.

writer s. m. An epithet of Seshnag; mountain. भ्रत्योह्मा s. m. A name of Sita, the wife of Rism, earth-born, being turned up from the soilly a plough, as Janakit was ploughing a spot to propare it for a sacrifice.

भरता s. m. A debtor.

भागी s.f. The earth. Dharti ka phal, s.m. A mushroom.

भ्राप्तकता v a. To proceed with tumultuous rapidity; to move with violence, to rush.

wire s. m. A heam.

sume, put on, apply; to give in charge; to seive, catch, lay hold of, hold, keep. Dharans dena, or, bythma, A mode of exterting payment of a debt or compliance with any demand.

भरनी है. m. Adun.

भूरवाना v. a. To cause to place, &c. भूरा s. f. The earth.

भराना n, n. To owe.

भरिती s.f. The earth,

भरोचा s.m. The second husband of a Hindu widow among the lower classes: this connection, being connection, being contrary to the spirit of the Hindu institutions, is formed without any particular ceremony, except marking the bride's head with minium.

भरोदर s.f. A trust, a charge, any thing given in charge, a deposite, भर्चा s.m. A debtor.

นุซึ s.m. Virtue, moral and raligious merit, according to the law and the Veds justice, usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, seet, &c.; duty, especially that enjoined by the Veds; fitness, propriety; inno-

cence; any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c., is the dharma of a house holder; administering justing, the dharma of a king; piety, that of a Bráhman; courage, that of a Kshetiri, law.

भ्रमेकार्य s. m. Any indispensable act of religion.

प्र[®]क्रिया s. f. Righteons conduct, acting according to law; any religious act. भूते वेद s.m. A plan in the north-west of India near Delhi, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pandus.

भ्रमंगहण s. m. Observance of moral or religious institutes, accepting or following the law.

धर्मचारियो s. f. A virtuous woman, an honest wife.

भूमेंबारी तर्युः. Virtuons, moral, dutiful.

भ्रमेचिमान १. m. } Virtuous reflection.

भूमें adj. Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue.

দ্বনীয়াৰ s. m. Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty.

धर्मेग s. m. A sort of tree ; a kind of large snake, not poisonous.

भ्रमेन s. m. Morality, piety ; inherent nature, peculiar property, &c.

भ्रमेत्वाम s. m. The abandonment of ruli-

धर्मन्यामी s. m. (o.) A renegade, a a postate.

धर्मद्रीकी adj. Wicked.

भ्रमेश्वत s. m. A hypocrite,

দ্বমিৰায়ী s. m. A religious hyprocrite or impostor, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion.

धर्मनियम s. m. Piety, virtne.

धर्मनिव्यो adj. Pious, holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue.

মুন নিত্ত s. m. The ordinances of religion.
মুন নিত্ত s. m. The ordinances of religions
observance, discharge or fulfilment of
duty.

भूमेंपको s. f. A man's first wife and of the same class.

भूतीयत s. m. Glomerous fig tree (Ficus glomerata).

धर्मपाम s. m. Law-abiding.

भूमें इ. m. A name of the Pándu prince Yudhisthera; a pious and dutiful son.

भनेषभान adj. Eminent in picty.

धर्मभागिनी s. f. A virtuous and amiable wife.

भगम ady. Moral, rightcous, made up of or replete with virtue, &c.

भूमें मू स s. m. The foundation of Hindu law and religion (the Veds).

भूनेराज s.m. A name of Yam, the regent of the dead; of Yudhisthira; also of Arjuna, a king in general.

धर्मरीधी adj. Illegal, immoral.

भूतित s.m.) adj. Virtuous, pions, up-भूतित s.f. } right, just.

धमवान ड. m.

भूमीबनाइ s. m. Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Bráhms, Dyva, Arsho, Cándharbo, and Prájápotya.

भूमें विषय s. m. Judicial investigation. भूमें बाला s. m. A court of justice, a

tribunal. भूमें भारत s. m. The body or code of Hin-

du law; any work on the subject. अ मेश्रील ad). Virtnous, just, pious.

भूगेर्गाइता s. f. A code of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as Manu, &c.

भ्रमेखभा s.f. A tribunal, a court of justice.

अमेरेन s. m. Bridge of justice. (met.) Extremely just, धर्महीन s. m. Unrighteous, faithless. धर्माका s. m. A saint, a pious or virtuous person.

धरीक्षमैपरीचा s. f. Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white paper.

भ्रमेशिकारी s. m. A judge. [હંc. भ्रमेशिव s. m. A magistrate, a judge, भ्रमेशिवार s. m. Conformity to law or virtue, course or practice of duty.

ਬਮੀਬੀ s. m One who is jealous for justice or religion.

भूमी तनार s. m. An incarnation of justice, used as a term of respect.

भगासन s. m. The sent of the judge, the bonch.

भूमिंड adj. Very pions or virtuous.

भूमी ady. Virtuous, pions, just.

भूभीपदेश s. m. Moral or religious instruction. [preceptor.

धर्मीवर शक s. m. A guru or spiritual धर्म s. m. A taking, seizing.

ut s. m. A linsband; a tree (Grisles tomentosa).

भावा } s. m. The colour white.

ষাৰ adj. White; handsome, beautiful.
s. m. White (the colour); a tree (Grislea tomentosa); an inferior mode of nusic.

घवलपच s. m. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

भ्रवस्थिता s. f. Chalk.

भवित adj. White, whitened.

भवलीक्षम adj. White, made white. भवलीभ्न adj. Become white.

wil s. m. A caste of palki bearers who are Musalmans.

भ्रम्भा v. n. To give way to sink (as a quagmire or slough).

भवन s.f. A quagmire; the state of being thrust into. भूगना v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thurst into, to sink, to enter, run into.

भ्रम s. m. A swamp.

भगान } s. m. A slough, bog, quagmire.

भुमाना v. a. To cause to be thrust into, to sink.

wing s. m. A caste whose business it is to dig the earth.

ম্বাধন o. a. To gormandize.

wish s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, trick, cheating, juggle, chicanery, Dhanthalpans, s. m. Chicanery, juggle, cheating, subterfuge.

भांभली A wrangler.

ধাৰ্থায় s.f. The report of cannon heard at a distance; a sound made by burning any thing.

भांबेया s. m. A thrasher.

भांसना v. n. To cough (a horse).

भाषी s. f. A cough (of a horse).

wio s. f. A marse.

भाष्मारना v. n. To cry, to groan, Dhae
mer rone, To cry, to groan, to weep
hitterly.

win s.f. Pohip, glory; renown, fame; fear, terror; a tree (Bulca frondosa); a post.

भाकर s. m. A mongrel.

stree (Buten frondosa).

भागा s.m. A thread. Dhaga dolna, v. o. To quilt.

भारो s.f. Advancing towards or confronting an enemy.

u. s. s. m. A crowd, a multitude.

भाइस :. m. Firmness of mind.

ধান) s. m. Ore, metal, mineral; Sanskrit root. s. f. Semen virile. শ্বাৰণী s. f. A tree (Grislea tomentosa). भावा s. m. A supporter.

ard s. m. A principle or humour of the body, as phlegm, wind and bile; any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c.; a primary or elementary substance, viz., earth, water, fire, air, and Alessa or atmosphere; the property of a primary element, odonr, flavour, colour, touch, and sound; an organ of sense; a mineral, a fossil; a metal; a grammatical root.

ষাৰ্কাগীগ s. m. Red sulphate of iron. দাৰ্ব s. m. The alimentary juice or chyle.

भागमत adj. Promoting the animal secretions.

भागुमाजिक s. m. A mineral substance, a sulphuret of iron.

भागुमारिको s. f. Borax. [fluid, भागुराजक s. m. Semen, the seminal भागुराजक s. m. Borax.

भानगदी s. m. An assayer, a miner, se mineralogist.

भानुवेशी s. m. Sulphur.

भागंत्रकर s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or green vitriol. भागवण s. m. Chalk.

angum s. m. Unark

भावी s. f. A mother, a foster-mother, a nurse; the earth. Emblick myrobalan. [to:a.). भावीपुणका s f. A tree (Grisles tomen-

धाविका s. f. Emblick myrobalan.

ਬਾਂਬਕ ა. f. Frand, deceit.

भाभनी है है. m. A cheat, swindler.

धान s. m. The rice-plant, or rice before it is separated from the husk.

view v. n. To run, to make haste; to toil and labour, to diudge; to worship. भागी s.f. A kind of rice in the husk; a light green colour.

शतुन s. m. A bowman, an archer; a watchman armed with a bow; a caste of hill people using bows and arrows.

धातुन्त s. m. A lowyer, an archer.

भागुक्ता s.f. A tree (Achy ranthes aspera).

धान्यराज s. m. Barley.

धानवत् adj. Abounding in corn, having abundance of it.

wiv s. f. A foot measure; as far as a man can run without taking breath.

भाग An upper story. भागाई s. m. Foster-brother.

धान s. m. A dwelling, a house, a place. धाननी s. f. Any tubular vessel of the

धामन्त् adj. Splendid, luminous, eminent, exalted, illustrious.

भामा s. m. A large cane basket.

धानिन s. m. A kind of serpent (which is said to suck cows and to be harmless); a kind of wood; a kind of bamboo.

भाय s. f. A. nurse.

भागमारना v. n. To cry, to groan. Dhae mar rona, To cry, to groan, to weep bitterly.

WIX s. f. A line, lineament; stream, current; edge (of a sword, &c.); sharpness. Dhar par marna, or, Dhar marna, To contemu, to despise.

WIT .. m. Debt; slight sprinkling rain; end, bound, a line or fimit.

Uff s. m. A debtor

WITH ', m. Holding, having, keeping,

maintaining, bearing, upholding, sustaining, assuming.

RITUI s. f. Continuance in rectitude, keeping in the right way; fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution; mental retention, memory. v. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; to pour (water).

भारकी s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

घारन verbal n. s. Holding, bearing, sustaining, upholding, assuming, keeping.

ultil v. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; pour (water).

षारा s. f. A stream, a current.

धारासार s. m. A heavy fall of rain, s large drop or shower.

সাবিব adj. Upheld, assumed, sustained, খাবা s. f. A line, lineament; a small buttress; a plant used in dying (Lythrum fraticosom: Grislas tomentosa); (used in comp.) bearing, holding, having, wearing. Dharidar, adj. Lined, striped, streaked.

धार्भिक adj. Virtuous, pious, just.

धाव s. m. A plant (Grislea tomentosa). धावक adj. Running, going, swift, expeditious; cleaning, what cleans or cleanses.

भावत adj. Running, going quickly.

মাৰৰ s. m. Going, motion, cleansing, purifying.

ville v. n. To range, roam; rove; to run, run at, attack; to trudge; to worship.

चार्तनका s. f. A prickly night-shade.

धावनी s. f. A sort of creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

घात्रमान adj. Running, going swift, expeditious. with s. m. Running; over-running an enemy's country, attack, assault; a stock, a store; crowding together; name of a tree. Dhausa marna, To go expeditionally from a distant place, to run on or about.

uffir adj. Purified, cleaned, cleaned; gone, gone or run away; run to, advanced to or against.

WIF s. f. Cry, noise. Dhaha marna, To cry, to grown,

fun adv. An interjection of reproach or menace, or of contempt and aversion, fie, shame, &c.

funt s. m. Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema.
funtaniv. a. To reproach, to curse.

धिकारी adj. Damned, cursed.

धिंगाना 8. m. Clamour, oppression.

funes s. m. A kind of tamarind.

धिया s.f. A daughter.

future s. m. Disrespect, reproach, consure, contempt; curse, anathema.

থিকোন্ত s. m. A caste of people who work on bamboos.

furrer s. m. A potentate, a monarch, an emperor.

चिराना v. a. To threaten, to bully. भी 8. f. Understanding, intellect,

भीत } s.m. A paramour.

धींग थांगी s. f. Teasing.

দীত দীতা s.m. (a) An impudent person.

चीदा s. f. A virgin, a maid.

भीन्द्रथ s. m. An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, car, nose, tongue, skin.

धीन s. m. Slowness; gentleness.

चीनत s.m. } adj. Sensible, wise. धीनती s.f. } learned.

where s. m. A. fisherman; a caste of fishermen.

भीमा s. m. (a) Lazy, slow.

घोमा adj: Slow, lazy, gentle, mild, tomperate, abate, allayed. Dhime dhime, adv. Gently, softly.

धोमार s. f. Slowness, tardiness, gentleness, mildness.

घोगान adj. Sensible, wise, learned. घोमेघोमे (adv.) Slowly, gently, softly.

भीर adj. Resolute, firm, steady, patient, sedate. s. m. Resolution, firmness, patience, deliberateness, sodateness,

धीरज s. m. } Patience, sedateness, धीरता s. f. } gravity; firmness, deliberateness.

भीरल s. m. Firmness, fortitude.

भीरा adj. Gentle, patient, deliberate, sedate, grave.

भौरिया s.f. A daughter.

भीरेभीरे adv. Slowly, gently.

भोतर s.m. A fisherman ; a caste of fishermen.

भोवरी s. f. A fisherman's wife; a sort of harpoon for catching fish with.

মীৰাৰ্ adj. Intelligent, renowned, famous.

भेश्वत s. f. An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension, &c.

чит s. m. Seasoning with which any thing is fried.

भुगारना v. a. To season with spices.

yw s. m. Dim-sightedness; haziness, mistiness. [tiness.

पुंचनार s. m. Darkness, obscurity, mis-पुंचनारी s. m. The son of Atmdeb who was a demon.

पुषराभा v. n. To be dull, misty.

yum adj. Foggy, misty, dull.

पंचलाई s.f. Dinness, cloudiness, mistiness.

g'am adj. Kuavisb.

धुंबा s. m. Smoke. धुक्छुवा छ s. f. Palpitation, agitation. धुक्छो s.f. A purse.

yaya s.f. An ornament worn on the breast; perturbation, anxiety, apprehension; consideration, reflection.

धून s. m. Shaken, agitated.

धुतेना v. To cheat.

धती s. f. Cheat.

yal s. m. Trick, deception. Dhutte

un s. f. Inclination, propensity, application, diligence, perseverance, ardour, ambition, assiduity; pains in the bones; sound, musical sound.

इनकना v. a. To card or comb (cotton). भूजना (v.) To comb, card (cotton).

धनशे s.f. The bow with which cotton is carded.

মুদি s. f. Sound, musical sound. মুদিয়া s.m. A carder, a comber (of cotton).

ootton).

yিল্বাৰ s. m. Pains in the boncs. [cr.
yবিবাৰ s. m. A carder of cotton, a combyanta s. m. An insect (Coccinella).

yanta s. m. To comb, to card (cotton); to
hoot the band. Sir dhunga. To boat

beat (the head). Sir dhunna, To beat one's head with vexation, &c.

garment for covering the legs.

भुत्रकाई e. f. Gloominess.

ge s. m. Beginning ; limit, end. Dhur se dhur tak, From beginning to end.

भुरपद s. m. A kind of song.

प्रसाम s.f. Dusk, twilight; evening. अध्याना v. a. To throw dust; to winnow, to sift,

un s. f. An axietree.

মুন্তবাৰা v. a. To cause others to wash. মুনাই ε.f. Washing; price of washing. মুন্তাৰা v. d. To cause to wash. মুন্তী & s. f. The first day of the unish the practice to scatter ashes.

yaar s.f. The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse,

भुगंचार Much smoke, smoky.

yater s. m. A chimney.

पुनिया s. m. Washerman,

yerc s. f. Thorn-apple (Datura fas-

stuff made of shawl-wool.

भूषां भूवा } s. m. Smoke, steamer.

પૂંધર ક. f. Fogginess, dulness. પુંપરા adj. Foggy, dull, gloomy.

জ'ৰ কাব । s. m. Heavy rain obscuring জ'ৰ'লো ihe whole heaven; gloomy weather, gloominess; desolateness; name of a game.

घृंबारा s. m. A chimney. घंबारामा v. a. To smoke.

भूनक है s. m. Rosin, resin.

चनी adj. Persevering. s. f. Smoke; fumigation by way of exercising one possessed; or, as a medical application; a fire lighted by a Hindu mendicant, over which he sits, imbibing the smoke, by way of penance. It is often practised by them in the manner of dharns, to extort compliance with their demands: hence, Dhuni dena, To dun, to importune ; to smoke. Dhuni lagani, To insist obstinately, or to persevere in a demand ; fumigation by way of exorcising one possessed; or, as a medical application. Dhuni lena, To inhale smoke, or undergo fumigation.

that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by the shasters; the perfume burnt by Hindus at the time of worshipping. s. f. Sunshine, the heat of the sun. Dhupdani, s. f. A pot for keeping dhup.

धूपदोप s. m. An offering of incense to an idol.

भूपना v. a. To smear with pitch, to pitch, to perfume.

चूपत्रच s. m. A species of pine (Pinus longifolia).

खुपाङ s. m. Turpentime.

un s. m. Smoke. s. f. Tumult, bustle, noise, fame, rumour, report.

भुकति s. m. A comet or falling stars, भूमपाम s. m. Pomp, parade, tumult, bustle, noise.

भूमप्रभा s. f. A supposed division of hell, the hell of smoke,

भूतरा धूनचा क्ला b adj. Of a purple colour, of the colour of smoke, compounded of black and red.

ध्र s. f. Dust.

भूरभागी s. m. A tall stout fellow. s. f. A firelock (without a chamber).

बूरसंभा s. m. Evening. सूरादेगा v. a. To deceive, to wheedle, to take in.

धृरियावेला s. m. A species of jasmine.

धरियामबार s. m. A musical mode (particularly sung in the bezinning of the rains). [evening. धरियानेवा s. m. A kind of Jasmine;

भूत adj. Fraudolent, crafty, cunning, sly, dishonest, knavish, &c.; mischievous, injurious. s. m. A gamester, a rogue, a cheat.

चुन मा इ. f. Knavery, roguery, knavishness, ennning, slyness.

चृतनो s. f. Cunning, knavish.

થળ દોલિ ક. f. Dust,

ष्य s. m. Poison.

भ चित्रक्षक s. m. The red vegetable powder thrown about at the spring festival called the Huli.

धूमना v. a. To ram, to stuff; to butt

Grey (the colour); any thing of a grey tint.

घुषाधामी s. f. Cramming and stuffing. घुष्टा s. m. A scarecrow.

ध्रम । interj. Fie ! shame !

धत adj. Possessed, held, contained. धनराष्ट्र s. m. A proper name, the father

of Daryadhan, and uncle of the Panda princes; a good king. [ed. gr. stady. Firm, steady, calm, collectiffs. f. Steadiness, firmness; a motre, a stanza of four lines of eighteen syllables each.

प्रतिसत s. m.) adj. Firm, steady, प्रतिसान s m.) culin.

धेंगाम प्रि s. f. Fistienff ..

चेतु s. f. A milch cow, one that has lately ealved.

चेतुमती s. f. The Gourtee river.

चेरा alj. Squint-eyed.

चेता s. m. Half a pice or pysa. चैदा s. m. Steadiness, firmness.

चैर्थक्षणित adj. Steady, calm, assuming firmness or composure.

धेवत s. m. The sixth note of the gamut. थीया s. m. A present of fruit.

Fit s. f. Pulse which has been soaked previous to boiling, a mash.

with s. m. A small mound of earth; (met.) a pot-belly, a large felly.

षींबामा s. m. A chimney.

भी क s. f. Salutation, lowing down to idols.

भोकड़ adj. Robust, athletic.

भीका s.m. Deccit.

with s. m. Deceit, deception, delusion, blunder; disappointment; doubt, hesitation; a scaterow; anything imaginary, not real, a vapour resembling water at a distance. (French mirage; Dhokha khona, To be deceived. Dhoka dena. To deceive.

ধীৰু s. m. A sort of snake, a kind of water-snake.

भोता adj. False, treacherous, perfidious. भोतो s. f. A cloth worm round the waist, passing between the legs and fastened behind

भीना v. a. To wash, s. m. Washing.

भीप s. f. A kind of sword.

भी s. m. Washing.

भोविन s.f. A washer-woman, washerman's wife.

भोबी s.f. A washerman.

भागें डीडकार s. f. A sour belch.

धीरिष 8. f. Tradition.

witt e. m. Name of a medicine.

धीरी s. m. A bullock.

धीना adj. Washed.

धीस s. m. A coarse kind of shawl. भी s.f. A kind of wood. (Lythrum

If s.f. A kind of wood. (Lythru)
fruticosum; Grislea tomentosa).

wi s. m. A weight of 20 seers. pron. Whether,

भेक s. f. Breathing, panting; the asthma. & &c.

धोकना v. a. To blow with the bellows,

भीज s. f. Thought, consideration, con-

चैं। ताल adj. Rich, wealthy; strong, stout; bold; vicious, mischievous.

श्रें।तालो s.f. Riches ; strength ; courage ; viciousness, mischievousness.

भें द s. m. Assault, threatening.

भोसभड्झा s. m. Blustering, bullying, tumult, the impetuous assault of a crowd or body of men.

Will s. m. A large kettle-drum,

भौतिया s. m. The leader of a line and cry or posse comitatus,

भौत adj. Washed, cleaned, purified, भौतिमन s. m. Crystal.

the s. m. A large kind of dove.

भौरा } adj. White.

बीत्तिं क adj. Belonging to a cheat, knavish, fraudulent, dishonest, &c. भीज s.f. A thump, a rap, a slap.

धीलजड़ना धीलमाइना धीलमाइना धीलमाना loss.

धीलधप्पा s. m. Thumping and slapping. धीला adj. White. Dhoula-gir, s. m. Name of a mountan.

भीलाई s. f. Whiteness.

भीतागिरि s. m. Snowy mountain.

ध्यानयोग s. m. The performance of religious abstraction.

worship is addressed.

चाना v. a. To meditate on, to think on, to adore, to know.

खानी aly. Meditative, contemplative, given to meditation (on divine mutters), religious.

आनीय adj. To be meditated upon. ष्यानै। १ ०. a. To meditate on, to think on, to adore, to know. gw ady, Fixed, stable, firm; true,

right. s. m. The polar star or north pole itself.

wanters. m. The polar star. HITE s. m. A kind of song.

Mal s. f. A plant (Hedysarum gangeticum); a small tree, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made; the introductory stanza of the song, it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus; a virtuons woman.

us. m. The pole) of the earth), polar. star.

was, m. Loss, destruction.

ध्यं भन s. m. Loss, destruction.

ध्व सित adı. Lost, destroyed.

ध्यं सी s. f. A mote in a sunbeam. Destructive, destroying.

ध्यजा s. m. A flag or banner ; a standard, a ship's pendant; a flag staff. धारी s. m. A standard-bearer.

ध्य सोदो s. m. The humble bee.

चनी s. m. Sound; the sound of a drum. ध्वनित ad). Sounded, making a noise as a drum, &c.

व्यक्तिनाला s.f. The Vina or lute; a pipe, a fife; a sort of trumpet. ध्यास s. m. Any aquatic bird, as a crane,

a gull, &c. feeding upon fish. आवत्रा o. To meditate ; reflect.

was m. A flag or banner.

The twentieth consonant of a Nagari alphabet, having the sound of. adv. No. not.

नंग । adj. Naked ; shameless, Nanga नंगा } Larns, To bare, to uncover. Nanya jhuri; s. f. Searching, examining (as people leaving a workshop, to prevent pilfering). Nangamádarzad, Stark-naked. nangs, or Nanga manang, ad). Nake t. Nunga-sir, Barchended, Nanga talwar, A drawn sword, Nange shamsher, A drawn sword; one who speaks his mind freely and without reserve, Nange paon, or Nange pyron, Bare. foot, bare-footed मंगठा adr. Naked.

नगवल ग ad). Stark naked.

मंगानारी s. f, A searching.

नंगमनंग s. m. (a.) Stark naked.

नेमियानेना o a. To take and strip.

नंद s. f. A sister in law, husband's sister. s.m. The foster-father of Krishna.

नंदन s. m. A son ; the grove or garden of Indra, Elysium,

न दनन्दन s.m. The loster son of Nands. i. e. Krishna.

मंदीला s. m. An earthen vessel

बंदोमार्रे s. m. Husband's sister's hus-गरोई 🕤 band.

नंधना o. n. To begin.

74 (In comp.) Nose, as Nak ghisni, s, f. Rubbing the nose on the ground in prostration, or by way of humiliation.

नक्षिमना । s. f. The rubbing the nose नक्षिभी 🕻 on the ground in humble prostration.

नक बड़ा a.ly Angry, frettul, ill-tempered warm, passionate fastidious.

नक्तिकनी s f. A sternutatory plant, (Artimisia sternutatoria).

শশ্বা adj. Nose-clipt, noseless. s. m. A rogue; name of a lird.

পদ্জা s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नक्सीड़ा adj. Droll, waggish, roguish.

नकवानी s. f. At the last gasp, at the point of death.

नवनाचा s.m. Name of a disease.

লক্ষীৰ s. f. The veins of the nose.

Naksirphutna, To bleed at the nose.

ক্ষাৰ s. m. Refusal, denial.

नकारना v. a. To refuse.

नकारा s. va. (a. Worthless.

निक्याना v. To speak through the nose.

ৰকুত্ব Nothing, not any thing,

ৰক্ত s. m. The nose. ৰক্তৰ s. m. The Benyal mungoose (Virerra ichneumon),

नक्षरका है ... A plant, the mungoose नक्षर हैं। if wounded in a conflict with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venom by the use of this plant.

নমুখা s. m. The nose; a disease of the point of any thing.

দক্ষৰ s.f. The wooden or iron instrument fixed to a camel's nose, and to which the string by which he is led is fastened; a cavesson.

Nakka dua, A kind of game at dice.
বন্ধী s.f. speaking through the nose,
nasal sound.

नकी संड s. f. Name of a game.

To adj. Infamous.

नज्ञमास s. m. A tree (Galedupa arborea).

ৰদ্ধ s. m. An alligator; the nose.

नमाराज s.m. A shark,

नचन s. m. A star in general; an astorism in the moon's path or lunar mansion of which twenty eight, distinct in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated: the Pouranic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven; Ubhijit, the twenty-seventh, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them. Besides the common division of the zodiac into twelve signs, the Hindus divide it into twenty-seven Nacshatras, each of which has its appropriate name, and two and a quarter of which are included in each sign.

नची

ব্যবস্থ s. m. A particular diagram for ;
astrological purposes.

नवनाषा s. f. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls; the table of the asterisms in the moon's path.

লম্বনী adj. Born under a lucky planet, fortunate.

মধ ε. m. A finger or toe nail. Nakhsikh or, Nakh-seh sikh-talk, From top to toe, entirely, throughout, (lit.) from the (toe) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.

मञ्ज s. m. The string of a paper kite. मञ्जाद adj. Who or what eats with nails or talons.

न्यान इ. m. A star; a constellation.

नस्त्री adj. Fortunate, born under a lucky planet.

नखपद s. m. A scratch, the mark of a finger nail.

नकरेखा s. f. भवतिथा नकांक s. m. The marks left by the nails, a scratch.

निवियाना v. d. To claw, to stratch.

নদ্ধী s. f. A perfume, a dried substance of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail; apparently a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume; a vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though know by the same name. Naklii, adj. Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons.

লম s.m. A mountain; the stone of a ring, or a stone on which a name &c., is cut, a jewel, gem, precious stone.

नगचाई है s. f. Approach.

नगचाना v. n. To approach.

गगज वर्ता, Mountaineer.

नगणा s. f. Heart-pea (Cardiospermum halicocabum).

नगदीना s. m. Wormwood.

नगन adj. Naked.

नगपति s. m. Hinalayah, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Tartary, &c.

नगिनद s. m. A. plant (Plecironthus scutellaroides).

अवभू adj. Mountain, mountaineer.

सगर s. m. A town, a city. Nagar-nari.

नगरजन s. m. Town's-folk, citizens.

नगरवासी s. m. One who resides in a city. [city.

नगर[निशासी s. m. One who resides in a नगरा s. m. A raised seat or platform on each side of a doorway.

लगरीसदिष्यी s. f. A species of metre. नगरी s. f. A town, a village. odj. Of or belonging to a town or village.

नगरीपान्न s. m. Suburb, skirts of the town.

नगारा s. m. A kettle drum.

नगात्रव adj. Living in or frequenting mountains. [ring.

नवाना s. m. The stone of best of a

नक्षा mendicant.

ৰম্ব ঃ. m. Nudity, nakedness.

নময় s. m. Ferment, a drug used to throw the mixture for spirituous liquors into fermentation.

नट

ৰম্বা s. f. A naked woman.

a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes; a Bouddh, a Jyn.

বিষয় s. f. A girl before menstruation or about ten years old; naked woman.

नदीवरण s. m. Stripping, undressing. नदीकत adj. Stripped, undressed, naked. नचनियां s. m. Dancer.

गचवाना है v. s. To make to dance.

az s. m. A dancer, a mimic, an actor, a tribe who are generally jugglers, rope-dancers, &c., a tambler in casto, the son of a degraded Kshatiri by a woman of the second class or caste ; a sort of reed (Arundo libialis, or, A. karks); a subordinate mode of music.

नरसर adj. Roguish, waggish, artful, trickish, shrewd. s. m. A cheat.

तरबरी s. f. Trick, rognery, artifice, artifiless.

ন্তৰ s. m. The art or act of dancing, pantomime, &c.

नटना v. To deny.

লহনাহার্থ s. m. A Rag or mode of music, according to some, the sixth, or to others, a subdivision of Dipak or of Megh.

मद्रपत्रिका s. f. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

नटबर है s. m. A juggler, rope-dancer, नटबा है mimic, actor, &c.; a chief dancer or actor.

नटन अन s. m. Yellow orpiment.

721 s. f. A shrub (Cæsalpinia bonduccella).

নহিন } s. m. A female ropedancer,

नटी s. f. A medichial plant; a where. a nuch girl, a dancer, an actress; red arsenic.

中等 s.m. A sort of reed (Arundo tibialis, or, A. karka); a particular trile whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets.

न ज़कीय adj. Abounding in reeds (a field, &c),

मङ्भीन s.m. A small fish a kind of sprat hunting reedy places.

नर्शन adj. Reedy, abounding in reeds. नत s. m. The arc or distance of any

planet from the zenith. नतमुख adj. Down-faced, looking down.

नवर If not, otherwise. नवाम s. m. Zenith distance (in Astronomy).

नताक adj. Bent, curved, bowed, stooping.

नमाङ्गी s. f. A woman.

भारत s.f. Bending, bowing, stooping, curvature, crookedness.

লামনী s. f. Grand-daughter, daughter's daughter.

नमेत s. m. A relative.

লয s. m. f. A large ring worn in the nose (on the left nostril); a rope passed through the nose of a draught ox.

শ্বনা j. m. A nostril, a ring for the nose, v. n. To have the nose pierced (a bullock), nathna charhána, To be angry or displeased.

नथनी c.f. A small ring worn in the nose: a ring inserted in the hilt of a sword.

ne s. m. A river, applied only to one

of which the personification is male, as the Brahmaputra, Sone, Indus, &c.

नदीन s. f. A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female.

नदीकामा s. m. A tree (Burringtonia acutangula); a small tree (Vitex negundo).

महीकाला s. f. The rose apple (Eugenia jumbu); a shinb (Leea hirta).

नदीकृत s.m. The bank or shore of a river.

नदीकुलप्रिय s.m. A sort of reed (Culamus rotany).

गरीज adj. Acquatic. water-born, a tree (Pentaptera arjuns); the marshy date tree.

बदीतीर s. m. The bank of a river.

नहीसर्ज s.m. A tree (Pentoptera arjuna).

महेयी s.f. A plant (Premna herbacea). महोसा s.m. A large earthen pan.

ननका s.m. A little child, a son; an expression of endearment.

ৰণহ গৃহ s. f. A sister-in-law hus-লগহিণা দদহা

ननी हाल s. m. Maternal grand-father's family.

नर्दकिशेर नर्द्धमार (The forster son of Nanda, नर्दमात (i. c. Krishno. नर्दमत्त

नन्दगीप s. m. An epithet of the cowherd Nanda,

নক্ল s. m. A son; the grove or garden of Indra, elysium. adj. Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy. নক্ষমৰ The pleasure grove of the Gods. নক্ষোৰ s.f. Wife of Nanda (Yashoda).

नन्दराय s. m. Krishna's foster father. দন্ধাশ } s. m. The beloved of Nanda গন্ধা नित्य | s. m. Toon, a tree the wood of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrella Tuna).

नन्दिनी s. f. Wife's sister.

बक्रीबेल c.m. The bull of Sivs.

मन्दीई } a.m. Husband's sister's hus-नन्दीमी } land.

बन्दीसा s. m. A large carthen vessel.

wer adi, 'Small, diminutive, neat, nutty, tiny.

नपुष्पा s. m. A vessel for measuring with.

नपुंचक adj. m. Of neither sex.

नपुंतक s. m. An eunuch, a hermaphrodite; an impotent or imbecile man; the neuter gender. adj. Unmanly, coward.

नपंतकता s. f. Unmanliness.

Mar s. m. Grand son.

au 8. m. Profit, benefit.

नफीरी s. f. A kind of trampet.

मबीन adj. New.

नव्ये Ninety

नभ s. m. The sky, ether, atmosphere. नभग adj. Moving in the atmosphere. नभगनाथ s. m. Lord of the birds (adjutant).

नभगिरा s.f. A voice from the skies. नमन्त्र Crane, adjutant.

नमचर adj. What moves in the sky ; nerial, s. m. A bard; a cloud; air wind.

नमस्थित adj. Abiding in heaven or in the sky, s. m. A division of the infernal regions, a hell.

नम: s. m. Salutation, reverence, bowing, obcisance, adoration.

नमकीम s. f. Pickled lemons.

वनत १ adj. Bending, stooping, bow-

and adj. Like, resembling.

MAMI unt. To bow in obersance.

नमिन adj. Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

नमस्तार s. m. Respectful or reverential address or salutation, adoration.

नमस adj. Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility.

नमस्तारी s. f. A sensitive plant.

न्यादित adj. Reverenced, respected, rshipped.

नमेच s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus. नभेग्र s. m. A spiritual teacher.

नम adj. Bending : (met.) Courteous. नसना s. f. Condes ension.

नमहास s.m. l adj. Looking down. नसमुखी s. f. | having the head bent.

नयन s. m. The eye.

नयना s. f. The pupil of the eye.

नयनीत्मद s. m. A lamp : any lovely or desired object.

नयाजना s. m. New birth.

नयाभीपाभा s. m. The outer angle or canthus of the eye.

नयनीषध s. m. Green sulphate of iron. or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere.

नवा adj. New. Nyeh sir se, adv. Anew, afresh.

Mr s. m. Man, individually or generally, a man, a male, mankind, adj. Masculine, male.

FIR s. m. Hell, the infernal regions, including a number of places of torture of various descriptions.

नरसङ्ख्ड s m. A well or pit in Tartarus, eighty-six such are enumer-

न्दक्षंत्रका s. f. The Torments of hell, नरकी Hellish.

FIRZ & s. m. A reed of which mats नरकृत sare made (Arumdo tibusils). नरकूस s. m. The wind-pipe.

बरजा s. m. Small scales.

भरदेव s.m. A king.

नरपति s. m. A king, a sovereign prince. नरमिय adj. Favourable or friendly to mankind.

बरहर z. m. One of the three loks regions of the universe, the about man, the carth.
बराइड s. m. Kuber, the treasurer of बरह z.f. Varat Varsh, India, or the central part of the known continent:

the birth place of men.

न्दमेष s. m. A human sacrifice.

नरद् adj. Having the human form.

नरहरी adj. Having the human form.

नर्जीस s.m. The Earth. [being. नरतित s.m. The sacrifice of a human नरिस्मा s.m. A horn (musical), a wind instrument.

नरीसनिया s. m. One who plays on the

नरसिंह s. m. The fourth Avatar or incarnation of Vishnu, which is said to have happened in the Sat-jug, upon the following occasion, Hirnya Kasyap, an impious prince, was engaged at his son Prahlad for worshipping the Almighty, and tried every means of destroying him, by poison, by throwing into fire, into the ocean, &c., yet Prahlad lived. "If your God is present every where," says Hirnyah Kasyap, let him come from an alabastar pillar;" on which, it is said, Narasingha appeared, with the lower part of a man and the upper of a lion, destroyed the father, and set the son on the throne, &c.

नारी adv. The fourth day past or to come, some day ago or hence.

नरपद 2. m. Shank, leg.

नरहिंचा s. f. Homicide, murder.

नराधन s. m. A low or vile man, a wretch. नरिवा s. f. A tile.

ৰথী s. f. A kind of leather, skin ; s weaver's shuttle.

नदस adi. Male, masculine.

নহৈ s.m. The throat, the wind-pipe. নহৈ s.m. Nareti dabana, To throtetcl s.f.

गरेन्द्र s. m. A king, an anointed sovereign.

नरेश नरेशर } 8. m. A king.

नके Hell.

नर्तेक s. m. An actor, a mimic; a juggler, a dancer, a player of any description; a reed (Arando karka).

नर्षेकी s. f. An actress, female dancer or singing girl.

नर्भन s. m. Dancing, gesticulating, acting.

नइंट्रक s. m. A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables in each.

river, which rising in the Vindhya mountains, runs westward to the gulph of Cambay.

nws.m. A reed (Arundo karks); the name of a king, and hero of several poetical works famous among the Hindus, especially the poem called Nyshudh; a tube, spout, joint of bamboo or other hollow wood; the bamboo which fowlers use to entangle game by applying bird-lime to the top of it. Nat chalans, Setting the bamboo in motion, denotes a magical

practice adopted for the discovery of theft. Two pieces of split bamboo, of equal lengths, are applied to one another side by side, and held by two men, one at each ond. It is said that any persons taken at random may be employed for this purpose. Then the magician pronounces certain incantations, the efficacy of which is pretended to be such that bamboos spontaneously move towards the place where he thief or the stolen goods are, and drag the men along with them. Nat dar nat, One tube within another.

প্ৰকৃষ্য One of the two sons of Kuber.
প্ৰাs. m. The ureters, urinary ducts,
Ahani nala, or Bhuin nala, A sort of
fireworks, roman caudle, made of iron,
buflalo-horn, or bamboo, placed on
the ground. Dom nala, A variety
of the above-mentioned, but with
occasional globes of bright light bursting up Hath nala, ()f the like sort
as above, but small, held in the hand.
প্ৰিয়োঃ, f. A perfume.

निवन s. m. A lotus or water-lily (Ne. lumbium spec osum, or Nymphwo nelambo): the Indian crane.

দল্পী s. f. An assemblage of lotus flowers; a place abounding in lotuses.

দিব্য t. m. A caste whose employment is to catch birds with birdlime by means of the nal, or reed.

พพิ. f. A tube, pipe, spout; the windpipe, ureter, éc.; a gun-barrel; the bone of the log, the tibia; weaver's shuttle, or the little tube within the shuttle on which the woof is wound. พพุพา. m. A tube, a joint of bamioo to convey letters in; stram. ৰজ s. m. A furlong, a distance measured by four hundred cubits.

नव: adj. New, nine.

नरजाजिका s. f. A young woman, either one recently married, or one in whom menstruction has lately commenced.

नवस्य s. f. Nine sections of the earth. नवस्य s. m. The nine planets.

TAGES s. m. pl. The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets; and the ascedding and desending nodes,

नवळाव s. m. A student, a novice.

नवळावर } Sacrifice, vistim.

नवजीवना s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

भवता s. f. Novelty.

नदहार adj. Having nine doors; an epithet applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, eyes, anus, &c.

नवधानिक s. f. The nine kinds of devotion recognized by Hindus.

नदनावरी s.f. (a.) Female who has never known a male.

नविनिध s. f. The treasure of Kuver, the god of riches. consisting of nine fatulons gems.

नवनी s. f. नवनीत s. m. } Fresh butter.

नवप्रतिकाड. f. A bride, a newly married woman; a girl in whom menstruation has recently commenced.

नवच्च s. f. A bride, a newly married woman.

नवदासा s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

नवस adj. Ninth.

नवसालिका s. f. Double jasmine (Jasminum zambac). [mouth, नवसो s.f. The ninth day of a lunar half नवसो s.f. A young woman. and a. m. Nine precious gems, or, a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli. cotal, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikramadityah, or, Dhanwantari, Kshapanakak. Umarsingh, Sanku, Vetalubhatt, Ghataberpur, Kalidas, Varahamihir, and Vararuchi.

त्रपाव s. m. The period of nine days, from the first of the light half of Ascent to the ninth; part of the time devoted to the worship of Doorga.
नवस्था ततीं, Beautiful. s. m. A sapling.
नवस्था s. f. A newly married woman.
नवस्था s. m. Now cloth.

नशायन s. m. A name given to any of the nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, water-carrier, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

বৰষায় s. m. The first series of Shraddhs collectively, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fifth, seventh, uinth, and eleventh days after a person's demise. [vered.

नवसृतिका s. f. A woman recently deli-भवा ady. New.

जनात्र s. m. A ninth, a ninth part.

ৰদান্তা s. m. A boat; a particular kind of boat, a barge.

nain v. a. To bend bownwards, to how; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

লবাৰ s. m. New rice or grain; a ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest.

नवास्त्र s. m. New and unbleached cloth. नवारना v. n. To travel, to walk, to wander, to go round, to surround; to shut out, to exclude.

नरारी s.f. A flower, a sort of jasmine.

नशे s.f. The string with which a com's feet are tied when milking, a tether. नशेक्षत adj. Renewed, revived, done or made anew.

नशैन adj. New ; youthful.

नवीनना s. J. Newness.

नवीभत् adj. Renewed, revived.

नेव ody. New, recent, young, &c.

প্ৰাৰ s. m. A bird, said to be a sort of crow.

नम्बन adj. Perishing, decaying, decaying. wasting, being destroyed.

नवर इ. m. } adj. Mischievous, destruc-

নত ady. Lost, destroyed, retayed, an-

नष्ट s. m. Destroyed, spoilt.

ন্তবন্ত s. m. The moon on the fourth lunation of either half of Bhadr,

नष्टचेतन adj. Fainted, insensible.

नष्ट्या s. f. Destruction, annihilation.

TET s. f. An adulteress.

नमा s. f. The nose.

नसाना v. Spoil, squander.

नसाना v. a. To destroy, to annihilate, to spoil, to squander. v n. To be destroyed or annihilated.

नशे s. f. A coulter, a ploughare.

नशीठ adj. Ill-omened.

नहीं की किंगु. [Intoxicating.

नसेनी Stair.

ৰল s. m. A sternutatory, snuff, &c.

मसा s. f. A hole, bored in the septum of the nose.

नस्य adj. Nasal, relating or be longing to the nose. s. m. A sternutatory.

नष्ड s. m. Nail (of the finger, &c.), talon. Nah leng, To trip, to stumble.

नद्भ pdj. Meagre, leal.

সম্ভা s. m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

नहनी s. f. An instrument for cutting mails; a kind of chisel used in polishing. and turning brass, &c.

नहरणी s. f. An instrument for paring the nails with.

नहरूषा } s.m. A kind of disease of the skin.

नहत्त्वाना v. a. To cause to be bathed or washed.

नइनामा v. a. To cause to bathe.

नष्टान s. m. Bathing, ablution.

नहाना v. n. To bathe, to wash.

नहानी s. f. Menses. नहान्त्र इ aaj. Without earning.

ৰহাৰ্থা s. m. A guinea worm (Filaria medinonsis).

निह adv. No. not.

निष्ठयर s. f. Wife's family,

नहीं adv. No. not, nay.

नहींती adv. Otherwise, else.

ना adv. No. not.

नाईन s. f. Female of Nai; a barber's

ſwife.

नाई } s. m. A barber.

नाडिया s. m. The bull and vehicle of Shiva.

wissis Name and place.

wir adv. No, nay. .

Tins. f. The nose. Nok katána, To dishonour. Nak kati honi, To lose one's honour. Nak charhana, To be angry or displeased. Nak rakhna, To preserve one's honour. Nak sakorna, To turn up one's nose, to be displeased.

ৰান্ধ s. m. Heaven, paradise, ether, sky, atmosphere,

नातका s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नासनदी s.f. A female dancer of the court of Indra.

TIMES. m. The extremity of a rowl: the eye of a needle; an alley, avenue, lame Nakeh bandi, Shutting up a road.

नाका s. m. An alligator.

नाइन adj. Relating or belonging to an ichneumon.

ৰান্ত্ৰনী s. f. A plant; the ichneumon plant, a vegetable supposed to furnish the mungoose with an antidote, when bitten in a conflict with a snake (Serpent ophiczyton?).

বাহৰ s. m. A month, one computed by the moon's passage through the twenty-seven mansions, or of thirty days of sixty gharis each.

ৰাত্তৰিক adj. Relating or belonging to the lunar asterisms.

नाचितिको s. f. The state or condition to which a person is subjected agreeably to the asterism presiding over his nativity.

नाम s. m. A demigod so called, having a human face, with the tail of a serpent, and the expanded neck of the Kolaber Naga; the race of these beings is said to have sprung from Kadru, the wife of Kasyap, in order to people Patal or the regions below the earth; a serpent in general or especially the spectacle snake or Cobra di Capello (Colaber Naga), a small tree (Mesua ferrea) ; a sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis), a tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria); one of the astronomical periods called Karan: it is one of those termed invariable, and always corresponds to the last half of Amawasua or new moon.

नानक्या s.f. A race of females said to inhabit Patal or the regions under

the earth, and to be of serpentine | नागमिंद s. m. A sort of snake (Amphisextraction, but very beautiful.

भागकीयर s. m. A small tree (Mesua ferrea).

नानजिल्ला s. f. A plant (Asclepies pseudosarsa).

नागजिक्का s. f. Red arsenick.

नामक्रीयन s. m. Tin.

नागदन s. m. Elephant's tooth or ivory. नागहमी s. f. A sort of sun-flower (Heliotropium Indicum).

नागरीन s. m. A kind of wood, by touching it is said that fetters spontaneously fall off.

नाबदीना 8. m. A plant (Artemisia vulgaris).

s. f. A serpent (female).

नागपचनी s. f. A Hindu holiday, the 5th of Srawan, sukla-paksha, on which day they worship a snake to procure blessing on their children.

armual s. f. A female of the serpent race.

नामपाम s. m. । A running noose of a नागफांच s. f. 🕏 rope, &c., a sort of nose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy.

नागप s. m. A tree used in dyeing (Rottleria tinctoria); a small tree (Mesua ferrea); a flower (Michelia Champaca).

नागपनी s. f. A. hedge plant (Cactus Indica \.

नागकम s. m. The holy-fig tree (Ficus religiosa).

नावनसा s. f. A creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

नागवेल s. m. Betel plant (Piper betel). नामभाषा s. f. A Prakrita language, said to be used by the serpentine race who inhabit Pátal.

bana),

भार्त

नागनात s. f. A name of Manasa, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes; red arsenic.

नागर adj. Clever, sharp, knowing (as a buck, a blood, a wag, &c.); town-born or bred, s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertinuis); a form of writing, the Deva-nágari alphabet.

नागरङ्ग s. m. The orange ; in India usually applied to the Silhet orange (Citrus Cyperus).

नागरमुसा s. f. A grass (Cyperus).

नागरमीया s. m. A sweet smelling grass (Cyperus pertinuis, C. juncifolius, or, rush-leaved Cuperus).

नामरी s. f. A sort of Euphorbia, a clever or intriguing woman, ad). The most common Hindi character of writing, called Deva-nayari, नामल s. m. A plough,

नायकीक s. m. The region under the earth, the abode of serpents and hydras, Patal; not being accessible to the sun, it is supposed to be illuminated by very resplendent jewels.

नागहां Suddenly.

नागडानी Suddenly.

will s. m. A caste of Hindu mendicants. Delhi.

नानाक s. m. Hastinapur, or ancient नामाञ्चला s.f. A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod.

नागादा s. m. Hastinapur, or ancient Delhi.

मागिन रे s.f. A serpent (female). नागिनी (

नामेचर s. f. A flower (Mesua ferrea), Indian rose, chesnut.

न में प्री क्रांतु. Of the colour of the Nageshwara, yellow.

नागीह s. m Armour for the front or the belly.

नामीदर s. m. A' breast-plate, a cuirass. नामीर s. m. A country near Mar-नामपास var.

নাধাৰ y war.
নাধাৰ v. a. To step across, cross, jump
over, pass, leap over.

বাৰ s.m. Dance. Nach nachana, To

make to dance; to tease.

নাম s. m. Contraction of Anaj, grain. নাম s. m. The Carnatic.

नाटक s. m. An actor, acting, dancing, &c.; a play, a drama; the first of the ten species of dramatic compositions of the first order.

नाटकीय adj. Dramatic.

बाटा adj. Dwarf, dwarfish, dapper, short.

नाटापन s. m. Lowness (of stature).

माटिका s.f. A short or light comedy, the first of the dramas of the second order.

ভাষা s. m. The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music.

ৰাতালা s. m. A theatre, a building for dramatic exhibitions.

नाउ s. m. Non-existence.

नाठी Stick.

नाइ s. f. The pulse.

नाड़िका s.f. An Indian hour, or twentyfour minutes.

बाङ्गित s.m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नार्यमुख्य इ. ni. The celestial equator. नाष्ट्री s.f. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine; a fistulous sore, a fistula, a sinus; an hour of twenty-four minutes; the pulse, either at the hand or feet, &c.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰীৰ s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia). [nativity. ৰাজীৰভাৱ s. m. The planet of a person's

नाञ्चीनसव s. m. The planet of a person's नाञ्चीनस्य s. m. An ulcer. [olse. नासर वर्षण (If) not (then) otherwise, नाता s. f. Relationship, kin, alliance. Natchdar, s. m. f. Relation, relative, नातिन s. f. Granddaughter, daughter's daughter.

daughter. नानि s. m. Grandson, daughter's son.

नात s. m. Grandson, daughter's son

नविदारी s. f. Kinsmanship, relationship. नाय s. m. A master, a husband, a lord; an affix to the mames of a class of Yogis, as Gorakhnatha; a rope passed through the nose of a draft ox. s. f. A seton.

नायना v. a. To bore a bullock's nose and put a string in it to guide him by. [subject.

লাধন adj. Dependant, sub-servient, লাব s.m. Sound in general; a semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or hieroglyphic in mystical works.

बादाहा s. m. A spout, a canal.

नारेयी s.f. A sort of reed growing usually near water (Calamus fasciculatus) ;a plant (Premna herbacea); the China rose.

नाधना v. a. To yoke.

নাৰত্ব n. proper. Name of a religious mendicant, the founder of the sect of Sikhs.

नानकपंषी भानकमता भानकमाही of Nanuka.

बाजा s. m. Maternal grandfather. adj. Various, many. v. a. To bend, to bow. बाबापकार है odj. Of various kinds: sorts, modes, methods.

नानाइप adj. Multiform, various.

बाबावर्षं adj. Variegated, many-coloured. नामानिध adj. In various ways ; of various sorts or kinds.

मानी s. f. Maternal grandmother.

ৰাৰ s. f. A large earthen pan.

नान्दिया s. m. The bull and vehicle of Siva.

नान्दीसञ्च s. m. A shraddha or funeral obsequies performed on joyous occasions, as initiation, marriage, &c. in which nine balls of meat are offered to the deceased father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather : to the maternal grandfather, great grandfather, and great great grandfather : and to the mother, paternal grandmother, and paternal great grandmother.

नाग्हा s. m. Small. कासमा v. a. To begin.

नाप s. f. Measure.

जापकीय s. f. Measuring and weighing. भापना ". a. To measure, to weigh.

मापित s. m. A barber, a shaver, a surgeon.

नापितशाला s. f. A barber's shop.

नामक s. m. A myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

नामि } s. f. The navel. नाभी (

नाभिगीलम s. m. A prominent or ruptured navel. Cord. माभिक्टेदन s. m. Division of the umbilical

नामिनाड़ी नामिनाड़ा } s. f. The umbilical cord.

भाव s. m. Name, appellation, character, fame, reputation, honour. Nam nikalna, To become celebrated ; to investigate lekur mang-khana. To beg alms in the name of another. Nam lena, To praise; to repeat the name of God. Nam hona, To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

जानकरक s. m. Naming a child first after birth; acquiring or taking a name (of honour \.

नामकरना v. a. To become famous.

नामख्यीना v. a. To lose one's honour or reputation.

बामहेंबा v. a. To give name to, to make conspicuous.

नामधाना v. a. To name, to fix a name on (particularly a bad name), to nickname, to miscal.

नामधरवाना v. a. To be defamed; to give a name to a child. नासना v. a. To name, to praise, to pane-ज्ञाम (काना v. a. To name.

आमोष adj. Dead, decease.

जामधीना v. n. To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

नामी होना v. n. To be celebrated.

बाबद s. m. A guide, a leader, a conductor; a chief, a head, pre-emient, principal; a native, officer of the lowest rank, corresponding to corporal in our corps; a person well conversant in dancing, singing, &c.

जायज s. f. Female of Nai, a barber's wife.

नाविका s. f. Female of Nayuk; a damsel, a lass; the mistress of a house, particularly (now) of a brothel; a bawd.

MIX s. f. A woman. s. m. Barrel of a gun; the fibre of which rope is made : the stalk of the lotus; the neck.

arta (adj. Infernal, hellish. s. m. the perpetrator of any crime. Nam | | Hell or the infernal regions.

बारको adj. Infernal, being in hell, condemned to, or deserving it.

भारती s. f. An orange (Citrus auran-

sage, the son of Brahmá, and one of the ten original Munis or Rishis; he is a friend of Krishn, a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Viná or Inte; and who, by carrying tales, eccasioned frequent quarrels among the gods; (met.) a disputant, one fond of alterestion.

লাংবিলাং s. m. The membrane in which the focus is enveloped, secundines.

नारा s.m. Red thread.

নাবাৰণ s. m. A name of Vishnu, considered as the being who existed before all worlds, and moved on the waters of creation.

कारायणचेत्र s. m. Four cubits on either side of the stream of the Ganges.

नारायचतेल s. m. An oil of great reputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants.

नारायणो s. f. A name of Lakshmi, the goddess of prosperity, and wife of Vishnu; a plant (Asparagus racemosa). adj. Of or relating to Narayan.

नारीकेल } s. m. The cocoanut.

नार्दिश s. m. A person who feel's the pulse.

नारी s. f. A woman in general, a female; the pulse, an artery; the umbilical cord; a kind of greens.

बारीच s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia),

नारीह्नच s. m. A vice or breach of duty in a woman, of which six cases are reckoned, viz. drinking spirits, keeping bad company, quitting a husband, rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house.

नारीधम s. m. The duties especially incumbant on women.

नारीप्रसङ्घ इ. m. Libertinism, lechery.

नाइ s. m. The guinea worm.

s. m. A tube, barrel bore, or chase of a gun; the navel-string; stalk of the lotus.

जाना s. m. A. rivulet, brook, canal, gutter, furrow, ravine.

লালকী s. f. A sort of sedan or litter, generally used by people of rank.

লালিকা s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नालिता s. f. A sort of potherb (Hibiscue caunabinus).

ৰাণী s.f. A stalk or culm; any tubular vessel of the body; the pulse.

ৰাজীয়ত s. m. A fistalous or sinous sore. নাৰ s. f. A boat, ship, vessel, any thing long and hollow within.

ong and nonow within.

কাৰলা v.a. To bend downwards, to how; to cause to, submit to, to cause, to stoop.

লাবিজ } adj. Belonging to a vessel, a লাবিজী } boat, &c. s. m. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot; a sailer.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ s. m. Annihilation, loss, destruc-বাষ্ট্ৰ ction, non-existence, death. বাষ্ট্ৰ-s. m. A destroyer.

नामन s. m. Destruction, perishing.

नामपाती s.f. A pear (Pyrus communis). नामपन् adj. Destroying, annihilating. नामस्य adj. Destroyed.

লাঘিলী s. f. } adj. Destructive, de-লামী s. m. } stroying, a destroyer. লাভ s. f. Snuff, Masdan, s. m. A snuff box. #18 s. m. Non-existance, annihilation, death.

नामक s. m. A destroyer.

नाहना v. n. To flee, to run away. v. n. To destroy.

riques. m. The rind of an unripe pomegranate (used in dying). Nospolirang, The colour extracted from Naspal.

जासमा adj. Unintelligent, not understanding.

जासमभी s.f. Ignorauce..

THE s.f. The nose, s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नासाइजियावर्ष s.m. Wearing the nosering in the right nostril by women who have money and children.

ৰাধাৰম s.m. The bridge of the nose-ৰাধাৰাবাৰ s.m. Wearing the nosering in the left nostril, a mark of sorrow or distress.

बासाबीच s.m. Drying of the nostrils. बासिका s.m. The nose.

जासिकामल s. m. The mucus of the nose, snot. [not. कास्ति adv. Non-existence, not so, it is

লাবিল } s. m. An atheist, but ap-লাবিল } plied by the orthodox Hinadus to any one who denies the divine authority of the Vels, or doubts the legends of the Puráns.

नाविकता s.f. Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the Veds: Bouddhism, heresy, &c.

नाचिका s. m. Infidelity, atheism.

नाचित s. m. Non-existence.

লাভা s. m. The rein of an ox passed through the septum of the nostrils. লাভা s. m. A tiger.

114 (01 m. 22 tigot.

बाहि है adv. No, not.

नाहींनुहीं s. m. Rofusal.

नि:कारण adj. Causeless, unfounded.

ৰি:বিম adj. Thrown or sent away; spent; passed.

লি: ইব s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away; spending; passing (as time); wiping away (as tears).

नि:फल s. m. } adj. Frnitless, barren.

निःशंशय adj. Undonbted.

লি:মন্ত s. m. } adj. Fearless.

नि:मन्द adj. Silent, voiceless.

नि. मेप ady. Complete, entire.

नि:येयस s.m. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its re-union with the primary and universal spirit.

বি: যাধ s. m. Breathing out, expiration ; sighing.

নি:মন্ত্ৰ adj. Separated, unconnected. নি:মন্ত্ৰ adj. False, untrue,

नि.सत्यसा s. f. Insincerity, falsehood.

नि:सर्प s. m. Death, dying; a means or expedient; exit, a going forth, or out: final beatitude.

লি:মছ adj. Intolerable, unbearable; irresistible, unable to support or bear.

নি:বছৰ s. m. Inability to bear or support; impatience; unendurance.

fa: art adj. Sapless, pithless; worthless, vain, unsubstantial. s. vs. A. plant (Trophis aspera).

नि:सच adj. Disagreeable, distressing ; unhappy.

নি:ম্বা s.f. Linseed (Linum utilitissimum) -নি.মুহ adj. Free from desire; disregard ing, indifferent to.

ৰি:ৰ adj. Poor, indigent.

नि:बाद adj. Insipid, tasteless.

নিন্তৰ ady. Happy, without enmity or opposition ; plain, easy.

নি ন্ব adj. Rooted up, extirpated. নিক্ত adj. Near, proximate. adv. About, with.

निकटाली s. m. A bystander.

निकती s. f. A balance, small scales. निकल्दन s. m. Destruction.

निकाप adj. Without deceit or fraud, sincere, candid.

নিক্ষমা adj. Useless, good for nothing. নিকা s. m. A flock or multitude; a heap, a bundle; pith, sap, essence.

নিম্মনা v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secode, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

নিকজ্বলা v.n. To escape; (met.) to surpass another, to be advanced or promoted; to speak much or display one's talent (spoken of a person who from the modesty of a stranger had formerly been silent).

নিষ্কলাৰা v. n. To escape, to go away.
নিষ্কলনা v. n. To issue, to go forth or
out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled
or taken out, to come or get out,
seconde, depart, proceed, to be performed or accomplished; to exceed,
to be uttered, to be taken off, to be
produced, to appear, result, to prove,
to turn out, to begin, to be invented,
to escape, to rise, to slip, to spring.
নিষ্কলবাৰ্থন v. n. To come out, to be
drawn forth.
[off, to le off.
[क्कलमानवा v. n. To run away, to get

drawn forth. [off, to be off. जिल्लामानका ए. म. To run away, to get जिल्लामा ए. म. To run away, to get जिल्लामा ए. म. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secede, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

निकार 8. f. The price paid for weeding a field; the act of weeding.

विकामा v. a. To weed.

निकास adv. Voluntarily, willingly, implying certainty.

Frans s. m. Contrivance, outlet, issue, vent, discharge expulsion, projection. Nikal dalna. To deduct, to strike out. Nikal dens, To cashier, to exclude, to expel, to eject, to discard, to drive or turn out. Nikal lana, To bring off. "Nikal lens, To dig up, to take out, to extract.

নি মাজনা v. a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to cause to exceed, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to take off, to exclude, to extract, protrude, deduce, extricate, to exhibit, to produce put forth, hatch, to pull, to do, to perform, to accomplish, to pick.

First s. m. Skirts, suburbs, outer boundary of land attached to a town, &c., issue; outgoing, discharge, outvent, source, origin, spring; adjustment of accounts, accomplishment.

figures a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to exclude, to extract, to deduce, to extricate; to produce.

निकासी s. f. Taxes collected on goods passing out of a town, duties, &c, Nikasi ki chitthi, s. f. A permit, a passport.

নিকালা s. m. A prop, a pillar. বিবিহু s. m. Outcast.

নিক্তম s. m. An arbour, a bower, a place overgrowing with creepers.

ৰিস্তাম s. m. A plant (Croton polyundrum). निक्रीत A mansion.

নিক্ষাৰ্থক s. m. A tree (Allangium hexapetalum).

निकोसमा v. a. To grin.

শিলন adj. Dishonest, wicked, perverse;
tow, base, vile.

নিক্ষবি s. f. Wickedness, dishonesty. নিক্ষত odj. Outcast, despised, low, vile.

লিখিন adj. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given or thrown away.

বিশ্বাদ s. n. Abandoning, parting with, throwing away.

निषक s. f. A quiver,

नियह adj. Idle, thriftless, merciless.

निसस् adj. Half, mid. निसद Worthless, uscless.

নিৰংকা v. n. To be peeled, skinned, cleaned, cleared, settled.

নিম্বানা v. a. To settle, to purify, to clear. [A billion.

বিষ্ণাৰ্থ adj. m. Dwarfish, a dwarf. s. m. বিষ্ণাৰ্থ adj. f. Dwarfish, a dwarf.

নিস্থাহ Unalloyness. [clear. নিস্থাংলা ৩. a. To strain; to bleach to নিস্থিল adj. All, entire, complete.

निकाट s. m. Plain dealer, any thing without blemish.

निकारना } v. s. To peel, skin, decor-निकासना } ticate, clean.

नियोधना v. n. To grin.

বিলাজ s. m. An iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especiatly the heel chains of an elephant; fetters, the stocks.

निवत adj. Naked.

निगन्दना v. a. To quilt.

चितन्दा s. m. } Quilting.

नियम s. m. The holy writings or Veds of the Hindus collectively; certainty, assurance. নিগমন s. m. Certain or logical conclinsion, the winding up of a syllogism.

বিশহ s. m. Eating, swallowing.

निगलका v. a. To swallow, gulp down.

निगाची s. f. A small hukka snake, the wooden pipe of a hukka snake.

লিমুহ adj. Profound, obscure, hidden, concealed. [purpose.

নিশুহাই adj. Having a hidden sense or নিশীয়া s. m. Wretch, wight.

निग्गर odj. Solid.

faux s. m. Aversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike.

লিঘন্ত s. m. A vocabulary, a collection of words of names.

লিঘানি s. f. An iron club or mace. নিম adj. Docile, subservient, domestic, dependent.

निचय s. m. Certainly.

নিৰিল adj. Free from thought, nnxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, atleisure. Nichiat hona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

লিখিনাই s.f. Carelessness, fearlessness, unconcern, leisure.

দিব্যির s. m. The end or termination of any affair; the burthen, or that on which any thing depends.

নিমান্তনা v. a. To wring, squeeze, press, strain, express, to extort, exact.

নিবীৰ adj. Rapacious.

পিছৰ Without an umbrella, met. dispossessed of rule or sovereignty.

নিস্কাৰৰ s.f. A propitiatory offering, sacrifice, victim.

finn adj. Own, particular, individual, personal. Nij-ka, adj. Own, peculiar. Nij-tij seh, Properly, as is requisite.

লিক্ষনিক s.f. Correctness, propriety, good order.

নিশানে v. a. To spy, observe, hehold.
নিশাবন v. a. To twitch,

পিঞ্জীল adj. Steady, easy-paced, walking or running smoothly without ngitation (epithet of an elephant).

faziti s. m. Determination, final settlement, decree.

निक्या s. m. Idleness. ady. Idle.

निहर कत्युं. Harsh, obdurate, relentless, ernel; sly, cunning, shrewd.

नित्रका } s.f. Cruelty, obstinacy.

লিভং adj. Fearless, danntless. adj. Without fear, fearlessly.

নিতাল } adj. Still, motionless.

for adv. or adj. Always, continually, eternally, ever, constant, invariable; the base of an obtuse-angled triangle, Nit-pratt, or, Nit-nit, Constantly, perpetually.

fans adr. Constantly.

িমল s. m. A woman's buttocks.

লিবৰ s. m. One of the seven divisions of Ptalá or hell.

नितान adj. Much, excessive, adv. Much, excessively. [smiths use.

নিবা s.f. Small scales, such as gold-নিবা adj. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual; past, present, and future; regular, fixed, invariable. adv. Always, eternally, continually.

sdv. Always, eternally, continually. निवसके s.m. Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily or necessary rita.

নিজ্ঞা s. f. Perpetuity, eternity.

निव्यदा adv. Always, constantly, and eternally.

निष्यदाग s. m. Daily alms.

নিৰ্মণ্ড্য s. m. The constant loss of living beings. [in.

fragm adj. Always busy or engaged

निव्यक्षीरम अर्थु. Ever or always young. निव्याचाद्या इ. m. A period when the perusal of the Vess is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon, new moon, the eighth and foorteenth days of the half month.

निव्यानिवा adj. Eternal and perishable permanent and temporary.

নিখবা ady. Clear (water whose impurity has subsided).

বিভাবের ৬. a. To pour; to purify water or other liquid by letting the feculent matter subside and pouring off the clear.

नियारा s. m. Apart, along metals from their sacrine

नियारिया s. m. One who extracts..

লিক্সন s. m. An example or illustration; injunction, prescrpt; authority, text.

নিবাৰ্থাত s. m. The hot season, two months previous to the rains, about May and June.

নিহাল adv. At last, at length, lastly, after all, altogether. s.f. (In medicine) Knowledge of the symptoms of diseases (Disynosis).

निदिग्धिका s.f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

निद्ध adj. Ordered, directed; advised enjoined; explained, pointed.

শিহ্ন s.m. Order, command, direction, instruction; the word of command. শিহ্নী adj. Showing, directing, pointing out,

fez: s. f. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth.

fनद्रायमाथ adj. Sleeping, a sleep. निद्राय adj. Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. s.f. A sort of perfume,

feffet adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

fruga adv. or adj. Without fear, fear-

লিঘল adj. Poor.

নিখননা s. f. poverty.

fixin s. m. A Nidhs or divine treasure, belonging especially to Kuver, the god of wealth; a receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited; place of esessation or rest; a place, honse, mansion, abode, the subject in which any quality inheres.

infu s. m. One of Kueer's divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated, viz. The Padma, Mahapadma, Sankha, Makara, Kachehhapa, Mukuada, Nanda, Nila and' Kharba their nature is not exactly defined, through some of them appear to be precious gems; according to the Tantrika system they are personified and worshipped as demigods; a receptable, a place of asylum or accumulation, as, a treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables.

frage s. m. Sound in general.

निनावा s. m. A bug.

fantar s. m. The thrush, aphthae.

দিব্দ adj. Reproachful, abusive, scurrilons, censorions, querulous. s. m. A calumuiator, scorner. [ness.

নিজ্জাই s. f. Querulousness, censorious-নিজ্জ adj. Abusing, blaming. s. m. Reproach, censure, blame.

निव्यना v. a. To vilify, defame, revile, reproach.

ণিন্দা s. f. Censure, reproach, scorn, defamation, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling.

निन्तास s. f. Drowsiness.

निन्दासा adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

विन्दास ति s. f. Irony, ironical praise,

বিদ্বে adj. Abused, reviled, reproved; low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. [heusible.

দিবা adj. Bad, vile, despicable, repre-দিবাৰ adj. Ninety-nine, Ninnanuch ken pher me parna, To be entirely absorbed in the acquisition of wealth; to be involved in difficulties.

निप s.m. Kadamba tree (Nauclea cadamba).

fauz adv. Very, exceedingly.

निपटना v. n. To terminate, to be finished. निपटाना v. a. To settle, decide, conclude, terminate.

বিষয়ের s. m. End, finishing. [&c. বিষয়ের s. m. Who finishes, terminates, বিষয়ৰ s. m. Falling.

निष्तित ady. Fallen, fallen down.

faq13 s.m. Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems.

ing down, alighting; fulling. coming down, alighting; irregularity (in grammer); a particle (in ditto).

faqia s.m. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle; any reservoir of water.

faywadj. Clever, skilful, expert, conversant, eminent.

निप्ता adj. Childless, having no son. निवटेश s. m. Determination.

লিবজ্না v. n. To be accomplished, to be spent, to be ended.

গিৰ্ম s. m. Epistasis suppression of urine or constipation; binding, confinement.

form adj. Weak.

निवलाई s. f. Weakness.

নিবাৰৰ s. m. Ending, finishing, cessation, separation.

নিৰাত্ৰা v. a. To keep one's engagements, &c.; to accomplish, to perform, manage; to spend to end; to separate.

দিবাৰ্থ s. m. Prevention, hindering, forbidding, stopping.

जियारमा v. a. To forbid.

faur s. m. Accomplishment, performance, sufficiency, supply, maintenance: performing or keeping engagement, keeping, guarding.

निवाहना v. a. To accomplish, achieve, perfect, perform; to protect, to guard, to take care of ; to keep one's faith; to behave, to afford; to conduct.

निवास ady. Lasting, permanent, sufficient for one's purpose.

निवेशना v. a. To end, to put an end to, complete, perform, finish, spend. निवेखा 8. m. End, finishing.

निवेदन s. m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

निमना v. n. To serve, succeed, pass, live, last, to be accomplished, perfected, or performed,

निमाना v. a. To perform ; to guard ; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford; to conduct.

निमकी s. f. Pickled lemons.

निमकी हो s. f. The lerry of the Nim tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

निमम adj. Stout, strong, tight, good. निसमाई s. f. Strength, stoutness.

निमनाना v. a. To strengthen, to ameliorate.

निसाना adi. Simple, without guile : singular, unlike to all others, sheepish.

निस्मि s. m. A. moment (of time), a twinkling of the eye.

বিদিন s. m. Cause, motive, instrumental cause ; for the sake of ; (met.) fortune.

the twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time.

निमोत्तन s. m. Death, dying ; twinkling of the eye, shutting of the cyclids, winking.

निमेष s.m. Twinkling of the eye; & momentary space of time, the twinkling of the eye considered as a measure of time.

fre adj. Deep, profound (literally or figuratively), low (ground), stooping. निसना :. f. Depth, profundity.

निष s. m. A tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

পিৰুৱৰ s. m. The Coral tree (Erythrina fulgens), it is considered as one of the trees of paradise.

निम्ब s. m. The common lime (Citrus acids). [strained.

foun ady. Self-governed, subdued, re-नियमाना adı. Self-regulated, self-controlled or restrained.

नियमाचार adj. Abstemious.

नियतेन्द्रिय adj. Of restrained or subdued passions.

नियना s. m. A charioteer, a coachman ; a ruler, governor, a master.

नियम s, m. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise; any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c. ; a religious observance or obligation in general; rule, precept usage, practice.

नियम्न s. m. Binding, restraining, cheek-नियमित adj. Regulated, prescribed. faut adv. Near.

fraut s. f. Nearness.

नियासक s. m. A. boatman, a sailor, a steersman; a pilot, a helmsman; a charioteer.

निविष s. m. The twinkling of an eye ; | नियाय s. m. Justice, equity, right, de-

cision. Niyayah karna, To judge, to administer justice, to decide.

नियायक s. m. A Judge.

বিবাধিক ε. m. A reasoner, arguer, logician, sophist.

বিষাধী s. m. A distributor of justice ; a logician.

লিমাৰ s.m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.

Figure adj. A part, aloof, separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon, s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, silver, or other metals; from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Niyareh adv. A part.

বিষয়ের ক. m. One who extracts metals from their scolia, ady. Prudent cautious, not easily imposed on.

fragm adj. Engaged in, applying or attached to authorized, called, appointed.

नियुत्त adj. A million; ten hundred thousand. [gle.

নিযুম s. m. Close fight, personal strug-নিমান s. m. An order command; authority, appointment.

লিমানী adj. Engaged in any pursuit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it; appointed, authorized, entrusted with authority, &c. s. m. A minister's deputy, an agent, &c.

লিয়ালৰ s. m. Ordering, commanding, directing.

লিথানিব adj. Entrusted with, appointed to ; directed, ordered.

far adv. Negation, privation. prep. Out, without (on the outside), without (not having).

(In astronomy) The terrestrial equator.

निरस्टेम र. m. A first meridian, as Lanka or Ceylon, a place where the sunis alaways vertical, and the days and nights are equal; the equatorial region.

निरशार } adj. Without form (the निरशास } deity), incorporeal

বিৰ্ম adj. Unchecked, uncontrolled. [see.

বিষয়েব adj. Void of passion or emotion; unstained, unblackened. s. m. The-

Supreme Being. বিষয়বা s.f. The day of full moon.

fetas s. m. A dancer.

निरमार adj. or adv. Without interstices; without interval; continuous; uninterrupted, continual; incessantly, constantly.

নিমেন্যায় e.m. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works; diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practico.

निरपराध } adj. Faultless, Hameless.

निर्भेच adj. Independent of, unconnected or unconcerned with; careless, indifferent, negligent; without purpose or hope.

লিমেন adj. Vain, fruitless, unprofitable; unmeaning, insignificant, obsolete.

निरम adj. Dry ; insipid, tasteless. s. m. Insipidity, want of flavour or passion ; dryness ; want of juice.

निरस ady. Expelled ; abandoned, deserted, left.

निरस्त adj. Without or destitude of arms, weapons, &c.

निरस्कार ady. Humble, free from pride. निरा adj. Mere, pure, only, unalloyed, single, simple. লিংকোং adj. Devoid of form o. figure, incorporeal; the Divine Spirt, God. লিংকোন্ত্ৰী adj. Content, without desire, not coveting any thing.

factor adj. Without respect; of bad dispositions, disrespectful, unceremonious, unpolite, disrespected.

निराधार adj. Without support or prop. निराधार adj. Prosperous, fortunate.

निरामय s. m. The wild goat; a hog a boar.

निशासासु s. m. The wood apple. निरामिषी adj. Living without meat; free from sonsual desires.

निरायास adj. Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable,

निराय क्षां. Unarmed, defenceless. निराय बर्ग. Not slothful, active.

fation adj. Apart, aloof, retired, lonely, private; pure, mere, simple, unmixed, unalloyed; rare, strange, odd, extraordinary. Niraleh, or, Niraleh men, Apart, in private.

লিবাস adj. Hopeless, despairing; disappointed.

निराधिस adj. Without a blessing.

পি বামী s.f. Despair.

লিংশ্য adj. Without refuge, destitute. শিংশাৰ adj. Fasting through necessity or choice. [maimed.

निरिन्दिय adj. Imperfect, mutilated, निरीचण s. m. Looking at, regarding, seeing; expecting, hoping.

লিংহীৰদাৰ adj. Looking at, regarding, hoping, expecting.

দিংগিত্বন adj. Seen, beheld, looked at; hoped, expected.

hope, expectation.

भिरोध s. m. The lody of a plough,

Mam adj. Obscure, obsolete. s.m..

sidered as supplementary to and connected with the Vids, forming part of scriptural or sacred science; glossarial explanation of obscure terms, especially those occurring in the l'eds.

নিম্ভি s.f. The Vedang or portion of scriptural science, which explains obscure, and obsolete terms.

निद्मार adj. Non-plussed, without an answer.

निवयम adj. Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness.

নিছম adj. Without form (the Deity)
incorporeal.

निष्पष s. m. Ascertaining, determining. निष्पित adj. Ascertained; appointed, deputed, directed to do any thing.

লিইছুনা v. s. To behold, to spy, to look out.

निरोग रे adj. In high health and spi-निरोगी rits, healthy.

निर्वत adj. Gone out or forth ; expended, extinct, departed,

দিৰ্মৰ adj. Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell. [tree.

নিৰ্মন্ত্ৰী s. f. The Simul or silk cotton. নিৰ্মন s. m. Going forth or out, exit.

ท์ที่ข งส์j. Void of all properties; bad, worthless, unskilfn), having no good or estimable, qualities; unstrung, as a necklace. s. m. The Supreme Being, as being without passions orhuman qualities.

নিযুঁখল s. m. The state of being freefrom all qualities, an attribute, especially of the Supreme Being.

विदेखी s. f. A shrub (Viten negundo); the root of the lotus;

নিষ্ঠত s. m. A vocabulary, an index. নিৰ্দিশ বাব্য . Not odious, not detestable. লিব s. m. A kind of greens. (Corchorus capsularis).

লিক্ত adj. Simple, guileless.

নিজন adj. Without a person or individual, desert, uninhabited, lonely, unpeopled, unfrequented.

fast adj. Immortal, imperishable, undecaying. s. m. Ambrosia, the food of the gods.

গিন্দৰ adj. Dry, desert, without water, void of water. s. m. A desert, a waste.

বিভিন adj. Conquered, subdued, overcome: unconquered.

ৰিন্দীৰ adj. Lifeless, inanimate.

নিৰ্মাধ adj. A cascade or torrent the precipitous descent of water from mountains, &c.

निषेत्र s. m. Certainty, positive conclusion; investigation; (in law) sentence, decision; (in logic) complete ascertainment.

বিষ্টান adj. Ascertained, determined; sentenced, decreed.

निते 8. m. Dance.

विश्तेना v. a. To dance; to jump about playfully.

निताना To make dance; to make pure, to clean.

ৰিহুঁই কিন্তুৰ feeling, cruel, hard-hearted, শিহুৰী devoid of pity or charity, merciless.

निर्देशन s. m. Marking nut.

নিহ'ঘনী s. f. A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made (Sanseviera zeylanica).

লিছিত adj. Described, depicted, pointed out, shown; ascertained, determined. লিছন s. m. Order, command; description; depicting, pointing out or exhibiting. निर्देष (adg. Faultless, without de-निर्देश) fect or blemish.

for adj. Not double; free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c.; not acknowledging two principles.

निर्मन adj. Poor, indigent.

निर्धमें adj. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion.

নিধাৰ) s. m. Certainty, ascertain-নিধাৰ ment.

निर्धार adj. Ascertained, determined.

নিন্ধ adj. Having no superior, master, protector, &c,

বিৰ্থিনা s. f. Being without a master; widowhood,

โคนัส } adj. Helpless, friendless.

निफल adj. Fruitless.

নিব্য adj. Childless, without offspring; extinct (as a race or family).

fran adj. Friendless, without relations.

নিক্ত adj. Weak, feeble, powerless; without strength.

निर्वेशना s. f. Wickness, feebleness, impotence, prostration of strength.

तिर्भेश adj. Powerless, enfeebled.

দিখিনী s. f. Zedoary (a spicy plant somewhat like ginger in its leares, but of a sweet scent, Amonum zedoaria; Curcuma Zedoaria).

নিৰীল adj. Without seed, childless; extinct (a race or family).

নিষ্টু বি adj. Ignorant, unwise, void of understanding, senseless, irrational. নিষ্ঠ ৰ adj. Not to be understood, iu-

comprehensible.

ครับ adj. Fearless, undaunted.

s. m. An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut.

निभेन्य adj. Uninhabited, desolate.

निमंग adj. Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing.

विभीमल s. m. Disregarded of worldly interests or possessions.

โททิ้ซ adj. Clear, clean, free from dirt or impurities (literally or figuratively), pure, limpid, pellucid, transparent, spotless.

निमेलता s. f. Pureness, limpidness, pellucidness, clearness, transparency.

निर्मलल s. m. Purity, cleanness (physical or moral).

निर्मली s. f. A seed with which water is cleared (Strychnos potatorum).

निर्माण s. m. Manufacture, production, making; pith, marrow, essence.

লিদাঁজ adj. Clear, clean. s. m. The remains of an offering presented to a good; purity, clearness, cleanness.

লিদিব odj. Made; fabricated, artificial. লিদ্ব odj. Baseless, unfounded; eradicated.

দিনীয়া adj. Not fascinated; without affection, free from attachment, unkind.

निर्भाष s. m. Extract, decoction, infusion; any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c.

দিল্ল adj. Shameless, immodest, impndent.

দিখিন adj. Unsmeared, unanointed; undefiled, uncontaminated (by passion, &c.), s. m. A name of Krishna.

দিন্ত্ৰী adj. Without covetousness, দিন্ত্ৰীৰ not covetous, void of avarise, contented.

निवेन adj. Bare, open (a country). निवोच adj. Liberated from existence; dead, deceased. s. m. Eternal happiness, amancipation from matter, audre-union with the deity; it is especially employed in this sense by the Bouddhas and jyns, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm.

निर्वात adj. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased to blow. s. m. A calm.

পিনাৰ্ছ s. m. Accomplishment, completion, an end; carrying on, supporting, maintaining; providing means; sufficiency, adequancy. [uniform. fন্ধিয়া adj. Unchanged, unaltered, বিশিষ adj. Unobstructed. s. m. Absence of obstruction or impediment, adv.

নিবিষয় s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhys mountains.

Freely, unobstructedly,

লিবিৰ adj. Foolish, undiscriminating. লিবিৰ s.f. A plant (Curcuma sedosria). লিবীৰ adj. Seedless; impotent.

নিবীয় adj. Tame, feeble, spiritless ; impotent.

লিছ'ন adj. Ended, terminated; happy, content; emancipated; free from occupation or interest.

Fig. fr. s. f. Final emancipation from existence; death; happiness; rest, repose, tranquillity; ceasing or abstaining from; completion, accomplishment, conclusion.

जिनेंद adj. Not having the Veds, infidel, unscriptural.

निर्वेर adj. Friendly, without enmity, निवरा s. f. A virgin, a girl unmarried. निवान adj. Low (ground).

লিবালা v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

fruit s. m. Hindering, opposition, impediment. s.f. Tape (of a coarse kind).

Niwarbaf, A tape weaver.



farry s. m. Hindering, opposing, an impediment.

frances of To prevent, to hinder, to prohibit. [posed.

লিয়ামি adj. Hindered, checked, op-লিয়াম s. f. A flower, a sort of jasmine. লিয়াম v. a. To bend downwards, to

bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to old.

ণিবাৰ s. m. A house, a dwelling, a residence.

বিষাধী s. m. } adj. Dwelling, abiding প্ৰাধিনী s. f. } in, inhabiting. s. m. f. An inhabitant.

নিস্কাল s. f. Final emancipation from existence; rest, repose, tranquillity. নিবইন s. m. An address, a potition, representation to a superior.

fan s. f. Night.

fant adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

four s. f. Night.

निमासर } s. m. The moon.

fames adj. Nocturnal, night-walking, what goes or moves about by night. s. m. A Rakshas, a fiend, an imp or goblin, a demon; a robber, a thief; a nocturnal animal, an animal that watches and feeds by night.

নিয়াৰ্থী s. f. A woman who goes to an assignation, a harlot, a whore; a she-devil, a female fiend; a sort of perfume.

ৰিষাল adj. Quiet, tranquil, patient. s.m. A house, a dwelling; the end of the night, or break of day.

निमानारी s. f. A female, a house-wife. निमास ady. Blind at night.

বিষায়তা s. m. The white water-lily. ভিত্তিস্থা s. f. A flower (Nyctonthes tristis). বিমীষ s. m. Midnight; night.

ৰিমলা day. Intoxicating, inchrient

निषेत s. m. A crane (Ardea nivea).

নিষ্য s. m. Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion; trust, belief, faith. adj. Actual, real, ascertained, certain, sure, indubitable. adv. Certainly, actually, indubitably.

লিমং s. m. A prowler.

বিষয়েই s. f. Prowling, Nischarai karna, To prowl.

নিখল adj. Immorable, still, fixed,

নিমভা s. f. The carth.

লিখলাক s. m. A kind of crane (A ea nivea); a mountain, a rock.

লিখিন adj. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded, s. m. Certainty, conclusion.

fara adj. Thoughtless, inconsiderate, void of reflection; free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, at leisure, Nischints hona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

নিষ্কৰ : m. A sort of tooth powder prepared of sulphate of iron, &c, it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth.

fale adj. Powerless, helpless; incap-

fafrez adj. Without flaw or defect; without vent, having no holes or rent.

निम्यास s. m. Breath expired, treathing out, expiration.

in we s. m. Union, meeting, association.

In was. m. The name of a mountain or

mountanous range, forming one of

the principal ranges of the universe,

and described as lying immediately

south of Habrat, and north of the

Himaloga range; a country in the

south east division of India; the sovereign of Nishadh.

বিষয়ত্ব s. m. A sort of potherb (Narsilea dentata).

fautes. m. The first of the seven musical notes, or more properly the last and highest of the scale; a man of a degraded tribe, or an outcast, especially the son of a Bráhman by a Sudra woman.

निविद्य adj. Prohibited, forbidden.

निविषत s. f. Prohibition, forbid-निवेध s. m. dance.

নিবৰ s. m. The ceremony performed upon imprognation taking place.

নিৰ্থম s. m. Prohibition, negation.
নিৰ্দ্ধমৰ adj. Without thorns; free
from trouble.

from trouble. [lista].
নিজ্মাক s. m. A plant (Copparis trifoনিজ্মাক adj. Without fraud or deceit,

open, artiess, honest, sincere.

formal s. m. Certainty, ascertainment.

formal adj. Free from wish or desire.

adv. Unwillingly.

বিজ্ঞাখে adj. Causeless, groundless, বিজ্ঞাখে s. m. Going forth or out; taking a child for the first time out of the house in the fourth month, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompanied by sacrifice &c.

বিষয় s. f. Confirmation ; faith, belief.

নিস্তান s. m. Sauce, condiment. নিস্তৰ adj. Harsh, contumelious (as

speech); hard, solid.

নিছ্বো s. f. Hardness of speech, reviling, abuse.

নিথানি s. f. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation.

বিষয় adj. Done, finished, concluded, completed.

नियराक्रम Weak, destitude of power. नियादन s. m. Doing, effecting, accomplishing; concluding; producing, causing, engendering.

निषादिन adj. Done, effected, made, produced.

निषाप विद्या Sinless, innocent.

नियुव adj. Sonless.

निष्का s. m. A cunnch or impotent man; a coward.

निच्यीत्रम adj. Canseless, groundless.

নিমুদ adj. Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing; exempt from desires.

নিক্ষল adj. Barren, unfruitful; seedless, impotent.

নিজ্জন] s. f. A woman past child-নিজ্জন) bearing, one in whom menstruction has ceased.

निस s. f. Night.

frag adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

facts adv. Without trouble or diffi-

নিম্বাৰ adj. Without contracting; without shame or reserve.

निसंदर s. m. A night-prowler.

निषयार्थे s. f. Night-prowling. Nisacharai karna, To prowl at night.

निसन्धाई s. f. Solidity. निसन्धि adi, Solid, tight, not leaky.

विसरना v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out.

निसास s. m. Breath.

निसि s. f. Night.

निसिय s. m. A shrub (Vitex negundo).

निसेनी } s. f. A wooden ladder, a निसेनी } ladder.

निस्तपट adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

famit s. m. Release, acquittal, salva-. tion, final liberation, beatitude

famitat v. a. To release, acquit; to beatify or exempt the soul from furthe transmigration.

किसारवीक s. m. The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity, &c.

frent s. m. Definitive settlement, decision, decree, adjustment; blessing.

किसोजस adj. Dull, obscure ; dull, spiritless; powerless, impotent.

निसीम s. m. Definitive, settlement, decision, decree, adjustment.

faस्पन्द adj. Still, steady, immoveable. facur adi. Content, nuenvious,

खानिहा s. f. A plant (Gloriosa superba).

बिमन्दे द ady. Free from doubt, undoubted. adv. Undoubtedly.

frame s. m. Breath, aspiration.

face adj. Naked; free from care. Nihan larla, A careless child or person.

দৈছাৰ s. m. Certainty, ascertainment. farat adj. Unarmed.

farit s. f. An anvil.

farrent s. f. An iguana, or the Gangetic alligator.

farish s. f. The menses.

faultain, a. To look at, to regard, to watch, to look after, to spy, to see.

form adi. Exalted pleased, happy.

fartago, 'n. To condescend, to incline or bend downward, decline, to stoop, to bow, to lean.

favorat v. a. To cause to crook, to bend, to bow.

निष्डना v. n. To lend downwards, to bow down, to incline, to stoop.

किशोश s. m. Favour, obligation, kindness; begging, requesting humbly, coaxing.

बिलिस ady. Thrown or sent away. ं किचेप s. m. Throwing, sending, putting

away.

मीद s. f. Sleep. Nind uchat hona, To be unable to sleep, or to have sleep broken. Nind bhar sona, To sleep sound, to be at ease.

नींदना v. a. To deny ; to blame, to censure, v. n. To sleep.

नींद s. m. Sleeper. नीप s. m. Lemon, lime.

नीका १ adj. Good, beantiful, clegant; well.

नीच adj. Low (in stature), short, dwarfish; low (in condition), vile, base, mean, vulgar. Nich-unch, s. f. In-

equality; the ups and downs of life, नीना adj. Below, down, low. Nicha unche, Up and down, uneven ground, abrupt. Nichak suronseh bolna, To sing with a low voice, or hum a tune,

नीचाई & /. Lowness.

मीचे adv. Below, benenth, under, down, Nicheh upar, Upside, down, Niche jana, To descend, to submit, to subside, to succumb,

नीति s.f. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, both by the sovereign and his subjects.

नीतिकथा s.f. Any work on polity or good government.

नीतिच s. m. A statesman, a politician. नीतिमत adj. Moral, eminent for royal duties.

नीतिविद्या s. f. Political science.

बीतिशास s. m. The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it.

नीह s. f. Bleep.

कीप s. m. The Kadamba tree (Nauclea kadamba); a species of Ixora (I. bandhuca): a sort of Asoca or Nil Asoka.

नी स s. m. A tree (Melia azal-dirachta), the margosa tree.

नीमन adj. Strong; well-finished; solid. नीमावन s.f. System of the followers of Nimananda, a Hindu mendicant.

जीर s. m. Water.

Costus (C. speciosus); a lotus in general; an otter.

नीरजस adj. Having no pollen (as a hower). s.f. A woman not menstructing.

नोरण adj. Fruitless, profitless, vain. नोरस adj. Dry, withered, insipid, devoid of taste, &c., morally or physically; tasteless, unpleasant.

मीरीग adj. Healthy, free from sickness. नीरीगता s.f. Health.

and adj. Blue, dark, blue or black. नीस s. m. Indigo, blue (Indigofera tinctoria), the river Nile, the blue mountains, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine portions, and lying immediately north of Pavrat or the central division; one of the divine treasures of Kuver ; a gem (the sapwhire : the blue or hill Myna, a bird so called ; blue vitriol. Nil ka math bigarna, (lit.) A vat of indigo being spoiled, is used (met.) To express the persecutions of fortune : and on hearing something very wonderful and incredible. The phrase is said to originate from a notion entertained by dyers, that when their dye, through any accident, has been spotted, it may be restored by telling some mirraculous story).

भोजन atj. Blue (stained or dyed blue).

yanıt, a we use the letters, a, b, x, y, in algebra.

Retes s.m. A bird (Coracies bengalensis); a name of Mahadeo; (he is called by this name because his throat was stained blue by swallowing the poison produced by overchurning the ocean, with the mountain Mandan, by the Surs and Usurs, to procure the Amirita); a gallinule; a sparrow; a wagtail; a peacock; Morunga (Hypheranthera morungs); a blue jay.

नीसक्षरहाच s.m. The Elwocarpas seed. नीसक्षरहाच s.m. The blue lotus.

নীংবন্ধ হ'ব s. m. Blue Barleria (B. cerulca). [Leron. নীংকালী হ'. m. A sort of curlew or দ্বীখনাৰ s. f. An animal (known by the name of Lil-gai and Kojh), the whitefooted antelope of Pennant and Antilope picts of Pallae.

नीसम s. m. Blue steel.

भीलिक्क गृहे s. f. Blue barleria.

नीलपा s. m. The blue lotus (Nymphæa cærulea). [of indigo.

नीलपाचन s. m. Steeping or maceration नीलपाचनभाख s. m. Au indigo vat.

जीलपिक्ट s. m. A falcon.

नीलपुषिका s.f. The indigo plant.

नीलपृष्ठ s.m. A sort of fish, the Robi (Cyprinus denticulatus).

कोलवड़ी s. f. A lump of indigo.

नौजन } s.m. A gem of a blue colour, नौजनिष } the sapphire.

नीक्षयतिका s. f. Iron pyrites; black mould. [ment.

नोलस्वर s. m. Black or dark blue rai-नोललोड s. m. Blue steel.

नीवलोडिन alj. Purple, of a purple colour. s.m. A mixture of red and blue, purple.

नीलवर्ष ady. Blue, of a blue colour. नीला ady. Blue, dark blue or black.

Nila-pila, Black and blue. Nila thotha, Blue, yitriol.

नीलाई s. f. Blueness.

aler s. m. The Indian crane; the

जीलाञ्चन s. m. Blue vitriol.

नीकाम s.m. Auction.

नीलालर adj. Dressed in dark blue cloth, s. m. Black or dark blue raiment.

নীলামান্s. m. A blue stone, a sapphire, নীলিকা s f. A plant (Nyctanthes tristis), a species with blue flowers; the indigo plant.

बोलों ने s. f. Indigo (Indigofera tinctoria.) [lazuli].

जीवीपल s.m. A blue stone (Lapis

नोसरना v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out. [dew.

নাছাৰ s. m. Frost, hoar frost; heavy বুছ s. m. Nail, (of the finger, fc.); talon."Nuha lena, To trip, to stumble. বুছা s. m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

नतम adj. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. नतमब s. m. Newness, novelty.

बुद s. m. The mulberry tree (Morus Indica).

न्या s.m. A sort. of tobacco.

ब्रिया s. f. A sort of greens, purslain (Portulaca oloracea).

signs, m. A ring hollowed, about a finger and half in breadth, used as an ornament for the ankles and toes, (In it are bits of copper or iron, of the size of a vetch, which cause it o sound like a number of small bells, when the wearer walks).

द्रित s. f. Dancing, the science or practice.

ৰুর্s. m. A dancer, a mimic, an actor. বুল s. m. Dancing, acting the actor's practice in general.

कृदेव s.m. A king. कृषको s.m. Manly property or duty.

en s. m. Manly property or duty

हप है s. m.. A king, a sovereign.

वृपनीति s. f. Royal policy.

चपद्रम s. m. A tree (Cassia fistulu).

त्रपन्निय s. m. A thorny species of bamboo (Bambusa spinosa).

হ্বাল s. m. Revenue, the royal portion; of grain, a sixth, eight or twelfth; of fruits, &c., a sixth; and of merchandize, a fiftieth.

ल्पाभीर s. m. Music played at the royal meals.

च्यामय s. m. Consumption.

त्रपावर्त्त ६. m. A kind of gem.

ख्पासन s. m. A throne.

ख्योचित adj. Kingly, princely, suited to a king.

इत्राप्त s. m. The mythological boar, incarnation of Vishnu. इत्याह s. m. The fourth Avatar, or sup-

posed descent of Vishnu, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion; a noble, a great or illustrious man.

A particle affixed to the name of the agent with a transitive verb in a past tense.

नेकन s.m. Butter.

नेक } adj. A little, little.

नेत s.f. Presents at marriage and on other festive occasions made to relations and to particular servants, and considered by them as perquisites which they are entitled to.

मगी जोगी adj. Tenants and dependants, to whom it is customary to give the neg.

नेटा s. m. Snot, snivel,

नेती s. f. A cord used to whirl round the churn-staff with.

नेव s. m. The eye; the string of a churning rope.

नेविपिख s. m. The hall of the eye.

नेवरञ्चन 8. m. Collyrium.

नेवरीग s. m. Any disease of the eye.

भेवलीत s. m. A prisoner.

नेवास्व s.m. A tear.

नेबोत्सन s. m. Any pleasing or beautiful object.

नेबीषभ s. m. A Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium : collyrium in general.

नेबीषधी 8. f. A. drug.

[talum). नेदिए s. m. A. tree (Alangim hexape-नेपास n. prop. The country of Nepal. नेपालिका 8. f. Arsenic.

Age 8. m. An ornament for the toes and feet, or worn on the ankles.

नेस s. m. Vow, compact, agreement; any religious observance voluntarily practised : pietv.

नेनधर्म s. m. Abstinence, good conduct. नेशियम n. prop. A. prince descended from Parikshit, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kousambi, after the inundation of Hastinapur.

नेनी adi. Conscientions, abstemions, continent, chaste. s. f. A tree (Dalbergia Oujeinensis).

Beur s. m. Straw.

adv. Near, beside.

नेद s. f. The foundation (of a house &c.). Neo dains. To lay the foundation.

नेवची s. f. Name of a flower.

नेनतना v. · a. To invite.

नेवता s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitationto the person invited, or made by a guest.

नेदताका v. a. Te invite.

नेदना v. n. To stoop, to bow.

नेवर & s. f. A sore in the feet of a नेवल Inorse.

नेतला है s. m. A weasel, a ferret, a नेवाना & mongoose (Vivera mungo.).

नेवाला v. a. To bend. नेवार s. f. Tape.

नेवारमा v. a. To shut out, to exclude.

नेड s. f. Affection, kindness, love, friendship; oil,

ने ही 8. m. A. friend.

नेसत s. m. The ruler of the south-west quarter.

नेकाती s. f. The south-west quarter.

नेस adj. Many, various.

नैकटा s. m. Proximity, vicinage. नैकभेट adj. Various, multiform, manifold.

नेक्द्रप adi. Multiform. नेवम s. m. An Upanished or portion of the Veds.

नैज adi. Own.

नैजामा v. n. To stoop.

नेनसपा 8, 78, Name of a flower.

नेन s. m. A tether.

नेपास adj. Produced in Nepal or नेपाची s.f. Double jasmine; red arsenic;

Sephalica (Nyctanthes tristis).

नेपुण s. m. Dexterity, cleverness, skill. नेपुषा s. m. Dexterity, cleverness.

नैनियारक s. m. • wood celebrated as the residence of the Rishis. to whom Souti related the Mahabharat,

भैवनिक adj. According or rule, regular, enjoined.

नेवा s. m. A boatman, a ferryman.

नैयाधिक s. m. A logician, a follower if the Nyayah or logical philosophy.

नेराह्य s. m. Despair. नेरिन s. m. The ruler of the south-w

नेरिन s. m. The ruler of the south-west

नैरितो s. f. The south-west quarter. नैरक adj. Obsolete, uncommon, belong-

ing to the glossary of the Veds. नेतृष s. m. Absence of qualities or properties.

नैर्म ख s. m. Cleanness, purity.

দীব্য s. m. An offering of catable articles presented to a god, which may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Vishns.

नेहर s.f. A wife's mother's family. जीवस्त्रीय s.f. Pulling and hauling.

দীৰ s. m. A pinch, a scratch,
দীৰল ৩. s. To pinch, to gripe, to
scratch, to claw.

कीन s. m. Salt.

भोगा v. a. To tie the feet of a cow when milking. s. m. A kind of custard apple (Annona reticulate).

नीनापानी s. m. Salt water, brine; sea water.

দীনিরা s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleracea); a maker of or dealer in salt, a salt-petre manufacturer.

बोजो s. f. Efflorescence of salt on a will. नी adj. New, young, fresh, raw, newly, बोबर s. m. A servant,

नीकरी s. f. Service, attendance.

नीका s. f. A boat.

গীৰত s. m. The nine climes or divisions of the earth; they are usually denominated the nine dwips (islands). or Varshas (countries), which constitute Jambu dwip the centrical portion of the world, or the known world.

नीगरो s.f. An ornament for females worn on the wrist.

नौबन्दी adj. Relating to the new moon. नौबी s. f. A young girl kept by a bawd. नौज्ञावर s. m. A propitiatory offering, . sacrifice, victim.

नीजीवना s. f. Just grown up to puberty (a girl).

नौड़ना v. n. To bend; to incline downwarhs; to be obedient, to stoop.

नोढ़ाना v. a. To bow, to bend.

नीतना v. a. To invite.

नीता s. m. A portico ; invitation. adj. Stooping.

नोध s. m. A young plant or fresh shoot or branch of a plant.

ৰীৰা v. n To bend down, to bow, to incline downwards; to submit to be obedient, to stoop.

जीसास s. m. A feast given in the ninth month of pregnancy. जीनी s. f. The ninth day of a lunar

fortnight.

ARM s. w. Nine precious gems, or a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis, lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikromoditysh, or Dhanwantari, Rehapsnak, Amar Singh, Sanku, Vetalbhatt, Ghatkarpar, Kalidas, Varahamihir, and Vorarechi, s. f. An ornament wern on the arm and wrist and consisting of nine different gems.

बीबासी adj. Tender, soft.

नोशिष्ट s. m. A novice, a student.

ware s. m. Comtempt, disrespect.

ग्रिश s. m. The Indian fig tree (Ficus Indica).

মানীৰ s. f. A plant (Salvinio cucullata), সম্ম adj. Deposited, consigned, delivered. মান s. m. Propriety, fitness; the Nyayah doctrine, logio, logical philosophy; policy, good government, justice, equity, reason, argument, disputation, sophistry. Nyayah shastra, s. m. Logic. Nyayah karna, To administer justice, to decide.

षायक s. m. A judge.

न्यायता s.f. Fitness, propriety.

न्यायाचार s. m. A virtuous man.

चावाधार s. m. An example of virtue or propriety.

चायिक s. m. A reasoner, arguer. logician, sophist.

चायिन adj. Right, fit ; logical.

चायी s. m. A distributor of justice ; a logician.

चाच adj. Right, proper, fit.

WIX s.m. Forage, fodder, food of eathb.
WIX adj. Apart, aloof separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon. s.m. The scoria left after refining gold, 'silver, or other metals, from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Nyareh, adv. Apart.

न्यारिया s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoria. adj. Prudent, cautious, not easily imposed on.

न्यात s. m. Justice, equity, right, decision. Nyao karna, To judge; to administer justice, to decide.

बाम adj. Blameable, vile, wicked, despicable; less; deficient, defective. ज्याता s.f. Desciency, inferiority.

काश adj. Maimed, mutilated, imperfect.

जारिक cdy. Unequal, more or less.

स्केन्द्रिय asj. Imperfect, wanting some organ ; as blind, deaf, &c.

चीतना v. a. To invite.

শীৱা s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

न्योताना v. a. To invite.

u

The twenty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter n.

पंपात्रा v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

unters. m. A plant (Cassia obtusifolia);
a tribe of Rajputs.

पंतारा s. m. A story, tale, fable.

पंपारिया s. m. A bird, a storyteller. पंपारी s. f. A betel-garden.

vag s. f. The act of seizing, seizure, capture, catch, hold; objection, difficulty.

पक्षा v. a. To catch, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, take, capture, gripe, handle; to object.

বন্ধভাৰা v. a. To cause to be caught, seized, or laid hold of; to deliver over, to give in charge, to hand.

unnio. n. To be dressed or cooked, to ripen; to suppurate (as an inflammation, beil, &c.); to turn grey (hairs). Paka pakaya, Ready cooked.

produced by moisture.

प्रकार s. m. Sweetmeats, victuals fried in butter or oil.

पद्धशता v. a. To cause to be dressed or cooked, to cause to ripen.

qui adi. Ripe, mature, matured : boiled. dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert.

प्यार्थ e. f. Ripeness.

पासाना v. a. To ripen, to dress victuals, to cook, to bake,

पदाव s. m. Suppuration.

A kind of dish made of पक्ती हो ह. र्र. pease-meal. पक्की डी ह. र्र.

um adj. Ripe, mature, matured; boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert. Pakka karna, To establish a claim, agreement, or proposition, so that no doubt or subject of dispute can remain ; to build with bricks.

पश्चित्र s. m. Inflammation of the bowels, cholic.

u adj. Mature, dressed, cooked, matured, by nature or by art; fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay; perfect, come to perfection; able. shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding) grey (the hair); disgested.

TEST s. m. The Nimb tree, the leaves of which are applied to phlegmonoid swellings to induce suppuration.

पहात s. m. Dressed food.

प्रकाश s. m. The abdomen, the stomach. प्य s. m. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days; a partisan; a friend; a side, a fargument. flank.

प्रवता s. f. The taking up a side or प्रमुख 8. m. A partisan.

uguas, m. Adopting a side or an

argument whether right or wrong, partisanship : a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

प्रमातिसा s. f. Adherence, friendship, [adherent. fellowship.

प्रपाती s. m. A partisan, a friend, an प्यापात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

पश्चिषी 8. f. } A bird. पत्ती इ. म.

पविदान s. m. King of the birds, usually applied to Garur.

पिकासा s.f. A nest, an aviary.

que s. m. A period of fifteen days, a fortnight : two ; side, party, assistance, protection.

unal s. f. A petel or flower-leaf.

पद्धरीटा s. m. A bit of gold or silver leaf covering a bira or mouthful of betel.

UWIN s. m. A stone. पसाना

प्यार्गा v. a. To wash.

प्रवास s, f. A large leather bag for holding water, generally carried on bul-[hvel locks, a water-bag. पश्चातक s. f. A kind of drum, a tim-पखावजी s. m. One who beats the

Pakha-wai, a drummer.

udes, m. A bird. प्रम s. m. Mark, stamp.

uniwers. m. The shoulder-blade.

पन s. m. The foot. Pag pat tar bajna, To beat time with the foot.

पगुडको s.f. A. by-path, by-way, footpath, track. Pag-dande lena, To track, to trace,

प्राष्ट्री s. f. A turband. Pagri atakna, To be obstinate, to persist or persevere. Pagri chhapatna, To practise deceit, to act treacheronsly,

प्राइक्डी s. f. A by-path, by-way, footpath, track, Pag-dandi lena To track, to trace.

पाचारमा v. n. To travel, to go, to leave,

with syrup; (met.) to be in love.

पनका adj. Foolish.

uni s.m. A rope fastened round
unvi the neck of a bullock, a
tether.

पगार s. m. Mud kneaded or prepared for building walls or plastering.

पनिया ह. f. A turban.

पनी s. f. An enamoured female.

पन 8. m. Leg.

पर्धारना v. To proceed. [cud.

पद्राचा v. n. To raminate, to chew the भए s. m. Mud. mire, clay.

पक्कोर s. m. A lapwing.

ঘত্তাকুর s.m. A small fish (Macroynathus Pancalus). [monster, ঘত্তাত্ব s.m. The Makar, a marine

पहुन s. m. A lotus. पहुन्न s. m. One of the divisions of hell.

पद्माना s.f. A hell, the hell of mud or mire.

पद्माम s. m. A crab.

पश्चिति s. f. A cockle.

पहार s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria ; also, Trapa bispinosa).

पञ्चलना adj. To be melted.

पंचनाना adj. Dissolve, melt.

or foot of a bullock.

पश्चित्रण To be melted.

पदेवह s. m. The Indian crane,

wall s.f. A line, a row, or range; a sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables.

पक s. m. A feather, a wing,

ur s. f. A petal, a nower leat.

पित्रवा s.f. A small fan. s.m. A kind of mendicant, who fans every body; a wicked man.

परी : f. A small fan ; a bird ; a kind of woolleh cloth which comes from the hilly countries.

पक्रत s.f. A row or line.

पश्चा कर्ता, Bandy-legged, a cripple, पश्चा s.m. A fish (Silurus sagittatus).

un alj. Lame, crippled, halt, one who has lost his legs, &c. ; cripple.

पक्षता s. m. Deformity, mutilation.

पक्ष s. m. A horse of a glossy or silvery white colour.

पब्सना ady. Consisting of five parts or divisions (a house, fc.).

प्रमा s.f. Six days from Shrawan to Revit, on which several kinds of work are unlawful.

वसतीलिया s. m. A kind of cloth.

पत्न adj. What cooks or matures, &c. पत्ना e.n. To be digested ito rot; to be consumed; to take pains, to labour.

पञ्च s, m. The noise made by walking in damp places. [ed.

प्रकार v. To be squeezed, to be shrivell-

पचइचर s. m. An osprey,

प्यक्। } To make conversation a kind of wedge.

पचना v. To be digested.

प्रविष्यामा v. n. To be damp, to be wet; to sweat.

प्रमुख adj. Fifty-five.

प्रमह्भा adj. Of five stories (a house).

वस्त्रवा s. f. A species of Curcuma (C. Zanthorhizon). [१८.).

प्यत्म adj. Of five strings (a necklace, प्यतः s. f. A necklace consisting of five rows or strings.

पणनोगा s. m. A medicine composed of five kinds of salt.

षदा adj. Rotten, digested.

यवाजालमा v. a. To digest, to rot, to ferment.

पचान्वे adj. Ninety-five.

मचाना v. a. To digest, to cause to rot, to rot, to ferment.

पचाव s.m. Digestion.

पचास adj. Fifty.

पचासी adj. Eighty-five.

पचि 8. f. Adherent sticking.

पचीस adj. Twenty-five.

पचीती s.f. A game played with cowries instead of dice, and so named from the highest throw, which is twenty five.

पच्चा इ. m. A squirt, a syringe.

पंचीतरा s. m. A duty of five per cent. on merchandize.

पचीनी 8. f. B. wels.

पचीनी s. f. The stomach.

unt s.f. A wedge. Pachchar marna, To tease, to harass, to distress.

un adj. Adherent, sticking, joined; (met. in music) in unison. Pacheli, hons, To be stuck together as with glue; to be in unison; to be strongly attached by love.

पत्रीकारी s. f. Mosaic ; patching or darning of damaged cloth.

www s. m. Wings, the half of a lunar month particularly.

प्रकात A kind of disease.

पच्छवाती

पक्कपात] The adopting a side or argumental } ment particularly.

पश्चिम } s. m. The west.

vourer, an advocate, a patron; a bird.

पक्का v. n. To fall, to tumble down. Pachhar jana, v. n. To be overcome. पद्धनाव s. m. Regret, remorse.

पहताना v. n. To regret, repent, rue, grieve.

पद्धतान s. m. Regret, penitence, contrition, concern, compunction, grief, sorrow, remorse.

पञ्चर adj. Seventy-five.

पळ्ना s. m. The act of sacrifying (tattooing); inoculation; sacrificator (name of an instrument).

पक्षमी s, f. Sacrifying (tattooing).

पद्धा s. f. The westerly wind.

पद्ध s. f. The shadow, and the inhabi-

पकां हं s. m. The west.

বহাই s. f. A fall or throwing down; the act of winnowing. Pachhar khana, To fall down, to suffer pain.

पकाष्ट्रना v. s. To throw down, to abase, to conquer.

पश्चिमाना To go behind.

पव्चित्राव s. f. A westerly wind.

पक्षेष्मा v. a. To winnow with a hasket used for this purpose, पंजीरी A kind of medicine composed of

sngar.

पजेंब s. f. An ornament for the feet.

पनीड़ा adj. Low, mean, shabby.

un adj. Five. s. m. A council, an assembly, a meeting, a company; arbitrators.

ves adj. Five or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. s. m. Any collection or aggregate of five, a five.

पश्चर्ष s. m. Five actions of the hody, vomiting, exacutation by Heeding or by stool, diseased excretion by freces oo purging, and blowing the nose. ব্যৱহাৰ s. m. A pentagon.

पश्चतील s. m. The aggregate of five spices, long-pepper, its root Chai or

ginger.

पश्चकीषा s. m. pl. The five sheathes supposed to invest the sonl, or the Unnamayah kosh that supported by food, the gross form : the Pranamayah kosh, the organs of action; the Mano mayah kosh, the organs of perception, with the manas or mind; the Pijnanah-mayah, the same with the Buddhi or intellect; and the Ananda-mayah, consisting of the elements of identity and divine wisdom.

पश्चनी s. f. A water-mill.

प्रवास adj. Consisting of five floors, stories, or appartments (a house &c.). पद्माच्य s. m. Five articles derived from the cow : milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine, and cow-dung. पचगुण adj. Five times, five-fold.

प्रस्तात s. m. The five elements collectively; (in the Tuntras) the five essentials of certain rites : or wine. meat, fish, sexual intercourse, and mystic gesticulation.

पश्चतपा s. m. An ascetic, who in the hot weather, sits amongst four fires, and has the sun for the fifth.

प्रमा s. f. Death, dying. i. e. the separation of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists.

प्रतिश 8. f. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visranti, Soukar, Nymish, Prayag, and Pushkar; bathing on the day of the Equinox.

u was s. m. Death.

user adv. In five ways, five-fold.

पश्चनक s. m. An elephant ; a tortoise ; a tiger; any animal having five toes or clays.

Piper Chavya, Plumbago, and dry | प्रान्द s. m. The Panjab or country of five fivers, viz. the Yamuna, Salas dru, Vepasa, Chandrabhaga, and Vitastha.

प्राप्त क्षा क. m. Pive kinds of animal allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise.

प्रमुखीं s. f. A small shrnb.

quat s. m. The aggregate of five sprouts, viz. of the spondias, roseapple. Bel or marmelos, citron, and wood-apple.

प्राप्त s. m. Five plates collectively; a Sraddha in which offerings are made in five vessels.

ussfufcuis. m. Any person, Hindu or other, who worships the five pirs or saints of the Mahomedans.

usus s. m. pl. The five airs supposed to be the body, and necessary to life. ungay s. m. A five equal to the fifth

part of any thing lost or stolen. THERE S. m. A horse with five anspicious marks, or, spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks; a sauce or

condiment of five vegetables. प्यमृत s. m. The five elements: earth; air, fire, water, and Akas.

प्रमुसासा s. m. Man as formed of the five elements.

पश्चन adj. Fifth. s. m. One of the seven musical notes; the seventh called Pancham, from being said to be performed by by air drawn from five places; the navel, the breast, the - heart, the throat, and forehead; one of the Rags or modes of music.

पश्चनार s. m. The five essentials of the left hand, Tantra ritual, viz. Madyah, wine, man's flesh, Matsyuh fish, Mythun copulation, Mudra gesticulation

nuts of the Hindus, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Veds. and mankind, by offerings of perfumes and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Veds, and hospitality.

प्यमास s. m. The Koil or Indian cuckoo. [month,

ঘৰনী s. f. The fifth day of a half ঘৰসুৰ s. m. The assemblage of five roots, the Bel, Premna longifolia, Cassia, Gmelina arborea, and the

trumpet-flower.

पश्चली a.f. A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the smaller one, viz. Hedysarum gangeticum, H. lagopodicides, Solanum melongena, S. jacquini, and Tribulus lanuginosus.

RECTAL M. A collection of five precions objects, or, gold, a diamond, a pearl, a ruly, an amethyst.

quanta s. m. A puran or mythological poem: a Puran should comprehend five topics, viz. the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manus, and the action of their descendants.

पञ्चली इ.s. m. A metallic alloy containing five metals : copper, brass, tin, lead and iron.

पञ्चाका s.m. The hand.

पञ्चतुनसम s. m. The aggregate of five aromatic vegetable substances, viz. cloves, nutneg, camphor, aloe wood, and kakkola.

पञ्चन . m. pl. The five things in a house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed, viz., the fire place, the slab on which condiments are ground, the broom, the postle and mortur, and the water-pot.

united which a devotee performs penace during the summer season, or four free lighted severally to the north, south, east, and west, and the sun overhead; five mystic free supposed to be present in the body.

THE R. m. Five modes of devotion, or silent prayer, burnt-offering, libations, bathing idols, and feeding Brahmans; an almanac describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yogs, and Ku-rans; reverence by extending the lands, bending the kness and head, and in speech and look.

বস্থাআৰ s. m. Five readings, sections, or chapters, s. f. The aggregate of five chapters of the Shri Bhagwat, detailing the sports of Krishna with the Gopis.

पञ्चावत s. m. A mixture of milk, cards, sugar, ghi, and honey; the aggregate of any five drugs of supposed efficacy.

पञ्चास s.m. The aggregate of any five acid plants, viz., the jujube, pomegranate, sorrel, spondia, and citron. पञ्चास s.f. A meeting of any particular society (generally as a court of inquisy); a jury, an inquest,

पद्मायती s. f. Relationship.

पश्चान s. m. Λ country in the north of India.

पश्चावन adj. Fifty five.

पञ्चित्र a.m. The five organs of sense, viz. the eye, car, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands, feet, windpipe, and, parts of generation.

all s. m. Associates, friends.

Tail(1s. m. An earthen vessel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom; when filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrines of the horror vecui by the followers of Aristotle.

पञ्चाला s. m. Tail of a paper kite. पञ्ची s. m. A bird in general. पश्चर s. m. A skeleton: the ribs. पश्चरी s. f. A rib.

पञ्चास s. m. Name of a country.

jab. s. f. A native of Panjab.

Yam, the record of human actions. ঘটাই s. f. A medicine composed of sugar, gli, &o., given to puerperal women; caudle,

TZ alj. Upside down, overturned. s. m. A shutter, the valve of a folding-door; fine or coloured cloth, the sound of falling or beating.

NZER s.f. A kuock, a fall. Pat kan khana, To fall down. Pattani dena, s.a. To dash on the ground, to throw against any thing with violence.

মহক্ষা e. c. To dash against anything, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock, e. n. To crackle, to crack.

पटकनिया s. f. A throwing down, a knock down.

NEMT | s.m. A cloth worn round the News to girdle. Zari patka, The golden girdle (an ensign confered by the Peshwa on generals, who are invested with sullivrity immediately by him), Patka bandhna, To determine on, or prepare for any set. Patka pakarna, To hinder obstruct.

पटकाभागा v. n. To fall from one's rank or estimation,

पटकारा है v. n. To dash against any-पटकारमा thing, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock.

wast s. m. A plank; a plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman bents clothes; unripe grain (Cicer aietinum). Fatra kar dena, v. n. To deprive one of his power or stength, to convict an adversary and leave him without a reply.

पटनर s. m. Compare.

To be paid, to be procured; to be watered; to be covered, to be roofed, to be piled, &c. s. m. Name of a city, Patna in Behar.

पटनी है क m. A ferryman.

परपर s. f. The sound of beating.

पटपर A level and desert plain or field, पटपर adv. A level and desert plain or field.

tzats. m. Silk cloth,

Ψ2(1 s. m. A plank, a plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman beats clothes; unripe grain (Giver arietinum). Patra kar dena, v. m. To deprive one of his power or strongth, to convict an adversary and leave him without reply.

पट्रामी s.f. A queen who is installed or consecrated with the king, a princess.

oz d s. f. A plank or board to write on; a narrow slip or plank of wood, iron, &c.; the vames of a venetian window; a firm seat on horse ack;

घटल s. m. Film on the eye, roof, thatch. पटली s.f. A line.

पटनस्त s. m. Silk cloth.

पटना s. m. Drought's man, painter.

पटनाका v. a. To provide money; to water.

पटनार } s. m. One who keeps accouts पटनारी } of lands, a land steward.

पदसन s. m. A plant (Crotolaria juncea). पदसास s. m. A college, a school.

पटच s. m. Drum, kettle drum.

VZIs. m. A foil, a wooden scimitar for endgelling with; a board on which Hindus sit whilst eating their meals or performing religious ceremonies. Pateh-baz, A fen.er, a endgeller; (met.) a coquette, a wanton, a strumpet. Pata katna, v. a. To discharge from service. [crash.

पटाच s. m. A kind of bird; a sound, a

प्राचा s. j. A mig, a bainer. प्राचा s. m. A cracker, a squib.

प्राचा v. a. A cracker, a squin.
प्राचा v. a. To irrigate, to water; to
prepare a chouks with cowdung dissolved in water; to place the beams
on the roof of a house; to pay
money.

TRIES. m. The sound of beating or of the falling of drops of rain.

warus s. m. Name of a fruit.

uzia s. m. Irrigating, flooding a field; roofing a house with tiles. &c.

परिया s. f. A slate or slab of stone. परोना s. m. Name of a lird,

पटीमा s. m. The planks on which cloth is spread for printing.

घटीलना v. a. To exact, to subdue; to beat.

az adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful, diligent, smart, sharp. पट्ल s. m. Cleverness; eloquence.

agus m. A man who strings pearls, a braider, a maker of fringe and tape; tow made from the Hibiscus cannabinus.

परवा Keenness, cleverness.

ঘতুশা s. m. A cloth worn round the waist, a girdle. Patuka bandhna, To determine on, or to prepare for any act.

पट्न s. m.) Vigour, virility, activity, पट्ना s f. skill.

पटेश s. m. Papyrus,

q2m s. m. Cudgelling; sovereignty; a chief nmong the Kunbi tribe; a title of Mahrsttas, the head man of a village. Patel daina, To interrupt, to throw obstacles in the way of a business; to beat.

पटेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat bottomed; or log or beam used to roll or harrow ground.

पटेली s. f. A small flat-bottomed boat. पटेन s. m. A cudge'ler.

परेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat-bottomed; a leg or heam used to roll or harrow ground.

पहोतन s. m. Roofing with planks or boards, transom,

पटोहिया s, m. An owl.

पटीनी s. m. A ferryman.

T. s. m. Wove silk; a plant (Corchorus olitorius) from the fibres of the bark of which, called Jute, a coarse sack-cloth and cordage are prepared; a royal grant or order written on copper, stone, &c.

पहन s. m. The name of a city.

पहरूबी s. f. A principal queen.

TEXT s. m. A plant used in dyeing (Casalpinia sappan).

TENTE S. m. A sort of potherb (Corchorus capsularis).

ষয় s. f. An ornament of the forehead.
s, m. A lock of hair; a dog-collar;
name of harness; a deed particularly
a title deed to land or a deed of
lease. Patta turana, To flee, run
away. [duccella].
ঘটনা s. m. A plant (Carsalpinia bonঘটনা s. m. A sort of tree, the bark
of which is used as an astringent;

पठ

cos racemosa). पश्चिम A spear with a sharp edge.

the red species of the Lodh (Symplo-

utis. f. Plaster, a bandage, a fillet; a quarter of a place; the side pieces of the frame of a bedstead; a row or line; a kind of sweetmeat; division of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and divided by a line in the middle; a written order or patent. Lasder patti, Sticking plaster. Patti pakarke hilts rahna, denotes excessive weakness and laziness. Patti torna, To be bedrid. Patti se patti milana, expresses the most intimate proximity.

पहीदार s. m. Holder or proprietor of a Patti or share in a coparcenary village or estate.

registris. f. A coparcenary tenure.

ur s. m. A kind of woollen cloth,
a cloth to cover with from rain, &c.

ur s. m. A young full-grown aniur mal, a youth, a wrestler; a
sinew, a tendon; a plant with loug
leaves.
ur s. m. Reading, reciting.

ঘতন s. m. Reading, reciting.
ঘতানা } v. s. To send.
ঘতনা ddj. Read, studied; recited, vepeated.

पठनना v. To despatch, to send. पठननी adj. To despatch, to send. पंडिंगा s. m. Shelter, refuge.

पिठ्या s. f. A young full-grown animal (generally applied to kids, fowls, &c.). पठेवा part. pass. Sont.

पठीना v. a. To send,

पड़जाना v. n. To lie down; to repose, to cease (as the wind), to a ate.

पद्भनी s. f. Fallow land,

uyaiv.n. To fall; to lie down, repose; to be fall, happen, occur;
to eneamp; to drep; to be confined
to bed by sickness. Parrahna, or,
Pare rahna, To remain helpless,
poor or destitute.

पद्पद्धाना v. n. To prattle, to chatter; to throb with pain (as the tongue from an acrid substance).

पडवा s. m. } A female buffalo-calf.

पड़ाना v. a. To lay down; to put to sleep, to cause to repose; to cull, to pluck, to gather.

पद्भापद्भ adj. With reiterated strokes. पद्भापना v. a. To find or get easily.

quits, m, Halting place; camp, encampment; an army; a crowd, an assembly.

पश्चिम s. f. A female buffalo calf.

पड़ीसिन् s. f. A female neighbour, पड़ीसी s. m. A female neighbour.

पद्म s. f. The act of reading.

The act of reading, to read, say, recite.

पदना n. a. To read, repeat, say, decipher, speak,

पढ़नेवाला s. m. Render.

पदन्त s. f. A reading, a spell.

पद्धत s. f. Sweepings.

पदा part. pass. Read, learned, of much reading. [man.

पदानुषा वर्ता. A learned, experienced

पदाचा v. a. To cause or teach, to read, to instruct, to teach, to teach, to speak or sing (as birds).

पदिन है. f. A mullet.

पडरइना v. To lie down.

using s. f. Wife of a Pandé.

पांडे s. m. Aschool-master, learned man.

qws. m. Measure of account, in cowries or shells, twenty gands or eighty convies; a stake at a play, a bet, a wager; a vow; a promise, resolution.

us s. m. A catamite; a eunuch.

science, learning, s. m. A Bealman who presides at the temple of an idol.

पश्चित s. m. A scholar, a teacher, a learned Brahman, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to lies disciples. adj. Wise learned. Panditkhanah, s. m. A prison gaol.

पश्चिताई s.f. The learning of a Brohman, learning.

पश्चितानी s. f. The wife of a Pandit. पश्चित्रमानी s. m. An ignorant pedant.

and nominal father of Yndhishthira and the other four Pandas princes.

पञ्च s. m. A turtle-dove.

पछ्नी s. f. A water-fowl, the coot, the diver.

पद्धते s. f. A bird (Falco).

va s. f. Good name, honour, character.

पत्र s. m. A moth; a paper kite; the sun.

प्रका s. m. A spark. Patonga hona, To go rapidly about a business.

पत्रभक्ष अर्थुः. Without leaves. s. f. The fall of the leaf; autumn. Patjhar

hona, To lose its leaves in autumn
(a tree); (met.) to decay (a person
from old age).

[ly.

पतिहन alv. Each day, always, constant-त्रम s. m. The act of falling; falling from dignity, virtue, &c.

पतनी s. f. A wife

पतिरका s. m. A bird (Merops viridis).

पतिया) s.f. A prostitute. Paturiy.s-पतिया) baz, A whoremonger.

van s. m. Fine, thin (cloth or liquids); lean, meagre, delicate, weak.

पवलाई s. f. Thinness, fineness, meagreness, attenuation, weakness.

ঘনতা s. m. The dead leaves fallen from a tree; the leaves cut off from the culm of a reed (Saccharum spontaneum), and used for thatching.

पतवास | s. f. A rudder, helm.

पता s. m. A sign, mark, symptom, hint, token, direction, address or place to which one is directed, label.

पतका s.f. A standard, a flag or banner; a flagstaff; an emblem carried as an ensign or banner, a symbol, a sign; a mark. [bearet.

पताको s. m. An ensign, a standard पताल s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

पति s. m. A lord, master, owner ; husband ; a leaf.

परिश्वी s. f. The murderess of her husband; a line on the hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband.

Yor adj. Fallen from virtue, abject, wicked, guilty, abandoned; degraded, outcast.

पतिसपावन adj. Purifying the guilty (an epithet of the deity).

पतिल s. m. The conjugal state.

names s.f. A bride choosing her husband; a pungent seed (Nigella Indica).

पक्रि

पतिया s.f. A written opinion given by Pandits); a letter.

मतियांना v. o. To confide in, to trust, to believe, to depend on.

पतियादा s. m. Trust, confidence, belief, dependance.

पतिसीम Heaven,

पतिवत e. m. Chastity.

पतिवता s. f. A good and virtuous wife. पतिभीत s. m. To lament for husband.

पहिमेश s. f. Devotion to a husband, पहीरी s. f. A kind of mat.

पतील रे काः

पतीसी Thin

पतीला s. m. A pan, a pot.

पतुषी s. f. A small pot, a pan.

पतिस s. f. A prostitute.
पतीस s. m. Daughter-in-law, son's पतीस wife.

पतीवा e, m. A leaf.

থাৰ s. m. A town, a city; act of ordering goods from a manufacturer, থাৰালী adj. Commissioned, manufactured by order.

ver s. m. A leaf; a letter, epistle; a deed; plate or clamp of metal.

unu s.f. A plate or trencher formed of leaves.

To run away, to flee.

ম্পাৰ s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

via s. m. A company, a plateon, consisting of one chariot, one chariot, one clephant, three horses, and five foot.

पत्तिपंत्रि s. f. A line of infantry, पत्तिसंहति s. f. A body of troops. पत्ती s. f. A leaf; hemp, of which an intoxicating potion is made.

पखर s. m. A stone. Potthar chhati-par rakhna, To be patient by compulsion or from being without remedy. Patthar pasima. To be softened or melted (a stony heart). Patther pani ho jans, The melting of a stony heart; difficult task to be facilitated. Patthar-bazi, s. f. Stone-throwing, playing with stones, Patthar-sa phenk marna, To reply rashly without understanding the meaning of one's question. Patthar se sir phorna. To teach or instruct a fool, Patthar hona, To be heavy; to be stable, to stand still, to be unmerciful.

पत्यक्ता s. m. A firelock.

skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress. [aromaticus].

पट्टरचूर s.m. A plant (Plectranthus पट्टरचेड़ s.m. A wood-pecker (Picus). पत्नी s.f. A wife,

पत s.m. A leaf; the leaf of the Laurus cassia; the leaf of a book; goldleaf, &c., any thin sheet or plate of metal.

पत्रमुझ s. m. A species of Euphorbia.

vaw s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus). [leaf.

पवनाइका s.f. The fibre or vein of a पवनुष s. m. A plant, a red sort of Basil (Ocymum pilosum).

uagua s. m. A kind of birch, from the bark of which Hukka snakes, &c., are made.

पनरसन s. m. Embellishing a page, illuminating, gilding, &c. นสโสบ s. f. The vein or fibre of a leaf. พลเ s. m. An almanack, an ephemeris, a calendar.

पवाक s. m. Page, paging.

uniw s.m. Red sanders (Pterocorpus santalinus); red or sappan wood (Casalpinia sappan); Bhojapatra, a a tree so called, a kind of birch.

पविचा s.f. A leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter.

पनीपकार s. m. A tree (Cassia esculenta). पनीप s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). पद s. m. A road, path, way.

प्यरकता s.m. A firelock.

united s. m. A sort of greens; a skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. abj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress. Garomaticum).

मथरपी इ.m. A woodpecker (Picus).
पथराना v. n. To be petrified; to become

hard (a boil), to indurate. पथरी s.f. Grit, gravel; the flint of a

musket; stone in the bladder, calculus; a gizzard.

पचरीला adj. Stony.

users. m. A traveller, a passenger, a way-farer; a guide, one who knows the way.

पश्चित्र s. m. A sort of khayr (Minoso पश्चित् s. m. A division of heli.

with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c.

un s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula f.

ve s.m. A foot; a footstep, the mark of a foot, step; a word; an inflected word; rank, dignity, character; station, degree, place; a foot or line of a stanza. पदस s. m. An ornament of the neck. सदसम s. m. Step, pace.

पर्युत adj. Fallen from station or dignity, disgraced.

पद्ता } sdj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a cow-

पदची s. m. A path, a road; rank, character; t'tle, titular name, surname, patronymic.

ঘৰ্মলা s. m. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words; etymology.

ugn s. m. The lotus (Netumbium speciosum, or, Prunus cerasus); ten billions (according to the shastra), or one thousand billions (according to the Dastur-ul-unl, or Royal ordinances of Akbar).

पदरी s.f. A road, a path, a way; station, situation, rank, degree; place, site.

पराष्ट्र s. m. Foot-mark, vestige.

पदान s.m. A foot-man, a pedestrian, a foot-soldier.

पदातिक s. m. A peon, a foot-man, or foot soldier,

पदाचा v. s. To cause to let wind ; (met.)
to frighten or put to flight.

पदार्थ a.m. Thing, substantial or material from of being; a rarity, a good, a blessing, a delicacy or exquisite food; a category or predicament in logical which seven are maintained, viz., substance, quality, action, identity, variety, relation, and annihilation; another enumeration gives sixteen.

पदास s. f. Inclination to let wind, flatulency.

पदासन s. m. A footstool.

पदासा adj. m. Inclined to let wind, flatulent. पहोष्टा adj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a coward

पद्म

पहों s. f. A path, a way, an alley. पहती s.f. A road, a line, a row or range; a ritual, a manual, a work upon any act or ceremony, detailing

upon any act or ceremony, detailing the mode of its performance, and collecting the texts connected with it; a family name, a surname or title; manner, custom.

qu. e. f. A lotus (Nelumbium speciosum), it is often confounded with the waterlily (Nymphwa) a large numher, ten billions.

प्रक s. m. A kind of leprosy.

पद्मकाष्ट्र s. m. A fragrant wood used in medicine, and described as cooling and tonic.

unal s. m. The Bhojapatra or birch tree, the birk is used for writing upon, and wrapping shawls, &c.

पणवारियी है s. f. A small tree (Hibis-पणा cus mutabilis).

पद्मन s. m. The resin of the Pinus longifolis. [sus).

पद्मापत s. m. A sort of Costus (C. specio-पद्मापा s. m. A shrub (Weberd corymboss). [shade.

पश्चनि s. f. A sort of prickly night-

प्यार्थेस s. m. A species of Costus (C. speciosus). प्रमुख्य s. f. The goddess of rich Lak-

The goddess of rolls, Dakquist s.m. A large deep tank or pond; one in which the lotus does or may grow.

чик s. m. A sort of Cassia (C. tora).
чина п. prop. A celebrated princess
whose adventures are related in a
romance entitled Padmowati.

पद्मावती s. f. The wife of the sage Jarotkaru; a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the Cossim- bazar river and the sea.

ustrest s. m. A posture in religious meditation, sitting with the thighs crossed one hand, resting on the left thigh, the other held up with the thumb upon the heart, the eyes directed to the tip of the nose; a seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed.

पशिनी s. f. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished, the first and most excellent, पशीचर s. m. Safflower.

पदा s. m. Metre, verse. [arrive. पदारना v. n. To go, proceed, depart,

पन } A termination affixed to nouns use; f to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, 4c., as Larsk-pan, Childhood; Baniya-pan, The business of a Baniya.

पनकपड़ा s.m. Soft cloth wetted and applied to a wound or sore.

पनवीडी s.f. Chicken-pox.

quaz s. m. A passage to a river, a stair or quay for drawing water.

पनच् s. f. A bow-string. पनच्छी s. f. A water-mill.

प्रभोदा s. m. An earthen vessel with as narrow neck and a hole in the bottom. When filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed, (It is used as an experiment to itlay-

trate the doctrine of the horror vacual by the followers of Aristotle). মুনুবা s. m. A kind of sweetment.

प्रमुक्त v. n. To commence increasing in tulk (a man, tree, gu.); to promise

per, to flourish, to thrive, to shoot, to grow, to be refreshed or restored.

पनपनाइट s. f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot. .

पन्पाना v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पनवहा s.m. A betel-box.

पनभक्त s. m. A kind or drink made. from rice.

पनवारा s. m. A plate or dish made of leaves to eut on.

पनवाची } s.f. A betel garden,

पनस s. m. The bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus integrifolia).

पनसा adj. Insipid. s.f. A pustule, a malady, postular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs.

पणसारणहा s. m. A quarter, where are many druggists' shops,

पनसारी s. m. A druggist.

s.m. A stand where water पनसाला is provided for passengers.

पनशीइ s.f. A small boat so called.

पन्दाना r. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पन्दारा s. m. A man who carries water in pots on his head, or in a banyhy.

वनहारिन् & s. f. A woman who carries पनहारी \ water in pots on her head. s. m. f. A faithless person, a promise-breaker.

[albus. पनिश्चाई adj. Afflicted with the fluor

पनकी s. f. A slipper.

чет A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Bach-pan, Infancy, childhood ; Khonta-pan Wick-· edness.

पनाना v. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पनारी । s.f. A drain or pipe by which पनाली | water runs off from the roof of a house.

प्रिया s. m. Water; a water-snake or any thing living in water.

पश्चिमा ", n. To irrigate, to water, to yield water.

प्रतियाचा s. m. A fruit (Flacourtis culafracta).

चनीर s. m. Cheese.

प्नीरक है s. f. A young flowering

चनीहा s. m. Any thing living in water, aquatic ; a water-snake.

पन । s. m. A rond, path, way; a sect, पन्या a religious order.

क्रम s. m. A snake. war s. m. A beverage ; the upper part of a shoe; an emaraid; a leaf.

ual s. f. Tinfoil. s. m. A tribe of Pathans.

www.s. m. A crust.

पपश्चित्रका s. f. A kind of white coloured kath (extract of Mimosa catechu).

unel s. f. A scab, a scale, scurf ; scales formed by the drying up of moist earth : thin cakes of bread.

प्रवहीचा adi. Scurfy. पपनी s. 🚣 The eyelash.

प्रयोश 🖣 m. A. sparrow-hawk (Falco ninus).

प्रवेश s. m. A sort of child's whistle; a tree and its fruit (the Papaw tree, Carica pupaya).

पद्मीटा s. f. The eyelid.

uru s. f. A river in the south of India. uq s. m. Milk. water, adv. On, upon, over, at, to nevertheless, vet. con). But, s. f. A fault,

ष्यस्या s. f. A shrub (Asclepias rosea) ; a medicinal kind of moon-plant.

प्यस्तिनी s. f. Milch-cow.

प्यान s. m. Departure.

र्य प 8. f. Straw.

ष्यीधर s. m. A woman's breast; a sort of rush (Scripus kysoor); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus, &c.).

प्योधिक s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

प्रातिषि s. m. The ocean.

ष्योर s. m. The khayar (Mimosa catechu). पथीत्र s. m. Living upon milk for a month, which with prayer and residence in a cow-house, is an expiration for receiving an unsuitable present; offering of milk to Vishnu, and subsisting upon it for twelve days: also for one or three days as a religious act.

पयी भी s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhya mountain.

ut adj. Distant, removed, remote, far; other, different, strange, foreign. adv. and conj. Over, above, through, after, at, by, for, of : but, yet, however. prep. On, upon, at, notwithstanding. परक्षा v. c. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

utain s. m. The business or interest of anothers.

utant adj. Attentive to the business or interest of others, serving others, beneficent.

परवास s. m. A trannion.

TIMINI v. a. To accustom, to habituate. प्रकीय adj. Another, belonging to Tanother. another. परकीया s.f. The mistress or wife of प्रचेत s. m. Another's field; another's

body : another man's wife. प्र s. f. Inspection, examination, trial,

proof, experiment,

परवना v. a. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

परकार s. f. The act of examining ; the price paid for examination, inspection, trial or proof.

परवाना v. a. To cause to inspect, examine, try or prove.

परखेश s. m. An inspector, examiner, prover, assayer.

परनाइ s. m. Epidendron.

परषटी s. f. A mould in which silver or glod is cast previous to working it : apparency, clearness.

परका v. n. To be made acquainted, to be introduced.

परचा s. m. Examination, trial, proof. experiment.

To introduce to a person. to engage in conversation.

परक्तिया s. m. A meal-merchant.

परक्ती s.f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

पर्वती s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

परकता v. a. To move a lamp, or candle over the heads of a bride and bridegroom, to drive away evil spirits, propitiate good ones, &c. ; to kindle (a fire).

Utwit s. f. Image (from shade or reflection), shadow, shade. Parchháin apni se bhagna. To be frightened at one's own shadow. other. TITES s. m. A fault or defect in an-

TTHE s. m. A bedstead.

परकत्न s. m. Travelling.

परभार s. m. Quit-rent, tax. परका & s.f. A subject, tenant, renter. people.

प्राचित adj. Conquered, subdued,

परत s. m. A fold, plait, ply, layer, crust, incrustation, a stratum,

परसम adj. Greatest.

van s. m. The baggage of a horseman carried all on one bullock or tattu, a pack-horse, a pad-horse.

परतचा s. m. Sword-belt, shoulder belt. परता s. m. A reel (for winding thread). परती s. f. Waste land.

परतीत } s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. प्रतीत } Partit karna, To examine; to believe; to trust.

परहादा s.m. A great grand-father by the father's side.

प्रदार s. f. Another's wife.

परहारवाम : m. Adultery, adulterous intercourse or intrigue, [other परहार : m. The pain or sorrow of an-परहार : m. A foreign country.

foreigner; one residing abroad.

परदेशवदीचं न s. m. Seandal, calumny, censoriousness.

परचे ने adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse. परम्ब s. m. Another's property.

परहोड़ी adj. Tyrannising over another. पर्धन s. m. Another's wealth.

प्रधनासादनसुख s. m. Feeding luxuriously at another's expense.

पर्यमे s. m. Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste.

परम s. f. A very quick time in music. परमामा s.m. A great grand-father by the mother's side.

परनाचा s. m. } A gutter, a drain, a

परण conj. Afterwards, also, but. परण adj. Subservient, obedient, dependant.

प्राच्य इ. m. Delusion, fraud, impesition, treachery, deceit, artifice.

परपञ्ची adj. Insidious, fraudulent, astfal. सरक्ष s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity.

परपराना v. n. To smart.

प्राचार s. f. Acrimony, mart.

multur s. m. The family or dependants of another.

wage s. m. The Kokels or Indian enckoo.

चरपुष्टा s. f. A harlot, a whore ; a parasite plant.

प्रपूरण adj. Brimful.

'प्रपेड s. m. A duplicate of a bill of exchange.

परव s. m. A gem, a flat diamond; a festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, a feast; a chapter, a section.

बर्ज । adj. Predominant, prevalent, violent, strong, powerful.

प्राच adj. Depending on the will of another, under the authority of another, dependant, precarious.

THE Supreme Being.

Supremacy; good fortune, prosperity; the last part, residue, remainder.

प्रमृति s.f. A foreign or an enemy's country.

a vera adj. Cherished or nourished by a stranger, fostered, adopted. s. m. The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched.

principal preceding, first, supreme.

भरसगति s. . Chief object or refuge, as a god, a protector; final felicity, eternal felicity, heavenly bliss.

THE s. m. A different opinion or doctrine.

TCHETH s. m. Paradise.

प्रमाह s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity; heaven or beatitude. प्रमान s. m. A supreme monatch. ব্যাস adj. Sweet-scented, s. m. Parched grain of joar or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

प्रसंस s. m. An ascetic, a religious man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation.

प्रमानिस s.f. Translocation to heaven, final beatitude.

प्रसाष s. m. An atom, the invisible base of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sun-beam; the lowest measure of weight; a measure of time, the sun's passage past an atom of matter.
प्रसाका s. m. The Supreme Being, con-

स्रामा s. m. The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe. स्राहित s. m. Pure unitarianism.

प्रमादत s. m. Pure unitarianism प्रमानन्द s. m. Great pleasure.

प्रभाव s. m. An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar.

भरमाय: s. m. The longest period of life, either in men or animals.

प्रशाह s. m. Spiritual knowledge; any excellent or important aim or object; the best sense; the first pursuit, the best end, virtue, merit.

परमार्थी adj. Religious, seeking the best end, virtuous.

प्रसिख s. f. A kind of dance.

प्रभा s. m. A gonorrhosa, a (venereal)

प्रतिवर s. m. The first and Supreme Lord, God, the Almighty.

प्रस्यह s. m. Eternal-felicity. प्रस्य adj. Traditionary or successive, proceeding from one to another, from father to son, &c. s. m. A greatgreat-grandson.

प्रवारा s. f. Race, progeny, lineage; order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession; communication from one to another in succession, tradition.

come by inheritance or descent; traditional.

पर s. m. A potherb (Eclipta pros-परना adj. Of the other side.

प्रतीच s. m. Heaven, paradise.

प्रलोकान् s. m. Death, dying.

प्राच } s m. A plant (Tricho-santhes

प्रश् adj. Subscrvient, dependant, euh-

प्रशास s. m. The yard (of a sail). Parwan charhna, To grow (a phrase peculiar to women).

प्रवास s. m. A disease of the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

UTA s. m. A kind of gem.

परमाद है s. m. Viand, victuals, food मनाद § that has been offered to the deities; kindness, favour, blessing, gift, leavings of a great man or spiritual guide.

www.m. An axe, a hatchet.

परश्राम s. m. A hero and demi-god, the first of the three Rams, and the sixth avatar or supposed descent of the god Vishnu, who is said to have appeared in the world as the son of the sage Jamadagni, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and punishing the violence of the Kehatri or military tribe, and contemporary with Dashwath Ram. He is, from his father, called Jamadagni, Ranuka, wife of Jamadagni, was interrupted in bringing water from the river by Kartavirja-Arjuna, a prince of the Kshattris, who was sporting in the water with his thousand wives, for which Parshuram's father Jamadagni cursed him, The Kshattri prince killied Jamedagni; and Jamedagnivowed not to leave a Khattri on the face of the earth; he is reported to have extirpated them twenty-one times ; the women with child each time producing a new race; and, they say that there have been no Kshattri since : those so called being of spurious breed of Varanasankars. Parshuram appears to typify the tribe of Bráhmans, and their contests with the Kshattris.

प्राच adv. The day after tomorrow. WIE s. m. Touch.

सरसना v. a. To touch.

चर्तिया s. m. A reaping hook, a sickle.

s. m. The whites, fluor albus. well adv. The day before yesterday;

the day after tomorrow. were s. m. Relation or connection with another.

were adj. Related to another, belonging to another.

Trut odj. Mutual, interchanging, odv. Mutually, reciprocally.

चरवारातमित s. f. Mutual concurrence or assent.

सरसरीयकार 8. m. Matual assistance : offensive and defensive alliance.

बरबरीयकारी s. m. An ally; an assoverb. ciate, a helper.

परभेषह s. m. The transitive or active बर्डिस adj. Friendly, benevolent; good or profitable for another.

To prep. (In comp.) Back, back-ward, reverse, over. s. m. A company, a body (of troops).

witer s m. A kind of cake, paste.

. m. A religious obligation of

an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued : a sacrificial sword or scimitar.

पराज्ञम s. m. Power, strength ; valour, prowess.

पराज्ञनी adi. Powerful, bold, strong, vigorous.

will sm. The pollen or farina of a flower; fragrant power used after bathing; the name of a mountain.

Turning away, having the face averted.

बराचीन } adj. Old, of former times, शाचीन } ancient.

पराञ्चत s. m. Overthrow, defeat, discomfiture.

पराजयमाच adj. Overcoming, surpassing, defeating. Come.

चराजित adi. Conquered, defeated, over-TITIES s. m. Bread made with butter or ghi, and of several layers, like piecrust.

WIN & s.f. A large plate (of sacchs-बराती र rum spontaneum).

प्रात्वित s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum spontaneum).

प्राहन s. m. A horse of the Persian breed.

wilfamit s. m. Anothers person's office or post.

पराधिकारसर्वा इ. f. Officiousness, interference with another's concerns.

wurde ad. Dependent, subject, subservient, humble, under another.

पराधीनता s. f. Subjection, dependance.

utin & s. m. Breath; soul, life; uru sweetheart, mistress. Pranpati., soul's lord,

परात्रश s. f. The practice of medicine, administering remedies.

4517 v. n. To run, to flee.

भरात adj. Living at another's expense, s. m. Food supplied by another. चराजभी जी adj. Living at another's cost. पराभव s. m. Discomfitting, overcoming. भराभन adj. Defeated, discomfited, overcome.

षरामर्भे s. m. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, jndgment; counsel, advice, consideration, reflection.

परानीधना s. m. Wheedling.

प्रायम s. m. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object; dependance on. adj. Adhering or attached to ; connected with, depending upon. परायम adj. Dependant, subject. चराया adj. Strange, foreign, belonging

to another, extraneous, other, of another

पराइ s. m. A kind of gourd (Momordica chatantia L

चरार्थ adj. Having another object or sense, &c.; designed or purposed by another. s. m. For the sake or ano-

सरायेशदी adj. Officions, intermedding. with s. m. A great number, a lack of lacks of crores, or a number equal to half the term of Bramah's life, or as many mortal days as are equal to fifty of his years. प्रशास s. f. Straw.

परावर्ष s. m. Reversal of a sentence. परावर्षे व्यवसार s. m. Appeal (in law). union adj. Reversed (as a judgment). utrat n. prop. The father of the poet mendicant. unwil s. m. A. beggar, a wandering प्रायम adj. Dependant or relying upon another. s. m. Dependance.

पराच्या s. f. A parasite-plant.

बरा[चन adj. Subject, dependant.

पराच s. m. A tree (Butea frondosa): oakum made of the bark of that tree. परास adj. Dead, expired.

परास्ता s.f. Death, extinction ; drowsiness, sleepiness. परास adj. Defeated.

THE s. m. The next day, s. f. Flight. a general emigration.

WIT s. m. The afternoon, the latter part of the day.

परि drep. (In comp.) About, around, round about, entirely,

परिकथा s. f. A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulons person.

परिकार s. m. A girth, zone.

परिकासित adj. Made, invented.

परिकोर्चन s. m. Saying, telling ; talking of, boasting,

परिक्रमा s. f. Walking round or about, circumambulating, going about : act of going round to the right by way of adoration; circumambulation, going about,

परिकाय s. m. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back; giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest.

परिक्रिम s. m. Vexation, trouble.

परिकार adj. Vexed, annoyed. परिचित n. prop. The name of a king, the son of Abhimonyu, and grandson

of Ariun. परिका s. f. A moat, a ditch surrounding a fort, &c.

परिस्तान adj. Famous, celebrated.

चरिष्याति s. f. Fame, reputation. uftus s. m. An embracing, seizing.

परिष s. m. An iron bar for shutting a gate.

परिषय s. m. Aquaintance, intimacy. चरिषया s. f. Service, dependance; veneration, worship.

ufcerew s. m. A servant, an attendant. ufifed adi. Known, acquainted with. uft a adi. To be known as an aquaintance. with s. m. A cover, clothing. ſed. बरिक्द adi. Surrounded, covered, cloth-Regis, f. Examination, test, trial. परिकार s. m. Segment, division; the division of a book, a section or. chapter. fout. परिक्रिक edj. Cut off, detached, singled परिकाश s.f. Shade, shadow. परिश्वान s. m. Through knowledge, learn-परिजन s. m. Dependants, servants, family, followers. परिषयन s. m. Marriage. परिकास s. m. Maturity, fulness, ripeness : end. last stage, or state. मरियामदभी adj. Who looks forward or to the end. witters s. m. Width, breadth, extension. परित: adv. Around, every way, all round. परिवाप s. m. Pain, anguish ; sorrow; a division of hell. uftge adj. Pleased, delighted. परितीष s. m. Pleasure, satisfaction, delight. विश्वित adj. Satisfying, pleasure giving. परितीची adj. Contented, satisfied. ufram adj. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandoned. परिवास s. m. Abandonment, quitting, desertion. परिलामी adi. Abandoning, quitting. ufters s. m. Preserving, protecting. प्रियम s. m. Clothes, dresses, covers. परिचान s. m: A lower garment : vesture, clothes. uff [9 s. m. The circumference of a cir-

ele : the disk of the sun or moon.

RETURN adv. At last at the end. परिपन adj. Cooked, dressed; mature; shrewd, knowing : digested. परिपक्ता s. f. Maturity, perfection : shrewdness; digestion. परिपन्ती s. m. An enemy, an antagonist : a robber, a highwayman, a bandit, परिपास s. m. Maturity, perfection : cleverness, shrewdness; digestion. परिपाकिनी s.f. A drug (Convolvulus turpethum). परिपाटी s. f. Order, method, arrangement : arithmetic. परिपालन s. m. Protecting, cherishing. परिपालित adj. Protected, cherished. परिपयका s. f. A sort of cucumber (Citcumis madraspatanus). परिपूजन s. m. Worshipping, adoring. परिपूजिल udj. Served, worshipped. adored. परिपूर्ण adj. Full, entire, complete ; satisfied, content. परिप्रचेता s. f. Completion, entireness. fulness; satiety or satisfaction. परिषेच s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus). uftus s. m. Bathing, immersing; inundation. [bathed. परिश्रम apj. Immersed. inundated : परिमय } s. m. Disrespect, contempt, परिमाय } disgrace. परिभाषा s. f. A technicality, a conventional term in any science ; (in grammar) a maxim given by the ancient grammanians as a summary interpretation of the rules of Panini; (in medicine) prognosis ; abuse, ridicule. परिभीत s. m. Possession, enjoyment. ufrug z. m. Wandering, going about ; f of. STTOT. ufive adi. Fallen, degraded, deprived

ufcaus s. m. A ball, a globe, a circle.

चरिमञ्जलता s. f. Rotundity, circularity. चरिमन्द adj. Slow, dull.

after s. m. An exquisite scent, especially arising from the trituration of fragrant substances; the trituration of perfumes.

परिमाय s. m. Measure ; measuring. परिमाय adj. Meted, measured ; regulated.

णारिमतसूत्र adj. Temperate, abstemious परिभित्तसूत्र adj. Eating moderately. परिभोद्य s.m. Fascinating, beguiling.

परिमोशि s. f. adj. What is bewitch ing, fascinating.

यरिकान adj. Soiled, stained; waned, withered; diminished, impaired.

ufers s. m. Going or turning back; turning round, revolving; exchange, barter; requital, return; the end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world.

परिया s. f. The first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane.

परिशद s. m. Abuse, reproach, reproof ; charge, accusation.

complainant or calumniator.

परिवादी a.m. An accuser, a reprover ; (in low) a plaintiff.

oftere s. m. Family, attendants, dependants; dependant.

परिवासका s.f. Subjection, dependance. परिवास s.m. Abiding, abode.

ufters s. m. An inundation, an overflowing, natural or artificial.

परिकर adj. Surrounded, enclosed. परिक्रम adj. Gone round, revolved ; exchanged.

परिवेदन s. m. Anguish, pain, misery; marriage, marrying.

परिवेषण s. m. Surrounding, enclosing; serving-up dinner, distributing food to guests, &c.

परिवेष्टन s. m. Surrounding, encompassing ; circumference.

uftafen adj. Enclosed, surrounded, encompassed; covered, veiled.

परिचाभ s.m. A tree (Pterospermum acerifolia); a sort of reed growing in water (Calamus fasciculatum).

परित्रज्ञा s. f. Ascetic devotion, religious austerity, abandonment of the world; leading the life of a mendicant.

परित्राज्ञक s. m. A religious mendicant. परित्रक्षीय adj. To be doubted, to be feared, or apprehended.

परिशाप s. m. Cursing, reviling.

परिश्व adj. Cleaned, purified; discharged, paid.

परिषेष s.m. Remainder; completion.

ব্যিনায় s. m. Cleansing, purifying, correcting; discharging a debt or obligation.

परियोध s. m. Drying, evaporation.

परियम s. m. Labour, trouble, pain, toil; distress, fatigue.

परिश्वमी adj. Active, laborious.

দহিস্থাৰ adj. Overcome with distress or fatigue, exhausted, wearied.

परियाणि s. f. Labour, trouble ; fatigue, exhaustion.

परिष्कार इ. m. Decoration, embellishment, initiation, purification by essential rites.

परिवास adj. Adorned, decorated, embellished; purified by initiatary sites.

परिकृतस्कि s. f. An altar, or ground prepared for a sacrifice, or for the victim and the utensils employed.

uftern s. f. Total or complete enumeration or specification, implying ex-

clusion of any other; reckoning, enumerating. परिसङ्गाम adj. Counted, enumerated.

परिसमायन s m. Finishing entirely. परिसमाप्त adj. Finished, done entirely. परिसर s. m. Border, proximity, envious, position, width, extension.

प्रतिसमाप्ति s. f. Entire completion.

प्ररिषाधन s. m. Accomplishing, effecting : determining, ascertaining.

परिसीमन s. m. Boundary, extreme term or limit. Tabandoning. परिषय s. m. Seizing, taking ; leaving, परिकरना u. d. To leave, forsake, aban-

don, desert; to take away, to elear off. परिशाद s. m. Disrespect.

परिशास s. m. Mirth, sport, pastime.

परिषासने दी s. m. A jester, a wag, a wit. परिशेष adj. Waned, faded, wasted;

deserted by, deprived of. परीचक s.m. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover ; an investigator, a

मरीचप s.m. Trial, experiment, examina-परीचा s. f. Discrimination, investigation, examination, test, trial, experiment; trial by ordeal of various kinds.

परीचित n. prop. The grandson of Arjun to whom the Bhagavat was related.

परीचित adi. Tried, examined, tested, proved. Indian cycle. परीक्षावी s. m. The fortyfirst year of the

परीयम s. m. Exchange, barter.

परीवाद s. m. Reproof, censure, abuse. परीवार s. m. Dependants, family, retinue.

परीकाष s. m. A natural inundation or overflow

प्राप s. m. Mirth, sport, amusement. 98 s. m. A knot or joint in a reed.

प्रा s. m. Harsh and contumelious speech, abuse ; yellow Barleris : a sort of tree (Xylocarpus granatum).

पद्यवचन s.m. Harsh language, reproach, abuse. speech.

पद्यवास 8. f. Harsh or contumelious पद्योक्ति s. f. Abusive or harsh language. प्रवीक्तिन s. m. Au abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language.

THE s. m. The knot or joint of a cane or reed.

परे adv. Beyond, yonder, at a distance. Pareh rahana, To remain at distance. परेखा s m. Regret, concern, contrition. repentance. s. f. Examination, trial. परेबी s. m. Regret, repentance.

परेत adj. Dead, defunct, s.m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a kind of goblin, a ghost, a spirit, an evil spirit, a fiend.

परेतना v. a. To reel (thread or yarn). परेता s. m- A reel (for winding norn). परेवा s. m. A pigeon.

मरेष s. m. Soup.

परीच adj. Invisible, imperceptible ; absent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or tense.

परेशनम s. m. Purpose, design, intention. परोपदार s. m. Charity, benevolence. doing good to others, the helping of others, beneficence.

परीपचारी adj. Benevolent, charitable, good to others, acting for others, beneficent, hospitable,

परीपदेश s. m. Giving advice, counselling, admonishing.

परीची s. f. A coskrosch.

परीस s. m. Vicinity.

परीसना v. a. To serve up dinner, to distribute food to guests, &c. THE s. m. A dish of food which is

send to a friend.

परीची s. m. A neighbour,

परोक्षेता s. m. A distributer of victuals to the guests, one who serves up dinner, a waiter.

ব্যাস্থ s. m. Carriage, vehicle, instruments of transportation.

परोच s.m. Leathern water-bucket. परोच adj. Invisible, imperceptible; absent, past. s.m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or touse.

पर्कट s. m. A heron.

पकंदो s. f. The waved-leaf fig tree (Ficus infectiosa).

पकीला s. m. A spark, a pane of glass. पर्वा s. m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.

पर्योग v. c. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

पर्वात s. m. Meal, flour, grocery. पर्वे निया s. m. A meal merchant. पर्वे ते s. f. The act of selling flour,

meal, &c. पह ती s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

uni s. m. Self-sown paddy (rice); a spindle for winding thread on.

s. f. Image (fram shade or variet) reflection), shadow, shade. Parchhain upni seh bhagna, To be frightened at one's own shadow.

মুল s. f. A musical mode or rágini; handle of a shield. Parjdar, adj. Back-hilted (a scimitar).

पत्र 8. m. A bedstead.

पजती s. f. A sort of Curcums (C. zanthorrhizon).

पर्जन्म 8. m. A rain, threatening cloud. धर्माष 8. f. Custom, manner.

पर्ध s. m. A leaf; the Pan or betel leaf; the Palus tree (Butes frondoss). a person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative.

पर्णमाचाल s. m. The Kamarángá, an acid fruit (Averrhoa carambala).

पर्यकता s. f. The betel plant.

पर्ववज्ञी s. f. A tree (Butea frondosa).

पर्यशाला s.f. A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage.

sanctum), with small leaves.

पर्की s. m. A tree (Butes frondosa). s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratitoes); the leaf of the asafotida (?).

ঘণীৱেল s.m. A hut of leaves, the residence of holy anchorets, a hermitage.

unia s.f. Prosperity, fortune glory.

पदां s. m. curtain, screen. पहाँदा s. m. A great grand-father by

the father's side. पद्देश s. f. A great grand-mother by the father's side. [wind.

पहुँच s. m. Wind downwards, letting पप s. m. A wheel chair, or one on which a cripple can move about,

vvz s. m. A medicinal plant with bitter leaves (apparently the Oldenlandia biffore, though the Hindi name Papar is also applied to the Gardenia latifolia).

पर्देडहम s. m. Bdellium.

ਧਪੌਨੀ s. f. A thin crisp cake made of any pulse.

uter s. m. A bedstead.

पर्यादन s. m. Wandering about, roaming. मर्थन s. m. Limit, term, boundary, extent.

प्रचेत्रहान s. m. End, conclusion.

unia s. m. Order, arrangement, regular and methodical disposal or succession , manner, kind ; opportunity, occasion: the text of a vocabulary. or the order of the synonyms for any term.

पंख

and adi. Of the other side. use s. m. A festival, a holiday, an anai-

versary festival, feast. प्रशेषारी s. m. A Brahman who performs ceremonies for hire out of season.

पर्वतासी & m. A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy days.

प्रश्रेषिका a. f. Speaks with pain on the edge of the corner of the eye.

पञ्चित .../. Giving gifts on Holidays. पूर्वत s. m. A mountain, a hill; a kind of fish (Silurus pabda).

पर्वतकात s. m. A raven. [tains. पर्वत्वासी adj. Living, &c., in the monn-पर्वताचय adj. Mountaineer, living, &c. in the mountains.

पर्वतिया s. m. A kind of pumpkin. T&c. पर्वतीय adj. Mountainous, mountaneer, प्रवेशिक s. m. The full and change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortnight, or the precise moment of the full and change of the moon.

waits s. m. A. disease in the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe. ſda.

पर्नित s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus pab-4 s. m. An axe, a hatchet.

पर्राप s. m. The first of three Rams, being the sixth mythological Avstar. of Vishnu, as the son of the Muni Jamadagni,

um s. m. A moment, the 60th part of ghari or danda (21 pals being equal to one winute). Pol-ot, For an in- | प्याप s. m. A kind of boat.

stant. Pal marte, adv. Immediately. instantly, in the twinkling of an eye. Pal maras. To make a motion of the evelid.

पंच

पत्र रं. f. A young branch or spray of प्रक s. m. The eyelid : a moment.

प्यक्त s. m. A bed (without curtains), a beadstead. Palang-posh, s. m. A. coverlet, a counterpane.

पवद्वा s.f. A small bedstead. पलटन s. f. A battalion,

प्रका v. n. To return, to turn back, to retreat; to overturn, to rebound; to change.

पलट सेना) v. a. To take back, to पख्टो बेबा 🖇 take in return, to take revenge.

प्रा s. m. Turn, stead, exchange, recompense, revenge, retaliation.

पसदा साना v. a. To turn over head and heels; to overturn, to be titled; to rebound.

पण्डाना v. a. To turn, cause to turn. return, convert, repel.

पदान s. m. Contradiction, reaction, rebound.

पचटा नारना v.n. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

TENT s. m. A scale, i. c. one side of a pair of scales.

To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks.

प्राथी s. f. A mode of sitting on the ground resting on the buttocks.

unn v. n. To be reared, nourished or fattened, to thrive,

unique a. m. A vegetable (Trichosanthes dioica). Palwal-lati. The plant of palwal).

quart v. c. To cause to nourish, to bring up, &c.

भवनारी s.m. Boatman (belonging to s palwar). [oil, &c.]

पना s. m. A spoon, ladle for taking out मनापि s. m. Bile, the bilious humour. पनाच s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

THE ME An onion

पताब्दु s. m. An onion.

पहार s. m.f. Rakhas, male or female. एखाना n. s. To flee, run away, escape. एखानी s.f. } Thatching.

Terrer of the country of the country

प्लाबा v. a. To saddle a horse or bullock. प्लायम s. m. Flight, retreat.

पतायमपरायच adj. Fagitive.

पनायमान adj. Running away.

ব্যাম s. m. A tree bearing red blossoms (Butes frondosa); a sort of Curcuma (C. reclinata); ancient Behar or Magadha.

प्याप्त s. m. Curcuma reclinata; the Polas tree.

पनाम पप्पा s. m. The seeds of the Butea frondosa used in medicine.

पवाशास्त्र s. m. Asafætida. पवाशी s. f. Lac. s. m. A goblin ; a sort of Mimusops (M. kouki). [with.

पनी s.f. A ladle used to take out oil पनीत s.m. A ghost.

पतीता s. m. A match (of a gun); a candle. Palita chút jána, To flash, in the pan.

पञ्चम s. m. Dry flour laid under and over bread when it is rolled. Palsthan pakarns, To contrive the ruin of any one. Palethan nikelna, To beat severely.

und s. m. Soup; pounded rice or flour put into soup to thicken it.

पनीठा adj. First-born.

une s. m. A sprout, a shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing new leaves, a twig. [dentications]. unum s. m. A kind of fish (Cyprimus). WHIS. m. Space, distance; assistance; a border of cloths; a sheet (generally applied to chintz or shawl); a bag; one shutter of a door, &c.; border, margin.

पत्ती s.f. A small village; a house lizard, पत्त s.m. The hem or border of a garment. Palládor, A garment with a silver or gold border.

पत्रिका s. m. A shelf upon which water-pots are placed, a place where water is kept.

पदन s. f. Air, wind, physical or personified as a deity. s. m. Regent of the winds, and of the north west quarter.

Pavan ka put, The son of Pavan, i. c.
The ape Hanumán.

परविद्याधि s. m. Wind, as affected morbidly, or rheumatism, &c.

पवनाचं s. m. A kind of grain (Andropogon saccharatus).

पत्रकाषत adj. Rhenmatic.

Vant. s.f. A chain fastened to horses' legs to prevent their being stolen; chains with which the legs of a criminal are fastened, fetters; the leg of a boot or stocking.

पराष्ट्रा s. m. A narratation or an explanation of a story.

पवित्र adj. Purified, cleansed.

ufar adj. Pure, clean, purified physically or morally, holy, undefiled, nice. s. m. The brahminical cord.

पश्चिता s. f. Purity, holiness.

ufun s. f. Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum); a river, a little to thus north west of Haridssar, the Paskar; the twelfth of the light fortnight of Shrauss, a festkras in honor of Vishau. s. f. The brahminical thread; a string of silken beads; a knotted

piece of Kusha grass, used in religious ceremonies of the Hindus.

utim s. f. A ring of Kushs grass (Pos cynosuroides), or of gold, silver, or copper, worn on the ring-finger and fore-finger by Hindus during religious worship.

पदी s. m. The iron band of wheel, the thunderbolt of Indra.

पवेरा s. m. The act of sowing seed with

पत्र s. m. An animal in general, a beast. पत्र सा s.f. Any small animal.

पत्र जिया s.f. Copulation, coition.

पश्चायली s.f. A parody of the holy verse of the Veds, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrified.

पम्ता s.f. The condition or nature of an animal, beastiality, brutality.

प्रात्त s. m. Nature of an animal.

पश्चम s. m. Action or property of animals; promisenous cohabitation; the marrying of widows.

पञ्च पत्तव s. m. A. fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

un पास s. m. A herdsman,

पशुपालन s. m. Tending or rearing cattle. पशुरख s. m. A string or tie for fastening cattle.

पद्यश्च s. m. A lion.

पश्चरीतम् s. m. The hair of an animal, पश्चरीतमो s. f. The hog-plum.

प्यात् adv. After, afterwards, behind, westward.

पदासाप s. m. Repentance.

weat adj. West, western; behind, after; Hindus in their prayers, usually facing the east, and consequently having the west behind them.

पचाम है. m. A stone, a rock.

uers. f. Grazing cattle at night.

ueru v. n. To be spread, stretched
out, distended, expanded.

used s. f. A rib, the pracordia. Passipharakni, A thrilling over the ribs, is applied to a perception of the condition of an absent person.

पपशे s. f. A kind of wild rice growing in shallow ponds.

usi s. m. Two handfuls, as much as can be held in both hands open.

पसाई s. f. A kind of rice.

पसाउ } s. m. Propicality, clearness, पसाऊ } calmness of mind.

पदाना v. s. To skim, to pour off-superfluous water (from boiled rice).

unit v. a. To spread, distend, stretch out, reach, extend, expand, open, display.

QUICI s. m. Expansion, the act of spreading out. Pasara karna, To procrastinate and find obstacles to an easy matter.

पसारी s. m. One who sells spices, a spicer.

पसीनना v. c. To perspire, to sweat, to melt; to compassionate.

पसीना पश्च । s. m. Perspiration, sweat. पश्चका

प्रमुखा v. a. To stitch.

quing v. n. To regret.

www.f. Dawn. Pah phatna v. n. To dawn, to grow luminous.

पद्यान s. f. Acquaintance, knowledge; recognisance.

discriminate, to distinguish.

usates. m. Clothing, dress.

s. m. Dress, clothing.

WET S. m. A division of time consisting of eight gharis, a watch or three hours.

पहरना v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

TWEE s. m. A watch, a sentinel; tour of watch; a corporal and six. Pahra dena, To watch, Pahre men dalna, To give in charge to a watch or the guard. Pahre men parna, To be given in charge to a watch or the

पहराना v. a. To cause to dress, to clothe, invest, to diess.

पद्रावनी a. f. A woman who dresses the guests at a wedding, a tire woman; vestments bestowed on gnests at a wedding, dress, clothing,

यहरिया 🕽 s. m. A watchman, a sentinel, guard.

पर्य s. m. A flock of cotton; beginning: aggression: the side of a rectangular figuro.

महत्त s. m. Beginning, initiative ; cotton pressed in gathers.

प्रका र adj. First. adv. Before, rather, पश्चिता 🕻 500n.

and adv. At first, soon, rather. Pahileh par, On the other side,

9818 s. m. A mountain. Paharsiraten. Longnights (especially of sor-

True s. m. The multiplication table . (in grithmetic).

पदादिया adj, Belonging to, or of a mountain, s. m. A mountaineer.

veret s. f. A hill, a small mountain, aftent v. a. To put on, to wear, to dress, s. m. Dress, clothing.

ufwar s. m. A wheel.

पुण्यम s. f. Dress, clothing, &c.

पहिरायनी s. f. A woman who threases the gnests at a wedding, a tirewoman : vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पहिनां v. s. To put ed clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

पश्चिम adj. First, adv. Before rather.

पश्चि adv. At first, in the first place, first, sooner, before, chiefly, rather. Pahile par, On the other side,

पिललीडा adj. First-born.

पहुंच s. f. Arrival, reach ; sagacity. penetration; access, remittance; a receipt.

पश्चना v. n. To arrive, reach, extend, amount, befall, belong.

पह चा s. m. The wrist,

पहुँचामा v. a. To cause to arrive, convey, transmit, bring, conduct, to cause, to occasion.

पहुँकी s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist, a kind of bracelet.

The before down.

पहुन्ता v. n. To lie down, to repose, to lie, to rest.

The Hospitality, entertainment. 484 s. m. A flower.

पहुन्तादना v. n. To break (the day). पहेली s. f. A riddle, an enigma.

unis. m. The name of one of the degraded Kshattri races sentenced by Sagar to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

पिका s.f. A plant (Pistia stratioites). us s. m. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days c a partisan; a friend; a side, a flank.

und s. f. The taking up a side or argument.

प्रथर s. m. A partisan.

पचपात s. m. Adopting a side or an ar-

gnm whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

चचपातिका s. f. Adherence, friendship, fellowship.

प्रभाती s. m. A partisan, a friend, an adherent.

पदादात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

यशियों } s. f. A bird.

ঘৰিষাৰ s. m. A king of the birds, usually applied to Garur.

पविभावा s. f. A nest, an aviary.

wits. f. A coin, the fourth part of an anna. [quagmire.

पास s. m. A bog, mire, mud, slough, ulm adj. Linear, in or by line, or row. ulm s. m. Culinary salt obtained from sen and (as by the process in use on the sea coast of Bengal).

पान adj. Five. Pach-sat, s. f. Perplex-

प्रशास s. m. The ribs, the side; a side or puarter.

पडि । s.m. A title of Brahmans; a

भेत रे s.f. A row; a line (of writing);

पांतर s. m. A desert field. पांतरी s. f. The foot of a bed.

viv. m. Leg, foot. Paon uthána, or,—
chálana, To go quickly. Paon urana,
To interfere unprofitably in any
one's affairs. Paon utarna, To be dislocated (the foot). Paon ka angutha.
s. m. The great toe. Paon kampna,
or, tharidarána, To fear to attempt
any thing. Paon kaim karna, To
occupy a fixed habitation; to adopt
a new resolution. Paon kisi ka ukharna, To more any person from his
place, intention or resolution. Paon

kisi ka gale men dalna, To convet one by his own arguments. Paon ki ungli, s. f. A toe. Paon chal jana, To totter, to become unstable. Paon jamána, To stand firmly, Paon zaminpar na thaharna is used to express excessive joy. paon palna, To prepare for and commence an undertaking, paon digna, To slide, Paon tale melna, To give one pain, to annoy. Paon torna, To desist from visting any person; to visit one very often; to be tired, D. be paon ana, To come gently and unperceived as a spy. Paon dho dhe pina (lit. to drink the water withwhich one's feet are washed). denotes perfect confidence. Paon nikálno. To exceed one's proper limits; to withdraw from an undertaking; to be a ringleader in a criminal action. Paon pakarna, To beseech submissively; to prevent one from going. . Paon parna, To entreat submissively. Paon par paon rakhna, To imitate or adopt the conduct of another, to walk in the steps of another ; to sit at ease, to sit cross-legged. Paon paon, adj. A foot, Paon pitna, To stamp with impatience. Paon páma, To honour another; to avoid another, Paon phuk phuk rakhna, To do any thing carefully, Paon phylakar sona (lit. to sleep. with the legs extended), is applied to signify perfect content and security. Paon hilúna, To insist, to be obstinate. Paon barhána, To take the lead among one's equals; to desist from one's former courses. Paon bhar jana, Numbers of the feet, sleeping of the feet. Paon ragarna, To go about foolishly and unprofitably; to be in the agonies of death. Paon Isyna, To make obeisance. Paon sabit rakhna, To persevere firmly in a resolution. Paon se paon bándhna, To watch one close. Paon se paon bhirana, To be near. Paon sona, To be numbed, to sleep (the foot).

पांत्रहा ह. m. A cloth or carpet spread to walk on.

षांत्रपांव adj. A foot, on foot.

पोक्षी है. f. A loaf of bread.

पांचव s. m. Rock or fossil salt.

vit s. m. Manure.

पांत्रका s. f. A fragrant plant (Pandanas odoratissimus).

पश्चिकासीस s. m. Sulphuret of iron.

पोगन s. m. Salt extracted from soi, rock or fossil salt. [album).

বাষ্ণৰ s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium বাষ্ণ s. m. A kind of tree (Casalpinia bonducella).

viu s. m. Manure, a dunghill. Pans hojana. To rot; to become mellow (land).

पंचना v. a. To manure, to dung.

पोसा s. m. A die. पोस s. f. The ribs.

with s. f. Pins used by weavers to wind off the warp from.

पार ती s. f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

village and cultivating land belonging to another village.

पास s. m. An electuary medicine, confection.

पाक्ष) s. m. The waved leaf Indian पाक्ष ह्या े fig-tree (Fiens venosa). पाक्ष v. a. To boil in sirup.

पाकपण s. m. The Caronda, (Carissa carondas). एक्स्का s. m. The leaf of the Laurus

त्रकारकान s.m. The leaf of the Laurus Cassia. पासन adj. Producing maturity; suppurative, producing suppuration in a boil, s.m. A sort of Costus (C speciosus), [candida], पासन s.m. A sort of plant (Bankinios' पासना s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cucumis utilotizismus).

पाकशाला } s.m. A. kitchen.

पाक्संब्रों s. f. A table-vice, a tench-

पाका s. m. Bittaban, a medicinal salt; impregnated with iron; nitre, saltpetre.

पाचा जार्गे. Relating to a side or party-पाचक ? s.m. Wickedness, deceit, byquest personal person personal parties, a heterodox Hindu, adopting the exterior marks of the classes, but not respecting the ordinances of the Veds.

पास्त्रको । adj. Hypocritical, deceitful, पापको । heretical.

पाखर s. f. Iron armour for the defence of a horse or of an elephant.

uturs. m. A shed, any small building leaning against the wall of a yard or area.

wie s. m. A turban ; sirup.

पागन s. m. A fool, idiot, madman.

पापा s. m. A. troop of horse (among Marhattas). a stud.

पान्द s. m. Act of chewing the cud, rumination. [minate.

पान्ताना v. a. To chew the cud, to ru-पाचक adj. Digostive, tonic, what effects digestion s. m. The bile which assists in digestion; a digestive, a stomachic, a solvent; a cook.

पात्रम adj. Digestive; suppurative. s. m. A medicinal preparation, an infusion, a decoction, &c. of various drugs, chiefly carminatives of gentle stimuls given to bring the vitiated humours in fever, &c. to maturity, a sort of diet drink; a digestive.

ष्।चनक s. m. Borax.

पाचनी s. f. A sort of myrobalan (Terminolia chebula).

भाषा adj. Whatever causes digestion, &c. [culation.

पाड s. m. The act of inoculating, ino-पादापा v. s. To inoculate.

पाके | adv. Behind, after, afterwards,

पायात adj. Belonging to, dwelling in, ruling over, &c., the country of Panchal. s. m. The sovereign of Panchal; the company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shoemaker. पात्रीपमा s. m. Meanness.

quz s. m. Breadth (of cloth or of a river).
expanse, extension; tow; silk; a
mill-stone; a throne, seat; a board,
shutter plank, slab, plank on which
washermen beat clothes.

पाटकन s. m. A. silk-worm.

मादन १. f. A roof, १. m. Name of a city.

uzar v. a. To roof, to cover, to shut; to fill, fill up, overstock, heap, pile, accumulate; to water, irrigate; to pay.

पारकार s.m. Silk cloth, a silk garment. पारपानी s. f. The queen or principal wife of a Raigh.

que adj. Of a pink or pale red colour.

पाटका s.f. The trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave-olens).

posed to be the ancient Palibothra, and the modern Patra.

पाटलीयल s. m. A ruby.

पाटन वर्गु. Clever, sharp, dexterous. s.m. Clevernoss, talent; eloquence. पाटनिक वर्गु. Ounning, crafty, frandu-

lent; clever, dexterous.

Telesis. f. A small shrub (Abrus precatorius).

uren beat clothes.

पारित } s. m. A sort of fish described as baving many teeth.

qizì s.f. The side piece of a bedstead; a kind of mat; a kind of board on which children learn to write; divisions of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and parted by a line in the middle; a kind of sweetment.

quilt s. m. A pungent root, a sort of radish; sandal.

चाट्नी s. m. A ferryman.

viting, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the Hindus; reading, perusal study in general; a lecture, lesson,

visa s. m. A lecturer, a public reader of the Puruns or other sacred works, a Pundit who declares what is the law or custom according to the sacred writings; a sprintual preceptor; a reader, a student; a title of Brahman.

usy s. f. The place where the Veds are read or studied.

पाठनसरी s.f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa);

ঘাইসাৰা s.f. A college, a school. ঘটমাৰিসী z.f. A small bird (Graculo religiosa).

uist s. m. A young animal full grown (generally, a goat or elephant), a youth or young wrestler. पार्टाच s. m. Bdellium.

vifar adj. Instructed, tanght, lectured. vifar adj. Instructed, tanght, lectured. vifar s. m. He that gives lessons, a teacher, a professor; a Brahman, especially one who has finished is sacred studies? a plant (Plumbago zelsnica). s. f. A young goat; a kind of fish.

पाठीज s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus boalis); a public reader or lecturer on the Purans, &c.

पाञ्च adj. To be read or studied. पाञ्च s. f. A scaffold.

to knock or throw down; to finish, to kill; to collect lamp-black.

पादा s.m. A quarter of a town, a ward. पादा s.m. A hog-deer (Cervus porsinus). पादो s.f. Crossing a river (when travelling on it, a young bufalo, a bufalo calf).

uffer s. m. The hand.

पारिषादशीला s. f. A bride, one wedded according to the ritual.

पारिषय क. m. Marriage; laying hold of the hand; the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, forming part of this ceremony.

ufwasfas adj. Matrimonial.

usfus s. m. A Muni and inspired grammarian.

पाणिशीय adj, Connected with or derived from Panini the grammarian (as a scholar, a rule gc.)

पाणिमुख s. m. The glomerous fig-tree Ficus glomerate).

viest adj. Pale or yellowish white.

o. m. Pale or yellowish white (the colour); many flowered jasmine.

nicetyfeet s. f. A plant commonly called Situla (perhaps Phrynium dichotomum).

especially applied to Yudhishthir and his four brothers.

पारिकतो s. f. Scholarship, learning.

Pale or yellowish white. s., m., Pale or yellowish white (the colour), if the name of a sovereign of ancient Deltis, and nominal father of Yudhischir and the other four Pandu princes. s. f. A plant, commonly called Mashani (Glycine debitis).

বাজুবৰত s. m. A kind of stone (Limestone or marble?)

বাজ্যাৰ s. m. A plant (Rottleria tinctoria). [ees. বাজ্যুৰ s. m. Either of the Pandav prin-বাজ্যুৰ s. m. A country with a light

coloured soil.
বাজুৰনিকা s. f. The opal; a pale soil. বজুৰ adj. Of a yellowish white colour.
s. m. A pale or yellowish white; the

white leprosy, vitiligo. पास्ट्राम s. m. A plant (Echites antidysenterico).

पास्त्र कीमा s.f. A plant (Glycine debilis). पास्त्र वर्ष alij. White. s. m. Whiteness.

पास्त्र महत्त्व रा s. f. Light coloured gravel (disease).

un s. m. Filling; sin, wickedness; leaf; an ornament worn in the upper part of the ear; a draught or check on a banker. Paton algana, applied to trees, indicate, the fall of their leaves in autumn: metaphorically, the phrase signifies that one's power or ability is exhausted; and, this expression is often applied to patience exhausted by the scene of a beluved person; or to a destitate condition afrom adverse fortune.

पासन s. m, Sin, crime.

पावसना s. m. A messenger.

থানত্ত্বী ddj. Wicked, sinful, a sinner. থানত্ত্বৰ s. m. The Yog system of philosophy:

une s. f. A prostitute, a dancing girl. adj. Weak, lean.

with s. m. A leaf. adj. Preserved, protected.

unite s. m. The regions under the earth, and the abode of the Nagas or serpents; a sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed of two earthen post, the upper one inverted over the lower, and the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed in a hole containing fire.

पाति s. m. A master, a lord, a husband, पातिक s. m. The Gangetic perpoise, पातिक scij. Lowered, depressed, humbled. पातिको s. f. An earthen vessel or spot, especially used by religious mendi-

पाती s.f. A letter, a note, an epistle; a पातुष s.m. An aquatic, animal of a large size; figuratively the waterelephant.

wie adj. Who or what protects or nourishes.

पास्ता s. m. A plant (Ocymum pilosum). पास s. m. A preservative form sin, a preserver, a saviour.

पाचना s. f. The quality or power of a preservative from sin.

ATT a. m. A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &c.; a leaf; a receptacle of any kind, what holds or supports. adj. Capable, worthy, able, eligible, fit.

umai s. f. Capacity, fitness.

vival v. s. To make up cowdung into cakes for fuel.

WING s. m.: A stone.

पाचेव s. m. provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey.

बार s.m. The foot; a quarter; the foot or line of a stanza; the line of a hymn or stanza of the Rig Ved; wind downwards.

पारवटन s. m. An ornament for the feet or toes.

पादगांकर s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पादग्रस s. m. Respectful obeisance, touching the feet of a Brohman or superior.

पादभागरा adj. Frightened out of one's wits.

पार्यलय s. m. (Figur religiosa). पर्यापका s. Beating or shutting with the feet.

पादकार adv. On foot.

पारचारी s. m. A footman, a foot soldier. पार्च s. m. A Sudra, or man of the fourth and servile class.

of the foot, odv. As low as or under the feet.

पारदारी s. f. A chap in the feet, a chilblain.

पादना v. n. To let wind.

que s. m. A footstool, a cushion, &c. for the feet. [plant.

पादपदश s. f. A creeping or a parasite पादपा s. f. A shoe, a slipper.

पाइन्दादन s. m. Washing the feet.

पाद्यकाभ s. m. Bowing to the feet, prostration.

पादमचार s. m. A kick.

पादक्ष s. m. The heel.

बादरोक्ष s. m. The Indian fig-tree.

पाइनस्तीच s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पाद्विष s. m. A traveller, a wayfarer' चादवाद s. m. The sound or noise of feet. RIEMEI s. f. A toe.

पादगीच s. m. Swelling of the feet, gout. पादस्कीट t. m. Kibe, chilblain, a sore or ulcer in the foot.

पाइकत adj. Trodden on, kicked, touched with the feet.

पाइइव s. m. Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the crural nerves.

पाइद्वारक s. m. One who takes or steals any thing with his feet.

पादाक ली s. f. A toe.

बारक s. m. The great toe.

पाइक्किता s. f. An ornament or ring worn on the great toe.

पादानीन s. m. Black salt, prepared by melting common salt with a small proportion of myrobalans; it contains sulphur.

wirt s. m. Half a line of a stanza.

दाशासन s. m. A foot- stool.

पाइएस adj. Kicked, trodden, touched by the foot.

पादी adi. Footed, having feet. s. m. A. footed aquatic animal, an amphibious [with feet. animal.

uiga adj. Who or what goes on foot or चाद्वा s. f. A shoe, a slipper.

451 8. 1. A shoe.

queles s. m. Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Brahman have been washed.

que s. m. Water, &c. for cleaning the feet.

ujquia s. m. A metal vessel for washing the feet.

TIMI s. m. A schoolmaster.

wiw s. m. Drinking in general ; a hand ; a leaf; betel leaf (leaves of Pipen betel).

पानदान s. m. A lox for holding betel or its apparatus.

पानकात s. m. A glass, a drinking ves-

पाना v. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c. a plant growing in stagnant water.

पानी s. m. Water ; sperm ; lustre, character, honour, Pani karna, v. a. To abash; to facilitate, Pani ka bulbula (a bubble of water), indicates instability. Pani chatna v. n. To be afflict-'ed with the fluor albus. Pani jana, v. n. To be afflicted with the fluor albus; to be disgraced; to shed tears. Pani dena, To offer a libation of water to satisfy the manes of a deceased person, after the corpse has been burnt. Pani na mangna, To le slain with the single stroke of a sword &c. and die instantly. Pani parna, v. n. To rain. Pani pi pi kosna, To curse excessively (i. e. till the throat, being dry, must be moistened. by drinking). Pani bharna. To confess inferiority. Pani marna, v. n. To dry up, to be evaporated; to exhibit signs confirming a suspicion. Pani men ag lagans. To revive a contention which had subsided. Pani se patla karna, To abash, to put to shame.

पानीय adj. Drinkable, to be drunk. पानीयनुष्य 8. m. An otter.

यानीयप्रमण s. m. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratioites).

पानीबस्तक s. m. A plant (Serratula antelmintica). .

पानीयामुलक s. m. A. fruit (Flacourtie cataphracta).

पास adj. A traveller.

पान्दर s. m. A kind of reed.

viv s. m. Sin, fault, crime, wickedness. vice.

कायकर adj. Wicked, abandoned, चायकर्ता adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner. पापकर adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner.

मार्षिः

wives s.m. Any ill omened aspect of the stars as the conjunction of the sun or Budh with the moon in its last quarter; Rahu Saturn; Mars, www adj. Removing sin.

पापिली s.f. A plant commonly called.
Abridhi (Cissampelos hexandra).

भाषक s. m. A thin crisp cake made of any grain of the pea kind. Papar belna. To undergo great labour or pain.

quais, m. A plant (Gardenia latifolia).

पायहास ६ m. Ashes of the "plantaintree (Misaparadisiaca) used instead of salt for seasoning the cakes called navar.

पापहर्गी adj. Malevolent, looking at faults.

पापसम adj. Concsions of gnilt, knowing an act to be wicked.

पायनाजी adj. Parifying, sin destroying. पायपति १. m. A paramour, a gallant. पायपति १. m. A personification of all sin.

पायत्रीह adj. Evil-minded, wicked. पायमित adj. Of a corrupt mind. deprived.

भागमुक्त adj. Freed from sin, liberated from all crime.

पापरीय s. m. A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in a former life; small pox, leprosy.

पाप्रशिक्ष adj. Equal in sin, of like. पापा s. m. A weevil, an insect bred in

rice. [wretch.

पापिन १ adj. f. Sinful, had, a sinner, पापिन १ criminal, wicked (woman). पापित adj. Very wicked.

पाची adj. Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner, criminal.

पामन adj. Diseased with herpes. पामर adj. Wicked, vile, low, base;

grat adj. Wicked, vile, low, base stupid, as an idiot, a fool.

पानरी s. f. Silken clothes, silk dress; the wife of a man of inferior caste. पाना s. f. Cutaneous eruption, herpes, scab.

चामारी s. m. Sulphur.

पायड . m. A scaffold.

पायेती s.f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

মানত adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle; a bamboo ladder.

पायम adj. Made of or from milk or water. e. m. An oblation of milk, rice, and sugar.

चावा s. m. The leg or foot of a table, chair, &c.

qufus s. m. A foot-soldier, a foot-man; a messenger, a harbinger.

पाधित adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle.

up s. m. The opposite bank or shore.

ade. Over, across, on or to the other
side, through, beyond. adj. Last,
past, the end, the extremity. Far
karna, To ferry over, to cross; to
finish, accomplish, carry, through;
to perforate, to transfix; to relieve;
to carry off.

vit adj. What purifies, protects, cherishes, pleases, &c. what enables any one to cross (a river, or go through the world).

पारची s. m. An examiner, a discrimi-

पास adj. Crossing; crossing over ; going over or beyond the world: करन पारनत adj. Crossed, gone over the world, pure, holy. s. m. A Jin or Jyn deified teacher.

पारजाविक s. m. An adulterer.

মাৰে s. m. A cloud; eating or drinking after a fast, breaking a fast. বাবে s. m. Quickeilver.

पार्द्धन s. m. Name of a country, part of Orissa.

पारदारिक s. m. An adulterer.

पारहाये s. m. Adultery. [wise, मारहभग adj. Long-sighted, far-seeing, मारहिमक a ij. Foregoing, abroad. s. m

A traveller; a foreigner. पारदेखा m. े a.bj. Belonging to ano-पारदेखी f. े ther country. s m. A tra-

पारदेशोर. \ ther country. s m. A traveller, one goue to a foreign country; a foreigner.

पार्वा s. m. Breaking a fast. v. s. To finish, to accomplish.

भारनाचिक adj. Preferable, best, most desirable.

प्राप्तयं s. m. Traditional instruction, tradition; continuous order or succession. [tion.

पारव्यापदेश s. m. Traditional instruc-पार्व s. m. A plant (Bignoia chelonoides, or Bignonia suave-olens).

पारजीतिक adj. Belonging or relating to the next world.

पारवती e.f. Durge, the wife Shiv.

quite through and through.

বাংল্য s. m. The son of a Sudra woman by a Brahman; a son by another's wife, an adulterine; an iron weapon. বাংলাল s. m. Persia; a native of Persia; a Persian horse. [Persian title s. m. The philosopher's atone. adj. বাংলালয়ৰ s. m. A tree (Hibiscus populatioids).

चारसास s. m. or alv. Last year. पारसिक s. m. Persia.

पासी s. m. A Persian, the Persian-

पारसीक s. m. The kingdom of Persia; a Persian, an inhabitant of Persia; a Persian horse.

quus. m. Qicksilver, mercury. s. f. A river, said to flow from the Pariyatra mountains, or the centrical and wagtern portion of the Vindhya chain.

पारापार s. m. The two banks of a river. पारायण s. m. Totality, entireness, completeness; reading a Puran or causing it to be read.

पारायणिक s. m. A lecturer, a reader of the Purans.

पारावत s. m. A sort of ebouy (Diospyros glatinosa).

বাবাবলী s. f. A river in the peninsula; the fruit of the Annona reticulata; a form of song peculiar to the cowherds.

पारानार adv. On both sides (of a river). s. m. Limit (of sea); sea, ocean.

Vysa. s. m. The rules of Parashara or Ayasa, for the conduct of the medicant orders.

पारामरो s. m. The religious medicant or Brahmsn, who having passed through three stages of student, householder, and ascetic, leads a vargrant life, and subsists upon alms.

पारिकाषो a. m. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devout contemplation.

पारिकात s.m. A tree of paradise; the coral tree (Erythrine fulgens).

पारिषाय s.m. Property received at the time of marriage by a woman.

पारितथा s.f. A trinket worn on the forehead, where the hair is parted. पारितीरिक adj. Delighting, making happy. s. m. A reward, a gratuity. पारिपत्रिक s. m. A robber, a thief, a highwayman.

unfeurs s. m. The name of a mounturfeurs tain, apparently the scentrical or western portion of the Vindhya chain, which skirts the province of Malwa.

unitumes. m. The coral tree (Exythring fulgens); the Nimb tree; a sort of pine (Pinus Devalaru); the Saral, also a sort of pine (P. longifolia).

पारिभाष्य s. m. A drug, a sort of Costus (C. speciesus).

पारिषद s. m. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation. पारी s. f. Time, tour, torn.

पारीन्द्र s. m. A. lion; a large snake (Boa).

पारच s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. पार्वच s. m. Severalty, individuality, difference.

पाधित adj. Earthen, made or derived from earth; ruling or possessing the earth. e. m. A king, a prince, an earthen vessel.

पार्कच s. m. The general funeral ceremony to be offered to all the names at the Pare, or junction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered; three cakes to the father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather; and three to the maternal grandfather; his father, and grandfather; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestor, in each line.

Nimb (Melia sempervirens j.

पांचेती s.'f. A name of Durga, in her canacity of daughter of Hinalaya, the sovereign of the snowy mountains; the olihanum tree (Boswellia thurifera); another tree (Cellis orientalis).

माल

पार्वतीय adj. Mountaineer.

पार्व adj. Near, proximate, by the side of. s. m. A side, the part of the body below the armpit; side of any square figure.

पार्श्वनत adj. Close to, beside.

पार्त्रभाग s. m. The side, the flank.

পাৰ্যাৰ s. m. Spasm of the chest, stitch. পাৰ্থিক adj. Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. s. m. A partisan, a sidesman, an associate or companion.

use s. m.f. A sail; a small tent; layers of straw, leaves &c., between which unripe manges are ripened.

पाक adj. Who or what protects, nourishes, &c. s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper; a kind of greens (a species of spinach); a bedstead.

पालकन्दी s. f. A medicinal plant (Justicio nasuta; also, Ixora undulata).

पालवपुत s. m. An adopted son.

पाणकारी s. f. Blocks of wood placed under the feet of a bed to raise it. (It is the custom to kave two such blocks ready to raise the head of a bed, to give it a sloping position).

nihin; Entitled to be carried in a Palki (formerly this privilege was granted by a King or Viceroy). Palki sawar, One who rides in a Palki.

thurifera); a sort of beet-root (Beta bengalensis); a hawk.

पालकी s.f. Incense, the resin of the oblitanum.

चावसा s. f. Gum, olibanum.

वासन s. m. Bring up, preserving, guarding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing, rearing, breeding.

पानना v. a. To guard, preserve, protect, bring up, rear, cherish, nourish, breed, educate, patronise s. m. A cradle.

quests.m. Frost, hoar-frost, snow, trust, charge; a heap of earth made by children to separate the two parties in a game called kabadi; leaves of a tree named Joarberi (a species of Zityphus). Palapsina, v. n. To snow. Pale parns, v. n. To fall within the power of another.

मान्तवन s. m. Obeisance by embracing the feet, reverence, respect, venerntion.

বাৰাম adj. Of a green colour; belonging to the Palas tree, made of its wood. &c. s. m. Green (the colour). বাৰাম্বাড় s. m. A country in India, the western part of Behar.

पा:िच s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a-keeper.

unforn adj. Cherished, nourished.

पालिक s. m. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

দাজিলী s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori (Convelvulus turpethum), the black sort.

qued adj. Who or what nourishes or protects, s. m. A cowherd, s. f. A battle between birds; a place where birds fight, a cockpit; a covering of a pot.

पात s. m. A quarter, a fourth part.

stem adj. Who or what renders pure,
a purifier, purificatory. s. m. Fire; a

saint, a person purified by religious abstraction; a tree, the wood of which is used to produce fige by attrition (Premna spinose); leadwort (Plumbago zeylanica); marking-nut plant (semicarpus anagaritua).

पारन adj. Purified, pure; purifying, expurgatory, purificatory. s. m. Water; penance, expiation, purification, by acts of austority and devotion, the Eleocarpus seed; a kind of grass (Costus).

पावनध्यनि s. m. A conch shell.

VIVATI v. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c.; a plant growing in stagnant water.

पावमान adj. Purificatory, purifying. पावमा s.m. A quarter of coin (as of s

rupee, &c.).

पार्व s. m. The rainy season. पार्वित adj. Purified.

पानी adj. Who or what purifies.

WIM s. m. A fetter, a chain, a eye, the string for fastening tume animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c.; a noose as a weapon of combat.

पायक इ. m. A die, particularly the long sort used in playing cheapar.

भागवत adj. Noosed, snared, caught, or bound.

पास्त्य s. m. A noose, snare, a halter, a net, &c.

पामा s. m. A die ; a throw of dice,

पातित adj. Tied, fettered, bound. पात्री s.m. One armed with a net or noose.

पायान adj. Bohind, being behind; subsequent; western.

पासक s. m. An ornament for the feet,

who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hindu faith, assumes the external, characteristics of tribe or sect, a Jyn, a Buddho, &c.

पावको s. m. A. heretic.

पापाच s. m. A stone in general.

मानाचभेदी s. m. A plant (Plecti anthus scutellaroides).

वास s. m. A rope, a noose. adv. At the side, near, beside, about, at.

un s.m. A die (plur. pase, dice, the oblong dice with which choupar is played); a throw of dice.

पाडी s.f. A net; a rope with which the legs of a horse are bound. s. m. A fowler; one whose lusiness it is to make or sell tari. (So named from the rope round his leg when he climbs the tar tree).

দাহাব s. m. The mulberry tree (Morus Indics).

पादाच s. m. A stone.

पाइन s. m. A guest.

याहुना s. m. A guest ; a son in-law. पाहुनी s. f. A female guest.

ur s. m. A person.

বিজ adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart. lover.

fust s. m. The Indian cuckoo (Cuculus Indicus).

पिकाम इ. m. A mango tree.

पिकाशनी ddj. Possessing a voice पिकारीनी like the Kokila; an epithet of a female.

বিকাৰ s. m. 'A vegetable, and perfume, commonly called Rochuni (having rel blossoms).

frank s.m. A small bird, called also Chatakina.

বিদ্যাপত s. m. The spring season. কিল্ল s. m. A young elephant. function o. n. To melt or to be melted, to be in fusion, to fuse, to flow (a metal).

বিষয়ানা v. a. To melt, to fase; to soften (an angry or a hard person), assuage, mollify.

पिचलाव इ. m. Fusion, flux.

fur adj. Of a tawny colur, s. m. Tawny (the colour).

पित्रकपित्रा s.f. A cockroach.

furta s. m. A crab.

(TWE adj. Of a tawny colour, brown, yellowish. s. m. Tawny (the colour). a dull brown, or yellow; a fabulous being in the form of a Nag, or serpent of the lower regions, to whom a treatise in proceedy is ascribed, he is hence considered as a Muni, or inspired and divine personage; the 51st year of the Hindu cycle.

पिङ्कालिका s. f. A sort of crane.

पिकाम s. m. A sort of fish (Pinelodius pangasius).

पिक रा s. m. A cradle.

पिचकना v. n. To be squeezed; to be shrivelled,

ঘিৰকাৰা v. a. To squeeze, to press together, to shrivel, to wrinkle, to burst.

पिचकारी s. f A squirt, a syringe.

प्रकड़ 8. m. The belly.

प्रिचिखना s. f. The instep.

पिषाचिष adj. Big-bellied, corpulent. पिषपिषा adj. Flabby, watery, clammy.

থিবিজ্ঞ s. m. The belly or abdomen.

দিবিভিন্ন adj. Big-bellied, corpulent, pot-bellied.

पिषु s. m. A sort of leprosy.

पित्रह. m. A plant (Vangueria spinosa)। पित्रहा s. m. A squirt.

पिनुसन्द } s. m. The Nimb tree (Melia

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বিষ্ক s. m. The tamarisk tree (T. Indics); la plant (Borringtonis acutangula); the diver or water-crow. বিষয়ত s. m. Inflamation of the eyes,

funz s. m. Inflamation of the eyes, ophthalmia.

দিক্ত s. m. The tail of a peacock; a tail in general. jujubs).
দিক্তব্য s. f. The jujubs (Zizyphus দিক্তব্য adj. Tailed, having a tail.

पिच्छितिका s. f. The Sisn (Dalbergies Sisu).

fuscients.f. The silk cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum), a potherb (Base-Ua rubra and lucids); a timber tree (Dalberjas Sisu); an esculent root (Arum Indicum).

पिकलना v. n. To slip, to slide.

चिक्रभार s. f. The ghost of a woman. चिक्रभा adj. Hindermost, hind, hinder, latter, last, late, modern. Pichhleh paon hatna, To withdraw from one's ngreemont.

বিজ্ঞান্তাঃ m. } The rear, rearward, বিজ্ঞান্তাঃ f. f. the back part. adj.

Hinder, hindmost, hindermost, in the rear, abaft.

पिदाको s. f. The rear; the ropes by which a horse's hind logs are tied. adv. In the rear, behind. Pichkari marns, To attack in the rear.

पिछाबा v. a. To know, to be acquainted with, to recognise.

fuen adv. Behind, afterward. s. m. Back of a house.

प्रिकेट s. m. The back of a house; a vard or enclosure benind a house.

चिद्धीरा s. m. A cloth or sheet worn round the waist or thrown carelessly over the head.

चिट्टीरे s. f. Diminutive of Pichhoura. चिट्टर s. m. The concrete rheum of the eyes. পিলা s. m. A bow used for cleaning cotton.

fust adj. Yellow or tawny, reddish yellow. s. m. A sort of colour, tawny brown, a reddish fellow, or a mixture of red and yellow; a horse, probably a bay or chesnut horse; yellow orpiment; a cage, the ribs or the cavity formed by them; the thorax.

fuelts m. A cage. Pinjra hona, To be or grow lean.

বিষকী s. f. Two blades of Kusa grass used as a vessel, or to take up articles with at sacrifices.

पिश्चित s. f. A roll of cotton, from which the threads are spun.

দিভিন্নার s. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.

पिञ्च s. m. The wick of a lamp. पिञ्च s. m. The wax for the ear.

funz s. m. The excretion, or concrete
rheum of the eyes.

पिटकाकी 8. f. Colocynth.

चिटकाम s. m. A species of pike (Esca scolopax).

पिटना v. n. To be beaten.

पिट्रिपिटिया बर्तां. Combing or carding (wool, cotton, ge.)

fuziti s. m. A large basket, a portmanteau. [manteau.

fuzicis. f. A small basket, a portfuzus. m. The tartar or excretion of the teeth.

पिकृताना v. c. To cause to press, squeeze or pound.

বিজ্ঞ . m. An oblation to deceased বিজ্ঞান .f. ancestors, as a ball or lump of meat, or rice, mixed up with milk, curds, flowers, &c., and offered to the names at the several Shraddha by the nearest surviving relations,

पिखगीस s. m. Gum myrrh.

पिक्टतेलक s. m. Incense, olihanum.

হিন্দ্রান s. m. Presentation of the obsequial cake.

দিভাষ s. m. The flower of the Associative (Jonesia Astoca); the China rose; a lotus; a flower (Tabernæmontsna coronaria).

पिकप्रयक s. m. A potherb (Chenopo-dium album).

चित्रका s. f. A bitter gourd.

विषया s. f. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis). [carota).

पिकस्त s. m. The carrot (Daucus पिक्को s. f. The calf of the leg.

ণিভালি s. m. A flowering shrub (Oleander odorum).

দিখা s.m. Body, person; a lump of clay; a bundle or ball of string, clew. দিখা s.m. A tree) Trevola nudifora,, দিখাৰে s.m. A plunderer, a pillager (among Markattas).

তিবাস্তু s. m. An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling and diuretic.

चिच्छि s. f. A sort of encumber (Oscumis Madrospatanus).

fuels. f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a sort of palm Phanix dactylifars); a flowering shrub (Yabernamontsna coro naria, flor plen.); the upper part of a Shiving; a lump of any thing that may be contained in the fist; a small clue or ball of string; a small alter of sand a cubit square, on which oblations to the manes are offered.

বিভানৰ s. m. A tree (Vangueria spinoso) a shrub (Tobernamontana coronaria).

धिकोतनर s. m. A plant, a species of Talernæmontana.

freit e. m. Cuttle-fish bone,

पिक व s. m. A turtle-dove.

বিজ্ঞান s./. A kind of white earth used by the *Hindus* to cover or wash the walls of their houses with.

বিজ্ঞালি s.f. Orst, leavings of a meal, or fragments dropped from the month.

fuere s. m. Asafætida.

[पनपापका s. m. A medicinal plant (Olidenlandia biflora),

fact s. m. pl. Fathers, fore-fathers. ancestors.

relation from three generations. s. f. Verdigris.

fund s. m. dual, Mother and father,

पितवाना v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, especially of an acid qu slity, kept in capper vessels).

पिता s. m, Father.

a name of Bruhm, the great father of all.

पितानही s. f. A paternal grandmother. पितानह s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour; (vulgarly) "a silk cloth.

पितिया s. m. A paternal uncle, a father's brother.

fue s. m. A father.

ণিত্ৰ adj. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequil, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors.

पिटकार्य s.m. पिटकार्य s.m. Ubsequial rites. पिटकार्य s.f.

বিষয়ের s. m. A class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Prajapatis.

বিষয়ে s. m. A burial ground, a cometry. বিষয়ালয় s. m. A parricide.

fueeva e. m. The part of the hand be-

tween the middle finger and thumb, sacred to the manes; gifts in honour of deceased relations, distributed at the Shradhas or funeral ceremonies, the act of throwing water out of the right hand at seasons of ablution, by way of offering to the manes, or deceased ancestors in general.

पिट्रविधि s. m. Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible.

দৈৰলীই s. m. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is thought to be peculiarly efficacious and meritorious; the part between the fore-finger and thumb, sacred to the manes.

पिट्रान s. m. Gift in honour of deceaseed ancestors.

প্রথম s. m. The first or dark fortnight of the lunar Asin month.

पिटिपिट 8. m. A paternal grand-father. पिटिपिट 8. f. A father's mother.

पिटमाम adj. Received from a father, inherited patrimonially.

fuers s. m. A remote or cognate kinsman by the futher's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle.

पिद्यभिक्त s.f. Filial duty to a father. पिद्यभीका s. m. Food offered to the manes.

पिटमस्टि s. m. The paternal mansion ; a cometry.

বিত্তথম s. m. Obsequial rites.

বিশ্বভাষ s. m. The world or sphere of the manes; it is variously situated, but principally in the Bhuvar region or mid-heaven.

dead bodies are burnt or luried.

पित्रम s. m. A paternal uncle.

पिटचाड इ. m. The obsequial ceremony of a father.

বিভয়াৰ s. m. A gnardian, a protector,

पिरुखना s. f. An aunt, father's sister. पिरुखन s. m. A parricide.

বিষ s. m. Bile, the bilious humonr. বিষয় adj. Antibilions.

पित्रची s. f. A plant (Mdnispermum a'sbrum).

चित्रज्ञ ह, m. Bilions fever.

funn adj. Bilious, relating to the bilious humour. s. m. Brass; the Bhojputra or Birch tree, of which the bark is used for writing apon &c.

पित्रसा इ. f. A plant (Joseicua repens). पित्रसामा v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, espeially of on acid quality, kept in copper vessels).

full s. m. Bile, the gall-bladder; (ironically) anger, emotion of mind. Pitta nikalna, To chastise. Pitta marna, To subside, cool (anger).

पिन्नापद्धा s. m. A medicincal plant (Oldenlandia biflora)

पिद्द्री s.f. A tom-tit.

fugi s. m. Name of a bird.

furn s. m. A covering, a cover or concealment; a lid, a tep or cover; a wrapper or cloak, &c.

fun s. m. A sound,

ি বিশ্বী s. f. Intoxication from eating opium; drowsiness, nodding.

जिनकियारा s. m. One whose business it is to beat or seperate cotton.

चिनचिनामा v. n. To twang, to whiz.

पिनियनास्ट e f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

पिनशाना v. s. To clothe, to put on, to adorn, to dress.

पिनाम s m. The bow of Shiv ; a trident

or three-pronged spear; the trident of Shiv.

पिनाको s. f. A musical instrument, a sort of viol.

fun s. m. A cake of mustard seed remaining after the expression of the oil and given to cows &c. for food.

चित्रो s. f. A kind of sweetmeat. चित्रासन adj. Thirsty, thirsting.

पिपासा s. f. Thirst.

fuquitan } adf. Thirsty, athirst.

पिरियक्षी s.f. The twelfth of the month Vysakh, when giving away water, is an act of merit.

पिपोलक s. m. A large black ant.

ant.

fuurs s. f. A kind of sweetment.
fuurs s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficas religioss).

पिपलक s. m. A nipple.

lavel s. J. Long-pepper.

पिपलोस्स s. m. The root of long-pepper. पिम sdj. Beloved. s. m. A husband, a lover, a sweetheaft.

पियाना v. o. To give or cause to drink,

funt s. m. Love, affection, fondness Piyar karna, To fondle, caress.

पियारा adj. m. Beloved.

funt adj.f. Beloved, pleasant.

पियाच s.m. A fruit (Chironjia sa pida : Buchanania latifelia).

বিষয়ে s. m. Thinst. Piyas marna, Applied to thirst without drinking.
Piyas bujhana, To quench thirst,
Piyas marna, To suffer thirst. Piyas
Lagna, To be thirsty.

funnt adj. m. Thirsty. Piyase marna, To be very thirsty.

पियाची adj. f. Thirsty .

furth v. n. To have pain, to be painful, to pain, ache, ake.

पिरीना v. a. To thread (as a nidle), to string (as pearls).

freet s.f. The spleen; a disease from enlargement or inflammation of the spleen.

विश्वचना v. n. To adhere,

fuest s. f. Forced meat.

বিধানা v. a. To attack, to assault. v. n.
To be bruised, thrashed, treated,
pressed, ground.

fuefuer adj. Soft, flabby, flaceid.

पिखपिखाना v. a. To soften. पिलपिखाइट इ. f. Softness.

বিবাৰা v. s. To give or cause to drink.

पिन्तुचा s. m. A worm. पिन्ना s. m. A puppy, whelp, cub.

पित्र s. m. A worm.

form adj. Drinking.

funw adj. Of a tawny or brown colour, s. m. Tawny (the colour).

fungat s. f. Tawniness.

पिशको adj. Brown, tawny.

(प्राच s. m. A sprite, a fiend, an evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre, a malevolent being, something between an infornal imp and a ghost, but aways described as fierce and malignant.

पियाचरण adj. Possessed of a demon, a demoniac.

funities s. m. A tree (Trophis aspera), the favourite haunt of goblins.

বিমাৰণী s. f. A female sprite or fiend.
বিমাৰ s. m. Urine.

fufnar s. f. Spikenard.

fur adj. Cruel, wicked; vile, low, contemptible; stupid, a fool. s. m. A spy, an informer.

বিষয়ন্ত্ৰ s. m. Evil speech, abuse, a function, bad report, detraction, slander.

पियन। 8. f. A gramineous plant (Triyonella corniculuta).

fuens. m. A disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea. [universe. fuens. m. A world, a division of the fuens v. n. To be reduced to meal, to be ground, braised or broken to powder; to be reined or distressed; (met.) to be desperately in love.

বিভাই s. f. Price paid for grinding.
বিভাই s. m. Au evil spirit of a particular class, a domon, a spectre.

विशासनी s. f. A female sprite or spectre. पिसान s. m. Meal, flour.

पिसाना v.a. To reduce to meal, to grind. दिसाद s.m. The act of making water.

पिस् } s. m. A flea.

Wi adj. Beloved. s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, husband.

पोक s. f. The juice of the betel-leaf chewed and spit out. Pikdán, s. m. A vessel for holding betel spittle, a spitting pot.

पंकित ad. To ripen, grow, le pro-

पंच s. f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-guell.

rice has been boiled, rice-guell. দীৰ্দা v. a. To tread under foot.

মাসু s. m. The fruit of the Caparis. থাকু s. f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-grael.

पोक्स adv. After, in persuit.

The linder part (of a saddle particularly).

The finder part, the rear; pursuit, persecution, following; absence. Pichka karna, To pursue, to chase, to follow; to recoil (a gun,

de.). Pickha pherna, To leave, to withdraw. Pichha lena, To pucsue, to importune, to be obstinately persevering.

भोक्षे adv. In the rear, after behind, ago, afterwards, astern, in the absence. Pichhe ddlna, To leave behind, to outstrip, to surpass. Pichhe parna, To dance attendance, to run after, to importunc, to dan, to persecute, to torunent, to be outstripped. Pichhe lagna, To pursue, to follow.

पीत्राना v. a. To drink or to be drank; to absorb; to stifle one's passions; to refrain from answering.

पंश्वित v. a. To clean cotton from the seeds.

Tizel v. a. To beat, thrash, dash, strike, knock, pound. Chhati pitna,
To lament, regret, repent.

จัเธ s. m. A stool, a seat, a chair. s. f. The back. I'ith he pichhe dal lena. To protect, to defend, Pith ke pichheh parna, To take refuge or shelter. Pith thokna. To animate. encourage. Fith dena. To run away. to flee, to turn tail; to turn, to shrink from, to veer, to turn away in displeasure. Pith par hath pherna, To pat on the back, to encourage, Pith pherns. To turn one's back, to depart, to fice, to leave, to withdraw Pith lagna, To have a sore on the back (a horse); to mount or to back a horse. Pith lagana, To throw down in wrestling. and flour. पीठा s. m. A kind of food made of rice

पीठा s. m. A kind of food made of rice पीडियाडी क adv. Closely.

पीडी s. f. A stool, bench, 'seat, pedestal.

्षीडीता s. m. Page (of a book). पाञ्च e. f. Pain, labour (in childbirth),

भीक adj. What gives or causes pain. े बीका s. f. Pain, anguish, suffering. पीकाबर adj. Giving pain, afflicting,

tormenting. पीडिन odj. Pained, suffering pain or

distress: sick. afflicted.

मीडा a. f. A stool or chair. बीडाबम s. m. A preface or introduction

to a book.

पीडी s. f. A stool, a chair; a generation of progenitors.

मोख s. m. A. roller.

पीत sdi. Of a yellow colour, s. m. Yellow (the colour). s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship. Pit ki nit rake our mit ka mit hath lage, Let friendship continue and the sweets or benefits of it will he obtained.

पोतदर s. m. The carrot.

दीतवास s. m. Yellow sanders.

मौतक्षीषा s. f. A sort of creeper with vellow flowers.

पीतपदन s. m. A yellow fragrant wood, considered as a yellow species of Sandal wood.

भीतता s. f. Yellowness.

जीवनुष s. m. The taylor-bird (Sylvia sutoria).

पीतदाब s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadara); another kind of pine (Pinus longifolia).

भीतम s. m. The hog plum, (Spondias magnifera); a tree (Pentapiera tomentosa); the waved-leaf fig-tree.

पौतपची s. f. A plant, commonly called Bichhati: a name applied to the nettle, or a plant of the same class Tragia involucrata).

पीतपादा . f. A small bird, the Myna (Turus salica).

पीतपुष s. m. A species of Kurnikara के a sort of Tabernamontana.

.पीतपुषी s.f. Yellow barleria.

पोतपाल s. m. Trophis aspera.

पोत्तम adj. superl. Most beloved, s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, a husband,

चेत्रमणि s. m. A yellow gem, a topaz. पीतमसक s. m. A small bird (Lowisophilippensis,).

पेतमस s. m. A gallinule.

चीतव्य s. m. A silk cloth of yellow colour ; (vulg.) a silk cloth.

पीतयथी s. f. Yellow jasmine.

पीतरक s. m. A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz.

चीत्र 8. m. Turmeric (Curcuma). पीतल s. m. Brass.

पीतना adj. Brazen.

पीतानी ह s. m. Yellow brass, queen's metal, or a mixed metal.

पीतवाल s. m. A tree (Pentaptera). पीतसार s. m. Sandal ; a yellow gem.

a topaz ; a tree (Alangium hexapetalum). ftopaz. पीतकारिक s. m. A precious gem, the

शैताबद s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour : (vulg.) a silk cloth.

The s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship.

पीइडी s. f. A tom-tit. [large. योज adj. Heavy, fat, bulky, corpulent, पीजक s. f. Intoxication and drowsiness from epines.

where s. m. Cold, catarrh; cold, affecting in the nose, inflammation of the schneiderian membrane, s. f. Chair er litter.

पीन्डी adj. Having a cold.

पीना v. a. To drink ; to smoke (tobacco). s. m. Drinking, &c. ; the dregs or refuse (of linseed, &c.), the oilcake.

भीपर s. m. Pepper tree.

पोपल s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religioso). s. f. Long-pepper (Piper longum).

पीपला s. m. The point of a sword.

पीपनास्त s, m; The root of the long-pepper tree.

पीपा s. m. A pipe, barrel, cask.

पीत s.f. Pus, matter, corruption, purulent running.

पौविद्याना v. n. To suppurate.

यौवियाइट. s. f. Supportation.

पौयू adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

मोय्य s. m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; the milk of a cow during the first seven days after calving.

पोर s.f. Pain, ache, sickness; feeling, pity, compassion, mercy.

भीरा adj. Yellow.

पोराई s. m. A tribe or caste who beat a kind of dram called dhol.

मौला adi. Yellow.

पीचाई s. f. Yellowness,

पीवाम s. m. Satin:

पीजी s. f. A gold-mohar.

पीलीमीस s. prop. The name of a town in Robilkhand.

rie s. m. A tree, applied in some places to the Careya arbores, and in others to the Salvadora persica; it is very commonly assigned also to all exotic and unknown trees; the blossom of the Sadcharum sara; an insect.

पोक्षपणी s.f. A plant (Bryonia grandis). पोषक्ष s. m. A tippler, a toper, a dinker.

पीवर s. m. (o.) Fat, corpulent.

भेगरी s.f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus). पीना s. f. Water.

पोसना v. s., To grind, to triturate, to bruise, to powder; to gnash (the teeth). s. m. The corn or grain for grinding, पोसर s. m. Mother's house.

বাৰ s. m. A flea. [tion. ব্ৰহ s. m. A heap, a quantity, a collec-ব্ৰহিম s. m. The male organ; the masculine gender (in grammar).

पंचित्र s. m. The penis.

ġgan s. m. The first of the essential coromonics of Hindu initiation; a religious and domestic festival held on the mother's perceiving the first signs of a living conception.

ga s. m. Semen virile; manhood, virility.

प्रचार s.f. Bawl, calling, calling out aloud, cry, call. [call. प्रचारदेशा v: a. To proclaim publicly, to-प्रचारता v. a. To call aloud, to bawl, tocry out, exclaims, shout.

yert s. m. Pond.

STATE S. m. A. thin coat of clay STATE for laying on a wall; the sponge of a gum. Puchara dena, To lay a thin coat on the walls of clay on the walls of a house; to whitewash a wall. Puchara pherna, To-sponge a gum:

पुष्क s. f. A. tail. [hangs behind. पुष्का s. m. Tail (of a kite) what follows or पुष्किया s. m. An inquirer.

पुत्रवाना v. a. To eause to worship; to-

gaint v. s. To cause to worship; tofill, to complete. [pinggaint s. m. The apparatus of worshipgas. m. A heap, quantity, collection.

33 s. m. A heap, quantity, conscious, 32 s. m. A menstruum, solvent, flux.

23.0 8. f. A small bundle.

get s. m. The buttock, the hip (of an animal).

पुड़ा s. m. A large parcel (of physic, \$c). पुड़िया s. f. A parcel (of physic, \$c.). पुड़ी s. f. A skin with which a drum is made.

प्रकरीक s.m. The elephant of the southeast quarter; a sort of snake (Amphistoms); a sort of leprosy; a white lotus.

पुष्डरीयक s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mulabilis) : a drug commonly called Pundariya.

goz adj. Virtuons, pure, righteous.
s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit;
a good action.

पुष्पत्रका adj. Pions, virtuons.

পুত্ৰাৰ ś. m. The Champaka flower (Michelia champacs).

पुंचातीय s. m. A holy shrine or place of pilgrimage.

पुंचारण s. m. White Kusa grass.

इस्यमण s.m. The reward or consequence of good actions.

jung s. f. The holy land of the Hindus; the central part of Asis, bounded on the north by the Hindusys, on the south by the Viadhya mountains, and on the east and west by the sea.

पुष्पभूभि s.f. The holy land of the Hindus, the mother of a male child.

dus, the mother of a male child. पुराकीस s. m. Heaven, paradise.

वृक्षान adj. Virtuous, pious, righteous. प्रकाशित adj. Virtuous,

पुष्पाचा इ. m. A. sacred place, holy ground.

3 s. f. The commencement of collection for the new year. (Used by Landholders).

पुरुष् . f. A virtuous action, performed

(according to those who held the doctrine of the metempsychosis) in one state of existence, the reward of which is received in a future transmigration; merit of an ancestor rewarded in his descendants,

पुर्वासा adj. Holy, pions.

पुर्खोद्य s. m. Good fortune, as the result of virtuous acts in a former life.

37 s. m. A hell to which the childless are said to be condemned.

प्रमा s. m. An idol, image.

সুনলা s.f. The pupil of the eye; an image, a puppet, an idol, a doll; the frog of a horse's hoof, Pulli ka tara karna, To honour or esteem as the apple of the eye.

[paid, gark s.f. The act of plastering; price

पुत्र 8. m. A 800.

दुवकात्या s. f. Wish or affection for progeny.

प्रवास s.m. A tree, from the fruit of which necklace are made of supposed prolific efficacy (Nigella*Putranjiva).

पुत्रपोत्रीच adj. Descended from son to son. [cullata.

पुनर्वणी s. f. A plant (Sulvinia cal-पुनिका s. f. A daughter; a doll, a puppet.

yfamiya s. m. The son of a daughter, appointed to raise issue for her father; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law; a grandson.

पुत्री s. f. A danghter ; a plant (Siphononthus Indica).

gales. f. A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children.

पुत्र:पुत्र: } adv. Repeatedly, again and पुत्र:पुत्र: } again.

99:991 e.f. The Pumpun river in Behar.

प्रमुख } odv. Again.

प्रमुख्य adj. Repeated, said over again. s. m. Tautology, repetition.

पुनक्ति s. f. Repetition, tautology.

पनक्यान s. m. Resurrection.

पुनर्जना adj. Re-born, born again. पुणनेश s. f. Hog-weed (Boerhavia diffu-

sa-olata). yaw s. f. A virgin widow re-married.

प्रवृद्ध s. m. The seventh of the lunar asterisms.

प नरामा v. a. To cause to be abused or reproached by another.

पुनि adv. Again.

पुनीत adj. Pure, clean.

पदचव 8. m. An asterism under which males are procreated.

पंता v. a. To abuse.

unia s. m. A tree, from the flowers of which a yellowish dye is prepared (Rottleria tinctoria).

yt s. f. A city.

yes. m. A town, a city ; a place containing large buildings surrounded by a ditch, and extending not less than one kos in length, is called a city, a pur or Nagar; if it extends not less than half a kos, it is called a Khet, or town; if less than that, Karvat, or small market town; and any cluster of houses less than that, is a Grama, or vi lage.

ye:ut ali. One who goes first or before. s. m. A leader, a preceder.

gefugt a. prop. Name of a district प्रतिया 5 and town, Purneah in Bengal. gelen s. f. The tutelary deity of a town.

प्रार s. m. A city gate. पुरिनिया s. m. An old man, an elder; a patron.

प्रस् 8. m. A sort of pepper (Piper chavyte).

पुरवासी adj: Inhabiting a city or town. पुरम्बद s. m. A sort of grass (Sacchsrum cylindricum).

TURE s. m. Honouring, respecting, worshipping.

get s. m. A large village, a town, an assamblage of habitations,

प्राच s. m. A sacred and poetical work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet Vuas, and comprising the whole body of Hindu theology; each Puran should treat of five topics especially, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manns, and the transactions of their des enlants; but great variety prevails in this respect. and few contain historical or genealogical matter. There are eighteen acknowledged Purans : 1, Brahma; 2, Palma, or the lotus; 3, Bralmanda, or the egg of Brahma; 4, Ugni, or fire ; 5, Vishnu ; 6, Garur, his bird or vehicle; 7. Brahmarunart, or transformations of Brahme, i. e. of Krishna, identified with the Supreme ; 8, Shive ; 9, Linga ; 10. Narad, son of Brahma; 11, Skand, son of Shiv; 12, Markandey, so called from a Muni of that name : 13, Bhavishyet, or prophetic : 14, Matsyah, or the fish : 15, Varaha, er boar; 16 Kurm, or tertoise; 17. Vaman, or dwarf, and 18, The Bhagavat, or life of Krishna; which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work; the Brahmo-vyvart is also of very mordern origin. The Purans reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stanzas. There are also eighteen uppurant, or similar poems of inferior sauctity, and different appellations: the whole constitute the popular or poetial creed of the Hindus, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read and studied.

तुराचा पुरातम है adj. Ohi, ancient. पुरातम

grin v. a. To fill. adj. Old.

पुरी s. f. A city, a town. पुरीमीड s. m. The thorn-apple (Datura).

u du s. m. Fæces, excrement, ordure.

gq s. m. The name of a king, the sixtn monarch of the lunar line; the farina of a flower. e.f. The name of a river, said to run a little north-west of the Sarsuti.

seer a. m. An old man, an elder, an ancestor.

teds, m. Ancestors, ancestry.

ges s. m. A man, generally or individually, a male, mankind; God, the Supreme Being.

gquare s. m. Manly act, virility; effort, exertion; any act of man, man-hood:

javar s. f. Manhood, manliness; valour. java s. m. Manhood, virility, manly

nature or property; valout, prowess. इवस्पेनी odj. Man.hating, misanthropic. इवस्पेनी s.f. An ill-tempered or factions woman.

gaves adj. Of the height or measure of a man.

तुंद्रवर्षित adj. Desolate, destitute of human beings.

yawi: s. m. pl. Ancestors, the ancients, predecessors.

पूर्वाचन s. m. A low mas, an outcast,

পুৰ্বাধিকাৰ s. m. Manly office or daty. পুৰ্বাস্ত s. m. Life of man, human existence.

प्रसार s. m. A human object, as the gratification of desire, acquirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation. adv. For or on account of man.

पुरुष्ति s. m. A Rakshas, a cannibal.

पुंत्रोत्तन s.m. An excellent or superior man.

state n. prop. The son of Buddh, and second king of the lunar dynasty. [the lotus.

पुरेश s.f. The placenta; the plant of पुरोधा है s.m. The family or domes-पुरोधा है s.m. The family or domesprist है s.m. The family all the ceremonials and sacrifices of ahorso or family.

or family priest.

ancestor.

was s.f. Deceit, trick, coaxing.;

unf s. f. An easterly wind.

प्रतीमा v. u. To cause to fill. प्रवाह s.f. Easterly wind,

u af. s. m. An old man, an elder, an

3. m. Ancestors, ancestry.

q at adj. Of man's height, s. m. The extent of a man's reach in height when extending the arms and fingers, a fathom.

Pul bandhna, v. a. (lit. To make a bridge), To limit; to abound:

प समित ady. Joyful.

es s. m. A sort of Kadamb (Nouc-

a ugen adj. Soft, flabby, flaccid.

gagarar v. n. To fear, to dread; to

take a morsel into the mouth, and from the want of teeth, being unable to chew, to turn it about.

THE STATE S. f. Fear; the act of turning about a morsel in the mouth.

about a morsel in the mouth. ইত্যান v. s. To persuade.

(क्ष .m. An island of alluvial formation, or one from which the water has recently withdrawn, or a small island or bank left in the middle of a river, upon the falling of the waters; any island.

पुंचिन्दा s. m. A bundle.

yfar s. m. The masculine gender (in grammar).

प्रवास s. f. Straw.

Figa adj. Nourished ,unrtured.

yers. m. The sky; heaven, atmosphere; a lotus (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphasa nelumbo); drug (Costus speciosus); a celebrated place of pilgrimage now called Pokar, in the province of Ajmer, about four miles from the city of Ajmer, consisting of a small town on the bank of a lake, whence its name; one of the seven great dwips or divisions of the universe; a pond or lake; a mountain in Pushkardwip.

वुकारस्वक s. m. The root of the Costus speciosus.

पुकारियी s. f. A square or large pond; a piece of a water, a piece of water, lake.

हंचन adj. Excellent, eminent, chief, best, much, many; full, filled, complete. s. m. The mountain Meru; the holy place Pushkar.

ge adj. Nourished, cherished; fat; restorative, provocative.

gen adj. Restorative, provocative. gen s. f. Fatness; invigoration, restorative power. gern adj. Fat, fattened.

gfe s. f. Cherishing, nonrishing.

giemes. m. Any food or drug of a nutritive qualitive, provocative.

मिंद adj. Nourishing, cherishing.

gfest s. f. A plant (Physalis fiexuosa).

yw c. m. A flower in general; the menses; the vehicle or car of Kuver; a disease of the eyes, specks on the eye, albugo.

पुंचल र. m. Calx of bmss; the chariot of Kuver a disease of the eyes, albugo, specks on the eye; a bracelet of diamonds or jewels; green vitriol.

पुषसर्खम s. m. Aventi or Ujyn, or the grove in its vicinity considered as sacred to Mahadev.

पुषकाशीम s. m. The green sulphate of iron. [flowers.

पुषकीह s. m. Any insect affecting पुषकीत s. m. Calx of brass.

young s. m. A plant (Artemisia); a fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus), having a large bushy flower.

पुषद्त s. m. The elephant of the northwest quarter.

पुष्पथ s. m, The vulva.

पुषपुर n. prop. Pataliputra, or Palibothra.

पुष्पत्र ह. m. Elephant or wood apple. पुष्पत्र ह. m. Spring.

पुषरक्त s. m. A shrub (Hisbiscus phæniceus). [flowers.

पुष्परस s. m. The nectar or honey of पुष्परेषु s. m. The dust or faring of flowers.

पुषरोचन s. m. A plant (Mesus ferres), पुषरत adj. Having flowers, flowery. पुषराहो s. f. A flower garden.

प बार्च adj. Not bearing flowers, flowerless.

ष प्रमुख 8. m. Spring.

पुणसार s. m. The nectar or honey of flowers.

प्रशास adj. Flowerless, not flowering. प्रशास s.f. The glomerous fig-tree; a woman whise menstruation has ceased, a barren woman.

प पासन s. m. The calx of brass.

मुजाधनी s. f. Presenting a nosegay of flowers, held in both hands opened, and hollowed.

u funt s. f. The tartar of the teeth, the mucus of the glans penis or urethra.

प िषत adj. Flowered, in flower.

पृथिता s. f. A woman during menstruction.

पुणियाश s. f. A form of motre; the line consisting, of four or six short syllables, a pyrrhic, or a dactyl, two trochees and a spondee.

प्यो adj. Flowering, bearing flowers.

যুজ s. m. The eight lunar asterism, comprising three stars, of which one is Cancer; the month Pous (December—January).

पुष्प व s. m. An adopted son, Puspui karna, To adopt.

प्रसार s. m. A book, a manuscript. प्रसार m. A flower.

पुड़मी है 8. f. Ground.

ywi s. m. A pancake.

Y s. m. A sound of letting wind.

पूंजी s. f. Flute, pipe ; a kind of pipe played on by jugglers.

y'w s. f. A tail."

पू सना v. a. To wipe.

YEST adj. Tailed.

पूजी s. f. A capital in trade, stock, Frincipal sum, fund.

पूत e. m. The letel-nut tree (Arece पीनका

faufel, or catechu); a heap, a quantity, a multitude; the fruit of the faufel, the betel-nut,

प्राप्त s. m. The areca nut,

Phonix, or Elate paludosa).

yas. f. Inquiry, investigation. Puchhpachh, s. f. Inquiry, interrogation.

year v. a. To ask, inpuire, question, interrogate.

पृत्ती s. f. The tail of a fish.

पूजक adj. Worshipping, a worshipper.

पूत्रन s. m. Worship, worshipping.

पूत्रवा v. a. To adore, reverence, worship, venerate.

पुजनीय रे adj. To be worshipped or पुजनाम र् reverenced, deserving respect, venerable.

ym s.f. Worship, culture, respect, homage of superiors, or adoration of the gods.

पुतारी s. m. A worshipper.

पश्चित adj. Worshipped, adored, reverenced.

ysu adj. Worshipful, venerable, fit for or deserving adoration, &c. s. m. A father-in-law.

पूज्यसान adj. Being reverenced or respected. [a cow.

पुट s. m. A bone lying over the tail of पूरको s. f. The anus; a term of abuse.

ys s. m. The buttock, the hip.

q37 s. m. The paper or paste board cover of a look.

yws s. m. A kind of cake made of pease-meal.

प्षी s. f. Rolls of cotton prepared for spinning.

чав. m. A son.

प्तका } s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

म् नवा s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Termins lia chebula); the name of a female demon killed by Krishn; a disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend Prins.

पुत मल s. m. The jack fruit.

पूत्रा s. f. } A puppet, an image.

प्तची s. f. A small puppet or image; the people of the eye.

पुताला s, m. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person; a man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablation.

पूति s. f. Purity, purification. पृतिक s. m. Grey bonduc (Casalpinia

bonducella). [ear, पूतिक्षेत्र s. m. Fetid ulceration of the प तिकासस s. m. A bivalve shell.

प्रतिवाह s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devaderu). [folia).

प्रतिकता s. f. A plant (Psorales corili-प्रतिकता s.f. A medicinal plant (Serratule anthelmintica).

प्रतिकष्ठ s. m. A plant (Bignonio Indics). प्रतिज्ञाहिता s. f. The pole or civet cat. प्रसद्ध s. m. The musk-deer; an insect with a fetid smell, the winged bug, प्रदीना s. m. Garden mint (Menths

geloi s. m. Garden mint (Menths
sativs).

प्नस्ताई s. f. A thin roller on which cotton is prepared for spinning.

u it s. f. Roll of cotton prepared for spinning.

पूजी s. f. The day of full moon. पुर s. m. A cake,

with ghi or oil.

प्राची s. f. A sort of cake or biscuit, made of meal or barley, haif baked or fried. पुष । * m. Pus, matter, discharge पुष्प | from an ulcer, wound or sore, पुषावच s. m. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling.

ver ody. Falling, completing, or that which fills or completes.

yw adj. Falling, completing; fall, filled, complete, perfect, accomplished, entire, total, exact, ripe. s. m. Act of filling, completing or making up; multiplication (in arithmetic); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

Yw s.f. The cross throads in weat-

ing a piece of cloth.

Yes s. m. The east, adj. Eastern'; for-

N. adj. Full, complete, entire, exact, perfect, sufficient, just, total ripe, powerful, Purakarna, v. a. To fill, to fulfil, to accomplish, to complete; to re-imburse.

Tit s. f. Fulness, completion.

mer, prior, preceding.

पूरित adj. Filled, full, complete.

पूरी s. f. A kind of fresh cake fried in butter, or ghi.

पूर्व s. m. Man, male, mankind.

पूर्व adj. Full, filled, complete, porfect; accomplished; all, entire, total; strong, powerful, able; exact, ripe. पूर्वमान बर्गु: Satisfied, satiated.

with holy water, used at the conseeration of a king; a full cup or jar.

vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a festival; a vessel full of rice, presented as a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests: it is properly a measure of 256 handfuls of rice; it

may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great eater.

s. f. The day of full moon. ं ब्रीयें नासी ¶

पुर्व

पूर्णमास s. m. A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of full moon.

पूर्ण v. n. To weave (as a spider). v. n. To be filled, Chouk purns, To make. chequers or squares.

प्यांक्ति s. f. The oblation presented at the conclusion of a religious sacrifice, the final oblation; the burnt-offering which completes mry ceremony.

प्रि s. f. Fulness, completion.

पत्ती ad). Filling, completing.

uf adj. Anterior, prior, former, preceding ; east, eastern.

मुद्दांचे ady, The former or prior half. uff s. f. A ragini sung before evening.

adi. Eatern, from the cast : a kind of rice from the cast or Bengal.

44 adj. First, former, prior, preceding, initial, east, eastern ; before, in front

gra adj. Prior, lefore, preceding. प्रेकाल 8. m. Former time.

पूर्वकाशीन ady. Ancient, belonging to former times.

प्रकत adj. Done formerly, or in a prior existence.

प केम हा s. f. The Nermada river, formerly called the Ganges,

प्रम adj. Born or produced before either in time or place; eastern, born in the cast; elder. s. m. An elder brother.

Time s. m. pl. The defied progenitors of mankind ; ancestors, progenitors in general.

पर्वेटिक है f. The eastern region. पर्वदेश 3. m. The eastern country, or eastern part of India.

पर्वदेश s. m. A former body, a prior existence.

प्राप्त s. m. A proposition, half of a lunar month.

प बेगरेत s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

य वक्षव्यक्ती s. f. The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Phalquni, the twelfth Nakshute, being termed Uttara, or subsequent : this asterism figured by a conch contains two stars, one of which is Leonis,

प बेमाइपदा 8. /. The first of the two lunar asterisms, and twenty-sixth of the whole, containing two stars,

व वैश्व s. m. The first part of the night. प्रवेजजय s. m. Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c.

प्यंत्रील s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise,

पुरेमस्या s. f. Dawn, day-break. पर्शे s. m. A small village.

प्रशिकालगुनी s.f. The eleventh lunar asterism. fasterism.

पर्वाभाइपद s. m. The twenty-sixth lunar uniform adj. Facing the east.

पूर्वाभ्यास s. m. Former practice, or experience. fthing.

पर्वा s. m. The first or east half of any प्रवीपादा s. f. The first of two constellstions, each called Asharha, and the 20th of the lunar asterisms containing two stars, of which one is Sagi-, tard i. e. one of which is D. Sagittarii. quis s. m. The first part of the day, the forenoon.

all adf. Eastern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal. s. f. A ragini sung before evening. प्रशित्र s. m. The north-east.

মুদ্ধা s. m. A bundle or truss of grass or straw. Pale tsls guzran karns (lit. To live under a bundle of straw), implies a very destitude condition. ফ্লী s. m. A small bundle of any grass or straw. &c.

qus m. The eight mansion of the moon comprising three stars in Cancer; the mulherry (Morus Indics).

प्स s. m. The ninth solar month, the full moon of which is near Pushyah, three stars in Cancer.

s. f A gramineous plant (Trogonella corniculata).

पुष्क त. m An inquirer, an investigator, an inquisitive person.

प्रक्ष s. m. Asking, inquiring.

प्रका s. f. Asking, questioning, a question or inquiry.

vani s.f. An army; a small army or division consisting of 243 clephants, as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot.

rately, severally.

प्यक्षरण s. m. Separating, distinguishing. प्रकृत adj. Separated, sundered, made distinct. [Severalty.

प्रमास s. m. Individuality, separateness, प्रमासमा s.f. A plant commonly called Murva (Sanseniera zeylanica).

प्रमाणि s. f. A plant (Hemionites cordifolis).

प्रशास . m. Individualised spirit, or that of an individual as detached from universal spirit or the soul of all.

इष्युच adj. Having distinct properties. इषाज्य adj. Various, multiform, diversified. पृथ्वी 8. f. The earth.

हण्डितिल 's. m. The surface of the

पश्चिमीनाथ है s.m. Aking, a sovereign, पश्चिमीपाल a ruler.

van. prop. The fith monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age: an ancient Raja, son of Ven, Raja of Bellur: he was married to a form of the goddess Lakshmi, taught men to cultivate the earth, &c. s. f. A pungent seed. (Nigella Indica); medicinal substance, commonly called Hungupotri.

१यदर adj. Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. s. m. A ram.

ম্বাs. f. The earth; a pungent seed (Nigella Indics); a medicinal substance and condiment, perhaps the leaf of the asafætida plant Hingupatri. [motre.]

पृथीभर s. m. A species of the Atyasti पृथिका s. f. An acquatic plant (Pistia straticites).

ধূমিঘৰী s. f. A plant (Hemionites cordifolia: Hedysarum lagopodioides).

ve adj. Asked, inquired.

THE s. m. The back; the rear, the last, the back or hinder part of any thing.

THE E. m. A bear, from looking behind him. [tean.

vits. f. A small basket, a portmanvits. m. An imitative sound.

va. f. The exertion made by people in a swing, when two persons keepthe swing in motion without assistance from by-standers. s. m. A bird (Gracula chattareah).

पंजनी s. f. Little bell fastened round the feet of pigeous and of children. worket. A market.

w s. f. Pace, step; a rising ground, an eminence.

भेतना s.m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पदा s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, gc.)

पेखना s. m. A play, farce, sham, comedy. v. a. To sec.

पेखिनशा s. m. A player, an actor.

s. m. An owl.

षेबु s. m. An esculent root (Arum solocasia).

92 s. m. The belly ; the womb, pregnancy: the bore (of a gun, &c.); cavity, capacity. Pet ana, To be purged. Pet kaina. To pinch one's belly, to starve one's self : to be griped. Pet ka duk dena, To starve. Pet ka parda, s. m. The omentum. Pet ka pani nah hilna, is applied to the steady motion of a horse which does not agitate the rider. Pet ki ag. s. f. Maternal affection. Pet ki ag bujhana, To eat something. Pet ki baten, s. f. Bosom secrets. Pet ke paon bahar nikalna. To"practise | aseness or vitiousness. Pet gargarana, To have borborygmi, Fet girna, To miscarry (a female), abortion, miscarriage. Pet girana, To cause an abortion. Pet chalna, or chhutna, To be purged, to have a diarrhoa or flux. Pet jalna. To be very hungry. Pet jari hone, To be fluxed, to be purged. Pet dalna, To procure abortion. Pet dikhana, To complain of poverty and hunger. "Pet"pakna, To burst with laughter. Pet puni hona, To be violently purged, to have watery stools, Pet palna, To be able to live decently; to be selfish. Pet pith ek hona, To be greatly emaciated. Pet pith batana, To implore (?). Pet ponchhan, The last child of a woman, Pet posu, adi, Glutton, Pet phulna. To burst with laughter. Pet barhana, To eat voraciously; to encroach on the share or rights of another. Pet bandhna, To entless than one's appetite demands. Petbhar, adv. Bellyful, Pet bharna, To fill one's belly; to be satisfied. Pet marns. To commit suicide, to stab one's self Pet men pythna, To worm one's self, into the secrets of another, to become intimate. Pet men lena, To cudure, have patience. Pet rakhana, To get with child. Pet rahna, To be pregnant, Pet lag jana, To be starving with hunger. Pet lag rahns, To be very hungry, Pet wali, adj. f. Pregnant, Pet se, adj. Pregnant. Pet se hona, To be pregnant. Pet harbaráná, To have a griping or inclination to stool.

पेटक s. m. A basket for holding clothes, books, &c.

ਧੋਣਾ } s.f. A basket, a large basket.

पेटारा s. m. A large basket, a portmantenu.

पेटाची day. Gluttonus, epicurean. पेटाच s. m. A. pension, daily food, board.

নতা s.f. A belly-band, a girth; a portmanteau; a box, a tumbril, a case; the thorax, chest. Peti larna, or marná, v. a. To copulate.

पेट adj. Gluttonous, epicurean. पेटोबा s. m. A looseness, purging, flux. पेटा s. m. A kind of gourd. To plant trees.

पेन्द्रमा v. a. To press (oil by means of a mill), to squeeze, to rack.

पेड! s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made with surds : a globular mass of leaven prepared for baking.

tel s. f. A kind of sweetment made with cards; a kind of betel-leaf; the indigo plant after being once out; the trunk of a tree.

पेड s. m. The belly below the navel. the pubes.

पेना s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot. &c.).

पेनी adi. f. Sharp.

पेस s. m. Love, friendship.

पेनी adi. Affectionate, lover.

पेव s. m. Water, milk. adj. Drink able. drink.

पेशी s.f. A small basket, a portman-पेस्व } s.m. The milk of a cow which has calved within seven days, biestings.

da s. m. A turkey.

पेरीज s. m. The turquoisc.

s. m. A testicle. येवडा)

पेलना v. a. To shove, to push ; to stuff, to cram ; to express, to squeeze out. पेलपाल part. Shoving, pushing, &c. पेला s. m. A testicle ; fault, oppression ; a prop, a support.

चे≈ adj. A wrestler. पेरड़ी s. f. A kind of yellow colour (said to be obtained from the urine of a cow, fed on the flowers of Butea frondosa, or according to others, on the leaves of the mango tree). पेनसी s. f. The milk of a cow which

has calved within seven days.;

पेड s.f. A tree, a plant. Per legana, | पेशाव s.m. Urine, Peshab-band, s. m. Strangary. [si).

पेशी s. f. Spikenard (Voleriana jotaman-पेदच s. m. Reducing to dust or powder; a hand-mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding a plant (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, commonly called Te-

पेषणी s. f. A stone, slab, on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

पै s. m. Milk, water. adv. on, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj.

पेंचना v. a. To winnow.

kanta sii).

पेंचा s. m. Return, retribution, a loan, repayment of a loan.

पेंजनी s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeous and of children.

पेड s.f. Pace, sted ; a rising ground, an eminence.

TET s. m. A road, highway, path. Punda marna, To stop a road; to rob in the road.

पताला s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet,

पैतालीस adj. Forty-five.

पॅत्री व adj. Thirty-five. dez adj. Sixty-five.

Twee s. m. I Iron chains on a cul-पेक्की s. f. | prit's legs. fetters ; ornamental rings worn on the ankles.

wal s: m. One who carries about, of hukka for hire at a fair or in a camp. पेय s. m. A sort of green-coloured

stone (brought from Pegu). पैन v. d. A vow, a promise. Pyj karna, v. c. To make a vow.

पैंड s. m. A duplicate (of a bill of exchange); entrance, ingress, admission, access.

चैत्रा v. n. To penetrate, enter, rush | फैन n. prop. A sage, the promulgator or run into, pervade.

पंडाबना v. a. To force in, to make to penetrate, to thrust, to run in, to introduce, to infinuate.

u and s. f. A ladder, a staircase; a flight of steps.

Tag a. f. Pace, step : a rising ground. wis. m. A road, highway, path. Pynda marna, To stop a road; to rob in the road.

vary s. m. Flourishing about before cudgelling, &c.

famt adi. Shallow.

पैस adj. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the father or toprogenitors, hereditary, inherited from a father.

पंतक्रभूमि s. f. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors; a paternal state. पेतिक adj. Billiary, billions.

way adj. Paternal, ancestral.

पंदब adv. On foot, s. m. Infantry. चैन s. m. A reservoir of water ; a rill. पेना s. m. A. goad. adj. m. Sharp.

ularat v. a. To sharpen.

पैनाजा s. m. A gutter, a spout. Tur s. m. A wheel.

पैयान s. m. Departure. पैशास s. f. Straw.

चेर s. m. The foot,

Bent c. n. To swim.

प्रार्थ . f. Place of swimming or distance over which it is necessary to swim; art of swimming; wages for teaching to swim.

पैरावा s. m. A. swimmer.

पैराकी s. f. Act or art of swimming.

पेशना v. a. To cause to swim. पैराद adj. Beyond man's depth, where

it is necessary to swim. Tlegs.

पेरी s. f. An ornament worm on the | पीक्ष s. m. Wiping ; a rag, &c. with

of the Rio Ved. पैंका s: m. A vessel for measuring

पेक्टोबेर s. m. An engrafted ber (Zizyphus jujula).

देशाच adj. Internal, demoniacal, relating or belonging to a Pisach or goblin, s. m. A mode of marriage, the ravishment of a girl by her lovers.

पैयुष s. m. Depravity, wickedness.

पेसा s. m. A copper coin, a pice : money. eash. Pusa urana. To spend extravagantly; to take the money of another by theft or deceit. Pysa khana. To spend extravagantly, to waste: to subsist by wages or the produce of labour; to take bribes; to embezzle. Pysa dubona. To sink money. to lay out money without return. Pysa dubno, To be sunk (money). Pysa pher phar karna, To turn the penny. Puse lagana, To lay out or ' expend money. Puse wala, adj. Moneyed; worth one Pysa, Pyse son darbar bandna. To bribe, to give bribes.

THIE s. m. Access, ability, admission. will s. m. A very young serpent; & nursling of any animal; a plant.

पीचाना ए. छ. To warm by the sun or the steam of water, to bask.

The interj. Ho! holls ! (calling to people in the road to get out of the way), have a care ;

witani v. n. To be fluxed.

with s. m. The ship-worm (Teredo navalis).

will s. m. A blockhead; a sort of dram; a thin joint of bambos. adj. Empty.

which any thing is wiped ; say thing) thrown away after wiping. चौक्रना v. a. To wipe.

चौंदा s. m. Snet.

पाँठी s. f. A kind of small fish (Cyprinus chrysoparius).

पीखर s. m. A pond, a lake.

बोट s. f. A bundle, a ball, a package; a spout.

पेंटबल s. m. A reed (Arundo tibialis) ; a sort of grass (Saccharum spontaneum).

मोटना s. m. A large bundle.

चे दिलका s. f. A bundle or packet.

पोट ी s. f. A bundle, a parcel.

पीटा s. m. A unfledged bird; the eyelid; the crop or craw (of birds); the stomach; the mucus of the nose, snot, s. f. A woman having a beard.

चीटा adj. Strong, firm.

चीड़ाई s. f. Strength, firmness.

win s. m. I The young of any ani-मो*सी s. f*. mal.

पीस s.f. A vessel, a ship, a boat. s. m. Nature, disposition, quality; glass bends, bends.

क्रीतकी s. f. A pothorb (Basella lucida). पीत ह . m. An animal that produces young at once without the intervention of any medium ; elephants and some other animals being supposed in Hindu physiology to carry the young without the aid of an ovarium or uterns.

what s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts. पोत्रको s. f. The afterbirth. पोत्ना v. a. To besmear, to plaster. पोत्रा s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts. चीता s. m. Grandson, son's son. wifagr s. m. A cloth worn at the time of bathing ; plaything. चीती s.f. Grand-daughter, son's daughपीय s. m. A small glass bead.

चोषकी s. f. Red pimples on the cyclids. पोषा s. m. A large book.

पीची s. f. A book.

पीदना s. m. A bird (Sylvia olivacea). चोडनी s.f. Female of Podna.

पीना v. æ. To string (pearls), to thread (a needle).

पीपनी s. f. A wind instrument (of

music). made by children, of the seeds of mango and the leaves of the Borassus ; any wind instrument.

भीपना ady. One whose teeth are fallen out, toothless.

पीय s. m.) A kind of vegetable Ba-पोया *३. f*. े sella alba and rubra).

पीर s.f. The space or interval between two joints or articulations (of the body, or of a bamboo, sugar-cane, &c.) Por-ror, adv. Every joint.

पीरी e.f. A joint of bamboo, sugarcane, &c.

पोक्षा s. m. A joint or phalanx of the fingers ; a joint of the tamarind.

पीलक s. m. Straw bands at the ends of a staff, used with a charkhi, to frighten and restrain a furious elephant.

पीका adj. Soft, hollow. पोजो s. f. A term of abuse, simpleton.

पीष s. m. Nourishing, cherishing. पापन s. m. A nourisher, cherisher.

पीपच s. m. Nourishing, cherishing

breeding, rearing. पोषपा v. a. To breed, to foster, to

nourish, to tame. I of. पोष adj. To be cherished or taken care

पीष्यपुत s. m. An adopted son.

पाष्पाने s. m. A class of persons or objects to be cherished, as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire.

पीयना v. a. To breed, rear, foster, nourish, tame,

पोड s.f. Dawn of day. पोडमा v. a. To make bread.

भी s. f. The one or ace on dice; a stand where water is provided for passengers. Pcs phaina, To dawn (morning).

पादा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

पेंसिन र. m. One of the Sanskars or essential coremonies of the Hinda religion; a religious observance, held when signs of a living conception take place.

भोडना v. n. To repose, to lie down, to rest.

বিষয়ে adj. Strong, firm; wide, broad.
বীৱা adj. Strong, firm; wide, broad.
বীৱাৰ s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth.
বীবাৰ s. m. The pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane; a man of a mixed caste, from the Vgsyah and fomale of the distiller caste, whose business it is to boil sugar.

पीक्षकं न s. m. A country, one of the divisions of central Indis (Behar). पीमाजिय s. m. A worshipper of idols, पीन s. m. A son's son, a grandson. मीजिय adj. Belonging to a son or a grandson.

पीनो s. f. A grand-daughter, either in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter. पीचा s. m. A young tree, plant, sap-

पीधा s. m. A young tree, plant, sapling.

पौन s. f. Air, wind. adj. A quarterless (than one or any given number); three quarters.

गौनदस s.m. Tautology.

पौनभेदा s. m. One of the sons or heirs admitted by the old *Hindu* law; the son of a twice-married woman.

पीन है s. m. A spoon with holes in it like a colander for skimming with, &c. पौने adj. One quarter less (either of one or of the aggregate number which may follow).

पीर s. m. A fragrant grass, s.f. A gate, a door.

पीरहच्च s. m. Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for the years, fellow citizenship.

पौराणिक adj. Of or belonging to the Purons. s.m. A Brahman well read in the Purans.

पीरिस s. m. A door-keeper, a porter. पीरो s. f. A gate, a door,

पीरण adj. subs. m. The measure of a man, equal to the height to which he reaches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. adj. The property of manhood, virility, manliness, action, or action incidental to the state of humanity; seemen virile.

पीर्वता s. f. Mamhood, manly strength or spirit.

पौरीदिस s. m. The character or functions of family priest.

पौर्षनाची भेषिना s f. The day of full moon. पौर्षना ddj. Belonging to a former body or existence.

पौजिब adj. Prior, primary, former.

पीलो s. f. A gate, a door.

पीवा s. m. A quarter; a weight or measure of a quarter of a see.

nonth, the full moon of which is near Fushyah, three stars in Cancer, December-January.

पौद्धि e.f. A large pond or reservoir. पीदिश्व adj. Preservative, protective, nutritive, &c. nutritious, fattening.

पीय वर्ग. Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c. पीयज्ञ s. m. The oxide of brass, considered as a collyrium.

पौषी s. f A name of Palibothera.

भीइ s. m. A stand where water is kept ready for travellers.

धाना १ v. a. To give or cause to धावना ∫ drink, to water.

चार s. m.f. Love affection, fondness, चारा adj. m. Beleved. Pyara yanna, To

पारी adi. f. Beloved, pleasant.

चान s. f. A fruit (Chironyis sapida) ;

यान s.f. Thirst. Pyss bujhana, To quench thirst. Pyss marna, applied to thirst, which vanishes without drinking. Pyss marna, To suffer thirst, Pyss lagna, To be thirsty,

चासा adj. m. Thirsty. Pyase marns. To be very thirsty.

ष्यासी वर्त्यु, f. Thirsty.

w prep. in compos. Forth, for, forward; fore off, abroad, away: (English pre-, for,

чтг adj. Displayed, unfolded, manifest, apparent.

দশ্ভিন adj. Manifested, displayed; evi dent, apparent; opened, expanded, দলহীয়ান adj. Made manifest, open or visible.

A. M. Shaking, trembling.

A. hell, [lently.

REMANNIA adj. Trembling violently. s. m.

A. hell, [lently.

REMANNIA adj. Shaking, trembling vio
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RE

मनाष s. m. (In grammar) The effect of the prefix w (prah) upon roots. मनाष्ट्र s. m. The stem of a tree, the part between the root and the branches; excellence, happiness.

प्रकार s. m. Sort, kind, species; way, mode, method, manner.

Nama adj. Open, manifest, blown, expanded; famous, celebrated; public, adv. Openly, publicly s. m. Sunshine, lustre, light; expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the world being equally applicable to physical or moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth; publicity.

Nation adj. What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, &c. s. m. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator.

प्रकाशना s. f. Manifestation, visibility;

पदाणन s. m. Illuminating, giving light; making clear or manifest.

प्रकाशमान ady. Splendid, brilliant, radiant.

प्रकाशित adj. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible; published, promulgated, प्रकाशी 8. m. A discoverer.

ক্ষীৰ adj. Spread, abroad, published, promulgated; expanded, open. s. m. A Chowri, a cow-tail used as a fan; a chapter, a section. [tion.

प्रकीचित adj. Declared, explained, said,

revealed; celebrated, renowned. प्रकृषित adj. Enraged, incensed.

प्रतास adj. Made, completed, accom-

Native; in philosophy, the passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the

Supreme in the creation, identified with Maya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex ; in some systems Prakviti is considered the same with the Supreme Being; the natural state or condition of any thing ; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twentysyllables. (In anatomy), Temperament the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.

मक्रविवरण adj. Volatile, fickle. unfam adj. Natural, gennine, unmixed ; inherent, innate.

प्रतर adj. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. प्रसन्त 8. m. Eminence, superiority. प्रकीय s. m. Arritation, provocation. enraging.

प्रकोपन s. m. Irritating, provoking. प्रकाषित adj. Irritated, provoked.

ung s. m. Proceeding, going ; leisure, opportunity.

ufact s. f. Bearing royal insignia. प्रचालन s. m. Cleaning, washing. प्रवालित adj. Washed, cleansed. ufan adj. Thrown, cast, hurled. प्रचीष adj. Decayed, wasting. nat adj. Very hot or acrid. want adj. Celebrated, famons, noto-

nenfft s. f. Publicity, notoricty; praise, eulogium, fame.

rions.

प्रवट adj. Ohvious, notorious, public, manifest. issued out, apparent, festation. visible. प्रमहता s.f. Visibility, publicity, mani-ब्राटना e. a. To issue forth, to become

manifest, to appear. gaun s. m. Progress, advance.

क्राइम adj. Bold, confident; prompt, प्रचीदिन adj. Prescribed, directed; sent.

rendy, resolute ; energetic ; strong, able.

ичения s. f. Energy, resolution ; confidence, boldness; power, eminence.

पनाद adj. Much, excessive ; hard, difficult ; hard, finn. s. m. Pain, privation, penance.

पतीपन s. m. Protection, preservation, salvation.

प्रवृत्त s. m. Taking, siezing, assuming. unz adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, visible.

ਸਬਣੀ s.f. A mould in which silver or gold is cast previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

un s, m. A sort of bean (Phaseolus mungo).

www adj. Excessively hot or burning ; intolerable, insupportable; wrathful, passionate ; violent, strong. s. m. A. sort of Nerinm with white flowers प्रवासि s. m. A tree (Tapia cratæva). unfen adi. Pursued, practised (as an

Prevailing, circulating, पचलत ad). being customary or current; being recognised (as authority or law, &c.) पद्मन s. m. Circulating, being customary or current.

unfina adi, Current, enstomary, com lating : recognised, received (as afthority or law, &c.)

usit s. m. Custom, usage ; conduct ; currency ; appearance, manifestation. प्रचित s. m. A species or metre.

unt edy. Much, many.

art or business).

प्रचेत s. m. A yellow fragrant wood. प्रचीदन s. m. Saying, enjoining, prescribing; a rule or law; sending, directing.

मचीदिनी s. f. A prickly night-shade (Solanum jacquini). ing. प्रकार s. f. Asking, addressing, invit-

पक्द s. m. A wrapper, a cover.

मक्त adj. Covered, clothed; unavowed, disguised; private, concealed, becret. s. m. Private door within a house : a lattice, a loop-hole; private door, प्रचान तातुं. Fallen from, deviated from.

प्रजा s. f. Progeny, offspring ; people, subjects; a subject, tanant, renter. बनाधर्म s. m. The duty of children or of subjects.

प्रभापनि s. m. A name of Brahma; the epithet common to ten divine personages, who were first created by Brahms; some authorities make them only seven in number : others reduce them to three; and others make them twenty-one : king, sovereign, lord of subjects, prince; father; son-in-law, daughter's husband;

potter. प्रजाहित adi. Favourable or good fo children or subjects, &c., kind of them, useful to them, &c.

बनीयन s. m. Livelihood, subsistence. un adj. Wise, learned,

им s. f. A clever or sensible woman ; understanding, wisdom, knowledge. иши adj. Known, understood; famous, notorious.

unm adi. Wise, learned. s. m. Knowledge, wisdom.

मधानीम् adj. Wise, intelligent.

प्रवासित odj. Blazing, radiant.

ич г. m. Promise, agreement, vow, resolution. .

मचति s.f. Salutation, reverence, obeisance, courtesy,

मदाय s. m. Affection, friendly or fond regard; acquaintance; asking, begging ; affectionate solicitation : final emancipation or beatitude : trust. confidence ; reverence, obeisance.

FAL

प्रचयी adj. Affectionate, kind ; intimate, familiar. s. m. A husband or lover.

प्रवर ? s. m. The mystical name of मण्डक the deity, or syllable Om.

HTTE s. m. A disease of the ear, & noise or buzzing in the ear fromthickening of the membranes, &c.

प्रकास s. m. Respectful or reverential salutation, addressed especially to a Brahman or deity.

प्रवास s. m.) An issue from a pond; a प्रवासी 8. f. drain, a gutter, water-course, a conduit.

मचात्र s. m. Loss, destruction.

प्रवामी adj. Destroying.

иfaur s. m. Great effort, stress. energy; profound religious meditation ; access, entrance,

मणिपतन s. m. Saluting, bowing or. doing homage to.

पिष्पात s. m. Salutation, reverence. obeisance.

मची adj. Resolute.

मतल s. m. One of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions.

मतान s. m. A disease, fainting, epilepsy. मताप s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, the possession of rank and power, the high spirit arising from the possession of these; spirit, energy; splendour, brilliancy.

Harve s. m. A hell.

मनापदान adj. Majestic, glorious, potent. प्रतापन s. m. A species of gigantic Asclepias with white flowers.

प्रवापी adj. Shining, splendid; dignified, powerful; glorious, potent-

Naits. s. m. A cheat.

मतारण s.m. Frand, cheating, deunited s.f. eeit, over-reaching, trick.

मतारित adj. Chented, deceived, tricked. मति prep. Again, against, back again, to, in exchange, instead, each.

प्रतिकसी s. m. Retaliation, requital; remedy, redress.

with s. m. Revenge, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

দলিকুল adj. Country, adverse, eross grained, reverse, inverted; contradictory, cross, perverse.

प्रतिकृत्वता s. f. Opposition, hostility. प्रतिक्रिया s. f. Return, requital, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

प्रतिचय adv. Momentarily, every moment.

দ্বিষ্ম a ag. Echoing, reverberating. দ্বিষ্ম s.m. Proper donation to Brahmans, whatever is a fit present to a Brahman at suitable periods; the acceptance of such a gift.

प्रतिवास s. m. A return blow, repulse, rebound; warding off a blow; preventing, prohibiting.

प्रतिचातन s. m. Killing, slanghter. प्रतिचाती adj. Repelling; repulsing; hostile. opposed to.

प्रतिचित्रण s. m. Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon.

प्रतिकारण s. f. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture.

मतिनिश्चा s.f. The uvula, or soft palate. मतिनीवन e. m. Resuscitation.

দবিষা s. f. Promise, agreement, engagement, assent; admission, acknowledgement. (In logic) The proposition, the assertion to be proved. দবিষ্যাৰ adj. Promised, agreed; admitted, acknowledged, proposed.

mitted, acknowledged; propounded, asserted,

प्रतिकाष्ट्रक अ. m. A bond, a written contract.

प्रशिवास s. m. A kind of air or melody. प्रशिवास s. m. The return or redelivery of a deposit; barter, exchange; giving back or in return for.

দ্বনিহিন adv. Day by day, every day.
দনিহিনা adv. Every where, all around:
দনিজ্ঞান s. m.
Echo, an echo, citerated or repeated sound,
resonance.

utafatus. m. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, a picture, &.; a surety; a substitute.

प्रतिविश adv. By night, every night.

দান্ত্ৰ } s.f. The first day of a lunar দান্ত্ৰ fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane; rank, consequence.

पनिवृत्ति s. f. Fame, reputation; knowledge, determination, ascertainment. प्रतिचद adj. or adv. Step by step, at each step; continually, every moment.

प्रतिपत्त adj. Known, understood, ascertained, determined.

प्रतिपादन s. m. Gift, donation; ascertaining, determining, rendering clear or intelligible.

प्रतिपालक adj. Who or what protects or defends. s. m. A king; a protector, a cherisher, a patron.

मतिपासन s. m. Protecting, defending, cherishing, patronising, protection, fostering, rearing, breeding.

मतिपालना v. a. To preserve, to keeps to cherish.

দনিবৃদ্ধ odv. Every man, man by man. দনিবৃদ্ধ s.m. A reverer, one who does homage.

स्तिपूजन s. m. Exchange of civilities, mutual obcisance or reverence; offermg howage or respect. মনিমন্ত্ৰ s. m. Precept for an act which under other circumstances is bidden. সবিদল s. m. Return, requital, retaliation.

प्रतिकथ s. m. Obstacle, impediment. प्रतिकथक adj. Impending, obstructing,

मान्वन्धन adj. Impending, obstructing, an obstructer or opposer. s. n. An impediment.

मितिविकार. m. An image or picture; the reflection of an image or figure from a mirror.

प्रतिभव alj. Formidable, featful, frightful, s. m. Fear.

प्रतिमा s. f. Understanding, intellect, especially, as opening or expanding; sharpness, brilliancy of conception; light. splendour.

प्रतिभाग s. m. Corresponding character or disposition.

प्रतिभिन्न adj. Separated, divided.

प्रतिभेदन s. m. Piercing, cutting, penetrating; separating, dividing.

সবিদা s. f. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a likeness, a picture; an idol, a statue.

प्रतिमान s.m. Resemblance, an image, a picture.

प्रतिमास adv. Every month, monthly. प्रतिस्थिता s. f. A kind of rat.

দ্যবিষ্য s. m. Opposition, contradiction, controversy; co-operation, an association.

प्रतियोगिता s. f. Mutual co-operation ; opposition.

प्रतिवीगी s. m. An opponent ; a partner, an associate.

प्रतिरक्षक s. m. Preserving.

under s. m. A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form.

प्रतिरोध-इ. स. Opposition, impediment.

प्रतिरोधि । s. m. A thief, a robber.

দবিজ্ঞ s. m. Censure, reviling, abuse. দবিজ্ঞান adj. Left, not right; reverse, inverted; law, vile, base, deprayed.

দৰিবৰ s. m. A reply, an answer, a rejoinder; an echo.

प्रतिवाका s. m. A reply, an answer.

प्रतिवाच s. f. An answer, a reply.

प्रतिवाधि s. f. An answer; a rejoinder. प्रतिवादी s. m. A defendant, a respondent. [ing.

प्रतिवासी ady. A neighbour, neighbour-प्रतिविच्च s.m. A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, an image, a shadow, &c.

प्रतिनिषा s. f. A plant (Betula).

प्रतिमहा s. f. Constant fear or doubt. प्रतिमहा s. f. Catarrh.

प्रतिषय adj. Forbidden, prohibited. प्रतिषय s. m. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction.

प्रतिष्ठ adi. Famous.

ибавт s. f. Fame, colebrity; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, of four syllables each; consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity; cudowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter. &c.

মতিয়াৰ s. m. Site, situation; the capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Allahabad; the capital of Salivahan, in the Dakhin. মতিছন adi. Famous, celebrated: con-

ипава adj. Famous, celebrated; consecrated; endowed, portioned; placed, situated; established, fixed.

मतिसर s.m. Cleatrizing or healing, as a sore; a form of magic or incantation; a string worn rounn the hand at nuptials. white is. m. The portion of a Puran, which treats of the destruction and renoration of the world; secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of Brahma, and other divine beings as the agents of one Supreme Being.

দলিকার্য s.f. Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome. দলিকার্য adj. Envious emulous, a rival; refractory, rebellions.

प्रतिस्थाय s. m. Catarrh.

nfava adj. Disappointed; opposed, obstructed; fallen, overthrown.

ufaufa e.f. Disappointment.

मविष्य s. m. A shrub (Nerium odorum). मविष्या s.f. Retaliation, revenge.

मतीक adj. Contrary, adverse; inverted, reversed, against the natural order er state. s. m. A limb, a member; a part, a portion.

प्रतीकार s. m. Revenge, retaliation ; obviating, correcting ; remedying, administering medicines.

सतीचन adj. Expecting; looking at. सतीचन s. m. Looking to or at, considering, referring to; respecting; expecting, waiting for.

प्रतीचा s. f. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at; hope, expectation.

सतीची adj. Expecting, looking or waiting for.

प्रतोची s.f. The west quarter.

प्रतीचीम } adj. West, western.

सरीत spj. Famous, celebrated, renowned; known. s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. Pratit karns, To examine; to believe; to trust.

salifa s. f. Knowledge, understanding; fame, notoriety.

प्रतीयनान adj. Being believed or trusted. प्रतोर s. m. A shore or bank.

सरीशा 3. m. Calcining or fluxing: metale; throwing one substance into another to alter its form or state; adding any thing to a medicine during or after decection; a public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c.

प्रतृषी s. f. Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

प्रत्यक्षपर्वी है s.f. A plant (Achyron-प्रत्यकपुर्वी है thes aspers).

मन्यक्षेणी s. f. A plant commonly called Danti : a plant (Salvinia cucullatta).

present. cognizable by any of the organs of sense. [ness,

দ্যাৰহৰ্ষ s. m. A witness, an eye-wit-দ্যাৰ্থনাৰ s. m. Ocular or visible proof. দ্যাৰ্থী adj. Seeing. perceiving, consciousness of what is perceptible.

দৰ্শীলৰ adj. Manifested, displayed, made present or visible.

মশ্ব s.m. An organ of perception. adv. On the body, or the limbs severally.

मस्बन्धर adv. Next in succession.

guous. s. m. The country of the Mechchhus or savages.

দাৰা s. m. Trust, faith, belief, confidence; knowledge, apprehension; an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflections.

प्रवासित बत्रों. Trusted, confidential.

प्रवर्गी adj. Trusting, believing, having faith in.

प्रजात s. m. Disappearance, either of what exist.

प्रवासन् s. m. Red chalk.

प्रवाहर adj. Removed, set saids; in-

formed, apprised; warned, cautioned; declared (as from heaven).

प्रशादित s. m. Information, apprising, informing, warning, cantion; heavenly annunciation or declaration.

प्रसामा s. f. Hope, expectation, desire.

प्रवाहार s. m. (In grammar) Combination of two or more letters of the

nation of two or more letters of the alphabet to form a class of letters.

unufas.f. Answer, reply.

मन् तर s. m. A rejoinder, a reply to an answer, an answer.

प्रवृद्धान s. m. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect.

प्रज्ञापम adj. Reproduced, regenerated; (in arithmetic) multiplied. s. m. Multiplication; the product of a sum in multiplication.

ব্যাহ্রনার s. m. Rising from a seat as a mark of respect, &c.; going forth or out, going to meet any ono, &c.

प्रमाप s. m. Requital of aid or assistance, mutual assistance.

प्रवासी adj. Requiting a favour or

प्रसुष्ठ s. m. The morning, dawn, daybreak. [a time.

प्रवास adv. Singly, one by one, one at प्रवास adj. First, prior, before, initial; chief, principal.

प्रवससाइस s. m. The first or lowest degree of fine or punishment.

Nat s. f. Custom, manner.

प्रतिष्त 8. f. Fame, celebrated; made

known, declared. หโซโส s.f. Celebrity, notoriety.

সৰ্ক s. m. The young of any animal. সৰ্কিত odj. Reverential salutation, by circumambutating a person or object, keeping the right side towards them.

प्रदर s. m. A disease of woman (Menorrhagia).

महाम s. m. A teacher, an expounder; a prophet.

महर्भन s. m. Shewing; explaining generally, not exclusively; explaining or specifying; porphecying.

प्रदर्भित अर्थुः. Mentioned, specified ; shewn : prophecied.

मदान s. m. A gift, denation.

দহিৰ { s. f. Intermediate, point of দহিল } the compass, or half quarter, as north-east, south-west, &c.

मदीम s.m. A lamp.

দহীঘৰ s. m. A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation.

परेम s. m. A place in general, a country, a district, &c. ; a foreign country, abroad.

महेइ s. m. Unguent, unction.

प्रदोष s. m. Evening, the first part of the night; fault, offence, defect, transgression.

NAMES. M. Nature, the natural state of any thing, or the cause of the material world; the Supreme God; chief, principal, the first companion of a king, his minister, his enunch, or confident. &c.; a president, courtier, noble leader, chief, minister or counsellor of state.

सथानता a.f. Excellence, superiority, supremacy.

प्रधानधातु s. f. Semen virile.

प्रशासनको s. m. Prime minister,

प्रशामीतम व्यो. Eminent, illustrious. अवंश s. m. Destruction, loss.

nwish adj. Destroying, annihilating.

प्रवास s. m. } A water course a canal; प्रवासी s.f. } a gutter, a drain, s • conduit. NUM s. m. Opposition; delusion, deceit, trick, or fraud, imposition, treachery, artifice; prolixity, copionsness, in style or composition; error, illusion,

uqf वत adj. Erring, mistaken ; tricked, deceived, begniled ; declared fully, explained, treated, at length.

प्रपृष्ठी adj. Insidious, fraudulent, artful. प्रपृत्यम् इ. m. Flight, running away. प्रपृत्ति adj. Routed, defeated.

अपनायो s. m. A fugitive, one who deserts his cause.

प्रशिवामह s. m. A parternal great grandfather. [mother.

प्रतिवामही s.f. A paternal great grand-प्रवाड़ s. u. A sort of Cassia (C. tora). प्रवृत्त s. f. A sort grass (Hedysarum

प्रपृत्ति इ. f. A prickly nightshade (Solanum Jacquini).

মণ্ডান e. m. A small herbaceous plant, used in medicine, and as a perfume, commonly called Punderyo; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers and bad eyes.

सपीव s. m. A great grandson.

प्रपोती s.f. A great grand daughter. प्रपुत्र adj. Blown, as a flower; smiling; glad, pleased; shining.

प्रफानयन adj. Having full or sparkling oyes. .

मभूताद्द adj. Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy.

प्रकृतिक adj. Blooming, in blossom; gay, lively, cheerful.

wave s. m. Continuous application or action, continuance, uninterrupted vacss; a connected discussion, or narrative; a kind of song; style, composition (of a discourse),

त्र क्या का त्र कि A feigned story, a work of imagination, whether founded in fact of not.

adj. Strong, powerful, predominant, prevalent, violent.

प्रवास s.m. Coral.

प्रवास s. m. Travelling, journey, journeying. 'sojourning in a foreign country, abroad.

प्रवासी s. m. A traveller.

प्रवाह s. m. Stream, flood, flow, current, tide; breadth of a river.

प्रवीष adj. Skilful, intelligent, accomplished, knowing, clever.

प्रशेषता s. f. Skill, accomplishment, cleverness, knowledge.

मनुद्ध adj. Wise, learned.

प्रवेश s. m. Entrance, admittance, access. प्रवेशी adj. Penetrating.

utiu s. m. Vigilance, wakefulness, active or vigilant state of being; intellect, understanding; knowledge, wisdom; sense, conscionsness; demonstration, consolation, persuasion; awaking, either, from ignorance or sleep.

मधीयन s. m. Awakening, aronsing, exciting, reviving; instructing; persuation, persuading, production of conviction.

प्रवीधिता s. f. A species of the Utijagati metre.

und ad). Born, produce; superior, powerful; the operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c.

ин s. f. Light, radiance, splendour.

интя с. m. The sun; the moon.

प्रभाकीर s. f. The fire-fly. • प्रभाकत s. m. A tree (Hyperanthera morungo).

unin s. m. Morning, dawn, day-break.

ब्रमाती adj. Sung in a tune (or ragini) | प्रमाचनुष्य e. m. An umpire, an arbitrapeculiar to the morning.

सभान s. m. Light, radiance, shining. मभाव s. m. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, high spirit; power, strength, influence ; spirit,

WHIN s. m. A place of pilgrimage, in the west of India.

ин s. m. Strong, able; always, eternal; a superior, an owner, a proprietor, a master or mistress, &c. s, m. A master, a lord, principal,

बसता s. f. Greatness, power, government, supremacy, lordship or sovereignty, superiority, influence,

ष्णभागत adj. Faithful, devoted.

समृति s. f. Manner, kind; etcetera, others, rest, remainder (in composition).

मभेद s. m. Kind, sort, difference.

मन्य adi, Immersed, drowned,

भवया s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalis chebula).

वनवासय s. m. Hell, or abode of pain. मनद adj. Mad, intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor; impassioned. s. m. pleasure, delight, rapture.

भनदा s. f. A. woman, a handsome woman.

wers. f. True knowledge, or knowledge exempt from all error; conscionsness, perception,

मनाज s. m. Cause, motive : limit : proof. testimony, authority, verification, attestation; instance, example; measure, quantity; detail; a scripture, a work of sacred authority. adj. Authentic, actual, substantial, real, approved of, admissible, agreeable, acceptable, Praman charling, To rise to a high rank,

tor, a judge.

विभाषाभाव 8. m. Want or absence of proof or authority.

मनाधिक adj. Proper, creditable ; reverend. s. m. Chairman of an assembly. प्रसाचिका s. f. A species of the Anushtubh metre.

ममाजीकरण s.m. Establishing or admitting as anthority or proof.

षमातामक s. m. A maternal great grandfather. mother.

पनासामको s. f. A maternal great grand-सनाद s. m. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy.

ममादो adj. Heedless, enreless, indifferent, incantious, inconsiderate, unreflecting.

प्रसित ady Known, understood, established, proved; measured.

प्रसिवाचरा s. f. A species of the Jagati metre.

THE adj, Chief, principal; best, most excellent; first. s. m. A chief, a sage, any respectable man; a tree used for dyeing (Rottleria tinctoria).

পদুত্তৰ s. m. Superiority, predominance. ? adj. Pleased, glad, content, प्रमुद्दिन 🕽 happy.

समेड s. m. Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes, gonorrhæs, &c.

प्रनोचन s. m. Liberating, setting free. प्रमोचनी s. f. A sort of cucumber,

मनीद s. m. Pleasure, happiness, delight.

मनीदित adj. Happy, delighted. प्रमोदी adj. Happy, delighted : delight-

ing, making happy.

प्रमीष s. m. Fascination ; fainting, insensibility.

rans. m. Continued and persavering effort, exertion; act, action; (in logic) active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it; and completing it; caution, care.

सबसान् adj. Active, zealous, enterprising, assidous, persevering.

प्रयाग s. m. Sacrifice, obligation ; a celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamna, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati, the modern Allahabad. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers, as Devprayay, Rudra-prayay, Karna-prayay, and Nanda-prayag in the Hindu mountains, which with Prayag or Allahabad, constitute the five principal places so termed, and where worship is deemed peculiarly efficacious. Alla habad is one of the places where Brahma is supposed to have consummated ten Aswamedhs or sacrifices · of the horse, in commemoration of his recovery of the four Veds from Sankhasur.

मयान s. m. Going forth or to a distance; departure; death; march of an assailing force, attack, invasion.

प्रवासकाल s. m. Time of departure;

प्रवास s. m. Trouble, labour, fatigue; desire for or pursuit of any object. मनुक्त adj. Endowed with, possessing as

an attribute, &c.; associated or connected with, compact, closely united. unis s.m. Occasion, cause, motive, object, consequence, result; device,

ject, consequence, result; device, contrivance; example, comparison; act, action.

ह्रवीनी adj. Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose.

ম্বাসৰ adj. Who or what causes or induces any act; who or what deputes or appoints. s. m. A founder, or institutor of any ceremony; a law-giver a legislator.

मयीजन s. m. Cause, occasion; motive, crigin; purpose, object, intention, design; use, exigence.

प्रयोजनी adj. Necessary, requisite.

प्रशीसन्तान् adj. Designing, purposing. द्योज्य s. m. Capital, principal; a servant, a slave.

nma s.m. The end of a Kalp, or destruction of the world; death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation; fainting, syncope, loss of sense or conciousness. s.f. A general destruction, such as at the flood or resurrection; (met) vexation, fatigue, oppression, langour, disgust.

मनाप s. m. Unmeaning or incoherent speech; discourse, coversation.

प्रश्चिषक adj. Who or what anoints, smears, &c. प्रशोदन s. m. Rolling on the ground,

heaving, tossing (as of the ocean (, মনীরের adj. Rolling, heaving, tossing. মনীম ং. m. Desire, empidity.

ঘণীনস s. m. Allurement, inducement; attraction, attracqing,-seducing.

ly, race, kindred. [mete.

सर्वास्त a.m. A species of the Ashti सर्व s. m. Engaged in undertaking : excitement, stimulus.

प्रवर्षेक करों. Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. १. ल. The original instigator of any act, the author, the principal. कारत s. m. Going abroad, sojourning in a foreign country.

winds. One of the seven Vayus or

षदारच s. m. Prohibition, objection, op-

ष्रशास s. m. A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home.

प्रशासन adj. Dwelling or being abroad,
or absent.

प्रवासन s. m. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging; exile.

मानी adj. A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home.

पशास s. m. Stream, current, flow, continuous passage.

प्रशाहिका s.f. Diarrhea.

प्रविच्याति s.f. Celebrity, reputation. प्रविभक्त adj. Partitioned, divided, separated, shared.

प्रशिमाग s. m. Division. a part.

ufat s. m. A yellow fragrant wood.

usse adj. Entered, gone in or iuto; entered upon (as an affair), engaged in.

मनीच adj. Skilful, clever, conversant. प्रवीचना s.f. Proficiency, skill.

सरीर adj. Best, most excellent. s. m. A hero, a warrior; a chief, a person of rank or distinction.

प्रज्ञ odj. Fixed, settled, determined, done; engaged in, undertaking, occupied,

NETW s. f. Activity, occupation, active life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; prosecution, perseverance; addiction to, predilection for, tidings, intelligence; content flow, stream, current; Oujein or any holy place; (in arithmetic) the multiplier.

वैचप s. m. Foreseeing.

पर्वेचिन adj. Foreseen, anticipated.

पवैचात् बर्कृ. Foreseeing, anticipating, पवेट s. m. Barley.

प्रवेदिक s. f. The hair twisted, and andecorated, as worn by woman in the absence of their husbands.

प्रवेणी s. f. Unornamented hair.

प्रदेश s. m. The yellow variety of kidney bean,

प्रवेश s. m. Eutrance.

ष्मनेशक adj. Who or what enters. s. m. An entry.

मनेशम s. m. The entrance to a house ; entering, entrance.

प्रशंबन } s. m. Praising, enlogising.

मनंता s. f. Praise, eulogium.

worthy.

प्रयंसभीय adj. To be praised, praise-

प्रशंस s. f. Praise, applause, flattery, commendation.

मर्शस्त adj. Praised, eulogised.

имня s. m. Killing, slaughter; pacifying, tranquillising.

प्रयस adj. Happy, well, right; good; excellent, best.

प्रसन्ति s. f. Excellence, eminence; eulogy.

प्रधान adj. Calmed, calm, tranquillised. प्रधानाच्या adj. Peaceful, calm, composed.

प्रवानि s. f. Calm, quiet, tranquillity, moral or physical.

प्रशासन s. m. Governing, ruling.

им s. m. A question, a demand, an inquary.

प्रश्रहती s. f. A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question.

দায়ী s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistica stratioites).

wer adj. Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner.

HE adj, A leader, a conductor, one who goes first or before; prior, preceding; chief, principal, best,

प्रशे s. f. The wife of a leader or chief. प्रमास adj. Eternal, constant, continual; obtained, gained attained: attached to, devoted to (person or thing), engaged in. adv. Continually, incessantly, eternally.

দ্বন্ধি s. f. Adherence or attachment to.
দ্বন্ধ s. m. Introduction, insertion;
association, connexion.

ини adj. Pleased, rejoiced, del ghted; complacent, gracious, favourable, kind. Prosanno karno, To please. Prosanna hono, To be pleased with to like.

मस्त्रता s. f. Favour, kindness, being pleased with.

प्रसम्भा । adj. Agreeable looking, मसत्रभृक्षो | smiling, looking pleased.

प्रस्त s. m. Bringing forth, bearing (as young); birth, production.

प्रस्वक s. m. A tree commonly called Piya (Buchanania latifolia).

प्रस्वत adj. Bearing.

प्रसक्ती s. f, A woman in labour.

प्रस्तवन्यम s. m. The foot-stalk of a leaf or flower.

দ্বনী adj. Having or bearing young.
দ্বাদ্ধ s. m. Favour, kindness, blessing,
gift, propitiousness. approbation;
food that has been offered to an idol,
or of which a spiritual teacher has
partaken.

प्रसादी adj. Offered to idols.

प्रसादक adj. Who or what accomplishes or perfects.

प्रसायन इ. m. Accomplishing, effecting. प्रसायनो इ. f. A. drug, commonly called Siddhi. Idone.

मनाभित adj. Accomplished, completed,

मसार है s. m. Spreading, extending, मसार है expanding.

प्रसारित adj. Stretched, expanded, extended.

मदारी बत्।. Spreading, expanding.

प्रतिक adj. Famons, celebrated, noterious; adorned, ornamented.

मिनिह 8. f. Fame, colebrity ; notoriety. मसू s. m. A mother. [Born.

प्रसूत s. m. The whites, fluor albus. adj. प्रसूत s. f. A woman who has borne a

प्रश्ना s.f. A woman who has borne a child, or one who is recently delivered

प्रमृति इ. f. Bringing forth (as young); tirth, production; offspring, children, a son or daughter.

प्रवृत्त adj. Born, produced. s.m. A flower, a bud, a blossom ; fruit.

प्रशीती s. f. Puerperal women.

प्रस्तन्त्र s. m. } Purging, diarrhoea.

प्रसर s. m. A stone or rock ; a jewel,

प्रसाद s. m. Opportunity, occasion, season; occasional or introductory enlogium. [tion.

प्रस्तावना s.f. Commencement, introduc-प्रसावित adj. Suited to the occasion, appropriate, seasonable.

प्रस्त adj. Said, declared; praised, panegyrised; accomplished, done.

प्रस्त adj. Expanding, sprend. s. m. A measure of quantity, forty-eight double handfuls; table-land on the top of a mountain.

प्रसमुख s. m. A sort of Tulsi, or Basil with small leaves.

मधान s. m. Going forth, proceeding, departing; march of an assailant; march.

पद्यापन s. m. Sending away ; appoint ment on an embassy.

प्रसामित adj. Sent, despatched. मस्तद adj. Blown, expanded. umfa s. f. Forgetfulness, forgetting. मसाव s. m. Urine.

But s. m. A watch, an eighth part of the day, or a division of time consisting of eight gharis, or about three hours.

बहर्चकानिका s.f. A species of the Sarkari metre.

प्रदरी & m. A watchman, a bell-प्रहरिया (man, a sentinel.

प्रहरियो 8. f. A species of the Atijagati metre.

मध्या adi. Delighted, very happy. NEET adj. Laughing, laughing heartily.

महसन s. m, Loud, violent or hearty laughter: mirth, merriment; sarcasm. satire : reproof, ridicule, irony. प्रदस्ती s. f. Arabian jasmine.

WEST 8. m. Striking, wounding, killing; a blow, a stroke.

usil s. m. A striker, smiter, destroyer, debaser, humbler.

HEIT s. m. Loud laughter.

www adj. Laughing aloud ; diverting, causing laughter.

महेचिका s. f. An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical question. www odi, Pleased, delighted.

महाद s. m. Pleasure, joy, happiness ; the name of Hirnyaksha's pious son and regent of one division of Patal. मजादित adj. Rejoiced, delighted.

wim adv. Before, prior, preceding, in place or time; east, eastern; at dawn, early in the morning.

मानार s. m. An inclosure, a fence, a rampart, particularly a surrounding wall, &c., elevated on a mound of earth.

माजन adj. Low, common, yulgar, त्रापार adj. Contrary to rectitude. de-

thence especially applicable to a provincial and peculiar dialect of the Sanskrit language; natural; belonging to or derived from the philosophical Prakriti, illusory, material. &c. s. m. Any dialect not Sanskrit, it is especially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages of plays.

иначеть. m. Common or usual fever, occurring from affections of the wind, bile, and phlegm, severally, in as many seasons, or the rains, autumn, and spring.

प्राज्ञसम्बद्ध s. m. The total dissolution of the world.

माजनिव s. m. A natural friend or ally. प्राव्याच s. m. Former age or time.

माहाजीम adj. Anterior, ancient, of a former time.

प्राचन adj. Old, ancient; prior, anterior, preceding, former.

प्राक्तनकथ s. m. Fate, destiny; any act formerly done.

माक्रमलग्यो s. f. The eleventh of the lunar asterisms.

मानभाव s. m. Antecedent privation, the non-existence of any thing which may yet be. In law, the non-possession of property that may be pos-

प्रावस्था s. m. Confidence, boldness, determination ; arrogance, effrontery. ज्ञामानी adj. Going before, a preenrsor.

प्रामञ्चीतिष s. m. A country, Kamrup, part of Assam, being the scene of Brahma's penance.

MINNIA s. m. Prior existence : superiority, excellence.

माग्य adj. Chief, principal.

viating from the ordinary institutions and observances.

प्राचार्थ ह. m. A. scholar, a pupil.

иг adj. f. East, castern; former, prior, ancient, old, of former times, ancient. e. f. A boundary hedge, a fence, a wall.

प्राचीनता s. f. Antiquity.

प्राचीनवनम s. m. A tree (Ægle mermeles). [andres]. प्राचीना s. f. A plant (Cissampeles hex-

प्राचीनामकत s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

प्राचीर इ. m. A boundary hedge, a fence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart.

WIM adj. Eastern, easternly. s. m. The eastern country, the country south and east of the Surawati, which flows from the north-east to the southwest.

RIBITION S. M. A form of marriage, the gift of a girl respectfully, by her father to her lover; a name of Allahabad or Prayag a sort of penace, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days, subsisting three days on given as alms, and fasting three food days more; a particular sacrifice performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heirs; the asterism Rohini.

प्राजापका s.f. Giving away the whole of one's property before entering upon the life of an ascetic or mendicant.

ин adj. Patient in investigation; wise, clever, sensible. s. m. A pandil, a learned of wise man; a skilful or clever man.

मामल s.m. Learning, wisdom.

प्राथमान s. m. Respect for learned men.

দাঘদাণী adj. Respecting learned men. দাঘা s. f. Knowledge, understanding.

प्राचा है s. f. A clever or intelligent

Right s. f. The wife of a Brahman.

দাৰলি s. f. Putting the hand together to the forehead, a mark of respect.

দাৰিখাৰ s. m. A judge, a magistrate.

First s. m. Air inhaled, inspiration, breath; air, wind; life, vitality, soul; postical talent or inspiration; of Brahm, the Supreme Sprit; an aspiration in the articulation of letters; sweetheart, mistress. Pranpati, Soul's lord.

being; a plant (Cellis orientalis).

unum s. m. Abandoning life, dying, suicide. [life. নাৰখাৰে s. m. Sustenance, supporting মাৰ্মাত s. m. A husband.

nium s. m. A sort of collyrium.

प्रापनी s. f. Sneezing ; hickup.
प्रापनिवा s. m. The ceremony of imparting life to an idol.

माचमदा s.f. A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi.

मायवाप s. m. Extreme peril or distress, fear of life.

माचमव adj. Living, breathing, endowed with breath or life.

माचनवाचा s. m. One of the cases or investitures of the soul, the vital or organic case.

arearan s.f. Support of life, subaistence.

प्राचित्र s. f. Death, expenditure of life. प्राचित्र s. m. A peculiar religious exercise; suspending the breath.

wivest s. f. A wife, considered as equal to, or as life. [life. squy; gdj. Destructive, taking-away.

माणहारी adj. Mortal, deadly.

माचाधिनाच s. m. A husband, as lord over life.

प्राचान s. m. Death.

प्रावाणिक adj. Fatal, destructive of life; capital (as punishment). s. m. Murder, assassination.

प्राचापकारी adj. Deadly, fatal.

WITITIES S. M. Breathing in a peculiar way through the mostrils, during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some deity, It is officently performed: the Vydyss or followers of the Ved close the right nostril first with the thumb, and inhale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils, and finally open the right for exhalation: the followers of the Tantras close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it.

সাধী adj. Living, breathing, having life. s. m. An animal, a sentient or living being, an animated being.

मायोपीका s. f. Cruelty to animals. मायोगास s. f. A mother.

प्राचीदिसा s. f. Doing harm to any liaving creature.

माचीहित adj. Favourable or good for living beings.

प्राचित्र s. m. A husband, as sovereigns of life.

माचेशा s. f. A wife.

प्राटः प्रातः वाव प्रातः वनव s. m. Early morning, daybreak, dawn of day.

मासर adv. Morning, dawn.

म्रातभीतन s. m. Breakfast, the morning meal.

मातिपरिका s. m. A crude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are formed with appropriate affixes. मान्यविक adj. Trusty, confidential, having faith in. s. m. A surety.

मार्चानक adj. First, of the first, initial,

पाच्च s. m. Firstness. priority.

प्राद्धिक s. m. Circumandulation.

मादुर्गात s.m. Appearance, manifestation.

मादेश s. m. Place, country,

प्राधान s. m. Supremacy, superiority, प्रान s. m. Edge, border, end.

माप्क adj. Procuring, causing of obtain; obtaining, who or what obtains.

प्रापण s. m. Obtaining.

प्रापित adj. Procured.

ин adj. Obtained, gained, received procured; fixed, placed; proper, right.

সামৰাৰ adj. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come; opportune, in season.

मास्त्रीष adj. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent; recovering, becoming conscious (after fainting).

प्राथाने adj. Successful having gained an object.

माञ्चावसर वर्ता. Opportune, sensonable, taking or finding occasion.

मति s. f. Gain, profit, income. produce, advantage, benefit, acquiring, getting, obtaining; improvement, success.

माच adj. Attainable, of tainable.

मार्क s. m Power, vigour ; predominance.

иня s. m. Superiority, preeminence.

unifum ady. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or anthority, &c.; being of anthority. s. m. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. A learned mun, one who supports his arguments by reference to books, &c.

भागास्य s. m. Authority, proof.

प्रामाय s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda). s. m. Madness, frenzy, fury, intoxication.

Will adj. Like, 'cesembling (used in composition), s. m. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, and especially after abandoning all worldly goods, and desires; quantity, abundance,

ष्याच s. m. Death, voluntary death. मार्थिक s. m. Expiation, penance.

मायश्चितिशिक, f. Rules for penance or expiation.

मारव adj. Begun, beginning. s.f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

मार्च s. m. Beginning.

मार्थक adj. Asking, an asker, a solicitor. मायंगा s. f. Asking, begging, petition, prayer.

मार्चनीय adj. To be asked or begged. s. m. The third or Dwapar age of the world.

मार्थित adj. Asked, begged, solicited. म: जम s. f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

मापट s. m. Barley.

मानीसा s. m. Cleverness, skilfulness. माहत s. m. A veil, a wrapper, a cloak or mantle.

माडनि s. f. An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge.

HIER s. f. The rainy season, two months, about July and August.

माहवासकी s. fe Cowach (Carpopo gon pruriens). [les Cadamba). प्राहदेखा s. m. The Kadamba tree (Nauc-

प्राच है. m. A bearded dart.

प्रापक s. m. A die, dice.

मानिक्य adj. Innate, inherent ; inseparably connected with.

utere s. m. A temple, a palace, a build-'ing consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince.

fuer

प्रिय adj. Beloved, dear, desired. s. m. A husband, a lover; a sort of drug, commonly called Riddhi.

THAT s. m. A tree (Nauclea Codamba); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa '.

प्रियकार adj. Kind, favourable, affectionate. doing good to, or treating kindly.

पियकत adj. Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor.

प्रियक s. m. A medicinal plant, and perfume, described in some places as a fragrant seed , panick seed (Panicum italicum).

प्रयमम adj. Dearest, most leloved. s. m. A favourite friend, beloved, lover. sweetheart, husband.

मिश्तर adj. Dearer, more dear. fugar s. f. Love, affection.

प्रियद्शेम adj. Handsome, lovely, good looking. s. m. A tree (Mimusops kauki).

प्रियमायण s. m. Speaking kindly.

प्रियमान adj. Beloved, affectionate.

प्रियमानुष adj. Become dear to or beloved by.

प्रियम्भावमता s. f. Amiability, becoming beloved, the state or condition,

प्रियवणी s.f. A creeping plant, (Echites fruiescens).

प्रियशही adi. Sweet or pleasant spoken, flattering, a flatterer.

प्रयम्ख s. m. A tree (Mimosa catechu). प्रियमको s. f. A female friend or com panion, confidante.

विषय देश a. m. A tree bearing a fragrant flower (Michelia Champaca).

full ady. f. Beloved, dear; mistress, sweetheart. He priyeh, My dear!

भिवास adj. Announcing good tidings. भिवास s. m. A tree, commonly called Piyal (Buchanania latifolia).

श्रीत adj. Gracious, kind, affectionate; beloved, dear to. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

श्रीतम adj. supert. Dearest, most beloved. s. m. A favourite, friend, beloved lover, sweetheart, husband.

भेति s.f. Love, affection, regard; the second of the twenty-seven astronomical yug.

मीतदान s.m. A kind of friendly present. मीतदाय s.m. A gift or token of affection.

मौतिपूर्वक adv. Through favour or kind-मौतिमान adj. Kind, affectionate.

ম ব্যা s. m. Any public show or spectacle, sight.

में चा s. f. Seeing, viewing, observing. भे चित्र adj. Seen, beheld, looked at. भेत adj. Dead, deceased. s.m. A de-

parted soul, a spirit of the dead, a gost, goblin, a sprite, an evil spirit, fiend,

प्रेतनी s. f. A female gost; demon or evil spirit.

मे तक्षे s. m. Funeral or obsequial rites. में तरह s. m. A cemetery, a burial ground.

मेतनदी s. f. The river of hell.

month. The dark half of the

water s. m. The region of disembodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed.

स स t. m. Love, affection, friendship, kindness, tender, regard. Premrang rota, adj. Coloured with the die of love, strongly attached, or in love, loving. प्रेमपर adj. Affectionate, loving. constant.

पेनी odj. Affectionate, lover.

with s. m. Sending, directing.

में रित adj. Sent, directed, despatched. में ड adj. Most or very dear,

में 8, f. A wife.

पीस p. p. Said, declared.

when w s. m. Effort, exertion ; stimulus, incitement.

भीत्याचन s. m. The instigator or adviser of any act, or, in law, of any crime.

मोत्साइन s. m. Instigating, exciting, stimulating.

श्रीकारित adj. Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged.

দাস s. m. A sort of carp (Cyprinus Pansius).

ঘীষ্টবার s. f. One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twenty-seventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus.

भोदित s.m. A family priest conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family.

भोषण s. m. Killing animals in sacrifice, immolation of victims; killing, slaughter; sprinkling with water, &c.; a text to be repeated when animals are offered.

দীবিৰ adj. Sprinkled; killed, slaughtered; offered in sacrifice.

मीड़ adj. Full grown; confident, bold, arrogant; able, clever.

श्रीदता s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth. भीदा s. f. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five. adj. Strong, firm.

भीदि .. f. Enterprise, zeal, confident or audacious exertion; investigation, controversy, discussion.

witten s. m. The month Bhadra (August-September). দীৱঘুৰী s. f. Full moon in Bhadr.
মৰ s.m. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus
infectoria). the holy fig-tree (Ficus

infectoria). the holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa); one of the seven Dwips or continents, into which the world is divided.

W. s. m. A diver or bird so called (Pelicamus fusicollis); waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoris); a sort of grass (Cyperus rotadus); fragrant grass in general, or another sort.

য়বৰ s. m. A deluge, an inundation. য়াম s. m. The fruit of the Hibiscus populneoides,

BIT s. m. Submersion.

fave s. m. } The spleen.

श्रीपत्र s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonis robitaks).

The spleen; the organ or the disease of it, as in English: in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c.

alung s. m. A medicinal plant, commonly called Rohers or Rohini (Andersonis rohitska).

sittle s.m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religions), deemed an enemy to the spleen.

an s. m. The third sound given to vowels, protracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance.

ų,

The twenty second consonant of the Negari alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter; and expressed by ph.

views. m. A handful (or rather monthful) of any thing eaten by being chucked in the mouth. Phanka murno, To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

प्रशा s. m. A grasshopper.

पंदना v. n. To be imprisoned.

प्रदेशाना v. a. To ensnare, to entrap.

will s. m. A noose, a net, a snare ; perflexity, difficulty.

पहरना v. n. To be entangled, to atick, to be involved (in calumity, gc), to be ensuared, noosed or entrapped, to be caught.

फंसवाना v. s. To cause to noose, strangle, &c.

uitis s. m. Entanglement.

फंस्थिए। s. m. A footpad who strangles passengers or travellers.

प्रकृत s. f. The act of treating with

किया s.f. A slice, a piece of fruit.

पन्नी इस s. m. A fop, an absurd partler, and indecent talker.

पाचीविवास s. f. Absurdity.

中歌 s. m. Wrangling, mutual abuse, brawl, raillery. Phakkar-baz, An abuser, an indecent chatterer.

with s.f. A sophism; a trick; illusion; fraud.

सन्भा s. m. The season of the holi; presents made during the holi holidays.

ষ্টেশ s. m. } A kandful (or rather well s. f. } mosthful) of any thing eaten ly being chucked into the mouth. Phanks merns, To cat by checking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

पदा s.m. A grasshopper, इत्या s.f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indi-

ca), a species of Hedysarum (H. Alhagi). (ata).

कञ्चित्रका s.f. A plant (Solvinia cucul फटक s. m. Crystal.

कटकना v. a. To winnow; to dust, to shake or knock off any light thing which slightly adheres (as crumbs from a table-cloth or dust from a tuble). v. n. To be separated s. m. The tape in a pellet-bow which strikes the ball.

फटनरी s. m. Alum.

कटको s. f. A fowler's net; a large cage : a rope tied to a tree to frighten birds with its sound.

फटना v. n. To be torn, spilt, rent, broken, cracked, to brust, spilt.

कटपड्ना v. n. To be produced plentifully; to become fat suddenly; to be confounded with too much business.

कटकटाना v. a. To shake or flap or clap the wings as birds just going to fly ; to give a sound as the shoes of a person walking.

Well s. m. A crack. Phate men paon dena, To interfere in any thinh. फटिक s. m. Crystal. .

W s. f. A gaming-house where dice are played; a place where hoods are exposed for sale; the shafts or pole

of a carriage, Pharboz, s. m. A. player at dice, a gamester; a prater a talkative fellow. Phar-bazi, s. f. Gambling, playing at dice.

कड़क verbal n. f. Fluttering, flutter, vibrating, throbbing, palpitating.

विकास v. s. To flutter, to vibrate with convulsive involuntary motion as the eyelids or other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders, &c.

WENTER v. a. To cause to flutter, tocause convulsive motion in the muscles, &c; (met) to shew.

कन

प्रकी s. f. A coarse screen.

पदमहाना ". n. To flutter, to wave, to twinkle, to move with convulsive motion. swift.

फडफडिया s. m. A flutterer, adi. Quick. फराना v. a. To cause to be torn, split or cleaved.

फिक्का s.f. A cricket.

फड़िया s. m. A pedlar, a retailer ; the keeper of a gaming-house or dice table.

पाच s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the (Cobra de capello &c. Phan uthana, v. a. To spread the hood (a snake).

was s. m. A snake, especially the Cobra de capello, or Coluber nafa.

पण्पर s. m. A snake.

फरवनिष s. m. A jewel supposed to be in the head of a snake.

फायान s. m. A snake.

फणिकेसर 6. m. Mesua ferrea.

फाणिकेल s. m. A quail.

फविनमा s. m. A plant, called also-Marua.

फचित्रका s. f. A plant commonly called Rumduti, apparently a sort of Basil with small leaves. will a. m A snake.

मर्गोद } s. m. 'The great serpent मर्गोदर } Andata.

फहफहाना v. n. To ferment (as sour milk, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust.

ws s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c. सन्ता s. m. A grasshopper.

पानपाना v. n. To hiss (as a snake): to spring up suddenly (as a fastgrowing plant); to move about briskly (as a playful child).

कान्द्रना v. n. To be imprisoned.

দৰ্শাশ v. s. To ensuare, to entrap.
দৰ্শ t. m. A noose, a net, a snare;
perplexity, difficulty.

कदाना v. a. To cause to jump or leap over.

मफ्या adj. Swelled; insipid. मफ्यो s.f. Mouldiness.

कारीणा है s.m. A blister, Phaphota phutne, o. n. To be blistered; it is used to express the mind being blistered, to be afflicted. Phaphole dil ke phorne, To satisfy a revonge that has long been rankling in one's breast.

dress. (plant).

सरका v. n. To shoot forth (as a कावता adj. Pertinent, fit,

wead s. f. Ornament, conjecturing what a person is by his dress. Phabti kahna, v. s. To say what is conjectured by one's dress.

क्षाप s. f. Embellishment, ornament. भाषान v. n. To become, befit, fit.

unius adj. Becoming, fit.

wr s. m. A shield; a fruit.

shoulders &c.)

with convulsive involuntary motion, as the cyclids and other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the

well s. m. Clearing away or dispersion (of clouds or of a multitude of people); fair weather; decision, definitive sentence (of a judge).

कारपाना v. c. To decide, to give a final sentence.

West odj. Pure, honest, fair, candid,

fair (not cloudy). Pharchha karna, v. a. To clean, to settle, to sweep.

परिवास v. o. To clean, to wipe, to settle, to clear away (the clouds &c.)

मरमन्द s. m. Deceit, brick, wickedness. मरमन्दिया adj. Deceitful, teacherons, wicked.

Will s. m. An axe, hatchet.

HTTT s. m. A. vane, a penant adj.
Half dried.

witur s.f. A kind of bordered was tment worn by *Hindus*; a contractor for reading.

भरो s. f. A shield, target; one of several fishes.

THE S. m. A betel-box.

TTTI s. m. An instrument for ranking together.

witz s. m. A piece of bamboo a sound made by the flying of a flag or the breathing of a house.

पार्शना v. n. To fly (as a flag).

परोच s.m. A tree (its leaves resemble those of the Cypress or of the Tamarisk, and make a whistling noise in the wind: whence the name)

mes. m. The fruit of any plant, fruit in general; fruit (mstaphorically). result, effect, produce, consequence: children, progency, gain, profit, ac. quisition, advantage; recompense, reward; the blade of a sword or knife, the head of an arrow, spear; écc.; a sort of fragrant berry and drug, commonly called Katoli; a nutneg, a ploughshare; the quotient of a sun (is arithmetic). Phatder odj. Fraitful. Phalpsa, To reap the reward of (good or bad actions). Phatphalari, Fruits of various kinds.

frontis, or bone of the forehead; a plant (Mesua ferrea.).

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फलनामना s. f. Desire of any consequence,

with a shield, &c. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phalai.

फलकेषर s. m. The cocoa-nut tree.

फलकीयन s.m. The acrotum or testicles.

দাবলৰ s.m. A small fruit of a back colour (Carissa carandas).

फलपडि adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season.

पानवस्थन s. m. Disappointing.

स्तवसम्ब s. m. The bark of the Indian fig, ground and eaten with curds, by way of penance.

फ्लनतस adj. Fruitful, producing fruit. फलत adj. Yielding fruit, profit, &c. फ्लताइ s. m. The fruit bearing tar, the

female palm. भववय s. m. The three sorts of fruit collectively, the Parush and the

Gmelina arbores; the three myrobalans.

पानविक s.m. The three myrobalans collectively.

क्षाइ adj. Yielding or bearing fruit, results, &c. s.m. A tree.

भावदाला adj. Giving fruit, rewarding or giving the fruit of good or bad actions.

भवन s. m. Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences.

भारता v. n. To produce or bear fruit, to result, to be produced; to be fortunate.

समानिकास s. f. Cossation of consequences. [result. सन्दिकास क s.f. Final consequence or मजनिवाध e.f. Bearing fruit; yieldin profit or desired results.

the fulness of consequences; the Coronds.

फजपांबाना s.f. An annual plant, dying after bearing fruit.

भवप्र s. m. Common citron (Citrus medica).

फलप्राप्ति s. m. Obtaining the desired result or fruit.

सवास्थानिक s.m. A game (called also mankeld); "think of a number, double it, add ten to it, take fire from it, &c. how much remains?" "twenty one," "the number was eight"

सत्तमीन s. m. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences; possession of rent or profit, usufruct.

कचनीनी adj. Who receives the profits, consequences, &c.

करवान् } adj. Bearing fruit ; yielding waseq results, or consequences.

क्षकेष s. m. The mango.

फलसम्बन } s.f. Prosperity, success.

क्षकिकि s. f. Realizing an object, reaping the fruit of any act.

क्षणकानि s.f. Loss of fruit or profit. क्षणकानाकी s.f. Hope or expectation of

favourable consequences.

प्रकाष s. f. A stride.

सदावा v. c. To make fruitful, to fructify, to cause to produce.

क्रवापेषा e.f. Regard to or expectation of consequences.

कवानी adj. Living on fruits. कवान s. m. A step, a stride.

सचित adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit; successful, yielding a result, कांचा है s.f. A cod, a pod (or the well seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas, a loop. Phali-kash, e.m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top.

क जियाका v. n. To bear fruit.

und s.f. A cod, a pod, (or the seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop. Phali-khas. s.m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent a e laced to the top. s.f. A shield; a medicinal plant, commonly called Priysagu.

দাগী adj. Bearing fruit, fruitful; productive of consequences. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phalai (Mystus kapirat).

फल्चा s. m. A knotted fringe.

nonia suave-olens).

पाणीतना s.f. The fruit arising from sarred study.

क्रजीहर s. m. Gain, profit ; joy, happiness : consequence, result.

wells s. m. Regard to results.

rays s.f. The opposite-leaved fig-tree (Ficus oppositiolia); the name of a river which is said to run underneath Gya; a red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, coloured with sappan wood, and threwn over one another by the Hindus at the Holl festival.

कन्त्र e.m. The month Phalgun.

क्षमुनी s. f. The constellation Phalguni. कल s. m. A bud, a flower.

ward s. m. A fish caught in ponds, commonly called Phassi (Mystaskapirat). with legs extended,

मस्या s. m. To split, burst, break.

भरकाना v. a. To burst, split, break; loosen, slacken.

WHHI v. n. To stick (as in mud or in a narrow passage), to be caught, to be noosed or ensured, to be imprisoned, to be impeded, to be entaugled, to be involved (incapanity, &c.)

मसमसा adj. Flabby, loose, not rigid. सराम् adj. Bad tebacco.

प्रसाना v. a. To cause to stick (as in a mud. &a.), to mire, entangle, embroil, catch, to cause, to be imprisoned, to souash.

पारका v. n. To fly (as a flag).

water v. n. To fly, wave, stream (as a flay in the air), to flutter.

with s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit.

फांक इ. m. A fop.

unism v. a. To chuck into the mouth from the plam of the hand (grainmesl, &c.); to squander.

जांकी s. f. A slice or piece of fruit ; an objection (in Tooic).

कांद है s. m. A noose, snare, net (met.) फ़ादा | perplexity, difficulty.

witen v. s. To jump over, to leaf over. with s. f. A bundle of 50 or 100 sugar-canes.

witten v. s. To swell.

क्रापाइ s. m. A hole, an orifice.

unie s. m. A splinter (of bamboo, &c.); a noose; an impediment.

wiest v. s. To nose, to ensure, to entrap, to throttle, to strmgle, to chock. v. s. To be impeded, to stick (as in mud), to be perplexed.

 gle. v. s. To strangle, to hang. Phansi parna, v. n. To be hanged. Phansi lagana, v. a. To kill ene's self by strangling.

本可 s. m. Red powder (sprinkled in the time of the Holi); the act of throwing coloured powders in the Holi, the gambols of the Holi.

क्षायन s. m. The name of the 11th month, the full moon of which is near Purvaphal-guni, February-March.

फाटन s. m. A gate, a large shutter; an obstruction, impediment, a check; the bar of a cont of justice, where the plaintiff and defendant take their station.

क्षाटना v. n. To be torn, to be broken split, rent, torn asunder, &c.

फाड़वाज adj. Ravenous; ravenous beast, &c.

फाउदाना v. a. To worry.

काष्ट्रना v. a. To tear, rend, split, break, cleave (wood &c.), to tear open, burst, rip.

काङ्ग करोतृ. Cut, slit, torn, rent.

unite s. f. Flour or meal mixed with cards.

काल s. m. The share of a plough. s. f.
A lump of betel-nut (Areca); a step.
क(लचा s. m. A fruit (Grevia asiatica).

कालगुन s. m. A tree (Pentaptera Arjuna); the eleventh Hindu month, February-March.

कार्युकी s.f. Day of full moon in the month Phalyan, on which the Holi or great vernal festival of the Hindus is celebrated; a name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets first and last.

काव s. m. A small quantity given

above the quantity purchased, to boot. .

कारका s. m. Mattock. spade, hoe.

प्रतिक्षी s.f. A crutch on which a Jogi leans; a piece of wood or staff with a support at each, end, which is held in both hands and laid horizontally, in performing the exercise of danda; an instrument like a small rake or hoe for removing a horse's dang.

THIS s. m. A flock of cotton wet with utra or scented water.

फिलाना v. n. To be thrown.

फिलामा v. a. To cause or teach to throw.

चित्रारण v. a. To bare or uncover the head, to unplait the hair of the head.

फिकेत s. m. A thrower (of a spear, &c.) फिक्क क s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

fms. s. m. Curse, malediction, adv. Fy!

Phit phit Curse on it! fy upon it!

fms. m. l. Alum.

দিত্রনার s. f. Curse, malediction, removing something to a distance.

फिटकारना v. a. To curse.

फिटकिरो s. f. Alum.

फिटाना v a. To beat up and mix, to froth.

fut adj. Again, then.

फिरकी s. f. A whirligig, anything turning as on an axis.

चित्राना v. n. To return, to revolt ; to be distorted ; to warp.

Teach s. m. Rejected things; 'money paid by a lewd woman to her paramour.

bulate, to walk about.

with v. n. To turn, return, walk about, go round, circulate, roll,

whirl, to wheel, wander, travel, ramble, change, revolt.

furth part f. or s. f. Returning, return, homeward-bound. Phirti ka bhara, The hire of a return boat, carriage,

further v. a. To cause to turn, whirl, wheel, make to go about, return, change, roll, shift, wander.

THE S. m. Return, restitution, rotation, turning.

फिनी s.f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

फिल्सना v. n. To slip.

fund s. f. The leg.

fun interj. Pish ! pshaw ! tush ? फिसफिसाना v. n. To be terrified.

fundant v. n. To slip, to slide, to err. adı. Slippery.

faran adj. Slippery.

पिसवाना v. a. To cause to slip, slide or

figures s. f. Slipperiness.

l v. a. To wash cloth, to प्रीचराजना frinse, squeeze.

with s. f. The point of a scourge.

भोबा adj. Weak, vapid, tasteless, insipid ; pale, sallow, light (in colour).

फंकार s.f. Hiss (of a snake). मुद्दारण v. n. To hiss (os a snake).

मंबारी s. f. Hissing (of a snake). Phunkari marna, To hiss (a snake).

मांबी s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn.

WITE s. f. The small drops of rain. फ दारा s. m. A mountain, a jet d'eau. पाचना s. m. A bladder.

भूकती s. f. A blowpipe; a fire-lock or piatol.

फुट odj. Odd, unpaired. www. odj. Odd, unpaired; separate,

dispersed (as a horseman).

कडबी s. f. A blot, spot, stain, adi. Odd, unpaired.

फाइया s. f. A sore, a pimple, a boil, unq interj. Expression of disregard or contempt (Phu. hut.)

फतकार adj. Arrogant, contemptuous, disdainful,

फदक्ता v. n. To jump, leap, hop (apto plied small birds), to dance about

in token of delight. फदबी s. f. A bird (Certhiatula).

फनगी s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn. &c.

फनक s. f. Top, summit.

फनसी s.f. A pimple. फुनिया

s. f. Penis puerilis.

कृदना s. m. A tassel.

WHAT s. m. The husband of a paternal aunt.

फपकी s. f. A paternal aunt.

www. s. f. The hissing of a snake. प्रमार्था v. n. To hiss (a snake).

क किया हात s. f. The sister of a fatherin-law.

मुक्ति s. m } adj. Descended from, or मुक्ति s. f. } related through a paternal aunt. Phuphera bhai, The son of a paternal aunt; cousin. Phupheri bahin, Daughter of a paternal aunt.

ur adj. True, right.

क्र s. m. The noise of a bird, as a partridge or quail, suddenly of taking wing; or of a small, quantity of gunpowder exploding.

मुर्पाराना v. n. To tremble; to wave (as hair in the wind).

कृत्कृती s. f. Trembling, quivering, tremour, palpitation.

MCCC s. f. Horripilation.

দুৰ্গ (s. f. Activity, quickness, alert-দুৰ্গ (ness, agility.

भृतीला alj. Quick, nimble, active, smart, alert, expert.

স্তাৰ adj. Inflated, puffed up; light.
s. m. A blister; a kind of cake or
small loaf; an area or arena for
wrestlers.

कुलकारण v. n. To inflate, to swell out (ss a make's hood), to expand.

भुजनारी s. m. Flowered cloth. भुजना s. f. A cake or raised bread.

मानभाषी कर्त. A kind of fire-work like

भागाती s. f. A flower-garden.

भुनहवा s. m. Cudgelling.

ৰূ বালা v. a. To cause to swell, to inflate, distend, to fatten; (met.) to make proud or to puff up with fluttery.

क्लाबरा s. m. Flattery.

क्तिज s. m. Oil impregnated with the essence of flowers by steeping them in it, ossence (ss a perfume).

सुचीरी s.-f Bread or cake made of fruit and pulse, and fried in ghi or oil. [a flower.

कृत वर्षः. Blown, opened, expanded as कृतदानम् s. m. A species of the Utidhriti metre.

कक्षत्रव sdj. Full or large-eyed; smiling, looking happy.

सुहतीचन adj. Full-eyod; looking pleased or happy. s. m. A large full eye; a species of the antelope.

भूतरन } बढ़ों. Blossoming, blowing.
भूतरात f A disorder in the eye, the
albugo.

मुख्युदाका v. n. To whisper.

फ्रम्मावह इ. f. Wispering, buzzing in the ear. দুৱতাক । s. m. A coaxer, a wheed-দুৱতীবিধা | ler, a seducer.

भुषताना v. a. To ceax, wheedle, cajole, flatter, instigate, entice, seduce.

कुशाधिका adj. Disgusting, stinking. कुका adj. Weak, without strength, slack (as a knot).

क्या s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt; a lizard.

www.f. Act of blowing, a puff, a blast, blowing up (fire, fr.) Phunk dena, To set on fire. Phunk-phunk-kar paon dharna, To act or walk carefully and cantionsly.

फू कना v. a. To blow with the breath; to blow up (a fire &c.), to inflame, set on fire, kindle, to blow (s horn, trumpet, &c.)

मृजारना v. n. To hiss (as a snake), to

मूडी मोंडार } & n

भोड़ार े s. m. A small rain, फूकार फूकार . a. To blow.

May s. m. A fine sensible young fellow.

May s. f. A kind of melon (Cucumis momordica); a ripe cucumber bursting elastically (as the Cucumis ntilatissimus: and Momordica mixts); odd, unpaired; difference of opinion.

dissension, discord; separation; a flow, breach, break. Phut parna, To arise (dissension). Phut-phut, or phut-kar rows, To weep excessively. Phut bikhera, adj. Scattered, dispersed, Phut rahna, To be broken; to be dispersed; to be unpaired. Phut hona, To be flivided in opinion.

The 27 s. f. Wrangling, disagreement, misunderstanding.

into or broken down; to be dispers-

ed, to be separated, to separate, to separate, to be unpaired; to burst, split, to be made public, to transpire; to arise (as a small), or to burst forth; to get promotion or advancement.

कटना adj. Bad (coin). कहा adj. Broken.

भूबी s. f. Dissgreement, disparity. भूबा s. m. Father's sister's husband. भूबा s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt. भूबा s. m. f. Father's sister's husband, or father's sister.

🐃 s.m. A flower, a blossom; boss, stud banch of ribands, &c. a cockade; the menses, of which children are the fruit; a swelling; bones of a dead person after the fleshy parts are burned : lights or fire (seen at night); pl. a ceremony performed in honor of a deceased person on the third day after his death. Phul uthna, v. n. To be performed (a ceremony in honor of the dead), to complete the forty days of monrning. Phul jana, v. a . To swell, to be delighted, to be pleased; to become fat. Phul sharna ; v. n. To speak eloquently; to fall from a lamp (drops of burning oil), Phul parna, v. n. To break out (a fire) Phul bythna, v. n. To le glad.

कुलकीकी s. f. A canliflower.

জুৰ্বা e. n. To blossom, to blow, to flower; to be pleased, to be in health and spirits, t.e. to bloom, to flourish; to swell, to be inflated, to be puffed up (with pride, &c.)

mossmona, Not to be able to contain one's self from delight, to be overloved, to exult. म्लाव s. m. A swelling,

मूली s. f. A disorder in the eye, the albugo.

men chingari dalnu, To excite contention or strife.

मृत्यका } इ. m. A rag मृत्यरा

मूली s. f. Chaff.

stupid, obscene, foolish, rade (applied to women). s. f. A bad housewife, a slut or slattern.

क्ष्यन s. m. Stupidity ; obscenity ; foolishness.

Wast adj. Talking obscenely.

win s.m. A fictitious teat or pap, formed of cotton or other substance, by which milk is given to a young geat or the like, when unable to suck the mother.

s.f. A small rain.

भें स s.f. Throw, cast, Phenk dens, v. a. To throw away.

प्रेषमा v. s. To throw, to fling, to dart, to let fly (s hawk, &c. at yame), to set off (s horse) at full speed, to gallsp.

में बाब adj. Requiring to be thrown,

wz s.f. Waist-band, a belt. Phent wz bondhna. To get ready, to resolve.

% Z41 v. a. To mix, to beat (as egys, &c.), triturate.

फंटा । s. f. Waist-band; a small turband.

म दी a.f. A skin (of thread, &c.).

% s. f. The waist when bound with a belt.

दिना v. a. To mix by trituration. दिना s. m. A small turban; waistband without fringe. Set s. m. Froth, foam, cuttle-fish bone, supposed to be the indurated foam of the sea.

फीनक s. m. Cuttle-fish bone:

फैनचा 6. f. The soap berry.

क्षेत्रता s. f. Frothiness, vapour.

फेनल adj. Froth, foamy.

क्र नवत adj. Frothy, foaming, bubbling.

क नामा है v. n. To foam, to froth.

parent of n. n. To loam, to troth.

के नायमान adj. Foaming, frothing.

we firm a lj. Frothy, fostoy, s. m. The soap plant (Sapindus detergens): the fruit of the jujube; the fruit of the Vangueria spinoss.

भे ने s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

की तुस s. m. Biesting, the milk of a cow, &c. for some days after calving.

फेक्को e. f. Inability to move.

mex.m. Turning, turn, return, change meander, mazo, curvature, twisting. coil, fold, circumstance; equivosation, ambiguity; difficulty, distance. adv. Again, back. Pherkhana, To wind (as a river), to meander; to go round about; to meet with perplexities. Pher dena, To return, to restore, refund. Pher parnd, To differ. Pher-phar, adj. Alternate. Pher-phar karna, To alternate. Phermen dalna, To throw obstacles in the way of another.

w < u v. a. To turn, turn, back, invert, reverse, avert, turn away, to make to walk backwards and forwards, to bring or carry back, to shift, repeat; plaster, stroke. Sir-per hath pherna, To deceive by coaxing. Hath pherna, To caress, to fondle.

क्रेश adj. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat ; malicious, injurious. Tit s. m. Turning, circuit, peramdulation; a roll; a wooden frame with which lime, sand, &c. is measured.

भेराम री s f. Walking back-wards and and forwards, ghing and coming; returning, alternating, alternation.

দ্বী s. f. Act of going round to the right by way of adoration, circumambulation, going about.

क रीवाचा s. m. A pedlar.

फ द s. m. A jackal.

wist s.f. Waist band; a small turban.

फ्रीनाना v. n. To foam, to froth.

দ্ধান্তৰ v. n. To be apread, scattered, to spread; to be expanded, dilated, diffused. scattered or dispersed; to become public.

प्रशास To spread, scatter, expand, diffuse, widen, stretch out, extend, distend, dilate, publish, proclaim, tobranch out, Hath phylana, To beg.

un are s. m. Spread, expansion, extention, diffusion, publication, display, extent; plenty, prosusion.

wares m. Prolixity.

with s. f. The notch of an arrow. adj.

Hollow, not solid (particularly jessels).

कोंकी s.f. A pipe, a tube; any thing perforated or hollow.

पीपार s.f. Small rain.

with s. m. Dregs, sediment, grains.

sdj. Hollow.

कीवड s. m. An indigent person.

मोक्प s. m. Dress, refuse, trash, grains. सीकृता e. c. To break, apilt, buyat, disclose, divulge, or cetray (a sacret) भीका s. m. A boil, sore, abscess, imposthume.

कीचा s. m. A blister.

T

The twenty-third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter δ, and often confounded with the analogous semi vowel w or v. with which some grammarians consider it to be at all times optionally interchangeable.

◄ s. m. A bending, a curvature, the reach or bend of a river:

बंकार s. f. A bending, curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

बंग s. f. Calx of tin given internally as aphrodisiack: a name of Bengal.

बंगकी s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass), a bangle.

बंगला s.m. A kind of thatched house, a summer-house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

बना s. m. A joint or bamboo root. बंगासा n. prop. Name of Bengal.

बंकी s. f. A humming top.

ৰ্থনা v. n. To be read or persued. ৰাজাতি s. f. A medicine taken to produce barrenness.

बंद्रवाचा v. a. To distribute, to cause to be shared.

बटवैया है s.m. A divider, a distributer बटेन v. a. To share, divide, participate. [Jamah.

बहा s. f. A short robe, a short full बंदेरी s.f. A ridge pele, the ridge of a house.

बंबीका वर्ष कर बंबर वंबर वंबर वंबर वंबर

बंग s. m. Race, lineage, family, offspring, descendant; a bambeo. the bamboo: it has been found by analysis to contain saliceous carth.

बहारको s. f. A genealogy.

in comp.) Of the race or lineage.

बंगीवट s.m. The fig-tree under which
Krishna was accustomed to play the

va s. m. A crane (Ardea torra and putea). Bak dhoyan lagons, To act with dissimulation. s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity. Bak jhak, s.f. Prattle, chat, &c. Bak jhak karna, To prattle, to chatter, to gabble. Bak lagni, Talkativeness, garrulity.

is used to cure the itch (Conyxa or Serratula anthelmintica).

names. f. Frattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity.

इसना v. n. To prate, chatter, chat, jabber, babble, cackle.

clack, gabble. Bak bak karns, Toprattle, chatter, gabble.

वकाकाना v. n. To prattle, chatter, elack. वकारा s. m. He-goat.

क्यारी s. m. f. A goet (generally), a female goet.

of a fruit), husk.

warre e. f. Prattle, foolish talk.

बसगरी s. m. One who talks feelishly, an idle talker, prater, eackler:

Talkativeness.

क्याना है part. act. A chatterer, an

4441 odj. Astringent.

वस्त्या s. m. The tengue of a buckle.

वकायन s. f. A tree (Melia sempervirens). THIST s. m. A forerunner, a harlinger: a traveller.

बिक्या s. f. A clasp knife, a pen-knife. बक्त s. m. A tree (Mimusops elengi). The root of a grass of which

rope is made.

बकोटना v. a. To lacerate with the nails. to claw, to scratch,

बक्कन s. m. Sappan or red wood (Casalminia sappan).

बद्धल s. m. Bark, skin, rind, shell fof a fruit), husk.

बळी part. act. Talkative : a prater, chatterer, jabberer.

THI s. m. A speaker in general, adj. Eloquent, loquacions, talkative.

बस s. f. The world.

वसरी s.f. A cottage, a house.

बस्तान s. m. Explanation, praise, description, definition.

7 v. a To praise, comwith with a mend; explain, define, relate.

बचार s. m. } A storehouse, a granary. वसारी ३. र्र.

witness .. m. A kind of stitch, strong quilting.

बिखावा v. a. To stitch, to quilt.

awil s. f. The side under the armpit. was s. m. Wrangling, a tumult, broil,

contention, dispute, quarrel. वर्षेत्वा adj. Quarrelsome, captious : a wrangler, a brawler.

adean o. o. To scatter.

чи в. m. A crane (Ardes torra and (crane). putea). ways a. f. Walking slowly (like a

rung समाना v. n. To be stupified or petrified with fear at the sight of a [To gallop.

नगस्य त. f. Galleping. Reachhut deurna,

ष्तक s. m. A kind of rice.

बनहा s. m. Trouble : cheat, deceit, Bagra karna, of avoid the payment of one's debts or the performance of one's promise.

वगिष्या adj. A deceitful person.

बनदना v. n. To return : to be spoiled. बगहाना v. a. To cause to return, to put to the rout.

बनपाती s. f. The side under the armpit. बनपान्ती s. f. A row or line of cranes.

बबरेसी s. f. A plant (Jatropha curcas).

यमना र s. m. A crane or heron (Ardea यगका (torro and putea). Bagle bhagat, A hypocrite.

अवसंग s. m. A bird, a grey goose.

बनारना v. a. To throw away : to spread Over.

वितवा है s. f. A little garden.

बनुबा 8. m. A whirlwind.

quart s. m. A medicinal herb with a fragrant root.

वसना s. m. The teeth and nails of a tiger which are hung round the neck of a child.

Twit s. m. The spices which are mixed with food to give it relish; reasoning, condiment.

वदारमा v. a. To season.

वर्षी s. f. A horsefly.

बचेल s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

वर्षेता s. m. A. Rajputs of the Bhaghel tribe; a tiger's whelp, a young tiger. TWIT s. m. A bending, curvature, reach or bend of a river.

www s. f. Calx of tin given internally as an aphrodisisok; a name of Bengal.

awd a.f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass) a bangle.

awars, m. A kind of thatched house,

a summer house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

or pan so called,
चढ़ा s. m. A joint of lambod-root,
चढ़ा s. m. A joint of lambod-root,
चढ़ा s. prop. A name of Bengal,
चढ़ा s. f. A woman of Bengal,
चढ़ा s. f. A humming top.

wa s. f. Orris root.

eners and clothes). s. m. A denoing hop. [prostitute.

वचकानी s.f. A girl adopted by an old and s. f. Residue, remainder, surplus. aws s. m. Speech, talk, discourse, word, expression; promise, agreement, Bachan chhorna, To break one's promise. Bachan dalna, To question, to ask, to inquire. Bachan torna. To break one's word. Bachan dena, To promise, to agree. Bachan nibhana, or,-palna, To abide by a promise. Backen bandh karna, To bind by promise. Bachan bandh hone. To give one's word, to promise, to be agreed upon. Bachan manna, To obey. Bachan marna, To conclude an agreement, Bachan lena, To receive a promise. Bachan hárna, To promise, to agree, to give or pledge or plight one's

word, to sffirm.

swage adj. Betrothed, esponsed.

swate. s. To be saved, be spared, to
escape, avoid, remain, unexpended,
recover.

recover.

aves e. m. Childhood, infancy.

aves v. d. To save, preserve, protect,
secure, reserve, extrients, spare, de
fend, guard, leave, avoid, conceal.

aves m. Protection, defence, safety,
security, preservation, salvation,
escape.

animal.

बद्धान s. m. A vegetable poison.

वस्त्र s. m. A cali वस्त्र s. m.

विद्या s. f. A. (female) calf.

Tett s. m. A colt.

बहरी s. f. A foal, filly.

पत्रमा v. n. To be sounded, to sound, to be famous. s. m. A rupee (used among brokers).

समानी s. m. One who plays on musical instruments. Bejon tri-mahel, s. m. The quarter inhabited by musicians; a brothel; taxes on musicians and female dancers.

वजनजाना v. n. To effervesce with noise in putrefying,

untus s. m. A kind of fruit.

ance s. m. A boat for travelling in, a pleasure boat of a larger kind.

बजराजा v. s. To cause to sound, to cause to play on an instrument of music. बजराज s. m. A kind of serpent.

natument, to perform or execute (music), to beat (a drum .&c.).

क्लाबाना v. n. To perform, accomplish, execute, effect, obey.

वित्यक्षिण v. a. To be in earnest, to be importunate, to insist.

and s. m. A thunderbolt; a diamond.

adj. Hard. Bajra para uspar. May
lightning fall on him! (an expression used in oursing any one).

way s. m. A title of Hanuman,

mark s. f. A kind of tilek of mark made on a Hindu's forehead with red-land.

caught (se game); to stick.

प्रशास v. ते. To entangle, insuare (as game), to entrap.

The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica); a single cowrie.

we't s. f. The art of making gold thread,

पष्टचरा s. m. A weight,

चटना v. a, To twist, to form by convolution (as ropes); to divide, share; gain, make profit. v. n. To be divided, to be twisted. s. m. An instrument with which ropes are twisted.

*Zar s. m. Highwayman, footpad, villain, cut-throat, assassin.

बदयारी s. f. Highway-robbery.

TRUE: f. A silken cord adorned with three fringes, which women use to tie their heir behind; a narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

बहरी s.f. A small cup.

पुरवोदी s. f. A brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बटनाना v. a. To cause to twist, &c. बटनान s. m. A tax-gatherer who collects a tax levied in kind.

बटवादा s. m. A share.

Mark s. f. Hire paid for twisting ropes, &c.

₹Z(♥ 1. m. A traveller, a robber.

बहिया s.f. A narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

(generally used for holding betel-nuts, &c.); a brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बहैर s. f. A kind of quail (Perdrix oli-

Tran . a. To gather up, collect, purse, accumulate.

बढीको s. m. A traveller, a way-farer. बहा s. m. Deficiency ; exchange or discount; defect, blemish, injury, off-ure; a ball (of wood or stone); a box in which gems are kept, a casket, Batta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta baz, A juggler, Batte baz, A juggler, Batte baz, and juggler, juggling, sleight of hand.

Regalensis, or (Indics); in comp.) a contraction of agr (Great; as Barbola, A noisy talkutive person, Barbhakua, A blockhend; Barpeta, adj. Big-bellied; a great eater; greedy, avaricious

ब्द्रमा v. n. To enter.

बङ्गाङ्ग s f. Muttering, the light headed talk of a person in a delirium.

ৰঙ্গজ্বা v. a. To mutter, grumble, chatter noasense, talk light-headedly, rave.

बण्डी एवा part. act. A chatterer, a mutterer, a grumbler.

awa s. f. A mare; the nymph Uswini, or the personified asterism which is designated by a horse's head.

बङ्गाधि s. m. Submarine fire.

बक्षशतुत्र s. m. Submarine fire ; the infernal regions.

नक्षल s. m. A sweet and acid fruit of a yellowish red colour and nearly round.

ब्द्रेशा s.m. A wild hog.

τψι a.c. Large, great, big, greater, senior, elder, eldes, principal &c. Bura korna, To enlarge, exalt, promote; extinguish, put out (a...

lamp. &c. as to use the direct phrase is deemed unlacky). Bara rasts pakerna, To die. Bare petwals kons, To be patient,

wit s. f. Greatness, largeness, excellence, bulk, bulkiness, bigness; magnifying, boasting. Barai karna, or,—marna, To extol, magnify, boast, vaunt. Barai dena, To honour.

THE O. a. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

बदायन s. m. Greatness, grandeur, dig-बदाया s. m. Grandeur, dignity, elevation.

बड़ी s. f. A dish made of pulse.

long joints.

बड़ नीया 2. m. An old man; Sir! (applied to an elderly man).

azi s. m. A carpenter.

बहता s. m. । Increase, augmentation, क्रती s.f. enhancement, overplus, more, promotion, aggrandizement, elevation.

बदब s. f. A carpenter's wife.

way o. a. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

बढनी s.f. A broom; advance made for cultivation or manufacture or a contract. [fruit

Tract.

THE S. M. A small round and acid

THE S. M. A small round acid

THE S. M. A

estate v. a. To bring forward, to lead on (an army).

ৰদ্ধাৰ s. m. Prolongation, advancement, increase, enlargement. [flattery. বয়াৰা s. m. Population; excitement, মহিবা adj. High-priced.

Tan s. m. A wild hog.

बढोतर s. m. । Interest, profit, advan-बढोतरी s. f. tage.

र्वाचक्षय «. m. Traffic, commerce.

पणिष्य है. m. The son of is merchant, or young merchant or tradeer.

विषयपुत्री s.f. A young woman of the Baniya tribe.

ৰভিন্যাৰ s. m. Traffic, trade, commerce, ৰভিন্য s. m. A merchant, a trader; tha, sixth of the astronomical periods called Karan, corresponding to the half of a lunar day; trade, traffic.

पिन्य s. m. Trade, traffic.

ৰবিষা s. m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

ৰৰ s. m. The worm which is destructive to shipping (Teredo).

THE contraction of THE A word, affair; or of THE Wind, generally used in composition; as, Bst-dahavi. edj. External, foreign. Bat barkao. s. m. Prolixity, talkabiveness, chicanery, wrangling. Bat-bana, An orator, a sophist. Bst-sonka karna, To ventilate. Bat-kahao, s. m. Talk, conversation.

प्तक s. f. A duck.

ৰৱশ্বৰ adj. Loquacious, conversible.
ৰৱশ্বৰ s. m. } Loquacity, conversiৰৱশ্ব s. f. } bleness, discourse,
dialogue.

चत्रक atj. Loquacious, talkative.
चत्रामा v. n. To talk, converse, speri चत्रामा v. a. To shew, explain, pc...out, denote, teach, inform, express, signife, adduce, account for. वर

Taler v. a. To point out, to shew, indicate, signify, explain, teach, tell to appear, s. m. An upper turban ; a small bracelet of metal.

बतास s. f. Wind, air. Batasa-pheni, t. f. A kind of sweetmeat, sugar-cakes.

TRITI) s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, बताया | sugar-cakes (of a spongy texture, or filled with air, as the word implies); a bubble.

चतियाना v. a. To speak, talk, say, converse, discourse.

चती *३. f.* A word.

and adj. A tattler, an idle talker. वतीली s. f. Buffoonery.

बहोरी s. f. A flatulent or edematous, swelling.

पनी s, f. A candle ; a wick, a match, n stick (of sealing-wax, &c.) ; & tent or bougie.

वत्तीस adj. Thirty-two.

बत्तीसा s.m. A medicine composed of thirty-two ingredients, usually given to mares after foaling,

वत्तीसी s.f. A set of teeth ; any aggregate consisting of thirty-two parts. Batti-si dikhana, v. s. To shew teeth : to laugh, to scoff or make faces at any one.

and adj. Affectionate, kind.

THI 8. m. A kind of rice.

ag at s. m. A kind of greens or potherbs (Chenopodium album).

₹\$ s. f. A bubo.

fance. as a m, The mouth, face, countenwater, to bet ; to settle, to predestinate, to take (as witness), to obey, acknowledge, agree, not to refuse.

बद्रीक्टा s. f. A kind of perfame, apperently a dried shell-fish ! a tree, apparently a species of the Zizyphus. बद्रीपतक s. m. A sort of perfume, a

leaf.

बद्दीपसा s. f. A plant, commonly called blue Sephálika or Nuctanthes.

बद्रीभेल s.m. A part of the Himslaya range, and celebrated place of pilgrimage, the Badrinath of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Alukananda river, in the province of Shrinagar.

बहल s. m. A cloud : exchange, substitution, adv. In charge, for.

बदलका v. s. To change, exchange, alter.

बद्धा s. m. Exchange, lieu, stead, a substitute, recompense, revenge, requital. Badle lene, v. c. To alter; retaliate, take revenge, Badleh, In exchange, in return for.

agent s. f. Price of exchange.

active v. a. To cause to alter, to change.

बदली s. f. Exchange, relief (of watches) ; cloudness : a small bit of cloud.

agents, m. A hogety.

war adi. Predestinated.

बदाबदी ade. With emulation, or rivalship, cententiously.

बहि है s.f. The dark half of the lunar month from full moon to new moon, the wane of the moon.

बहुत s.m. A cloud.

adj. Bound, tied; checked, sup-· pressed ; fixed, firm ; withheld.

बद्रकीय adj. One who governs or suppresses wrath.

asse adj. . Fast or firmly rooted.

weller adj. Young, a pupil, a child, one whose hair as not been shaven.

बद्धिका s.f. A sort of pungent rcot, called by some a kind of garlic.

ৰাজনি adj. Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead.

स्थी s.f. An ernament worn round the neck, hanging down to the waist and crossing behind and before; a belt, a snah, brace (of a carriage, &c.).

क्ष s. m. Killing, slaughter, slaying, murder.

auf s. m. A slaughterer, a killer.

बधकाक्षी adj. Wishing death. बधकास्या s. f. Intent or desire to kill.

बधद्रख s. m. Capital punishment.

wat v. a. To smite, to kill. s. m. A kind of pot with a spont to it, a vessel for drinking water from.

बधव्यान इ. त. } A place at slaughter बधव्यान इ. m. } or execution.

बधार ड.f. } A song in congrataaul बार s.m. } lation; presents, &c. carried to the house of a woman on the sixth or fortieth day after childbirth.

क्षिक s.m. A. huntsman, sportsman, fowler, killer, slayer, executioner.

afaa s.f. A bullock, any castrated animal.

afur ady. Deaf.

aw s. f. A woman, a wife, daughter-inlaw, lady.

बंबोपाय s. m. Instrument or means of putting to death,

wadj. Deserving death; condemned to death.

बच्चता s. f. Fitness to be killed.

बध्यम् नि s. f. } A place of public exe-बध्यम् s. m. } cution.

www.f. A forest, a wood, Bana-kanda, or Bana-gontha.s.m. Cowdung found in the forests. Bana-játra, s. f. The pilgrimage through the 84 forests of Brajs. Bans jharns, or.—marns, or,—mayharns, To beat the forests.

बन्धंड s. m. A forest.

यमपर s. m. A monkey.

बनज s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बनुकार s f. Waste land.

वनजारा s. m. A grain-merchant, a carrier of grain.

ৰণলাবা s. f. A kind of tent use by Bangaras. adj. f. Half-boiled. (grain). বৰত s. f. Lace, a ribband studded with spangles.

बन्दराई s. f. A plant (Luffa).

वनपद्धना v. n. To succeed, answer, suit, come to pass.

बनशास s. m. Living in the forest.

बनवासी ady. Inhabiting the forest. बन्धिकाव s. m. A wild cat.

बनभारत s. m. Wild (byngun) egg-plant (Solonum melongena).

क्तमान्य s. m. A man of the woods, a wild man, an ourang-cottang.

ननाम s. f. A garland of various flowers reaching to the feet; usually of the flowers of the tules (Ocymem sanctum), kand (Josainum multiflorum), manda (Ascleries gigantea), parijat (Erythrina fulgens), and lotus.

बन्दा s. m. A bridegroom.

बनरी s. f. A bride.

बनवार s. f. Price paid for making any thing.

from one's family; (mst.) disinherited (a son).

बनवेया s.m. A maker.

one e.f. A fishing hook; (in comp.)

Of the race or lineage; flute. Bank-with the figure, The fig-tree under which Krishna was accustomed to play the flute.

बन्दरी

बना s. m. A bridegroom; part. Made, बन्दे s. m. A monkey. prepared, having made, &c.

बनान s. f. Woolen cloth, broad cloth. बनाली odj. Woolen.

बनाना v. a. To make, prepare, form, fashion, shape, do, fabricate, build, compose, perform, make to agree, adjust, adorn, reconcile, pluck (a four!) to dress (victuals) to mend, repair, invent, rectify, mock, feign,

क्यायाचा v. n. To be making, to be in hand.

बनाव s. m. Preparation, de oration. dressing, decking one's self; concord, understanding reconciliation. Bango karna, To adorn, bedeck, decorate.

anaz s. f. Make, invention, affectation, contrivance, fabrication, formation, fiction, sham.

बनायना v. a. To make, to prepare.

चनावरी s. f. Preparation. बनासपत्ती s.f. Forest leaves.

ৰণিক s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बनिता s.f. A wife, a woman.

बनिया s. m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

विवायन s. f. Wife of a Baniya.

बनी A. f. A bride.

बनेसा adj. Wild.

बनैटो है s. f. A torch lighted at both करेरी ends and whirled round so as to form a double circle of fire.

बर्ने की s. f. Wife of a Baniya (shopkeeper, &c.).

बनेवासका 8. m. Cow-dung dried for fuel (not made up).

ानेका adj. Wild.

न्द्रवार s. m. A wreath or garland of leaves and flowers suspended across geteways on marriages or public festivals.

बद्धासा s. m. A sore that does not

heal; running sore, an issue. बन्दरिया) s. f. A female monkey.

दला र sm. Mistletoe, a kind of Epiist & dendron (Epidendrum tessela-

tum). बन्दी s. f. An ornament worn on the

forehead; a dress shorter than the Jama. s. m. A tribe called Bhata who are generally bards or panegy ists; a bard.

बन्दीग्रह s. m. A place of confinement. [bard.

बन्दीजन s. m. A sort of ornament, a बन्दका 8. m. A whirlwind.

बन्दीड़ s. f. A female slave,

बन्दील s. m. The child of a slave. TW s. m. A pledge, a deposit, s. m. f. A binding, a bandage; a tie or fet-

ter; bondage, imprisonment: binding, tying, Banth men parna, ya ana, To become a captive.

TWE s. m. Binding, confinement, a. pledge, a pawn; a deposit.

बन्धकी s. f. An unchaste woman, a harlot, a wanton; barren woman.

ब्यान s. m. A. complete army, or one with its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse, and foot,

बन्दन s. m. Binding, tying, confining. fastening; bandage, bond, bondage, imprisonment; obstacle, hinderance. ब्रम्बर्ग s. m. The knot of a ligature.

बन्धनरक s. f. Any rope or string used for tying.

बन्धमा v. n. To be tied, fastened, bound, continuous or uninterrupted, kept, enclosed, laid, formed or composed, Bandhi muthi. An undisclosed intention

बन्धकास्य १. m. A prison.

बनाई s. f. Bond, binding, fastening. बनाव s. m. Pension, h fixed allowance made to any one.

ৰুষালী v. a. To bird, fasten, shut, &c.
ৰুষালী s. m. One whose business it is
to carry stone, timber, &c. slung
over his shoulder; a pensioner; a
gunner, artillery-man.

em. A kinsman, a relation, but especially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or Sagotra; the Bandhu, is of three kinds; the kinsman of the person himself, of his father, or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwards, as his father's father's sister's son, &c.; a friend; a brother; a flower (Pentapette phanica).

ৰশু জান s. m. A relation, a friend. ৰশু জীব s. m. A flower (Pentapetes phænicea).

क्य ता s.f. A multitude of relations or friends; relationship, friendship. क्य त s.m. Relationship, friendship.

बन इस adj. Given by a kinsman. s. m. One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her marriage by her own relations.

es); a drug commonly called Birung; a crane; a drug commonly called Rishabba.

बन्दा s. f. A whore, a prostitute.

बन्दा s. m. A prisoner, one bound, a captive.

ৰশ্বী odj. Friendless, relationless.

ৰশ্ব s. m. A shrub bearing a red
fromer (Pentapetes phænices); but

also applied to the Ixora Bandhue); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

क्ष्य इ. m. A tree (Pentapiera tomentosci).

ৰ-ৰীজ s. m. Parsimony; stability, steadiness, persistence.

fruit in due senson; detained, confined under arrest.

ৰন্ম s.f. A childless woman; a barren cow; a perfume, commonly called Bala.

THE I. To be made, to be prepared, to be mended or adjusted; to chime, to agree, to fall in with, to do, answer, to serve, to be, become, to agail, to counterfeit, to succeed. e.m. A bridegroom. Bana chuna, Dressed, decked out, arranged. Bunna thanna, To be fully adorned, or prepared, to be decked out. Bana banaya. Finish-hed, ready made, complete, entire, perfect. Bana rakna, To remain waiting.

बन्नाफिर s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

TT 8. m. A conjurer.

arent s.f. A female conjurer, an en-

बपंच s. m. Patrimony, heritage.

बपा दीना v. n. To be raised, established or pitched.

बपरा बपुरी वे adj. Helpless.

क्पीतो s. m. Paternal estate ; patrimony, heritage.

TUTTET s. m. Vapour, vapour bath.

way s. m. One who creps the manes of horses.

autiust s.f. Quarrelling, dissension.

The f. Cropped hair, tresses; the act of eropping (especially the manes of horses).

बद्दत s. m. A clown, a lout, bumpkin, clumsy young man.

ब्रह्म s. m. A child, a boy (a term of

TTT | s. f. A tree of the Mimosa kind (there are several species, but the commonest is Arabica); the Acacia tree.

बर्बास्या adj. Talking nonsense. s. m. A catamite.

बबेसी s. f. The piles.

बनै s. m. The seed of a sweet-scented herb (Ocymum pilosum); a sort of hird.

बब्बो s. f. A kiss.

बभ adj. Large, great; tawny, &c., bald headed through disease. s. m. A large ichneumon; the name of a sage; a tawny or brown colour.

बन s, f. A spring (of water) ; a fathom ; a measuring rod.

बन An interjection addressed to Shiv (much used by pilgrims to the temple of Byjnath or Vydyanath).

बनकना o. n. To swell.

बसन s. m. Vomit, emetic. Baman karna, To vomit.

बमीख s. m. A sort of grass.

बया s. m. The little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the Hindus teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (Loxia Indica); an assizer.

बबार s.f. Wind, air.

बवाका adj. Flatulent.

बवाबीस adj. Forty-two. बयासी adi. Eighty-two.

adj. Best, excellent. s. m. A boon, a blessing, a choice, a good; a bridegroom, a son-in-law; the Indian figtree. s. f. Asparagus racemosus, conj. But, moreover, even. Bar dai, Giver of a choice or blessing.

at conj. Moreover, but, even, rather.

बरबाद s. m. Abstinence.

att s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a onltivator of betel.

at wat v. n. To rain.

बरनद s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

बरवा s. m. A rafter.

बरगेल s. m. An ortolan (Alauda). बरक्रतिया s. m. An innocent kind of snake.

बरजना v. a. To forbid, to prohibit. बरणी s. f. An eye-lash.

बरत् s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or penance; use, s. m. A thong, leathern girth, rope. part. Flaming, b'azing.

बरतन s.f. A dish, plate, basin &c. vessel, utensil.

बरतना v. s. To consider, to reflect. बरता part, pass. That which has been used.

बरताना v. a. To distribute. s. m. Old clothes.

बरद s. m. A bull, a bullock.

बरदान s. m. A wedding gift (to a bride); the answer to a prayer addressed to God or to a saint.

TTERT adj. Wide, broad (cloth).

बरदी s.f. A drove of cattle loaded. बरदेत s. m. A panegyrist, a bard.

MTW s. m. A bull, a bullock.

बरधना v. n. } To bull a cow.

बर्ज s. m. Colour, sort, class ; tribe (among the Hindus), as Brohman, Kshatiryah, Vyshyah, and Shudra; a letter of an alphabet; praise, description. conj. Moreover, but even, rather. Baran karns, To hire a priest

for the performance of a sacrifice or any religious ceremony.

बर

atem s. m. Description, recital, explanation, praise, Burnan karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

the north of Benares. s. m. A fruit tree (Cratera tapia). v. a. To marry. v. n. To burn.

बरनो s. f. An eye-lash.

बरपा करना v. a. To raise, pitch, establish, produce, set on foot, cause, occasion, introduce.

बरपा रहना v. n. To continue firm or standing.

बरण होना v. a. To be raised, set on foot, pitched, estallished, produced, occasioned.

बरबर्रेड. f. A peculiar kind of goat (from Barbary). [bravery. बरबंड s. m. Strength, vigour; prowess, बरमंदिया adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth:

ब्रमणा adj. Public, conspicuous. ब्रमा s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

बरवार adj. Strong, violent. बरवारा adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A. medicinal herb so called.

बरराना v. s. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

बरवह s.m. A tumonr in the belly. बरवह s.f. A kind of snake.

बर्ग s. m. A bird that feeds on fish. बरमा s. f. A ragini or musical mode by which deer and serpents are said to be tamed.

at a.m. Rain; a year; an intoxicating drag made of opium. Baras-ganth s.f. The ceremony of thing a knot on the anniversary birth-day of a child; birth-day.

बरसेका adj. Annual, anniversary... बरसीको s.f. Annual tax or rent.

Test s. m. A field where cows feed.

auth

att s.m. Cakes made of ground pulse fried in oil, or ghi. adj. Large, great.

The marriage procession.

बराती s. m. The company and attendants at a marriage.

बराजा v. n. To abstain to with draw. बरास s.f. A thong, a rope (particularly of a swing).

atia s. m. Abstinence.

or mythological incarnation of Vishnarin the form of a boar.

afeait s. f. Boast, exultation.

बरियार adj. Strong, violent.

बरियारा adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A medicinal herb so called.

बरी s. f. Quicklime; a dish made of pulse; wedding garment, adj. Strong, powerful.

बरीस s. m. A year.

(Cratava tapia, or Copparis trifoliata).

बरेज s. m. A betel-garden.

बरेडन s.f. A washerwomen.

बरेडा s. m. A washerman.

बरेरा s. m. . A wasp.

at s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

ৰাজ s. f. A (female) seller of betelleaf, or rather cultivator of betel.

बरीडा } s.m. A washerman ; a vesti-बरीडा } bule.

elass, a multitude of similar things; a class of letters pronounced on the same part of the mouth (as the gatta- | aqiai s. f. A disorder in horses, the rals, palatals, &c.); the square of a number.

वर्गी s.m. The Marhattas are so called.

बर्क्का s. m.] A (long slender) spear, a 48 s.f. j javelin, dart. Ber-chhi-. bardar, A spearmau.

बर्द्धत s. m. A spearman.

बणे s. m. Colour, sort, class; a tribe (among the Hindus) as Brahman, Kshattriyah, Vyshyak, Shudra; a letter of an alphabet, praise, description.

वर्णन s. m. Description, recital, explanation, praise Barnan karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

वर्षेना v. a. To explain, describe, praise. वर्णेमाला s. f. Au alphabet.

वर्षसंकर s. m. A person of a tribe originating in the intercourse of a man of one tribe with a weman of another. पतं s. m. Use, practice.

चरेन s. m. A dish, plate, bason, &c. ; vessel, utensil.

वर्तना To use.

बर्तभाग adj. Present, existent; the present tense.

दर्भो s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

बर्माणा v. a. To bore

THE R. prop. The people of Ava are so called.

चरीचट s. f. Chattering, prate, rant.

वर्षे s. m. Rain ; a year.

बर्बर ady, Annual, anniversary,

auf & s.f. The rains, the third senson (of the six), from the 15th of Asharh to the 15th of Bhadu Jain.

part, act. Raining. वर्षां ज

awin s. f. The rainy season, the rains.

farcy,

वर्षना v. a. To cause to rain, to shower down ; to rain.

वर्षामत s. m. Yearly pay or subsistence. बवैद्धि s. f. An anuual tax or rent. वर्धना v. n. To rain.

बर्शत s. f. The rainy season, the rains. वर्शकी s. f, A disorder in horses, the farcy. [down.

बर्धाना v. a. To cause to rain, to shower बर्भी s.f. An annual ceremony in commemoration of deceased relations.

बहाँ s. f. A peacock.

बल s. m. A coil, twist, crack, convolution ; side, direction. Bal khana. To be twisted. Balder ; adj. Crooked, twisted, coiled, convoluted, Bal dena, v. a. To twist.

49 s. m. Power, strength; semen virile; a name of the elder brother of Krishna, Balram; name of the king of Patal or the infernal regions ; a sacrifice, an offering. Bal be, interj. Bravo! Bal jana, or Bal bal jana, To be sacrificed, Bal dena, or, Bal karna, To sacrifice. .

बलकारा v. a. To open; to speak indistinctly from excessive joy or intoxication.

बलगना s. m. A sob.

amen's s. m. The male palm or toddy tree (Borassus flubelliformis).

ब्यतीष s. m. A pimple, a sore, a small boil (supposed to be caused by the breaking or pulling out of a hair, as the word imposed). . .

बल्ड s. m. A bullock that carries a burden.

बलदाक) s. m. A cowlerd, a bullock-बलदिया driver, a drover, a grainmerchant.

चलदेन s. m. A name of Balram. चलदेश s. f. A medicinal plant commonly called *Trayaman*.

बलना v. a. To burn.

बलनियम s. m. Weakening, reducing strength or power.

वजनकरा s.m. A pgrson who dies in a battle, &c. without doing any thing. वजनवाना o.m. To forment (as gowmith, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust; to make a noise (a camel) from lust,

ৰ্জনত s. m. A strong or robust man

बलम } s. m. A lover, a husband.

ৰবংকৈ s.f. A widow who lost her husband while very young.

बलराम n. prop. The elder trother of Krishna.

चलका s. f. Strength, power.

बलवन बलवान bodied, stout, lusty.

वलनपुत्र adj. Strengthening, ennobling. चलन ३. म. A tumult, riot, sedition, mutiny, alarm.

बन्द इ. स. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.

बलड़ी s. f. A faggot.

बन्दीन ady. Weak, infirm.

बन्दोनसः s.f. Exhaustion, weakness, prostration of strength, infirmity from fatigue or age, &c.

plant (Side rhombi olia, rhomboidea, and cordifolia).

वनार्यमा है ए. इ. To draw the hands and another in token of taking all his misfortunes upon one's self (generally practised by women).

बलाबा s.f. A sort of crane.

ৰজাখিনা s. f. A sort of Vin or lute, called also Ram's lute.

ৰবাৰ s. m. A sort of bean,

ৰ্যাৰ্থা s. m. Violence, oppression, exaction; (in law) the detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent measures taken by the latter (Anogging, &c.) to recover his debt.

ৰস্থানিকা s. f. A sort of sunflower (Helistropium Indicum).

बचानित adj. Strong, powerful.

adian adj. Strong and weak.

बदाय s. m. A plant Capparis trifo-

बनावक s. m. The caronda (Carissa carandas).

बदाभ s. m. The phlegmatic humour.

बाजि s. m. An oblation, a religious offering in general; presentation of food to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindu religion: it consists in throwing a small pracel of the offering, ghi or rice, or the like, the open sir at the back of the house; an animal, or one which is fit for an oblation; a king and Dytych, also Maha Bali, the virtuous sovereign of Mahabalipur, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and haven, by Vishnu, in the Vamon or dwarf Avatar, and left, in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Patal, or the infernal regions.

रिदान s. m. An act of sacrificing, or offering victims in sacrifice to God.

विषय adj. Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby,

विवार s. m. } Sacrifice. Balihar. विवारो s.f. } na, To be sacrificed.

will adj. Strong. powerful, robust,

stont, s.f. A wrinkle, skiu shrivelled by old age; the fold of skin in stout persons, especially females, upon the upper part of the telly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel.

बल के adv. But, moreover.

बल्बा बत्रु. Sandy.

पत्ना v. a. To scratch, to tear with

बल्ला s. m. A bubble.

बर्चेड्डा s. m. A whirlwind ; a ridge-pole (of a cottage).

बलेंडी s. f. A ridge-pole (of a cottage). बलेंबा जिला v. a. To draw onc's hands over the head of another in token of taking his misfortunes on one's self (yenerally practised by women).

वस्कात s. m. The bark of a tree. वस्य adj. Strong, vigorous, s. m. Semen virila.

नजान adj. Dear, beloved. s. m. A favourite, a friend; a superintendant, a master. [spearman.

जज़न s.m. A spear, B.sllam-bardár, A

and s. f. A prop, a pole, a long pole to steer or move a boat with. Balli marna, To push or move (a boat).

बदंडर s. m. A whirlwind, a devil.

बर्धर } s.f. Any creeping plant.

साई s. f. A kibe, blister or chap on the foot, chilblain.

वरादीर s. pl. The piles or homorrhoids. वरादा adj. Pocky, affected with Lues. veneres.

day adj. Talking nonsense, a babbler. s. m. A catamite.

बिश्व } s, m, Son of Brahma.

बवान इ. m. Description, explanation, definition.

स्पानना v. a. To define, explain, describe. सत्र s. m. Power, will, command, advantage, authority. Bas ana, To be obtained, to come into one's power. Bas karna, To overpower, to bring to submission.

वस्तिम s.f. Residence.

बसन s. m. Cloth; a dress, a habit, a suit of clothes, apparel, attire.

वसना v. n. To dwell, inhabit, settle, reside, abide, to be peopled.

बसनी s.f. A purse.

musical modes of the Hindus; the first of the six scasons, comprising Chytra and Bysakh; the small-pox; a phrase peculiar to the Benyals.

Basanta phulna, v. n. To put forth the blossoms of mustard plants.

Ankhon men basanta phulni, To dazzle.

Basanta ki khabar, Knowledge of, or care about, futurity.

बसनी adj. Of yellow colour.

NOTATION V. n. To come to an end; to succeed, to get away from. Basar-karna, n. n. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, spend, pass. Basar jana, v. n. To be finished, to pass away. Basar leyana, v. o. To bring to an end, finish, accomplish, execute, acquit one's self of, out trip. Basar hana, v. n. To be finished, ended, spent, or passed.

वषष s. m. Bull, ox, bullock, appied to बसाना To people, to colonize, to cause to dwell, to bring in tocultivation, to settle a country.

बसीठ s. m. Angel, messenger,

बसीडी s.f. The office of a messenger.

THE World, the earth.

vent s. m. A kind of axe used by carpenters, and adze.

बद्दी s.f. An instrument for outting bricks.

พริชา adj. Stinking.

wett s. m. A time before evening when birds return to their nest; a night's lodging; a bird's roost, a bird remaining on its roost. Basera karna, To roost.

बसैश s. mi. Inhabitant, a dweller.

बसीबास् s. m. Home, dwelling-place, residence, country.

an s. f. Thing, matter, substance, chattels, goods, baggage.

बसर s. m. Clothes, garments, stuffs.

बना s. f. Settlement, colony, village. बन्न s. m. Reality, essence, property, stuff, ingredients substance, wealth.

apparel [cana).

ৰক্ষা s. m. A plant (Callicarps Ameri-ক্ষা s. f. An abode, a village, a peopled or inhabited place, a population.

ৰন্ধা s. m. Cloth, a wrapper, pack-cloth.
ৰশ্বন্ধ v. n. To be halked, to be disappointed, to be deceived, to stray, to be intoxicated.

बद्दाना v. s. To balk, disappoint, mislead, deceive, beguile.

वस्त्रों s. f. A bamboo stick with ropes hanging from each end for slinging baggage to, which is carried on the shoulder.

ৰছবাৰা ৈ o. n. To flow, pass; to go ৰছিবাৰা or swim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

after part, act. Running (water), after Bahte pani men hath dhona, To pay attention to one's friends, or to attend to one's own duty or affairs while the opportunity is favourable; to make hay while the sun shines.

ATT adj. Seventy-two.

hindrance, prevention.

बहन है *s. f.* A sister.

कड़ना v. n. To flow, to glide; to float; to blow, to pass away, drive.

ষভ্ৰীজ } s. m. A sister's husband, a অভুনীৰ্ম্ব brother-in-law.

बहनेसी s. f. An adopted sister.

TENER adj. Flowing, gliding along; brave, bold; public, notorious.

चहर s. f. A fleet.

बहरा adj. Deaf.

(Falco calidus), Bahree-bacha, s. m.
The male of the Bahri.

ave s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. [amused.

ৰছবুদা v. n. To be diverted, to be ৰছবুদা v.a. To divert, amuse, recreate. বছবিয়া s.m. A kind of servant armed with bow, arrow, &c., a huntsman.

ৰছবী s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. [talk.

सम्बन्ध v. a. To argue, dispute, debate, समादिना v. a. To set afloat, demolish, destroy, rain, impoverish, deprive of felicity or fortune.

बहाना v. a. To make flow, set affoat or adrift, float, launch, swim away.

বছা দিবো ১ v. n. To wander, বছা বছা দিবো ১ be in a distress condition, to be intoxicated.

THE s. m. Spring, beauty, fine landscape, charm, delight. Term adj. and adv. The good state or condition, estalished, confirmed, well, prosperous.

TEST S. m. A flood, a flooding, flow, flux, aflux, effusion, fluidity.

ৰছিলানা v: n. To flow, pass; to go or swim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

विश्व s. f. A sister.

बहिनपा adj. Epual to a sister.

विषय जाना v: n. To issue, to come out. विषय odj. Deaf.

बहिराना v. a. To divert, to amuse, to

बहिद्देश s. m. Remote or foreign country. बहिम्म ज s. m. The neglect or violation of any moral or religious duty. adj. Impious.

बहिया } s.f. Flood, inundation.

बद्धित adj. f. Barren (generally applied to cattle).

sides lut at the ends; a register, book of accounts, ledger.

बड़ी बाता s. m. Ledger account book. बड़ीर हे s. f. The baggage, &c. of an

बडीरीबना Idem.

बड़ adj. Much, many ; large, great. बड़्ब s. m. A plant (Asclepias gigantea).

sarum alhagi), the marshy date tree.

THE S. m. A long time.

बहुबाबीन adj. Ancient, antique.

बहुगन्ध s. m. Olibanum.

A STATE 8. f. Arabian jasmine.

बङ्ग्या क. } ady. Many times; having aya्या f. } many good qualities.

Ar s. m. Armlet,

Bahut yar hona, To become more intimate than formerly. बहुताई s. f. Muchness, abundance:

बहुतात s. f. Excess, abundance.

बहुतायस s. f. Abundance, plenty, multitude.

बहुतेश adj. Many, mach, very much, abundant, most.

ৰম্ব adv. In many ways on places, &c. বস্তুৰ s. m. Plurality, multitude, muchness, abundance.

बहुलक s. m. The Bhoj, or Brich tree.

बहुदभी adj. Experienced,

anginum: s.f. A plant, yielding a caustic milky juice (Euphorbia of various sorts).

aver ad). Experienced.

बहुदीय adj. Full of faults or defects, very wicked, very bad.

बहुभन adj. Wealthy, rich.

ayur adv. In many ways, sorts, &c.,usually, generally, mostly, often. बर्धानत adj. Dispersed, scattered.

ayaz adj. Very clever.

बहुपत s.m. Talc. [grecum]. बहुपत s.f. A drug (Trigonells fænum-

बहुवर्षी s. f. A medicinal plant (Trigonella fænum-grecum).

A tree (Echites scholaris).

बहुपत्री s.f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

बहुमशह adj. Flowing in many streams. बहुम्बन e. m. The plural number (in grommar).

The Kadamba tree (Nauctea Cadamba).

बहु सूची adj. f. Fertile, fruitful. s. f. The opposite leaved fig-tree.

बहुभाग्य adj. m. बहुभाग्या adj. f. } Fortunate.

ৰম্মাৰ s. m. Respect, reverence. ৰম্মতি adj. Multiform. बहस्य ady. Many-rooted, having many | बह s. f. A daughter-in-law, a son's roots.

बहुमुख adj. Costly, precious.

TET adv. Again.

बहरकी adj. Various, or variable (in colour); changeable.

वहर्ता v. n. To return, to come back. वहराना v. a. To bring back, to cause to return.

बहरि adv. Agair.

बक्र रिया s. f. A daughter in-law.

aven adj. Multiform. s. m. Mimicry. बहुद्भा s. m. A chameleon.

बहद्यिया है s. m. An actor, a mimic ब इंदपी

बहुद्य s. m. Mimicry.

अप्रेक्षा s. m. pl. Wrinkles, furrows marks of care or pain.

arti adv. Again.

ate adi. Much, many.

बहरूल s. m. Abundance.

बहरपन s.m. The plural number (in oranmar).

बहवार s. m. A fruit (Cordia myxa). बहुविध adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts or kinds.

बहुबीज adj. Having many or much seed, s, m. The custaid apple (Annona squamosa).

बहुरीर्थ s.m. Belleric myrobalan (Ter-| minalia belerica).

बहती है s. m. One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive; as, sens Bahumala, Having many necklaces.

STNA adj. Having many enemies. awaiw adj. Having many branches or ramifications.

बहसुता s.f. A plant (A paragus).

Type s. f. The mother of many children.

wife, a wife.

TETT s. m. A. fruit (Cordia myxa. and Cordia latifolia).

बहेडा | s. m. A fruit, the Belleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

बहैत s. m. A vagabend, vagrant, wanderer. Hindus.

क्षेत्रिया s. m. A. fowler; a tribe of बच्चनेटा s.m. A young Brahman.

बहोरा s. m. Trader, food sont by the bride's family for the bridegroom; ceremony of the bride's dismissal with her husband.

बड़ीरि है adv. Often, frequently.

aiv ady. Left-side, left.

बोक s. m. A clock, curvature, bending : a reach or turning of a river; fault offence, wickedness. s. m. A. ·semicircular ornament worn on the arms; a kind of dagger; an exercise

with the dagger; a settee. wiws s. m. A kind of fencing with (wooden) dagger and cutlass.

बाक्यम s. m. Foppishness, debauchery, disorderly conduct,

with s. m. A fop, beau, coxcomb, buck, bravo, bully ; a knife or hook to cut bamboo with s. f. Name of a river. adj. Crooked, foppish, coxcombish, arrant.

बीकाच्य s. m. A fop, beau, coxcomb, bully, bravo.

ata s. f. Voice, sound.

rta s. m. Barren soil.

atnı adi. Liar, false.

atar s. m. Raw cotton.

बाचना v. a. To read. ales s. m. Calf.

बाह्य s. f. Wish, desire.

atian ady. Desired, wished, longed-for.

बाजर adj. Lying waste or fallow (land). । बाक्स adj. Barren.

atz s. m. Share, distribution; a weight (i. e. the standard by which things are weighed); food given to a cow while she is milked. Bant chont, Share, distribution.

कांद्रना v. a. To share, distribute, divide, participate, dispose.

बांडा adj. Tail-less. s. m. A. serpent which has lost its tail.

बांडी s.f. A cudgel, a kind of dress.

ৰাহৰা v. To destribute, divide, ৰাহ্য s. m. The name of a place in Bun-

delkhand; a parasite plant which grows on trees (Epidendrum, particularly tesselatum).

चारी s. f. A female slave, a bondmaid. चांच s. m. An embankment; confinement, imprisonment.

बोधना v. a. To bind, tie, fasten, shut, stop water, embank, to invent, contrive, devise, stop, pack, aim, build, compose, form, put, settle.

ৰামণ s. m. A mode of dyeing in which the cloth is tied in different places, to prevent the parts tied from receiving the die; slander, plot, plan; a kind of silk cloth, a kind of parrot. লাবা কৰোত. a. To prate idly, to talk foolishly.

with s. m. A bamboo; a measure of about ten feet, used to measure tanks, ditches, and excavations in general. (A cube of one bans is called a chou-ka.) Bans par charhaa, v. n. To be branded with infamy.

बाह्यक्षीस् s.m. Name of a caste who work के on bamboos.

बासरी s.f. A flute, fife, pipe. बासकी s.f. A flute, fife, pipe; a purse. बासाइ.m. The bridge of the nose. itel s. f. Flute, fife, pipe. adj. Mado of bamboo.

बास्री s. f. Flute, fife, pipe.

Tw.f. The arm; guarantee, protector or security (as when a men trusts himself in the power of an enemy, a third person, who engages to return him to his house or fort in security, is his banha). Banha pakarna, To protect. Banha tutna, To be destitute of friends or protectors. Banha dena, To assist, Banha qahna, To protect, Banhadarhano, To get ready, to prepare.

बाहियां s. m. A patron.

a adv. Or. either.

बारें s. f. Mistress, lady (among Marhattas); a dancing girl. Bai-ji, s. f. The mother bawd.

बाईस adj. Twenty-two.

with s. f. The royal army (so called, because composed of the troops of twenty two subahs); a command of 22,000 men. Baisi tutna, To attack with one's whole force.

बारेश s. m. Rheumatism.

darussa).

वास s. m. Language, dialect, speech. वासका s. m. A bean.

बाक्स s. m. A bush of which charcoal is made for the manufacture of gunpowder (Justicia adhatoda, or, gan-

with s. m. A sentence, speech, a word.

ৰাজ্য ঃ. m. An area or court-yard : ৰাজ্য ঃ several houses contained within one enclosure, a drug used as a ferment,

To turn the reins: and this phrase is applied to the drying up of the small-pox; thus, when the pustules begin to blacken and dry up, they say, Silla ne bay mori, or, Mate ne bay mori. Bag lena, To take the rein : to curb or pull up (a horse, &c.) Bag hath se chhutna, The reins to have slipped from the hand, denotes the loss of choice, power or control,

वाजा

बामडीर s. f. A long rein with which horses are led.

बाबा s. m. A vestment, honorary dress. बाजो s. m. A horseman.

बाबर s. m. Net.

TIT s. m. A tiger.

s. f. A tigress.

बायलर s. m. A tiger's skin.

THE s. m. A tiger.

बाबी s. f. A bubo.

बाचक part. act Speaker ; (in grammar) an explanatory particle.

बाचा s. f. Speech, language, word; affirmation, agreement, promise. arts s. m. A sentence (in grammar).

adj. Speakable, fit to speak. बाह्य s.f. Selection; the corner of the

lip. adi. Useless. THEFT v. a. To choose, to select.

राक्षा s. m. A calf, or the young of any animal.

ere Hawk.

बा अवास्त्र s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

& m. pl. Musical instru-वाजन बाजा 🤇 ments.

बाखाबा v. n. To sound (as a musical instrument); to be published, to resound.

बाजनारी s. m. Musiciana.

बाजपेत s. m. One who performs the sacrifice called Vainey.

बावरा s. m. A kind of grain, Indian corn (Holous spicatus).

TITE s. m. A musical instrument.

The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

ৰাবি

THE S. f. Market, Bazaar.

वाली s. m. A horse.

बाजीवर a.m. A conjurer.

Ta s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, a bracelet.

बाजबन्द s. m. Armlet.

TIZ s. f. Road, highway, path. s. m. A. weight or measure of weight.

बादिका s. m. A villa.

बाडो s. f. A habitation, dwelling-house, home, a garden-house,

बाटे बाटे adv. Somewhere or other.

नाइ s. f. Edge (of a sword, knife, &c.). verge, edge, margin, a fence a hedge. a line (of soldiers); a place below Patna. Bár urána, To fire a volley. Bár chirwana, or,-chirna, To sharpen Bar jharna, To fire a volley. Bar dilwana, or,-dena, To sharpen, to grind : to excite, to instigate, to animate. Bar pakrána, To encourage, to teach, Bar bándhna, Toenclose a field with thorns. Bar rakma, To sharpen.

TIME s. m. Submarine fire : a Brahman. बाक्षवानक s. m. Submarine fire.

बाह्य s. m. An enclosure ; alms, charity. बादिया s. m. A whetter (of swords, knives, &c. }

बादी s. f. An enclosed piece of ground, a garden, orchard, kitchen-garden; a house with the garden, &c., attached to it : cotton.

₹1₹ s.f. Increase, promotion ; a flood. बादना v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

wife's, f. Fence, hedge, edge of a weapon or tool, border, rim.

wift s. m. One who sharpens tools, बाद adj. Great, increased on merit.

WW s. f. Temper, quality, manners. s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; name of an Asur, son of raja, Bali; the bore or swell of the tide in the Indian rivers; a kind of rope made of Munj, used to form the bottoms of beds, as well as for other purposes.

बार्गिका s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise. बार्णी s.f. Speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

will adi. Tail-less. s. m. A serpent which has lost its tail.

चात s. f. Speech, language, word, saying, report, discourse; account, subject, question, canee, business, affair, matter, circumstance, particular, article. Bat karna, To converse, to talk, speak, say, address. Bat katna, To interrupt, Bat ka batakkar karna, To multiply words, to talk much on little. Bat ki bat. Unmeaning order, commands not expected to be obeyed, words of course. Bat ki bat men, adv. Instantly. Bat kahao, s. m. Conversation. chitchat. Bat kursi nishin hona. To be acceptable or approved of, a word or speech. Bat garhna, To speak to the purpose, to (speak so that one's words) have effect or make impression. Bat chalana, To converse, to start a subject. Bat chit, s.f. Conversation, chitchat, confabulation, discourse, talk. Bat takna, To put off, to excuse one's self. Bat dalna. To throw away one's words, to ask in vain. Bat dharana, To persist in making excuses, to put off, to evade. But pana, To accomplish one's | बाइद s. m. A flying-fox, a bat.

wishes, to effect one's purpose. Bat phenkna, To jeer, to mock, to speak at (but not to). But pherna, to equivocate, Bat Barhana, To prolong a contest. Bat banana, To make up a story, to make excuses. Baten sunana, To abuse, to speak harshiv. Baten sunna, To receive abuse or harsh reproof. But bandhao, To sophisticate, to prevariente. Bat bigarna, To mar a plot, to spoil. Bat marna, To turn off, to evade, to divert a discourse, &c. Bat men kuch karna, To perform a business in a short time, to lose no time in doing any thing. Bat rakhna, To assist, to agree, to comply. Bot rahna, To make good one's words. Bat lagana, To calumniate to insinuate something maliciously. [ism. बात s. m. Pain in the joints, rheumat-

बाती s.f. A candle; the wick of a lamp; a tent or bougie put into a wound to keep in open.

बात निया s. m. A talkative, conversible, entertaining person.

पातनी adi. Conversible. talkative. chatty, entertaining.

बाइ s. m. Accusation, dispute, assertion, affirmation; rheumatism. Bad karna, To argue

बाइर } s. m. A cloud.

बाइका s.m. Gold or silver thread or wire, brocade.

बाह्यनुवाद s. m. Altercation.

बादली s. f. Silver cloth.

बादी s. m. A speaker, an accuser, a plaintiff an enemy, a mischief-maker, disputant, an arger, Badi-chor, An inevterate thief.

बाट ady. Great, increased on merit.

नाधक adj. What hinders, opposes,

बाधन s.m. Pain; impeding, opposing. बाधना v. To prevent, restrain, hinder. बाधा s.m. Pain, distress, obstruction, hinderance, prevention.

बाधित adj. Obstructed impeded; pained, tormented.

s. f. Temper, quality, manners, s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; the name of an Asur, son of raja Bali; the high tide in the Indian rivers commonly called the Bore; a kind of rope made of munja, used to from the buttoms of beds as well as for other purposes.

बाबनी e.f. A pattern, a muster.

ৰাপ্যজ্ঞ a.m. One who retires from the world with his wife and family, and is supposed to pass his life in devotion in the forests; an anchoret or hermit.

बानर s. m. A monkey.

बानवे adj Ninety-two.

and s. m. Habit, profession; fashion in dress, peculiar to individuals or to bodies taken individually (so, regimentals may be called bana), uniformity; a kind of weapon; a veil; the woof in weaving. Bana banahna, To be ready, to be determined.

aim v. a. To open.

बाने e.f. The price paid for a work; ashes the thread with which cloth is woven; speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

बानोबीनी s. f. The price of weaving.. बानुषा s. m. Name of a water-bird.

बानसा 8. m. } A kind of cloth.

बान्दा s. m. Name of place in Bandelkhand. [friend.

TIME 6. m. A relation, a kinsman; a RIM 8. m. Father. Bop karna, To consider as a father. Bop mero (my father) and. Bap re (O father) are exclamations expressive of surprise, grief, &c.

बापदा । adj. Helpless, poor.

ara s. f. Steam, vapour.

बावन } adj. and s. m. Dwarfish, dwarf, बामन } the fifth avatar of Vishnu.

बावनी s. f. A snake's hole.

बाबर & m. A kind of sweetment-

atat s. m. Father, dad; sire; sir; child; Baba jan, Dear child;

and s. m. A child; a prince; Master a title given by Hindus, equivalent to Mr. or, Squire).

बाम s. m. An eel (Ophidium simack). बामकांग s. m. The left side.

दासन s. m. A dwarf.

बाधानी } s.f. A snake's hole.

वास्य s. m. A Brahman...

ৰামতী s.f. The wife of a Brahman; name of a medicinal herb, the moonplant; a stye on the eye-lids; a lizard.

बाधनकी s. f. Name of a plant (Ovied s verticellata).

बायज s. m. Sweetmeat, cakes, &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

strange. Yih bet boyab hy, This is another thing.

bass part in music, the base sound (especially of tubla, dholuk, and pukhowaj), which are played on with the left hand. Bayan paon pujna, To acknowledge the cunning of an autful person.

ere e. f. Time, occasion, delay; a girl not exceeding sixteen; verge, edge. s. m. A day of the week; door; water; child; hair; prohibition, obstacle. Bar lagana, v. a. To delay, to hesitate.

ধাংইৰা v. a. To load, give charge; to impose, give trouble, encumber; to give admission, to give leave.

ৰাবে s. m. Forbidding, prohibiting, preventing; an elephant.

बारवा ". n. To leave off, separate. v. a.
To forbid, prohibit.

बारना v. a. To kindle, light.

बारम्बार adv. Often, frequently, repeatedly.

be vagabond, ruined, or harassed. Borah-dori, s. f. A summer-house.

ৰাণান্ধণৈ s. f. The combination of the consonants with the symbols of the vowels.

भारादरी s. m. A summer-house. भारासिना s. m. A stag (Ceraus elaphus). भाराह s. m. A hog. भारत s. m. A cloud.

caste of Hindus whose business it is to sell torches add leaves which are used as platters; an ornament worn in the ear and nose; a garden, an orchard, a house; a girl not exceeding sixteen; time, tour, turn. Bariki tup. An intermittent fever. Bariwar, An attendant who waits in turn with others.

गहणी s.f. Spirituous liquors. गह s.f. Land. s.m. A. dhild. बाह्य है s.f. Gun-powder.

and adj. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed; young, infantine, a child.

ৰাজ s. m. An infant, a child; it usu ally means the young child, ander, five years old, but is equally applicable till sixteen years of age.

The s. m. Hair. Bat gopal, Family. Bat charitra, Tricks of children. Bat bandhi kowri marna, shoot at without missing, to act with great care, not to mistake. But bat, Hair by hair, every hair. Bat bika. A bent or disordered hair, is used to express "the smallest harm or inconvenience," so, But bika na hovoe, Let not a hair be disordered (let not be last harm be doue).

alw s. f. An ear or spike of corn; a crack in a cup or glass, s. m. The thread on which sugar is crystalized. Báldár, A cracked vessel (of china, glass, &c.)

ৰাজ s. m. A boy, an infant.

भावकत्व) s. m. Childhood, childish-बालकृपन) ness.

ৰাজকা s.m. A young follower of a Joyi or Sannyasi.

बालकीय adj. Childish, infantine.

बालकेलि s. f. Childrens games play.

बाखगीपाल s. m. Offspring, family.

बादचरित s. m. The tricks, games and general conduct peculiar to children, childish frolics.

नालक्ष् s. f. Name of a medicine or perfume.

बालती इ.m. A pimple.

बालधी s. f. "Tail.

बाबना v. a. To kindle, to light,

बाखवर्ष s. pl. Children.

बाजनीय s. m. An offering to Krishna presented early in the morning.

alum s. m. A lover or beloved person; a husband; a kind of cloth. Bálam khira, s. m. A sort of cucumber in senson in the rains (a variety of cucumis sativa).

ৰাজননীয়ে s. m. A species of cucumber. ৰাজনীক s. m. Name of the author ৰাজনীকি of Ramayan.

ৰাজ্যনী s. f. Any ascetic whose passions have been subdued from childhood. বাজায়ত s.f. A widow, who, when very young, lost her husband.

बालराज } बालवायज } s.m. Lapis lazuli. बालस्थ

बालकवा s. f. Child murder, infanticide. बालको s. f. A wig.

• A female child, a girl not exceeding sixteen; a medicinal and fragrant plant. s. m. An ear-ring; a wale child, a boy, Bálachandra, The new moon.

क्षणातप s. m. The rays of the rising sun. बाखायन s. m. Childhood, infancy.

बाकाभीचा adj. Innocent, artless as a child, s. m. An artless child.

ৰাণিৰ } s. m. A monkey, the son of ৰাজী } Indra, killed by Rama.

बालिका s. f. A female child, woman. बालिनी s. f. The constellation Aswini.

ৰাখিছ s.m. A pillow. ৰাখী s.f: A female child; an earring worn in the ear passing through the

worn in the ear passing through the centre of it.
ৰান্ত্ৰীয় s. m. Pain in making water.

from gravel, &c. [Elsbaluk.

बाब s. m. A drug commonly called बाब क s. m. A drug and perfume.

बालुका s. f. Sand, gravel.

बानुकावड़ s. m. A sort of fish (Chellodipterus culius and butis). बालुकामय adj. Sandy, gravelly. बालु s. f. Sand.

बाल्त s. m. A sort of poison.

बान्दरी adj. (Silk cloth), made in Baluchar near Murshedábád.

बालीय s.m. A plant (Siphonan-बालीयशास s.f. 4 thus Indica).

बालीपनीत s.m. The sacrificial thread, or substitute for it as worn by children; a cloth covering the privities.

बाष्य s. m. Childhood.

and x. f. Wind, air; the veneral disease. Bao ka rukh batana, To cheat, to impose on, to deceive. Bao khani, To live in pleasure, and enjoyment; to court one's inscirations, i.e. to protract a miserable existence. Bao bandi, s. f. Sophistry, exaggerated panise of a worthless being. Bao bandhna, To prevail over an adversary by flattery or invective without argument. Bao bhari khal, Of light estimation. Bao sarna, Wind being discharged backwards.

बावम s. m. Sced-time. बावमीचा s. m. The colic, flatulency.

नावभन } adj. A prattler, trifling नावभन } talker, babbler.

बावटा s. m. A flag or banner, a sort of armlet worn by females.

बावड़ी s. f. A large well.

The fifth supposed incarnation of Vishau in the form of a dwarf.

बावन adj. Fifty-two. बावना adj. Dwarfish.

बात्यवास s.f. Possession by a demon or devil, misfortune, calamity.

नावदा adj. Mad, insane, crazy.

बाबरी s, f, A large well.

with adj. Mad, insune, crazy.

गावती s. f. A large well into which

people descend by steps to get water; the drag (thing or animal with which howks, dogs, &c. are taught to hunt): a trick. Basli dena, To initiate, to

बाह

बावलेना s. m. Name of a defect in horses. बावसल s. m. The colic.

बाह्य s. f. The female of a kind of hawk or falcon.

418 s. m. Abode, residence. s. f. smell. scent, odour.

1 s. m. The chief of serpents, वासक which is fabled to support the universe, and which was used as a string to whirl the mountain Mandara in churning the ocean for the amrita, &c.

415 ₹ s. m. A basin, plate, dish, goblet. not. &c.

बासना s. f. Desire, inclination, choice. v. s. To scent, to perfume.

बासर s. m. A. day.

बासा s. m. Lodging, abode, dwelling, temporary residence.

बासी adj. Salt; perfumed, adj. m. (used substantively) Inhabitant; as Ban-basi. Inhabitant of the woods. Basi karna, To make stale, to vomit. Tre s. m. f. The arm.

बाइन s. m. A vehicle, carriage, any animal or other conveyance on which a person rides.

attat v. a. To shoot, to discharge a weapon; to comb (the hair).

दाहर ₹ adv. Without, out, outside. wifet | abroad, away. adj. Foreign. affect s. m. The left side (in sword

exercise, &c.)

गाहिरी adj. Outward, outer, outside, extraneous. foreign : stranger, foreigner.

41 8 8. f. An arm.

बाहज s. m. Sesaman growing wild or spontaneously.

atvzi s.f. The name of a river, said to arise in the snowy chain of the Himalaya, and probably the modern Behat, the classical Hydaspes.

बाइभुवा s. f. An armlet, an ornament worn round the upper arm.

बङ्गुल s. m. The arm-pit.

बाह्युद्ध s. m. Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling.

बाइला 8, m. Plenty, abundance, quantity. बिषारी s. f. Supper.

बिजन s. m. Sauce, condiments, particularly vegetables dressed with clarified butter, &c. and added to flesh or fish ; (in grammar) a consonant.

बिहाल s. f. A medicinal horb.

बिंद s. m. The name of a tree bearing a red fruit (Momordica monadelpha, or, Byronia grandis).

बिसना v. To curdle (as milk) to spoil.

विक 8. m. A wolf.

farm adj. To be sold, saleable, for sale.

विकार adj. Difficult ; terrible.

दिवाग v. n. To be sold, to sell. Bik jana (met.) To be dependant on, to be obliged.

famu s. m. Power, strength.

विकरार है alj. Terrific, ugly.

विकल adj. Restless, uneasy, troubled. विकासना v. n. To blow or expand (as a flower); to be delighted, to smile.

fewfen adi, Expanded, blown (as a flower); delighted,

विकास adj. Baleable, for sale.

विकाना v. n. To sell.

frant s. h. The change of any thing from its original state, deterioration : disease.

विकास s.m. Afternoon.

निकास s. m. Shining, blooming, expansion, display; pleased, happy,

delighted.

बिक्री s. m. A partner (at play, gc.). बिक्री s. f. Sale.

factar v. n. To be scattered, dispersed or dishevelled; to become angry. fara s. f. Stink, fetor.

দিশ্ভূদা v. n. To be spoiled, damaged or marred, to fail of success, miscarry, to quarrel, disagree, be at variance, be enraged.

ৰিনত্বী s. f. Spoil, damage misunderstanding between friends, war, battle. বিননি s. m. Badness.

বিশ্যা s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty katthas or 120 squar feet. বিশাস্থ s. m. Violation, difference, quarrelling, discord, misunderstanding, damage, injury. Bigår karns, v. a. To quarrel to forfeit friendship. Bigår par and, v. n. To be ready to quarrel.

বিবাড়কা v. a. To spoil, mar, damage, injure, rain, bungle; to cause misunderstanding between friends.

विनाइ s. m. Spoiler, injurer, destroyer.

दिनीना v. a. To deery, vitiate, ruin, destroy.

faur s. m. Battle, quarrel, strife.

বিষণ s. m. Hinderance, stop, prevention, interruption.

বিষ adv. In, among, between.

विश्वकथा v. n. To be disappointed; to be balked; to sprain; to run away, to retreat; to withdraw a consent which has been given.

বিশক্ষা s. m. An ornament worn in the anterior lobe of the ear,

निवसाना v. s. balk, disappoint, tobreak ene's promise.

विषयमा v. n. To roam, to saunter.

विचलना v. n. To turn, to bend, ship, break one's promise, infringe.

बिचर्क है s. m. A mediator, inter-विचरानी poser, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

লিবাৰ s. m. Consideration, reflection, contrivance, judgment, opinion, thought, apprehension, will.

विचारक part. act. Investigator, judge, inspector.

विवास part. Reflecting, thinking.

faultai v. a. To consider, reflect, think, investigate, comprehend, apprehend, conceive, judge.

रिकास adj. Poor, mild, meek, innocent. दिवाबी s. f. Straw विनया. विनया adj. Variogated, varions; won-क्योक्या s. m. A mediator, interposer, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

few s. m. A scorpion, the sign Scorpio of the Zodiac.

बिहडना है v. n. To separate, to be बिहडना है separated.

ৰিক্ডাৰ s. m. Separation.

विद्वना v. n. To be spread, to spread.

बिक्टर है s.m. Pan, punkah, chowrie.

factives s. f. Separation.

ৰিছলা । v. n. To be senarated, to separate, to slip, slide, to slip out of place, to sprain, to turn away the face.

विक्याना v. a. To cause to spread.

বিজ্ঞানা s. m. A stinging nettle (Urtico interrupto).

ৰিছা ইলা v. a. To separate, (metonim) to knock down, to drub. বিহাৰো v. a. To spread, to extend.

বিভিন্ন Ornament or ring worn on the

বিভারনা v. n. To separate, to be sepa- | বিভারনা v. a. To drive away, to turn rated.

बिकचा s. m. A sort of dagger; an ornament worn on the toes.

विक्री खना v. d. To separate.

विक्री ह s. m. Separation, absence.

बिक्कीमा है s. m. Bedding, bed clothes, विक्रोना 🕻 bed, carpetting.

विजना s. m. A fan.

विजली s. f. Lightning ; a thunderbolt.

बिनायड s. m. A bracelet worn on the arm, an armlet.

विजार adj. Sick, indisposed.

बिजाबा adj. Seedy, turned to seed.

विविधा . f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa).

বিজ s. m. Triumph. Bijayd-dasmi (the victorious tenth). The tenth of Amoin shukla-paksha, the anniversary of Ram's victory over Ravan.

विजेयी adj. Conqueror, vanquisher. विभीग s. m. Separation, absence, (espe-

cially of lovers). adj. Separate, parted.

बिजीनी s. f. An unfortunate, or miserable persou,

विभाकता v. n. To be alarmed.

विभावाना v. a. To frighten, to scare, to alarm.

fazu s. m. A tree.

बिटना s. m. A. son.

बिटाना v. a. To scatter, sprinkle.

बिटिया s. f A daughter.

fबटोबा v. s. To scatter, sprinkle, s. m. A son.

बिटीना s. f. Little child.

बिटीपा s. m. A heap of the cakes of dried cow-dung.

বিতালা) v. a. To cause to sit down, to seat, set, settle.

विज्वना) v. a. To jeer, ridicule, sati-विडब्बना है rize. विष्ट्रा v. a. To scatter, strew, spread

away.

बिदर् s. f. Pulse (of urd or mung) fried in oil or ghi, and dried in the sun, used as condiments.

बिद्वना v. d. 'To earn, to acquire.

बित s. m. Wealth, substance, thing ; ability, power, means.

बितना v. n. To pass. falms. बितरच s. m. Giving charity, donation,

विसरना v. a. To bestow.

facing s. m. Awning, canopy.

fantet v. a. To pass.

बिसीत adj. Passed, gone.

वित्त s. m. Wealth, substance, thing : ability, power, maans.

विता s. m. A span.

बितिया s. m. A dwarf (i.e. a. span high). वियवना v. n. To be astonished, terrified.

विषरना । v. n. To be scattered, to be fauren sprinkled, to be spread. विषराना v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle,

विया s. f. Pain, affliction, distress.

विद्यारना v. s. To cause to scatter, to cause to sprinkle.

विवासी s. f. Cleansing the warp. विषयना v. n. To be scattered, to be sprinkled, to be spread.

बिद 8. f. A little pit into which children in play endeavour to throw balls or marbles.

बिहरी s. f. A kind of tutenag in laid with silver; used to make hukka bottoms, cups, &c. and, so called from Bider, the name of a city and province.

बिदा s.f. Dismission; taking leave, farewell, adien bida karns, To bid farewell, to dismiss.

विद्वारण s. m. Tearing, rending, breaking, cleaving, splitting, severing, difactor v. s. To tear, rend.

विदाहना v. o. To turn the plough over a field after the seed is come up, to plough immediately after sowing for the 'purpose of covering the seed; to harrow.

fage s. m. Coral, tree. Country. बिरेश s. m. A foreign country, another बिदेशी adj. Foreigner.

बिदीर्ना v. a. To screw ; to mock at, to laugh at, to ridicule.

বিষয় s. f. Science, knowledge, intellect. विद्यासर s. m. A sort of demigod or attendant in the celestial courts.

facuel s. m. A student.

विद्यानान adj. Scientific, learned.

विकास adj. Learned in the Beds.

fav s. f. A sacred precept, rule, order, law statute, direction, decree, injunction; manner, mode, kind, sort, s. m. Name of Brahma, providence.

विशंव 2 s.m. Anersion, enmity, dis-विष्य स र respect.

विधवा v. n. To be pierced or perforated. विश्वत s. f. A widow.

fautt s. m. The Deity.

विभाता s. m. He who has predestinated, i. e. the deity Brahma: Providence. विधान s. m. Common practice, precept, direction.

विकास . f. Perforation.

विकास s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, slaughter.

fan) alv. Without, except, unless; not. Bin jane, Without knowing, unwittingly, Bin-dane pani, Without eating and drinking. Bin mare tauba karna, To fear without a cause.

विनता Wife of Kashap, 'mother of Garur. Frequest.

विनती s. f. A request, solicitated,

विन्ता To be picked, weave.

बिनवाई s. f. Price paid for weaving.

विनम s. f. Supplication, entreaty, modesty, courtesy. [perish, दिनसना v. n. To spoil, deteriorate.

feefe adv. Without.

बिना adv. Without, except, unless, not.

s. f. Weaving. विनावट है

विनायक Gonesh, a kind of demon.

बिनास s. m. Annihilation, disappearance, destruction.

মিনীলা v. a. To adore. venerate, revere. विनोना s. m. The seed of the cotton tree (It is said to be very fattening food for cattle). Binoula chabna, To say unpleasant things.

बिनीकी s. f. Hail (of a small kind). विनो s. f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

बिन्ह है s. f. A spot, a dot, a mark : बिन्दी \$ the dot over the letter representing the pasal termination.

fa≪ s. m. A drop, a spot, speck.

विन्दावन s. m. A certain forest where Krishna was educated.

विश्वना v. a. To siting, bite, v. n. To be bored or pierced.

विस्तावस s. m. Mountains.

fam: v. o. To knit ; to weave, v. a. To be iced.

बिपत s. f. Adversity, calamity. misfortune, distress.

विषयम v. a. To attack, to assault.

बिपरीत part. Contrary, opposite, s. f. Mischief, ruin.

fan s. m. A. Brahmon.

क्रिविक 🥻 s. m. Forest, wood. विविवि (

fage adj. Sufficient, plenty.

বিদ্যান v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, pert.

विके s.m. Thursday.

विवराना Spreading hair in joint state. विवासी s. f. Died, full paid.

विवाद Dispute, quarrel.

विवित्त s. m. Retired place, solitude.

विविध adj, Several kinds. विभंजन । s. m. Breaking, destroying.

विभचार } s.m. Falut.

faus m. Power, wealth, property.

विभृति s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, ashes.

विमाव } adj. Step-mother.

विमल odj. Clean.

fun s.m. A car or chariot of the gods (sometimes serving as a seat or throne and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving).

विसुख adj. Having the face averted, turned from, averse.

विया s. m. Seed.

वियान s. m. Interest.

বিধাসু m. a. Money man giving for interest.

विश्वरी s.f. } Supper.

[4418] s. m. Marriage. Biydh karna, To marry. Biya-ruchana, To celebrate a marriage. Biya-lana, To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

विधाइता f. } adj. Married.

to marry, Biyahan jog, adj. Fit for marriage, marriage, marriage, marriageable.

age, to marry. [lovers).

ৰিথাৰ s. m. Separation, (especially of ৰিথানী s. m. A lover suffering the pain of absence

बिर्वि Brahma.

fates a.m. A kind of fakir who has relinquished the world. adj. Wearried, disgusted.

विरचन s. m. Flour made from the fruit of the ber (Rhamnus jujuba).

ৰিংখনা v. To make, compose.

विरत s. m. Desisted, stopped.

विरता s. m. Substance, ability, power. विरति s.f. Slopping, desisting.

faral s. m. Name of a plant (a species of Panicum).

futu ady. Having no car or chariot.

fat ₹ s. m. Fame, reputation, panegy-rick.

बिरदावजी s. m. Repute, Fame. बिरनी s.f. A wasp; a small grain.

विरमना v. n. To stop, to remain, to delay.

विरमाना v. a. To stop; to tame, to reduce, to obedience, to allure.

fater adj. Scarce, uncommon, rare, wonderful; delicate, fine.

बिर्व } s.m. A plant, a tree.

विश्वा s. m. A plant, a tree.

factive s. f. An orchard, Birwahi karna, To make an orchard; to enclose with a hedge.

बिरसना v. n. To stay, to remain.

face s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

pangs of absence in love, (a female lover) separated from the object of her affection.

Sever s, m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers; a kind of song peculiar to washermen.

विरिष्या adj. Amerous, sensual, suffering the pangs of absent love.

fatth s. m. Suffering the pangs of absence in love, separated from one's love.

ৰিবালৰা v. n. To be conspicuous or splendid; to enjoy one's self; to live in health, case, content, and independence.

FIGURE 8. m. The embodied spirit. n. prop. Name of a sovereign.

বিংলো ady. Strange, foreign; belonging to another, e. a. To mock.

विराम ady. Uneasy, unquiet, agitated.

विरावना v. s. To vex.

विदिया s. f. Time.

विदिया s.f. Time, space of time.

विरोजा s. m. Galbanum.

विक्ट्रेस s. m. Reputer, one who makes reputation.

face adj. Opposite, opposed to, contrary to; against.

facq adj. Disfigured, deformed, ugly. Birup hona, To be disgraced.

Birup hona, To be disgraced. विशेष s.m. Separation, absence.

विशोगन adj. f. Separated, distressed from separation.

ৰিবাৰ s. m. Enmity, quarrel, contention, dispute, contrariety, opposition. ৰিবাৰী aaj. Quarrelsome.

ৰিল } s. m. A hole, burrow.

বিৰ্থান v. n. To sob, to cry violently (as a child); to long for, to desire eagerly.

ৰিজ্জনা v. a. To see, to look at, to perceive, to behold v. n. To be displeased.

বিজন adj. Separate, s. m. Separation, disunion, difference. Bilog marna, v. n. To be displeased, to be angry or offended.

विवयमा v. n. To separate, to be separated; to curdle, to turn (as milk).

বিজ্ঞানা v. a. To separate, to disjoin. বিজ্ঞান s. m. Separation.

149414 S. m. Separation.

विवस्ता v. a. To climb, to ascend.

ৰিজ্মলা v. a. To extract, to select (as passayes from books), to pick.
বিজ্ঞান v. a. To become bad.

ষিজনী s. f. A stye or stithe, the disorder in the eyelids.

ৰিজ্যিকাৰা v. n. To be restless, to be tormented with pain, to complain, from pain or grief, to lament, to blubber.

বিজম s. m. Delay, procrastination, tardiness.

বিৰক্ষণ v. n. To stay, tarry, delay.

বিজয় s. m. A he-cat; a kind of cloth, বিজয়েয় v. n. To lament.

facult ody. Foolish, simple, silly.

विश्वसना To be pleased, to be satisfied, to be delight.

बिलख s.f. A span.

facts a s. m. Settlement, regulation.
facts s. m. A kind of basket (long
and narrow) generally used for holding pan.

Frank s. f. A ladle for taking out oil; a small basket for holding betel leaf. Frank s. f. A she cat; a grater for seraping pumpions, &c.

विकादेवन्द s. m. Name of a medicine.

ferire s. f. A span.

lost v. c. To cause to vanish, dissipate, to dispose of to distribu-

বিভাগ s. m. Lamentation, a complaint বিভাগৰা v. n. To lament, to be wail.

विलार s. m. A male cat. विसाव विकायण s. f. Name of a ragini.

Rary s. m. Pleasure, delight.

विकासी adj. Voluptuous, addicted to

pleasure. बिलीकना v. a. To see, look at, behold.

बिलीना है v. a. To churn.

विश्वा विज्ञार } s.m. A male cat.

विज्ञाना v. n. To weep or complain from grief or pain.

बिक्की s. f. A she-cat : the bolt of a door, a bar.

विक्रीकोटन s. m. Valerian.

विज्ञनी s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. ad). Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

बिशेष s. m. Particular, circumstance. adj. Poculiar, special, particular, abundant, adv. Particularly, specially.

विशेषता s. f. Abundance.

विमोन adj. Free from grief or sorrow, happy.

विश्राम adj. Rested, reposed.

ৰিস্বালি s. f. Rest, repose, cessation, from toil or occupation.

विश्वाम s. m. Rest, ease, repose, pause, a stop, a pause in writing Bishram tens. To rest, to repose, to pass the night (particularly used by wandering fakirs).

विष । s.m. Poison, venom; (met.) it is sometimes applied to bitter thing Bikhdhar. A snake.

favour s. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthema pentandra).

faveluct s. m. The name of an animal the lizard kinde about a yard long, and aid to be venomous (Lacerta iguana).

विषम adj. Unequalled (in a bad sense). difficult, bad, afflictive. Bisom-jwar, s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

বিষয় & s. m. An objects of sense, any विषय 🕻 thing perceivable by the sen-s es; as, colour, sound, odour, flavour, and contact; an affair, matter, &c.

विषयी | adı. Sensual, worldiv. विषयी (

विषष्ठा adj. Venomous (as reptiles). बिषदा

विषेला adj. Venomous. विषिधर 🕽

far s. f. Rain.

ৰিষ্য s. f. Ordure.

fan n. prop. (in Hindu mythology). The Deity in the character of pre-Berver.

विश्वपद s. m. A particular song in the name of Vishnu.

fawar s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

fareaut s. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthema pentandra).

विसंखीपरा s. m. The name of an animal of the lizard kind, about a vard long. and said to be venomous (Lucerta ignana).

विश्वन s. m. Evil, fault ; desire, lust.

विसनपद) s. m. A habit of indulging विसमपन | desire.

विसमी s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

विस्वित्ताना v. n. To yield a sound as in the fermentation of putrefying vegetables or of vinous liquors.

ferrit s. m. The name of a bush.

विस्तार : Forgetting.

विसराना v. n. To forget, to cause to forget, to mislead. বিধালা v. n. To forget, to be forgotten. factor s. f. The name of the 16th mansion of the moon.

faum s. f. Means, capital stock, estate. faund s. m. One who sells every kind of things, a pedler, a haberdasher.

विसाध } s. f. Fetor, fetidness, stink.

বিষয়ের s.f. An offensive smell (as of fe, onions, &c.)

विसाना v. a. To purchase,

विसारन v. a. To forget.

विमाल adj. Great, large.

विशाष e. f. Purchase.

विसाहन v. a. To buy, to purchase. विस्ती v. n. To cry slowly, to sob.

विशेषा adj. Venomous.

বিশাৰে s. m. Spreading out, abundance, copiousness, prolixity, diffusion.

fৰবাবে v. a. To spread out, to extend, to diffuse.

विस्तुद्वा } s.f. A lizard.

विद्वन s. m. A seed.

विद्वेद s.f. A seed-plot, nursery (for plants).

विष्णे s. f. Thursday.

[asset adj. Agitated, alarmed, overcome with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self.

किएरना v. n. To rejoice, to take pleasure. v. a. To enjoy, to take pleasure in, te rejoice, te delight.

निक्री s.f. A subscription to raise a certain sum, assessment, quota, rate, share.

furit e.f. A spirit supposed to tease infants by whispering alternately sad and pleasing things in their ears which is the cause of their laughing and crying when asleep er awake. [Turn s. m. Name of a regint, विश्वान s. m. Morrow, morning.

বিস্থাৰা v. n. To spend or pass (the time).

বিশ্বার s. m. Diversion, amusement, sport. Bihar-asthal, Place of amusement. n. prop. Name of a province. বিশ্বারী adj. Sportive. n. prop. A name of Krishn, also name of a Hindu poet. বী A vocative particle used in speaking to women; Lady. con. Also,

बीका s. m. A roll of paper.

बीधना v. a. To bore.

ৰীপত্ s.f. Seed bed, seed-plot.

की घर s. m. A hole (of a snake, rat ge.) बीच s. m. A wolf,

त्रोषा s.m. A quanity of land containing twenty kathas or 120 feet square, त्रोष advs. In, into, among, between, during. s.m. Middle, midst, centre; difference; quarrel, hostility. Bich ki anguli, s. f. The middle finger. Bich parns, v. n. To differ, to raise a quarrel between. Bich bich. o, Mediation, interposition, arbitration. Bich bichso karns, To mediate, interpose. Bichon bich, s. m. The very middle, the very midst.

ৰীক্স s. m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio. ৰীজ s. m. Seed, sperma genitale (viriout mulieris).

बीजक s. m. A ticket tied to goods or on bags to mark their contents, price, &c., a list, an invoice.

बीजवा s.m. An fan.

बीजाबर सन्द s. m. A forest,

बीजार adj. Seedy.

ৰীলী s. f. A weasel, a mongoose (Vivera Ichneumon).

बीभाषा v. a. To tear up the earth with the horns; to push, to shove, to shoulder. Az s. f. Dung of any animal : a factitious salt containing sulphur.

बीटना v. n. To spill, to scatter.

बोडा s. m. An annular cushion put onthe head to carry a pot of water on: बीड़ा s. m. A betel leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut. spices and chunam: a thong tied to the hilt of a sword by which it is retained in the scabbard, a sword knot. Bira uthana, v. a. To undertake a business. Bira dalna, To propose a premium for the performance of a task. (These expressions originate in a custom that prevailed of throwing a birs of betel into the midst of an assembly, in token of proposal to any person to undertake some difficult affair then requisite to be performed; and the person who took up the betel bound himself to perform the business in question).

नीय s. f. A. kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीखा s. m. A roll of paper.

बीतना v. n. To pass, to come to pass, happen, befall,

नीन s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीनकी s. f. The hair twisted or plaited behind; a tail.

वीसवा v. a. To bore.

बीबी s. f. A lady, a wife.

नीमा s. m. Insurance.

बीर s. m. A hero ; a brother ; a jewel worn in the ear, s. f. A. tusk; a sister. adj. Brave.

बीरता s. f. Prowess, valour.

बीरन s. m. Brother.

बीरबस्टी s. f. A small insect with a back red and soft like velvet, scarletfly, or lady-fly,

बोरा s. m. A betel-leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam:

बोरी s.f. A betel-leaf made up with spices, &c.; the colour which adheres to the lips from chewing betel : a composition which being rubbed on the teeth stains their interstices of a red colour.

बीय s.m. Sced ; sperma genitale (viri out mulieris); power, strength.

all adj. Twenty.

बीसा s. m A dog which has twenty बीसी s. f. A measure of grain, adi. Twenty, a score.

ats. m. A point, a dot.

बुदिया s.f. A kind of sweetmeat like drops.

ब्देश s. m. A Rajput of Bandelkhand.

ब्कट } s. m. A claw.

बननी 8. f. Powder.

बुक्तलाना v. n. To talk incoherently to one's self, to act or talk foolishly,

बका 8. m. Handfull.

and s.f. A cloth brought over the shoulders under the armpits and tied behind; a handful. Bukki marna, To pass a cloth under the armpits and tie it behind.

बनना s. m. A cloth used by menstruous women, a pessary.

बनाइरा s. m. A vessel for warm water. बक्तना v. n. To be extinguished, to be put out, to be quenched (thirst), toto damped or dejected (the spirits.

ब्रमाना v. a. To extinguish, to make to comprehend, to demonstrate, to push as with argument, to persuade, assnre, instruct, signify, to cause to believe.

ৰুয়া बड़ाना ». a. To cause to sink. west adj. Old. बुट्मस adj. Affecting in old age, the manners of vouth. बदवा adj. Aged. ' बुड़ापा s. m. Old age. बदिया s. f. An old woman. ■ SI s. f. An kind of ornament worn on the ears. an s. m. A hazard table ; a blow with the first. कताना v. a. To extinguish. बता s. m. Overreaching, fraud, trick, take in. Butta dena, To overreach. as s. m. A wise or learned man. a sage : the planet Mercury ; Wednesday; the ninth Avatar or Hindu incarnation and the apparent founder of the religion of the Buddhas. wife s.f. Sense, knowledge, wisdom, understanding, intellect, discretion. बहिस्त adj. Wise, intelligent. क्रिन्त् adj. Wise, learned; famed known. व किमान् 8. m. 7 ब दिवान 8. m. संवित्तती ह. र्र. बहिदीन adj. Ignorant, silly, a fool. विद्योगता 8. f. Folly, ignorance. बहीन्द्रिय s. m. An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin. बदबद s. m. A bubble. बहबदाना v. n. To mutter, to grumble. my s. m. The son of the moon, and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified; a wise or learned man, a sage. वधन व 8. m. A. wise man.

अधनार s. m. Wednesday.

with ndj. Known, understood.

Mal v. a. To weave, to intertwine.

बभुचा s. f. Hunger. बभवित adi. Hungry. बर s. f. Pudenda fæminæ. बरबोला adj. Scurrilous. बरमसिया adj. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth, बरला s. m. A wasp. act adj. Bad, worse, Bura manna, v. a. To take amiss or ill or as an affront, to be displeased or affronted. Burglagna, v. n. To be unpleasant. बराई s. f. Mischief, badness, evil, wickedness. Burai par uthna, or Burai par kamar bandhna, To resolve on mischief. बजे s. m. A cable. वर्त्री s.f. A term of abuse (applied to a woman). बरे s.f. A term used at chess when the king only, on one side, remains on the board; (hence also) an opportunity of making some acquisition, auf adj. Wicked, bad. we s. f. Pudenda fæminæ. ब्बब्धा s. m. A bubble. ब लगाना v. a. To cause to call or to send for. Inose. wester s. m. An ornament worn on the ब जाना v. a. To call, invite, bid. ब ला भेजना v. a. To send for. बुकाकाना v. a. To summon. wars s. f. Calling, call, a summons, bidding. ब हा s. m. A bubble. ब इनी s. f. Handsel, first sale, बहरी s. f. Fried or parched barley. बुहारन s. f. Sweepings. STITUT v. a. To sweep. बहारी s. f. A broom. TETE 8. m. A sweeper. was s. f. A sister; an aunt by the father's side.

at s.f. A word used to frighten chii-

Fe s. f. A drop. Bund ki bund, Rectified, twice distilled (spirit, &c.).

ब्दा s m. A large drop. Bunds bandi, Small and interrupted dropping of rain.

ब्दी s. f. Drops of rain; name of a place; a kind of sweetmeat.

ब्बना v. s. To reduce to powder, to powder, pulverize, grind.

ৰুকা s.m. Powder ; small pearls.

to crouch.

ager s. m. adj. Ear-cropt, without
ager s. f. ears.

www. s. f. Understanding, comprehension, thought,

वभागा v. a. To understand, comprehend, think.

कुमाई &. f. Teaching, instruction.

₹2 s. m. A kind of pulse, chick-pea (Cicer arietinum).

बुदा s. m. A flower (particularly worked on cloth or painted on paper, &c.), a bush, a shrub. Buta-kadd, Is applied to describe the small stature and exquisite proportion of a beloved person. Bute-dar, Flowered (cloth). बुटी s.f. Drugs; flowers or springs (on

muslin). মুম্বা v. n. To dive ; to be immerged,

to drown, to dip.

बुक् सरका v. n. To be drowned, to drown. बुद्धिया s. m. A diver.

s.f. A point of a spear; a spike in the end of a staff.

बुता s. m. Strength, power, ability.

ya s. f. A sister; (on the west of India) a lady, a favourite concubine or one of superior rank.

at adj. Barren (land), s. f. Chaff,

husk, Bur ka laddu, A sort of sweetmeat made with the husk of grain. (The confectioners avow the imposition and cry out to passengers, "you will repent if you eat it, or regret not tasting it, Hence great men are sometimes called Bur ko laddu, when they make a practice of encouraging their dependants to hope, but do nothing for them at last, as dancing attendance on them and neglecting them are each likely to produce regret. The term also means any person or thing, which is fair without and foul within, or that promises well but turns out ill); a well-looking, but stupid fellow.

att s. m. A coarse kind sugar; sawdust: powder.

ge s. m. A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation.

y z s.f. A plant worshipped by the Hindus commonly called Talasi (Ocymum searctum, or sacred basil; this shrub is said to be a female metamorphosed; the circumstance however is variously told).

ভাষ্যৰ s. m. Name of a place in the vicinity of Mathura, and the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis; a wilderness of Tulasi trees.

₹ # 8. m. A wolf.

3. m. A tree in general.

sur adj. Abortive, vain, in vain.

₩ adj. Old.

y ব্যক্তি e.m. The regent of the planet Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet: in mythology he is the preceptor of the gods; Thursday.

इस्लिविदार a, m. Thursday.

A vecative particle used contemptuously, you fellow! you rascal! sirrah! O! बंग s.m. A frog, paddock, toad. बंट s.m. A handle.

बेखा adj. Crooked, athwart, awry. बेंचना v. a. To plait, braid.

नेत s. m. Celerity, haste, rapidity; (adverbially) with haste, quickly, soon; dung.

वेबार s. m. A person forced to work with or without pay.

नेशारी s.f. The act of pressing or forcing to work. Begari lena, To take forcibly or press, with or without pay.

बेगी adv. Quickly.

बेक s.m. A frog, paddock, toad. बेचना v. a. To sell.

बेजू s. m. The name of an animal that feeds on carcases (Ursus Indicus) Indian badger).

बेसा s. m. A lutt or mark for archers. बेडा s. m. A son, a child. Beta ker lena, To adopt a son.

बेटी 8. f. A daughter.

बेठच s. m. The envelope, in which cloth purchased is folded up, to which the purchaser is entitled; packcloth, wrapper.

au s. m. An enclosure. Ber bandi karna, To enclose a field.

THE S. M. A raft, a float; the raft which is floated by the Mshomedans in honour of (Khwaja Khier. (Besides the anniversary bera offered to propitiate him, hundreds of smaller ones with lamps may be seen on Thursdays of the month Bhadon particularly, which are offered by the Mahomedans to this saint). Bera par karna, or lagana, To relieve from distress, to remove difficulties, to help one through a business (it, to ferry over a raft). Bera par hona, To obtain

deliverance from misfortune or distress, to succeed.

विक्या s. m. The name of a caste of Hindus ; dimin. of bers.

and s.f. Irons fastened to the legs (of criminals, elephants, &c.), fetters; a lasket used to irrigate fields with.

बेदना v. a. To enclose with a fence, to surround ; to pound (cattle, &c.) ; to drive away cattle.

केडा adj. Crooked. s. m. Paling, railing.

बेख } s f. A flute, pipe, fife.

बेत s. f. A cane, a ratan (Calamus rotang).

be occupied and animated by an evil spirit; name of a demon.

agregate. The original Ved is helieved by the Hindus to have been revealed by Brahms, and to have been preserved by tradition until it was arranged in its present order by a sage, who thence obtained the surname of Vyas or Vedoyas, that is, compiler of the Veds. He distributed the Indian secred books into four parts, which are severally entitled. Rig. Xajush, Sam and Athvor; and each of them bears the common name of Ved.

दन } s.f. Pain sickness, ache.

बेदबा s. m. A reader of the Veds.

बेहान s.m. The name of particular Hindu philosophical system.

बेदानी s.m. One who is conversant in the Vedent system.

वेदिया हाँ f. An altar, platform. वेदी s. f. An altar.

we s. m. Bore, crack, hole.

बेधड़का } adj. Without fear or doubt, बेधड़का } fearless.

बेधना v. a. To pierce, to perforate, to bore.

बेधि। s. m. A borer, one who per-बेधी forates gems, &c.

बन s. m. A flute, pipe, fife.

बन। s. m. Name of a grass, Khas (Andropogon muricatum); a fan.

बेनी s. f The hair twisted behind,

बें र s. f. A sort of grass.

ब सात s.f. A step-mother. Bemat bhai, A brother born of a different mother by the same father, a half-brother by the father's side.

a ₹ s. m. The name of a fruit, that of the jujube (Zizyphus jujuba); also the name of the tree. s. f. Time, turn, bout, vicissitude, delay, while. ₹₹₹ a dv. Often, frequently, over and

over, repeatedly, again and again.

बेरी s. f. The tree of Zizyphus juyuba.

ans. m. The name of a fruit (Cratax: or Eagle marmelos) s. f. A creeper, climber; tendril (of a vine); descendants, offspring,

बेजन s. m. A rolling pin.

वे सना s. m. A rolling pin. v. a. To spread out. to laminate.

बे जानी s. m. A branch.

वे सब्दा s. m. A shrub, bush or creeper : flowers (on cloth).

a shrub (Jasminum zambac); a cup; an instrument of music resembling a

ब्रेडिंग है s. f. A creeper, climber; ten-बेबी है dril (of a vine).

बेज Rolling.

बेली adj. Dispirited, heartless.

बनपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेबरा s. m. Difference, distinction; account, explanation, history, detail

of circumstances, an account of particulars or detailed account (in book-keeping).

बेनरेनार adv. Explicitly, distinctly.

वेद इ. m. A loan. •

बेक्स्र s. m. A creditor, a lender.

ৰবভাৰ s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

बेशन s.m. The vehicle or self moving car of a Hindu deity; a Hindu bier. बेसन s.m. The flour or meal of pulse

बेसन s. m. The flour or meal of pulse particularly of Chuna, Cicer arietinum).

बेसनी adj. Made of or mixed with beeun. बेसनीटी s. f. A cake made of pease-meal. बेसर s. m. The small ring worn in the nose. [nisus).

बेसरा s. m. A kind of falcon (Falco

भेंसा } s. f. A courtezan, harlot,

₹ s. m. A hole, a perforation.

बे इक् adj. Uneven, abrupt, rngged. बेडिया s. m. A comber, a carder (of

cotton). वेंगन s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum

melongena). बगनी adj. Purple (the coour of the बजनी Solsnnum melongena).

The handle of an axe or

भैदा s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the *Hindus*.

हैं है. f. An ornamental circlet made With a coloured earth or unguest on the forehead and between the eyebrown; an ornament worn by woman on the forehead.

बैदाज s. m. Afternoon.

वैजंड s. m. A name of Vishnu; the heaven or paradise of Vishnu. melonuena).

बे बनी s. f. A sort of wood. बें अपनी s.f. A flag or standard; the

et indard of Vishnu.

बैजनोमासा s. f. A necklace especially worn by Vishnu in his several forms, and composed of the following iewels, produced from the five elements of nature; namely, the sapphire, from the earth; the pearl from water: the rulby, from fire; the topaz, from air; and the diamond, from space or other.

बैटक s.f.) A seat, a place where people meat to sit and converse, a bench. s. f. Act or state of sitting, sitting : a kind of exercise.

वैदना v. n. To sit, to be unemployed or idle: to ride (on a horse); to visit a person in grief for the purpose of condolence; to sit in dharna, or as a dun.

बैडवां adi. Flat. बैटा s. m. A paddle.

) v. a. To cause to sit **े** अश्ना down, seat, set, settle, बैठालना 🕽 place, station, apply, plant, calm, becalm.

बैच s. f. A flute, pipe, fife, s. m. f. A word, speech.

बेत्रको s. f. A river, according to the Hindus, which is to be crossed by the dead on their way into the world of spirits, like the Styx of the ancients; a river in Orisso, -

बैनरा s.f. Dry ginger.

बैंद s. m. A. physician.

बेह्स s. m. The practice or science of physic.

a few s. m. A Brahman well versed in the Ved.

The egg-plant (Solanum | 3 4 8. f. A flute, pipe, fife, s. m. f. A word, speech.

> बैना s. m. An ornament worn on the forehead.

> बैना s. m. Sweetmeats, cakes. &c. distributed at marriages and other coremonies.

> बेदा s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the Hindus.

> बेसी s. f. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent on the forehead and between the eyebrows; an ornament worn by women on the forehead.

बैपार s. m. Traffic, trade, business, labour.

बेपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेसाब s. m. A brother born of a different mother by the same father.

at s. m. The name of the little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c .. and which the Hindus teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the foreliesd of their mistresses (Loxis Indica); an assizer.

बैयाकरच 8. m. Grammar. बैयाकरणो s.m. A. grammarian. '

देवान s. m. Birth, act of parturition. Char byan gaed, A cow that has calved four times. Ek byan jamak, Having produced two calves at a birth.

बेबाना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

देवाचा adj. Flatulent.

at s. m. Enmity, hostility, animosity, revenge. Byr lena, v. a. To revenge. देख s. m. Banner, easign, colours.

at s.f. A female enemy. देशमन s. f. A female byragi. ann s. m. A small crooked stick, or which a byragi places under his arpit to lean upon as he sits.

देशकी s. m. The religious ascetic, or he who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c., a kind of wandering fakir wno practises certain austerities.

बेदास s. m. Penance, devotion, the act of leaving the pleasures of the world. बेरी s. m. An enemy, a foe. [head. a s, m. A bull, an ox; (met.) a blockar s. m. A species of bird.

adj. Of or relating to Vishnu s. m. A follower of Vishnu.

₹ 8. m. The third of the four Hindu tribes or varns; name of a tribe of Rapputs ; (a prince of that tribe reigned at Dounria-Khera; his dominions which extended over a great part of Oude, on the north bank of the Ganges ure still called Bys-wara); age.

बें सहर s. m. Fire, or its deity.

बंसनी s.f. A female of the Bys caste. THE The residence of Bys. the nauvity of Bye.

बैदाब s. m. The first solar month of the Hindus, the full moon of which is near. Vishakha (four stars in Libra and Scorpio); April-May.

बेसाबा s. m. A crutch ; a club armed with iron; a club consecrated in the month of Busakh. "

a grant adi. Growing in the month of Bysakh, or relating to that month. s. f. A large kind of Myrobalan or citron fruit ; the day of full moon in the month Busakk ; the day on which the sun enters the sign Aries.

alure od). Sedentary, idle.

al wit s. f. Sowing, the act of sowing. seed time.

बीभाग v. a. To cause to sow. v. n. To stink, to emit a smell, to smell,

बीपाए s. m. Seed time.

बोईया s. m. A small basket. बोट s. m. A stalk.

s. m. A he-goat, a ram. बीवरा 🕻

बोकरी s. f. A she-goat.

बीच s. m. An alligator.

बीचा s. m: A kind of sedan, a chair बोध s. m. A load, burthen. Bojh pakerna, To affect consequence or to give one's self airs (generally spoken in railtery). Boila sir par hona. Is anplied to a task, the performance of which is become indispensable.

बोधना v. a. To load; to scald or parch rice.

वानाच } adj. Loaded, heavy.

बोटी s.f. A morsel or lump of meat.

बीसना v. a. To cause to dive, to immerse, drown, sink,

बीको s. f. The germ of a plant after the flower is shed.

बोस् s. m. A he-goat.

बोहजी adj. f. A simple woman, a trollop: a woman who lives with a benuwa fakir, and dresses like a man.

बोदा adj. Weak, faint-hearted, lowspirited. ¶sible.

बोद्या adj. Intelligent, ingenious, senals s. m. Wisdom, intellect, understanding, knowledge.

बोब्ब s. m. A teacher.

बोधन . s. m. | Knowledge ; teaching , informing; awakening, बीयनी इ. र्. 5 arousing.

बीधना v. a. To wheedle,

बोबा v. s. To sow.

बीनी s.f. The season of sowing.

बोश s. m. Goods and chattels, property : a Lundle.

the adi. Deep. s. m. Stude of golds or \ ates adj. Toothless. silver.

बीरा s. m. A canvas bag (particularly for holding two mounds of rice), a sack; a kind of bean like French beans (Delichot cattone).

बीरी a. m. Rainbow : the name of a kind of rice which is cut in March. ala s. m. Myrrh; word, speech, talk,

conversation; words of a song.

की बचाब s. f. Conversation, confabulation, diction. बीचता part, act. (Used substantively).

The faculty of speech ; soul, life. बीसना v. n. To speak, talk : to sound,

emit sound, to articulate; to tell, to say. Bol athea, To speak out, to exclaim, Bol chalna, To conv. E. speak together. Bole so bolna, speak repeatedly.

alwarer s. m. A kind of benediction. Bol bala hona, To prosper.

the s. f. Speech, dialect, language; conversation, talk, saying. Boli karna, To jeer, to jest,

ale s. m. A creeper, a vine.

बीदना v. n. To intwine; (creepers or vines).

बौडियाना v. s. To twine ; to run irregalarly or in a crooked path with turnings and windings. fdrift.

बीकार s. m. Driving rain, wind and rain,

बीड s. m. A Buddhist.

बीबा adj Dwarfish. s. m. A dwarf; the fifth supposed Avatar or incarnation of the deity.

बीबी s. f. A female dwarf.

adj. Mad, insane.

बीराना v. n. To be mad, to madden.

बोरायम s. m. Madness.

atour adj. Mad, insane.

बीशा adj. Pocky.

बीपाई 8. f. A woman afflicted with venereal disease.

व्यापारच s. m. Grammar.

बाबरची s. m. A grammarian.

याजन adj. Perplexed, confounded, restless, agitated (in mind), uneasy.

will s. m. A hunter, a fowler.

wifu s. m. Sickness, disease in general. ail, ailment, pain, anguish.

चान s. m. Birth, act of parturition.

व्याना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yeau.

आपना v. a. To pervade, occupy, effect, graf rate, work, act, affect.

m. s. m. Supper or bu

bralame saint and author, the sound otheriginal compiler of the and had dans; also the form wade and And fans; also ophynder of the Vedius to philos-

marry. Marriage. Byah kipras, To 項官 8. 加。 a marris Byah rachána, To celebrate n To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

आपन s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry. Byakan jog, adj. Fit for amarriage, marriageable.

आइमा v. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry. Byahi jana, To be married (a woman).

ब्बाइना s. f. े adj#Married.

चींचा s. m. The instrument with which leather is scraped and cleaned. Byongo phira nakin. His hide has not been carried yet (said of a spoiled child, fc,).

बीत s. m. Shape, fashion, the act of cutting out clothes.

कॉतना v. s. To cut or shape clothes. कीपार s.m. Traffic, trade; business, labour.

कोपारी s. m. A merchant.

count, explanation, history, detail of cricumstances.

Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

For s. m. Name of a district, containing the several villages of Mathura, Gokal, Brindsvan, &c., being about 168 miles in circumferance.

লব s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or performance; use. s. f., A thong, leathern girth, rope; flaming, blazing. Bresti, s. m. One who fasts.

त्रवा adj. Abortive, vain, in vain. त्रवस १. m. A bull.

www s. m. God; the all-pervading, the · divine cause and essence of the world from which all things are supposed to proceed and to which they return; spirit, the very soul. Brahma-astroh. A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brahma, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged. Brahma dautua, An apparition, Satan. ghost, Brahma-bloj, Feeding of Brahmans, Brahma-rakhas, A kind of demon. Brahma-ratri, s. f. A night of Brohma, comprising a thousand ages of the gods or \$16,000,000 of those of mortals Brahm-ish, The leavings of Brahmans. Brahm-hatya, The murder of a Brahman; sacrilege. Brohms-hatyara, s. m. A murderer of a Brahman. Brahma-hatyari. s. f. A. murderess of a Brahman.

The profession or way of life of a religious student, or Brahma-chari.

बस्यारियों s. f. A woman leading a life of continence.

Bruhman from the time of his investiture with the sacordotal thread, till he becomes a householder, apperson who continues with his spiritual teacher studying the Ved, a pandil learned in the Ved, an ascetic; by Tantras, it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds.

बसम्ब s. m. Second or spirital birth; investiture.

नक्षन a. prop. The Brahman.

awain s. m. A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brahms, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged.

FRE S. m. A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom.

मचाचान s.m. Spiritual wisdom, divine. knowledge.

water s. m. The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit.

www s. m. Godhead,

antes s. m. A curse, an anathems.

बच्चमाँ s. f. A plant (Ligasticum ojwaen), [Indica).

समाराह s. m. The mulberry (Morns समारिकाच s. m. Absorption into or identification with the Supreme.

Name of poison; the Baramputer river; a place of pilgrim-

· age, probably the source of the stream.

angel s.f. The Saraswati river.

अञ्चलीच s. m. A division of the universe, the supposed eternal residence of the spirits of the pious.

swift s. m. A follower of the Vedant system of philosophy, one who maintains all things are Spirit; a defender or expounder of the Veds.

"Water s. m. An ediet or grant, &c. addressed to Brahmans.

THESE adj. Of the hature of spirit, of the same essence as the Godhead. AMI s. m. The Deity in the character

of Creator, or matter personified.

swit s. m. The globe, the world ; (in creation there are said to have been innumerable Brahmands or worlds); the top of the head.

AMING s. m. The country to the northwest of Delhi, lying between the rivers Saraswati and Drishadwatti.

armin s. m. A posture suited to devont and religious meditation,

arms s. m. A. man of the first Hindu tribe, a Brahman,

nund a.f. The wife of a Brahman, a female of the Brahman caste,

wrww s. m. The state, quality, or business of a Brahman, brahmanhood. arw s. m. The worship or veneration of Brahmans: astonishment.

The twenty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and aspirate of the last letter, or oh. शंद्रवाचे s. m. Name of a grain, the fruit

of the Kei or water lily.

s. f. A butterfly.

wiften v. d. To bite and mumble (as a dog), to worry,

wat s. m. A whirlpool, eddy, vortex. witt } s. m. A large black bee; a elimbing plant, a creeper. water s. f. A collar or halter (for a

deg, geat, ĝc.). witten v. n. To float.

nt past tense or part, of the verb, subs. Was, became, become.

अवसी s. f. A dungeon, a dark room. Man adj. Foolish.

अवृत्रामा v. n. To be stupified. अवीरमा v. a. To devour, stuff: eat.

um adj. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed by ; pious, desirons, s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot; a Hindu performer for entertainment, a dancer, a player, Bhakta-raj, s. m. King or lord of the devout, an epithet of the deity,

HERT s. f. Devetedness, implied faith in and attachment to. ..

umit s.f. Faith, devotedness, religion. His s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, religion.

भक्ति s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, attachment, desire; service, worship; belief.

अजिस्त का. मिमान m. adi. Faithful, devoted to. मिल्ला र मास्यम् adj. Devoted, religious, pious. way s. m. Adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot; a Hindu performer for entertainment, a dencer, a player, adj. Pious : desirous, Bhagat khelna, v. n. To act (a play), to imitate, to mimick. Bhagat horfts, v. n. initiated as a devotee, to be affiliated to a religious order.

भगतन s. f. Wife of a Bhagat; (transcally) a lewd woman, a prostitute, a whore. [ness. भगता s. f. Piety, devotion, religious-

भगतिया s. m. A dancing boy,

अद्भार e. m. A fistala (in ano).

মন্ত্র s. m. Affectation, hypocrisy, trick, deception. Bhagal nikalns, v. s. To affect, to play a trick, to pretend poverty.

भगविषा s. m. Trick, cheat, imposture; impostor, cheat.

सनवी नहना s. m. False jewels, trinkets. भगरत | adj. Respectable, worshipful, सनवान | adorable, divine, glorious, illustrious. s. m: God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

सन्तरण adj. Divine, s.m. God, the Deity. भन्ना s. m. Cloth dyed with geru (s kind of red chalk or ochre).

भववान बर्जे. Divine, glorious. s. m. God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

দৰাৰা v. a. To cause to fiee or escape, to cause to run away, to drive away. দৰিবী s.f. A sister.

it is said, brought Ganga, the river, from heaven.

भगेत s.f. Overthrow, defeat. s. m. A runaway, a deserter.

भगोदा s. m. The reddish colour extracted from germ.

भगीषा } s. m. A runaway, a deserter, भग्ग } s. fugitive.

ww ad/. Torn, broken; overcome,

HUR adj. Disappointed.

wiff a.f. A sister.

a. f. Hemp (Canadis sains). s. m. Breaking, shitting; defeat, discomfiture. adj. Broken, torp, overcome; defeated.

NEW! s. m. Name of an herb (Eclipta or verbesina prostrata).

भक्त s. f. The wife of a halalkharor sweeper; a female drinker of bhang. भक्ता s. m. A kind of fish.

अक्रुराज है s. m. Name of a bird.

NIN 8: m. A sort of fish (Cyprinus Banagana).

war s. f. Fracture, division, separation; frand, deception, trick, disguise. s. m. A cast of sweepers or halolkhors; a drinker of bhong.

ਸਵੇਧ s. f. A female seller of bhang. ਸਵੇਧ s. m. One who sells bhang.

Her adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting

Bhachak rahna, To be amazed or

astonished at a sudden or unexpected

event. [[amazed.

सप्ता v. n. To be astonished or अजन् adj. Serving, waiting upon; enjoying carnally.

num s. m. Service. adoration, worship; a hymn; possessing or enjoying carnally. Bhojan karna, To say prayers, to worship.

भवाषा मणिवनः

ways v. s. To worship, to count one's beads, to adore.

भागीय e. m. A singer, an adorer. भाग adj. Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c.

सम्बद् adj: Breaking, destroying.

Hun adj. Breaking, destroying; afflic-

www.v. a. To change money.

ng z. m., A. warrior, a slodies, a. combatant; a barbarian, or outquat of a particular tribe. e.f. An. oven, a furnace, a kiln.; ourse, minfortune. Bhat parna; v. n. To oursed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit. to fall into the fire).

wat s. f. Praise, panegyric, the encomiums of a Bhat or bard.

शरकरारी है e.f. The name of a prickly शरकरार plant (Solomus jacquimi), शरकरार • a. To go astray, to stray, wander miss the right path, lose (the way).

WENT adj. Astray.

NETWO v. o. To mislead, bewilder, deceive, scare, cause to wander.

NEUWAT c. n. To be cursed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit, to fall into the fire).

महिवारपक s. m. The business of a bhatiyara.

महिनादा s.m. A sutler, an inn-keeper, one who prepares victuals for travellers in a sura.

महिवाबिक है s. f. A female bhatiyara महिवादी or sutler.

WE interj. O sister !

off s. m. A philospher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems; a title of Marhatts Brahmans.

warred s. m. The most learned of the learned.

wit s. f. A furnace, a kiln.

HEI s. m. A furnace, a kils, oven, brick-kils.

मही s. f. A furnsce, a kiln.

भडियाचा v. u. To go down the river ; to ebb (the tide 1.

wisere adj. With the current, i. s. down the river and not with the flood tide, z. m. A kind of marriyes or elegial verses some in the contract of Hazan and Husyn.

aw s. m. A large boat, a lighter.

www s. f. Splendour, blane, flash,

glare, allow; perturbation, agitation, alarm, starting, shyness (in animals).

To start, to shrink, to be seared, to be slarmed; to be blown up into a flame.

अभूकाचा v. s. To frighten, to scare, to blow up in inte s flame, to kindle (a fire).

सम्बोध adj. Splendid, glittering, flashy, gandy. [untamed. सम्बोध adj. Shy, skittish coy, wild, सम्बोध adj. Simple, undesigning, silly, servises, having the quality of telling secrets without reserve.

भक्षक adj. Simple, candid, without guile. [grain.
नक्षक s.f. A woman who parches way जा s. m. A man who parches grain.

अकृरिया s. m. A conjurer. अकृषा s. m. A pimp, one who lives on

भक्ष ते । m. A tenant, a lessee.

was s. f. A low sound, a distant sound, hum.

with adj. Sounded, spoken; uttered.

melongena).

We s. m. A mimic, a jester, a buffoon,

an actor; confusion, spoiling. Bland hone, To be destroyed, to be speiled.

Hard s.f. The provision which is previously reserved for

अवस्था s. m. One who reserve provi-

pot. Bhoadd phuhia, To be disclosed (a secret).

goods are kept, a storehouse.

अखारा s.m. A fenat of Jogis, Sarinyasis, &c.

HUIT s. m. A house-steward, one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

अकेरिया } 8. m. An actor.

भक्ता } s.m. An actor.

भक्तेलन s.f. An actress.

अकीश s. m. Satire, ribaldry.

We s.f. A slap, a crash.

a fruit or by the walking of a person, &c.

अद्भवाषा v. a. To make a sound by striking two bodies together; to strike repeatedly.

मदमदापट s.f. Sound made by the fall of fruits.

अदास s. m. A crash, the noise made by any thing falling; as, Bhadak se gir para, It fell with a crash.

अङ्ग्डा s. m. A sound.

भर्यज adj. Ill-shaped, ugly, awkward, clumsy.

MET a ij. Stupid, senseless, dull.

repaired in the second of the

wam ady. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable; respectable, worthy, estimable; lacky, fortunate. s. m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis); a sort of pine (Pinus [devaderu]). s. f. Advantage, produce; nature, genius, reason; beauty, goodness, pleasantness.

महत्त्वाची s. f. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis, or, rotundus).

भद्रपश्चित 's. f. A creeping plant (Asclepius pseudosorsa, the norrow-leaved variety). [tirucalli].

HARTS s.m. A sort of Euphorbia (E. HARTS s.m. A sort of pine (Pinus devalaru).

बद्रवादा s. m. The wood-pecker.

अद्भवरा s.f. A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms.

अञ्चर्चो s. f. A shrub (Pæderis fætida). अञ्चर्चो s. f. A tree (Gmelina arbores) ; a shrub (Pederis fætida).

अत्राचन s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis).

সম্বৰ e.m. The seed of the Echites or Wrighten antidysenterics.

সম্বাদ্ধ s. f. Arabian jasmine (Jasminum zambuc); the large Bengal creeper (Gaerinera racemosa).

MRI s.f. An unlucky moment; the 2d, 7th, and 12th days of the lunarmonth.

महाबद्ध s. m. Shaving.

ngives. m. One of the eighteen minor Dwips or divisions of the world.

NAME a. m. One of the four Maha Droips, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems, or according to another system, one of the nine Khonde, or smaller divisions of the continent; in either case it is the east division.

NRIGH s. m. A throne; pseuliar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee; the legs bent, and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring, the ancles in contact with the perineum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides. अब्री s. m. An astrologer, a palmister. अब्रोडनी s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia).

with rage; to catch fire; to run with great rapidity (a horse).

अवसा s. m. An alembic, a still; a kind of drinking vessel with a large mouth.

भववाषा v. s. To kindle, light; to provoke, exasperate, enrage; to spur a horse.

भवकी s.f. Threat.

NAME 5. m. Solicitude, alarm. Bhabhar parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

Nava adj. Fat.

www. f. Sudden bursting forth of flame; foreible expulsion of water from a fountain or pipe; smell aris ing suddenly.

www.v.n. To simmer, to bubble; to emit steam, fame, boil.

www.e.m. Solicitude, alarm. Bhabhar parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

समर्था e. s. To be solicitous, to be alarmed, to be frightened.

भभरामा e. n. To swell (particularly the face).

NAMES s. m. Blaze, flame, explosion.
adj. Bed (as a coal, sometimes applied to the spendour of a beloved person's countenance); splendid, beautiful.

भन्त s, f. Ashes of cowdung which fakirs rub over their lodies.

अवभा v. n. To revolve.

अवभेरी A butterfly.

went s.f. Revolution, whirling, going round, wandering.

wes. m. Fear, alarm, fright, dread, terror; the flower of the Tiana bis-

pinosa. Bhay khana, To be afraid, to be frightened.

चवचार adj. Terrifying, frightening. भवकर adj. Fearful, formidable, frightful, horrible, terrific.

Bhaychsk rakna, To be amazed or estonished at a sudden or unexpected event,

भवद्भी ady. Fearful, frightful.

अवनान adp. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.

अवसान adj. Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt.

wax s.f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

भवा } part tense or part. of the verb subs. Was, became, become. भवातुर au). Afraid, distressed or distracted with fear, terrified.

warm adj. Frightful, formidable, terrific, terrible, fearful, dreadful. alarming, dismal.

भवावा } s. m. Brotherhood, friend-भवावा | ship.

भवाच adj. Frightened, afraid. भवाचना adj. Terrible, frightful.

well part. Was, became, become.

wt adj. Full, as much as, as far as, up to, whole, all, bulk, size, every, each. As, Unar thar, All lifetime. Kos bhar, A Kos; whereas, Bhar kos, would mean a full kos. Bhas bhar, The height or length of a bamboo. Bhas makdur, or Makdur bhar, To the best of one's power, with all one's might, Ser bhar, A seer.

W(WI s. m. Slaked lime.

সংযাদা e. a. To elake (line). সংযাদা p. n. To be filled; to he lined (a bitch); to be broken-winded (a horse from severe exercise). with s. m. Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting.

lunar asterism, containing three stars (Masca) and figured by the pudendum muliebre.

*代析 n. prop. The younger brother of Ram. Blaret khand, s. m. One of the nine divisions of the world, between Lanka and Sumeru; India. *代析 s. m. A mixed metal composed

with s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead.

घरतवर्ष s.m. India (Bharat, the son of Dushyantah, is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India).

भारदेना v. a. To pay; to fill, to reimburse; to darn.

भारताका 8. m. A sky-lark.

was adv. Up to, to, till; filling, satis-

দামা v. a. To fill, load, charge, satisfy, perform, daub, pay, liquidate or discharge (a debt, fine, fc.), to undergo, suffer. v. n. To be filled, to abound, heal (a wound),

भरती 8. f. Weft, woof.

भरपाता v. s. To be paid, to receive the full amount'; (met.) it is used when a person is disappointed, Mynne bhar paya, I am paid.

full, replete.

भरभराना e.n. To swell and be glossy (particularly the face, as in fever). भरभरी s. f. A swelling, a sore.

Harden s.m. The name of a prickly poppy (Argemone Mexicana).

ntw s. m. Error, mistake suspicion, apprehension, perplexity, doubt; credit, character, reputation. Bharam gamwans, v. a. To lose character. throwing out temptation; to perplex, to alarm.

भरमी adj. Suspicious,

भरमीला adj. Ambigueus, doubtful, confounded, scrupulous.

भरवाना v. a. To cause to fill, to cause to load, to cause to charge.

भरा adj. Full, replete.

भराना v. a. To fill, to cause to fill. भरानट s. f. Filling, stuffing,

with s. f. The weight of one sices weight or one tola.

भरेत } s. m. A tenant, a lessee.

भरोगा s. m. Hope, dependance, reliance, faith assurance, confidence. Bharosa karna, To hope to rely (on).

พลิs. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead; the name of a bird (a species of lark), a skylark.

भती } s. m. Vegetables boiled or fried भूती } and broken in the hand.

अतिया s. m. A brasier, a worker in the metal called bhart,

พล์ s.f. Completion; filling; loading, lading, cargo, burden (of a ship, gc.)t (vulgarly used for) promotion Bharti karna, To recruit, load.

भवी adj. A cherisher, nourisher, protector, holder, supporter. s. m. Ahusband; a lord, master.

weigt s. m. Threat, menace. s. f. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling.

wit s. m. A panic. Fouj men bharra para, The army was seized with a panic.

He adj. Good, well. Bhat ghoriya, Having a good horse; cavalier. s. m. Side, direction. Sirks bhat, Headforemost, headlong. was s. m. A gold patch fixed on the nose ring; a kind of bamboo; dawn of day.

अनुता s. f. A shrub (Pæderia fætida). असमनदात s. f. Humanity, benignity, civility.

अलगन्ति s. f. Good-nature, benevolence. wen adj. Good, excellent, benevolent, kind, healthy, well, virtuous, righteous, sound; strange, wonderful, admirable, comical, droll. Bhala admi, s. m. A person of respectability, a gentleman; (iron.) a silly fellow.

Bhala mans. To take well. werk s. f. Goodness, good health, welfare.

waram adj. In good order, in health, perfect, hale, well.

was s. m. A bear.

way al s. f. A plant (Hedysaram lagopodioides).

wines s. f. Marking nut.

अज्ञक } s. m. A bear.

34 s. m. Being, existing, existence, the world : a name of Shiv. Bhavsh sagar. The ocean of the world or of existence.

way s. m. A house, a dwelling; the place of abiding or being, scite, field, spot, &c.

अवनाधिनी e. f. The Sarju river, which runs from the Himalayah chain and . falls into the Goggrah, with which it is then confounded.

अवाजी s. f. The goddess Parvati or Durga, in her pacific and amiable

अधिकच adj. To be or become, what is to be.

अभित्याता s. f. Fate, destiny.

with sdj. Future, what will be

witness adj. What is to be, what will be, future.

अविद्यतका s. m. A prophet, one who foretells things to come,

अवेदा s. m. A dancer. [lensis]. अभिरा s. f. A sort of beet (Beta Benga-He s. m. Ashes.

Tyeneris. सम्बद्धा v. n. To fall, HHZ s. f. Pudendum, muliebre; mons असना v. n. To float.

सहस्रहा adj. Flabby, loose (as met.)?

भसम } s.f. Ashes.

असाना v. s. To launce, to set affoat. www s.f. Ashes.

अस्त्र s. m. A disease of the eyes, thickening, of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision; morbid appetite, constant craving for food, with general decay.

अधामनों s. f. The Sisu tree, or a varisty of it (Dalbergia Sieu).

अधान s. m. Ashes.

areilaren s. m. Calcining.

भवाकित adj. Reduced to ashes; calcined (as a metal).

अहराना v. n. To shiver, tremble, totter, stagger.

मचक adj. Gluttonous, voracious, gourmand; a feeder, an cater, who or what eats.

was s. m. Eating.

अच्चीव adj. Eatable, to be cateu.

wfun adj. Eaten. wei adj. Entable.

www s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa'), of which an intoxicating liquor is made. win s. f. Twist, twisting.

with v. a. To put into circular motion, to twist, to turn on a lathe. to wave to brandish; to break, destroy.

বাৰা s. m. A sister's son, a nephew.
মাৰা s.f. A sister's daughter, a niece;
interruption; hindorance; tale-bearing. Bhanji khana, v. s. To give
malicious intelligence. Bhanji-khor,
s. m. An interrupter, a ale bearer.
Bhanji dana, or marna; v. a. To interrupt, to put a stop to, break in
upon.

মান্ত s. m. A medicinal plant (Olerodendron infortunatum ; Volkameria infortanata).

मादा s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongens).

wits s. m. An earthen pot; a minic, an actor.

wfww v. o. To abuse.

wist s. m. A large earthen pot; estate equipage. Bhands phutna, v. s. To lose one's character.

मांडीर s. f. The India figtree, मांडेती s. f. Mimicry, buffoonery.

भात है s. f. Manner, mode, method, भाति kind, sort, Bhant-bhant, adj.

พ่อรั ร.f. Revolution, circulation. พ่อรั ริ Bhanwar parna, or Bhanwri phirna; v. n. To circle, to circumambulate; to be sacrifieed.

wit s. m. Brother ; comrade.

with s. m. Brotherhood, fraternity, quality or property of brother.

with adj. Terrible, awful.

सारेबल s. m. Brotherhood, relations, kindred, friends, comrades.

witt s. f. A kiln.

wim s. m. A follower, a dependant, one to whom food is regularly given,

जातिक s. m. One who is fed by another, a dependant, a fetainer.

भाषना v. a. To speak, say, tell, call. भाषा s.f. Speech, language, dialect. will s. m. A portion, a share, a part; fate, fortune, destiny, lot, luck; a degree; the 360th part of the cirum-ference of a great circle; a fraction-Bang jagna, v. n; To be very fortunate or prosperous. Bhag bharea, Consolation.

भाग जाना v. n. To run, away, to flee,.. to abscond:

भागः s.f. Flight, a general emigration, escape, immediate danger.

भागमा v. n. To flee, to run away. भागमान adi. Fortunate.

भागभानी s.f. Good fortune, prosperity. भागभाषी s.m. A kind of cloth from

Bhagalpur, made of silk and cotton.

भागवात s. m. A celebrated poem. भागवान adj. Fortunate, rich.

भागाभाग s. m. Flight, running away. भागिनेश s. m. A sister's son.

भागी } adj. Who or what, shares;

भागी s. m. A partner, sharer, partici-pator, adj. Fortunate.

भागीरण s. m. A pious monarch at whose intercession the river Ganges, it is said, first descended from licaven

भागोरची s. f. The Ganges.

भाग्य s. m. Destiny, fortune, good or ill luck.

भाष्यवन } adj. Fortunate rich.

भाग्यद्वीन adj. Unfortunate, wretched, poor.

ritter s. m. Any vessel, as a pot or cup, a plate, &c.; (in arithmetic) division.

साजाना v. n. To flee, to run away. v. a. साजार s.f. Flight.

wise adj. Divisible, to be portioned or divided. s. m. A portion, a share,

an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the dividend.

ਜਾਣ s. m. Name of a tribe; a bard, ਜਾਣਵ s. f. The wife of a Bhat,

wist s. m. A current or stream, the ebb-tide.

भाडियाच adj. Down, below, down the river, with the stream.

দাধী s.f. Down, the river, with the

HIE s. m. A furnace, kiln (particularly for parching grain).

will s. m. Hire, fare.

an actor.

भाजना v. a. To abuse.

riesi s, m. A large earthen pot; cstate, equipage. Bhanda phutna, v. a. To lose one's character.

आखरा s.m. A place where household goods are kept, a storehouse.

সাজারী s. m. A house steward, one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

भास s. m. Boiled rice.

wing s. m. An extra allowance to troops on service.

সাই ে s. m. Name of the fifth solar সাস month, August-September, when the moon is full near the wing of Pegasus.

भाइपेट् s. m. The month Bhadra.

शाह्मज्ञा s.f. A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior, and subsequent, or puora and uttaça,

भाजमती s. f. A female, juggler, au actress.

to suit, to fit. [woman, will s. m. The sun, s. f. A handsome

भागुमती adj. Beautiful, handsome. भागुनार s. m. Sunday.

will u. a. To put into circular motion, to twist, to turn on a lathe, to wave, brandish; to break, destroy.

आप s.f. Steam, vapour, exhalation.

भाषमा ७. त. To conceive, guess, comprehend.

बाबी adj. Future, about to be, predestined.

with s. f. A brother's wife.

मामिन् adj. Angry, passionate.

साधिती s. f. A passionate woman.

are s. m. A load, a weight, a burthen; a weight of gold equal to two thousand value: weight, gravity, fagot.

wicks. m. Bharatearsh or India proper, so called from Bharat the son of Dushyantah, whose patrimony it was; the great sacred opic poem of the Hindus, which contains the account of Judhishthir's war.

भारदाज s. m. A skylark.

witting s. m. A. porter, a bearer of burthens.

भारत्य s. m. A fragrant substance commonly called Kakshi considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product.

HITI s. m. A load, burthen.

and. Heavy, weighty; of importance, valuable; big, great, fat, large; grave, steady, patient; strong, loud, thick burdensome, troublesome, t. m. A porter, carrier of burthens. Bharibharkun, adj. Grave, seates. Bharipatthar chumkiar chipera. To withdraw from adfilicult or impracticable undertaking.

साचा s.f. A wife, espoused, according to the ritual of the Veds; a married woman; a musical mode, the wife of a Deity presiding over a musical mode.

आयादिन s. m. A henpecked, husband, one overruled by his wife. भाष्ट्राख s. m. The condition or state of a भाज s. f. The point of an arrow; the forehead : fortune. s. m. A bear. WITH s. m. A spear (about seven cubits

tong).

भाजाङ s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called the Rohi Cyprinus Rohita); a sort of potherb.

भावुक } s.m. A bear.

भाषीत s. m. A spearman.

WIF S. m. Sate of being; natural state of being, innate property, disposition, nature : meaning, purpose, intention; sentiment, passion, choice, liking. will, notion, idia; blandishment; gesticulation, acting, pantomime, expressing a meaning by signs; a sudden idea or emotion of the mind ; living, being; existence, thing Bhao batana, v. a. To gesticulate.

WIE 8. m Price, value, rate ; friendship. wish adi. About to be, future, predestined.

भावन s. m. The external expression of amatory sentiments : friend, lover. भावज s. f. A brother's wife.

wight adi. Amiable, dear, beloved,

love. Wiggs s. m. Mental perception, recollection, the present consciousness of past ideas or perceptions; imagination : religious and abstract meditation; looking about (literally or flouratively), observing, investigating : consideration, saxiety, apprehension, contemplation, doubt. t hought, concern.

WITH s. f. A younger brother's wife. मारिक adi. Natural, innate : sentimen-

tal, relating to feeling, &c. wifen adj. Animated, inspired ; thought-

ful, anxious, apprehensive, alarmed, Hist adj. Future, what will be or what is about to be, proximately future.

भावे postpos. mas. In the sentiment, perception, mind, notion or idea.

will, or ought to be.

भाषा s. f. Speech, dialect, language ; common or wernacular speech; one of the Raginis.

मादित adj. Spoken, uttered, said.

भारता v. n. To be known, to appear. WITE s. m. A species of Costns (C. spe-

ciosus); a husband's elder brother. भाकार adj. Resplendent, shining. s. m.

The sun ; the name of a celebrated Hindu astronomer, author of the Siddhant Shiromani and other works, WIET adj. Shining, radiant. s. m. The sun ; a day ; a sort of Costus (C.

speciosus). भिन्दरी s.f. An unfilled grain, a shrivelled grain.

भिकारी s. m. A beggar.

भिगाना } v. a. To wet, moisten, steep.

शिक्यामा v. a. To cause to send.

शिकाना v. a. To cause to be wet, to wet, moisten, steep; to cause to send.

भिष्टको s. f. A nipple.

faren v. n. To close (as two armies). to join battle, to come together, to be joined, to shoulder, to join, to be placed together, touching each other. to be continuous.

भिषाना v. a. To join, to place close to. to close, to cause to fight.

first s. m. A wolf.

দিন্দ্রী s. f. The name of a vegetable (Hibiscus esculentus).

মিলি s. f. A wall of earth or masonry.

भिनवना v. n. To buzz (as a fly); to be covered with flies, to swarm.

भिनिधनाना v. n. To buzz (as a fly), to hum (as a bee, ge.)

भियमिकास्ट s. f. Buzzing (of a fly), buzz; hum (of a bee).

fun adj. Separate, apart, distinct, other, different; (in arithmetic) a fraction. Bhinna bhinna, Various, one by one, severally.

firm s. m. A heterodox sectary, a Bouddh, a seceder.

भित्रपुष्त s. m. Multiplication of frac-

जिस्सन s. m. Cube of a fraction.

भित्रभागकर s. m. Division of fractions.

भित्रवन adj. Divided, scattered.

भिन्नव्यवस्थित s. m. Subtraction of frac-

সিল্লযুগতির s. m. Addition of fractions. সিল্লান্য v. n. To have a singing in the ears, to be giddy; to sound (as shot, brass pots, &c.)

शिवसार s. m. Dawn of day.

দিবাৰা) s. m. A nut used for mark-দিবাৰা ing clothes, &c. (Semicarpus anacardium).

দিবা s.f. The seed of the bhitowan. দিবা s.f. Begging, asking; the thing obtained by begging, alms.

भिषापात s. m. A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms.

भिष्य s. m. A beggar.

on conj. Also, too, even, and.

भोष s. f. Begging, charity, alms. Bhikh mangne, to ask alms, to beg. দীন্দা । v. n. To be wet. Rat bhigna,
দীন্দা) is applied to the night pass sing in mirth and musical entertainment. [crush.

भीजा o. a. To squeeze, compress,. भीजा adj. Wet, moist.

भोटा s. m. An old house, a former residence (provided some versige remain).

भोड़ s. f. Multitude, crowd, mob, throng; a press of work, trouble, difficulty.

सीव करों. Afraid, frightened, fearful, timid. s. m. Fear, alarm, apprehension. s. f. A wall, or breadth of a wall, Ochheh ki prit jon balk ki bhit,. The friendship of the mean is like a. wall of sand (i. s. unstable).

भीतर adj. Within,

whaten adj. (used substantively), The people who live in a house, not strangers, domestic: men who preside at a temple (i. e. bhandari, a steward; pujari, a priest; rassiya, a cook); those among the guests at a wedding feast who eat in company with the relation of the bride (those who partake of the feast without being called bahariya).

সীন্ত্ৰী adj. Inward, inside, internal, inner, inferior,

wifa s. f. Fear, apprehension.

भीना adj. Wet. s. m. Sister's husband; brother-in-law.

with n. prop. One of the five Pandu princes. adj. Horrible, fearful, dreadful, terrible, terrific. s. m. Horror, terrer.

क्षीनवेनी s. f. A kind of camphire.

what.f. A timid woman; a plant (Asparagus racemesus); a sort of prickly nightshade. with s. m. A barbarian of a particular tribe, a savage, race dwelling especially along the course of the Narmada (Nerbudda), and subsisting chiefly by plunder.

भीषण adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful. s. m, Horror, terror, the property that excites fear; the olibanum tree (Bosvellia thurifera).

भीष adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful.

श्वत adj. Eaten, eating (either that which is eaten, or the person who has eaten).

सुनाना v. a. To enjoy, suffer, receive the reward of virtue or the punishment of crime, to be required.

सुगतमान adj. Fit to enjoy, deserving punishment.

सगलागा v. a. To cause to enjoy, to distribute, require.

भुगगा adj. Simple, foolish.

ga adj. Barbarous, ignorant.

सुचंग s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius carulescens).

श्चंपा s. m. Name of a tree (Kæmpferia rotunda).

um s. m. f. The arm (above the elbow); the perpendicular or shortest side of a right-angled triangle, Bhuja bandha, s. m. An ornament worn in the arm, an armlet. Bhuja bharna, To embrace. Bhuja mula, The upper part of the arm near the shoulder.

भुकार } s.m. A serpent.

संबद्धा s.m. A kind of shrike (Lanius carulescens). Bhujangeh urana, To be in great distress and poverty; to spread false reperts.

भुजा s. m. Parched or scorched grain. सुत्रा s. f. The arm (above the elbow). भुजिया s. f. Greens.

HEI s.f. Indian corn (Zea may s).

सुखती s.f. A kind of worm covered with hair, the palmer-worm.

सुतना s. m. A small devil, an imp, a demon, a ghost.

भुतनी s. f. A female devil.

सुतहा adj. Devilish, peevish, fierce. शुतियाना v. n. To be like a devil.

ধুরা v. n. To be parched, grilled, fried, broiled; to be changed (money).

মুধুবিৰ odj. Hungry. মুধুবো adj. Dry and in the state of powder.

स्भाराना v. α. To throw or sprinkle salt or sugar upon meat.

भुराना v. a. To wheedle,

शुल्या v. n. To be singed or scorched. शुल्ला v. a. To cause to forget, to cause to be forgotten; to inveigle, mislead, bewilder, deceive, fascinate, coax, amuse.

भुताबा s. m. Deception, fraud, cheat, deceit, feint. Bhulawa dena, To deceive, to play trick. [phere.

सुब s. m. Heaven, ether, sky or atmos-सुरङ्ग s.-m. A snake.

सुरम s. m. A world; water; heaven; man, mankind.

No s. m. Bran, husk, chaff. Bhus par barat, An assignment on chaff; i. a. that from which nothing can be obtained.

भुसेरा } s.m. A place where corn or भुसेरा } chaff is kept. भुसेरा s.m. A hole or place to put

भुगोद्धा s.m. A hole or place to put chaff in.

w s. f. The earth; place, site, the place of being or abiding.

सूर्र बचा s. m. A kind of fire works like a flower-pot resembling those commonly called Anar).

भे होत 8. m. An earth-quake. w s. f. Ground, land, earth.

wit's. f. The earth, ground ;'a kind of caterpillar covered with hair and destructive to ber trees.

भंचन्या s. m. The name of a plant (Kæmpferis rotunds).

भू सना v. n. To bark.

will s. f. Father's sister; a worm, a caterpillar.

भुक्दम s. m. A plant (Ligusticum ajwaen).

wave s. m. An earthquake.

wa s.f. Hanger, appetite. Bhukhon marna, To die with hunger, to famish, to starve.

भूचन s. m. Ornament, embelishment. decoration, an ornament, a jewel, dress.

war adi. Hungry.

Tearth. ante s. m. The terrestrial globe, tho

भुषक s. m. The equinoctial line. भुकानु s. m. An earth-worm.

war s.f. Wheat; the fruit of the Vikanta (Flacourtia sapida). भूजेंच s. m. A species of bird.

us s. f. Sandy ground, soil in which much sand is mixed.

सुरक्ष s. m. Talc, mica.

मुख्येस adj. Unlucky, illomened.

बुत adj. Been, become ; being, existing : gone, past. s. m. A demon, a goblin, a fiend, a ghost, an apparition, a malignant spirt haunting cemetries, lurking in trees, animating carcases, and deluding or devouring human being; the past preterite tense; an element (the Hindus reckon five elements, earth, fire, water, air and akas ether).

wave s. m. A class of sprites or goblins.

भूतगुष्पा s. f. Murs, a sort of perfume. Water s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi).

भतनाक्षण s.m. Marking-nut plant (Semicarpus anacardium). the Eleocarpus seed.

भूतनी s. f. A female demon or goblin. HRW s. m. The earth, the face of the earth.

सत्त्रास s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalis, belerica).

भूमविकिया s. f. Epilepsy, possession by evil spirits.

भताने की s. f. A species of Nebari (Nyctanthes tristis).

भतित्व s. m. A tree (Trophis aspera) ; a species of Bignonia (B. Indica). भत्तवार s. m. Possession by evil spirits. MAINT s. m. The body ; the elementary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action.

भवादि s. m. Asafœtida, ,

सताविष्ट adi. Occupied or possessed by a devil. f evil spirit. सतावेश s.m. Possession by a devil or

METE 8. m. A hog.

भदेव s. w. A Brahman. HUT s. m. A mountain.

स्त्राम s. m. An earth-worm.

with s. m. A species of Gentian, commonly called Cherayta (Gentiana cherayta).

mar v. n. To parch, grill, broil, toast, fry, inflame.

www s. m. A sovereign, prince, a king. सपति र s. m. A king, a sovereign ; a भूपाच Iandlord, a Raja.

अपासी s. f. Name of a ragini.

सुअल s. m. Hot ashes, embers.

w for s. f. Land, earth, the earth; place, scite in general; the tase of any figure in geometry.

मूमिकन्य s.m. An earthquake.

स्निजनक s.m. A plant (Kampferio rotundo).

স্থানিজন s. f. A tree (Prema herbacea). মুং s.f. Charity given to poor people, alms; a spring, a fountain. Bharbanina, v. a. To give alms to a numerous assembly of the poor.

wat adj. Fair, auburn of brownish (as hair).

मूर्द atj. Much, many. [trions. भूरपानच् adj. Splendid, bright; illus-भूरिनास adj. Very profitable or beneficial. s. m. Great gain.

भू रेखी s.f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

growing in the snowy mountains, a kind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hukka snakes.

मूख s.f. Forgetfulness, error, mistake, miss, blunder.

भूलता 8. f. A worm, an earth-worm.

भूजना e.n. To forget, err, go astray, be misled or deceived, mistake, blunder, miss, omit, stray, to be forgetten.

भुवाधिमशा dadj. Missing the road, भुवाधिम का (generally a person) calling another in consequence of some accident, &c., not intentionally to pay a visit.

भनोक) s. m. The earth, the habita-भृतीक f tion of mortals.

भूषण s. m. Ornament, embellishment, a dress, jewel, decoration.

भूषित adj. Adorned, decorated, dressed. सुरा e. m. Husk, chaff.

भवी s. f. Chaff, bran.

भूजमें s.m. The mountain Sumeru (a heaven on earth). भुजानी s.m. A landlord, a landholder, भुजरी s.f. The eyebrov ; a frown, a contraction of the eyebrows.

Muni.

www. m. A large black bee, the humble bee.

सङ्क s. m. A bird, a sort of shrike

values, m. A spreading shrub (Ectipica or Verbesina prostrata, or perhaps more properly, Verbesina scandens); a sort of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed Malabar (Lanius Molabaricus).

महो s.f. A kind of wasp (Verpa solitaria); a large black bee, a humble bee.

सङ्गीक्त s. m. The hog-plum.

सत s. m. A servant, a hired labourer. सति s. f. Wages, hire; noutishment, maintenance.

મુજા દ. m. A dependant, a servant, a slave. મુજા દ. f. Hire, wages.

ਬਦ adj. Fried.

ਸੌਥਾ adj. Squint-eyed. ਮੌਟ s. f. Interview, visit : a present.

भेदना v. a. To meet with, to visit.

भेष s. m. A toad, a frog.

भेकी s. f. The female of the frog, or a small frog; a kind of oreeper (Hydrocotyle Asiatica).

in s. m. Disguise, assumed appearance, semblance. Bhekh-dhari, adj. Putting on the dress, assuming the appearance.

भेजना v. a. To send, transmit; utter, ejaculate.

भेजा s. m. The brain.

भेट s. f. Meeting, interview; a present to a superior. भेटन verval s. To meet, meeting, &c. भेदना v. a. To meet, join ; to make a | भेपन s. m. A remedy, a drug, a medipresent (to a superior).

મેં હી ક. f. A stalk, a stem. મેટ ક. જા.

भेड़ s. m. A ram, a ship.

अंडना v. s. To shut, close,

में डा s. m. A. ram.

भे द्विया s. m. A. wolf. Bheriya dhasan. s. m. A multitude crowded together like sheep in a pen, the act of following the example of another.

भे की s. f. An ewe.

भेट s. m. A secret, secrecy, mystery ; separation, distinction, kind, sort, species, difference : disunion, disagreement. Bhed lena, To spy. to pry into, to work one's self into confidence, to sound.

भेटक adj. A breaker, who or what breaks or divides, s. m. A. mischiefmaker.

भेटकर adj. Separating, disuniting ; causing disunion.

भेटिकिया] भे दिया s. m. A scout, a spy,

मेरी s. m. Ratan.

भेडी ? adj. Intelligent. s. m. A भ दिया scont, a secret-keeper.

ar s. m. A secret keeper, a confidant. भेगा s.f. Sister.

of s. f. A kind of pipe, a musical instrument, a kettle-drum.

भेरी s. m. A piper.

wig s. m. Semicarpus anacardium.

भे औ s. f. A lump of coarse sugar (or gur).

wis. m. A state or condition of being innate property, nature, disposition. wis s. m. Disguise, assumed likeness. counterfeit dress semblance, guise, garb.

cament; a kind of fennel (Nigella Indica).

भें स s. f. A female buffalo.

भें सा s. m. A male buffalo.

भें तियादाद } s. m. A kind of ring-भें तियादाद worm.

मं पहर adj. Terrific, terrible, horrible. भेषातुर adj. Distressed or distracted

with fear, terrified, भे बानक adj. Frightful, terrible, formid-

able, fearful, dreadful, alarming, dismal.

भेचन adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. भेषान adı. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid,

wan s. m. Brother.

भेबाचा s. m. Brotherhood, friendship. भेट adi, Formidable, horrible, terrific,

s. m. A name of Shiv, but more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity, eight of which are called by the common name Bhyravali, and are severally termed Asi. tangah, Ruru, Chandah. Krodha, Unmatta, Kupati, Bishan, and Sanghar, all alluding to terrific properties of mind or body; the name of a river; a musical mode, that which is calculated to excite emotions of terror.

भेदी s. f. The name of a ragini.

will s. f. The name of a ragini.

w d s. m. The name of a musical mode . sung at dawn in autumn : (It is represented by Mahades with the Ganges flowing from his head, and the rag issuing from the deity's mouth); & name of Shiv.

में ¥ 8. f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

all s. f. The eyebrow.

भौकड़ा adj. Very-fat.

भौकना v. a. To thrust, to drive (as a nail).

भोक्स s. m. A wizard who preys upon children (or men or women) till he brings them to the grave.

मोचरा s. m. A vault, a cavern a cellar. मीडा adj. Ill-shaped, uncouth, misshapen, useless, bad, uglv. unluckv.

adj. Blunt, obtuse.

भोद adj. Silly, quiet, mild, artless, simple:

wity s. m. A horn, wind instrument. भोई s. m. A chair porter, a palki bearor, a bearer : a white cat.

भोक्स s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. भोखना v. c. To bark.

कीन s. m. Pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction: suffering: possession: eating. victuals; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction. Bhog karna, To enjoy, to suffer.

भीग s. m. Abuse, rudeness.

भीगमा v. n. To enjoy, to suffer.

भीगा s. m. Fraud, trick, deceit, illusion, deception. imposition. treachery roguery, cheat.

भीगी adj. Jovial, jolly.

भीग्य adi. To be enjoyed.

जोज s. m. A country, Patna and Bhagalpors; the name of a sovereign of Uicin, who is supposed to have flourished about the end of the tenth century: he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and of the nine gems or poets, and philosophers, often ascribed to his era; cating, feast.

will was s. m. The country of Bhoja, the present Bhojpore, or the vicinity of Potna and Bhagalpore.

जीअन s. m. Eating, food, victuals. Bhojan karna, To eat, to feed,

भीजनीय ? adj. To be eaten, edible. s. m. Pood.

भीजपन s. m. The bark of a tree, said to be a kind of birch used in making hukka snakes.

भीजपूर n. prop. A country near Chhapra.

) s. m. A country, probably Butan.

भीटिया s. m. An inhabitant of Butan.

भी खल s. m. Talc, mica. भीवा adj. Blunt, dull.

भीपा s. m. A kind of fakir, a magician. भोगीरा s. f. Coral.

भीर s. f. Dawn of day. Bhor hona, To be finished, to be terminated.

भीषा adj. Simple, artless, undesigning, innocent, harmless, meek,

भीजी adj. f. Innocent, artless, Bholi baten. Innocent prattle.

भी s. f. The eyebrow. Bhoan terhi karna, v. a. To scowl, frown, browbeat, look angrily raising the eyebrows. Bhoden tanni, To knit the eyebrows.

भौजना v. n. To bark; (met.) to talk foolishly.

भौजाज s. m. An earthquake.

भौर s. m. A whirlpool.

भौरा s. m. A large black bee enamoured of the lotus.

भौदियाना v. a. To whirl, to turn.

भौरी s. f. Feathered hair, name of a defect in horses.

भौतरवाची s. f. A kind of halter (for horses or dogs).

भौदना v. n. To bark.

al s. m. Fear. भी पन adj. Aghast.

सामर s. m. Epilepsy. धामरी adj. Epileptic.

ष s.f. An eyebrow. षण इ.m. The embryo or feetus, a child. सणस्या s.f. Murder of the foctus, pro-

有事

curing or causing abortion, way s. m. A frown.

Ħ

न The twenty-fifth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter m.

भंजन s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

संजना v. n. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

मंजीरा s. m. A musical instrument, a kind of cymbal.

मंभ्योजा adj. Middle, middlemost, middling.

संभोती s. f. A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels.

मंड्या s. m. } Name of a grain (Cyno-संदर्भ s. f. } surus corocanus).

सक्डा s. m. A kind of grain; a spider. सक्डाना n. s. To move by winding about or crookedly; (met.) to be averse or act contrary.

নক্ষা s.f. A spider. Makari kajala, s. m.
A spider's web; hence (met.) any
thing very fine and slender.

nates. m. A marine monster, confounded usually with the erocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal: as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned ghark, or the unicorn fish; but it is often drawn, as in the pictured signs of the Zodiac, with the head and fore legs of an

भीनाई है s. f. A brother's wife.

সীবিশ্ব adj. Relating or appertaining to evil spirits.

भौना v. n. To revolve.

মাৰাম s. m. A post driven into the ground for chaining an elephant to. মানা adj. Earthly, terrestrial, produced in or relating to the earth.

भ है. m. Falling, declining from a

height, or from propriety; falling from or off. ধ্য s. m. Error. ignorance, mistake,

misaprehension; perplexity, doubt. भगण s. m. Whirling, going round;

wandering, literally or figuratively; going about, perambulation.

समत adj. Going round, whirling, revolving; roving; erring.

अनर s. m. A large black bee; vertigo, epilepsy.

अभि s.f.: Error, blunder, mistake. सभी adj. Whirling, going .round or about.

av adj. Fallen, lost; vicious, depraved, fallen from virtne, debased, polluted, arominable, dissolute, Bhrasht kurna, v. s. To pollute, to seduce. Bhrashts 'hona. v. n. To be polluted; to car-

cine. [kingdom. सटराज्य ddj. Deposed, deprived of a नाड s. m. A brother, a uterine brother.

মারস্ক] adj. Fraternal, brotherly, of বারীয় j or belonging to a brother. মান্ত adj. Whirled, revolved; blundering. mistaken.

মালি s.f. Error, mistake, ignorance; going round, whirling, revolving; going about wandering.

मानिमान ndj. Erning, mistaking; wandering.

भागक s. m. A cheat, a rogue.

antelope, and the body and tail of a fish: it is the emblem of the god of love; one of the signs of the zodiac, corresponding with Capricorn, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish.

watte s. m. The nectar or honey of a flower; the kokilo or Indian cuckoo; a fragrant kind of mango: a kind of Jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

मकरन्दवती s. f. The trumpot-flower (Bignonia suave-olens).

सकरीना v. a. To wet (slightly).

ৰূপত s. m. A crest, a head-dress, a crown, a tiara.

मकी s. m. A. species of Solanum (S. nigrum).

मकी खा s. m. A large ant. मकीए s. m. Sarsaparilla.

सकला 8. m. Butter.

अक्षी s. f. A fly; the sight of a gun. Makkhi urána, To flatter or perform servile offices for any one; to have ulcers on the body (so as to be constantly employed in driving away the flies from them); to be a good marksman (so as to hit a fly with a ball or arrow). Makkhi-chus, A miser, a niggard, a skinflint. Makkhi jhalua, To have venereal ulcers, Makkhi márna. To idle, to be unemployed, to trifle, to food.

मध s. f. Sacrifice, oblation.

जयन s. m. Butter.

मक्ता s. m. A kind of elephant which has no tusks; a cock without spurs, waffen s. m. Butterman. "

मकी s.f. A fly.

भग s. m. A road. Mag dekhna, To expect, to wait for.

unu s. m. A country, South Behar : | 441 s. f. The tenth lunar asterism.

an inhabitant of that country : a bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel.

मगन (adj. Plunged, dived, immersed; sunk, drowned; delighted. pleased, glad, happy, cheerful, joyful. सग्नमा s. f. Transport, rapture, cheerfulness, vivacity, delight.

s. m. An alligator.

मगरा adj. Proud, haughty, presumptuous, fastidious, arrogant, insolent. cross, obstinate, stubborn, impatient, refractory.

सवराई s. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness, insolence.

यगरापन s. m. Haughtiness, obstinacy, refractoriness.

सगराची s. f. Arrogance.

मगरेका s. m. A small blackish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell (Nigella Indica). सनसिर s. m. The eighth solar month.

संबंधी adj. Belonging to Magadh (s thing).

सगरेया s. m. Inhabitant of Magadh : a caste of Brahmans.

सगाना v. a. To send for.

समुरी s. f. A fish, a species of Silurus (S. pelorius).

सप adj. Plunged, dived, immersed : sunk, drowned.

सक s. m. One of the dwips or divisions of the universe; a country. that of the modern Mags, or Arracan ; a drug.

मचन adj. Odoriferous.

सच्या s. m. Inhabitant of Magadh : a caste of Brahmans.

containing five stars figured by a house, a Leonis, Regulus,

मधी adi. Belonging to Magadh (a thing) ; s.f. A sort of grain.

WWI s. m. A rosary, a bead (of gold ?) the vertibræ of the neck. Manka dhalakna (lit. the bending of the neck). To be at the piont of death.

s. m. A beggar, a borrewer. मकनी s.f. Betrothing, asking in marri-

nge ; a loan, Manoni dena, To lead.

The ridge of a house. बङ्गल adj. Auspicious, propitions, conferring happiness, prosperity. &c. :

beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, s. m. Welfarc, happiness: the planet Mars or its deified personification : Tuesday. Mangal-achar, s. m. Festivity rejoicing, congratulation, a song of congratulation, a marriage song or Epithalamium.

भक्त जाकी है। s. f. A sort of carpet made at Mangalkot.

मझखबार s. m. Tuesday.

भक्तलसमाचार s. m. Glad tidings, the Gospel.

मञ्जासुची s. m. f. A musician or singer. सङ्गजी adj. Triumphant, rejoicing. Mangali log, People employed on rejoicings.

सक्तावा v. a. To cause to ask for to send for.

www s. m. Name of a month, the first of the Hindu year, according to some systems, or the eighth.

l v. a. To send for, to ask मञ्जाभेजना 🤇 for, to call for,

नक्षा s. m. A small tassel.

मक्रेतर s.m. One to whom a man or woman is betrothed

num s. f. Pain in the joints.

बचका v. n. To have pain in the joints ; to creak (as a bedstead, &c.) मचकाना o. a. To wink.

नचना v. n. To be made, to be committed, to be perpetrated, to be produced.

सचनच An imitative sound.

नवनदाना v. n. To creak (as a bedstead or other thing heavily laden).

संबद्धा v. n. To be perverse, refractory. disobedient, cross, obstinate.

संबद्ध s. m. | Pertness, perverseness, मचलाई s.f. obtsinacy.

सच्चा adj. Perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, restive, pert. सप्ताना v. n. To be sick at the stomach, to feel nauses: to pretend ignorance.

गचलापम s. m. Stubbornness. भचलाइट 8. f.

सप्ताहा adj. Squeamish, stubborn.

सदान s. m. A platform, scaffold, stage. raised seat.

मचामा v. o. To make, cause, stir up. excite, commit, perpetrate, produce.

मधामच adi. Filled up, stuffed full. मचिया s. m. A. stool, a chair.

मियान s. m. Honey.

नवीक्ना v. a. To twist, to break by twisting.

s. m. A fish in general ; the name of the first Avatar or incarnation, when Vishnu is said to have appeared in the shape of the small fish sanhari, to Salyavrata or Hayagriv, to warn him of the general deluge. and desire him to place the four Veds in the boat which he (Vishnu) would preserve. The fish was first taken up by Hayagriv in his hands when bathing, being then of the size of the saphari (or ponthi), but it grew too large for being contained

in a tank, river, &c.; and was carried to the sea, where, after wards it supported the ark with its hora. Satyaurata lived about 3000 years before Crist.

सम्बद्ध s. m. A musquite, a gnat. Machchiar ki jhul ka cher, One who would steal the minutest thing a petty pilferer.

मच्छी s. f. A kiss.

₩ s. m. A fish in general.

सङ्दर n. prop. Name of a Jogi. s.m. A rat. adj. Stupid.

मक्ली s. f. 'A fish.

मळ्बा 8. m. A fisherman.

शक ady. Ripe, mellow.

सजीउ s.f. A drug used for dying red (Rubia manjith).

भजीत adj. Cheap, that which is sold at an under price; bought at second hand.

मजीरा s. m. Small cymbals.

পজা s. m. A labourer, carrier, porter.

HATE s. m. The middling.

The middle, centre; in the middle, in.

मभारी adj. In the midst.

मभाजी s.f. A small cart.

मभा चा ady. Middling.

सम्बोची s.f. A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels.

#W & m. A bed, a bedstead; a platform, a scaffold; an elevated shed raised on hamboo in a cornfield, &c. where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c.; a sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais.

कश्चन s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing with oil or fragrant unguents.

নম্ভনা v. z. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

मञ्जर s. f. The blossom (of a tree).

মন্ত্ৰা s. m. A bedstead; a sort of throne or chair of state.

मशार s. m. A cat.

महोत्। s. m. A musical instrument, a kind cymbal: (it consists of two small brass cups tied together with a string, and played upon by striking one against another).

सटका है s.f. Coquetry, ogling.

मट्कना s. m. A small vessel for taking water out of a larger.

मटका v. n. To wink, ogle, coquet. मटका s. m. A large earthen jar or pot.

মুহতাৰা v. a. To wink, ogle, twinkle. মুহত্তী s. f. A child's coral, or plaything which infants suck; a small earthen pot or jar; a twinkle, closing the eves.

सदकी है। 8. m. A house of earth.

सदर s. m. A pea (Pisum sativum.).

मटरा s.m. A kind of pes ; a kind of silk cloth.

भटरी s. f. A kind of pea.

महरीना adj. Mixed with peas.

मटियाना v. n. To wink at, connive, suffer, tolerate.

षडियारा s. m. A rable land, rich soil. महिशाव s. m. Sufferance, toleration.

with s. f. Earth. Matti karna. To ruin or destroy. Matti kharna, To eat flesh. Matti dalna, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti dana, To bury. Matti pakarna, To bite tile ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist, Mitti par larna. To

dispute about land. Matti men milána.

To be ruined or disgraced. Matti kona

To become weak or faint, to be ruined.

#FI s. m. Buttermilk.

মত s. m. A school, a college, the residence of young Brahmans, prosecuting sacred studies; a building inhabited by ascetics of the same order; a pagan temple.

मठको s. f. A sort of sweetmeat. मठा adj. Slow.

मडोर *s. m.* A jar.

मठोसी s. f. Onanism.

महियाना v.a . To paste.

सङ्गेड़ s. f. Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion. Maror báz, An affected person.

महोद्भा v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

मङ्गोङ्गा s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

मङ्गिङ्को s. f. Twisting, twist, flexion, writhe, convolution.

सदन s. f. Lining. heading (of drum, §c.)

बदना र. a. To cover (as a book with leather or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case,

नदा बत्तुं. Lined, headed, covered or topped (as a drum with parchment).

भड़ी s.f. A cottage, a temple.

मदेवा s.f. A cottage, a hut.

मणि s. m. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone.

मधिमय adj. Composed of gems.

निषमाचा s. f. A necklace, a zone. a fillet, &c. of precious stones.

Foam, barm, &c.; pith, esence.

सखन s. m. Ornament, decoration, jewels trinkets, &c.

news. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as at marriages, &c. an open temple or building consecrated to a deity.

of the sun or moon, halo, circumference: a round tent; an officer employed in villages, an exciseman, a province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty Yojans every way; the country or empire over which the twelve princes termed Chakrvartis are supposed to have ruled, perhaps the peninsula of India.

सञ्जाना v. n. To make a circuit, to hover (as birds, gc.), to be enveloped.

मञ्जलिया s. m. A tumbler pigeon.

मछनी s. f. An assembly, a corporation. मछना s. m. An alcove, an arbour, a bower, a shed.

मदा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

मंद्रित adj. Ornamented, adorned, overlaid (with gold, &c.); covered (with dust),

निष्ट्याना v. a. To starch.

नकी s.f. A market, a particular market for any one thing.

मसूत्रा s. m. An alcove, an arbour, a bower, a shed.

सञ्ज्ञ s. m. A. frog; a flower (Bignonia Indica).

सञ्ज्ञी s. f. A female or small frog ; a plant (Siphonanthus Indica, or, Hydrocotule Asiatica).

संख्या v. 4. To cover ('as a book with leather, or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case.

भारत s. m. A small round temple or cell. भक्षाना v. a. To cause to cover (a book, drum, &c. with parchment).

west s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and created on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

मखाया adj. Starched.

मन्द्रियामा v. o. To starch.

भकी s. f. A jogi's hut or place of abode. Mas. m. Purpose, intention, wish, mind (as to have a mind to any thing): knowledge; doctrine, tenet, belief, opinion, s.f. Manner, method, way. mode, system ; wisdom, understanding, intellect. Mathin, Void of understanding. neg, part. No. do not. भतद s. m. An elephant.

भवना s. m. A kind of sugar-cane. सत्रामा v. a. To persuade.

मतलागाजीका v. n. To be sick at stomach, to feel nausea.

भृत्यम adj. Drunken, like one intoxicated.

waster adj. Intexicated. drunken. drunk.

सत्हीन है adj. Stupid, ignorant, मतिशीन \$ मना s. m. Counsel, advice,

स्ति s.f. Understanding, itellect ; wish, desire, inclination.

मतिभव s. m.) Error, mistake, mis-निवानि s.f.) apprehension.

मतिमान adj. Sensible, clever, intelli-

मत adj. Intoxicated (drunk with liquor) intoxicated (with pride, passion, &c.) सदाला v. a. To persuade.

मक्षर adj. Envious ; niggardly, covetous. wares s. f. Envy, simpatience of another's success or prosperity ; passion, anger, a gnat, a musquito.

मतादिकी f. १ ady. Wicked, deprived, मत्सरी m. bad ; envious.

wers. m. A fish in general; a particular fish, probably the saphari, or the fish in which Vishnu is said to have been incarnated in his fish Avgtar; a country, enumerated, amongst the midland divisions of India (Dinajpur and Rangpur); one of the Purans.

THE Rohi, a sort of fish (Cyprinus Robits); the country called Matsya.

मचन s. m. Churning.

मधना v. a. To churn; to knead, to work. &. m. A churn-staff,

मथनिया 8. f. A churn,

सथनी s. f. A churn-staff,

Mul s. m. The forehead.

मधित s. m. Butter-milk, without any watery admixture.

पविन s. m. A churning stick.

अधूरा s.f. A town in the province of Agra, celebrated as the birth-place, and early residence of Krishna, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst Hindus.

स्य दिया s. m. A caste of Brakmane of Mathura (Mattra).

सद भी & f. The female of Mathuriya. ਮਹੀਡ s. m. Contribution, subscription, capitation.

सदीरा s. m. A parasol, paraplnie, um-#₹8. m. Spirituous or vinous liquor; inebriety, intoxication; pride, arrogence.

भद्रम s. m. Love, lust; Kamdev, the Hindu Cupid; a medicinal plant, Datara the plant called mynphal (Gardenia dumetorum; Vangueria spinosa). Madan ban, s. m. Name of a flower.

सदमात्र adj. Subdued by love, in love. adj. Drunk, intoxicated. मदमाती /. मदार s. f. A plant (Asclepias giganica). मदादिया s. m. The followers of Madar,

a Mahomedan mendicant.

मदारी s. m. A juggler.

मदिक adj. Proud.

कृदिरा s. f. Wine, spirits, spiritnous-or vinous lipuor.

मद्रसी s. f. A sort of fish.

#3 s. m. Wine, vinous or spirituous lianor.

मदापीत adj. Drunk, a drunkard.

मधुमाना adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

my s. m. Spirituous liquor; the nectar or honey of flowers; honey; the season of spring; the month Chyt March-April).

अध्याद s. m. A bee : a plant Achyranthes aspera); a fruit, the round · sweet lime.

मधुकी व s. m. The honeycomb or hive. मध्यप s. m. A sugarcane.

मध्य s. m. A hee.

मधुपक e. m. A dish of curds, ghi and honey, to be offered to a respectable guest on his arrival.

अध्यय ad). Sweet, Inscious.

मधुमाची s. f. A honcybee.

मधुमात s. m. A Ragini or musical mode. मधुमाना adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

सपुनास s. m. The month Chyt (March-April). [liked.

HYT adj. Sweet; pleasing, agreeable, सपुर्म s. m. • Sweetness (in flavour); sweetness (in speech).

मध्री adj. Sweet.

सप्तारी s. f. A kind of bread baked on live coals (used among the fakirs); victuals given in alms to pilgrims,

सधक्य s. m. A sort of Bassia, growing in watery or mountainous situations; sweetness.

मध्य adj. Middle, intermediate. adv. Amongst, amidst, amid. s. m. The middle, centre

सध्यदेश s. m. The middle region ; part of India, bounded by Kurukshetra on the north, Allahabad on the south, the Himalaya mountains on the east and the Pindhua mountains on the west; comprising therefore the modern provinces of Allahabad, Agra, Delhi, Oude. &c.: the northern limit is elscwhere defined to be the disappearance of the Saraswati.

मध्यमाग s. m. The centre.

मध्यम adj. Middle, centrical, intervening, intermediate, middling, temperate. s. m. One of the seven musical notes, the fifth note of the Hindu gamunt. मध्यमजीक) s. m. The earth the world of मध्यक्षी क् mortals.

मध्यमा s.f. The middle finger.

मध्यवसी ad). Contral, middle; being amongst or amidst, s m. A mediator, House adi. Centrical, middle. s. m. A middle man, an umpire, and arbitra tor a mediator.

अध्यक्षता s. f. Middle state or character. मध्याइ s. m. Midday, noon.

मन s. m. Mind, heart, soul, spirit, inclination. Man chor, Heart-stealer. Man-dargwardi, ad). Fauciful, inven ted (speech or story). Man-puran, Confidence, satisfaction of mind, ad). Man-bhana mundiya hilana, To shake the head at what one approves of, to pretend to refuse that which one secretly desires. Man-man, s. m. Heart's desire; choice. Man-manta, or Manmana, adj. Agreeable, pleasing, satisfactory, to one's heatt's wish or content. A mistress, sweetheart. Manman. As the mind may desire. Manmar rains, To suffer grief with patience. Man-tagana, Heart-attachment, heart-engaging. Man taga. To fix the mind upon, to be attentive, to apply to. Man-hin men, In the very soul.

सन s. m. A weight (10 seer or) seventyeight pounds,

দৰ্শা s.m. A resary, a bead; the vertebra of the neck. Manks dhalakna,
To be at the point of death.

सनकासना s. f. Desire, wish.

सनगढ़ा adj. Powerful.

सन्धरा s. m. The raised masonry round the mouth of a well.

मनचला adj. Assiduous, intent, eager, netive. bold.

ন্বজন s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice: cleaning the person by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

सन्त s.f. Acknowledgment.

स्त्र s. m. Minding, understanding.

सनभावन } adj. Acceptable, agreeable, amusing, charming.

सनस्य s. m. Cupid.

सनसारना v. s. To resist one's own iuclination, to be grieved or troubled in mind:

कननीइन (heart ravishing), s. m. A sweetheart, mistress; a name of Krishna.

मन्मी ज s. m. Self-conceit,

ममनीजी adj. Self-coceited.

सन्द s. m. The mind or considered as the seat of perception and passion, the heart; the intellect, the understanding. सनस्या s. m. A man, a male.

भनशा ्रेडी s. f. The goddess of the भनशादेशी serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom.

भनसा s.f. Wish, desire, intention, design, purport, purpose.

मनसिक | 'adj. Mental, intellectual.

मनसेक s. m. A. man.

দৰজাৰে s. m. The attention of the mind to its own sensation, consciousness of pleasure or pain.

सन्दाप s. m. Mental distress.

सन्हर्ण s. m. Heart-stealing.

নৰভাগী adj. m. Heart-stealer. মৰ্ছ adv. Suppose, as if. like.

ทุกเท v. a. To persuade, cause to agree (to any thing), conciliate, propitiate, sooth, coax, assuage, appease, put in mind; to do, act, perform. make. Manana-danana, To appease, conciliate.

मनाये s. m. Intention, desire, purpose.

मान } s. f. m. A gem, jewel.

স্পিছাং s. m. A person who makes or sells (churis) the glass bracelets, which the women wear on their wrists.

मनिष्ठारी s. f. The trade in jewels, &c. सनीयनी s. m. A blemish in horses.

ng s. m. Menn, the legislator and saint, the son of Brahma, or a personification or Brahma himself, the creator of the world, and progenitor of mankind; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kaths or interval from creation to creation, there are fourteers successive Menus presiding over the universe for the period of a Manusatara, respectively; in the

present creation there have been the six following Menus: Menu called also Swayambhuva, the supposed revealer of the code of law possessed by the Hindus, Swarochisha, Uttam, Tamas, Rayvat, and Chakshush, the seventh or the present Menu is Vayvaswat, or Ravat the second. A man in general.

सनुज s. m. A man in general.

मतुजा s. f. A woman.

भनुषी s. f. A woman, the wife or female of the man.

नवृष्य s. m. Man, a man, mankind.

मनुष्य s. m. The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity.

मनुकार } daj. f. Charming, fascinat-सनुकारी } ing, delighting, captivating the mind.

मन चा s. f. A kind of cotton, s. m. Puss (a cat), mind soul, life,

ननी adv. Like, as if.

ननीनत adi. Seated in the mind.

नवीयम adi. Thought or meditated on secretly.

मनीत्र adj. Beautiful, handsome, lovely, pleasing, agreeable.

भनीनीत adj. Chosen, preferred.

सबोरच s. m. Wish, desire, design, intention.

सनीरम adj. Beautiful, lovely, pleasing. मनो ली ख s. m. Fancy, caprice, whim. मनीक्र adj. Heart-ravishing, beautiful,

lovely, pleasing.

मनोशारिको) odi, Beautiful, pleasing, मनो हारी agreeable, lovely.

मनीसी s. f. Duil, security, a person referred to pay the debt, &c. of another, surety, assurance, acknowledgement.

mis s.m. A division of the Ved; a mystical verse or incantation; a | महा adj. Squat, dapper.

formula sacred to any individual deity; a charm, philter, spell, incantation; sacret consultation, private advice. Mantra-jantra, Incantation, exorcism.

सन्तवृक्षित . f. Secret counsel.

नवण s. f. Advising, counselling in private, advice.

समा s. m. A connsellor or adviser, a king's counsellor or minister; enchanter.

मञ s. m. A churning stick ; a dish made of barley-meal with ghi and water, a sort of grael or porridge; a disease of the eyes, entaract or opacity: rheum, excretion of the eyes.

सन्तव s. m. Agitating, stirring, churning.

मन्यनी s. f. A churn.

adj. Abated, slow, tedious, dull, foolish; bad, ill; low (as a stone). s. m. The planet Saturday, Mandgoti. Slow (in) pace. adv. Slowly. softly, Mand-mand, adv. Gently, Roftly.

बस्ता s. f. Dulness, littlenes, slowness, feebleness, badness.

मद्दि adi. Stupid, foolish.

सन्साम adj. Wretched, unhappy, unfortunate. hension.

बन्दनति adj. Dull, stupid, slow of appre-नृत्यमान adj. Slow, tardy.

नदर adj. Large, bulky. s. m. The monntain Mandar, with which the ocean is said to have been churned by the Surs and Asurs, after the deluge, for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period; the Mandra tree or one of the trees of paradise ; Swarg or the paradise of the Hindus.

मन्दराख s. m. A smile, a gentle laugh. मन्दा adj. Gentle, mild, affable, cheap, abated, allayed; slow, trady, little, मन्दाबा adj. Slow of apprehension, dull. सन्दादर adj. Disrogarding, neglecting, disrespecting.

सदायमान adj. Delaying, going tardily. सदार s. m. One of the five trees of Swarg; the coral tree (Erythrina fulgene); swallow wort (Asclepias gigantea).

मन्दिक्कर s. f. A sort of fish. मन्दिर s. m. House, dwelling, temple. मन्नत s. f. Acknowledgment.

দলা e.m. To be soothed, propitiated. সক্ষয় s.m. A name of Kam, the god of love; love, amorous passion or desire. [love.

मन्त्रची adj. Amorous, impassioned in भन्तर s. m. The reign of a Menu, a period equal to seventy-one ages of the gods, or 306,720,000 years of mortals, or with its Sandki or interval of universal deluge, 308,448,000 years : fourteen Manantaras constitute a Kalpa, the grand pepiod of creation and destruction, or 4,320, 000,000 years, each Manwantara is governed by its distinct Menu, and is provided with its own Indra, and minor deities; according to Hindu cosmogony there have been innumerable Mameantaras since the first creation of the world,

सन्तान adj. Thinking, conceiving ; minding, regarding.

ing, regarding.

नवस्थान र. f. Measure,

नवस्थान र. n. To be measure.

नवस्थान र. n. To cause to measure.

नवस्थान र. n. Measure.

नवस्थान र. n. To cause to be measured.

नन pron. My, mine.

समया s.f. Pride, arrogance, sell-sufficiency; the interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to, or connected, with one's self, affection.

समसञ्जल adj. Selfish. s. m. A miser, a niggard.

सनियासुर s.m. Husband or wife's maternal uncle. [nal aunt. सनियासास s. f. Husband or wife's mater-नशरा adj. Relating to the maternal uncle; as, Mameri bhai, Mother's brother's on, cousin. Mameri bahin, Mother' trother's daughter.

सनीष्ट्रा s. m. Twist ; ache, pain, (particularly, in the bowels).

लंग (in comp.) Composed of, chiefly; consisting or made of.

नयना s. f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica).

नया s.f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection. नयी s.f. A harrow; a ladder.

नब्द s. m. The pin or gnomon of a sun-dial.

सपूर s.m. A peacock; a flower, the coxcomb (Celosia cristata); a plant (Achyranthes aspera).

मयूरवृद्धा s. f. Coxcomb (Celosia cristata). मयूरादि s. m. A chameleon, a lizard.

मब्री s. f. A peahen,

भरक s. m. Epidemic or pestilential disease.

न्दक्षण s. m. The ridge of a house. न्दक्ट s. m. A monkey, an ape.

wind s. m. An emerald.

नरकर (lit. having died,) adv. With difficulty.

नरवडा क्यं Addicted to beating नरवडा striking, or butting (a man नरवडा) or animal).

मस्मन adj. Fried (fish).

HITEZ s. m. The place where Hindus burn their dead.

सरकाना v. n. To die.

सरकाया s. m. A. diver.

म्राण : f. Death, dying.

मरटामिया s. m. pl. Attendants whose business it is to rub oil, perfumed paste, &c. over the body.

सरना v. n. To dic, expire, cease ; (met.) to desire vehemently, to set one's heart upon any thing, to dote, s. m. [ated. Dying.

म्राप्त adı. Rotten, fermented, macer-सर्पचना v. n. To suffer pain or sorrow; to labour excessively.

म्रभुका adj. Starved to death, greedy, voracious, ravenous. सरम s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

सरमर s. m. Sound made by treading upon dry leaves, &c.

सरमराना v. a. To creak as a new shoc (an imitative sound).

न्दहन। v. u. To be dead ; to be deeply in love.

MERITI v. a. To cause to be beaten, to cause to be killed.

MINI s. m. A pot-herb (Amaranthus oleraceus).

ब्रह्म s. m. A Marhatla.

HITE s. m. A sort of goose with red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo : a duck.

मार्च s. f. Pepper.

मृद्यम adi. Lean, emaciated, much reduced by sickness.

मरी &.f. The plague.

मरीच s. f. Pepper (Piper nigrum). मरोचि s. f. A ray of light a sun-beam.

s, m. A saint, the son of Brahma,

and one of the Projugatis, and Brahmadikas, or first created beings and sovereigns of the world; a niggard, a miser.

सरीचिका s. f. The mirage, vapour which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water.

सद s. m. A region or soil destitute of waters, sands, a desert; the province of Marwar.

मद्भा s. m. A strong-scented plant (Artemisia valgaris); Ocymun pilosum, महभ s.m. The province of Marwar.

सद्द्रज s. m. A desert, a dry and desert tract, adj. Barren, dry, without water, desert.

सरीड s. f. Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion, Maror-baz, An affected person.

म्रोडना v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

मरीजफ्डी s. f. A plant (Helicteres isors), the fruit of which is used in medicine.

मरीका s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

मरीकी s.f. Twisting, writhing.

Hiller s. m. The Makar, a marine monster, apparently the Monodon or Unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodile or shark.

नरीए s.f. Affection, kindness, humanity, pity.

नदीकी achi. Affectionate.

मुद्धीर s. m. A monkey or apc.

बन्दी s. f. A small or female monkey. सबटेन्द s. m. A sort of abony (Diospyros

melanoxulon). स्पन्न adj. Mortal, what must or should

and s. m. A man, a mortal.

असंबन्धिक s.m. The earth, the world, the habitation of mortals.

जहन s. m. Rubbing, anointing, bruising, trampling, treading down, grinding.

मार्डन adj. Rubbed, anointed, &c.

सर्च s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, n secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

मुक्ति s. m. The rustling sound of cloth on dry leaves.

समोरी s. f. A sort of pine (Pinus Dcvadaru).

स्योध s. m. A learned or intelligent man or Brahman.

स्क्रीह s. m. An acute and intelligent मधीह (s. f. Station, rank, dignity, ाद्यादा (respect, continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct,

steadiness, rectitude, मधादिक adj. Respectable.

मुख s. m. Excretion of the body, as serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, fæces, ear-wax, nails, phlegm, tears, rheum, and sweat ; dirt, filth ; dreg, sediment : rnst.

सलका v. n. To walk like a chairman, &c. (trotting and raising the shoul-[bird. ders).

मनुष्क s. m. A kind of dervish; a kind of सलको s. m. A salt-maker.

Han s. m. A worn rupee or other coin. मलद्भ s. m. Rubbing, grinding.

मलन s. m. Rubbing, grinding, &c. मलना v. a. To rub, tread on, trample on, anoint.

मसदा s. m. Rubbish.

मुल्लम्ल s.f. Muslin.

सक्तमास s. m. An intercalary month. man ady. Ruined : decided (in dispute).

Maimet karna, To destroy, raze. Malmet hona, To be roined, to perish.

सन्त्र 8. m. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India; the country that lies along the Malaya range, or the west coast of the peninsula, Malayalim, or Malaber: one of the minor dwips or divisions of the world

मन्यज s. m. Sandal wood,

सनुवा s. f. A plant commonly called Teori (Convolrulus turpethum).

मलयागौरी s. m. The colour of Sandal wood.

मलयाचल s. m. The mountain Malaya.

सलवाई s. f. Price of scouring, rubbing. &c.

सक्दे s. f. Cream.

सलागिर s. m. A mountain or mountainons range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India. wood.

मनामीरी s. m. The colonr of Sandal सन्दाना v. a. To cause rub, grind, or scour.

मलार s.f. A Ragini or musical mode sung during the rains.

मिक adi. An unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu institution.

मिल्न । adj. Dirty, filthy, foul, vile, मिलिना | bad ; foul (figuratively), soiled with crime orvice, sinful, deprayed. मक्तिनता ह. f. Filth, impurity ; vileness, स्तिमस्य adj. Cruel, fierce, savage ;

vile, wicked.

मिलनी s. f. A woman during menstruation.

দ্বিষয় s. m. A small vessel of wood or of the shell of a cocoa-nut, for holding the oil used in unction.

দ্বিত্ত s. m.) adj. Very foul or unদ্বিত্ত s. f. \ dean; very wicked.
s. f. A woman during menstruation.
ৰক্ষীৰ adj. Filthy, foul, dity; sad,
vexed, indisposed, disturbed, troubled.
ৰক্ষ্ম s. m. A kind of worm.

www odj. An unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu intitutions. [horse).

संबेपंत्र adj. Aged above ten years (क संबेप s.m. Name of a mountain.

सञ्ज adj. Strong, stout, athletic, robust. s. m. A wrestler, a boxer by birth.

सम्भ s.f. A palæstrum, or arena, a place for athletic contests; it is alse applied to the site of any conflict, as a field of battle, &c.

अञ्चया s. f. A match of wrestling or boxing.

ANGE s. m. Wrestling, boxing.

नजार है s.f. One of the Raginis or start) divisions of the musical mode Megh sung during the rains.

निक्रम s. f. Arabian Jasmine (Jasminum zambac).

मझिनन्दि s. m. Aloe wood.

मह s. m. A. bear.

सवास s. m. Protection, refuge, asylum, retreat.

सम् s. m. A musquito. .

দ্যক s. m. A gnat, a musquito ; r kind of cutaneous eruption, the formation of small pustules or warts; a leather water-bag.

नमस्रो s. f. Musquito cartains, bed curtains of gauze, or of any thin substance, used to keep off masquitoes. सवरंगी s.f. A kind of pulse fried.

मवी s.f. Ink; the stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis.

सर s.f. Silence. Mast marns, To remain silent.

सस्य इ. m. A gnat. [burst. सस्य मा ७. n. To be torn, split, rent,

সংখ্যানা v. n. To tear, rend, split, burst. মধ্য s. m. A medicinal fruit ratala anthelminitica).

नसिष्य s. m. A wart, a fleshy excres cence or swelling.

सदन्दाना v. s. To suppress one's sentiments from fear.

अस्तना v. a. To braise, crush, break with the hand.

सस्रते s.f. Curtains (of a bed), musquito curtains.

লভা s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. লভাৰ s. m. A place where a dead body is burnt or buried, a cemetery.

महार s. m. An emerald, मृषि s. m. मृष्टी s. f. } Ink.

मसिधान 8, m. } An inkstand.

ससी s. f. Ink.

सशीन s.m. A vetch, pulse.

सहीत s.f. Linseed (Linum utilitiesimum), सहीत n. prop. Messiah, Christ, the Anointed, the Saviour of the world.

দতীয়াই | adj. Of the Messiah. s. m.
লতায় | A follower of Christ, a
Christian.

सब्दा s. m. The gums (of the teeth). सब्द s.f. A sort of pulse or lentil

(Eroum hirsutum, and Cicer tens).

बर्ग है s. f. A kind of small-pox. बर्ग s.f. pl. Down, small hairs on the lips before the grows.

मसीना v. s. To twist; to squeeze, wring; to regret, to grieve.

क्योग adj. Twisted ; grieved, afflicted. s. m. Affliction, renown, regret.

स्यक्ष s. m. f. The head, the skull; the forehead; the head or top of any thing.

मक्ष s. m. Mast of a ship.

नवा s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. महना adj. m. Dear, high-priced, expensive.

नहंगी s.f. Death, scarcity, famine adj.f. सहज s.f. Odour, perfume, fragrance.

महत्रमा v. n. To exhale agreeable smells, to emit odour, to perfume. सहत्रमा v. a. To exhale (agreeable scent)

to perfume, भावकीला adj. Odoriferous, fragrant, spi-

cy, aromatic.

सहस्र s. m. Diffusive fragrance.

सदत adj. Great, glorious, large, bulky; excellent, illustrious. s. f. Greatness, grandeur, dignity.

দ ছৱা s. m. A person employed by the land-holder to collect the rent from a village, a land bailiff.

महतारी s.f. A mother. [rank.

মন্তন s. m. Greatness, either in bulk or মন্ত্ৰাৰ adj. Dependent upon or attached to the great.

महना v. a. To churn.

महत्त s.m. A monk, an abbot, prior, a religious superior, a chief of the fakirs.

मस्तादे s. f. The business of a Mahant. भार s. m. A chief. s. f. A woman, wife, female.

att s. m. A palki-bearer.

watth s.f. The business, of a palkibearer; a kind of song among the cowherds.

सम्बद्धि s. f. A woman.

संशोध s, m. A division of the universe: a region said to be one crore of yojans above the polar star, and to be the abode of those saints who survive a destruction of the world. [ram, 483 s.m. A cunuch employed in a Hatter odj. Great, illustrious; very, extremely.

भशाकार s. m. Garlic; a very large esculent root, a sort of yam.

नदाकाव adj. Large, bulky, stout.

ন্যাভাজ s.m. A name or rather a from of Shiv, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. Shiv or Mahakal may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

न हाकाखी s.f. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrific form of Durga.

महाकल adj. Eminent by birth, of good family or extraction.

महाज्ञलीन adj. Of good family.

नदाक्ष s. m. A large or deep well. नदाक्ष adj. Of a good family.

महाकोड़ s. m. A species of leprosy. (great leprosy), porhaps the elephantiasis.

সম্ভাৱৰ s. m. A banker, moneydealer, merchant; a good or trust-worthy person. [interest.

দয়ালাণী s. f. The business of a Mahajan; ময়ালাণ adi. Very wise.

महाजाच s. m. A seine.

ন্যাতীৰ s. m, A large and splendid sort of sedan or palki.

नहातम s. m. Greatness, grandeur, rank, dignity; the benefit supposed to be derived from any good work.

सभावसभा s. f. The lowermost division

महातव s. m. The fifth in descent of the seven patals or regions under the earth, said to be inhabited by various races of evil beings, as the Nags, Asurs, Dyts, &c.

নছানিল adj. Very bittor. s. m. The large Nimb tree (Melia semperoirens). নছানী অ adj. Very sharp (as flavour), or literally (as a weapon) or figura-

नदातेजा adj. Very bright; very energetic or vigorous.

tively (as perception &c.).

कडाका adj. Liberal, lofty-minded, magnanimous.

পদাহৰ s. m. An elephant with large tusks; an elephant's tusk.

सहादेव s.m. Shiv, one of the principal Hindu gods.

महाथातु १. m. Gold.

सद्दानन्द s. m. Eternal emancipation or beatitude.

নম্বাদ্যের s. m. One of the bells or divisions of Tartarus.

भद्रानिहा s. f. Death, dying. सद्रानिम s. m. A large ki

संदर्शिक s. m. A large kind of Nimb tree Melia sempervirens).

अडाविमा s. f. Midnight.

नहानी इ. m. The emerald.

महामुमात्र adj. Magnanimons, liberal. महाभूषी s.f. An owl.

समापय s. m. The principal path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a unain road, a highway; the end of life, the way of all flesh.

degree, as, killing a Brahman, stealing gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultory with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences; great crime in general.

नडापानकी s. m. An offender in the highest degree.

ous crime or sin in general.

नशापापी Atrocions, great sinner.

লয়াঘান্তর s. m. A religious mendicant. নয়ানুষ্য s. m. A great man, a holy man. নয়ানুষ্য s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternatea). নহামধ্য s. m. A holy man, a saint; a

king.

***RING** s. m. A destruction of the
world said to occur after every period
of 4,830,000,000 years; a total
destruction of the universe happening after a period commensurate
with the life of Brahma, or 100
years, each day of which is equal to
the period first stated, and each
night of which is of similar duration;
at the expiration of this term, the
seven, Loks, with the saints, gods,
and Brahma himself, are said to be
annihilated.

ৰ্ঘ্যমন্ত s. m. The meat which is offered to the deity (especially to Jaggunnath) and afterwards distributed. ন্যাৰ্থী adj. Very powerful.

বহারামাত s. m. A priest, who officiates at funeral ceremonies; and is first fed after the mourning for a dead person.

महाभाग adj. Virtuous in a high degree, pure, holy; eminent, exalted.

सहामागल s.f. Possession of the eight cardinal virtues, clemency, &c. exalted station or merit.

FUNITE a. m. A grand epic poem by Vyas-dev, containing an account of the dissensions and wars of the Kurus and Pandus, two great collateral branches of the house of Bharst, so called from Bharst its founder; great war of the descendants of Bharat.

नदानीत adj. Very timid, pusillanimous, cowardly.

नहाशीना s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Minosa pudice):

नद्यानांतुः s.m. Human fleshi. (one who takes money on giving his daughter in marriage is said to sell mahamans, human flesh).

नहासाया s.f. Durgs ; worldly illusion or unreality.

नदानाच s. nv. A kind of been Dolichos catjong). [ruby.

नहामूच adj. Costly, precious. s. m. A जहामें s. m. The coral tree (Erythrina Indica); a drug, classed amongst the principal drugs, and described as a tonic, and stimulant.

aview s. m. An essential sacrifice, a sacrament of the Hindu religion; five acts are enumerated of this description, severally considered as due to the Veds, to the gods, to man, to the manes, and to all created beings; they are respectively, study of scripture offering of sacrifice to gods, hospitable-treatment of guests, libation of water, &c., to deceased progenitors, and the casting of food on the ground or in water as an offering to the gods, te spirits, &c.

नदावल s. m. A great mechanical work, as a lock or dyke.

सदायमा adj. Illustrious, celebrated.

नहायुन s.m. A great Jug; the aggregate of the four ages, or a period of four million, three hundred and twenty thousand years.

murtin s. m. A soverign, an emperor; great king, excellency.

लहाराजा s.m. A Hindu emperor. लहाराजाधिकाज s.m. A paramount sovereign, an emperor. मश्रादाव s. m. Midnight.

महारानी s. f. An empress,

aview s. m. God, the supreme Being; a place of refuge, a sanctuary, and asylum:

नहालोड s. m. The loadstone.

सङ्ख्य s. m. Rain which falls in the month of the Magh; Keeper. सङ्ख्या s. m. An elephant driver or

सञ्ज्ञ s. m. An elephant driver or सञ्ज्ञ s. m. A large forest.

महावर s. m. Lac, the red animal die so called extracted from lac insects.

सङ्ख्यिङ. m: A' small venomous, snake, supposed to be two-headed.

सद्दाविष्य s. m. The Sankranti or moment of the sun's entering Aries the vernal equinox, but varying several days from the European computation.

सञ्जानीच s. f. One of the divisions of Tartarus.

Wing s. m. A thousand millions.

सकास adj. Magnanimous, liberal munificent.

मदासल adj. Good, virtuous, just:

subsisting for six successively day respectively, on cow's urine, cowdung, milk, curds, ghi, and water in which Kusa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh days; instead of one day some authorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Santapan penance; others out the two last periods, making it last fifteen days.

सद्वाहरू s. m. Excessive violence, brutal assault.

aview s. m. Copulation.

Harawadj. Subtile, fine, minute,

महाहात s. m. d horse-laugh. -

महिमा s. f. Greatness in general, literal or figurative.

महिष 8. m. A buffalo.

महिनाच s. m. A plant, supposed to be the Bdellium tree.

महिषो s. f. A female buffalo.

中歌 s.f. The earth; a river, the Mahi which rises in the province of Molwa, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulph of Cambay.

महोदल s. m. The surface of the earth. महोना s. m. A month; monthly pay. Mahina charhna, To be in arrears. Mahina-dar, A monthly servant.

महीय महीयति महीयात्र

नदीनय adj. Earthen, made of earth or clay.

महोदह 8. m. A tree.

महीलता s. f. An earth-worm.

সংখা ৈ s.m. Name of a tree Cassis
ভাষ্টা latifolis) bearing flowers
which are sweet, and from which a
spiritous liquor is distilled. The nuts
afford an oil used instead of butter.

महरत है s. m. A division of time, महर्ग है equal to 12 kshans or 48 minutes.

res s. m. Indra, the ruler of swargs; a gauge of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bharat Varsha or Iudia, and apparently the northern part of the Ghats of the peninsula.

सक्षेत्र s. m. A dish, consisting of rice सक्षेत्र s. f. or other grain, boiled in some milk,

महेला s.f. A food given to horses, consisting of boiled kidney beans (Phaseolus maw), a mash.

ाहेश } s. m. Shiv.

महोच s. m. A large bull or ox.

महोचा s. m. A bird (Cuculus castaneus). महोचान s. m. A great festival.

महोसास adj. Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and unremitting exertion. s. m. Diligence, effort, exertion.

मधीस्य s. m. Kanouy, the ancient city and district; final beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the divine essence, prosperity, elevation, eminence.

महोदार adj. Mighty, powerful.

नहीवम a ij. Diligent, persevering, making strenuous and unremitting effort s. m. Great effort, energy, exertion.

महीसा s.m. A frickle.

महीवध s. m. Garlic; a plant (Betula); long-pepper.

सहीवपि s. f. A sort of grass, commonly called Dub; a kind of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

मडीवधी s. f. Dry ginger; a potherb (Hingsta repens).

मधी s. m. Buttermilk.

मचिका s, f. A bee.

मा s. f. Mother; a name of Lachhmi. माई s. f. Mother,

मार्षे s. f. Aunt.

Ht postpos. In. s. f. Mother.

साय s.f. A line on the top of the head where the hair is parted; a betrothed damsel; prow; division. Mang nikaina, To divide the hair in a straight line on the top of the head.

मांगचिक्रनी s.f. Name of a bird.

मागदेगा v. a. To borrow for another, to ask for and give.

मावना v. a. To ask for, require, demand, beg, pray, crave, solicit, want, desire seek, betroth, will, Many tany karns, To ask for. [riage. भागनी s. f. Asking or betrothing in mar-मांगरीका v. a To borrow.

wish s. f. A loan, what is borrowed.

part Betrothed (a woman).

माज s. m. Pus, matter, serum.

मांजना v. a. To scour, scrub, clean.

सिक s. m. The middle, in the middle, in; a Rayini or musical mode; a kind of verse, Manjhdhar, s. f. The midstream.

मांभाव s. f. State, dignity.

দাধার s.m. A pasto mixed with pounded glass, and applied to the string of a kite, to cut that of another with; a feast given by a bridegroom previous to 'the wedding; the trunk of a tree, wiwil s.m. Master of a vessel, a boatman, sailor, steersman, helmsman.

মার্যা ত. a. To rub, tread or trample down; to knead; to make, stir, excite commit, perpetrate, produce; to starch.

सांदा s. m. Film, speck (on the eye); a kind of bread.

नोक्षे s.f. Starch (made of rice flour), भ दा s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

माइ s. f. Faded, a dull colour ; a dunghill; the den of a wild beast.

मांस s. m. Flesh, meat.

मांनी s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana yatamansi).

দায়মন্ত adj. Eating flesh, carnivorous. দামন্ত s.m. The mango.

मानदी s. f. Emblic myrobalan. मासन s. m. Butter. HIMH adj Belonging to, or produced in the province of Magadh or south Behan s. m. A bard, a minstrel, whose duty it is to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence, and to attend on the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs. The minstrel forms a particular caste, said to spring from a Vysa father and Kshatri mother : in mythology they are said ito have been created at once by the will of Shiv. Under the name of Bhats. they are still numerous in the west of India, where they are a priviledged tribe,

भागपा s. m. pl. The inhabitants or people of Magadh.

with s.f. A kind of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum); long-pepper (Piperlongum); a sort of Cardamome grown in Guzerat; a dialect of Sanskrit, one of the principal forms of Prakrita, and nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the Bhoudhis and Jyns.

मानना v. a. To ask for

साय s. m. One of the months of the Hindu year (January-February).

साची s.f. A potherb (Hingsto repens). माहितक adj. Propitious, tending to good fortune.

ৰাম্বৰ s.m. Welfare, propitiousness.
ৰাম্বা s.m. A large bedstend or platform;
a frame or stage on which they git
to drive away birds, &c. from corn
fields. Machator, adj. A lazy person
who never stirs from his bed; a kind
of soldier among the Rajputs very
indolent and much addicted to opium.
but active and brave when roused.

साची s.f. A harrow; a small bodstead. भाषों स s.m. Name of a country, China. भारत s.m. A mosquite. भारत s.f. A fly.

साजार्क, adj. Form of the same

बाजू पल s.m. A gall-nut.

माभाषार s.f. Mid-stream.

माजिल m. } adj. Of a red colour.

बाटी s. f. Earth.

wisi s. m. Buttermilk. adj. Perverse, lazy, obstinate.

बाद s. m. A buffoon (a term of reproach) बाइनी s. f. Paste.

मादिया adj. Lean, thin.

सावर s. m. A child; a man (in a contemptuous sense), a manikin.

काष्यक s. m. A child, a boy not exceeding sixteen years of age, a manikin. साचिक s. m. A ruby.

भाग s. f. Accent, vowel, mother.

भातक s. m. An elephant.

सातना v. n. To be intoxicated.

भागा s.f. Mother; the small pox. adj. Drunk, intoxicated.

सातापित m. du. Mother and father. सातापाइ s. m. A maternal grandfather. सातापाइी s. f. A maternal grandmother, सातापाइी s. m. A maternal uncle,

मानुसपुत्रक s. m. The son of a maternal uncle.

मानुवानी भानुवानी भारतको s. f. The wife of a maternal uncle, &c.

चाद s. f. A mother.

मादवानुस s. m. A matricide.

मात adv. Only, so'ely, (exclusive and identical, the very thing)...

wine adj. Mere, only, solely.

wist s.f. A vowel (point or Symbol); a dose, imagredient. नासर adj. Envious, or impatient of anothe's prosperity.

म अर्थ s. m. Envy, malice.

with s. m. The forchead; prow; the ridge of a thatch. Moths thanakna (lit. ringing or throbbing of the forchead). implies a presentiment of the conclusion, from certain marks observed in the commencement of an affair: and it is generally understood to indicate an unfortunate termination, Matha ragama (lit. to rub the forchead viz. on the ground). To implore humbly (of the deity, a saint, or a king). Mathe parcharhaa, v. a. Totyrannise, to oppress.

काषोत्तेका v.a. To make even (particularly a thatch).

सायुर s. m. An inhabitant of Mathura (Muttra); a caste of Kayastkas, also of Brahmans.

बादब adj. Intoxicating.

भारकता s.f. Intoxicating.

नायरी s.f. A large creeper (Gartnera racemosa).

मापुर्व s. m. Sweetness of flavour or disposition. [fish,

ৰাখী s.f. Spirituous liquor; a sort of দাখীৰ s. m. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassis latifolia; wine, spirit distilled from grapes.

will s.m. Character, dignity, honor, respect; arrogance, hanghtiness, pride; blandishment; measure in general, whether of weight, lenght or capacity. adj. Like. Man-guman. s.m. Dignity, state, honour. Mangon, Respect.

wiw adv. Suppose, grant,

is sometimes eaten (Arum indicum).

WINNI !. f. Vow, promise. भागनीय adi. To be respected or revered.

wiws s. m. A man, man ; a boy. सामवत् s. m. } adj. Proud, haughty, सामवता s. f. } high-spirited.

सानविका त s. m. } adj. Humble, lowly. मानवी s. f. A woman.

मात्रस adj. Mental, s. m. The mind, the seat or faculty of reason and feeling, the lake Manas or Manasarowara in the Himalaya mountains.

सानमुख s. m. Thoughtfulness.

सामसन्दान s. m. Welcome.

भागक adv. Suppose, grant, as if like, resembling.

आनिक s. m. A kind of gem, ruby, Lid ka mani, A horse.

कानिकत्रीड s.m. A bird (Ardea leucocephala).

पानिता s. f. Pride, dignity.

जानिनी adj. Proud, arrogant, haughty. मानी s. m. A man,

भावप 8. m. A man.

बानुषी s. f. A woman.

बाउव s. m. Manhood, manliness, humanity, the state or quality of a man or mortal.

बानी adv. Suppose, grant, as if, as. s. m. A cat.

will v. a. To respect, regard, mind. attend to, observe, obey, heed, believe, accept, acknowledge, receive, experience, agree, allow, accede, assent, confess consent, grant, admit, take, assume, trust, yield, submit, suppose, own, permit, to be set on Bura manna, To take amiss, to take as an affront, Bhala manna. To take in good part.

मान्य adj. Respectable, venerable. WIY s. m. Measure.

मापन s. m. Measure, measuring,

बापना v. a To measure. Mara shorba our gipi daliyan, is applied to express scarcity of provision, also penurious economy.

सामाप s. m. Parents.

मामक adj. Selfish, s.m. A miser, a niggard.

मामा s. m. A maternal uncle.

मामी s.f. An aunt, maternal unele's

मामीपीना v. a. To shew partiality.

WIH s. m. An uncle, mother's brother; a snake. (Phrase used at night when it is deemed unlucky to call a scrpent by its proper name).

सावा s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection; fraud, trick, deceit, illusion; philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence. Mayapatra, adj. Rich, opulent, wealthy.

सायापट adj. Delusive, expert in deceiving.

मावामव adj. Illusive, deceptive.

मायावी s. m. A juggler, a conjurer.

माविक adj. Illusory, deceptive.

भार s. f. Beating ; battle ; a blow ; (in comp.) killing, killer. Mar kutai, s. f. Beating and bruising. Mar khani, To get a drubbing. Mar girana. To knock down, Mar dana, To kill, smite. Mar dena, To smite, to beat, Mardhar, s. f. Thumping and beating severely. Mar parna, To be beaten, Mar pit, s. f. Beating and bruising, drubbing. Mar marna, To commit suicide; to fall in battle after killing some of the enemy. Mar laha, To rob, to take by robery. Mar lena, To smite, overcome, conquer. Mar sakna, To be alle to beat,

and drive back. Mar harna, To beat severely. .

wit 1 s. m. Plague, pestilence, epide-मारक mic.

मारकत adj. Emerald, of the colour of an emerald.

WIGH s. m. A road, path, way ; the anus. मार्ष s. m. Killing, slaughter. Maranhara, s. m. Smiter, slayer.

बारना v. a. To smite, strike, hit, kill, slay, beat, bang, drive, shoot, punish, mortify, cast, mar, blight, blast, spoil, ruin, conquer, crack, destroy, break, fine, take, set, smother, stamp, sting, stop, calm, throw, toss, quench, run. s. m. Striking, &c.

बारवा है s.m. A musical mode.

मारा adj. Beaten, smitten, slain; foundered or overturned (a boat, &c.) s. m. A victim. Mara parna. To be killed or slain. Mara mara phirna, To wander. Mara mari, Mutual beating, scuffle, fray, bickering, broil.

साराजाका v. n. To be slain; to be overcome; to be overturned or sunk (a boat, &c.) ; to be cut off (a caravan, detachment, &c.).

भारात्मक adj. Murderous.

सादित adj. Killed, slain.

मारी s. f. Plague, epidemic.

MI € 8. m. A. warlike musical instrument, a kettledrum. adj. (in comp.) Smiting, striking ; striker, killer.

बारे subst. mas. inflect. (By) reason, (on) account, (for) the sake, for. आन s. m. A road, path, way; search,

seeking, inquiry; the anus.

WINGE 8. m. The month Agrahayana (November-December).

Mar halana, To overcome, to beat | मार्जन s. m. Cleaning, clornsing, wiping: cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents; sprinkling with water for purification before the performance of religious ceremonies.

सानीर s. m. } The common eat; the मार्नारो s. f. } wild or pole cat.

Wing s. m. Wrestler, boxer, prigefighter. s. f. A necklace, a garland. बालकक्षा s.f. Celastrus (Staff tree). मालका s. f. A garland.

माजको स s. m. A musical mode.

मानती s. f. Great-flowered jasmine (Jasminum grandiflorum); a bud, blossom : a flower (Bignonia suaveolens) ; a shrub (Echiets caryophyllata); a creeper (Gærtnera race-[pancake. mosa).

WINGEN S. m. A kind of sweetmeat, a सालव s. m. The province of Malwa or, m. pl. The people of that province. सालसो s. f. A Ragini or musical mode. साला s. f. A garland, a necklace, a string or wreath of flowers; a chaplet of flowers; a string of beads, a Hindu rosary ; a book.

WIGHTE S. m. A flower-seller, a florist. a gardener.

बाबाकन s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus, of which common rosaries are made.

साचित्र) s. f. The wife a flower-gather-बालिनो) er, or a female vender of garlands, &c.

बाली s. m. A florist, a gatherer and vender of flowers, a gardner.

wice s. m. A garland, a wreath; a chaplet, a garland for the forehead.

मास्त्रत । s. m. A mountainous range, described as one of the भाष्यान 🦠 smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Meru.

with s.f. The conjunction of the sun and moon, the change of the moon, wist s.f. Substance; starch; the yolk of an egg; leaven; milk inspissated by boiling.

भाष s. m. A sort of vetch or kidneybean (Phaseolus max, or,—radistus). भाषपची s. f. A sort of leguminous shrub (Glycine debilis).

will s. m. A joweller's or goldsmith's weight, variously reckoned at five, eight or ten ratis or seeds of the Abrus precetorius: the weight in common use is about seventeen grains troy.

भास s. m. The month, a month, the twelfth part of the Hindu year, it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty This but it may be a Soura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac : there is also a Sawan month, consisting of thirty risings and setting of the sun; a Nakshatra month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms; and a fifth description of month called Varhaspatyah, depending on the motions of the planet Jupiter; the lunar month also being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation.

WIT s. m. Flesh, meat.

सासनगर s. m. The last day of a month, भारत s. m. A medicinal seed (Serratula anthelmintica).

सासा s. m. A small weight consisting of eight rattis.

सासाल s. m. Day of new-moon. सासिक adj. Monthly, relating or lelonging to a month; payable in a month (a debt, &c.); hired by the month (a servant); lasting for a month; happening or occurring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence, &c. s. m. A particular Shradch, or obsequial sacrifice performed every day of new moon.

[aunt.] S.f. Mother's sister, maternal

সাধীন adj. Of a month, a month old. সাহাজন adj. Of a respectable family. সাহাজনিক adj. Fit for or suitable to great persons.

साशासिक adj. Glorious, majestic; magnanimous; of great sanctity or honour.

ৰাহানা s. m. Majesty, greatness, might the peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine. &c.: a work giving an account of the merita of any holy place or object,

साहाराजिक adj. Imperial, royal, fit for a king, &c.

wife adv. In.

साइ€ s. m. Foison.

षाष्ट्र s. m. A kind of Scolopendra or julus which is said to get into the brain through the cars, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

सिंह s. m. Rain.

भिक्षनी s.f. Goat's or ship's dung.

भिन्दकारना v.a. To rinse.

fuent v. n. To shut, to close.

स्विदाना v. a. To eat without an appe tite. Michar-michar karna, Eating without an appetite.

सिबीखना v. a. To shut or cover the eye. सिटना v. n. To be effaced; to expire.

भिटाना v. a. To efface, erase; obliterate, blot out, abrogate, abolish.

h सिटिया s.f. An earthen pot.

Fast s. f. Earth. Mitti pakarns, To will bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist. Mitti dens, To bury. Matti par larna, To dispute about land, Mitti dana, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti karna, To ruin or destroy. Matti men milns, To be ruined or disgraced. Matti khana, To ent fiesh. Matti hona, To become weak or faint, to be ruined. fazi s. m. A kiss. adj. Sweet; slow.

चित्ररी s.f. A sort of sweetment.

भिरादे 's. f. A sweetmeat; sweetness. भिराद s. m. Sweetness.

fun edj. Measured.

funity adj. Prudent in speaking, of measured speech.

বিদায়ৰ adj. Abstemions, moderate in diet, eating little and sparingly.

পৰি s.f. Measuring, measure; proof, evidence.

चित्री s. f. Date; interest,

चित्रता है .f. Friendship, friendliness.

निवहर 's. m. A false or treacherous friend.

निवर्भ द s. m. Breach of friendship.

fraums. m. Aquirement of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c.

निषम् adv. Mutually, reciprocally.

fungs. m. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female; copulation; union, junction. s. m. The sign of the zodiac Gemni.

গিষ্টাকাৰ s. m. Amorous inclination. গিষ্টা ado. Falsely, untruly, adj. False, counterfeit.

तिवाचार adj. Acting falsely निवादिक s. f. Denial of future existence, atheism, heresy.

भिष्याप्रतिष्ठ adj. Treacherous, guilty of a breach of promise.

भिष्यामित s.f. Error, ignorance, mistake. मिष्याबादी adj. Lying, a liar.

দিলী s.f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

figur s. m. Sir pan address expressive of kindness, master. *Miyan admi*, A respectable person.

funt s. f. The epilepsy.

निर्मोदा s. m. One afflicted with the epilepsy, one epileptic.

pepper. Lal-mirch, Capsicum or red pepper.

मिर्चा । s. m. Chili pepper (Capsicum fम्रचीई) frutescens).

भिषा adj. False, lying, antrae.

free s. f. A kind of drum, a tabout.

(A kind of long drum, much longer than the dhol and broader at the middle than at either end).

मिद्दिया । s. m. A beater of the mir-मिद्देशों । duny, a tabourer.

first s.m. An officer employed by government in villages, an overseer, exexerman.

from s. m. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with, &c.; agreement; encountering, meeting; to meet, to mix, &c.

FRONTEL adj: Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial, Mitansari, s.f. Sociableness, friendliness, affability, civility, concord, agreement.

FRENT c. n. To be mixed or confounded, to blend, meet, join, to be met with, to attain, occour, to be got. to associate, agree, accord, fit, tally. snit, to be united, to become connected (with), to coalesce; correspond Milita julia, or Milita julia, To meet cordially, to have unrestricted intercourse. Milita hilta, et n. To act together, to coalesce, to be together, to join. Milipilia rahad, To live together in histmony.

দিক্ষাণা v. a. To cause to mix, &c.
দিকাণা v. a. To mix, to blend; to cause
to meet, to join, attach, connect, adjust, accord, fit, unite, apply, introduce, coment, close, compare, reconcile, assimilate, agree, find, get, meet,
visit.

frame s. m. Agreement, reconciliation, accommodation, mixing, coalescence, combination, union, concord, understanding, adjustment, pacification, visit, meeting.

बिलापो adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial.

নিবাৰ s. m. Mixture, mixing, accord, unison, assimilation.

দিভিন adj. Mixed, united, combined or connected with; found, met with, encountered.

নিমী s.f. A sort of fennel (Anethun panmorium); Indian spikenard; commonanise.

First adj. Mixed. mingled, blended. s. m. Mixing, mixture, a title of Brahmans, who were trought to India from Sd-ka-dwip by Krishna in order to cure leprosy of his son Sambal; also a title of some Brahmans from Mithila fc.; a Hindu physician; a respectable person.

লিমত s. m. Mixing uniting ; (in Arithmetic) Addition.

fulum adj. Respected, respectable; mixed, mingled; added. লিল t s. m. Fraud, trick, deception; দিল j pretence, sham, stratagem; cnvy.

नियो s.f. Spikenard (Valerians Jotamansi); a sort of fennel (Anethampannorium, &c.)

fire adj. Sweet, sugary.

fugins. m. Sance, gravy, seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acids, &c. eatenwith bread or rice.

नियमा v. n. To be ground, to be pulve-

full's.f. A sort of fennel (Anethum panmorium); another kind (A. sowa); spikenard (Vaterissa Jatamasi); se sort of lovage (Ligusticum ajvosen); common anise (Pimpinella anisum).

मिसी है s. f. A powder (made of मिस्सी) vitriol, &c.) with which the teeth are tinged of a black colour, adj. f. Made of vetches. Missi-dan, As box of gold, silver or other metal for holding misi.

নিখুৱা ৈ s.f. A plant from the leaves ভারতী of which a red die is prepareed, with which the natives stain their hands and feet (Lawsonia inermis).

ভিতৰা s. m. Sarcasm. Mihna phenkna, To sneer.

furtis. m. A man who appears in thehabit of a woman.

सिहराद } सिहरिया } s.f. A woman;

सिंहाना v. n. To grow damp. मिहानी s. f. A churn.

मोंगो s.f. Marrow.

मीलना v. a. To rub, sconr.

मीच s. f. Death.

भोचना है v. c. To close the eyes, shut, मीखना है wink.

मीजना v. a. To rub with the hands.

मीजू s. m. Lentil.

सील

मीडा adj. Sweet; slow. s. m. A very active vegetable poison; name of a fruit; a kiss.

मीठिया s. m. } A kiss.

দীখা s. f. A caste of Hindus professedly thickes.

नीत s. m. A friend, a lover ; d cup.

बोतन s. f. A female namesake or friend. भोता s. m. A namesake; a pitcher; a porriuger, a cup.

দীৰ s. m. A fish; the sign of the zodine Pices; the name of the first incarnation of Vishnu.

मीनरका s. m. A kingfisher.

नीना s. m. A caste of Hindus professedly thieves.

मीन। चाती s. m. A crane ; a fisherman. मीनाच्छ s. m. Fish-spawn. roe. milt.

मोमासक s. m. A follower of the Mimansa philosophy.

मौनांसा s. f. One of the philosophical systems of the Hindus, or rather a twofold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Darsans or schools of philosophy; the first part, the Pure Mimánsa, or Mimánsa simply, originates with the Muni Jaymini, and illustrate the Karms kanda of the Veds, or the practical part (the ritual) of religion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or uttara Minánsa, ascribed to Vyas, is the same as the Vedant, founded on the Jnan kamel or the theological portion of the Veds. and treating of the spiritual worship of the Sup-. reme Being or soul of the universe. नी विश्वाणा v. n. To bleat (a kid).

नीक्षन s. m. Twinkling, blinking, winking. भीवा s.f. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c.

नीकी s. f. A kind of leather, chamois.

की हना v. a. To grind, pulverize, tweak, twitch, rumple, crumple.

होहनाज s. m. f. The mouth-piece of a

सकरका v. a. To deny.

程章 s.f. A kind of short poem of frequent use in the Braja dialect, the peculiarties of which are these. It consists of four lines, each composed of four trochees. In the three first, the speaker, a female, appers to taik of her lover: but on the question being put by a friend, applies the whole to some other object. Hence name from mukara, To deny.

सुद्ध s. m. A crown, crest, diadem. सुद्ध s. m. Gum elibanum ;-a precious gem ; quicksilver.

HT€ 8. m. A mirror.

हुक्ख s. m. An opening bad,

सुन्धात adj. Hulf-closed (as a bud); half-shut (as the eye), blinking, winking.

सुद्धा s.m. A thump, a blow with the सुद्धी s.f. fist, buffet.

qu adj. Released, liberated, loosed, let, go; liberated from corporal existence, finally happy s. m. The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original.

absolution from fin, salvation; deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further trans-

micration, adj. Released, absolved, feed from corporal existence, finally happy.

सम

सुका । सुकापत्त्व } s. m. A pearl.

सका adj. Much, many,

सक्तानी s.f. pearl necklace.

Him s. of. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration; the (imaginary) reabsorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification (according to Hindu ideas) with God; liberation, setting or becoming free or loose.

nu s. m. The mouth, the face. adj. First, initial; chief, pre-eminent, principal.

Hugtus, m. A mouthful,

संवाधि s.m. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse at the time of lighting the funeral pile; a sacrificial or consecrated fire.

ufway ado, Chief, primary principal.

सुखाना s. f. Pre-eminence, being best or chief.

Mu4 € s. m. A mallet : a club used to exercise with in the manner of dumbbells.

any adj. Lovely, beautiful; stupid, ignorant, an idiot, a fool; simple,

must s. f. Loveliness ; ignorance, studdity ; simplicity.

great s. f. A young and lovely female. gui s. m. A. large lump of flesh or meat.

सन्दा s. m. Allewance, premium, deduction; obeisance, respects, visit, audience, Mujra karna, To make obeisance, pay respects, wait on. visit. Muire-oah, Place of visiting. audience, salutation, &c.

HW prop. Me.

HW s.m. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is prepared, of which the triple thread worn by the Brohman as a girdle should be formed (Sachharum munja); the-Brahminical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord.

grit s. f. } Fatness, plumpness, big-HZIVI s. m. | ness, bulkiness. RT s.f. Fist, grasp (of the hand),

clutch, hand, handful-

HE s. f. The first, blows with the first, clutch, grasp. Muth-mard, s. m. A. robber a ruffian.

मुखिया s. m. A handful.

हुटीली s. f. Onanism.

Twen v. n. To be turned back, to be bent, twisted, turned, to turn, bend, twine.

सुद्भियाना v. n. To be twisted, to be writhed.

Her adj. Shaved, bald, having no hair on the head; low, mean. s. m. The head, the forehead, a bald pate ; the trunk of a lopped tree : a head-man. Mund-mal, A necklace of human heads.

सुक्कारी मार्ग To lie round with the knees to the belly. ₩ W s. m. A barber.

सुखन s. m. Shaving, the first shaving of a child (a religious ceremony among the Hindus) ; shearing, cutting.

HUGI v. n. To be shaved.

away ady. Shaved. सुद्धवाना v. n. To cause to be shaved.

Her s. m. The head, the head of a paper kite, s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). odj. Shaven, bald, uncovered; a kind of uncovered pálki.

हचाक o. a. To shave. स्थान s. m. A kind of small turban. हचित adj. Bald, shorn, shaven. स्थान वर्षे. Blad-plated, shavenheaded.

मुख्या s. m. The head. मुख्ये s. m. A barber, s. f. A medicinal plant (Spharonthus indicus).

हडारी s.f. A plant, described as a creeper, bearing a red and yellow flower, and commonly called by the same name, Mundiri.

ne s. m. A sanyasi, a gosain.

सुकेर सुकेरी है s.f. The coping of a wall. सुतवा adj. One who pisses much, a

piss-a-bed. gare s.f. Desire or inclination to piss.

सुवासा adj. Desirous of pissing. स्विष्ट s. m. Straw, &c. mixed with horse's urine.

हातिकरी s.f. A hole in which the dirt of a stable (particularly urine) is collected.

सुर् s.f. Pleasure, delight, joy. सदा s.f. Happiness, joy.

सुद्दित adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, happiness.

Ew s. m. A sort of kidney-bean (Phaseolus mungo).

NEW s. m. A mallet, a mace, a weapon formed like a carpenter's hammer; a staff, armed with iron, and larger at the lower extremity, used for breaking clode of earth, &c.; a carpenter's hummer; a sort of flower, said to be a kind of jasmine, perhaps Jasmines kambac, the wild variety; wat s. f. A seal, a signet; a seal ring;

the mark of a seal or similar impression, a stamp, print, coin, medal. &c.; a riag worn by Jogis, in their cars.

नुदाहित adj. Stamped, sealed. नृदित adj. Sealed; marked, stamped, struck.

नुवार s.m. A species of raisin, नुवस्त s.m. Push push, a mode of call-

ing a car,

ক্ষিত্ৰ s. m. A holy man, a sage,

ক্ষিত্ৰ s pious and learned person,
endowed with more or less of a
divine nature, or having attained
is by rigid abstraction and mortification; the title is applied to the
Rishis, the Brahmsditz, and to great
number of persons distinguished for
their writings, considered as inspired,
as Panini, Vyas, fo.; an ascetio, a
devotee.

affaurs. f. The female of the little birds called amadavats (or lai, Frikgila amandava).

मृतिकान s. m. A hermitage, the abode or retirement of holy sage.

स्नीर्घ s. m. A saint, or chief of the saints or sages.

नुष्या v. n. To be shut, closed, contracted v. a. To close.

सुद्धा s. m. A ring, a collar.

লম্মী s. f. A ring, a finger-ring.
নুদান্ত্রী s. f. A honey-bee. [wife-নুদান্ত্রী s. f. An aunt, mother's brother's কুল্মী s. m. A man at the point of

death, a dying man. grt s.f. A radish.

Hearn a. n. To twist, to writhe.

बर्बी s.f. An ornament worn in the ear; the trages of the ear. बरवीशका s.m. A poulterer.

ntwis. f. A jew's harp.

नुरक्षाचा v. n. To wither, fade, pine, droop to be dejected or dispirited.

west of Hindustan, called also Lampak, and no Lampan. m. pl. The inhabitants of Lampan.

न्रद्धा करना o. a. To tie.

नुरत्य s.m. A kind of food, rice pressed flat and enten raw. (So named in imitation of the sound which it gives in chewing).

मुरवा adj. Toothless. s. m. A peacock. मुरवो s. f. A flute, pipe, a fife. Murlidhar. s. m. A name of Krishna.

मुरहा s. m. Convolution. adj. Twisted. सुरही s. f. A twist, contortion, writhe, convolution.

बुराई s.m. One whose business it is to grow and sell vegetables.

सुरेवा s. m. A peachick.

सुरां s. m. A squib.

मुखताबी s. f. A musical mode, adj. Of Mullan, Multani Matti, s. f. Armenian bole (lit. earth of Multan).

सुवारी s. f. A medicinal root, liquorice. सुवार s. f. Appraisement, valuation. सुवाना v. c. To appraise.

चुनक विश्वा है ए. द. To pinion, to tie चुनक बढ़ाना है the hands behind the back.

नुषय s. m. A club, a mace ; a pestle for cleaning rice.

मुचित adj. Stolen, robbed.

सुन्द s. m. The scrotum ; the testicle.

ment s.m. A pilferer robber Mushtmar kar bythna, To sit with the knees by up, by the arms clasped round them, sowards the face.

, मुशक्षि s. m. Thumping, and pulling, fisticuffs, boxing. मुद्दी s.f. The first, the closed hand; filching, stealing.

मुष्टीपात, s. m. Pummelling, boxing. . मुष्टीयम s. m. Clenching the fist.

मुडीमुडि adv. Fist to fist (fighting),

सुषदान s. f. A smile, a grin.

नुसनागा थ. n. To smile, grin, smirk.

वृत्तकरारं } s. f. Smiling, grinning, वृत्तकराष्ट्र } laughing, smile, smirk, मुस्क्रराना v. n. To smile, grin, smirk, simper.

मस्य s. m. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice; a club.

सस्त्रमात s. m. A Mahomedan.

ম্ভল্যালী s. f. The Mahomedan religion; circumcision; a female Musalman; of or relating to a Musalman.
মন্ত্ৰালা e. a. To cause to steal.

सुसन s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus) : a sort of poison.

सुरा s. m. Van, vanguard.

मुक्ती s.f. The cuff of the sleeve of a jacket, or the extremity of the leg of a pair of trousers, the bore (of s gun, fc.).

सुकाना s. m. The mouth (of a river, gc.), inlet, outlet. [youth].

सुद्वास s. m. A pimple (of the face in सूद्वा s. m. A division of time, the thirtieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes,

सुधा adj. Dead, lifeless, dull. Muabadal, s. m. Sponge, Mua-sho, A washer of dead bodies.

ज्बी s. f. A blow with the fist.

mungo). Mungo-phali, s. f. The ground-nut & pig-nut of the West Indies (*Arachie hypogaa).

A dish made with mung,

LIBRAPY

Will s. m. Coral.

म् विया s. m. A colour (red coral-coloured)

s.f. Whiskers.

मू क

मूज s.f. A grass (f which ropes are made (Saccharum munja).

The head Mund pans, To conx, to wheedle. Mund bhers, Batting (as rams).

मृद्धा s. m. A kind of pillar.

स्वा . a. To shave ; to instruct, convert, or make a disciple of ; to wheedle out of any thing. Utle usture se mundno, To cheat one.

मंडवा adj. Shaved.

will s.f. The head.

सहा s. m. The shoulder, a lump, a stool, a footstool.

सूद्रा v. a. To shut, cover, close, imprison, involve.

मृद्री s.f. A ring for the finger.

www s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance, power, fitness, qualification, pretence ability, Munh andhera, Twilight; evening; dusk. obscure. Munh-akhri, ady. Verbal, Munh apnasa leke phirrana. To return disappointed from any enterprise, to fail of success. Apna-sa munh ana, is used to denote failure of success. Munh ana. Salivation. Munh-a-munh. adi. Brimful. Munh utar jana, To have the face shrunk or withered by weakness and emaciation. Munh karna. To confront, to compare ; to give abuse; to burst or open (as an abscess); to make the first attempt at seizing game (a young hound or other animal used in hunting); to turn one's face, direct one's steps towards

any particular object or place. Munh ke nawale. Any thing easily attained Munh ka phuhar, Abusive, Munh kals, s. m. Disgrace. Munh kals karna, To incur disgrace; to punish, to disgrace. Munh ki loi utarne. To lose the sense of shame. Munh ke kawa ur jana, To look blank or any occassion. Munh kholna. To abuse. Munh chang, A jew's-harp. Munh charhna, To become intimate with, to attach one's self to; to face, to confort, Munh chalana, To bite (or to be inclined to bite, as a horse) Munh chirana, To make mouths. Munh chor, Shame-faced, bashful, timid, sheepish. Munh chori. Bashfulness. Munh chhipana. To hide one's face (from bashfulness). Munh terka karna, To make wry faces. Munh thathana, To slap one's face, to box the ears. Munh dalna, To beg to request. Munh takna. To be astonished or afflicted. Munh torng. To harass. Munh to dekho, Look at the face! (applied to a person who pretends or aspires to something beyond his power or capacity), Munh topa, s. m. Bribe. Munh thathana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Munh dikhai, s. f. A present given by the friends of the family and the woman of the neighbourhood on their first visit to a bride. Munh dikhana, To shew one's face, to appear with confidence and satisfaction. Munh dtelkar bat karna, To flatter, to speak what one supposes will be agreeable to one's hearers. Mundonackhno, To look up to (for aid sec.); to have a regard for one; to be astonished or helpless. Munh dekh rahna. To sture

at with surprise. Munk dekhe ki prit, Apparent friendship or affection, show of friendship before a person whom you pay no regard to in absence. Munk par garm hona, To behave disrespectfully in the presence of a superior. Munh par lana, To tell, relate. Munk par hawai urni (lit. To have a squib or rocket discharged against one's face, To change colour. Munh pasarna, To gape (with surprise, &c.) Munh pana, To get into one's good graces; to presume on the favour of another. Munh phirna, To turn away from, to be displeased with, to be disgusted. Munh pherna, To abstain from, Munh phylana, To presume, to desire much, to gape. Munh band karna, To hold one's tongue. Munh banana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Munh bana, To open the mouth, to gape. Munh barna, To refrain. Munh bigarna, To be displeased; to have the taste blunted or depraved. Munh bigarna, To frown, to make faces. Munk-bola, adi, Nominal, in name or appellation. Munh bola bhai, or Munh boli bahin. An intimate friend (lit. one called brother or sister). Munh-bhori, s. f. A bribe, a sop. Munh manga, (as) demanded, requested or asked for by word of month, Munh marna, To stop one's mouth, silence; to feed, to bite. Munh men pani ana, To desire with eagerness. Munh morna, To turn away, to abstain or desist from any thing. Mak rakhna, To keep on good terms with. Munh lagna, To have the mouth burned by any pungent substance: to become intimate.

to be familiarized, to become a favourite. Munh lagna, To familiarize, to be intimate with inferiors, to favour, to countenance. Munh latkana, To be down in the mouth, to make a long face. Munh leke rah jana, To be silent from shame. Munh sukana, To change colour. Munh se phul jharna, To abuse, to reproach, wis.m. Soreness in the mouth, the aphthe or thrush, salivation. Munhanmunh, Tete-a-tete, face to face, brimful, topful. Munhanmunhi s. f. Altercation, squabble, wrangle.

मुक adj. Dumb.

च्चा s. m. The fist; a thump, blow; a spy-hole.

स्वी s. f. A thump, a blow of the fist. स्या s. m. The ridge of a thatch, the topping or coping of a wall.

म्खो s. m. A kind of pigeon. s. f. A. thump.

स्वरी s. f. A mallet for beating clothes with.

सूचकाना v. a. To sprain.

म्बना s. m. Pincers, tweezers. v. a. To

Tes. f. Whiskers. Much marora roti tora, One who is proud of eating the bread of idleness.

म्हाकर s. m. Stiff and bushy whiskers. मृह्य adj. Having large whiskers.

सुड s. f. Handle, hilt, fist, hand, handful; name of a game. Muth-ki-muth, Handful after handful, repeated handfuls.

ing of spots on cloth, leather, &c.

सुद्धा s. m. A handle.

मृठिया s. m. A handful,

स्डी s. f. The fist.

¶ 522) # adi. Foolish, stupid, ignorant, brutal, s, m. An idiot, a fool, a simpleton, Murhman, S. upid in mind. सदता s. f. Folly, silliness, ignorance. बुदका adj. Foolish, a fool, सूत s. m. Urine, piss. सृतमा v. n. To piss. सन s. m. Urine, piss. सुबक्क s. m. Strangury : urinary affection in general, as gravel, &c. सबहीय s. m. Gonorrhea, considered as an urinary complaint. स्त्रमान s. m. The urethra. स्वगुक्त s. m. Milky urine, depositing a thick white sediment. मुवाचात s. m. Suppression of urine. सवातीत s. m. Difficulty or slow passage of urine. सना v. n. To die. सन adj. Little. मुर्ब adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid. idiot, fool. Murakh-ganth, The insisting of an ignorant fellow upon what he says, stubbornness. मुर्खता र. s. Barbarism, folly, igno-म्राचतार् /. rance, stupidity. म्रपलना मः. सूरत s.f. A statue, image, an idol, a picture, a resemblance, form, figure, body : a person (term used by Byraais). Fidiotic. a adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid, सर्पता रे s. f. Barbarism, folly, igno-मुखेनाई rance, stupidity. सुक्त adj. Fainting, swooning. s. m. Fainting, syncope, swooning. सुको s. f. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense. [sible. मृष्टित adj. Fainting, fainted, insen-मुक्षी s.f. A swoon, stupefaction. Mur-

chha ana, To swoon. मृद्धित adj. Fainted, in a swoon, insen-

sible, entranced.

सुनि s. f. The body ; figure, form, body in general, or any definite shape or image. मृत्तिमान adj. Material, substantial, having shape or substance : incarnate. He s. m. The head. मल s. m. Origin, root, race, generation, principal or capital sum of money; text (of a book, opposed to comment); name of the nineteenth lunar mansion. adj. Really. मृद्धिया adj. Born while the moon is in mul (Scorpionis, which is considered

unlucky). मनी s. f. A radish. म्ला s. m. Price. स्व s. m. A rat, a mouse. भवक s. m. A rat, a mouse ; a thief.

सवस s. m. Stealing, pilfering. मुचित्र s. m. A rat, a mouse ; a thief, a plunderer.

मिषत adi. Stolen. मसना v. a. To pilfer, steal, fileh, de-

fraud; snatch or seize by force. मसरा s. m. A rat.

मस्री s.f. A monse, सूचल s. m. A wooden pestle.

भवला s. m. A taproot; the fusiform recentacle of a many-seeded fruit (as of the Artocarpus, Annona, &c.) Musladhar barasna, To rain very heavily.

सदा s. m. A mouse, a rat.

मसाई s. f. Indaism (following of Moses). चत ह. म. A deer, an antelope; the fifth lunar constellation Mrigasiras, Mriga-chira, s. m. Name of a small bird. Mrig chhála, The skin of any antelope worn and used as a bed by devotees. Mriga-nábhi, s. m. Musk, a bag of musk, Mrig-nyni, Deer eyed. Mriga-mad. Musk. Mriga lochani, Having an eye like the deer. Mrigasála. A deer park.

स्थादव s. f. Vapour floating over sands or deserts, and appearing at distance like water; sultry vapour, mirage.

स्थानेत्री s. f. A woman with beautiful eyes, or eyes like a deer.

स्त्रभो आनी s. f. Bitter apple or colocynth.

समया s. f. Chase, hunting.

स्वराज s. m. A lion.

स्तिक्रा s. m. The fifth lunar mansion, containing three stars.

सगाइनी s. f. Colocynth (Cucumis coloquintida). [epilepsy. सगी s. f. A doe, a female deer; the

सतेन्द्र s. m. A lion. सत्र adi. Dead, expired, extinct, de-

funct. s. m. Death.

सतकार adj. Insensible, fainted. सतकार s.m. Funeral, ablution, bathing

after morning.

मृत्सिरा s. f. An earth worm.

सत्ताल s. m. A sort of fragrant earth, also called Swat earth.

winn s.f. Earth, clay, soil.

ung s. f. Death, dying.

चलाचय s.m. A name of Shiv, as the conquerer of death.

श्रदश s. m. A tabour, a small] drum; a double drum.

सदिक्षा है s.m. A beater of the mri-सदकी danga, a tabourer.

खद् adj. Soft; blunt, not sharp; gentle, mild.

बदुता s. f. Softness.

सदा adv. Falsely; uselessly, in voin. में adv. In, among, between, at Men

मंगनो s. f. The dung of goats, sheep, camels, &c.

nesses for A bank (raised to separate fields), a border, bank (of o pond, river, ic.), dam, dike. Mend parna;
The rising of waves in the sea.

भंडक s.m.) A frog; the rump of a भंडकी s.f. | horse, Mendki ko zukam hons (lit. a frog having caught cold), express pride or consequential airs assumed by worthless persons.

में द्वा s. f. The brim of a well.

में डियामा v: n. To 'skrit, to enclose with a bank.

में डा s. m. A ram; the swell of the tide called the boar.

में इ.m. Rain. Menh chhutna, To rain hard, Mench barasna, To rain.

भंडरी s. f. A plant, from the leaves of which a red die is prepared, with which the natives stain their hands and leet (Lawsonus inermis).

表面 teet (Laussonus thermis). 程電 s. m. A ram; the sign Aries; a tent pin, a peg, a nail.

the sacrificial string of Brahman when made of deer skin; a triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the gird of the Brahman should be of the fibres of the munj or of kura grass, that of the Kshattri of a murvea, or bowsting, and that of the Vys of a thread of the san.

भेखनी s.f. A sackcloth.

Ru s. m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a musical mode appropriated to the west season and last watch of the night before dawn of the day, and said to have proceeded from the heap of Brahms, or else from the sky. Megh-pati, s. m.; Lord of the clouds, Megh berna, ad

Of the colour of the clouds Megh-raj, s. m. The thunderer.

मेचनाच । s. m. The rains, the rainy नेपायन । season.

नेघगक न s. m. Thunder.

भेषाची तिस s.m. A flash or lighting or the fire of it.

नेवितिनर s. m. Cloudiness, cloudy or rainy weather,

अंबद्दीप s. m. Lightning.

मेच्दार s. m. Sky, heaven, ether.

भेषभाइ s. m. The noise or grumbling of clouds; the Patas tree (Batea frondess); a sort of Amaranth (Amaranthus polygamus).

सेक्साका s.f. A gathering or succession of clouds. [music.

नेवरात s. m. One of the six modes of नेवल s. m. Sulphuret of antimony.

भेटना v. a. To effect, erase, blot ont, wipe out, annihilate, annul, cancel, expiate, atone for ; to thwart.

सेंड्डा s. f. A tree (Spondias mangifera). संदर्भते s.f. A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn (Asclepias gemingla).

मेडा s. m. A rem.

नेवी s.f. The plant fenngreek (Trigonella fenugræcum).

नेह s. m. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat is the abdomen; morbid or unnatural corpulency.

नेहस्तो adj. Robust, stout, strong ; fat, corpulent.

Ret s. f. A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Mursey district; it is one of the eight principal medicament, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption. मेहिनी s.f. The earth.

विदोधरा s. f. A membrane in the abdomen, containing a fat, the omentum. विदेशिक s. f. Corpulence; enlargement of the scrotum.

नेश s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation. नेशा s.f. Appehension, conception, understanding.

नेपाने adj. Intelligent, comprehending, of ready comprehension or conception.

Afts.m. A post fixed in the centre of a threshing-floor or barn, to which the cattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the corn.

After adj. Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension.

মনী s.f. A plant, from the leaves of which a reddish dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hands, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger-nails are stained (Lausonia inermis).

मेमणा s. m. A kid. [mine. नेपा pron. 1st pers. poss. masc. My, As s. m. The sacred mountain Meru, in the centre of the seven continents. compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different Dwips: its height is said by the Hindus to be 84, 000 Yojans, sixteen thousand of which are below the surface of the earth; the shape is variously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral; and the four faces of it are of various colours, or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towards the north : the river Ganges falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding

world in four streams; the southern branch is the Ganges of India, the northern running into Tartary, is the Bhadrasoma, the eastern is the Sita. and the western the Chackshu or Oxus : on the summit of Meru Brahma resides, attended and worshipped by the Rishis Gandharvas, &c. ; the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems; considered in any but a fabulous light; mount Meru appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the Himaland mountains.

क्षेत्र s. m. Fragrant resin, incense. क्षेत्र s. m. An axis.

मेरी pron. My, mine.

agreement, combination, intimacy, concord, reconciliation, union, association, mixture, mixing, meeting, assemblage; a meeting or assemblage of people, a set, a fair, a court of justice, a counterpart.

मेलना v. c. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in.

RMI s. m. A fair, a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at Hardwar, a mixed assemblage of fakirs or sadds. Mels thela, s. m. A crowd, a concourse of people. Mela milna, To meet full in the face.

भेजी s. m. A partaker. adj. Friendly, sociable.

बंद हैं . m., A tribe inhabiting the सेवण! . mountainous province of कवाती: Mewat, much addicted to robbing. [of drug. चेत s. m. A ram; the sign Aries; a king

मेवी s. f. An ewe.

नेष s. m. Urinary disease, especially inflammatory affection of the urethra including gonorrhea, &c.; utine, piss.

मेहतर s. m. A sweener.

सेश्वरानी s.f. Female of mehtar; also a female inn-keeper,

मेचना e. m. A tannt. Mehna marna, v. s. To taunt.

में इन्हा s. m. A taunter.

में pron. I. [family. मैका s. m. Kindred, relations, mother's

मैंब adj. Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable.

भेती s. f. Friendship; the seventeenth lunar asterism. [Mithile.

सेविज ndy. Belonging to, born in, &c. सेवज s m. Venery, coition, copulation;

union, association; marriage. मैंगफ्ड s.m. A fruit used in medicine (Vangueria spinosa).

मैनशिव s. m. Red arsenic (Realgar).

मेना s.f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica).

मेमा s. f. A step-mother.

नेवा s. f. Mother.

na, f. Dirt, filth, rust, scum, Mylkatna, To refine, to purify. Myl chhontna, To fine, strain, purify, clarify. Myl bythna, To gather a crust.

মুখা adj. Dirty, nasty, foul, defiled. Mýla karna, To dirty, tamish, foul. Myla kuchyla, edj. Dirty. Myla hojana. To tamish, to become turbid, to be dirty.

में दिया s. m. A male buffalo.

में दिनो s. f. A female buffalo.

m pron. (in Braj.), Me. Me-koan, To

নাতা s. m. The shoulder; a lump; a stool, a footstool.

सोंडरी s. f. A kennel, a drain.

नोसा s. m. A small hole in a wall for admitting light and air, an air-hole, an aperture.

भोगरा s. m. A mallet, a pounder, a rammer; flower, great double Arabian or Tazcan jasmine (Jasminum zambac: Magorium).

भोगरी s.f. A mallet for beating cloths, &c. with.

দীঘ adj. Vain, useless, fruitless. s. f. Trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave olens).

मोचचान adj. Cultivating vain knowledge or any but religious wisdom.

मीबाज adj. Indulging vain hopes.

नोच s. m. Strain, sprain, twist; a tree (Hyperanthera morunga).

सोचन s. m. The silk-cotton tree (Bomban heptaphyllum); the plantain (Musa sapientum); a liberator.

দ্যাখন s. m. Liberating, setting free: release, aquittal; theft, robbery.s.
f. A saddler's or shoemaker's wife.
নাখনা v. a. To let go, in set free, to shed, put off extinguish.

मोपरस s. m. The gum of the silk cotton tree.

लोग s. m. A large lump of flesh; a plantain tree (Mass santentum).

দীবার s. m. A kind of pungent seed (Nigella Indica).

कोचिनी s.f. A prickly night-shade.

ৰাখী s. m. A saddler, a shoemaker. a cobblerr

**Nu s. m. Release, liberation, deliverance, absolution, salvation, beatitude, final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration.

नीट s.f. A package, bundle, bale, a

load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, leutils.

দীহৰী s. f. One of the Raginis or fejuale personifications of the musical modes; a mattock, pickaxe, a fat woman.

सीटरा s. m. A bundle.

सीटरी s. f. A small bundle, parcel, knapsack.

দীয়ো } adj. Fat, plump, corpulent, দীয়া } thick, coarse, great, large, big, bulky, gross.

मोटाई इ. f. भोटापन s. m. भोटापा s. m. bigness, bulk, bulkiness, grossness,

मोटिया s. m. A porter,

দীত e.f. A bundle, package, bale, a load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

नीड़ s. m. A turn, twist, convolution, writhe, sprain, fistula.

भोड़ना v. a. To twist, turn, bend, screw. भोड़ा s. m. A stool ; the shoulder. भीतरा s. m. Spavin.

मीतिया s. m. A flower (Jasminum zambac).

नीतियाबिन्द s. m. A kind of blindness, (Guta serena).

দ্বারী s.m. A pearl. Moti kisi abutarni,
To be disgraced. Moti kut-kur
bharni, To be very bright (applied
to an eys). Moti pirani, To string
pearls; (met.) to speak eloquently;
to weep (the tears being compared to
pearls).

नीतोष्र s. m. A kind of sweetment; a certain description of eye among pigeons.

क्षेत्रहा s. m. A disease in horses, splint,

লীঘা s. m. A kind of grass the root of which is used in medicine (Cyperus rotundus).

मोद s. m. Joy, delight, happiness pleasure.

দীবন ady. Delighting, rejoicing, causing happiness or delight. s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

मीदिस adj. Pleased, delighted. a. m. Pleasure, delight.

मोहो s. m. A merchant, a shop-keeper, a grain-merchant, steward, providore. Modi-khona, A pantry, a grain-mer chant's shop.

मीधू adj. Guileless, articss, simple, foolish.

मोनी s. f. Point, end.

शोस s.m. Wax. Mom ki nak, A person of a fickle disposition. Mom-jama, s.m. Wax-cloth, cere-cloth. Momdil, adj. Tender hearted. Mom-batti. s. f. A wax-candle. Mom-roghan, Wax and oil mixed together.

मोमिया s. m. A. mummy.

भोतियाचे adj. Of or like a mummy. s.f.

দীদী adj. Waxen; of the colour of wax; (applied to chintz) prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being spoiled by other colours afterwards applied.

wit s. m. A peacock; twist, turn.

Mor-pankht, s. m. A kind of pleasure
boat, a barge. Mor-mukut, s. m. A
crown or crest like that of the
peacock.

कोरचक s.f. A jew's harp.

नोरक्क s. m. A fan for driving away flies (especially of peacock feathers), a brush.

मोरनी s. f. A peahen.

मीरा pron. Mine, my.

मोरी s. f. A pipe or subterraneous passage (for water).

ndws. m. Purchase; price, Molthahrana, To appraise, estimate, value. Mol-tol, Fixing a price; traffic, purchasing. Mol-barhans, v. a. To enhance, Mol-lena, v. a. To buy, to purchase.

मीषक s. m. A thief.

मीवस s. m. Stealing.

मोषा s. f. Stealing, theft.

मोमना v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

ness or sense; ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that spiritual ignorance which leads men to believe in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment; error, mistake; bewilderment, distraction; pity, compassion, sympathy, kindness, affection, allurement, fascination, love- Moh men ana, To faint, as at the sudden appearance of a friend or mistress. Moh lena, To attach: allure, fascinate, charm, captivate.

भोषम adj. Fascinating, stupifying, depriving of sense or understanding. s. m. Copulation; temptation, seduction, the overpowering of reason and reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. Mohau-bhog, s. m. A kind sweet-meat Mohau-malo, s. f. An ornament, a string or necklace composed of gold beads and corals.

भोषना v. d. To fascinate, enchant, charm, afture, delude. adj. Fascinating, captivating. charming, winning. (528)

ধীখনী s. f. An enchantress; fascination, a charm, a philter. adj. f. Fascinating, depriving of the powers of reflection, stapifying.

कीशाजा s. m. The mouth (of a river &c.), inlee, outlet.

wiff pron. To me, me.

नोदिस a.lj. Faint, senseless; charmed, fascinated; beguiled, deceived.

দীছিলী f. } edj. Illusive, fallacious, দীছী m. } beguiling. s. f. An enchantress, a whore.

सीडिनो s.f. A kind of jasmine, called also Tripura-mali.

with z.m. Final and enternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration, death; liberation, freedom.

भीषक s. m. A deliverer, a liberator. भीषित odj. Let go, liberated, at large.

भी s. m. Honey.

नीका s.m. Pre-eminence.

Fire s. m. Simplicity, silliness; ignorance.

দীলা s. f. The girdle of a Brahman made of three strings of munj grass.

की सोवश्यन s. m. Investiture with the distinguishing cord.

नोड़ s. m. A kind of high crowned hat, worn by the bridegroom at the time of marriage.

जीइव s. m. Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly.

मीन s. m. } Silence, taciturnity.

দীবা s. m. A large jar; a basket. দীবা adj. Sflent, taciturn. s. f. A small round basket, a work-basket. s. m. A class of mendicants who observe perpetual silence, an ascetic, a hermit, a religious sage, one who has overcome his passions and retired from the world,

नीमाची s. f. A honey-bee,

नीर s. m. The blossom of a tree, especially of the mango.

नीराना v. n. To blossom (as the mango tree).

मोर्क s. m. Stupidity, folly, fatuity.

লীপৰা v. n. To bloom, bud, blossom (the mango tree); to intoxicate (a bhung, gc.)

मीलस्री s. f. A tree (Mimusops elengi). मीलस्र adj. Of inferior rank or caste among.

দীলী s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the the head; hair ornamented and braided round the head; a diadem, a tiara; the head; the earth.

सोसा s. m. An uncle, mother's sister's husband.

बीबी s.f. An aunt, mother's sister.

দীইন adj. m. Belonging or related to the mother's sister's husband; as Mossera, bhai, A consin. son of a mother's sister. Mosseri bahin, Daughter of a mother's sister.

win adj. Foul, dirty; languid, weary; faded, withered.

सानि s. f. Weariness, languor; fulness, filth; fading, decay.

w s. m. The generic term for a barbarian or foreigner, that is, for one one speaking 'any language but Sonskrit, and not suject to the usual Hinds institutions; a sinner a criminal.

ৰ জনানি s. m. A barbarian, or a man of an outcast race. The tribes euumerated under this head by Monu, but who are by him said to be properly dograded Khatiris, appear to

धते

and s. m. A horse; any animal offered in sacrifice.

बचपान s. m. A sacrificial vessel.

यशपुर्व s. m. A name of Vishau.

वज्ञभूति s.f. Place prepared for a merifice, or where it is offered.

যারনিরি s. f. Performance, of sacrifice; obtaining the objects of a sacrifice. মুসার s. m. The characteristic thread,

worn by the three principal classes of Hindus.

युष्यान s. m. A place of sacrifice.

विश्व adj. Proper for or suitable to a sacrifice.

ৰ্ঘিষ্ট্ৰ s.f. The country of the Hindus: those districts in which the ritnal and institutes of the Hindu system are enforced; properly the country in which the black deer or antelope is native.

यञ्चाता s.f. A temple, a shrine, a

वशीपरोत s. m. The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three principal castes of Hindus.

यग्रीपनीतो s. m. A Brahman, &c. invested with the sacred thread.

यतन s. m. Striving, making effort or exertion; carefulness, remedy, care, effort endeavour.

यतनीय adj. To be exerted or persevered, to be made as an effort. [vow. यहात adj. Firm to an engagement or

afm s. m. A sage, whose passions are completely under subjection; a religious mendicant, especially one of the Jyn sept.

यती s. m. A sage with subdued passions. यतेन्द्रिय adj. Chaste, pure, of subdued passions.

be chiefly the inhabitants of the countries bordering immediately upon India, both to the north and south.

w स्वत s. m. The countries bordering on India, or those inhabited by people of a different faith and language; defined to be any where the black antelope is not found.

भे कामी जान s.m. Wheat. [lect.

क च्छवाक adj. Speaking a barbarous dia-

चे चित्र adj. Spoken incorrectly or barharously. s. m. Foreign of barbarous language; ungrammatical speech,

य

च The twenty-sixth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or semivowel y: in some provinces it is pronounced j. यजनान s.m. An employer of priests at

a sacrifice, the person who institutes its performance, and pays the expense of it; a customer, a person to whose custom, Brahmans, barbers, and some other's have a legal claim. (The hereditary Brahman, or barber, &c. of a village must be paid his fee, whether you choose to employ him or another person):

यनुवेद s. m. One of the four Veds.

बस्स s. m. The Yajur or Yajus. one of the four Veds: it is divided into two principal portions, the white and black: both portions of this Ved are very full on the subject of religious rites, and the prayers peculiar to it are chiefly in measured and postical prose,

য়স s. m. A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblation are presented.

www. Effort, exertion preseverance, energy.

यक्षत वर्ती. Persevering, diligent, making effort or exertion.

an adv. Where, in what place.

यथा ब्रुक्त As, according to.

बदाबने adj. What is right or proper to be done.

वयाक्ष्य adv. As designed.

यधाकान adv. At pleasure, as you please. यबाकाको adj. Wilful, independent, uncontrolled, following one's own inclinations.

बचाक्रम adv. Inorder, orderly, successively, methodically.

वदातमा adv. In any way, any how. क्यासिमत adv. According to one's wish

or purpose.

ing similarly or reflecting.

स्थापं adj. Right, proper; according to the sense. adv. properly, suitably. श्यापंता s. f. Rectitude, propriety, fitness. [nity.

ययान्यास् adv. According to opportu-ययानत adv. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage.

वयानसर adv. According to opportunity.

वधार्मात adv. Extent of capability. as much as possible.

वधावास alv. According to the Shastras, agreeably to scripture.

यथानुष adv. Happily.

वयास्ति adv. Circumstantially, relating a thing as,it happened.

बहा adv. When, at what time.

यहि adv. If.

ay n. prop. The name of a king, the ancestor of Krishna, and the eldest son of Yayati, the fifth monatch of

the lunar dynasty; a country on the west of the Jamna river about Mathura and Vrindavan, over which Vadu ruled, and named after him.

बदुनाब s. m. A name of Krishna, as lord of Yadu.

यद्वंश s. m. The tribe of Yadu.

यद्वंशी s. m. A descendant of Yadu. ययपि adv. Although.

सम s. m. A machine in general, any implement or apparatus; a musical instrument; a dial; an observatory; a diagram of a mystical nature or astrological character; an amulet. Jantra mantra, s. m. Juggling, conjuring enchanting by figures and incantations.

যক্ষা s. m. Pain, anguish, affliction. থকী s. m. An instrument for drawing wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

aw adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or brace. s. m. The deity of Narak or hell, and judge of departed souls; he is often identified with death and time. Jam.-diya, s. m. A candle or illumination sacred to Jam, lighted on the 13th of Kartik, Krishn-paksh, i. e. three days before the devali.

यमक adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or twins.

unga.m. An infernal spirit, the messenger or minister of Jom, employed, it is said, to bring the souls of the dead to Jom's indgment-seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.

যদর s. m. A musical mode; a Yasan, which formerly meant an Ionian or Greek, but is now applied to both the Mahomedon and European invaders of India, and it is often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

ৰম্প s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.
বন্ধা s. f. The Jamaa, river, which rises
on the south side of the Himalaya
range, at a short distance to the
north-west of the source of the Ganges, and which after a course of
about 378 miles falls into that river
immediately below Allshabad.

क्ताफ्रेंच adj. Unconfined, extended, spread, at ease.

avs. m. Barley (Hordeum hexsatichon); the measure of a barley corn, considered as equal to six mustard soeds; the mark between the joints of the finger. Joa joa hisab lena, To take a strict account.

यसहार s.m. Saltpetre, nitrate of potash, व्यस s.m. A country, probably Bactria, or it may be extended from that colony to Ionia (to which word in bears some resemblance), or still further to Greece; by late Hindu writers, it is most commonly applied to Arabia; a Yavan, apparently originally a Greek but since applied to both the Mahomedan and European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

ৰণ্যাত্ম s.m. An astronomical writer, frequently quoted by ancient Hindu astronomers; perhaps Ptolemy, or the Greek astronomers collectively. হুৰ্মাজ s.m. A sort of grass, very

generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor).

बानी n. prop. A female Yavan, धनफल s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrightea antidysenterica).

भवनध्य s. m. A form of penance, diminishing the food daily during the dark fortnight, fasting on the new moon, and gradually augmenting the food till the full moon.

यसनी s. f. A plant (Ligusticum ajvosen). यसाय s. m. A flower (Hedysorum alhagin यम s. m. Celebrity, reputation, glory, fame, renown, name, character, luck; splendour, lustre; praise, eulogium. Jas-apjas, s. m. Good or bad (name; fame or character). Jas pat, adj. Re-

यमसर adj. Rendering famous, conferring celebrity.

putable, renowned.

यमस्त्राम adj. Ambitious, desirous of fame or glory.

यश्वान । adj. Famous, celebrated, यश्वी | renowned, famed.

यहिड.m. A staff, a stick; a staff वरोड. f. armed with iron, &c. used

as a weapon, a club, a mace. यदिक s. m. A bird, the lapwing.

যহিন্দু s. m. Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is used for it.

uv pron. This, he, she, it, these, the, of this degree.

avi adv. Here, hither; at the above, near, with Yuhan-ka-yahin, In the very same place, exactly here. Yahun-tak, To this pitch, to this degree, thus far, hitherto.

and adj. This very, in this very place, bere.

बहरी s. m. A Jew, a Hebrew. बच s. m. A demigod,

याचियो s. f. A female fiend.

umis. m. Pulmonary consumption.

यां adv. Contraction of Yahan, Here, वाज s. m. A sacrifice, any ceremony in

which offerings and oblations are presented.

याचन adj. Beggar, mendicant, asking, one who asks or solicits.

याचना s. m. Asking, begging. '

arf a dj. Asked, begged, solicited.

याजक s. m. An officiating priest, a Rrahman who conducts any part of a sacrifice.

याजन s. m. Conducting a sacrifice, or causing its performance.

याजिक s. m. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice.

यात्रिय adi. Fit for sacrifice.

arm s. m. Property or presents derived from officiating at sacrifices.

यातना s. f. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain; the pains of hell.

यातायात s. m. Coming and going; transmigration,

quars. f. Going, moving, proceeding, marching, travelling; departure, march, journey; a festival but especially the procession of idols, &c.; going on pilgrimage.

manager s. m. Seiting forth on a journey, a march, &c.

याविष s m. A pilgrim, a traveller.

वानी } a.m. A pilgrim.

यायाधिक adj. Just, true, right.

याद्य s. m. Krishna, as descended from the family of Yadu.

याज s. m. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a litter, a horse, an elephant, &c.

बापन s. m. Spending or passing away time.

याद् s. m. A pony, a galloway.

यामनी adj. Of or relating to Yavans.

uifinal s. m. Night. Yamini-bhasha, s. f. The language or dialect of Yavans.

बायक s.m. The red colour procured from the lac insect. यावजीव } adv. For life, as long as यावजीवन } life.

यु ह

बाबत adv. As much as; as many as; as long as; unto, as far as; until.

वादन | adv. Belonging or relating to धावनी | a Yawan, Ionian, Mahomedan, go. [this.

बाडी pron. dem. object. case, This, to बिड pron. This, he she, it these the.

for pron. This, he she, it these, the, to this degree.

বিশী pron. This very, the same, itselt.
নুদ্ধ adj. joined, combined, united,

identified; right, fit, proper; possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualfties, &c.

युत्ररसा s. f. A plant (Mimoso octondra).

युक्ति s. f. Union, connection, joining; propriety, fitness; contrivance, dexterity, art, skill, policy, project.

gq s. m. An age of the world, or great period, as the Sat or Krit, Treta, Dwapar, and Kali; a term used in the game of Chastar, (the opposite of a blot, two or more men standing on the same square); a pair, a couple, a brace. Jug-jug, adv. Constantly tetrnally. Jug phorna, v. a. To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. Jug-an-jug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages.

वुक्यन adv. At one time, at once; together, conjointly.

युन्द s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.

युवान्त s. m. A destruction of the universe; the end of an age.

garana s. vs. A real friend, a friend in need,

युष्प s. m. A pair, a comple, a brace. युष्प adj. Joined, combined, conected; endowed with, possessed of.

37 s. m. War, battle, contest, conflict.

yivise s. m. The elder of the five Pandsv princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus, in the beginning of the fourth age; the nominal son of Pandu, whom he succeeded in the sovereignty of India.

तुषान adj. Fighting, warring.

युवती s. f. A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty.

दुरराज s. m. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne.

बुबराज्य s. m. The dignity of heir apparent and associate in the throne.

gar s.m. A young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

adv. Thus, in this manner. Yun na yun, One way or other, somehow or other. Yun-hin, In this very manner, thus, accidentally, by chance, causelessly, easily, cursorily.

www.m. A multitude of birds or beasts, a herd, a flock.

बूबी s. f. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum.)

uw s. m. A sacrificial post, pillar usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the Khadir, to which the victim at a sacrifice is bound; a trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory.

the water in which pulse of various kinds has been boiled.

t pron. plur. These, they.

शीम a.m. Junction, joining, union; combination, association, meeting, conflux; fitting; a fertunate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, religious meditation, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means abstract contemplation: certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the ecliptic; propriety, fitness. adj. Possible, capable, fit. Jog-may*, s. f. A deceptive power which Jogis are sufposed to possess.

योबनाविक s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus ascita).

शेवपुर s.m. A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the ascetic as he squats to perform religious abstraction.

बोगवाची s. m. Amenstruum or medium for mixing medicines. s. f. Alkali; quicksilver.

योगसेना s. f. Practising religious abstraction.

वोगासन s. m. A religious posture, the position in which the devotee sits or performs the religious exercise called Jog.

বীদিলিয়া s.f. Light sleep, wakefulness. বীদিলী s.f. A female fiend or sprite. বানী s.m. A devotee, an ascetic in

general; a magician, conjurer.

योनेषर s. m. A principal sage or ascetic; a magician; a deity; the object of devout contemplation.

बोख adj. Clever, accomplished, skilful; powerful, able; fit, proper, suitable.

योग्यता s.f. Fitness, suitableness, propriety, capability, ability.

रोजन s.m. God, the Supreme Being, the soul of the world; a measure of distance equal to four kros or kos, will be exactly nine miles; other computations make the Jojon but about tive mile; or even no more than four miles and a half; joining union, junction.

कीशा s. m. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant.

शोधन s. m. Fighting, warring, battle. शोधायन s. m. Heroism, bravery, prowess.

बीधो s. m. A warrior.

योगि s. f. The vulva.

बोनिनासा s.f. The upper part of the vulva, or the union of the labice.

योजिक 8. m. The clitoris.

योखर्जा s. m. An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prolapsus uteri.

योचित s. f. A woman in general.

of adv. Thus, in this manner.

ধীৰজ ৈ m. A nuntial gift, presents বীৰজ ande to a bride at her marriage by her father or friends; some consider it also implying a gift to the bridegroom.

होग s. m. dadj. Relating to the योगो s. f. womb or place of origin, uterine; connected by female alliance, marriage, &c.

सोवन s. m. Youth, manhood.

बीवन्दर्प s. m. Pride of youth, rashness,

बीवनदक्षा s. f. The period of youth,

बीरक्षाती f. } adj. Youthful.

₹

The twenty-seventh consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter r.

ag s, f. A churning staff, bran.

iw s. m. A poor man.

ive s. m. A wheel for drawing water with

€ s.f. A ray, a sun-beam.

w adj. Red, of a red colour. s. m. Blood. Rakt-chanden, s. m. Red

sandul-wood, red sanders, or sapanwood:

रत्तकोड़ s. m. A kind of leprosy in which the part affected is red.

रसमुख s.m. A disease, a hard lump in the abdomen of the female after conception, perhaps scirrhus of the ovarium; a clot of blood:

रह्म पर्ण s. m. Red lead.

THOI s. f. Redness.

रत्तथातु s. m. Red chalk or red orpiment; copper,

रक्तपा s. f. A leo.h.

रक्कात s. m. Spilling of blood.

twifter s. m. Plethora, spontaneous hemorrhages from the mouth nose; rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and head-ache. vomiting, purging, &c.

জেখিনী s.f. A painful and itchy crupt on supposed to arise from excess of blood and bile; a plant used for the cure of the disease.

रक्षमक ady. Bloody, full or consisting of blood.

रत्तलीचन adj. Red-eyed.

रत्तवर्ष adj. Red, of a red colour.

रताचेच adj. Bloodless, cold-blooded.

TRINGT s. m. Any vagrant devotes wearing red garments.

twing s. m. A sort of yam, (Dioscores purparea).

Tut s. m. A keeper.

रक्को क्या v. a. To place; to keep; to have; to give in charge.

रबहेना v. s. To put down, to place ; to keep, to put by.

Tun s. m. Keeping, charge, protection.
Tun: v. a. To keep, put, place, have,
hold, possess, preserve, reserve, save,
lay, set, station, apply, ascribe, im-

pute, esteem, consider, have, own, stop.

take into keeping or service, to engage.

रचनार e.f. The price paid for keeping, रचनाना v. s. To cruse to keep, place, &c. Rakhwa lens. To take in charge.

रखनारा रखनाल रखनाल रखनाया है s.m. A keeper, shepherd,

रचनाची अ.f. Keeping, guarding, custody, grazing cattle.

रवाना v. s. To give in charge, to cause to keep, put, place. Rukh lens, To take in charge.

रिख्या s. f. Protection, keeping.

रची s.f. A tribute paid to a Sikh chief for protection. s. m. A protector, guardian. acij. used snb. Grass which has been preserved for cattle, cut down and dried, hay.

स्वेवा s. m. Keeper, protector.

रगड़ s.f. Attrition, friction, rubbing,

राष्ट्रना v. a. To rub, scour, grate, fret, abrade, excoriate.

रम्भा s. m. Quarrelling; rubbing, polishing; a collyrium.

रगण्।काषा s. m. Quarrel, debate, discussion.

বৰৰা v. a. To be attached to, to be in love with.

पोद s. f. Pursuit, chase,

रगेदना v. a. To pursue, chase, hunt.

Ry s. m. A sovereign of Oude, the grent grandfather of Ramchandra; the family or descendants of Raghu.

रष्ठभेष s. m. The race or family of Raghu; hence also the name of a poom by Kalidas, which treats of the ancestors of Ram, from Dalip to that prince, and his descendants to Agnivern.

w adj. Niggardly, avaricious, a miser. s. m. A poor man.

TF s. m. Paint, colour, tint, dye, hue, dancing, acting, signing, amusement. merriment, pleasure; suit (at cards). Rang ur jana, To change colour, to be afraid. Rang utarna, To become pale; to be grieved. Rang karna, To enjoy, to lead a life of pleasure. Rang charhna, To be elated with liquor. Rang dekhna, To look at or examine the state, condition, result, concusion or consequence of any thing, Rang-bhang, Spoiling of sport. Rang-mahall. An apartment for festive or voluptuous enjoyment. Rang marna, To win (in gaming: an expression taken from the game of choupar). Rang raliyán, s.f. pl, Merriment, pleasure, mirth, pleasant society of a lover, Rang ratna, To be affected or imbued (with love) to become attached to any one. Rang rup, s. m. Colour, form, appearance. Rang lagána, To colour ; To excite a quarrel.

TRE &. f. Colour,

रहना v. a. To colour, to die.

wwiff s. m. The day of full moon in the month Assein (September-October), on the night of which Lakshmi desceuded, promising wealth to all who wore awake; the night is spent in playing ancient chess, in naches, do.

रक्षभृषि s. f. A field of battle; a stage, a theatre, a place where dancing is exhibited.

रहराइ s. m. Delight, melody, pleasure, रहराई s.f. The price paid for colouring (particularly for dyeing). पक्षिया s. m. A dyer.

रक्षाचा s. f. A hall for public exhibitions, as naches, plays, &o., a ballroom, a theatre.

Twik s. f. The price paid for dyeing; a certain space of time during which a cloth is dyed.

THE r. a. To colour.

THITE s. f. Colour, colouring.

wi adj. Impassioned, having propensity or passion. s. m. A dyer. s. f. Chintz, the colour of which will not stand washing; a kind of cloth peculiar to Khyrabad.

रहीला s. m. A rake. adj. Gaudy, fine, showy, airy, buxom.

रचच s. m. A maker, a composer.

to be prepared; to be set to work, to be employed, to be set to work, to be employed, to be about (a businest); to stain, to colour; to love, to like; to keep time in music; to penetrate; compose, perform. s. f. Forming, composing, creating, making, invention; created thing, work, workmanship.

going; to make, to do; to make merry; to stain the hands, feet, &c., with menhit, &c.: to celebrate.

रिवत adj. Made, manufactured; written, composed.

watchman, redeemer.

tur s.f. Protection, guarding, keeping, preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

the menstrual excretion; the secondary property of humanity, the quality of passion, which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain.

Tora s. f. A washerman.

বেৰী s.f. A washerman's wife or a washerwoman.

বেজাৰা s. n. To be satisfied.

रजन s. m. Silver.

रजनी s.f. Night.

रक्तनीक (s. m. The moon.

বেজনীয়ন্ম s. m. The tuberose (Polianthes tuberosa).

रजनीचर s. m. A rakshas, a ghost, goblin; a thief; a watchman.

रक्षणीयुष s. m. Evening, begining of the night.

বৰণীয়ানা s. f. A flower (Nyctenthes arbor tristis), which blossoms at night and diffuse a powerful scent after sun-set.

रजनाका s. m. A kingdom, a country under the control of a raja.

vyes. m. The second condition of humanity, the quality or property of passion; that which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain; dust; the dust or pollen of a flower; the monstrual evacuation.

বৈষ্ণ s.f. A woman during menstruation.

रिवत adj. Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by.

volum s.m. One of the three characters or dispositions assigned by the Hindus Satursh, goodness, benevolence; Rajah, Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or of pleasure; Tamah, Darkness, ignorance, delusion, promptitude to the vindictive passions. These are all exhibited in the Hindus Triad; in Brahmu, rajah prevails, in Vishau, saturah; and in Shiv, tamah.

रजीवित s. m. Suppression of menstrustion.

was. m. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string.

was anj. What excites or affects;
what colours, &c. s. m. A colourist,
a painter, a dyer; a stimulus, an inciter of affection, &c.; biliary humour
on which vision depends. s.f. Priming powder. Ranjak urna, To flash
in the pan (priming). Ranjak urdas,
v. a. To burn priming, to flash in
the pan. Ranjak dan, s. m. Priming
pan or fire pan. Ranjak pilans, v. a.
To prime.

vus s. m. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c.; affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c.; red sanda3 or sapan wood.

Tien adj. Moved or affected.

पद्भा v. a. To repeat, iterate, order or demand repeatedly.

ve s. m. War, battle.

रचकामी adj. Desirous of war, wishing to fight.

रचनदा s. m. Lines of entrenchment.

रख्याचा s. m. A trophy, a pillar.

TUITUS. m. A field of battle.

Tellare s. m. Prowess.

ws. m. A tree (Palms christi; Ricinus vulgaris).

was s. m. A barren tree.

weeds. Widow's dress, widow's weeds.

weeds. (a midon) रतावत रहा s. f. A plant (Salvinia cucullista) ; रतीवन्त

रकापरी } s.m. Widowhood.

रकाषा) रिकास e. f. A widow; a woman.

Randi-baz, A whoremonger. Randi-bazi, s. f. Whoring, fornification.

राष्ट्र का s. m. A widower.

vw adj. Occupied or engaged by, actively intent on, s. f. Coition, copulation.

रतकेख s. m. Venery, coition.

বৈৰ্থা s. m. Watching all night on religious occasions (a female ceremony), vigil.

Ref. s. m. A jewel, gem, a precious stone; the pupil of the eye. Ratan-Set with jewels. Ratan-singkasun, s. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

Red colour.

रतिविध 8. m. A wagtail.

रत नियां s. m. A kind of rice.

a concubine who comes at night.

रताना v. n. To rut, to be lewd.

रतायनी s.f. A whore, a harlot

रसाधिनी s.f. A. libidinous woman, s. wanton, harlot.

বোদী odj. m. Libidinous, lascivious.

THIE s. m. A yam (Dioscorea).

বলি s. f. Passion, desire; coition, copulation.

रिसिन्निया s. m. Copulation.

रविश्वरा s. f. A plant (Trigenilla corniculate), perhaps considered as an aphrodisiae.

रती a. prop. The Venus of the Hindus. s.f. A weight equal to eight barleycorns; fortune. Rati chamakni, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

रतीयत | adj. Fortunate, prosperous,

रते। श. m. Blindness at night, nyctalopia.

रतेंगिया adj. Blind at night.

vell s.f. A weight equal to eight barley corns; fortune Ratti chamakmi, To begin to prosper, to flourish. Na. M. A jewel, a gem, a precious stone; any thing the best of its kind, or figuratively, the jewel of the species.

रवकदल s. m. Coral.

रबजीत s.f. A plant; a medicine, said to be good for the eyes.

रमनंत्ररी e.f. Nume of a flower!

रवस्य adj. Gemmed, full or made of gems,

रमनाजा s. f. A necklace of precious stones; a book in astronomy; a flower.

रवात adj. Having gems.

tasu s. m. Coral.

रविश्वासन इ. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

रताबर s. m. The ocean; a jewel mine. रजावजी s.f. A necklace of gems.

et s. m. A car, a war chariot; a carriage in general, any vehicle or mode of conveyance; a four-wheeled carriage (not used for baggage), a coach, chariot.

स्यवार s. m. A maker of cars, coachmaker.

TURING s.f. A festival at which the chariots go in procession: in Bengal an Orissa it is applied to the procession of the car of Krishna, as Jagyannath, on the second of the light fortnight of Ashárh.

रवस्त क. A coachman, charioteer. रवस्ति s. f. Coachmanship.

(Anas caterce).

s. m. The owner of or rider in a car.

रहन } s. m. A tooth.

TEL s. m. A lip.

(f a day.

vals. m. Rejected things, especially waste paper.

vy s. m. Battle, war, combat, Rangbhumi, s. f. Field of battle.

रनवन t. m. A wilderness.

বেৰাৰ s. m. The seraglio of a raja, the female apartments.

brasure, an air hole.

মেলা v. n. To be boiled (nictuals).

েষ্ s. m. A hele, a fissure, a cavity, a

(42 s. f. Fatigne, hard labour; slipperness; chase.

रपटना v. n. To slip, slide.

रपरपाना v. n. To gallop hard.

বেড় s f. Fatigue, fruitless labour, trudging.

বৰ্ষা v. n. To fatigue one's self, to run about fruitlessly.

tagt adj. Fatigued.

रबद्धाना v. c. To fatigue, to cause to run about aselessly.

रणकी s. f. Thick milk.

the s. m. The sun. Rabi-bar, s. m. sunday.

रमचेरा s. m. A common appellation of a slave.

ব্যব s. m. Sporting, playing ; dalliance, amorous sport ; coition, copulation.

रमची s.f. An agreeable woman, a wife, रमचीच adj. Pleasant.

रमधीय adj. Beantiful, pleasing.

বৰ্ষীৰ্মা s. f. Agreeableness, pleasant-

বৰজা s. m. Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance.

रमत adj. Playing, sporting,

(or tag, rug, and bobtail).

रमना v. n. To turn; to roam, go, range, wander, s. m. A pack or chase (for nexion with.

To entice; to beguile; to take possession of,

[(wit s. f. A plantain; a harlot; a whore; delight.

रव्यक्ष s. m. One of the minor dwips or divisions of the world, lying to the north of Raggit.

रजना v. m. To be mixed.

रवाना v. a. To mix. ſ &c.

Ws. m. Sound in general, cry. noise, THEY s. m. A servant who attends at the gate of the woman's apartments to purchase articles that are required. ter s. m. Gold or silver filings; a grain or particle of sand, dust, gunpowder, [sincusis]. &c.

रवास s. m. A kind of beam (Dolichos The sun. Crystal. रविकाल 8. m. The sun-stone, a sort of The disk of the sun.

The sun's path. twee s f. The tongue; a woman's girdle or zone.

Tim s. m. A ray of light.

www. Juice, humour, essence; Havour, taste, as sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour, and astringent; taste, sentiment, or emotion, as an object of poetry composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, Singar or love, Hasyah or mirth, Karuna or tenderness, Roudra or anger. Vir or heroism, Bhynnak, or terror, Vi-Shates or disgust, Adbhut or surprise; Sant, tranquillity or content, or Vatsalya, paternal tendernas, is sometimes considered as the ninth; affection of the mind, passion; exudation, a fluid, a liquid ; semen virile : relish, enjoyment ; quicksilver, mercury.

game), v. a. To enjoy, to have con- | tongt s. m. A white sublimate or a muriate of mercury, made in close vossels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time, which seem to be the only essential difference between this and the preparations called Rosapushpah.

> THE adj. Discriminating or acquainted with tastes, sentiments, &c. s. m. A. poet, a writer, who understands the different Russs or sentiments to be described, an alchymist, one who has obtained a command over the magical properties of mercury : a physician, a medical preparer and administerer of mercurial and chemical compounds.

> TENGT s. f. Poetical skill or taster. knowledge of flavour; alchymy. . .

THE S. f. The tongue.

Carras. m. Quickeilver.

रवित्रक्षि s. f. Loss of taste, flavour, &c.

रसपुत्र s. m. A preparation of mercury, a kind of muriste formed by subliming in close vessel, a mixture of sulpher, mercury, and common salt."

रसभाषा s. m. Clax or oxide of mercury. रसम्बा adj. or part. Wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

रससामा v. n. To wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

tetts. m. A rope.

TETIER 8, m. Quicksilver,

रसरी i. f. String, cord.

turq s. f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum anthorrhiza.

terre adi. Exciting quarrels.

applied to a composition, &c.

references. m. A sort of factitious cinnabar, made with zine, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre fused together; the compound is used as an escharotic.

CHIMM s. m. A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the clax 6t brass, or with the Amonum anthorrhizo.

regions under the earth, and the residence of Nagas, Asurs, Dytz, and other monstrous and demoniacal beings: this is not to be confounded with Narak or Tartarus, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death; the lowest of the seven divisions of Patat.

Term v. o. To solder.

telear s. m. Alchymy, chemistry; the employment of mercury in medicine; a medicine composed of mercury and other metals; slowness, mildness. Resayens; s. m. A chemist.

tree (Mangifera Indica).

turners. f. A turnlar vessel of the body, a nerve. a tendon, &c.

THINK ... A. kind of dish (rice and the juice of sugar-cane boiled together).

there odj. Flavoured, having taste or flavour; tasteful, as a composition. de.; sentimental. s. m. A libertine. adj. Witty.

thank s. f. Cunningness, shrewdness, amorousness.

Thurs. w. A rake, one who enjoys life, a voluntuary.

रविद्यावा e n: To be moist, to be juicy; to commence ripening, to coze. रवी adj. Humorous; impassioned. स्तीवा adj. Juicy, luscious; voluptuous, rakish.

रसन s. m. Garlick.

adv. Softly.

ver s. m. Quickeilver; the philosopher's stone the touch of which turns iron to gold;

Tel THE s. m. A cook.

स्ति . f. Victuals; cookroom, kitchen. रहीत . f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum on therrhise.

wadj. Juicy. s. m. blood.

TWI s. m. Rope, eable.

s. f. String, cord, rope.

CUMPUT v. n. To wait, stay, delay, desist, give up.

रकट है s. m. A wheel, for drawing रकटमरोका रकटमरोका water with.

twa s. m. A spinning-wheel.

two s. m. A cart.

twn s. m. Staying, remaining.

रहत adv. (In the) remaining; in the presence, during, notwithstanding

TVT s.f. Manner, method.

τψει υ. n. To stay, stop, remain, be, exist, last, stand, continue, lie, live, inhabit, dwell, reside, escape. Robinowida, Inhabitant.

THAT S. M. A robbey, high wayman.
THET S. M. A kind of pulse, chance
(Cicer orietinum).

twee s. m. A slave (not purchased).

रच्चेवा e. m. An inhabitant, dweller.
रच्च adv. Solitary, private, in private,
secretly, privily. a. m. Waggery,
merriment, trampling, treading un-

der foot; solitariness, privacy; co-pulation.

TWE adj. Private, secret. s. m. A secret, a myster, any thing hidden, recondite or mysterious.

रहारच s. f. Stay. halt, delay, abode, रहार s. m. Stay. halt, delay, abode, residence, continuance. रहिन adj. Free from, devoid of destitute, void of.

বৰৰ s. m. A guardian, a protector.

test s. m. Preserving, protecting, defending. [tecting.

रचन adj. Preserving, guarding, pro-

preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

ten adj. Preserved, protected, defended; kept, detained.

ৰে s. m. Preserving, guarding, defence, protection.

THIN adi. Preserved.

शर्ष s.f. A kind of mustard seed with small grains (Sinapis ramoss), Rdi-kai, Broken to small pieces or atoms. शरंस s.m. Chaif of wheat, bran: a species of mustard with large seeds. शए s.m. A Hindu title, prince, chief, Rásh-ráysn, s.m. A Hindu title,

(itt.) the chief of princes; the Dewan of the Khalisa, or chief treasurer. tyan s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in

sour milk.

even s. m. A flower so called.

रांग s.f. } Pewter, tin.

tinutt s. m. A toyman.

time a.m. Sweetheart; Leander, the lover of Hero (who is called in Hindi Hir).

the s.f. A widow; a woman. Rand ha sand, Son of a widow, a spoilt child, there adj. Barren. (The mango fish without rose are so called; and the word is particularly applied to unproductive trees such as the male pain, fc.).

tierer s. A. Widowhood,

गोहनी s.f. Parsley.

रोइपक्रीस s. m. Neighbourhood.

tiver v. s. To cook, to dress food.

tidis.f. An iron instrument for scraping leather, scraper for leather.

रोभवा v, n. To low, bellow, cry out. रायद s. m. A demon, an evil spirit.

THE s. f. Full moon, or the day of full moon.

TIW s. f. Ashes.

नाक्षम v. a. To keep, to put,

पाणी s.f. An annelet, or string which Hindus tie round their arms en a certain festival, held in the full moon of Srawan, or Sawan, in honour of Krishno.

via s. m. A mode in music (there being six in number), music, song, tune; the modes are, Bhyran, Malsv, Sarang, Hindol, Vasant. Dipak, and Megh; anger, passion; love. Ragehhana, v. n. To be in concert. Regmela, e. f. A treatise on music (seing nothing more than a collection of pictures, embibiting the traditional history of the primary and subordinate modes and the subjects appropriated to each). Rag rang, s. m. Music, Ragsagar, s. m. A song composed of many Rags or prairied modes.

ent lean or extract, the wood of which is used in dying (Mimora catechy).

राज्या v. a. To begin to sing. राजिनो s. f. A mode in music (there being thirty of the Reginie in number). erelt adi. Passionate, impassionate. s. m. A singer; a libertine, a lover. TIWE s. m. A sort of fish. Tran v. n. To be affected or imbued (with love), to be strongly attached. TIE 4. m. Apparatus. tists. m. Government, sovereignty; royalty, reign, kingdom, (In comp.) Prince, king. TIM s. m. A mason, a bricklayer. राजक्या s.f. A princess. times s. m. Tax or toll imposed by (perus). the king. TIMERS s. m. A fragrant grass (Cy-राजवार्क s.m. Royal duties, state, affairs. राखकीय edi. Royal, kingly. - राजपुनार s. m. A king's son, a prince. Taga s, m. A toyal race, a prince, a king. राज्यादी a. f. King's cushion or throne राजवृद् s. m. The king's spiritual pref fish. ceptor. crowdle s. m. A sort of flat fresh-water Tracket s. m. The royal mark on the forehead. Coronation. राचतेक्स s. m, Majesty, kingly, dignity. ting s. m. Sovereignty, royalty. Traces s. m. Punishment ordered by the king; a baton, a sceptre. · राज्यान s. m. A levee, an audience. The gate of the palace. tingly s. m. Oppression, tyranny; rebellion. राजहोत्री a.m. A rebel, a traitor. tiwas s. m. Royal revenue or right to property. from. THE s. m. The prime minister of a tracen s. m. Royal duty; the duty

of the military tribe.

राजधान s.f. A royal city, a capital. a metropolis. T ST s. m. Regal state or function. government. €1 A=1 e. w. To shine, to be adorned. र मनोति s. f. Regal polity, civil and military government; the art of government, the duties of a prince both in peace and war, राजनीय s. m. The emerald. TIMUE s. m. A gem; said to be an inferior kind of diamond brought from Virat Des, a country in the northwest of India; a tiara or royal fillet. s. f. King's cushion, throne. Craye s. m. A Hindurtitle, prince. राजपनी z f. A queen, traun s. m. A. Kshattri or man of a military tribe. राजपत s. m. A descendant of raja; the name of a tribe. राजपूती s. f. Courage, prowess in war. राज्यकी s. m. Descendant of a raig: a Rajput tribe. राज्यमन } s.m. A roval residence, s राजभूगम र palace. राजकी म s. m. Vietuals placed before idols at noon. Idence. राजनिक्र s. m. A palace, a royal resitreaming. m. A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad. राज्यभा s. m. An enemy, a rebel, one making war against a prince. राजधीय adj. Proper or suitable for a sovereign; princely, royal. Cracter s. m. An emperor, an universal monarch, or king of Kings. tratta s. m. A mortal disease; a consumption. tracted a. m. Royal insignia ; any

natural mark indicating royalty.

বাজনীয়া s. m. A royal letter or order. বাসবঁহা s. m. The descendant of a roja; a tribe of Rajputs. [eent. বাসবঁহা adj. Of royal parentage or des-বাজনা adj. Royal, kinely

राज्यन् adj. Royal, kingly. राजवाचा s.m. The country of rajas.

राज्योग adj. Springing from a royal

राज्यगायन s.m. A royal edict.

্যাসন্থ adj. Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of passion.

राजस्ता s. f. Majesty, royal dignity. राजस्था s. f. A. royal assembly or court,

राज्यसर्पे s. m. A large kind of snake (Boa), the king of snakes.

tাসময় s. m. A sacrifice performed only by a universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes.

राजसेनक s. m. A courtier, a royal attendant. [duty, tax.

বাজাৰ s. m. Royal revenue, impost, বাজাৰ s. m. A white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo.

বাসম্ভাৱ s. m. A sort of large fish (Cyprinus niloticus),

TIME s. m. A king, a prince.

হাজায় s. f. A royal edict or command. হাজাবিহাস s. m. A paramount sovereign.

বাসাবে s.m. A gem, described as an inferior sort of dismond, brought from the country Virat.

বাৰাৰতী s.f. A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy.

राजी s. f. A row, a line.

राजीर s. m. A large fish (Cyprinus niloticus).

राजेन्द्र s. m. An emperor.

राजेचर s. m. A. sovereign, prince, a lord, a governor. যাবা s. m. A government, a country, a principality, a kingdom; administration or exercise of soversignty or government.

राज्यका s.m. A prince who has lost his government.

राज्यण्यति s. f. Deposal, loss of sovereignty. • [eignty.

বাৰ্মাক্ত s. m. Subversion of a sover-বাৰ্মাক্ত s. m. Deposal or loss of a kingdom.

বাজনত s.m. A deposed sovereign, বাজাবো s.f. Protection or defence of a kingdom.

বাজ্যাথিকাৰ s.m. Government of a kingdom; right or title to a sovereignty. বাৰ s.m. A country or district, part of a Bengal west of the Hughly

ever s. m. A Hindu title of a prince, or raja.

राषी s. f. A Hindu queen or princess.

Tra s.f. Night. Adhi rat, Midnight. Rat thoriour sang bahut, Is applied to express a hurry of business with little time to perform it in; also great expense with a small income. Raton-rat, In the middle of the night.

TIGHT v. a. To dye (with colour), to stain. v. n. To be strongly attached or in love (lit. stained with the die of love).

বানা adj. Red, died, coloured.

ারীয়ো s. m. Nyetalopia, night blindness.

रावि है e.f. Night.

That od; Going or moving at night.

s. m. A geblin, a field, a ghost or evil spirit; a thief, a robber; a guard patrole.

TR s. f. Pus, matter.

रायानगरी s.m. A kind of silk cloth made at Rodho nagar.

THI s. m. A Hindu title of a prince or raja.

বাদী s. f. A Hindu queen or princess.

राजकी s. f. A kind of food like pap.

TIM s. prop. A name common to three incarnations of Vishau, or Parsuram. the son of the Muni Jamadauni. born at the commencement of the second or Trets Jug, for the purpose of punishing the tyranical kings of the Kshattri race; Romchandra, the son of Dasarath, king of Outs, born at the close of the second age, (or 1600 years B. C.) to destroy the demons who infested the earth, and especially Ravan, the Ditya sovereign of Ceylon; and Balram, the elder halfb-rother of Krisha, the son of · Rohini, born at the end of the Dwapar or third age. Ram kahini, s. f. The Ramayan; a long story, Ram duhai, s. f. An asseveration, by Ram, by God. Ram-bhati, s. f. Calling out for redres, complaint, Ram! Ram! A Hindu form of salutation.

বাৰ্থনী s.f. One of the Regimis or female personifications of the musical modes.

virififice. m. The name of a mountain, variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called Kants or Chitrkut in Bandelthand, and to another hear Nagpur called now Rantet.

रामधनी s.f. A Hindu dancing-girl a prostitute.

tingtt s.f. A vegetable, Ochra (Hibiscus esculentus). रामतुक्की s. f. A plant (Ocymum grafissimam).

रामक्ष s. m. A kind of goat.

tinte s. f. Kind of relion Earth used for caste marks.

रागरच s. m. Salt, [reed, रागचर s. m. A sort of wood ; a kind of रागानचो s. m. A class of Hindu medicants. followers of Romanad.

THINGS. m. The first epic poem of the Hindus, recording the adventures of Ram, the son of Dagrath, sovereign of Oude, written by the poet Valmiki; a name of several poems on the life and adventures of Ram.

THIGH s. m. System of Hindu medicants.

RIG s. m. A Hindu title, prince, chief.

Roch-rdyan, s. m. A Hindu title, (/if)

The chief princes; the Diusm of the

Khalita, or chief treasures.

Trans s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk.

cravity f. m. A kind of spear.

रावनेस s.f. A flower so called.

रायमिया है s.m. A kind of rice (in रायम में) the husk.).

राएं } e.f. Wrangling, quarrel, fray.

Two. m. Resin, the resinous or fragrant exudation of the Shores robasts, rosin, pitch; saliva.

राव 6. m. A prince.

Travit s. m. Gaiety, amusement, delliance, merriment, mirth; affection, endearment.

TITE s. f. A kind of tent.

Caylon, said to have been killed by Ramchandr.

TITE s. m. A hero: a sweeper (of a particular caste). TITE In Bruj.) pron. Yours.

বাহি s. m. A heap, a quantity; a sign of the zediac; a part and its divisor, or numerator and denominator.

राणित्रक s. m. The rodiac.

राशिमान s. m. A fraction.

राधिनोग s. m. Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac.

राणि रच s. m. Heaping, piling, gathering.

বাহিন্দ্ৰ adj. Heaped, piled, gathered, বাহু s. m. -An inhabited country or realm, a region.

বাছিকা s. f. A prickly sort of nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

TH s. m. Reins of a bridle; usury; adoption, Ras-ans. To be agreeable.

Ras lena v. a. To adopt a son.

NH s. m. A festival among the cowherds, including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by Krishns and the Gopis or cowherdesses; a heap; a sign of the zodiac.

रायचक्र s. m. The zodiac.

रास्थारी e m. A dancing boy, who imitates the Rass of Krishna.

Regist s. f. A festival in honur of Krishns on the full moon of Katic.

Tell adj. Of middling breed (a horse); indifferent, so so.

another plant (Mimosa octandra); another plant (the serpent Ophioxylon?); a sort of perfume.

Trung v. a. To roughen a millstone (by digging little pits in its surface with a small pickars).

τις s. m. Typhon or the dragon that is supposed to devour the sun or moon during an eclipse; the ascending node. राष्ट्रवास s. m. Immersion of a planet in an eclipse.

राइयाइ's. m. An eclipse of the sun or moon.

An evil spiris, a demon, a vampire, a fiend, but who appears to be various descriptions and is either a powerful Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, a Rivan and others

the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives.

শেষনী s. f. A female flend, the female of Rakhsas. adj. Demoniacal, devilish. [a vacuum.

रिका adj. Empty, void. s. m. A vacuity, रिकास s. f. Vacuity, void, space. रिकास adj. Empty-handed.

হিলা s. f. A magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the Veds. হিলাইবা adj. Having the quality of

being pleased.
ftwini v.a. To please; (met.) to plague,
tease, perplex.

रितामा v. a. To cause to empty.

fig s. f. Season, weather. The Hindus
divide the year into six seasons, vis,
Vosanta, Grishmo, Vorska, Sarad,
Him, and Sisir.

Ref s. f. Increase, wealth, prosperity.

रिपुता s. f. Hostility, enmity.

fefe s. m. A saint.

ftem s. m. The soap-berry plant (Sapindus of several species).

frege adj. Fat.

fee s. f. Anger, passion, vexation.
fees v. s. To drop slowly.
fees adj. Passionate.

হিষাৰা । v. n. To he displeased, vex-

if f. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, (in addressing females), holla! bravo! O!

रीतना v. n. To creep, to plod.

रींख } s. m. A bear.

रीभग v. a. To dress (victuals) to cook. रोभा f. Choice, approbation, love, desire, wish; pleasing, satisfying. Rijh-pachau, s. m. A person who conceals his inclination. Rijh-pachana, v. a.

To conceal one's gratification. रोक्स v. n. To be pleased, to be gratified, to be delighted.

ীতা s. m. A fruit, sonp-wort, sonp nut (Sapindus saponaria).

रेशिंडवा s. f. A small Ritha (fish).

रोड़ s. f. The back bone.

रोड़ी s. f. A young mango.

तेना adj. Empty.

thabit, regulation, rule, local or traditionary observance.

Rt s. m. Noise.

रीरियाना v. n. To cry (as a child); to murmur, v. a. To importune, to beg earnestly.

रीस s. m. Anger, passion, vexation. इ देना v. n. To be trod or trampled on. इ 'समाना v. n. To be confinend, restrain-

ed or afflicted (in mind).

₹ s. m. Stoppage.

द्यम s. f. Stopping. द्यम v. n. To stop, to be hindered, to be enclosed, to be prohibited.

बनवेश s. m. A preventer.

To cause to enclose, surround, stop, hinder,

दकाव s. m. } Prevention, hinderance,

swit s.f. Plainness, dryness; unkind looks, indifference.

ed, sick, infirm.

Tw. s. f. Desire, wish, availity, desire of or pleasure from eating; light, lustre.

ৰখনা To excite desire; to be agreeable. হ'ৰ s. f. Hunger, appetite, taste, sentiment.

🕶 s. m. A headless body.

बदन s. m. Weeping, wailing. बद्द बर्जा. Obstructed, stopped, shut up; opposed, stopped, impeded.

বস্থায় s. m. A tiee (Eleocarpus ganitrus). ব্যাহ্য s. m. Blood.

रुपना v. n. To be at bay, to stop.

वर्षेया s. m. A coin so called, a rapee.

ৰ্পনা v. n. To roll, be rolled or pulverized.

হলালা v. a. To cause to cry, to vex, displease, afflict.

रसना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

Te ady. Angry, displeased.

বৰ adj. Harsh, unkind; rough, hard; rugged, uneven.

** s. f. Cotton. Rui-dar, adj. Quilted with cotton, stuffed with cotton.

TTI s. m. A seller of cotton.

Runyteh khareh hone, v. n. The standing of the hairs on end (from cold, fear, &c.)

THE s. f. Dirt, filth.

(as with a hedge); to watch. v. n.

To be restrained; to be confounded,
to be astonished.

s. f. To hoot!

w. s. m. A tree. adj. Plain, unseasoned. Rakha-charha, s. m. A monkey.

क्या

TWW. s. m. A sort of devotes.

विकास s, m. A small tree.

wat adj. Dry, plain, rough, harsh. unkind, unfriendly, pure, simple, unseasoned, Rukha sukha, adı, Plain: blunt, harsh (word, &c.).

wart s. f. Roughness, platteness, dryness unfriendliness.

दखानी s. f. A carpenter's chisel.

ब्लो s. f. A squirrel,

w adj. Stern. s. m. A violator.

▼S * m. An insect very troublesome to birds.

THE ad). An animal (or bird more particularly) much teased by the insect 147.

จรสา v. n. To have misunderstanding with a friend, to be cool, to quarrel, to be angry or displeased.

इडनी adj. Quarrelsome. s. f. A species of sensitive plant (Mimors natans). estes s. f. Mutual coolmes, misunderstanding.

wa adj. Hard, stiff, rough, grim, cross. wy s. m. Countenance, form, shape, figure, appearance, facé; picture, beauty, manner, mode, method; silver, Rup-nidhana, Receptacle or abode of beauty. Rup-ras, Killed or ealcined silver, Rup-sague, Ocean of

winn s. m. Pewter.

beauty.

कपनती adj. f. Well-shaped, elegant, beautiful, handsome (a woman).

mutais adi. Well-shaped, beautiful, Silver. handsome. sayan odj. Silvered, made of silver. TI s. m, Silver.

इपी (used in compos:) In form or figure, having the shape or figure of. हनदो s. f. Subterfuge, trick, wrangling. क्रमी s.m. 'A Grecian, Rumi-mustki, s. f. Gum mastick.

द्धसना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

दसी s. f. Beurf.

₹ s. m. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, holla i bravo ! O !

रेंक s.f. Braying (as of an ass).

रेक्न ना v. n To bray (as an ass).

रेगना v. n. To creep, to plod. रेंगनी s: f. A medicinal plant.

izs. m. A wheel for drawing water with ; snivel, snot.

its s. m. Snot, snivel.

is s. m. [Palma christi (Ricinus vulgaris). Rendi ka tel, s. m. रेंडी s. f. 🕻 Castor-oil.

रही s. f. A small melon;

🗤) s. f. Writing, line, mark, fate, ₹ destiny.

रेषारी s. f. A furrow.

₹w s. f. Dast.

s. m. Semen virile.

₹ s. f. Sand ; filings.

रेतना v. c. To file, polish, thrum.

रत adj. Sandy. s. f. Sand, sandy ground.

त्रेत्वा aid. Sandy.

रेता s. m. Sand. ling. tasts. f. Price paid for filing or polish-देतियाना v. a. To file, to polish,

रेली s. f. Sandy ground on the shore of a river : file.

रतीला adı. Sandy.

रेत्या s. m. 'A fileman, a filer, a polisher. ₹\s. m. The letter r, with the inherent short vowel.

रेजना v. d. To shove, push, rush.

'रेलपेल g. f. Abundance, plenty : erowd; bustle.

ter s. m. A flood; a line or string of animals; rushing, rush, push, shove, assault.

tand s. f. A kind of sweetment. Revri keh pher men parna, v. n., To be inwolved in difficulties.

Cants. f. The last of the lunar asterisms containing thirty-two stars, figured dy a taber.

Ray s. f. The Nerbadda or Narmada river, which rises in the mountain Umrkut or Amarkantak, in the province of Gondwana, and runs nearly due west about 750 miles, when it falls into the see below Baroach. Tr s. f. (mitti) Fossil alkali, used for

washing and making soap,

Tre s. m. A sled, a sledge. रेडला s. m. A vetch.

Per s. f. Fossil alkali.

रेक्रपेक s.f. Abundance.

रेंकना v. a. To brav (as an ass). रेदाच s. m. The leader of a Hindu sect.

रेन s. f. Night.

रीपाई s. f. Lamentation.

wit s. m. Hair of the body, down, wool. रोपाना v. a. To make cry, to vex, displease.

री पास s. f. Inclination to cry.

री पासा adj. Inclined to cry, vexed, displeased, afflicted.

Mas. f. The hair on the arms, &c., bristle, pile, nap, down, Roen badalna, To become sleek and fat (a herse) to change his coat.

बीबडी । s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, शेंटगी 🔓 trick, cheat.

diz s. f. Trick subterfuge.

बीडना न. a. To deny.

र्गेटिया adj. Trencherous.

रोपना v. d. To plant, to transplant.

शेक s. f. Prevention, prohibition, stop. restrain, let, hinderance. Ruk-tok. Let and hinderance, epposition; reaistanea

रोब s. m. रोब क् s. f. Ready money, cash.

रीकदिया s. m. A cash-keeper, treasurer, रोकन s. f. An obstacle.

रीक्ना v. a. To enclose, surround, stop, block, fend, prevent, restrain, hinder, detain, interrupt, prohibit.

रोकु s. m. A preventer.

रीन s. m. Sickness, disease in general. or a disease.

रीगपस adj. Sick, diseased.

रीगम् s. f. The body.

रीगराज s. m. Consumption.

रोनलचक s. m. The symptoms or sign of a disease, or of its progress.

रीगशास्त्र s. m. A physician or alleviator of sickness.

रीगुभानि s.f. Cure or alleviation of disease.

रीनक्र adj. Curative, medicinal.

रीनकारी adj. Curative, medicinal. s. m. A physician.

रीनियी f. adj. Diseased, 'ill, sick, ीनी m. f affected with sickness or disease.

दीनिया adj. Sick, diseased, ill.

रोचक s, m. A stomachic, carminative, any medicine, fruit or fossil, supposed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost appetite.

रोपना s. m. A yellew pigment, supposed to be the concrete bile of the cow, or according to some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a medicine, a dye, and perfume.

रोज } s. m. Lamentation.

than s. m. The painted or white-footed antelope (Antelope picts).

itz s. m. Thick bread; (met.)
itz: Sweetmeats offered to Hansm:n.

रोटी s.f. Bread.

रोड़ा s. m. A stone, a fragment of stone or brick, a brickhat.

रोदन s. m. Weeping, crying; a tear, tears.

ilu s. m. A bank, a shore.

ilun adj. Impending, that which impedes or obstructs, an obstacle, a hinderer or hinderance. s. m. Impeding, obstructing.

inly, constituting the state of the state of

रोपक adj. Who or what plants, raises, रोपक s m. Planting ; raising.

रोपना ". a. To sow, to plant; to defend, block, fend.

शिष्त adj. Planted ; raised.

रोस s. m. Down, small hair of the body. रोमकृत s. m. A pere of the skin.

रीसवत् } adj. Hairy, woolly.

tinfagir (m. Horripilation, erection or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be occasioned by, and to express exquisite delicht.

cremfun adj. Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted. पंताबती s. f. A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel.

ों। s. f. Noise, clamour, outery; fame. ोतोक्षर adv. With difficulty, labour and pain.

বৈৰণা v. a. To roll, plane, pelish, smooth; to select, pick.

रोजाना v. s. To cause to cry, weep.

(16) s.f. A mixture of rice, termerick and alum, with acid, used to paint the forehead.

To be angry, to be displeased.

रोषण } adj. Angry, passionate.

रोषपाषण adj. Angry, feeling and displaying wrath.

on v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

Adam's peak in Ceylon.

UVE s. f. Weeping, erying, tears.

ofvel s.f. The fourth lunar asterism, figured by a wheeled carriage, and containing five stars.

रोडिस } s.m. The Rohi fish (Cypri-

Tites. m. A sort of grass; the Rohi, a kind of fish; a deer said to resemble an ass.

रीदन s. m. Trampling, treading under foot.

रोंदना है v. o. To tramle on, to tread

रोइ े adj. Formidable, fearful, terrifie; रोहता } violent, wrathful, irascible. s.m. Wrath, rage; heat, warmth.

रीवता s.f. Fiergeness, formidableness. रीवा s.m. Bringing home a wife to consummate a marriage.

रीनव है s.m. A kind of salt, ac-

ties, brought from a mountain in Aimere, but in fact procured from a salt lake near the town of Sambhar, about twenty miles west of Jynagar. शैर s. f. Noise, clamour, outery; fame, रोद adj. Formidable, horrible, terrific. s. m. One of the divisions of hell. रौत s. m. Noise, tumult, sedition.

alarm.

रौष्टिय a.m. Sandal wood.

रौडिकेंग्र s. m. An emerald.

रीडिय s. m. A sort of deer; the Roki fish; a kind of fish; a kind of grass.

The tweny-eighth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the letter I.

way) s. m. A species of the breadfruit tree (Artocarpus Lacucha).

www. wood, a cudgel, beam, bar. Lakar-baz, A cudgel-player, Lakarbazi, s. f. Dudgel-playing, fencing. जबस्थारा s. m. A wood cutter, woodseller, wood-monger.

बक्दा s. m. A hvena: large piece of wood.

जबही s.f. Wood, timber, a staff, stick. (met.) adj. Stiff.

लकीर s. f. A line, lineament, streak.

₩32 s. m. A staff, a stick, a club. लखना v. a. To see, look at, perceive, behold; to understand, v. n. To

disappear. संध्यनी adj. Rich.

बद्धाका v. n. To gasp, or pant with heat or thirst (as birds).

लवद adj. Extravagant.

अवा s. pl. Hundreds of thousands. लचाज adj. Significant.

West s. m. Act of seeing or perceiving. fagr s. m. A spectator.

Gers. m. A varnisher.

बद्धीटा adj. Besmeared with lac. Lakhouts karna, To smear with lac, to glaze.

लग adv. To, as far as, near, till, until up to, close to, whilst, during.

लगचलना v. n. To follow closely, tocourt friendship.

खगड s. m. A kind of hawk.

खनन } s. f. A moment, the rising of a sign of the zodiac ; affection, attachment, friendship, love; espousal, appointing the day of marriage. s. m. A large flat hollow copper utensil in the form of a bason.

सतका v. n. To be applied, to apply, to begin, to be fixed, to be attached, tobe close (to), adjoin, to touch, to be employed, to be imputed, to lattain (10), to reach, to suit, to join, toclose, to be, to belong, to become, to happen, to befall, to seem, totaste, to be connected (with), to regard. Lagrahna, To continue without interruption, to continue fixed. Laga rahna, To be occupied or busy (in).

खगभम adj. Close, near, about, almost, by, thereabout.

जनतामा v. o. To apply, to fix, to cause to apply, to cause to put or plant,

बनावार adj. Successive, incessant.

सगान s. m. Stopping or making fast (a boat, &c.)

सनाना v. a. To apply, to close, to attach, join, fix, affix; ascribe, impose, lay, add, place, put, plant, set, inflict, shut, spread, fasten, connect, plaster, put to work, employ, engage,

लघुन ने :. m. A kind of fish, probably a variety of the Pimelodus.

अपुचेना क्यों. Low-minded, frivolous.

শপুনা 3. f. Lightness; meanness, insignificance.

लघुदुन्दभी s. m. A small kettledrum.

লম্বনান s. m. The Francoline partridge. অভ্যান s. m. A friend or ally of little power or value.

অনুস্ s, m. In algebra, the least root with reference to the additive quautities.

জম্মাত s. m. Reducing in weight or consequence; thinking little of, contemning.

सम्बाहार adj. Temperate, abstemious.

www.f. The reins, the loins.

TI s. f. The capital of Ravan in Ceylon : the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the Hindus, is much more considerable in size, and lies further from the continent than in reality; it is described as being equal to 1-12th of the equatorial circumference of the carth, and is one of the places lying under the first meridian, whence the longitude is computed : it is thus placed in the Eastern ocean, south of Ceulon, and according to Wilford is the peninsula of Malacca : according to some Hindu accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lanka is said to be just visible.

लङ्गायिका s. f. A plant (Trigonella corniculata).

वराखायी s. m. A plant (Euphordia Tirucolli).

ৰম্বাণিকা s,f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculato). অ চ s, m. Limping, lameness,

wase, impute, report any thing to the way of scandal or malice. Lagana buyhana, To existing anarrate, Laga lana, To calumniate. Laga lana, To extach to one's self, to conciliate, to win.

ন্যাৰ s. m. Application, connexion, contact, adherence, symmetry, series, relation, intercourse.

relation, intercourse.

चितत adj. Connected with, attached to. लगुड़ s. m. A staff, a stick; an iron club, or one bound with iron.

egt s. m. A club, a stick.

लगुरस्त s. m. A man armed with a stick. लगुरा adj. Pleasing, beautiful, delightful, alluring.

लगुषा s. m. A paramour.

will s' m. Affection, attachment; a pole with which a boat is impelled.

Lagya na khona, To be incompatible inconsistent (with), not comparable (with).

चानी s. f. A pole, a staff, gibstaff.

an asj. Attached to, intent on; joined to, connected with, s.m. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique shere; also defined as the arc of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the celiptic; in popular acceptation it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign.

way s. m. A bard, a panegyrist.

wy adj Light, not heavy; small, little; insignificant, mean, low; short (as a cowel. Laghu-dith, Short-sighted. Laghu-bele, adv. Shortly.

वर | adj. Lame, cripple.

जक्काना v. n. To limp.

wat s. m. An anchor. Langar athána, To weigh anchor. Langar dálma, To cast anchor. Langar par kona, To be at anchor.

ৰন্ধা s. f. A large shallow pai, made of metal, and generally used to knead bread in, or at meals for serving rice. আছু বা s. m. A sausage.

www.s.m. A baboon.

ৰক্ষীত s.m. A cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities, Langot-band, s.m. A bandage to which the langat is fastened; one devoted to celibacy.

Lingoliya yar, s.m. An old friend (from childhood), a very intimate friend, a crony.

equa.m. Fasting, abstinence; leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps; jumping over or beyond; exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds.

mgar v. n. To be jumped over, to be passed over, to pass. v. a. To jump or leap over.

समृती s. f. Fast, fasting.

समा s. f. Spring, elasticity, bending.

सम्बद्धा है. त. To spring, to bend.

सम्बा s. m. Jult; a barge, a kind of bent. part. Bent.

लकाना v. a. To jolt, to strain.

To bend, to bow.

अवस्था v. n. To be clammy, or glutinous; to be elastic.

ষ্ট্য s. m. A foolish sellow, a simpleton. ক্ষমান e. a. To bend, to bow. to brook. ক্ষমান s. m. Sign, mark; symptom, feature. or skein of thread, &c.

चलकारिका s. f. The sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

समस्त्रा adj. Clammy, glutinous, vis-

सत्त्रताना v. s. To soften.

जनवात्र n. pron. Name of the inventor of chess.

खनवाना v. a. To shame, to cause to blush.

खनाना v. n. To be ashamed, or abashed, to blush.

चनाच् } s.m. A kind of sensitive चनवनी } plant (Mimoso natans, or pudica). adj. Bashful.

जियाना v. n. To be abashed, to be ashamed.

दजीवा adj. Bashful, modest.

चन्त adj. Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking.

सन्त्रमान adj. Being ashamed.

सञ्जा s. f. Shame, modesty, bashfulness. सञ्जाबर । adj. Shameful, causing or सञ्जाबारी । occassioning shame.

चकाचित adj. Ashamed, bashful.

चन्नामान } adj. Ashamed, modest, इन्तित } abashed.

सम्बादिहरा adj. Shameless, immodest. समास इ. m. A sensitive plant (Minesa)

pudica).

बच्चावती f. बच्चावान m. } adj. Modest, bashful.

ख्याबील m.) स्यादीन adj. Shameless, impudent.

जिल्ला adj. Ashamed, modest.

wasyi s. f. Modesty, bashfulness.

Tangled hair, a clotted lock (of hair); a tadpole. Lut jana, To become cutangled.

MZ s. m. A blockhead, a fool, one speaking ignorantly or foolishly; fault, defect. TERS. f. Hanging, dangling; an affected motion in blandishment and coquetry.

ecquery.

कटकाव s.f. Affected gait, coquetry.

कटकाव s.f. Affected gait, coquetry.

कटकाव s.f. Any thing hanging; drops
worn in the ears; a pendant; ringlet; a fruit with which clothes are
dyed yellow; name of a green handsome bird, which often remains hanging by the feet; a stand for waterpots; the drops of a crystal lustre.

ल्ट्रक्रना v. n. To hang, to dangle.

चटना s. m. Incantation, conjuring rod, a philter, a quack medicine or nostrum.

चटताना v. a. To hang, dangle, append, suspend.

चटनान s. m. Suspension, hanging.

₹Zuz adj. Staggering, tripping; folded, tangled.

HZUZI adj. Flayful, wanton, frisky, humourous; irregularly folded (a turband).

कद्रपदाना v. n. To stagger, to trip. कद्रपदी s. f. Stumbling, staggering, swaggering.

Tel adj. Reduced (by sickness, &c.), lean, emaciated.

चटाई s. f. A kind of roller on which the string of a kite is wound.

स्टापटा s. m. Baggage, furniture, effects. स्ट्री s. f. A small curl or lock of hair. Laturiyan, s. f. pl. Tangled, short hair.

चरोरा s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius). चर्ड s. m. A child's top. Lattu hona, v. n. To fall in love, to be enamoured. चरुटर adj. Slack, remiss.

लटडा s. m. A beam.

Has. m. A stick, club, cudgel. Lathbazi, s.f. Cudgelling.

waga adj. Wet, soaked drenched.

লৱালৱী s. f. Mutual beating with endgels. লাইয়ালা v. a. To be labour, endgel, cane. জন্ধ s. f. A string (of pearls. &c.), a thread, a row; a strand of a rope or cord; a parly. Lar men rahna, To be in one's party.

अङ्कपन s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

रुक्क बुद्धि s.f. Childishness, the wisdom of a child.

ৰঙ্কা s. m. A boy, child, infant, bace. Larka bala s. m. Child, Larka-Larki, Boys and girls, children.

নত্ত্বাই s. f. Childhood, boyhood, the being of a child or children.

লড়কাদৰ s. m. Childhood, boyhood. ডবুকী s.f. A girl.

लड्खडाना v. n. To stagger, trip; to stutter, stammer.

ter, stammer. खड़ना v. n. To fight, quarrel, contend,

battle, war. s. m. Fighting.

लड्ड इं। ग v. n. To stutter, stammer ; to stagger, reel.

लड्डावला adj. Mad, foolish.

लकारे s. f. Battle, quarrel, war, fight, fighting, Larai karna, To war, fight, give battle.

खड़ांका adj. Quarrelsome, warlike.

लड़ांक है adj. Quarrelsome, goodfighter.

सङ्गाना v. a. To make fight, to fight, to hait; to play.

जिल्लाना v. a. To thread, to string.

जड़ी s.f. A string (of pearls &c.).

चड्डा s. m. A class of sweetmeats, or a sweetmeats a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghi, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds according to some slight varieties in its essential ingredients.

was s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, nade chiefly of sugar, with the addition of cocoanut kernel rasped, and, cream, and formed into the shape of large boluses or balls. Man ke laddu khana. To build casties in the air. Than ke laddu kha bythna. To be distracted, foolish, or intoxicated, (Spoken of one who talks or acts absurdly in opposition to his usual good sense:) an allusion taken from sharpers who join a party of travellers; and having got into their confidence, entertain them with sweetmeats impregnated with Datara, or other intoxicating drug, that they may rob them with impunity while under its stupifying influence.

सदा s.m. } एदिया s.f. ∮

लिंदियाना v. a. To double hem a garment. लडी s. f. A small cart.

eres s. m. Penis.

Tail-less, docked ; (a person) without friends, forlorn.

3 s. f. Bad habits, whim, whimsey, (in compos.) contraction of let, kick, Lat-khora, adi, Kicked, beaten ; contemptible, mean. subst.) A slave, a threshold. Lat-kundan, Ignominious treatment, Lat-kob, adj. Beating, cudgelling, Lat-khana, To suffer a kick or beating. Lat-zada, adj. Of bad habits, vicious. Lat mardan karna. To trample or tread on. Latmardan men parna, To be trampled under foot or disgraced. चन s. f. The hanging branch of a creep-चतर s. f. An old shoe. नवरी s. f. An old shoe : a kind of vetch.

MAT s. f. A creeper, a vine. a creeping or winding plant in general; a vegetable and medicinal substance, the musk-creeper said to grow in the Dakhin, (woman.

जुताकाल n. prop. Name of a most famous सनाइ s. f. Calcumny, labour.

सताइना v. a. To work, to cause to toil, exhaust by labour, fatigue, jade, bring down, affront, insult.

लताइम s. m. A timber-tree (Shores robusta).

जतिका s. f. A twining plant.

स्तिया adj. Of bad habits. निवाना v. a. To kick.

चना s. m. A rag, tatter, scrap of cloth. बत्ती s.f. The string of a child's top; a cloth tied to the end of a pole to direct the flight of pigeons; a kick when swimming, Latti karna, To run away.

लघडना v. n. To be draggled.

लघेड्ना v. a. To draggle or besmear with dirt.

चुद्रमा v. n. To be loaded, to le laden. लटफदा s. m. Packing and loading.

सहाना v. s. To load, Ladwana, v. a. To cause to load or lade.

water s. m. A load; an arched roof or terrace.

चप s. f. A handful, the space in the palm of the hand closed so as to hold water.

खपक s. f. A flash (of lightning, &c.), bounce, snatch.

सप्ता v. n. To flash (as lightning), to spring, bounce or rush forth or upon, to attack.

चपका s. m. A snatch; nimbleness; a Lad custom or habit.

लपकी s. f. A stitch. लमची s. f. A scate.

equy adj. Nimble.

eqz s. f. Odour ; warmth, glow.

चपटना है v. n. To cling, stick, ad-

equal s. m. A kind of molasses; relation, connexion; a sort of grass (Panicum verticilatum).

जपदो s. f. Pap, any glutinous liquid food.

अपलप adj. Nimble, quick. Lap-lap khana, To eat quickly.

लपसी s.f. A glutinous kind of food, pottage, pap, spoonmeat.

लपाटिया s.m. A tattler, a liar.

खपाड़ो s. f. Lying, tattling.

सपानक adj. Slender, thin.

चपेट s. m. f. A fold, a play, envelope, twist, bandage, fillet. Lapet-jhapet, or supet, s.f. Evasion, subterfuge.

खपेटन s.f. A rollar on which cloth is wound in the loom, a button, &c.

लपेटना v. a. To wrap up, to fold, enclose, pack, roll, furl.

सपेटन adj. Twisted, ornamented with gold or silver thread wound round it. सप्पा ह. m. Brocade, gold or silver cloth.

सबद्धन्त 8. m. } A mischievous child.

लक्षणटाई s. f. Giving the breast to a child when it contains no milk,

चब्द्धक s. m. Tittle-tattle, nonsensc. चब्द्धा s. m. A liar, a tattler. adj. Lefthanded. (woman).

handed. (woman).
ভ্ৰমন্ত্ৰী adj. f. False and talkative (of
ভ্ৰমনী s.f. The pot in which tari is collected from the tree.

सबस्या a lj. Fastidious, fretful, touchy. सबस्या s. m. The pancreas. Clammy, Gluttinous.

चन्त्रीस adj. Naked, shapeless. s. f. Flattery.

wart s. m. A lier, a talker,

लगे s.f. The Juice of the sugarcane when boiling into sugar.

लेकेट्रा s. m. A club.

लबेश s. m. A fruit (Cordia myxa).

सम adj., Gained, acquired. obtained, received, got.

सम्बेता adj. Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to right mind. सभा adj. Attainable, procurable.

लमकाना .e. n. To stretch out the hands to take any thing.

लमहा लमहा s.m. A hare, a rabbit.

लमळड़ s. f. A long musket.

समळ्डा adj. Tail.

জন্ম adj. False, lying, dissolute, lecher, libertine. s. m. A lecher, a libertine, a whoremonger, a gallaut. Kachhalampat, adj. Incontinent, dissolute, lewd.

चम्पट्रता s. f. Libertinism, dissoluteness. जन्द s. f. A fox.

चला adj. Long, tail. Lamba karna, Tolengthen, to extend, to beat, to drub.

ভাষাই s.f. Length. Lambai chourai, ভাষাৰ s.m. s.f. Size, length and breadth; (met.) pomp, glory, pride. ভাষাৰা v. a. To lengthen.

কৰিব adj. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down.

लियां करना v. a. To prance.

will adj. f. Long, tall; a kind of bounding pace in a horse. Lambi karna, To make a horse capriole, or throw out his fore legs. Lambi sansbharni, v. n. To regret, to lament.

বৰ adj. Long, tall.

or fence.

खब s. f. Equal time in music and dancing, tone, melody, modulation, symphony, singing in tune; ardent affection or desire, immersion or absorption.

44 s. m. A minute, division of time;
the sixtieth part of the twinkling of

लयारी s. m. A wolf.

enf s. m. A skein,

লন্ত s. f. A sudden gush of water, &c.; (met.) whim, fancy, caprice.

ललकाग v. n. To attack.

लखकाना v. a. To excite, quarrel, to set on to fight.

ललकारना v. a. To call, bawl after, halloo after, challenge, set up the war hoop. v. n. To bawl out insultingly.

खनगङ्ग s. m. A monkey.

चनगढ़ी s. f. A female monkey.

ভলমানা v. n. To be tantalized, to long.
v. a. To excite desire, to tantalize,
to covet.

सन्दर्भ s. m. A flower (Nerium odorum). सन्दर्भ s. m. Pleasure, sport, pastime.

वनग s. f. A wanton woman.

चला s, m. A boy.

attractions. The forehead; fate, destiny,

লল' হবৈল' s.f. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life; a coloured sectarial mark on the forehead.

ললাহিশ্ব: s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it: a mark made with Sandal on the forehead.

लांबन s. f. A Ragini or musical mode. adj. Beautiful, lovely.

लिला s. f. A woman in general; a wanton.

खिवाना v. a. To coax, wheedle, beg earnestly; to redden.

बनी s. f. A girl. ady. Impotent.

जनीपत्ती s. m. Wheedling, coaxing, flattering, adulation. eq s.m. A minute, division of time; the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye; a larger division of time, er 36 twinklings of the eye, or about ½ a second; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

खबद adj. Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. बबद s. m. The clove tree (Myristica caryophyllata); cloves, the fruit.

লব্দ adj. Salt, saline. s. m. Sea salt, rock or fossil salt; factitious salt or salt obtained by boiling elay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles; the saline or salt taste, saltness.

লব্দ্যানি s. m. A salt mine in general, or the district of Sambhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt.

celebrated for its fossil salt. जनपसपुद्ध s. m. The sea of salt water.

खनणा s.f. A small river in Tirhut. खनणाकर s.m. A salt mine.

लक्षाम s. m. The sea, or salt water. लक्षाम s. m. Nitre; rock or river salt.

सान s. m. Reaping. सना s. m. A kind of quail (Perdix chinensis).

লবাজ ১. m. A sickle, a reaping-লবাজন hook.

लगटन पगटन adj. Topsy-turvy, with difficulty, with much ado.

अधन s. m. Garlic (Allium satioum);

New S. m. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousnoss, clamminess. Lasdar, adj. Viscous, glutinous, clammy. Lasdari, s. f. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness.

जसका v. n. To become viscons, to become moist (or stiff, as a field).

ব্ৰকা v. n. To become, to be fit; to shine.

सपत्रमा adj. Viscous, clammy, or glutinous, adhesiye, ropy. सरलाना v. n. To be clammy or glutinous, to agglutinate.

चित्र adj. Scen, evident.

लिखाना v. n. To be viscous, to be clammy.

चरीष्ट्रा s. m. A glutinous fruit, (Cordia myxa).

समी s. f. Milk and water.

सहात s.m. A petticoat (or a mereskirt, which is tied round the loins and extends to the feet or ground).

लक्ष s. f. Glitter, flash.

weaming. n. To be kindled or lighted, to rise up into a flame; to glitter, flush, glance, shine; to wave (as herbage before the wind); to warble, quaver.

লছৰানা v. a. To warble, to quaver; to cause to shine or glitter; to blow up a fire.

सहकारना v. a. To fondle, to pat and encourage a horse &c.

लहकाव्ट s. f. Glittering, flashing. लहकीला adj. Glittering.

लहकीवर s. m. Rico-milk eated by bride and bridegroom.

অংশা v. a. To find, get, experience.
v. n. To avail, answer, boot, signify,
accrue. s. m. Outstanding debt; fate,
destiny.

लड़बर s. m. A kind of parroquet. लड़बेरा s. m. Name of a plant.

বাছং s. f. A wave, a large wave or surf, undulation; whim, fancy, vision, the effect of the poison of a snake; a waving pattern in embroidery; emotion.

सम्बद्धा v. n. To wave, to undulate.

erri s. m. Quaver, shake, trill (in music).

खडराना ". n. To tantalize, to undulate,

fluctuate, wave; to play loosely, to put off.

लक्ष्यालगाना, v. a. To evade, to avoid performing an agreement.

चप्रिया adj. Waved, a mode of dyeing or painting.

बहरी ady. Inconstant, capricious, whim-

लडर्ग s. m. Name of a grain, Bajra (Holcus spicatus).

बद्दा adj. Blooming, flourishing.

सङ्ख्डाना v. n. To bloom, to be verdant, to flourish. [ing.

वड्डीट adj. Borrowing and never pay-चड्डान s. m. Garlic (Allium sativum); a freekle.

बह्रपनिया s. m. Name of a precious stone. बह्रपोट्टा s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia mixa: Cordia latifolia).

बह s. m. Blood. Lahu-luhan, Covered with blood, bloody.

www s. m. Name of a plant.

বৰ s. m. A lak, one hundred thousand.
বৰ্ম s. m. A mark, a spot; an indication, a predicate, any thing by which
an object is designated or distinguished; a symtom or any indication
of a actual disease.

निवत adj. Scen ; marked.

the half brother and faithful companion of Ramchandra.

নকা s.f. One of the principal female deities of the Hindus, the wife of Vishau, and goddess of wealth and prosperity; fortune, success, prosperity; beauty, splendour.

लक्कोबान adj. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving; beautiful.

and adj. To be seen or noted, s. m. A mark, a butt; a mark, a sign; a lak, a hundred thousand. ৰাই s. f. Parched rice mixed with sugar. ভাৰ s. f. Quantity, measure; the loins; bird-lime; chaff.

खांचना v. a. To overleap, to pass over. खांप s. f. Bound, leap, spring.

engs. m. Gum lac, a kind of wax formed by the Coccus laces, adj. A hundred thousand. Lakh lagona, To shut up or conceal.

सावना v. a. To apply lac.

बाबो s.f. A red colour procured from

erv s. f. Striking, hitting, fixing, a stroke; enmity, rancour, spite, grudge; affection, love; cost, expenditure; a secret; approach. Lag lagna, To fall in love.

खानत s. f. Expense, cost.

खारी s. f. A mark, butt; affection, love. साम adj. Desirous, adhering to.

जाव s. m. Health; lightness, delicacy. minuteness; meanness, insignificance frivolity.

साइन s. m. A plough; the penis.

আছবিজ s. m. One of the thirty-four species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable poisons.

जाकू ज s. m. A hairy tail (as a horses's, gc.); the penis.

ৰাজ s. f. Bashfulness, modesty, shame. ৰাজবল adj. Modesty, bashful, chaste, decent.

ৰাশ্য s. m. Viscosity, tenacity, glutinousness.

shabby (as clothes, ornaments, &c.). s.f. An obelisk, a pillar.

Note: s. m. A kind of food eaten by the poor (Mahua, pounded with grain).

Note: s. f. A dillar, an obelisk, a club or staff; the vertical part of an oil mill.

und s. f. A staff, club, stick, crutch.

Lathi pathi, Beating with sticks, a club or stick.

ৰাড় ৯ m. Lovingness, coaxing, caress, play, sport, playfulness of a child.

Lar larana. To fondle (a child).

लाक्ता adj. Darling, dear.

জাব s. f. A kick. Lat marna. To kick. ভাত্ত s.f. Load; bowel. Lad-phand, s. f. Loading and packing.

लादना v. a. To load, lade, freight.

बादिया s. m. A loader.

बादी s. f. A small load (particularly a washerman's).

আই adj. Fit to carry a load. Laddw karna, To mount a horse or colt for the first time.

साना v. n. To bring, adduce, induce, introduce, persuade, apply; to bread, produce, make.

जाकता v. n. To jump.

min s. m. Gain, profit, produce; gain in general, acquirement, acquisition. Labh karna, To attain,

जामाजाभ s. m. Profit and loss.

TIT 8. m. Saliva, spittle.

and a di. Darling, dear. s. m. An infant boy, a son; spittle, saliva; name of a bird (the male of Fringilla amandava). Lal-buyhak-kar, An intelligent person, one who comprehends quickly, or who readily divines what has happened or is to happen from certain symptoms; but the term is generally used ironically for a wiscare, an ignorant foolish person who pretends to more sense than his neighbours.

greediness, selfishness, avarice, occasion, view, want. Lalach karno, To covet, to long for.

ৰাৰণী adj. Covetous, interested, selfish.

ৰাণ্ডী s.f. A kind of ruby; false stone
resembling a ruby.

बासन adj. Wheedling, coaxing. s. f. A. mistress, sweet heart.

बाज्या s. f. Ardent desire; regret, sorrow, missing, wishing for any person or object absent; soliciting, asking; the longing of pregnant women.

बाबा s. f. Saliva spittle. s. m. Sir, master, school-master.

बानाटिक adj. Relating to fate or destiny.

लालाभेड s. m. Passing mucous urine. सामित adj. Loved, desired; cherished, treated tenderly; coaxed, whoedled, sedneed.

साबिय s. m. Beauty, loveliness; gaiety; gracefulness.

जानिन } s. m. A sedacer.

सासिनी s. f. A wanton.

जाचेपह्ना v. n. To be extremely desirous and unable fully to express one's wishes.

साय odj. Cutting down. s.m. A rope (particularly that drawn by bullock's st a well); the cable of a boat, सायपिको adj. f. Lovely, beautiful.

आवण s. m. Saltness, the taste or property of salt; beauty, loveliness,

जावजाव s. m. Covetousness, avarice.

बावसाय s.m. Profit, advantage.

बाबा s. m. Parched grain. s. f. A sort of quail (Herdix chimensis).

सावासना s. m. A tale-bearer.

खाद s. f. A pumpkin gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria).

जासा s. m. Any thing clammy or glutinous; the milk of plants, size.

gauze; advantage, welfare; lac.

साधा s. m. Advantage.

चाडी s. f. Name of a plant; a fine sort of cloth.

ज्ञादा s.f. Lac. a red dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when dried and prepared, a dye of a red colonr; the nest is formed of a resinous-substance which is sealing-wax and is usually termed shel lac.

ৰাবাৰৰ } s. m. The Palas tree (Butea ৰাবাৰৰ } frondosa).

ৰাষ্যাম্বাহৰ s. m. The red Lodh, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing.

ভিক্তৰ s. m. A sort of bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus lacucha).

चित्रा s. f. A nit, a young louse.

লিখন s.m. A writing, paper, deed. লিখন adj. Writing. s.f. Writing, in- ! scription.

বিস্থন s. f. Scripture, writting; a writing, a written document.

तिषता v. a. To write,

जिल्ला s. f. A pen. Likhni das, s. m. A. writer an amannensis, copyist.

तिसन s. m. Predestination, fate.

खिखलेग v. a. To copy, to write.

forms. m. Fate, predestination, destiny, writing. adj. Written.

निवादे s. f. The wages of writing; the labour of writing; the art or business of writing.

ৰিখানা v. a. To cause or teach to write, to get written.

विचाव s. m. } Act of writting.

faster adj. • Written. s. m. Scripture, writing; a writing, a manuscript, a written book or paper. विक s. m. A sign, a token ; the penis ; | जिम s. f. Unjust, censure, calumny ; the phallus or Shiv under that emblem ; gender.

खिक्कन s. m. Embracing.

লিক্ষণাম s. m. Loss of the penis.

बिक्राचीन s.m. Worship of the Linga or phallus.

जिक्किवेष s. m. The dress or the insignia of a religious student, the skin, staff, bowl, &c.; the dress or appearance of a follower of Shiv.

farl s. m. A worshipper of Shio in the phallic type.

बिकड़ो s. f. Afterbirth, placenta.

বিহাৰা v. a. To cause to lie or repose. to lay.

जिही s. f. Balls or thick cakes of bread baked on coals.

लियस्ना v. n. To be draggled.

बिधाइना v. a. To draggle.

fauzat v. n. To cling, adhere together, atick

विषटाना v. n. To cling, stick, adhere together.

बिपटाव s.f. Adhesion.

जिपही s f. An old ragged turband.

विष्णा v. n. To be plastered, smeared or washed over.

विषयाणा v. a. To cause to plaster, smear or wash over.

लिपाई s. f. Smearing, plastering.

लिपि १ s. f. Writing in general, hand-बिपी | writing; a writing, a written paper or book, &c.

लिपिकर 8. m. A scribe, a writer. निपिकार

ৰিম adj. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread, embraced, united, connected with, &c. : defiled or contaminated by.

ब्रिवन्तित s. m. The pancreas. खिला s. m. A slap.

indication, trace.

बिन्पट s. m. A lecher, a whoremonger. खिये adv. For, on account of.

feets) s. m. The forehead ; fate, des-जिलाड } tinv. fortune. खिलाना v. n. To log for.

जियाना v. o. To cause to take.

जियासामा v. a. To bring.

लिवेबा s. m. Taker.

निसीड s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia myxa).

বিভাজা adj. Vile, base, mean, contemp-कीक s. f. Marks of a carriage wheel, rut, path, track, trace, stain, iguominy, disgrace,

जीब s. f. A knit, the egg of a louse. জীবলাগ v. a. To submit, to succumb, to subside.

नीपड adi. Stingy.

नी पी s. f. A china fruit (Scytalia litchi). सीभी s. f. Dreg (of a dye, of any thing that has been chewed), sediment.

स्तीतरा s. m. An old shoe.

सीइ s. f. The dung of horses and elephants.

सीन adj. Embraced, clung or adhered to; melted, dissolved; absorbed, immerced.

जीपको s. f. A rag ; a small turband. जीपना v. a. To plaster, to besmear.

ধীৰত s.m. Rheum (of the eyds).

स्रोम s. m. Concord, peace. चीम s. m. A. lime, a lemon, also the (Citrus medica).

चौर s. f. A strip, or slip of cloth. जीव s.f. Indigo. adj. Blue.

लीलकछ s. m. A bird (Coracias Bengalensis).

जीवना v. a. To swallow, to gulp.

when s. f. Play, sport, pastime in generral; amorous or wanton sport.

जीन्त्रवरी s. f. A wanton or sportfulwo man; a work on arithmetic.

जुज s. m. A falling star ; varnish, जुजारा v. n. To lie hid, to be concealed.

ण करा s. m. A rake, a profligate, ज का odj. Hid, concealed.

বাল্লৰ s. m. An ointment, by applying which to a man's eyes he is said to become invisible.

खुलाना v. a. To hide, to conceal. खुनाई s. f. Woman.

adj. Pure, merc, stark naked. Luchbahedar, s. m. A vagabond.

ज्ञान s. m. Libertinism, rakishness. ज्ञान m. A spider.

ল্ডা s. m. A vagabond; a libertine, a rake, a profligate. adj. Low, mean. ল মানী s. f. Libertinism.

बुजल्जा adj. Clammy, glutinous, viscous.

ৰ্জা adj. Lame of a hand or hands, having lost the use of hands and feet. [squandered.

লুৱনা v. n. To be plundered, to be স্থেমা s. m. A squanderer, a prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

जुड़क } s. m. Plundering, ruin, devas-चंद्रम } tation.

a simi e. a. To squander, spend or expend, to cause to plunder or be plundered; to cause to wallow or roll about. Luta-luta-kar marna, To beat severely.

Ther s. f. A small pot;

क होरा है s. m. A squanderer, prodigal, जटेंब spendthrift, plunderer.

myers, m. A. Hindu ornament worn in the ears.

off, to slip, to slide.

च्या इ. f. Rolling ; flattery, coaxing. wheedling, fawning. ल दक्ता } o. n. To roll, to be spilt. लुद्रमा } Lurh jana, To die.

बुदाना v. a. To cause to roll, to spill. बुदिना s. f. A stone postle with which materials are triturated on a stone. बुदियाना v. a. To double hem a garment, बुद्धन s. m. A sort of potherb (Chironia centauroides, &c.).

लुका adj. Tail-less, tail-cropt, docked. सुतरा s. m. A sycophant, a tell-tale, a babbler, a tattler, backbiter.

खुपरी s. f. Pap.

सुपनुष s. m. Lapping (us of a dog drinking).

ল্ম ady. Gone, lost, disappeared. নুম্বা s.f. Disappearance, nonexistence. নুমুল্লী s.f. Poultice, cataplasm.

ৰুষ adj. Covetous, greedy, desirous, cupidinous. s. m. A lecher, s libertine. নুমৰ s. m. A hunter; a libertine, a rake, whore-monger; a covetous or greedy man.

जुभावा v. a. To excite desire, tantalize, allure, entice.

a ser s. m. An iron pot.

लुइरा s. m. A younger, junior, cadet. लुइराइरी s. f. A staff armed with iron. लुइरान adj. Bloody.

MUT s. m. A blacksmith.

जुड़ारिज़ s. f. The female of Luhar, ख s. f. A hot wind.

चुचाइ adj. Half-burnt (wood), a brand. चूर्ष s. f. A round lump of dough prepared for making into bread or cakes.

Was. f. A hot wind.

wwit adj. Half burnt (wood), a brand.
wwit s. f. A wooden poker, or stake.
burnt at one end; a fox.

or not wisely to have a coup de saleil of a. To see.

want s. f. Conflagration.

was s. m. Pieces of burning matter thrown out from a conflagration. Luka Lagana, To inflame or excite quarrels, åс.

www s. f. A flame. Lukh chalána, To charm, fascinate.

at s. f. Plunder. Lut-baz, A plunderer, a murderer.

w zwz s.f. Plundering and ravaging. To plunder, pillage, spoil ; to squander.

ज टपाट e. f. Plunder and sacking.

w zim z s.f. Plundering.

war ady. Salt, brackish.

स की s. f. The salt that effloresces from walls, &c. ; butter.

ज्ञा s.f. A spider ; local inflammation produced by the urine of a spider.

mas. m. Salt.

निया adj. Salt, brackish. s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleraces); a pioneer; a salt maker ; name of a tribe or caste of Baniyas.

स की s. f. The salt that effloresces from walls, &c. ; butter,

m n s. m. A tail; a hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's &c.

an adj. Lame of the hands.

सन चा s.m. A paw.

W s. f. A hot wind.

a part, Having taken, imper. Take. adv. Till, to; from. interj. Come! well t

At s.f. Paste.

and s. f. Goat's dung ; a cur, a country dog.

Ter s. m. Smut, mildew; a flock of goats or ship, a pack of dogs.

au s. m. A letter, an epistie. >

www s. m. A writer, a scribe, a clerk; z copyist, an amanuensis, accountant. लेखकी s. 7. The tusiness of a writer. भे सन s. m. Writing, scripture ; the bark of the Bhoj tree, which is used for writing on in Nepal and Upper Hindustan.

खें खनी s. f. A pen. a reed.

ले चा s. m. Account, reckoning.

लेख s. m. A letter, nn epistle.

च ख्यपन s. m. A written paper, a writing : a letter.

के स्वकान s. m. An office, a countryhouse, &c.

क्षेत्रामा v. a. To take away, carry, convey, run away with, export, submit. refer, win,

संद s. m. Mortar, plaster, chunam.

से टना, v. n. To repose, lie down, lie, rest.

चीत s.m. Plaster, paste, batter.

w werbal. n. To take, taking.

सेनदेन s. m. Traffic, trade, barter, buying and selling.

चीना v. s. To take, accept, assume, get, hold, pick, win, receive, buy, Leána, v. n. To bring, fetch.

wy s. m. Plaster, ointment : plastering. smearing; mortar, chunam,

s. m. A bricklayer, plasterer, चे पी

च पदना v. a. To lie with ; to involve another in one's disgrace.

च पन v. c. To plaster, besmenr.

ज पालक s. m. An adopted child, adopta fosterchild.

ed, a fosterchild,

के पालना v. a. To adopt, rear, bring up; father.

चे पाले प s. m. Complete plantering.

a s. m. Plastering, spreading or smearing ointment, mortar, &c.

जै भर्भा v. g: To calumpiate,

water v. c. To provide, keep ready, procure, reserve, .

fing.

खेर्डमा v. n. To cheat, to pilfer.

₩ s. m. A calf.

जेवा s. m. A lamb.

से सुद्ध adj. Borrowing and never pay-से से ना v. a. To take receive, accept of,

take by force, extort, bereave.

चंद s. m. Plaster falling from a wall.

sq s. m. Taker; plaster, that which is spread on the outside of a new pot; udder.

हों बाहेर्स s. f. Traffic, trade, taking and giving.

संबाद s. m. Mud (to plaster a wall

खेवेश s. m. Taker.

ज्ञ इ.m. Mark, sign. effect. adj. Small, little. s.m. Smallness, littleness; n little.

के सना v. s. To plaster, spread, daub; to kindle; to foment (s quarret).

agiag s. m. Plastering.

ave s. m. Licking, testing with the tongue.

awn s. m. Pasture, provender.

बिहिन s. m. Borax.

adj. To be licked. s. m. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosis.

de adj. Ready, brought. s. m. A kind of vinegar; an arrow for practising with; a spring.

बी imper. Take, hold. interj. Lo, look, see, there now.

of the countenance, honor.

of adv. Till, to, up to.

खाँदा ह. m. A lump of clay, cold.

जी क s. m. Man, mankind : people : व world, a division of the universe: in general three Loks are enumerated, or heaven, hell, and earth; another classification enumerates seven. exclusive of the infernal regions: or Bhur-lok, the earth, Bhuvar-lok, the space between the earth and the sun, the region of the Munis, Siddhis, &c. Swarg-lok, the heaven of Indra. between the sun and the polar star, Mahar-lok, the usual abode of Bhrigh and other saints; during the confiagration of these lower words the saints ascend to the next, or Jan-lok, which is described as the abode of Brahma's sons; above this is the sixth world or the Tupe lok, where the deities called Vyragis reside ; the seventh world Satya-lok, or Brahmlok, is the abode of Brahma, and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth; the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kulpa or day of Brahma; the three last at the end of his life. or of 100 of his years : the fourth Lok is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat at the time the three first are burning. Another enumeration calls these seven worlds earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest. and abode of truth, placing the sons of Brahms in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or Jan-lok to be that, where animals destroyed in the general configration are born again : sight, seeing.

चीवना v. a. To catch.

बीसकत s.m. The creator, Brahms, जीसजित s.m. A conqueror of the world witness s. m. The three worlds, heaven, earth, and hell.

missing s. m. A sovereign of the uni-

स: बदीय adj. Visible, to be seen. ...

altques. m. A king, a sovereign; a divinity who is supposed to protect the regions, or the sun, moon, fire, wind, Indra, Yam, Varun, and Kever. withufur adi. Notorious, well known.

लोकर्यान s. m. Popularity gaining publie confidence.

क्षीकरा s. m. Tatters, torn clothes. जोब्हानर s. m. Another world.

चोकालोक s. m. A mountainous belt surrounding the outermost of the seven seas and bounding the world.

mar s. m. Tools, old iron pots, pans, bardware.

स्तीग s. m, People, folk.

wing s. f. Woman.

कोचक है s. m. A ball or lump of flesh कोषना or meat ; stibium or lampblack, &c. so used.

सीचन s. m. The eye.

स्रोचनकार्भेट है s.m. A flower (Celosia स्रोचनमञ्जू ciristata).

क्षोत्रशासक s. m. Diseased affection of the eye, Ophthalmin.

elze s. m. Tumbling, rolling; a kind of pigeon, tumbler; a bush.

willow, roll about. flounce, sprawl.

कोटबापीटना v. n. To wallow, to roll or turn over.

बोटपुरिया s. m. Water-crosses.

बोटपोट adi. Wallowing, tumbling and tossing, rolling about, restless. Lotpot-hone, To be in love.

erzi s. m. An earthen pot (for cooking). a pipkin, a small metal pot, generally of brass or tinued iron.

सीटासजी s. f. A kind of earth containing fossil alkali.

wit s. m. A stone pestle with which materials are triturated on a stone.

eller adj. Salt, brackish: barren of salt (land), s. m. Parslain (Portulaca eleracea); the salt that effloresces from &c.

चीच s. f. A corpse, dead body,

लीयरा 8. m. A lump of flesh लीयरी s. f.

कीण s. f. A bag, a sack, stupe.

लोबो s. f. A staff, club (knotted).

बोदी s. m. A caste among the Pathons. जीप) s. m. A tree, the bark of which

is used in dyeing (Symplocos racemosa); a medicine.

will s. m. Name of a tribe, a husbandman.

सीविया s. m. Name of a tribe.

चीन s. m. Salt. Lon mirch lagand. To speak hyperbolically or in lofty diffuse language.

जीना adj. glat, brackish ; barren or salt (land), s. m. Purslain (Portulaca 'oleracea): the salt that efforesces from walls. &c.

सीनापन s.m. Saliness.

जीवार s. m. Salt lands a place where salt is produced, a salt-pit.

Ty s. m. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, sylla-

bles, &c. : disappearance, destruction erasure; (in compos: with a verb) vanished disappeared.

alump of any thing moist; a poultice composed of flour, turmeric, and oil or clarified butter.

where s. m. A kind of gum, inconse, benzoin (resin). . [sinensis). elfan s. m. A kind of bean (Dolichos win s. m. Avarice, covetousness, eapidity, intense or greedy desire.

सोभना v. n. To be enamoured.

लोभगोडित adj. Beguiled or evercome by cupidity.

कामनिएक adj. Free from cupidity.

লাগা adj. Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy, avaricious.

জীম s. m. A tail, a hairy tail; the hair of the body; the base of a triangle, &c.; a piquet, out post, or sentry. ভামকৰ্ম s. m. A hare.

जीमक्ष s. m. A pore of the skin.

स्रोमकी s.f. A fox.

দ্বামবিষ s. m. An animal whose hair is supposed to be poisonous, as a tiger, &c.

सीनग adj. Hairy, covered with or made of hair; woollen.

बीममपियो s.f. A plant (Glycine debi-

जीममनार्जार s.m. The polecat.

क्षेत्रहा s. f. A plant (Lees hirts) Indian spikenard (Valerians Jatamanst): cowach (Carpopogon pruriens); green vitriol; Orris root.

जीवचार s. m. The emerald.

कोसप्रवेश s. m. Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body.

खीयन s. m. The eye.

wit s. m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant; a tear.

Tears, the fluid in which the eyes appear sometimes to be overwhelmed, undulation, glimmer.

जोबद s.m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant. जोबा s.m. A suppository, a kind of solid clyster.

eiffern, s.f. A sort of dock or sorrel (Rumex vesicarius).

की ज odj. Very deirous or covetous,

wishing, longing for, greedy, insatiable.

बीट s. m. A clod, a lump of earth; rust of iron or iron filings.

बीटमब adj. Made of a cled or of earth. जोट s.m. A lump of earth.

alw s. m. Iron, either crude or wrought; steel , Aloe wood or Agallochum.

की चन्द्रक s. m. A thorny shrub.

ली इनान s. m. The loadstone.

लोक्दार s.m. A blacksmith, or ironsmith.

The s. m. Rust of iron, or iron filings.

लीहबूर्ग लीहबूर्ग लीहबूर्र } s. m. Iron filings.

ৰীছৰ s. m. Bell-metal ; rust of iron or iron filings.

বীছজিব s. m. The diamond (conquering in hardness the iron).

लोक्सा s. m. An iron pot.

लोक्ड्रापी s. m. Borax (as fusing metals). जोक्रमब adj. Made of iron.

बोद्दमारक s. m. A. plant (Achyranthes triondra).

चीपसार s. f. An iron mine.

Tron. Lok-lath, s. m. An iron mace or club. Loka bajana, To fight with swards.

सीकाम adj. Bloody.

जीकानी s, f. Name of a caste among

withviewer c. m. Lustration of arms, ceremonies performed on the 9th of the light half of the month Arers; formerly a campaign, but now usually confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's waspons.

WITE m. A blacksmith.

wivefer . f. The female of Lohar.

wifes adj. Red, of a red colour. s. m. | Worldliness : worldly Red, the colour ; blood.

जोदितक s. m. A ruby ; calx of brass.

चारितानन adj. Red-faced, s. m. Au ichneumon.

बोदिया ady. Of iron.

बोदो s. f. A lump, a mouthful ; a kind of silk-cloth; dawn just before sunrise.

सीच s. m. Blood. Lohu dalna, To spit blood. Loke phains, To have leprosy. Lohu buthna, To pass blood by stool. Lohu luhan, adj. Covered with blood. bloody.

बाँ } adv. Till, to, up to.

स्ति s. f. A clove (Caryophyllus aromoticus).

सौन्यका s. m. A dish prepared from pease-meal.

eler s. m. A boy, a slave boy, lad, brat, Lounda-bazi, s. f. Sodomy. wifer) s. f. A girl, a slave girl, a

servant girl, bond-maid. els. f. The flame of a cardle, any pointed flame. Lou lagana, To be constant in prayer, devotion, &c. Los lagni, The frequent and long continued repetition of any saying (particularly of a lover calling on his mistress, or of a dying man on God), to have a constant desire or craving (for any thing).

सीयना v. a. To see.

जोश s. m. A kind of pomplon (Cucurbits lagenaria); lightning, flash, glitter, coruscation.

affarafaa . m. An atheist, a materialist, a Bouddha.

wiffen edj. Mundane, worldly, human, what prevails amongst or is familiar to mankind; ceremonial, ceremonious. currency, or custom.

भीका s. f. A kind of pompion.

ent s. m. Turning over, inverting : returning.

चीटना v. n. To turn over, to turn lack, return.

जोडाना v. c. To turn over, to invert : to turn back, to return, give back, reject.

कीपदा s. m. Name of a medicine.

जीना s. m. Balancing, making scales equal. v. s. To reap.

जीनी s. f. Wages in kind to reapers in harvest time.

नौद s. m. An intercalary month.

at sdj. Iron, made of iron, s. m. Iron. where s. m. A trance.

with s. m. A wolf.

4 The twenty-ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly the semivowel v; it is often confound. ed with the labial consonant or with which it is also optionally interchangeable.

win s. m. Race, lineage, family.

रंबच s. m. A. small fish (Cynoglosus lingua).

बंबपरिव s. m. A genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty, &c.

बंबदरब्दा s. f. Family lineage, descent. बंधभीव्य s. m. Hereditary estate.

infirm ? s. f. An earthy concretion dualway of a milk-white colour,

formed in the hollow of the bamboo. waste s. f. Prosperity of a family.

बंबसमाचार s. m. Family usage.

TRIVET s. f. A pedigree, a genealogy. affect adj. Belonging or relating to a family, a bamboo, &c.

in s.f. A pipe, fife, flute.

A piper; a name of | awr s. f. Orris root (Acorus calamns). Krishna.

44 s. m. A crane (Ardea nines); 2 tree (Sesbane grandiflora).

वसपुष s. m. A tree (Æschynomene grandMara).

वक्रम 8. m. A plant (Mimusopa elengi), बक्रम बर्जा, Fit or proper to be said or spoken.

ami s. m. A speaker.

am adj. Crooked, curved, bowed or bent : indirect, evasive.

वक्रगामी adj. Who or what goes tortuously ; fraudulent, dishonest.

बक्रता ह, f. Crookedness, wickedness; craft, cunning; evasive or indirect speech.

वक्षपुष s. m. The Seeban a grandiflora. and adj. Crooked; dishonest, fraudulent.

amiera s. m. Curvature, curve : fraudulent or dishonest disposition.

anifm s. f. Equivoque, evasion, pun the covert expression of something, else than the words used naturally imply, either from the manner in which they are uttered or some other sense of which they are susceptible ; hint, insinuation: sarcasm.

we s. m. The bend or elbow of a river. the winding course of a stream; crookedness.

ws. m. Bengal, or the eastern parts of the modern province.

www s. m. Speech, speaking; a sentence, a text, a dictum, an aphorism, a rule. sunus adj. Obedient, s. m. The author

or enunciator of a precept. वस्त्रमाम s. m. Discourse, order of words. sweets odj. Compliant, conformable,

submissive, humble. awayin s. m. Mere words, assertion un-

supported by facts,

वस adj. Hard, impenetrable, adamentine, s, m, A thunderbolt in general, ortne thunderbolt of Indra: the diamond (the gem being considered analogous in hardness to the thunderbolt, or in fact to be the same substance).

वसपात s. m. A thunderbolt, a stroke of lightning.

वज्रप्प s. m. The blossom of the sesa-

वसमा s. m. Death by lightning ; cross multiplication.

बस्य adj. Hard, adamentine ; hardbearted.

बजबजी s. f. A species of sun-flower (Heliotropium).

बजाबात s. m. A thunderbolt or stroke : a sudden calamity.

वसाधास s. m. Cross multiplication.

at adj. Fraudulent, crafty. s. m. A. jackal : a regue, cheat.

449 s. m. Cheating, fraud. वित adj. Tricked, deceived, cheated.

awa adj. Crafty, fraudulent, dishonest. az s. m. The large Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

TE s. m. The Brohmachari or religious student, after his investiture with the sacred thread; a lad, a youth in general; a flower (Bignonia Indica). TEN s. m. A lad, a young man in general.

age s. f. Pulse, ground and fried with oil or butter.

affel af. A fish-hook.

awa s. m. A part, a portion, a share, Ture . m. Postioning, partitioning. dividing.

TW. A man who is obsermed or hou no propuse.

an ade As, like nimitar; that is more

generally considered as an affix to words : as, Pashe-vat, like a beast. was a. m. A calf; a year. ... ungw e. m A child, calf ; a medicinal plant (Wrighten antidysenterica). बाबुतर् s, m. A steer. . .. पत्तानाम s. m. . Am active poison, also called Mithe sahar, the root of the aconite ferox brought from Nepal. war s. m. A year, वस्ति adj. Annual, yearly. ads. Affectionate, kind. s. m. Affection, fondness. पत्तमा क. f. Tenderness, affection. age s. m. The mouth, the face. वदास s. m. A sheat-fish (Silurus Boolis). 44 s. f. A son's wife ; a wife in general. 47 s. m. A forest, a wood, a grove. THE S. m. A species of arum (A. Calogasia). कारात adi. Forester, savage. पन्ताक s. m. A lion. very s. m. Living in the woods, as a hermit, &c. anatal s. m. An anchoret, a hermit; fearacal). वनविश्वास s. m. A sort of wild cat (Felis पण्यामी adj: Being or abiding in a wood. s. m. A hermit an anchoret. eafers adi. Situate or being in a forest. anufit s. m. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossems, as several species of the fig, the jack, do.; a trre in general : an ascetia. वनान s. m. The skirts of a wood. वनायव s. m. Dwelling in a forest? There a.f. A woman in general; a beloved woman, a wife, a mistress. बन्दन .. m. Obeisance to a Brakmon or superior by touching the feet, do. away s.f. Praise, praising especially the gods or great men.

बल्ली s.f. Reverence, worship, adoring. बल्लीब adj. Praise-worthy, to be eulogized or praised.

drum tessellatum, &c. any parasite plant,

and s. f. A captive, a prioner, a man or beast confided. s. m. A panegyrist, a bird, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a great man as he peases along; or a poet, who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army to chaunt martial songa; a praiser a flatterer. [laudable.

सम adj. Forest, savage, wild, produceed in a wood, &c. समा s. f. A multitude of groves; a quantity of water, a flood, a deluge;

quantry of weet, a now, a territy a plant (Physolic Accuses), [men virile ver s. m. Sowing, sead; shaving; seals s. m. A sower, a planter, &c.: a father, a progenitor. [an emetic ver s. m. Vomiting, causing vomiting, ver s. f. Vomiting, ver s. f. Vomiting.

A contemporary, an associate or companion.

and adj. Aged, relating to age. s. m.
A friend; a contemporary an associate
or companion. a. f. A woman's female
friend or confidents.

at t. m. A boom a blessing, especially the gift of a Brahmen or deity; as bridgeroung and; Best smoothens, area it. A rivulet; raming pass, the north of Bensey, into the Canges, nor called the Barna, [nes contents] area; w. The easter oil tree (Riciard, Granting a prayer, conforming

a boon, propitions, favourable. बरहान s. m. Granting a boon. बरपदान s. m. Conferring a boon. actual v. s. To be victorious, to have

the advantage, to gain.

बर्ल s. m. A wasp.

बरमा adv. On this side of a river. &c. बराटक s. m. The small shell called a Courie, and used as a coin.

वराषमो s. f. Benares.

TITE s. m. A hog; a name of Vishnu, in the third Avatars or descent, in which he is said to have assumed the shape of a boar; one of the eighteen smaller Dwipas or divisions of the universe.

विष adj. Best, dearest, most preferable or beloved.

वरीयान s. m. The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called Yogs.

बद्ध s. m. The deity of the waters and regeut of the west.

बरे adv. On this side, near. Vere girna, To fall short.

वर्ग 8. m. A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or inanimate : as. Kah-varga, the class of guttural letters ; Trivarg, a class of three objects, as love, duty, and wealth; the Sudra-verga, the Sudra tribe; a chapter, a book, a section, a square number (in arithmetic). वर्गेषन s. m. The square of a cube.

बर्गेम्स s. m. A square root.

वर्षात s. m. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding,

रण नीस adi. Improper. censurable. wieked, proper to be avoided.

विकास adj. Abandoned, avoided ; excluded, excepted.

w s. m. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order; colour, hue, tint; a letter of the alphabet; (in arithmetic) a coefficient.

वर्षक्ष s. m. Order of caste or tribe ; alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet.

बचनन ody, Algebraic.

वच्चम s. m. The particular occupation or duty of each caste or tribe.

वर्णन s. m. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c.

वर्षना s. f. Praise, panegyrie.

वर्षनाचा s. f. The alphabet.

वर्षा s. f. A white alaminous fossil often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species.

वर्षेत्रेष्ठ adj. Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &c. s. m. A Brahmana.

वर्षेसक्द s. m. Mixture or confusion of castes; a man or tribe of mixed origin, or from a father and mother of different castes.

वणहीन ad). Untcaste.

बर्कायन s. m. The class and state of a person.

वर्षित adj. Described, explained. वर्त्तेन s. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

बचेनान adj. Being, existing, living, being present; dwelling or abiding in ; (in grammar) the present tense.

s: f. The wick of a lamp.

विशेषा s. f. A quail; the wick of a lamp. बनेब ady. Round, circular, globular, spherical.

वर्षेत adj. Growing, thriving, s. m. Increasing, growing, thriving ; augmenting, causing to increase.

वर्षनाम adj. Prosperous, thriving; increasing, growing.

afita adj. Grown, expanded, increased; thriven.

And adv. On this side of a river. &c. वर्षेटी s. f. A sort of bean (Dolichos catiang).

mq s. m. A year; a division of the known continent, of which nine are reckoned, viz. Kuru, Hiranmay, · Romanak, Havrut, Hari, Ketumala. Bhadrasvah, Kinnar, and Bharat; Jambu Dwip, or India.

वर्ष s. m. Raining, rain.

and adi. Raining, showering, sprinkling.

वर्षप्रकंत s. m. A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Varshas or divisions of the globe from each other; six ranges are enumerated from south to north, viz Himevan, Hemokuta, Nishaddha, Nila, Swel, and Sringi, or Sringavan Meru constitutes the seventh.

वर्षकत s. m. A century.

wave s. m. A thousand years.

वदा m, pl. The rain or rainy sea-दर्गाताल s. m. son. conferr months, according to the Hindu classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be Sravana and Bhadrs, and others Bhadrs and Aswina ; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from Asarha to Kartika, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October.

वर्षायत s. m. Ten thousand years. वर्षावसान s. m. Autumn, the autumnal season.

बर्बेस adj. Yearly, annual, avi s. m. A peacock. am Near, hither. water s. f. A small kind of crane. वस्त्र s. m. The bark of a tree.

ब्रमी क s. m. The poet Volmiki.

ann ady. Beloved, desired, dear. s. m. A lover, a husband, a friend; a superintendant, an overseer.

an adj. Humbled, subdued, tamed, overpowered; enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted. s. m. Authority, supremacy, mastership; subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and overpowered.

sfam s. f. Fascinating, bewitching ; subjection, holding in order or subjection.

विश्वष्ठ s. m. A Rishi or divine sage of the first order; he is also a Brakmsdhika, a Prajapati, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major.

and s. m. A sage with subdued passions. वजीकरक s. m. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c., enchanting, charming; subduing in general.

बम्रीहत adj. Bewitched, fascinated, sub. jected to another's will.

वजीशत adj. Subjugated, sulject to another's will.

बनीर s. m. A pungent fruit resembling pepper (Pothos officinalis).

वस adj. Docile, tame, humble, governable

बन्धता s. f. Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection.

क्याचा adj. Of a subdued mind.

बसती s. f. A house, a dwelling ; abiding, abode, residence.

वसन s. m. Cloth or clothes.

wer s. m. The season of spring, or its deified personification : dysentery, diarrhosa; small-pox. .

वसन्तक्षम s. m. A tree (Cordia myxa and latifolia).

बसनीवाब s. m. The celebration of the

retun of spring, formerly held on the | full moon of Chytra, but now on the full moon of Phalyuna, being identified with the Doliatra or Holi. वसीत है s. m. An agent, an ambassador. ₹ 8. m. Wealth, thing, substance. बसंबं s. m. A. fossil salt, brought from a district in Ajmere, Sambhar salt. tagr s. f. The earth. बसदेव s. m. The father of Krishna. वसनान adj. Wealthy, rich. बस्त s. m. Sambhar salt; the Sesbana grandiflora. we s. m. Thing, matter, substance. नस्तेष adv. In fine, in fact, essentially, substantially. weeter s. m. Outline of any subject, · skeleton of a discourse. with f. f. Loss of substance or proaw s. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment. व्यापीकी s. m. A tailor. unitary s. m. The end or hem of a garment. at s. m. Cloth, clothes. www pron. That, he, she, it, the; (occasionally like ve), they, those. wet s. f. Bide, quarter, way. Twee s. m. Attack, onset. Aut ade. There, thither, youder. Vahan ka vahan, in that very place. बहिटेंब s. m. A foreign country. विश्वत adj. Expelled, excluded. and pron. He himself, that very. afy s. m. Fire, or its delty Agni. at adv. Or, whether, conj. and. pron. Him, her, that, at adv. There, that place, बाबी s. f. The manna of the bamboo. 47% s. m. Word, language, speech.

बास्यपन adi. Frivolous, inconsistent

(in speech):

बाक बापला s. m. Gossipping, chattering. idle or improper talk. वासक्त s. m. Frevarication, equivocation. वाकपट adj. Eloquent, able in speech. बाक बटता s.f. Eloquence. बाका s. m. A sentence ; a rule or aphorism; speech; a word. वाकावस्य a.m. Refusing or criticising. an assertion. बादन adj. Promised. वास्ता s.f. A virgin betrothed. वान्दोच s. m. Speaking ill, defamation, abuse. and s. f. Speech; speaking; a phrase. a proverb or a lage. वाच्या s. m. A word ; a speaker. बाचित्रक adj. Verbal. TITE s. f. Speech. वाचाट १ adj. Talkative, chattering. gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably. arfas ady. Verbal. s. m. News, tidings. intelligence. वारिकपव s. m. A letter, a despatch ; a newspaper, a gazette. बाह्यि s.m. pl. Praising, 'applauding; bravo ! well done ! aha! arfave s. m. Globe amaranth. बाजपेस s. m. A particular sacrifice. वाजी s. m. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda). वाशीबर adj. Aphrodisiac. बाजीबर्ब s. m. Stimulous or excitement of amorous desires by aphrodisiacs, &c. काञ्चन s. m. Wishing, desiring. बाब्दा s. f. Wish, desire. Tista adj. Wished, desired, longed for. पाजिल्ली s. f. A libidinous woman, a wanton. area ody. Wishing, desirous.

auz s.f. A road.
aufgan s. f. The site of a house or

and s. f. A house, a building; a garden, an orchard, a plantation.

बाइ s. m. A termination (fn composition), denoting place or enclosure.

sight s. f. An orchard, a courtyard for trees and plants.

वाच s. m. An arrow.

वाचित्र s. m. Traffic, trade.

बाबी s. f. Speech, sound.

बात s. m. Air, wind; rheumatism, geut, inflamation of the joints; air, wind, as one of the humours of the body.

बातक s.m. A plant (Marsiles quadrifolia).

कारको adj. Rheumatic, gonty.

बातज्वर s. m. Fever arising from vitiated wind.

वातिषण s. m. Rheumatism attended with fever.

शुरुष्त adj. Inflated, puffed up with wind.

वातरक्ष s. m. Acute gout or rheumatism. वातरीय s. m. Rhenmatism, gout.

बावरीमी adj. Rhenmatic, afflicted with gont or rhenmatism, especially of the acute kind.

बातइक्षि s. f. Swelled testicle.

बातव्याचि 2. f. Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind.

बातवेरी s. m. The castor oil tree.

वात्रवाहर s. m. Cholic with flatulence.

(Asparagus racemotus).

आतीय adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c.

whirlwind, a gale, a hurricane. [ness.

बाद s. m. Discourse, dispute, assertion, discussion; a plaint, an accusation.

वादबुष s. m. Controversy, dispute. वादबाधन s. m. Argument, maintaining

a controversy. बाहानुबाद s. m. Attack and rejoinder,

বাহার্থাই s. m. Attack and rejoinder, plaint and reply.

गरी adj. Speaking, discoursing; asserting, declaring. s. m. A sage, an expounder of the law and Shastras; a plaintiff, an accuser.

ৰাব s. m. Any musical instrument.

ৰাহ্মশাস্থ s. m. A multitude of musical instruments, a band.

बाष s. m. A heavy sea, the rolling of water from wind, &c.; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers, commonly called the Bore (particle in compos.) Possessing, endowed with, &c., as Dhanavdn, Possessing wealth, rich.

বাসম্ভা s. m. The Brahmsna of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house and family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds; the hermit, the anehoret; a tree (Bassia latifolia); the Palas tree (Butea frondows).

बानर s. m. } An ape, a monkey.

वापण s. m. A kind of holy basil, distinguished as the black species of Tulesi
(Ocymum sanctum).

भागी s. f. A large oblong pond, a pool, a lake.

wicked.

शासा s. f. Perverseness, contrariety;

low, vile, base. c. m. Vishnu in his

character of the dwarf, in which he | TR s. m. A day of the week; a multiis said to have appeared on his fifth descent from heaven, to prevent Ball, from obtaining dominion of the three worlds.

बामनी s. f. A female dwarf. with s. f. Woman.

बाबाबाद s. m. The doctrine of the Tantras, according to one system; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c. forming part of the Vamachara ceremonies.

वामाचारी s.m. A. follower of the left hand portion of the Tantras.

वायन s. m. Sweetmeats or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religions fast, sweetmeats or cakes part of an offering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sent as presents to . friends and acquaintances.

बादम करों. Windy, relating or belonging to wind.

बायती s. f. The water or region of the wind : the north-west.

and s. m. Air, wind, or its personified deification; the air of the body; morbid affection of the windy hn mour.

बायकीय s. m. The north-west.

वायवस s. m. Flatulence, indigestion.

बावगुक्त s. m. A whirlpool, an eddy; a whirlwind, a hurricane.

signs adj. Affected by wind, flatulent, epileptic.

बायनिक्र कि t. f. Calm, Iull ; cure of windy disorders.

Trawer s. m. Fasting, living on air. stand odj. Like wind, unsubstantial : swift.

are s. m. A blow, wound, gash, assault.

tude, a quantity, a heap; the near bank of a river, on this side, s. f. Leisure; delay; waiting, patience; time.

बारक adj. Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of resistance.

बारच s. m. Resistance, opposition, prohibition, obstacle or impediment; defence, protecting, guarding; warding off a blow, guarding, warding,

बारण s. m. Offerings, oblations : sacrifices.

बारमा v, a. To surround, encircle, go round; to offer (in sacrifice, &c.) Vari pharirhona, To go round any body (as a sign of being an offering or sacrifice for his welfare), to devote one's self for any one (a practice chiefly of women).

बारा s. m. Cheapness, thrift; benefit, gain; a victim. adi, cheap.

बारायमी s. f. The holy city, Benares.

बारायार ? adv. On this side and that. बारपार on both sides ; through and through, across. s. m. Bounds.

वादि s. m. Water.

वारिकारक s. m. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratioites :) another plant (Trapa bispinosa \.

वारिक्रप र s. m. The Ilis or Hilsa fish (Cluponodon Ilisha).

Tife adj. Aquatic. living or moving in water. s. m. A fish.

wifew adj. Aquatic, born or produced in or by water. s. m. A conch-shell; any bivalve shell.

बारित adj. Hindered, prevented, imneded: foloud.

vifer adj. What yields water, s. m. A s. m. The ses, the acean, aifefale S

बारिम्बी | s.f. An aquatic plant (Pis-

बारियवाच s. m. A cascade, a water fall; a current or flow of water.

aifers s. m. A raft, a float.

वार्षिवद्य s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

more properly a particular kind prepared from hogweed ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then distilled; the west, the region of Varuns; the 25th lunar asteriam, of which Varuna is the ruling deity.

बार्च s. b. Tidings, news, intelligence; rumour, report; a word.

বাৰ্ণিক adj. Relating to news; commentary, explanatory. s. m. A gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation.

नार्वक s. m. Old age; the infirmity, &c. of old age.

Tries adj. Yearly, annual; growing, &c. in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it. &c.

area s. m. The fruit of the Solanum

बाह्य s. m. Revenge.

and a sent, doer, keeper, man, inhabitant, master, lord, possessor, owner; as Rakhwal, or,—wala, A keeper; Nao-wala, A boat-man; Dilli-wal, or—wala, A inhabitant of Delhi. Ghar-wala, Master or keeper of a house. Likhne-walb, Writer, Hone-wals, Becombig, about to be.

and . f. Feminine of wala.

बार्सीच s. m. The author of the Romayona.

erege adj. Talking much, galaling, prattling. वाबहुकता : f. Garrulity, loquaciousness.

बाबा s. f. A plant (Justicia ganderusso). बाबिस adj. Perfumed, scented.

using in the Kemaon hills, pursues a winding and south easterly course, and passing Lacknow and Jongur, falls, into the Ganges below Benares.

वास s. m. A house, a habitation; site, situation, shode, or place of staying or abiding; perfuming.

वासन s. m. Cloth, clothes; abiding, abode.

बादम adj. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it, &c.

नासर s. m. A day.

after adj. Perfumed, scented; peopled, populous, flourishing (a country).

वासी adj. Abiding, staying,

or the Supreme Being considered as the soul of the universe.

fixed, substantiated; real, substantial.

पासच्य adj. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation.

वास इ. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album; and other edible species).

राष्ट्र s. m. Vapour ; tears. [carrier. राष्ट्र s. m. A horseman ; a porter, a साम्य s. m. A vehicle a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage.

rife pron. object. cost, sing. Him, het, it, that, to him, to her, to it, to that. That, to him, to her, to it, to that consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 248 horses, 405 foot, a cohort, a battellon.

वाकिनीपति s. m. A general; a commanding officer;

Tim adi. Outer, external.

fs prep. Denoting dismaion, separation, division, distinction; away, apart, distinct.

fuz adj. Large, great; formidable, frightful, hideous, horrible.

বিষয়ে s. m. A herbaceous plant (Hedysarum alkagi).

विवासित adj. Trembling, tremulous, agitated; palpitating, heaving.

furfur s. m. Saratwat, a district in the north-west of Hinduston, Generally considered as part of the Panjab, though sometimes confounded with Cathwir.

विकर्मक्रिया s.f. Illegal or immoral act. विकल adj. Confounded, agitated; the 1-80th of a Kala, the second of a degree.

fawes s. m. Error, ignorance, mistake; doubt, indecision; (is rhetoric) antithesis of opposites; (in grammar) admission of more than one form or vale.

বিৰুদ্ধিন adj. Blown, as a flower, budded, opened.

funct s. m. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural state; sickness, disease, change from the state of health.

विकास s. m. Twilight.

বিজ্ঞাস s. m. Display, manifestation, open or splendid appearance.

বিষয়েলা s. f. Appearance, display, বিষয়েল s. m. Manifestation.

firm adj. Averse, estranged. s. m. Disgust, aversion.

funture adj. Changed in aspect, ferm or appearance.

विकती s. f. Change of any kind, as of

purpose, mind, form, nature, &c. either permanent or temporary; sickness, disease, change from the natural or healthy state.

বিকাদ s. m. Heroism, prowess, heroic valour; great hower or strength; overpowering overcoming.

tamenism n. prop. The name of a celebrated prince, the sovereign of Ougein and reputed founder of an æra still in use amongst the Hindus, commencing 56 years before the Christian æra,

विकासी s.m. A lion ; n hero.

বিষয় s. m. Sale, selling, vending. বিষয় s. m. A seller, a vender.

বিদ্যাল adj. Valiant, mighty; overcoming, victorious. s. m. A hero, a warrior.

तिम्मीस adj. Sold.

fৰজ্ঞান adj. Known, notorious, famous, famous, famous, famous, famous, famous, famous, notoriety. famous, m. Explaining, expounding, famous, Bad, worthless.

विनुद adj. Concealed, hidden.

faux s. m. The body; extension, diffusion; war, battle; opposition, ancounter.

विश्वास s. m. Impediment, obstacle. विश्व s. m. Obstacle, impediment.

বিশ্বভাষী adj. Impeding, obstructing.
বিশ্বভাষৰ adj. Who or what removes

difficulties, &c.
বিশ্বসংঘ্ৰ s.m. Removing obstacles.

বিশ্বনাম্প s. m. Removing opstacles. বিশ্ববিশ্ব s. f. Removal of obstacles.

বিষিত্র adj. Stopped, prevented, obstructed, inpeded.

free adj. Unsteady, unfixed, moving, going.

বিশ্বর s. h. Fickleness, unsteadiness. বিশ্বম adj. Clever, able, wise, sensible. বিশ্বাহ s. m. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present object, investigation, consideration, deliberation.

विचारक) s. m. An investigator, a विचारकत्ती } judge.

বিশাবিৰ adj. Judged, discussed, determined, decided.

বিশাল adj. Intervening, intermediate. বিশিল adj. Variegated, spotted; painted, coloured.

विश्वेद s. m. Separation, disjunction; prohibition, prevention.

विश्वन adj. Private, lonely, solitary. विश्वय s.m. Victory, triumph, conquest. विश्वयमान adj. Victorious, triumphant.

ৰিস্বা s. f. Hemp (Cunnable sativa), or the tops of the plant used as a narcotic.

ৰিল্পী adj. Victorious, triumphant, conquering.

বিজ্ঞানি s.f. A different species or tribe. বিশিল্প adj. Conquered, defeated.

বিলিবলৈ adj. Of subdued organs or passions.

fan adj. Skilful, able, clever, conversant; wise, learned.

famai s. m. Wiedom, learning.

বিষাৰ adj. Celebrated, famous, known, notorious; known, understood.

faura s. m. Knowledge, science, learning worldly knowledge or wisdom.

িয়াৰণ s. m. Teaching, instruction, communication of knowledge not religious; representing, informing. বিকাৰ adj. Exempt from decay; free

from fever.

fazq s. m. A new shoot; a branch.

fazanican s. f. A bird, a sort of thrush; a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately, called Myna in Bengal. [Assan adj. Afflicting, distressing.

विकल्प adj. Low, poor, abject, distressed. विकास s. m. A cat.

বিস্তব্য s. m. The lapis lazuli.

function s. f. Controversy, argument, the aubversion of another's opinion, or interpretation and establishment of one's own; criticism.

fung s.f. The name of a river, said to be situated in the Punjab.

fag (u s. m. Gift, donation; abandoning, quitting; passing, crossing.

farm's, m. Reasoning, discussion,

বিবাস s. m. One of the seven divisions of Patal, the second in descent below the earth.

farfars. f. A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger; considered equal to twelve fingers.

विसास s. m. An awning, a canopy.

বিৰম্প adj. Content, satisfied, free from desire.

ৰিত্ৰপা s.f. Satisfy, satisfaction; content.
বিষ s. m. Wealth, property, thing,

substance. [analy adj. Rich, wealthy.

fantly adj. Poor, indigent.

burnt. s. m. A libertine, a lecher, an intriguer; a learned or clever man, a soholar, a Pandit.

विद्यासा s. f. Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness,

(Cactus Indicus).

fact s. f, Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu.

Regicus. m. Tearing, breaking, splitting, severing, dividing.

বিহাবো v. a. To tear, to rend. বিশিষ adi. Known, understood.

बिहिन है s. f. An intermediate point (बहिन है of the compass.

विद्रक s. m. The lapis lazuli.

विहेस s.m. A foreign country, abroad ; any place away from home.

विदेशमनक s.m. Travelling, going abroad. विदेशक adj. Foreign, exotic.

विदेशो adj. Poreign, foreigner, exotic.

विदेश adj. Incorporeal, without body विद्यमान् adj. Being, being present or in

existence.

14a1 s.f. Knowledge, learning, science,

whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former.

বিত্যারাশ s. m. Giving knowledge or science.

विद्यागिष्ठि इ. f. Acquirement of knowledge; acquisition made by or through learning. [cation.

निवाश्वास s.m. Study, diligent appli-निवाशी s.m. A pupil, a student.

বিযালয় s. m. A school, a college.

বিষয়েল s. m. Acquisition of learning;
acquirement by or through learning.

विद्यावान् adj. Learned, possessed of learning or science.

বিষয়ান্ত্ৰীৰ adj. Ignorant, uninstructed. বিষয় ন s. f. Lightning.

विद्य s. m. Coral.

विदान adj. Intelligent, wise ; learned. विदेश s. m. Enmity, hatred.

विदेशी adj. Inimical, hostile, hating. s.m. An enemy.

fau s. m. Form, formula, rule; manner, kind, sort.

fauri e.f. A widow.

विधवावेदन s, m. Marrying a widow.

faur s.m. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the *Hindus*; rule, precept, ordinance, injunction; form, mode, manner.

rafer s. m. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Vedas for effecting certain consequences; rule, form, formula.

fayt s. m. Separation; agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c.

five adj. Compliant, tractable, governable; to be done, what is or ought to be practised.

বিজ্ঞান s. m. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike; destruction. [ing. বিজ্ঞানী adj. Hostile, adverse; destroy-বিলা pron. 3rd pers. pl. (same as un), Them, those.

fama adj. Bent, bowed, stooping; crooked, curved : humble, modest.

रिजना Name of one of the wives of
Kosyap, mother of Arun and Garud,
a sort of basket. [modesty.
रिजनि s.f. Bowing, bending; humility,

विनति s.f. Bowing, bending; humility, विनती s.f. See बिनती ॥ विनय s.m. Affability. modesty. hu-

mility, mildness; reverence, obeisance; decorum, decency, propriety of conduct or behaviour.

विनयी s. m. Ganesh.

विषय adj. Lost, destroyed.

বিশ্বতি s.f. Disappearance, destruction. বিশ্বতি adv. Without, except.

বিশাস adj. Deserted, unprotected, unowned.

বিৰ্যেক s. m. (fika) (A remover of obstacles) a Buddha, the Gonesh.

বিদাস s. m. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation.

বিদায়ৰ adj. Destroying, a destroyer. বিদায়ের adj. Destroyed.

विजाबी बर्जु: Destroyer, destructive ; perishing, being destroyed ; undergoing change or transformation.

विनिपास s. m. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, as from a height, or from dignity, virtue, &c.): calamity, unavoidable evil.

तिनिपात्रशंशी ady. Portentous, announcing misfortune or destruction.

विकिश्व s. m. Barter, exchange. विनीस adj. Modest, humble; compliant. विजीमाना adj. · Well-behaved ; humbled,

lowly.

विनोद s. m. Engerness, vehemence; play, sport, pastime ; pleasure, grati-

fare s. m. A drop of water or any liquid; a spot, a dot; a mark; the dot over a letter representing the nasal termination.

[44] s. m. The Vindhya or Bindh mountains, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the province of Behar, nearly to Gazerat, and properly divides Hindustan from ftains. the Dekhin.

विश्वाचन s. m. Vindhya range of moun-विस्त्रादवी s. f. The great Vindhya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near Mathura to the Nermada.

विश्वादा मिली s. m. A name of Durgá ; a village and temple sacred to Durga, under the forms of Yog maya and Bhoy máya, and a place of great resort amongst the Hindus, situated about three miles from Mirzapur on · the Gauges.

विषास s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris). विकास s. m. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing any thing, site, place, receptacle, that in or on which any thing is placed or deposited. fire pron. 3rd pers. sing. (same as unhen). Them, those, to them, &c.

नियनकाल s. m. Time of calamity or misfor tune, adversity, fortune.

faufer s. f. Adversity, calamity, mis-

ं विष्णियम कर्ता. Unfortunate,

faufrices ad). Prosperous, happy. faunting s. m. Heavy calamity.

fava s. m. A bad road.

विषद । s.f. Calamity, adversity, misfortnne. विष्दा रे

विषद्शार s. m. Extrication from mis-(in calamity,

विषद्भवस adi. Overtaken by or involved faura adı. Unhappy, unfortunate.

faugfen adj. Prosperous.

विष्रीत adj. Reverse, inverse, opposite, contrary.

fautiant s. f. Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition.

faur ad), Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical, s. m. An enemy, an adversary; a disputant, an opponent.

faquat s. f. Hostility, enmity, opposiion; controversy; contradiction in argument,

निष्चपास adj. Indifferent, impartial.

faum s. m. A moment, an instant, either a Pal or second; a simple breathing.

fauls s. m. Cooking, dressing.

fauini s. f. The Vipása, or Beyah rivet in the Panjab.

faique s. m. A wood, a forest.

fayer ad). Large, great; broad; deep, profound. .

fayean s. f. Magnitude, extent. fau s. m. A Bruhman.

faum adi. Vain, idle, unmeaning, fruit-[lessness. less, useless.

fammar s. f. Unprofitableness, fruitfann adi. Divided, portioned, partitioned; separated, parted; distinct.

faufm s. f. Part, portion ; a division, я partition; inflexion of nouns, declensionfana s. m. Substance, thing, property, wealth; supreme or superhumanpower.

विभाग s. m. Part, portion, share; partition of an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

faillaw odj. Fearful, formidable, terrific, horrible. [always, eternal.

fay adj. Omnipresent, all-pervading;

विभवा s. f. Power, supremacy. विभवा s. m. Superhuman power; power,

dignity, dominion. विभविताम वर्षाः, Superhuman,

विभवत s. m. Ornament, decoration.

चिमचित adi. Adorned, decorated.

fang s. m. Error, mistake, blunder; hurry, flurry; doubt, apprehension. fauffar s. m. Error, confusion.

विमल adj. Clean, pure. (either literally, as clothes, देव., or figuratively, as the heart or mind).

विमक्षमिक s. m. Crystal.

fangeran adi. Pure, undefiled.

विमास है s. /. A step-mother, a fa-

विभाग s.m. A car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving; any car or vehicle.

विमार्गे s. m. A bad road : a wrong road, literally or figuratively, evil conduct.

विस्ता adj. Loosed, liberated. विस्तात a.f. Liberation, especially final

emancipation from future existence. हिम्म adj. Averted, having the face cast down or turned away; opposed, हिम्मसा अ. f. Turning away; opposition,

विस्ता adj. Averted, turned away; hostile, averse to or from,

विसूद part. Confounded, bewildered, foolish. stupid.

frugimi adj. Begniled, foolish.

বিদীপ s. m. Liberation, freedom, being or letting loose.

विमोश्रम o. m. Liberating.

fanlfan adj. Liberated, set free.

failte s. m. Seducing, tempting, confounding the mind and exciting the passions (the act).

विमोद्यमी adj. Fascinating, seducing, bewitching, tempting, (the instrument or onent).

विमोडित adj. Pascinated bequiled.

fam s. m. The disk of the sun or, moon an image, a nicture, s shadow, a reflected or represented form; the gourd of the Momerdica monadelpha.

বিজ্ঞান adj. Fresh. pure, free from soil or decay ; refreshed.

ৰিফীন s. m. Absence separation, especially of lovers; disunion, disjunction.
বিশ্বীনী adj. Separated absent, remote,

anert. s. m. The ruddy goose.

ferm atj. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection; stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects.

বিৰক্ষমান adj. Disinclined to. disliking. বিৰক্ষি s. f. Aversion, disinclination; absence of affection.

বিৰ্থিত adj. Made, prepared, effected; written, composed.

विरक्षा s. f. A plant; a sort of grass, commonly called Dub.

विरच s.m. A fragrant grass (Andropogon schananthum).

farm adj. Stopped, ceased, rested. farm s.f. Stop, cessation, term, rest.

farm m. } adj. Fine. delicate, thin farm f. (but with interstices); loose relaxed; apart, wide, separated by an interval; remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time.

fre adj. Insipid.

fars s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

farfun adj. Void of, exempt or free from.

বিষ্ট্ৰী f. ddj. c. Separate, sundered, fatt m. Separate or apart from. s. f. A woman absent from iter husband or lover.

factor s. m. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment.

विरामी adj. Void of passion or lesire. विरामा adj. Shining, splendid, hand-

some. [some. विश्वज्ञान adj. Splendid, brilliant, hand-

fauz s. m. A country, one of the midland divisions of India, probably Berar.

factors s. m. An inferior sort of diamond, said to be found in the country of Virat.

faciar s. m. A cat.

fatt adj. Opposed, hindered; reverse, contrary, opposite; inconsistent (in argument), incongruous, a nonsequitur; hostile, averse.

বিষয়র s. f. Opposition, contrariety; incongruity; enmity.

facy adj. Deformed, monstrous; unnatural.

faces adj. Frightful, hideous; deformed, mis-shapen.

विरेच s. m. A purgative.

ৰিবীধ s.m. Enmity, animosity ; opposition, contradiction ; war.

Facial adj. Inimical, adverse, hostile; opposing; obstructive; contradictory, inconsistent; quarrelsome, contentious. s.m. An enemy, an opponent.

face s. m. The hole of a rat or enake, a chasm, vacuity; a cave, a cavern. face adj. Shameless, impudent, unabashed.

বিস্তৃত্য s. m. Slowness, tardiness, delay. বিশ্বস্থা s. m. Delaying, retarding.

বিষয় s. m. Destruction of the world; destruction in general; liquefaction.

विश्वस s. m. Destroying; corroding, eating away; liquefying; attenuating (as the fluids of the body); an attenuant; an escharotic.

विश्वसन s. m. Sporting, dallying.

facily s. m. Lamentation, the language of grief and distress.

faggs s.m. Sport, pastime, play, especially amorous pastime, dalliance, wantonness.

विचासिको s.f. A woman ; a whore, a harlot.

विज्ञासिनी f. adj. Wanton, sportive, विज्ञासी m. dallying.

বিজ্ঞা s. m. A sensualist, an enjoyer. বিভালৰ s. m. Sight, seeing, looking.

विशोकना v. a. To see, to look, to view. विशोकनीय adj. Agreeable, beautiful, fit to be seen or looked at.

विजीवित adj. Seen, beheld.

विश्वीचन s. m. The eye.

বিভীখনখান s. m. A glance, a look. বিভীত্তৰ s. m. A sort of fish (Cupea cultrato).

विक्रीकृता v. s. To shake, to churn.

freiler s. m. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction; beguiling, perplexing.

facily adj. Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward.

विजीसिया s. f. Rule of inversion. विजीसबैदाबिक s. m. Rule of three in-

Verse,

विकीस्विधि s. f. Rule of inversion.

विकीयना v. o. To churn.

fam s. m. A pit, a hole.

named Bela (Ægle marmelos); the fruit of the Bels.

faut s. m. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity; fault, defect.

fastus. m. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment; detailing, describing.

[shunning.

विषयोग s. m. Abandoning, leaving, विषयोग adj. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned.

रिषण र. m. A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste. दिवस adj. Independent; uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued; sedate at the period of death, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears.

team adj. Unclothed, naked, विषया a.f. Wish, desire. विषया a.f. Wished, desired, विषया a.f. Purpose, wish. विषया a.m. Contest, contention. विषया adj. Disputing, contending, a litigant. दिवाबस s.m. Exile, banishment,

विवाद s. m. Marriage,

विवाधित m. है odj. Married.

May adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts.

विवेश s. m. Discrimination, judgment, विवेशा s.f. Judgment, discrimination, the faculty of property of judgment, विवेशी sdj. Judicious, discriminative.s. m. A. sage, a philosopher, a judge.

বিবীষ e.m. Discrimination, judgment, distinguishing truth from falsehood. বিষয়ৰ adj. Fearless, undannted. বিষয়ৰ adj. Discrimed, unarmed.

fanistic s. m. A plant (Euphordia of various kinds).

fewiwer s. f. The sixteenth lunar asterism.

বিষয়ৰ adj. Great, large; great, eminent, illustrions.

বিমালরা s. f. Magnitude, bulk; eminence, distinction.

বিমিত adj. Endowed with, possessed of, laving, inherent or attached to.

fers s. m. Sort, kind, manner; excellence, superiority.

विशेष adj. Discriminative, attributive. विशेष adj. Principal, primary, chief. s. m. aA name, a substantive.

ferit adj. Without grief, happy.

বিষাল adj. Rested, reposed; calm, composed.

fৰষালি s. f. Rest, repose, cessation from toil or occupation.

বিষাম s. m. Rest, repose; pause, stop, cessation; tranquillity, composure.
কিম্ম adj. All, entire, whole, universal, s. m. The world, universe; a deity of a particular class, in which ten are enumerated, who are worshipped particularly at the funeral obsequies in honor of deceased progenitors in general, and receive an oblation of clarified butter at the daily and domestic Shraddha.

বিষয়না s. m. The son of Brohms, and artist of the gods.

ferms s. f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

বিষয়ন s. m. The creator, the maker of all things.

विश्वतन s. m. All men, mankind.

विक्रित adj. All-subduing.

fautar s. f. A plant (Hedysarum lagapodioides).

तिकथारी है adj. All-sustaining. विकास है. m. A universal sovereign. faury adj. Taking all forms, existing in all forms, universal, omnipresent.

s. m. Vishnu.

বিশ্ববীশন s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocosià).

वित्रव्यापक adj. All-pervading, every-. where diffused,

भिष्यापि adj. All-diffused or perwading. विश्वयापि s. f. Universal diffusion or

permeation.

Gauss s. m. The prickly pear (Costus

. Indicus). বিষয়ভা s. m. The creator of all God. বিষয় s. f. A tree, the bark of which

is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly called Atis (Betule).

भित्रास s. m. The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God.

frations s. m. A Muni, the son of Gadhi, originally of the military order; but who became by long and painful austerities a Brahmarshi, in which character he appears in the Ramayan, as the early preceptor and counsellor of Ram.

विश्वास s. m. Trust, faith, confidence. विश्वासम्बद्ध बद्धे. Inspiring confidence or faith.

বিষয়েশ্বল s. m. Violation of trust, trea hery.

विचासकातक s. m. A traitor, one who betrays confidence.

(क्यासपास s. m. A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted.

station of confidence.

first adj. Trusting, confiding in ; honest trusty.

নিষয়ং s. m. Shiv, under a from or appellation in which especially he is worshipped at Benares, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to him in the character of lord or god of the universe.

faw s. m. Poison, venom.

विषयाती adj. Antidotic, an antidoto. s. m. A tree (Mimosa sirisa).

faufu s. m. A sort of snake.

faut adj. Venemous, poisonous. s. m. A snake.

বিষকায়ক s. m. A tree (Mimosa siriea); an antidote; removing or curing poison.

विषयाची adj. . Antidote.

विवसद्भव s. m. Taking poison.

विष्मुक्त s. m. A poisonous anake.

fun adj. Difficult (of access), rough, uneven; difficult, &c. (of comprehension), as a book; painful, difficult, troublesome (in general); odd (innumbers), fearful; frightful, awful.

বিষয়কার s. m. A violent fever ; irregularly remittent fever.

Runners. m. A snake catcher, one who by pretended charms, &c. attracts snakes and cures the bite; a charm for curing snake bites.

विवनसाइस s. m. Temerity, daring.

fun s. m. Any object of sense, any thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; an object in general, as of affection or desire, &c.; worldy object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c.

fund s. m. An epicurean, a sensualist, one heedful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects; a materialist, one who denies the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense; a man of the world.

(antegral s. f. The administration of antidotes, the cure of poisons by drug; or charms.

्रियमेस s. m. A dealer in antidotes, one | विश्व पद s. m. The sky, heaven, atmoprofessing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake.

विषमचन s. m. The Greek partridge (perdix rufa). Frenom. विषक्ष adj. An antidote, removing

विषयस्य adi. Malicious, malignant. cherishing hatred or hostility,

विषाच s. m. The horn of an animal; the tusks of an elephant; the tusk or fang of the boar.

विषाणो s. m. Any animal with horns. faure s. m. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy.

विषादी adi. Dejected, disconsolate. sorrowful.

faurus adj. Antidotic, antidote. faurage s. f. A kind of birth wort (Aristolochia Indica).

form adj. Venemous, poisonous.

aga ! s.m. The equinon. विष् वत् 🖠

विवासाया s. f. The shadow of the gnomon at noon whon the sun is in the equinoctial points.

निषवदिन s. m. The day of the enquinox. विषय s. m. A disease, obstruction of urine or fæces, ischury, constipation : paralysis, loss of motion.

विष्ट्र s. m. A seat, stool, chair, couch ; the seat of the Brahman, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice.

fafe s. f. The seventh of the variable Kurans, or astronomical periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day.

faut s. f. Faces, ordure.

faw s. m. One of the three principal Hindu deities, and the preserver of the world. [ternates). বিষ্কালা s; f. A flower (Chitorea বিশ্বস্থা

sphere.

विषयही s. f. One of the twelve Sankrantis or periods at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially the first sign after the equinox. वणवासमा s. f. A plant (Echites caryophyllate); a small fragrant shrub (Ocymum sanctum).

विस pron. 3d pers. sing, inflect. (same as oos), Him, her, it that, &c.

faun s. m. The soft aspirate, marked by two perpendicular dots (:), and as the substitute of the letters & or a' the termination of various inflexions both of nonns and verbs.

विसर्जन है. m. Gift, donation ; quitting, relinquishing, dismissing, sending away.

बिसे pron, 3d pers : sing. (same as oose) Him, her, it, to him, to her, &c.

188 s. m. A led.

faurt s. m. Spreading, extension, diffusion; vastness, expanse; breadth, amplitude.

freif ad). Spread, expanded.

विश्वत adj. Spread, diffused, extended. विसाम s. f. The diameter of a circle. fine adj. Apparent, manifest, open ;

বিজ্ঞীত s. m. A hoil, a pustule ; विस्तीटा 8. f. | small-pox.

विकास s. m. Wonder, surprise, astonishment.

विषयी } adj. Astonished, surprised.

विकास adj. Forgotten.

plain, intelligent.

fau fa s. f. Forgetting, forgetfulness. faux adi. Discordant, inharmonious. femis adj. Insipid, flavourless.

s. m. A bird.

there s. m. Taking off or away ; going ! about for pleasure or exercise.

faut s. m. Play, sport, pastime.

fault adj. Playful, sportive ; taking pleasure or relaxation.

বিশ্বীৰ adj. Abandoned, left, deserted, deprived of.

fafus adj. Thrown, cast ; agitated, bewildered, perplexed; foolish.

विषेप s. m. Casting, throwing ; confusion, perplexity; celestial latitude.

वीज s. m. Seed (of plants, &c.) ; cause, origin in general; semen virile; algebra, analysis.

वीजकोश s. m. Any seed-vessel.

बीजकीशी s. f. A pod, a legume. alunfud s. m. Algebra.

बी ज 4 s. m. A fan.

बीटिका s. f. The betel plant (Piper betel); the preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, betel, paun.

बीचा s.f. The Indian lute, a fretted instrument of the guitar usually having seven wires strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board : the extent of the instrument is two octaves; it is supposed to be the invention of Narad, the son of Brahma, and has many varieties, enumerated according to the number of strings, &c.

बीर adj. Heroic; powerful, mighty. s. m. A hero, a warrior, a champion. बीरता s. f. Heroism.

बीरमइ s. f. . A distinguished warrior,

बीचे s. m. Strength, vigour, power; semen virile ; heroism, valour ; seed (of plants, &c.)

बीक्षेत्राम adj. Strong, stout, robust.

वीकेविद्वित adj. Devoid of power or vigour, &c.

बीयंविशिष्ट adj. Possessed of courage. vigour, &c.

दीर्थशानि s. f. Loss of vigour or courage; impotence.

बीकंडीन adj. Seedless ; cowardly.

a t adv. That very (time, place, &c.), immediately, exactly, there, on the spot, in that very manner.

बुतना } odj. That much.

35 pron. That, he, she, it the ; (occasionally like ve), they, those.

3 at adv. There, thither, yonder.

gel adv. That very (time, place, &c.), immediately, exactly there.

雨歌 s. m. A wolf,

इति s.f. A country, probably that to the west of Delhi and Agra, or the modern Braj.

and adj. Practice, profession, means of gaining a subsistence ; a circle,

sties s. m. Sector or segment of a circle,

इतान्त Tidings, rumour, intelligence ; a tale, a story.

sfa s. f. Livelihood, profession, means of acquiring subsistence; circumference of a circle.

sul adv. Useless, fruitless; in vain.

sa adj. Old, aged, ancient. s. m. An old man, or one past seventy.

stal s. f. Old age.

अवस्था s. f. Reverence for old age.

set s. f. An old woman, either one past child-bearing or one with grey hair.

Trans. f. The condition or period of old age.

sit s. f. Increase, augmentation in general, as in bulk; consequence, wealth, &c.; rise, ascending; mounting; prosperity, success; the eleventh of the astronomical Yogs, or Yog star of the 11th lunar mansion; the increase of the digits of the sun or moon; enlargement of the scrotum, either from swelled testicle or hydroccle or other morbid affections; interest, usury, especially returning the principal (as in the case of seed corn lent), with a proportionate increment.

हिंदमान adj. Augmented, increased; rich; prosperous.

ৰিষ্মাৰ s.m. A sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c. [quantity. হন্ত s.m. A heap, a multitude, a ভানা s.f. Holy basil (Ocymum sanctum). ভিষ্ক s.m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio.

₹♥ s. m. A bull; the sign of the zodiac Taurus.

ofe s. f. Rain.

steate s. m. The rainy season.

हड़जन s. m. A great or illustrious man. हड़त adj. Great, large.

ITELY s. m. A country, described as lying behind the Vindhys, mountains, near the province of Malins, and perhaps comprising Bandelkhand, or the adjoining district.

ৰম্মনি s. m. The regent of the plant Jupiter, identified astronomically with the planet.

इडस्पतिचल s. m. The cycle of 60 years, इडस्पविवाद s. m. Thursday.

ows. m. A tree in general.

त्वचर s. m. A monkey.

हच्छाया s. f. The shade of a single tree; the shade of many trees, or a grove. इन्द्रपुर s. m. Turpentine.

of trees.

हचनव adj. Abounding with trees.

daz s. m. A sort of fish (perhaps the

common Bhekti).

वेग s. m. Speed, dispatch, velocity. adv. Quickly, speedily.

वेतवान adv. Qnickly, speedily.

वेशिता s. f. Speed, quickness. वेशो adj. Swift, fleet, rapid.

Rel s. f. Unornamented and braided hair; assemblage of water, as the conflux of rivers &c., as at Allahabad, where the Ganga, Yamuna, and, as is supposed, the Saraswati, all coning from the north, unit; this and other similar places, thence receive the name of Triveni.

du s. m. A flute, a pipe.

वेष्णाइ s. m. A player on a flute.

वेतन s. m. Hire, wages.

वेतना adj. So much, that much.

वेता s. m. The ratan (Calamus rotang). वेताल s. m. A sprite, a goblin, especially one supposed to haunt cemeteries and animate dead bodies.

ati adj. Knowing, understanding, acquainted with s. m. A sage, one who knows the nature of the soul and God.

क्र s. m. A reed, a cane, the ratan.

देवनती s. f. The Betwa river, which rises in the province of Matwa, and following a north-easterly course for about 340 miles, falls into the Jamas near Colpi.

\$\overline{\sigma} s. m. A Ved, the generic term for the sacrel writing or scripture of the Hindus, supposed to have been revealed by Bruhma, and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by Vyasa; the principal Veds are three in number, the Rich, Yaju, and Sam, to which a fourth, the Atharoa, is usually added; the Itihds and Purdns, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes considered as a fifth.

बेदब s. m. A Brahman skilled in the Veds.

वेदन s. m. } Pain, smart, agony.

वेदगुष्प s. m. The sanctity of the Veds. वेदनाता s. f. The mystical prayer or Gayatri, personified as the mother or source of the Veds.

बेट्यास s. m. The Mune Vyasa, the compiler and arranger of the Veds.

as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Veds: six sciences come under this denomination, vix. Siksha, or the science of pronunciation and articulation; Kalpa, the detail of religious ceremonies; Vyakarana or grammar; Chhund, prosody; Jyotish, or astronomy; and Nirukti, or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Veds.

a sim s. m. The theological part of the Vcds; considered collectively it is contained in the numerous passages or chapters of the Veds termed Upanishads which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship; these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers: the founder of the school is Vyaza, and subsequently Sanksracharya is its most enginest teacher.

बेदानी s. m. A follower of the Vedanta philosophy.

वेदाधास s. m. The repetition of the mystical syllable om; study of the Veds.

Agais. f. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a court-yard, erected for various purposes; ground prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude kind of altar.

ইই) s. f. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire; it is more or less raised and of various shapes; an altar, &c. s. m. A Pandit, a learned Brahman, a teacher.

बेदीन adj. Scriptural, taught or declared in the Veds.

4ws. m. Perforation, piercing; depth (in measurement).

नेधक adj. Sharp, piercing, a piercer of perforator.

बेधना v. a. To pierce, perforate.

त्रभो s.f. An instrument for piercing au elephant's car; a small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c.; an auger, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument.

वेधित adj. Pierced, perforated.

ने भी adj. Piercing, perforating. भे ला s.f. Time.

वेश s. m. Dress, decoration. वेशदान s. m. The sun-flower.

देशभारी s. m. A hypocrite, a false devotec.

वेश्र s. m. A mule.

ami s. f. A harlot, a prostitute, a whore; a plant (Cissampelos hearandra).

वेष s. m. Ornament, dress, decoration. वेष्टन s. m. Surrounding, encompassing. fer adj. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed; bound round, enveloped, wrapped up.

बेसर s. m. A mule.

ати. a. To skin.

बेकाल s. m. Evening, afternoon.

बैक्क s. m. A name of Vishnu; the paradise or world of Vykantha or Vishnu; its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meru.

वैकाल s. m. A kind of gem, said to resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common loadstone or

देशिक s. m. A lutist, a player on the Vina or Indian lute.

वैतर्णी s. f. The river of hell.

afem adi. Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Veds

बैहुके s. m. A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli.

वैदेशिक adj. Foreign, a stranger. बैदा s. m. A physician.

केंग्व s. m. Grandeur, wealth.

वैशासरण adj. Grammatical, relating to grammer. s. m. A grammarian.

बेर s. m. Enmity, hostility.

वैदान s. m. Absence of worldly passion or desire.

बैरागी s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his worldly desires : at present the term is commonly applied to a particular class of religious mendicants.

वैरान्य s.m. Subjection of the appetite and passions, absence of worldly desires.

वैरिता s. f. Enmity.

वैशियो र. adi. Hostile, inimical.

बैरी s. m. . An enemy,

वैशाख s. m. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale (April-May), the first month in the Hindu Calendar.

ब भारती s. f. The day of full moon in the month Vyshakha.

भेग्र s.m. A man of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. बैद्धकिया s. f. Trade, agriculture.

बेग्रानी s. f. A woman of the Vyshya caste.

वेषम s. m. Inequality, unevenness; solitariness, sincleness.

बे जब adj. Relating or belonging to Vishnu. s. m. A flower of Vishnu.

बैचेदी s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternates): sacred basil (Ocumum sanctum).

बैसा adv. or adj. In that manner, so. that like, such. Wysa ka wysa, Such as before.

केमाडी adv. In the same manner.

वेसे adv. Freely, without cost. gratis. af adv. In that manner, so. Won ka

wonhi. Exactly the same as before or originally.

बोद adj. Wet, moist, damp.

वीदाल s. m. A sheat fish (Silurus Boalis).

वीख s.m. Gum mvrrh.

आस adi. Wise, learned : evident, manifest, apparent ; individual, specific.

व्यक्ति s. f. Individuality : appearance. manifestation; case, inflection, or the proper form of any inflected word. Fed.

व्यय adj. Bewildered, perplexed, distract-व्ययमा s. f. Perplexity, anxiety.

व्यक्त s. m. The both part of a digit or Angul.

खान इ. m. A fan.

व्यक्षतु s. m. A sign, a mark, a symbol.

आधन s.m. Sauce, condiment; a consonant,

व्यक्तिम s. m. Inverted or retrogade order, inversion, reverse; contrariety, opposition in general.

व्यतिरित्त adj. Different, distinct.

व्यतिरेक s. m. Difference, separateness. व्यतीस adj. Past, gone.

च्यतीपात s. m. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent; the seventeenth of the astrological Yogs.

च्यथा *इ. f.* Pain.

व्यवासर adj. Painful, excruciating.

स्मिचार s. m. Following improper courses, doing what is prohibited or wicked.

व्यक्तिवारियो s.f. A wanton woman, an unchaste wife.

अक्षित्रारी adj. Following or doing what is improper; going astray.

is improper; going astray. व्यव s. m. 'Expenditure, expending; destruction, disappearance.

बर्प adj. Useless, vain, unprofitable; unmeaning.

खरीता s.if. Unprofitableness, uselessness; absence of meaning, nonsense. व्यवस्थान s. m. Subtraction.

व्यवक्रद s. m. Dividing, separating.

स्वधान s. m. Intervening, intervention, space.

व्ययपायक adj. Intervening, intermediate, separating.

क्ष्यसाय s.m. Effort, exertion, perseverance, industry; following any business or profession; plan, device, trick.

व्यवसायी adj. Active, energetic ; engaged in business.

अवस्ता s. f. Separating, placing remote | ब्याकृतिम adj. Agitated, flurried, per-

or apart; a decree, a written declaration of the law, applied in practice to the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the *Hindu* law officers attached to the courts of justice; an engagement, an agreement, a contract.

च्याहर s. m. Usage, custom; profession, business; the practice of the courts, or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, administrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c.; contests at law, law-suit, litigation.

बरहारिक adj. Customary, usual; eugaged in customary duty or avocation; connected with or relating to legal process; litigant, being party to a suit.

व्यवसारी adj. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a law suit; relating to legal process; customary, usual; following one's erdinary affairs or avocation.

व्यवस्थि adj. To be observed or practiced, as a duty or avocation; customary, usual; actionable, subject to legal process.

यस adj. Confounded, confused, bewildered; pervaded, penetrated, spread.

व्यक्ता s. f. Agitation, bewilderment;

व्याक्रक s. m. Grammar; explaining,

व्यवस्थी s. m. A grammarian.

व्याद्वक adj. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c.

स्याप्रकता s. f. Perplexity, agitation, alarm.

साइयमग *odj.* Agitated, flurried, bewildered. [plexed. साहाइस करों Agitated, flurried, perब्याख्या s. f. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment.

आक्षान s. m. Explaining, expounding. ब्याचात s. m. Obstacle, impediment; the thirteenth of the astronomical Yogs. आवासी adj. Who or what opposes, resists, beats, &c.

ख्याच s. m. A tiger.

व्याचनकी s. f. A tiger's claw, a sort of perfume; a scratch or impression of the finger nails.

ब्यान s. m. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning ; disguise, either of purpose or person ; wickedness.

will s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing deer, &c.; a low or wicked mau.

wife s. m. Sickness, disease in general. म्याधित adj. Sick, ill, diseased.

व्याधिरहित adj. Free from disease, convalescent.

आव s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body.

ब्यापक adj. Diffusive, comprehensive, spreading or extending widely.

व्यापकता s.f. Diffusion, pervadence.

ब्यापना v. n. To spread through or throughout, to pervade, penetrate. आपार s. m. Occupation, business, trade,

profession; exercise, practice. आपारी adj. Busy, occupied : exercising.

practising.

व्यापी adj. Diffusive, comprehensive.

win odj. Pervaded, occupied or penetrated by ; celebrated, famous ; filled, full. wifn s. f. Pervading, inherence; universal permeation, omnipresence.

व्याप्तिमान adj. Diffusive, pervading. squart s. f. Capacity of being penetrated or essentially affected by.

ब्याब s. m. A fathem, or the space be- | नोष्ट्रा s. f. Shame, bashfulness, modesty.

tween the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended.

व्यायाम s.m. Fatigue, labour ; gymnastics. व्यावशारी adj. Usual, customary ; juridical, judicial, legal. s. m. A. counsellor, a minister.

आप s. m. A celebrated sage and author, the supposed original compiler of the Veds and Purans, also the founder of the Vedanta philosophy; diffusion, extension: the diameter of a circle.

ब्युक्तम s. m. Inverted order, irregular arrangement.

ब्युक्ति s. f. Science, learning ; formation of words, derivation, etymology.

ख्या adj. Learned, conversant or proficient in literature; derived, formed as a derivative word; generated, begotten.

My s. m. Military array, the arrangement of troops in various positions.

जप s. m. A tumour, a boil; an ulcer, a wound.

MR s. m. Any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed obser_ vance or imposition of any penance, austerity, or privation, as fasting, continence, exposure to heat and cold. &c.

adj. Engaged in or observing a religious vow or obligation. s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one engaged in the observance of a vow or penance.

and s. m. A. Bruhman, or man of the three first classes, in whose youth the customary observances have been omitted, and who has not received his investiture with the sacrificial thread.

HIMI s. f. A female of a fallen Brokman, &c.

শীন্তিন adj. Ashamed, modest. লীন্তি s. m. Rice of various kinds.

श

The thirtieth consonant of the Nagari alphabet; and corresponds to sh pronounced softly, as in shun.

মূদ্ধs. m. A sovereign, any prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to Shalivahan; a particular caste, the followers or descendants of Shaka, or Shalivaham.

maz s. m. A cart.

शकरिता s. f. A small cart, a toy-cart. शकरभता s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of rice, butter and sugar.

शक्त s. m. Any lucky or auspicious object or omen.

महानि s. m. A bird; one of the astronomical periods called Karans.

মন্ত্ৰ s. m. A fish. মন্ত্ৰনত s. m. A kind of fish, the gilthead.

बहुताभेद s. m. A sort of gilt-head (Sparus emarginatus).

चन odj. Able, capable, strong, powerful. चनवा s.f. Ability, power.

মূলি s. f. Power, ability, strength, prowess; the energy or active power of a deity.

व्यक्तिमान् adj. Powerful, mighty.

মালাছীৰ adj. Powerless, impotent. মূল্য adj. Possible, practicable, to be effected or done.

म काला s. f. Possibility.

सकतीय s.m. An insect of a red colour (Coccinella or lady-bird of various species).

ARMSH s. m. The bow of Indra, the rainbow.

गमभूभग s.f. Colocynth (Cucumis colo-

यनायन s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrightes antidysenterica).

MEU s. m. Name of a musical mode.

uves. m. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Valant philosophy.

NUTITES. m. Name of a musical mode.

NUT. s. f. Fear, terror, apprehension;

doubt, uncertainty.

यहामय adj. Fearful, afraid.

महादीन adj. Free from doubt or appre-

यदिन adj. Alarmed, frightened; doubtful, uncertain.

NY s. m. The trunk of a lopped tree; a jarelin; a pin, a stake, a pale; the gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long; the scate fish (Rais Sankur).

nelle s. m. A scate fish.

ws s. m. The conch shell used by the Hindus; a large number, ten or a hundred billions.

মহিলী s. f. A description of woman, one of the four classes into which females are divided in erotic writtings; the Shankhini is described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions.

us adj. Wicked, depraved, perverse, dishonest.

agar s. f. Wickedness, depravity.

NUS. m. Hemp (Cannabis sativa); Bengal San, a plant from which a kind of hemp is prepared (Crotolaria junces and other kinds).

NUMBER 6. m. The fibre or flax of the Sas plant, or string made from it; cordage; twine.

मचीर ह. m. A rock or small island in

the midst of the river Sone; an insular spot inclosed by the branches of Sarju, where it falls into the Ganges above Chhapra, at Bhrigur asram or Bhagbashram: called also the bank of the Dardari,

nus s. m. A bull at liberty.

भवर्ष adj. A hundred times, a hundred

fold.

MAR S. f. Satter river, which rises in the

gag s. f. Salley river, which rises in the Himalaya mountains in the vicinity it is supposed of the Ravanhrad or lake, and running to the S. W. unites in the Panjab with the Beya or Vipasa, when it forms the Hyphasis of the Greeks, and falls into the Indus below Multan.

भ्रतपदी s.f. A centipede, jaulus.

श्रतिभवा s.f. The twenty-fifth lunar mansion, containing 100 stars.

श्रम् जो s. f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

श्रमणच s. A hundred Lakhs, ten millions.

सत्वेषी s. m. A sort of dock or sorrel (Oxalis monadelphu, or Rumex vestcarius).

श्तपदस्य s. m A hundred thousand.

भव s. m. An enemy, a foe, an adversary. भव ना s. f. Hostility, enmity.

Min s. m. The planet Saturn or its regent.

ছবিদিয় s. m. The emerald or sapphire. हिन्दार s. m. Saturday.

भनेशने adv. Slowly, tardily.

क्रमेश्वर s. m. The planet Saturn or its mythological personification.

त्रपष्ट s.m. An oath, asseveration by oath or ordeal, an imprecation, a curse.

uqu s. m. An oath, confirmation of the truth by oath or ordeal; abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction.

un adj. Carsed, anathematized.

s. m. A sort of grass (Saccharum cylindricum).

মুদ্ধা s. m. A butt, or mark for archers.

আদি s. f. A small fish (Cyprinus Sophore).

nes. m. Sound, word, voice; (in grammer) A declinable word as noun; pronoun, &c.

श्चकार adj. Sounding, sonorous.

शस्त्रीर s. m. A plagiary.

म्ब्स्थीन s.m. A root, a radical word.

मञ्जास s. m. Philology, grammar, &c. सम s. m. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference; abstract meditation on broshna, or God; quiet, tranquillity, rost, calm, final happiness, emancipation from human existence.

शन s. m. Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation ; mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference.

श्रामित adj. Pacified, appeased; quict, tranquil sedate, calm.

মণী odj. Tranquil, pacific, tranquillized. s. f. A legume or pod, a tree (Acacia Suma); a shrub (Serratula anthelmintica).

श्रमीपत्री s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

श्रमीर s. m. A small variety of the Mimosa Suma.

श्रमक s. m. A bivalve shell; a conch - shell; a snoil.

ग्यन s. m. Sleep ; a bed, a couch ; copulation.

श्रवासु adj. Sleepy, slothful, sluggish. श्रवा s. f. A bed, a couch, a sopha.

ut s. m. A short of reed or grass (Soccharum Sara); an arrow. mage s. m. A lizard, a chameleon; safflower, (the plant.)

(s. m. A house; preserver, a protector, what or who protects or preserves; preservation, protection, defence,

बरवानत adj. Refugee, appellant, one who comes for protection or refuge.

মুখার্থী adj. Unfortunate, wretched, involved in calamity or ruin, and dependant on others for protection or aid.

new adj. To be protected or aided, poor, miserable, helpless, s. m. A protection, a protector, that which or who affords refuge and defence; a house protection, defence.

श्रतकाल s. m. The autumnal season. श्रतकाली adj. Autumnal.

REQ s.f. The reason of antumn or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vydikus, comprising the months Bhadra and Aswin, and according to Pouranius, Aswin and Kartik, fluctuating thus from August to November.

NAM s. m. A fabuous animals, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains.

सरमञ्ज s. m. A small bird, considered as variety of the Salic or Myns (Turdus gosalica).

ब्रह्म s.f. The Saraju river. ब्रह्म adj. Upright, honest.

भरतता s.f. Uprightness, sincerity.

MIZI s. m. Sound, noise, voice.

बराहि) s. f. A sort of bird (Turdus बराली) ginginianus).

सराव क्या, Soused, dripping wet. सराव s. m. A lid, a cover ; a shallow cup or dish; a latter.

भराकोर adj. Sonsed, dripping wet.

ब्रा**सन** s. m. A bow.

मरीर s. m. The body. स्रोरक्षक s. m. A hostage.

मरीरसंस्कार s.m. Purification of the body

ष्ट्रांसस्कार s.m. Purification of the body by various ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation death, &c.

श्रीरो adj. Embodied, corporeal having body. [(the disease).

वर्षरा s. m. Clayed or candied sugar, वर्षा adj. Happy, glad, s. m. A name or appellation common to Brohmans.

स्केरी s. f. Night; a woman, सख्योग s. f. Vice in a horse.

श्रास s. m. A grasshopper ; a locust.

NOING s.f. A thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphur for a match; a ruler; a fibrous stick used as a brush or pencil.

মন্ত্ৰীনা s. m. A canvass sack, &c. in which baggage is fastened previously to being loaded on cattle.

श्लुका s. m. A child's bib.

সত্ত্যাল s. m. That part of surgery which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body.

म्ल्योद: इ. m. Extration of foreign substances from the body.

श्रह्म s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). श्रम्म s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifera).

मझकीद्रव s. m. Incense, Olibanum.

ng s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

स्पर s. m. A. barbarian, one inhabiting the mountains districts of India, and and wearing the fathers of the peacock, &c. as decorations.

ससायन s. m. A mystical and magical caremony performed with a dead body. समस s. m. A hare or rabit.

सम्बद्धी s. f. The Doob, the country between the Ganges and Jumna rivers. अभिलेखा s. f. A digit of the moon.

क्यो s. m. The moon.

NET s. m. A weapon in general; (or especially such as is used in the hand) a sword a soymitar. Shastra-dhari, adj. Armed.

चलकार s. m. An armourer.

ज्ञानायास s. m. Military exercise or practice.

मस्तिवया s.f. The science of arms.

यस s. m. Corn, grain in general. अस्रभचन adj. Graminivorous.

बतत s. m. The mulberry tree and fruit.

महनाई &. f. Flute, olarion.

net a Salvahan, commencing 76 or 78 years after the Christian era.

भाक्ष s. m. Entireness. s. f. The things used in ceremony called "homa."

बाकचरी s. f. A city, supposed to be the modern Sambhar.

गावस्तीय s. m. A fossile salt brought from a lake in the vicinity Sambhar, a town in Ajmere.

সাৰিণী s.f. Female demon or sprite. মান s.m. A worshipper of the female principle.

भाव s. f. Branch, line of aucestors or decendants.

बाचा s, m. A branch, the branch of a शाखासन s. m. Monkey. बाखी ?. m. A tree.

माजीवार s.m. Stating a pedigree at the marriage ceremony.

गाटक s. f. } A petticont.

Wickedness, villainy.

wiw s. m. A touchstone; a whet or grindstone.

शास adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified; allayed, alleviated; stilled, hushed (as wind, &c.); meek, humble. [ness. untata s. f. Quietness, calmness, meekशासाक्षा adj. Calm, composed, of resign-

पन्तात्मा adj. Calm, composed, of re ed or composed spirit.

मानि s. f. Quiet, tranquillity stoicism; rest, repose; remission, alloviation. माम s. m. Oath, affirmation by oath or

ordeal; curse, imprecation.

ing under curse. पापिस adj. Sworn.

आपीशार s. m. Diliverance from a curse or its effects.

माफी s. f. Cloth used for cleaning liquors.

ли п. prop. A name of Krishn.

NINI s. m. A little brird; a grain (Panicum colonum, or frumentaceam).

शानी खगाना .v a. To shoe with iron. शान क s. m. A bivalve shell.

gist or matter of ony subject,

मार्ग s. m. Beasts and bisds.

मारंगी s.f. A female deer; a kind of musical instrument.

s.f. The goddoss Sarswati.

with s. m. or f. A kind of crane.

मारी s.f. A talking mynah; a cleth worn by women.

भारीरिक adj. Relating to the body, corporeal,

भार्ष s. m. A tigar ; a panther, a a Rakshas.

wrahl); a tree (Shores robusta).

s. f. A Shawl.

भाजपास s. m. Species of black quartzose stone worshipped by the *Hindus* as representing *Vishnu*.

शालपणीं s.f. A shrub (Hedysarum ganyeticum).

Mist s. m. A house; a hall.

nife s. m. Rice in general, but especially in two classes; one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil.

মাৰিবাছন s. m. A sovereign of India, an institutor of the era now called S.ka, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ, whose capital was Prattishthana in the Dakhia.

भानी adi. Made of shawl.

भारतको s.f. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax hentaphyllum).

शायक s. m. The young of birds.

mild s. m. An order, 'an edict, a command; a writing, a deed, a written contract or agreement; governing, ruling, government.

शासनपत्र s. m. A plate of copper, stone or sheet of paper, &c. on which an edict or grant is inscribed.

शासनीय adj. To be governed or directed. शासि s. f. A command, an order; governing, ruling; correction, punishment.

with s. 100. An order or command; scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considered as of divine origin or authority; used singly it implies works of literature or science in general, and

it is therefore customarily connected with some other word to limit its application, as the Vedanta Shastras or treatises of philosophical theology, the Dharma Shastras, books of law, &c. ; it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge, as the Kavya Shastras, or poetical works, Shilvi Shastras, works on the mechanical arts, and Karma Shastrsa, or erotic compositions; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as Dharma Shastra, the institutes or code of law, Kavya Shastra, poetry, Alankar Shastra, rhetoric, &c.; a book in general.

মাজন adj. Acquainted with the Shastras; skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially.

शास्त्रविषद्ध adj. Contrary to law or religion, illegal, forbidden.

बास्त्राचे s. m. The purport of a book; argument.

মাজানুদাং s. m. Conformity to sacred ordinances.

স্থানা s. m. A pandit, a teacher of holy

science, or one skilled in it. शासीय adj. Scriptural, authorized by or

conformable to sacred institutes. মান্দ্রীর adj. Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.

मास adj. Punishable, descriing punish-

शिश्वा s. f. A tree (Dalbergia Sisu '.

fuers. m. The peak or summit of a mountain; point, end, top in general.

fred adj. Crested, peaked, pointed.

fawr s. f. Point, top in general; a crest; a lock of hair on the crown of the head; flame. (595)

शिकारल adj. Crested, pointed.

fमजी adj. Crested: having a lock of hair on the top of the head. s. m. A peacock.

भितद s. f. The Satlei river.

जितिरत s. m. A sapphire.

जितिस रह s. m. A cort of ebony (Diospyros glutinosa).

fafan adj. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby : languid, inert, feeble.

जिल्लिका s. f. Relaxation, looseness.

সিখিলৰৰ adi. Weakened, relaxed. fut s. m. The head.

भिर:कपाली s. m. A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.

शिरक्य s. m. Vertigo: awimming of the brain.

भिरका s. m. Vinegar.

जिर: भीडा s.f. Pain of the head, headache.

fact s. f. Any vessel of the body, really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, as a nerve, a tendon, a gut, &c.

facter adi. Veinv. tendinous, skinny. showing the tendons or veins.

शिरीष s.m. A. kind of tree (Acacia Sirisa).

शिरीमणी s. f. [A gem worn in a crest, शिरोरव s. m. or on the top of the bend.

किरोरीय s. m. Disease of the head.

farer s. f. A stone, a rock; a flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

जिलाञत s. m. Bitumen; red chalk. श्चिता वित s. m. Bitumen.

families . m. Chalk; red chalk; a white fossil substance : an aluminous earth of white colour, and thence considered to be a kind of chalk.

fueryu s. m. Storax or Benzoin.

fueres adj. Made of stone.

शिकारण s. m. Incense, Benjamin or Olibanam

भिनावस्त्रा s. f. A. medicinal substance said to be of cooling and lithouthriptic properties, commonly termed Silabak: a soft of lichen or moss.

शिख s. m. Any art, any manual or mechanical art.

शिव्यक्ष s. m. Manual labour, handicraft. marts. m. An artisan, a mechanic.

মিঅবিঝা s. f. Art, mechanical or manual skill.

शिलिनी s. f. A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Lahanasipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing seeds of tonic and restorative properties.

शिलियाना s. f. A. workshop, a manufactory.

बिलियास s. m. A treatise or set of treatises on works of art.

भिष्यी adj. An artist, an artificer or artisan; belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art.

fun s. m. The deity Shiv, the most formidable of the Hindu triad, the destroyer of creation; the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy nature in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tantrikes or followers of the books called Tantras.

शिवधातु s. m. The milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

शिवपुरी s. f. A name of Benares; the mountain Kailas.

fraufa s. f. A celebrated feftival in honor of Shiv on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark fortnight in Magh.

fuer .. f. The wife Shive ; female jackal.

जिशालय) s. m. Any temple dedicated to जिल्लामा) Shiv.

बिविका & f. A palankin.

fufut adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, 'freezing, s. m. Frost;

নিদিম্মান s. m. The cold season; comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March. নিম্ম s. m. The young of man or any

fun s. m. The young of man or any animal, a child, a calf, a pup, &c.; a pupil, a scholar.

fश्यान s. m. A porpoise; another fish resembling a porpoise.

त्रियता s.f. Boyhood, pupilage; childhood. रिययाच s.m. The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Cheedi, opposed to rishna and slain by him.

शिश्वनार s. m. A porpoise; kind of animal of the lizard species.

far adj. Obedient, docile; ordered, commanded, disciplined, trained.

fuent s. f. Good behaviour, urbanity, civility; docility.

हिष्ट्यमा s. f. A council of state, an assembly of chief officers.

शिटसमाचाद s. m. History or tradition of eminent persons.

शिष्टाचार adj. Well-behaved. s. m. Good manners, proper behaviour.

原図s. m. A pupil, a scholar.

भिषक adj. A learner, a teacher.

গিষা s. f. Learning, study, the acquisition of knowledge.

श्रिचामति s.f. Dexterity, skill.

দিভিন adj Skilful. elever, conversant; disciplined, exercised; docile; studied, learned.

श्रीकर s. m. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind.

nin adj. Quick, speedy. s. m. (in astronomy) Parallax. adj. Soon quickly, swiftly, speedily. श्रमगानी ady. Going quick or expeditionsly, श्रीवता s.f. Quickness, speed.

योग adj. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold, coldness; cold weather or the six months of the rainy, dewy and cold sensons.

श्रीतकाल s. m. Cold weather, winter.

भौतवा s.f. Cold, coldness.

शीतल adj. Cold, chilly, frigid, s. m. Cold coldness.

शीतलता s.f. Coldness, coolness.

मीतहर adj. Removing cold.

भीतांश s. m. Camphor.

शीवार्च adj. Cold, chilled, shivering, funering or shrinking from cold.

भोताञ्चन् s. m. The moon gem, crystal. भोष adj. Thin, small, slender; wasted, withered, decayed.

भीचेंता s. f. Emaciation, withering. भीचें s. m. The head.

माप s. m. The head. भीषेच्छे इ.s. m Decapitating.

nits adj. Well-behaved, well-disposed. s. m. Good conduct or disposition.

घोलवान् adj. Of a good or amiable disposition.

भीम्म s.f. A kind of wood (Dalbergia Sisu).

गुक्त s. m. A parrot.

যদি s. f. A pearl oyster; a small shell ; a cockle.

यित्तमान् s. m. One of the seven principal mountainous ranges of India.

um s. m. The planet Venus; semen virile.

mait s. m. Friday.

um adj. White, of a white colour. s. m. White (the colour); one of the astronomical Yogs.

गुलक्षक s. m. A kind of gallinule or water-hen.

umar s.f. Whiteness.

unvers, m. The light half of a month,

the fifteen days of the moon's increase, of from new to full moon.

ufe adj. White; clean, cleansed, purified; pure, pious, exempt from passion or vice.

प्रचिता 8. f. Purity, cleanness.

याचिमचि s. m. Crystal.

पुष्डी s. f. Dry ginger.

us s. m. An elephant's proboscis or trunk.

us odi. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed; faultless, correct.

युक्त s. f. Purity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect.

युवननि adj, Of pure and sincere purpose, honest, free from guide ; intelligent.

ula s. f. Purity, purification ; innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal.

un adj. Empty, void. s. m. A cypher. पन adj. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious ; handsome, beautiful, s. m. Good, good fortune, auspicious, happiness; one of the astrological Yogs.

गुमबर adj. Propitious. producing good, &c.

यभक्क s. m. Pious or virtuous act; reputable occupation or employment. मुभग adj. Fortunate, propitious.

unut odi. Propitions, anspicious, conferring happiness or fortune.

ग्रमहरूबी s. f. The female elephant of the North-West quarter.

THEY s. f. Sister of Krisha. THE S. m. Happy result or conse-

quence.

unau s. m. An auspicious moment. ग्रभगीत adi. Of a good disposition.

uniw adi. Handsome, elegant. s. f. A handsome woman,

श्वाचार adj. Virtuous.

unium adj. Prosperous and fortunate. good and evil. s. m. Good and illfortune.

un adj. White; shining. s. m. White (the colour).

प्रवत्त s. m. The thirty-sixth year of the Indian cycle.

Twyt s. m. A city and district, perhaps the modern Sambhalpur, in the district of Gondwana.

प्राकारका v. n. To encourage or stimulate a dog to the chase, by the sound shusha. Chase.

पशकारी s. f. Impelling a dog to the प्रक adj. Dry, dried.

मञ्जला s.f. Dryness.

TTET s. m. A rake, prodigal, debauchee. backguard, scoundrel. vagabond. Shuhadha shikasta, Ruined and wretched.

पण्डापन s. m. Raking, rakishness, debanchery, dissoluteness.

WWTI s. m. Rumour, fame,

पहारी s. f. A kind of large cake made] of flour and ahi.

युक्कीट s. m. A caterpillar.

श्वर s. m. A hog.

युक्तापुष्ट s. m. A gem, perhaps amber. and adj. Minute, small, fine, subtile. uz s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe.

यही s. f. The wife of a Shudra.

युष adj. Empty, void. s. m. Heaven, sky, ether; a cypher; a vacuum. युक्ता s. f. Vacuity, emptiness; un-

reality, the false or illusory nature of all existence.

युन्दाही s. m. A Boudha ; an atheist. ut s. m. A hero : a boar.

uce s. m. An esculent root (Arum campanulatum); a plant (Bignonia Indica).

भूगता s.f. Heroism, prowess.

मृत्सेन s. m. The grandfather of Krishna. मूर्प s. m. A winnowing basket.

शूपेनखा s. f. The sister of Ravans.

um s. m. Sharp pain in general, or especially in the belly as cholic, &c., or in the joints from rheumatism or gout; a weapon, a pike, a dart; an astrological Yog, that of the 9th lunar mansion.

যুত্তর, s. m. The castor oil plant (Ricinus communis).

nava s. m. Asafætida.

एको adj. Suffering sharp pain, having the cholic, &c.

प्रमास s. m. A shakal or jackal.

uya s. m. A belt or chain worn round a man's body; a chain, a fetter in general.

श्व s. m. A horn; the top of a mountain, श्वार s. m. Love; copulation, coition; red lead.

passion of love; stained with red lead. s. m. Dress, decoration.

uf s.f. A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus Singio).

पद्मी adj. Horned; crested, peaked. होसर s. m. A garland of flowers worn on

the crown of the head; a crest. ইফাজিয়া s. f. A flower (Nyctanthes arbor-tritis).

भेत्या है s. m. A fakir, a flatterer, deceive.

भेज s. f. A kind of javelin made of iron. भेज s. m. Remainder, leavings, rest, balance.

मेवकाज s. m. The last term , the time of death.

श्रेषराचि अर्. The last watch of the night. श्रेषारच्या s.f. The last state or condition of life, भैख s. m. Cold, coldness.

मैदिन s.m. Looseness, laxity; flaccidity. मेल adj. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c.; stony, rocky. s.m. A mountain; Bitumen; storax; a sort of collyrium.

al will

भेद s. m. A worshipper of Shiv.

भेराख s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria octrandra).

মীক s. m. Sorrow, grief. [sorrow. মীকাম s. m. Dissipating or removing

মীৰ s. m. Grief; affection; thought, মীৰ conception, idea.

भोकार्ष adj. Pained, afflicted by sorrow. मीचित adj. .Sorrowful, afflicted.

बोची s. m. Thoughtful (man).

nus. m. The Sone river, which rises in the table-land of Amerkantak, and running first northerly and then easterly for 500 miles, falls into the Ganges above Patna; a flower Bignonia Indica); a red sort of sugar-cane.

शोचरव s. m. A ruby.

श्रीचित adj. Red, crimson, purple, s. m. Blood; saffron.

मीचितीपच s. m. A ruby.

योच s. m. Swelling, intumescence.

মীষদ্ম adj. Discutient, removing, swellings.

হীঘৱা s. f. Hogweed (Boerhavia diffusa). মাধৰ adj. Who or what cleanses, purifies, &c. (In orithmetic) The subtrahend.

Tuw s. m. Cleaning, cleaning, purifying; correcting, freeing from faults or errors; correcting, as a writing; subtraction (in arithmetic); payment, acquittance; green vitriol.

गोभन adj. Beautiful, handsome ; propitious, auspicious, s.m. The fifth Yog. शोभगान adj. Fair, splendid, shining. शोभा s. f. Light, lustro, radiance, splendour; beauty.

शोभाञ्चन e. m. A tree the Sajina or Saha, as (Hyperanthers moranga); the legumes, blossoms and leaves are esculent, and the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish: in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed to relieve arthritic pains, &c.

श्रीभिन adj. Beautiful, decorated.

the wood of which, being very light and spongy, is used by fisherman for floating their nets; a variety of toys, such as artificial birds and flowers are made of it; garlands of those flowers are used in marriage ceremonies; when charred it answers the purpose of tinder.

nis s. m. Pulmonary consumption; drying; intumescence, swelling.

লাবথ s. m. Suction, sucking; drying up.
লাব s. m. Purification by ablution, &c. from personal defilement; purification at given periods from defilement caused by the death of a relation, &c.; purity, cleanness, freedom from defilement.

श्रीखित s. m. A distiller and vender of

श्रीखड़ी s. f. A female keeper of a tavern or dram shop.

शोर्थ s. m. Valour, heroism, prowess. समान s. m. A cemetry, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried, समागनशाची adj. A glost, a goal, a sprite, male or female, abiding in cometeries, &c. श्राम adj. Black or dark blue, s.m. A sacred fig-tree at Prayag or Allahabad.

सामभाषे s.m. A kind of horse with black ears used in the ecremony of the asumed sacrifice.

आसता 8. f. Blackness.

आतमास कोंगे. Black as jet, of a glossy black hue.

खानल adj. Of a black or dark blue colour.

खामा s.f. A small singing bird with black plumage, called Shame.

লাদাক s. m. A kind of grain generally eaten by the Hindus (Panicum f.u-mentaceum, also P. colonum), called also Sanwan.

भावत s. m. A wife's brother.

म्बालकी s. f. A. wife's sister.

खेन s. m. A hawk, a falcon.

म्बेनी s. f. The female hawk.

यहपान adj. Trusting, believing; venerating, respecting.

यहा s. f. Respect, reverence; wish, desire; faith, belief, purity.

बहातल adj. Done with faith.

यहान्तित adj. Believing, faithful. यहान्य adj. Believing, full of faith.

यहादृक्त Having faith, believing.

ৰৱাংগিল adj. Distrusting, unbelieving, sating adj. Faithful, believing; wishing, desirons. s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing,

यदावान adj. Believing, trusting, having faith.

यस s. m. Weariness, fatigue ; labour, exertion, toil.

ষম্ভ s. m. A religious character; an ascetic, a Yati, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greck writers.

बनार्च adj. Exhausted, overcome with fatigue.

त्रमी adj. Wearying, tiring, undergoing or incurring weariness or fatigue; laborious, diligent.

त्राष s. f. The ear thearing.

বৰ্ষা s. f. The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars.

श्रवशेन्द्रिय s. m. The organ of hearing, the ear.

ব্ৰিচা s. f. The twenty-fourth lunar asterism.

बाद adj. Faithful, believing. s. m. A funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offering with water and fire to the gods and manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Brahmans: it is especially performed for a parent recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors; or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes.

ষাল adj. Wearied, fatigued; calmed, tranquil.

সালি s. f. Weariness, exhausted. মাৰস্ক s. m. The lay votary of a Buddha. or Jun.

ৰাবৰ s. m. The month Sravan (July-August).

आवरो s. f. Day of full moon in the mouth Sravan.

त्रो s. f. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving; wealth; beauty, splendour, lustre; light; the three objects of life collectively, or love, duty, and wealth. यीखख s. m. 'Sandal of.

মীৰক s. m. A magical diagram; the circle of the globe or earth.

श्रीपति s. m. Vishnu,

বীদল s.m. A fruit tree (Ægle marmelos).

नीरह s.m. Mark of feet of the saint Bhrigu on the breast of Krishna.

রীদন m. } adj. Wealthy, opulent; বাদিনি f. } pleasing beautiful; prosperous, fortunate, thriving; famous, illustrious.

त्रीमतो σ. f. Fall of lustre or beauty.

হীনাৰ a.m. Full of Instre or beauty. সীমুজ s.m. The seventh year of the Indian cycle.

বীয়ুদ্ধ } adj. Famous, illustrious ; for-বায়ুব } tunate, wealthy.

योरस s. f. Turpentine.

সীবাৰ s. m. The third of the personified musical modes.

त्रीइचिनी s. f. The sun-flower (Heliotropium Indicum).

युत adj. Heard; understood. s. m. Sacred science, holy writ, &c.

मृति s.f. The Veds.

देवी s. f. A line, a row, a range.

त्रेव: s. m. Final happiness; good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity.

ষষ্ঠ adj. Best, excellent, most, excollent, pre-eminent; oldest, senior.

बेहता s.f. Superiority, excellence. बोत s.m. The ear: the current of a

stream. श्रीतव्य adj. To be heard or listened to.

সাবা s. m. A hearer. স্বায়া s. f. Praise, panegyric, flattery,

eulogium.

worthy, entitled to praise or veneration.

wing s. m. The phlegmatic humor, one of three principal humors or fluids of the body,

wila s. m. A verse, a stanza.

अपन s. m. A person of the lowest rank. THE s. m. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father.

यम s. f. A mother-in-law.

मान s. m. A dog.

यानी s. f. A bitch.

थान s. m. Breath, breathing.

िश्व s, m. Whitness of the skin, vitiligo. श्विती adj. Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the skin.

चेत ady. White. s. m. White (the colour); the planet Venas or its regent Sakra; the sixth range of mountains dividing the known continent, the white mountains separating the Vershas of Hiranmay and Ramanak one of the minor Dwips or divisions of the world; in fable the White Island, identified geographically by Wiltord with Britain.

श्वेतदीप s. m. The white island, or a minor division of the universe so called; also termed Chandra Dwip, and supposed by Wilford to be

बनधातु s. m. Chalk ; the milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

बेतसपं A. tree (Topia cratava); n white suake.

श्रेतहसी s. m. A white elephant.

श्रीतार्क s. m. Gigantic swallow-wort (Asclepies gigantea), with white flowers.

The thirty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to 中本 s. m. Vexation, misfortune, pany. sh, pronounced in some schools kh.

92 ady. Six.

पटक्षा s. m. The six acts proper for a Brahman (collectively), or teaching the Veds, holy study, offering sacrifices, conducting them for others, giving, accepting gifts; six acts allowable to a Brahman for subsistence, or gleaning, accepting gifts, asking alms, agriculture, trade and tending cattle, or according to some lending money at interest; the six acts taught in the Tantras, or killing, infatuating, enthralling, expelling, exciting animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty. षटकीय s. m. A hexagon, a six-angied figure.

षड्ड s. m. Six parts of the body collectively, as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist; the six supplementary parts of the Veds, or grammar, prosody, astronomy, pronunciation, the meaning of unusual terms, and the ritual of the Hindu religion,

पद्भाष ad. Six-fold, six times, s, m. An assemblage of six qualities or properties.

ष क्षेत्र adj. In six ways, of six kinds.

षण्ड 3. m. A bull at liberty.

w s. m. A ennuch.

स

म The thirty-second consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to s. सं adv. (In compos.) With, together with, &c.

संकची s. f. A scate.

agony, pain, anguish, Sanketh chouth,

A Hindu holiday, in the month of संगोत s. m. The exhibition of a song, Magh, sacred to Ganesh.

模能 s.f. Fear, terror, doubt, suspicion. 機能に s.f. A sign, nod, wink, beckoning, Sankarna, v. n. To beckon, nod, wink or make a segnal, to hint,

ম্বীৰ s. m. Shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence : a scate.

सकोषन s.m. The act of shrinking. संशीषी adj. Bashful, reserved, diffident. संकाली s.f. The sun's entering into a

संक्रान्ती s. f. The sun's entering into a new sign.

संबद्ध s. m. A solemn vow or declaration of pu.p.se. Sankalpna, v. σ. To give alius (by making a religious vow), to vow.

भेख s.m. A conch which the Hindus blow, a shell; a kind of ornament. adj. Simple, artless. Dapol sankha, adj. Promising much and performing nothing.

संवाहकी s.f. A medicinal plant (Andropogon aciculatum?), संविक्षी s.f. A description of women. (The Sankhini are described as tall, with lony hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong possions).

संख्या s. f. A number, s. m. Arsenic, संग adv. Along with.

संबत s.f. Coition; collection, congregation, company, society, a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies. adj. Apposite, proper. Sanyati, s. m. f. Companion, comrade.

संगम s. m. Coition; meeting, conflux, union,

संबद s. m. Lines, entrenchment, संबदी s. f. Pincers, forceps.

संगी s.m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

Rain s. m., The exhibition of a song, duncing and nunsic as a public entertainment; the art and science of music and dancing. Sangit darpana, A book on music. Sangit-nach, A kind of dance.

संवद s. m. A compilation.

संगर्को s. m. A disorder, an irregular state of the bowels, costiveness alternately with a diarrhoea.

संवाम s. m. Battle, war.

संचात s. m. Companionship, society, assemblage. Sanyhati, s. m. A companion, a friend, an associate.

संचित्रा s. m. A companion.

संचय s. m. Purse, capital, stock, saving, heaping up, hoard.

संवार s. m. Entrance, penetration; beginning, commencement; the entering of the planets into a new sign. संवारिका s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

संचित ad). Hoarded, collected.

सकेष adj. Abridged, short. Sanchhepan, s. m. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, brevity.

iii s. f. A noun; a metaphor, an idiomatical phrase.

संवासी s. m. A Brahman of the fourth order, a religious mendicant.

संपत s. f. Affluence, wealth, riches, prosperity.

संवत adj. Perfect, complete, endowed with.

संपूर्ण adj. Perfect, full, complete, all, the whole.

ting s. m. A year; an era. Sambat bandhna, To establish an era.

संबंध s. m. Connection, affinity, relation; rhyme, metre. Sambandhi, s. m. Relation; son or daughter's father-inlaw.

संदोधन s. m. Comfort, soothing, en-

conragement, the act of consoling;

संसद adj. Possible, fit, right, proper, suitable.

संगणना v. n. To be supported, to stand, stop, to be firm, to recover one's self, from a fall, &c.

संतालना v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield, protect, stop, retain, restrain, check, repress.

संभावना s. f. Probability.

संशोग s. m. Enjoyment : coition.

संसम s. m. Esteem, respect, honour,

समान s. m Respect, esteem, reverence, regard. Sanmani, adj. Polite, civil; respectful.

संसुख adj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against.

equ s. m. Restraint, forhearence, soberness, abstinence from particular food on certain days, Sanjami, adj. Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c., sober, temperate, abstemious, s. m. A saint, a sace, one who subdues or controls his passions.

संत्रक adj. Joined with connected, attached; mixed, blended; endowed with, possessed of.

संगोत s.m. Intimate union or association; adherence, junction, conjunction; accident, event, occurrence, chance, hap, luck.

संगोगी s. m. An ascetic who does not observe a vow of continence, but has a family.

संबद्ध adj. Joined, united, adherent. संबद s. m. A year ; an era. संबद्धर s. m. A year.

संबद्धा v. n. To be dressed, prepared or

arranged, to be decorated, to suit, prosper.

संशद है s. m. Communication of in-संबाद • telligence; information, news.

संवारना v. a. To prepare, dress, deck, decorate; adjust, adorn, arrange, accomplish.

संभव s. m. Doubt, uncertainty; dread,

संभागाका s. m. A sceptic.

संत्रवान ad j. Dubions, uncertain.

संग्रदापन adj. Affected with doubt, hesitating, dubious; doubtful, uncertain. [cal.

संग्राम adj. Dubious, doubting, scepti-संस्थान v. n. To jingle, to ring; to faint; to simmer. Sansanahat, s. f. An imitative sound, ringing, jingling; simmering; fainting.

संसद s. m. Doubt, apprehension fear, anxiety.

संसर्व s. m. Union, proximity. approximation, contact; acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse; sensual attachment.

संसर्ग adj. Familiar, friendly, keeping company, acquainted, an acquaintance.

संसार s. m. The world, the habitation of mortals.

मंचारी adj. Worldly, mundane.

被新了 s. m. Completing, accomplishing, finishing, perfecting; an essential and purificatory rite or ceremony amongst the Hindus; purification, consecration.

संकात adj. Wrought, made, artificially produced; excellent best; decorated, ornamented. s. m. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindus.

संख्यान s. m. A place where four roads meet; form, figure, shape; fabrication, construction; a vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode.

संख्या s. m. Touching. contact, laying hold of.

संहत adj. Compact, close; collected, assembled.

संहतता s.f. Compactness ; approximation, contact.

संस्ति s. f. Assemblage, collection, heap; union, junction; compactness.

संपार s. m. Destruction, loss; the destruction of the world; making away, killing, murdering. adi. Killed.

संद्वानी o. a. To kill, to make away with. संद्विता s.f. An arrangement of the text of the Veds into short sentences; a comprendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends, &c.

Haz adj. Bad, vile, s.m. A small tree (Trophis aspera); a cart; the name of a Hindu holiday

सक्तरक adj. Thorny, prickly; troublesome, perilous. s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria)

enns. f. Power, strength, ability; the energy or active power of a deity; the female organ as the counterpart of the phallic personification of Shiva, and worshipped either literally or figuratively by a sect of Hindus, thence termed Saktas.

सकता v. n. To be able.

सक्ता adj. Small (not having room enough), harrow, strait.

स्कराई s. f. Smallness, want of room,

ustiff v. a. To straiten, to deprive of necessary room; to cause to accept (bill, 3c.).

सकान s. f. The entering of the sun into a new sign.

सक्षेत्र s. m. (In grammar) The transitive verb.

सक्त adj. All, whole, entire.

सकाना v. n. To be sorrowful, to be wearied.

सकार s. m. Dawn of day, morning.

सकारण adj. Having a cause, originating from a cause.

सकारणा v. a. To accept (a bill of exchange, &c.)

सदारी s.f. Dawn of day, morning.

सकाल adj. Betimes, early in the morning.

सक्ष s.f. Shrinking, awe, fear, shame, सक्ष्या v. n. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.

चक्चाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid. v a. To abash.

सक्त s. m. A kinsman, one of the same family name and common origin.

सकेत adj. Narrow, strait. s. f. Want, distress. सक्केतना v. a. To tighten, to straiten.

सकेणना v. n. To shrink, to shrivel, to gather up (the limbs, as a tortoise).

सकेला s. m. A kind of iron.

सकी र s. m. Regard, respect, esteem.

सञ्जोकता v. n. To shrink, to draw up (the limbs), to gather up, shrivel, tighten, contract. v. a. To contract, draw up.

सकोष aaj. Angry, displeased.

स्कोरा s. m. A small earthen vessel. सकोरी s. f. A sancer.

सक्तक s. m. A species of poison.

सम्भाषा s.f. A tree (Mimosa Suma).

war s. m. A friend; an associate, s companion. स्वित्व s. m. Friendship.

सङ्गो s. f. A woman's female friend or companion a confidante, &c.

सञ्जाजन s. f. A female friend or confidente.

सञ्च s. m. Friendship.

स्यम् adj. Fragrant, odoriferous.

सगपहता s. ms. Greens dressed with

सगर adj. Poisonous. s. m. A sovereign of Ajodhya.

सग्दे adj. Prond ; elated.

un adj. Related (of the same parents), full, own; a relative, a kin. s. m. Kin. Saga bhai, Own brother.

स्वारंत } s. f. Relationship by the स्वारंत } same parents, consanguinity, relationship, kin; betrothing for marriage; second marriage, of a woman of low tribe. Sagai karns, To contract a marriage, to affiance, to betroth.

सन्त adj. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c.

सन्त s m. Augury, omen.

समोती s. f. Animal food, meat, flesh. समोत adj. Being of one family, of kin, related. s. m. A distant kinsman.

समन odj. Thick (as s head of hair, clouds, wood, &c.

THE adj. Narrow. contracted. s. m. Difficulty, trouble, vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, anguish.

HET s. m. Mixing, blending, confounding: a mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance, and again from their commorce with the descendants of such a councetion, or the indsicriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another; most Hingus

of the present age or of one of the many branches of this 1acc, the highest of which is impure and inferior to the Sudra; under this term (Sankar) two kind of men are included according to the Ramayın, the one denominated yonisankar, mixed of degraded by birth, and the other, acharsankar, degraded by conduct,

सक्षेत्र s. m. Attracting, drawing.

सङ्ख s. m. Collection, quantity; adidition (in arithmetic).

सङ्ख्य s. m. Contact, junction ; addition

t m arithmetic).

বহুলিন adj. Henned, piled, arranged, added. s. m. Addition (in arithmetic).

सहस्य s. m. Volition, will, resolve, mental determination : a solemn vow or declaration of purpose.

सर्भग v. a. To give alms (by making a religious vow), to vow.

संदोचं adj. Crowded, confused,

सङ्गीर्तन s. m. Celebrating, praising; honour, glorification.

सङ्ख्ति adj. Unblown, unopened; abashed. सङ्ख्या adi. Growded. confused. filled

with so as to be impervious.

sign, gesture, gesticulation. सदैनवान s.m. A place of assignation.

सहीय s. m. Shutting, closing contracting, contraction; shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence; a sort of fish, a scate (Raid Sancara).

বহীৰৰ s. m. Astringing; causing to shrink or close; the not of shrinking. বহুৰাৰ adj. Bashful, reserved, diffident; বহুৰ s. m. Going, moving, travelling; the passage of a planetary body through the zodiao, स्कान adj. Entered (into a new sign). स्कानि s. f. The actual passage of the sun or other planetary bodies from one sign of the zodiac into another.

सङ्घेष s. m. Abridgement, abbreviation, conciseness, compression.

errar s.f. Number, numeration, count-

TIL s. f. Number in general, or a number, a numeral, s. m. Arsenic.

ing, uniting. सन्त a. m. Friendship, acquaintance;

सक्त s. m. Friendship, acquaintance; union, meeting.

wwfa s. f. Meeting. union; association, intercourse; coition; collection, congregation, company, society; a place where the Sikk; celebrate their

religious ceremonies.

www s. m. Meeting, union, junction, the encounter of persons, the association of friends or loves, the confluence of rivers; coition; (in astronomy) Planetary conjunction.

www s. m. War, battle; misfortune,

ert s. m. War, battle; misfortune, calamity; promise, assent, agreement, lines, entrenchment.

, सङ्ग्री s. f. Pincers, forceps.

unit adj. Uniting with, going to or with. attached; libidinous, lustfull desirous. s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

eria s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing, and music, as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सहीपन s. m. Hiding, concealment. उम्म च s. m. A compilation and abridgment; quantity, collection. अपु पच s. m. Collecting, compiling-समु पच s. f. Diarrhos, dysentary, चङ्काम 8. m War, battle,

er s. m. Flock, multitude, number, a collection of living beings either of the same or different species; a sheap, a quantity in general.

Two adj. True. s. m. Truth. adv. Indeed; in earnest, actually, truly.

स्वतुष adj. or adv. True, truly.

सम्बाग्द adj. All, whether animate or inanimate.

समार्थ s. f. Trnth, veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

as s. m. Friendship, intimacy, connexion.

सचेत adj. With circumspection, with caution, with reflection or consideration, mindful, conscious, attentive,

cautions. स्वेतन adj. Rational; conscions, sensible. सवेट vdj. Active, making effort.

समीटी s. f. Fidelity, rectitude, honesty,

eur adj. True, genuine, real, honest, just, sincere, faithful, sure.

संबाद s. f. Truth, veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

संबिद्धानन् s.m. Brahma or the Supreme Spirit.

सम s. m. Shape, ornament, appearance, preparation. Sajdar, Well-shaped, handsome.

सत्तपत्त s. f. Preparation and appearance. समय s. m.f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, mistress.

समाग v. n. To be prepared; to fit, to become, to beseem v. s. To dress, to ornament, to accourte, to adjust, to rectify. s. m. Respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

or containing water, wet, filled with

सम्बा s. m. Third brother of four or more.

सम्बामा v. a. To cause, to prepare.

enit s. f. The price paid for making belts or scabbards; preparation.

सजाति adj. Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c.

सञ्जाना v. a. To cause to prepare.

मजाव s. m. Preparation, ornament.

संजावध s.f. Proparation ; contrivance. संजोता adj. Well-shaped, handsome,

graceful. सओर adj. Alive, living.

सञान adj. Of good family, well-born; respectable, reputable; good, virtuous, s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

सञ्जा adj. Armed, accountered; ornamented, decorated. s. f. Dress, decoration; armour, mail.

बजो s. f. A kind of mineral alkali, natron, impure carbonate of Soda,

Hua s. m. Heap, quantity, number, multitude; purse, capital, stock, store, saving, heaping up, hourd.

સંદ્રથી ady. Who collects, guthers, heaps or hoards up.

Ψαις s, m. Difficult progress; a gem supposed to be in the head of a serpent.

सञ्चारिका s. f. A female messenger or go-between ; a bawd.

संचित adj. Accumulated, collected, gathered.

ভাষাৰ s. f. Plant (Salvinia cucullata). ভাষাৰ adj. With knowledge; knowing, intelligent, wise, Sayyani, adj. Wise, intelligent.

श्रदक s. f. An elastic rod, thick at one end and thin at the other.

सटकना e. n. To run away, to disappear, to flee, to sheer off. सटबार s. f. Taperingness, vanishing of a tapering body at the extreme point, disappearance.

चढनाग ७. ७. To balk, to disappoint, to cause to disappear.

चटना v. n. To join, to adhere, to stick, to unite. [surprised.

सटपटाना v. n. To be confounded, to be सटस s.f. Foolish prattle, falsehood.

Sotali, s. f. Chattering nonsense; falsehood.

सदाना v. a. To unite, stick, make adhere. स्टास्ट s. f. Sticking or striking together, adhering, uniting.

ब दिया s. f. A stick.

exts. f. Zedoary (Curcuma zerumbet, but applied also to the Curcuma amada).

चटोस्टो adj. Joined, glued, stuck together crowded.

a commentary. [collusion.

चहाबहा s. m. An amour, combination, चढ adj. Cunning; ignorant,

संडियाना v. n. To be turned of sixty years : to be decrepid, or in one's dotage, to be superannuated.

सडी हा s. m. A sweetmeat, consisting of meal, sugar, ginger, spices, &c. (particularly given medicinally to child-bed women, and distributed, as candle is, to gassips).

सङ्ब s. f. A road .

सङ्ग s.f. Rottenness, rot, putrefaction. सङ्ग v. n. To rot; to ferment.

w sdj. Rotten, musty, stinking.

स्थान। v. a. To cause to rot; to make ferment, to steep.

THE S. J. Rottenness, mustiness.

THE S. J. A disagreeable smell, fetor, stench. Saráhand márna, To

fetor, steuch. Sardhand márna, T give forth a fetid odour, stink.

सणस्य s. m. Packthread. us s. m. A eunneh.

स्कुती s. f. Tongs, pincers.

neg adj. Strong, fat, stout, s. m. hardened excrement, Scybala.

How H s. m. A necessary, a water closet (opening into the streets), a sink. संबद्धामा s. m. Large pincers. .

सन्द्रासी s. m. A class of Hindu mendicants.

सत adj. True ; right, actual ; good, virtuous. s. m. The true God, the always present and all pervading spirit; power, strength, essence the principal of goodness; juice, sap; virtue ; truth. adv Actually.

BRATET s. m. A feast given in the seventh mouth of pregnancy.

स्तनी s. f. The seventh lunar day.

ears adj. Seventeen.

पतराना v. n. To be angry.

सत्त्रका ady. Seven-fold, of seven strings or rows (a chain of pearls, &c.)

सत्तवडी s. f. A necklace of seven string. सत्रका adj. Virtuous, chaste, honest, adhering to truth.

सतसर तथा. Sixty-seven.

सन्तर्भा s. f. The name of a book written by Biheri Lál (an inhabitent of Gwalior), containing 700 distiches or dohasin Brija-bhakha.

स्तहत्तर्वत्।, Seventy-seven.

सतामा v. a. To tease, vex, fret, trouble, . afflict, ail, harm, interrupt, annoy, grieve, harass. Satau, s. m.f. Vexer, teaser, tormentor.

Wat adj. f. Chaste, virtuous, constant. s. f. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife who burns herself with her husband's corpse.

सर्वाल s. m. Virtuousness or purity in a । सत्ताय s. m. The property of goodness.

सतीच s. m. A. fellow-student, the pupil of the same spiritual preceptor.

सतीला adj. Powerful, strong.

सतीवाइ s. f. A tomb, grave, burning ground, the place where a suti is burned.

सत्या s. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste ady. (Applied to a kind of ginger). Pulverable, free from threads or fibres. Satua sankrant, The entering of the sun into Aries, on which day the meal of parched grain is distributed to the Brahmans.

धनकमं s. m. A good act, piety, virtue ; hospitality: funeral obsequies.

सन्कार s. m. Reverence, respect; hospitable treatment or reception ; doing good, a pious action.

सनिकया s. f. Funeral or obsequial ceremonies; doing good, charity; virtue. &c.; salutation; welcome. courtesy: hospitality.

सत्तम adı. Best, excellent ; very venerable or respectable; most virtuous. ETT ad). Seventy. Sattara-bahat tara,

adı, Old, decrepid, doting. सता s. f. Being, existence, goodness,

excellence, s. m. power, strength. सभादेस adj. Twenty-seven.

समान adj. Ninety-seven.

सनावन adj. Fifty-seven.

सत्तासी adj. Eighty-seven.

इत्रह. m. An enemy.

an s. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste.

um s. m. One of the three Guns or properties of man and nature, the quality of excellence or goodness; substance, thing; vigour, power; essence ; a substantive noun.

चलता s. f. Purity, goodness.

eques m. A good road; correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c.

चनाव s. m. A worthy or virtuous person.

सनपुत s. m. A virtuous son.

सन्पुर्व s. m. A worthy or spirited man.

सन्दत्त s. m. The pomegranate. सल adj. True ; sincere, honest, speaking the truth. s. m. Truth ; an oath , the first Yuj or age, the golden age. comprising one million seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand years, the uppermost of the seven Loks or worlds, the abode of Brahma, and heaven of truth.

सत्यता s. f. Truth, trueness.

सत्यम adv. Iudeed, verily,a particle of interrogation, and asseveration.

सन्ययुग s. m. The first of the four Yuus or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or the golden age, comprising a term of I, 728, 000 years.

सुत्रकांबाह. m. The uppermost of the seven Loks or world, the abode of Brahma, and heaven of truth.

सन्दर्भ s. m. Speaking truth. चलाडी adı. Who speaks truth.

सन्यमाची s. m. An unexceptionable witness.

सन्यात्वा s. m. A virtuous and upright man.

सव्यानाच s. m. (A term of imprecation signifying) Depravation, destruction. Satyanas karna, To make the ruin, destruction, or mischief (of any one or any thing). Satyanas jana, or, hona. To be the depravation, destruction, ruin, &c., (of any one or any thing), to be destroyed or ruined.

कलानामी adj. Depraved, bad, destroyed damaged; a thorny plant.

सन्धावत s. m. Commerce, ttrade, traffic

being a mixed practice of touth and lies).

He s. m. The quality of excellence or goodness.

सलर alj. Quiek, expeditions. adv. Quickly, swiftly.

सल्दना s. f. Quickness, speed.

सवाइ s. m. Association with the good. चलांचा adj. Child born in the seventh mouth.

सथवार s. m. A heap of slain.

स्थनारा s. m. A sweetmeat given to a childbed woman.

रुचिया s. m. A. surgeon ; a mark in form of a cross, the four arms of which are bent at right angles; prefixed in vermilion by Hindus to their account books at the commencement of a new year; the same figure is formed on the ground with flour, at marriages and other ceremonies.

सदन s. m. A place, house, mansion.

बद्य adj. Benevolent, compassionate. ezar s. f. The female of the little bird

called Amadavat; a kind of mendicant सदस s. m. Any person present at an assembly, a spectator, an assessor,

a member, &c. सदा adj. Always, at all times.

चदानित s. m. Final happiness, emancipation from life; the Supreme Spirit.

सहाचार s. m. Virtuous conduct.

सदाना adj. Good, virtnous. सहानन्द adj. Always happy.

सदानच s. m. A wagtail.

सदापुषी s.f. A shrub, gigantic swallowwort, the white variety.

सहायत इ. m. The cocoanut tree ; the glomerous fig-tree; the jack (Artocorpus integrifolia ?) ; the Bel (Ægle marmelos).

सदाजत s. m. Alms, or food distributed daily to the poor, travellers, &c. सदाजित s. m. Shiva.

सन

सदासभाग s f. A bird (Trogon dilectus) a flower (Hibiscus phæniceus, the white variety); skind of mendicant dressed like a woman.

सदिया s.f. The female of theelittle bird called Amadavat.

सद्भर s. m. A proper or good reply. सदस adp. Like, similar.

wends. f. Likeness, sameness.

सदेश adj. Near, proximate; of the same country or place.

सदेष ady. With body, adv. Bodily.

conduct.

ex ally. Good. pure, virtuous ; ex cellent, eminent.

Tail s. m. A pure or holy disposition or nature, a good temper; amiability, kindly feeling; the property of goodness.

स्थमा v. n. To be fully instructed or or disciplined.

समझें adj. ()hserving the same customs or laws.

स्पद्ध s. f. A wife, whose husband is living.

सधाना v. a. To train animals; to perform.

सन s. m. Name of a plant (Crotalaria juncea), a kind of flax ; a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

सनस्त्राचा v. n. To jingle, to ring, to

सनस्त s. m. Packthread, or a net made

anum s.m. A disease in which the body is seized with universal chilliness, deliquium: it is explained by the Hindu physicians to be that in

which the three humours, bile, phlegm and atrabilis are corrupted, सना s. m. Senna.

सनावन adj. Eternal, continual, perpetual; firm, fixed, permanent.

सनाया s. f. A woman whose husband is living.

सन्या s. m. A kind of Tasar cloth.

सनीचर s. m. Sacuru, Saturday.

सनीचरा ady. Unlucky (fellow). s.m. Name of a mountain near Gwalior.

सन s. m. A kind of devotee, a saint.

सन्तरित s. f. Race, lineage; a son, a daughter, offspring, progeny.

सन्ता adj. Distressed, afflicted, wretched. सन्ता adj. Depraved; miserly.

स्त्रात s. m. Family, race, lineage ; offspring, progeny, a son or daughter, children.

स्ताप s. m. Hent, burning heat ; offliction, sorrow, pain, distress, misery, repentance.

सनापी बत्रे. Sad, sorrowful.

सन्ते s. m. A succedancum,

सन्तृष्ट adj. Satisfied, gratified, delighted, content, pleased.

सन्ते adv. Instead, stead.

মনীয় s. m. Content, putience, satisty, satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight, happiness, gratification. Santosh karna, To be patient, to be content. মুন্দীয়া adj. Patient, contented; con-

soled, comforted, gratified. सन्दिष्य adj. Doubted, questioned, doubt-

हादम aaj. Doubted, questioned, wood ful. सन्देश s. m. News, tidings, information ;

a message. सन्देशो s. m. A messenger.

सन्देश s. m. Doubt, uncertainty, suspicion, apprehension, hesitation, anxiety. सप्टेडी adj. Donbtful, scrupulous, dis- [trustful, suspicious.

सन्धान s. m. Spying, prying into secrets. Sandhan pana, v. a. To trace, to discover.

सन्धाना s.m.) Pickles, &c., acid pre-**स**न्धानी *s. f.* paration of the Bel and other fruits.

सन्धि s. m. Union, junction, connexion, combination; peace, making peace, pacification ; a hole, a chasm.

सन्ता s. f. Twilight, either morning or evening; a period of time, forenoon, afternoon, or mid-day.

सन्धाकाल s. m. Twilight.

सन्धासमय s. m. Evening twilight.

सन्नि s. f. Reverence, obeisance, reverential salutation. EN v. n. To be imprognated; to be

stained, soiled, smeared or defiled; to be kneaded, mixed up (as flour, dough, earth, &c.)

सन्नाटा s. m. The roaring of the waves, rumbling noise made by wind and rain at a distance, sound, bluster.

सविक्षपं ८. ल. Proximity, approxima-सक्तिमान ह. गा. tion, nearness. सनिधि ह. र्र.

Higgin s. m. Morbid state of the three

humours.

सिविद्य adj. Near, proximate, at hand, present.

सन्मान s. m. Respect, for the good; respect, esteem, reverence, regard. सन्तानी adi. Polite, civil ; respectful.

सवाब adj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against,

सद्यास s. m. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions.

सन्नामी s. m. Brahman of the fourth order, the religious mendicant: an ascetic, a devotee.

सपण s. f. An oath, an asseveration. सपदि alv. Instantly, in a moment, quickly, swiftly.

सपना s. m. A dream.

8. m. A dream, Sapudosh s. m. Nocturnal pollution. Sapnabichari, s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

सपक्षव adj. With spiouts, shoots, or twigs (a pot, &c. in times of rejoicing). सपच s. m. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, one of the same side or

party. सुव । s. m. A tractable and dutiful

सपत (Son. & m. A young snake just सपीन्त्या 🕻

hatched. सप्रनो s.f. The seventh day of the fortnight.

HHIE s. m. Λ week,

सफरी s. f. A small glistening fish. commonly termed Punthi, a sort of carp (Cyprinus Sophore).

सफल adj. Productive, fruitful, learing fruit, yielding a profit, &c.

€ ady. All, every, the whole, total. (In the inflection of the plural this word generally becomes Subhon). Sub kuchh, Every thing, all. Sab koi. Every body, every one. Sab khouws. Omnivorous, one who eats all kind of food without exception. Sab misri ki hyn daliyan (all are pieces of sugar), is applied to denote equality or similitude of state, form ; &c. सब्द adj. Powerful forcible.

सन्दाई s. f. Power, force, strength. सबेर adj. Early, soon, in good time. सर्वेश s. m. Morning, dawn.

स्वेरे adv. In the morning early, soon. सबीवर adj. Everywhere.

es s. m. Sound in general; a sound, a word; (in gram.) a declinable

word, as a noun, pronoun, &c.; a song (among Nanakpanthis).

सभव adj. Fearing, fearful. .

TWI s.f. An assembly, meeting, company. [sembly.

सभापति s.m. The president of an as-सभापत s.m. One of a company, an assistant at an assemble of meeting; (in law) an assessor.

स्थ adj. Trusted, confidential, faithful. s. m. An assistant at an assembly; an assessor.

स्थाता s. f. Politeness, refinement in manners.

सम adj. All, whole, entire; like, similar. s. m. A tone in music.

unw s.f. Understanding, comprehension, knowledge, opinion, conception, thought. mind.

ভ্ৰমান্য v. a. To understand, compresuppose, think, conceive, consider, deem, fancy perceive, apprehend, know, come to an understanding (mith).

सम्भातार adj. Prudent, wise, considerate.
सम्भाना v. a. To make comprehend,
to explain, to account for, to convince, describe, inform, safety, undeceive, warn, admonish, instruct,
apologize.

समकावा है s.f. Act of explaining, समक्रीतो convincing or giving confidence.

Property, fitness.

Runt s. f. Sameness, similarity, equality, similitude, parallelism, resemblance, comparison, parity.

समदर्भी s. m. Impartial, equally viewing both sides.

समदःश्व adj. Sympathizing, feeling for another's woe.

समधन s. f. Child's mother in law. समधी मतावा s. m. The mutual embracing of two Sambhis.

ससमध्याना s. m. The family of a child's father-in-law.

समधी s. m. Child's father-in-law.

समात्र adj. Of like nature or property. s. m. Equability; sameness.

समभूमि s. m. Even ground. समय s. m. Time; leisure, opportunity;

season, fit or proper time for any thing.

समर s. m. War, tattle, conflict. समर्थे adj. Strong, powerful; able, adequate to, capable. s. m. Strength, power.

समयेक s.m. Aloe wood (Amyrisagallocha). समयेता s. f. Strength, power, poweress; ability, capability, adequacy.

समधी adj. Strong, powerful.

समर्पेष s. m. Delivering, consigning, committing, entrusting to another. समर्पित adj. Delivered, made over, con-

signed, समर्थाद वर्त). Correct in conduct. समस् वर्ता). Dirty, muddy, filthy. समस् वर्ता). All, whole, entire, complete.

समा र .m. Time, season; plenty, समा र abundance; state, condition; concord, harmony, unison. Same-bandhaa v. n. To be in concert

समार्थ : f. Endurance ; patience ; capability.

समाद्या s. f. Fame, reputation. समाद्यात adj. Famed, celebrated; notorious, public.

समागत adj. Arrived, approached, met, encountered; united, joined.

समायति s.f. Arrival, approach; union, joining; encountering, meeting; similar condicion or progress.

समागम s m. Union, junction; arrival,

approach; association, acquaintance, intercourse; encounter, meeting.

सनाचार adj. Equal or like in virtuous conduct, s. m. Information, tradition, news, tidings, intelligence, advice, account of circumstances or health, &c.

समाज s.m. A multitude, a number (of any thing except beasts); an assembly; a meeting; apparatus; society. समाजे s.f. Musicians that attend dancers.

सनाधान s. m. Religious meditation; promising, declaring; consolation, comfort, solace; pacification; adjustment, the act of satisfying.

দাখি s.f. Tomb of a Jogi, particularly where Hindus, from religious motives, submit to be buried alive; deep and devout meditation; an exercise of austerity among Jogis, whereby they are supposed to acquire the power of suspending during their pleasure the connextion between their soul and body.

समान adj. Like, akin, alike, similar, equal, adequate; one, uniform, same. s.f. Equality; level, rank.

समानकाकीन adj. Occuring or produced at the same period.

समानजन्मा adj. Of equal age.

समानता s. f. Sameness, resemblance, equality, likeness; community of kind or quality. [into.

समाग v. n. To be contained in, to go समापन s. m. Conclusion, completion, finish.

समापन adj. Finished, done, completed, concluded.

समापित | क्ट्रों. Finished, done, con-समाप्त | cluded, completed, accomplished, perfected. समाप्ति s.f. End, conclusion, completion, perfection, finish.

समालो s. f. A collection of flowers, a nosegay, &c.

समाजू s. m. A plunt (Vitex trifolia and negundo).

सभाव s. m. Room, space.

समावेश s. m. Entrance.

समास s. m. Contraction, abridgement, conciseness; compositions of words, formation of compound terms (in grammar).

रिमित्त s. f. Sameness, likeness, equality. रुमिष s. f. Fuel, wood, grass, &c., employed to kindle or light a fire.

सनीकरण s. m. (In arithmetic) Equation. सनीप adj. Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. postpos mas. Near.

समीपता s. f. Proximity, contiguity. समीपी s. f. Proximity, nearness.

समुचित adj. Fit, right, proper.

समुख्य s. m. Assemblage, collection, either in thought or fact; conjunction of words or sentences.

समुखनि s. f. Origin, production, birth.

समुत्पन adj. Born, produce.

समुकान s. m. Festivity.

समुद्द्य s. m. Ascent, rise; rising (as of the sun, &c.)

समुदाय s. m. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. adj. Aggregate.

चसुइ s. m. A sea, an ocean.

समुद्रक्ष s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

समुद्रतह s. m. The sea coast. समद्रतीर s. m. The sea-shore.

समुद्रफोन s. m. The dorsal scale or cuttlefish bone (Sepis officinalis).

समुद्रसम्बद्ध s. m. Sea salt.

समुद्रविष्ट s. m. Submarine, fire.

चसुद्रसीख इ. m. A medicine (Convolvulus argentius).

बसुद्रान s. m. The sea shore, adv. As

far as the ses.

समुद्राला s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum alhagi); the cotton plant; a gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

सम्पा

समुद्रास् s. m. A shark; a large fabulous fish, perhaps intending the whale, hyperbolically described.

समुद्रिक s. f. Palmistry, fortung-telling, the art of physiognomy.

समृद्धिको s.m. A fortune-teller, a physiognomist, a palmister.

समृद्रिय alj. Marine, oceanic, maritime. सम्बा adj. Entire, whole.

समूह s. m. Assemblage, aggregate in general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c.

समें धमें धमें array opportunity.

स्ति s. f. An astringent, a medicine used by women for constringing purposes; contraction.

समिटना v. a. To collect together, to a mass; to constringe, contract, compress, brace, to cause to shrivel or shrink. [with.

समेत adv. With, along with, together सभी s. m. Season, time.

समीना v. a. To cool warm warm by mixing it with cool water.

समान s. f. Prosperity, success, iucrease of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c.; advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence; a necklace of pearls, &c.

समा adj. Accomplished, completed, affected, obtained; drosperous, fortunate, thriving, happy.

सन्दर्भ श. m. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction ; copulation.

हम्पाइक adj. Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c. सन्पादन s. m. Gaining, acquiring ; accomplishing, effecting.

सम्पादित adj. Attained, obtained, gained, gotten; effected, accomplished.

सम्बद्ध s. m. A casket, a covered box. समूच ad). Whole, entire, complete,

हम्पूष od). Whole, entire, complete, finished.

सम्प्रका s. f. Fulness, completiou.

सन्प्रति adv. Now, at present, at this time.

समादाज s. m. Gift. donation; (in grammar) the dative case.

सम्बद्ध s m. Traditional doctrine what has been transmitted from one teacher to another, and is established as of sacred authority.

समाधन s. m. Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or completely.

सम्बद्धान s. m. Setting out on a journey. सन्त्राप्त adj. Attained, obtained, getten. सन्त्राप्त s. f Obtaining, getting, acquisi-

सन्त्रीत adj. Well pleased, delighted. सन्त्रीत s.f. Attachment, affection; de-

tion.

light.

सन्त स. m. Connexion, affinity, relation; connexion by birth or marriage, retionship; rhyme, metre; (in grammar) the possessive case.

समाधी adj. Related to, a relation, a connexion; connected with, belonging or relating to. s. m. A relation; son or daughter's father-in-law.

समाधि s. f. The vocative case. समोधन s. m. Calling, addressing, calling

to; the vocative case; comfort, soothing, encouragement, the act of consoling.

स्थाना ७ n. To be supported, to stand, stop, be firm, recover one's self from a fall, &c.

way s. m. Capacity, appropriateness,

adoptation; possibility; consistency.

ঘমান্তন্য v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield protect, stop, return, restrain, check, repress.

सभागना s. f. Considering, reflecting, fitness, suitableness; adequacy, compotency; possibility; probability; (in grammar) the sense of the potential mood.

समानित adj. Possible.

লমাণৰ s. m. Conversation, discourse. মম s. m. A parent, a progenitor.

समा म s. m. Enjoyment, pleasure, delight; coition, copulation,

सभीगी ady. Sensual, sensualist.

सभोजन s. m. A meal partaken together, a convivial party.

समान s. m. Esteem, respect, reverence, honour, awe.

समात adj. Assented or agreed to, concurred in, approved of; conformable to. s. m. Opinion, sentiment.

समाति s. f. Wish, desire; agreement, assent, similarity of opinion or purpose; approbation.

सन्तान s. m. Respect, homage.

सभाव adj. Respectable, honourable. सभाव adj. Like, similar, same ; of equal measure or extent; meted, measured.

सम्बद्ध adj. Encountering, facing, in front of,

समा खोन adj. Before, in front or in face of.

सम्भ adj. Fascinated, bewildered; stupified, astounded.

समीद s. m. Pleasure, delight.

स्योइ s. m. Ignorance; folly; beguilement, fascination; stupefaction.

समोदित adj. Beguiled, fascinated; enrapture, overcome with delight. स्यक adv. All, wholly ; properly, fitly, in the right manner.

स्वन s. m. Sleep, repose.

सवान s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.

स्थाना ady. Conning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacions, clever, prudent : mature (in understanding), grown np.

WE s. m. An arrow; a lake, a pool.

सरकड़ा } s.m. A reed (Saccharum pro-सरकड़ा } cerum).

सरकार v. n. To be moved, to remove, move, stir, to get out of the way, budge.

सरकाना v. a. To move, put on one side, to move out of the way.

सरम्य adj. All qualities, possessing all qualities (an epithel of the deity).

HIZ s. m. A lizard, a chameleon.

सरद s. m. A kind of musk-melon.

सरन } s. f. An asylum, shelter, pro-सरना } tection.

स्रजा v. n. To be performed, to be carried on, to issue, to be ended.

चरनायत s. m. A refugee, one who has come for protection or refuge.

सरनागनवस्त adj. Merciful to those come for sanctuary, an epithet of the Deity. सर्प s. m. A serpent.

सरपट s. f. Galloping. Sarpat phenkha. To set off in a gallop.

स्यव s. m. A kind of reed, or reed-grass (Sacharum procerum).

utas. m. Every thing, whole property. uta adj. Plain, artloss, honest, sincere, simple, candid, upright; perpendicular, straight, s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus longifolia); a bird (Pavo bicalcarata).

सरवा adj. Upright, tall, straight, s. f. A variety of the plans called *Teori*. सरवर s. m. A lake, pond, tank, Sarwar.

adj. Equal.

सर्व adj. Best, excellent, prime ; more, | सरी s. f. The shaft of an arrow ; a reed abundant, plenty.

सर्भराजा v. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a suake does when creeping.

Hier adj. Best, excellent, prime; more, abundant, plenty. [lence. सरसाई s. f. Increase, abundance, excel-

संशों s. f. A species of mustard (Sinavis dichotoma .

सरस्त adj. Elegant.

सर्वती s. f. The wife of Brahma, the goddes of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts and the inventress of the Sanscrit language and Devnagri letters; a river. the Sarsaty, which rivers on the mountains bounding the morth-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction. and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the Bhatti, according to the Hindus the river only disappears in this place, and continuing course under ground, joins the Ganges and Jamna at Allahabal. HTI s. f. An earthen cover of a pot. सराई s. f. A small cover.

'HTIG s. m. Curse, imprecation. Sarap dena, To curse.

सरापना v. a. To curse.

सराव s. m. A lid. or a shallow cup or sancer used as such.

सुराबक् s. m. A Hindu tribe ; the followers of the Jun religion; the laity.

सरावन s. m. A harrow.

HITE s. f. Praise, commendation. सराइन s. m. Praising.

सरापना v. a. To praise, commend, approve, appland, celebrate.

सर्गिम s. m. The gamut; sol-faing, solmization.

of which arrows are made.

सरीका adj. Like, resembling ; so.

UKY adj. Like, resembling, s. m. Own or natural shape, or form, appearance, identity, shape, form, a spectacle ; with form, with appearance,

EXPRI s.f. Likeness, resemblance. सद्यी adj. In its own shape, as it really appears.

सरेका s. f. The ninth mansion of the moon, consisting of five stars, probably in Cancer, ady. Cunning, sly. सरेश 8. m. Glue, starch.

स्रोज s. m. A lotus.

स्रीता s. m. A kind of scissors for cutting betel-nut.

सरीय adj Sick, diseased.

सरीवर s. m. A lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow.

सरी ही s. f. A kind of scimitar.

सर्राज s. f. A kind of seed.

स्त्रिंड. f. Natron, alkali. eq s. m. A snake, a sorpent,

स्पेत्रवा s. f. A plant, perhaps the same as the serpent ophioxylon.

सप्त्र s. m. A mushroom.

सर्पक्ष क s. m. The snake-stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abras precatorious ; and to be found in the head of the snake. सर्मिष s. m. The snake-stone or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties.

सप्ता s. m. An ichneumon, a man-2008e.

सर्वद्रष s. m. A total eclipse.

ua adj. All, whole, entire, complete, universal.

दिकारी ady. The maker of all things.

स्पेकास t. m. All seasons or times सर्वाजीय adj. Of all times or seasons. सर्वेत adj. Going every where, all prevading.

सर्वेगत adj. Omnipresent, universally diffused.

प्रशेतम s. m. A class of four aromatics, or Kskkol, cloves, agallochum and gum benjamin.

सर्वेजनत् s. f. The universe, the whole world.

মুৰ্বিদন adj. All-subduing, irresistible; all-surpassing, excellent incomparable, s. m. The twenty-first year of the cycle.

सर्वेच adj. Omniscient, all-wise.

चवेश्वता s. f. Omniscience.

सर्वतेक्ष s. m. All splendour or power, सर्वतेक्षास adj. Made, comprising or

consisting of all-splendour or power. भेतीभर बद्धा. Every where auspicions. s. m. A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to

सर्वेव adv. Every where, in all places; always, at all times.

each point of the compass.

स्वेचा adv. In all ways, by all means; assuredly, certainly.

सबैदमम adj. All-subdning, irresistible. सबैदमी adj. All-seeing.

संदा odv. Always, at all times.

सर्वदु:चद्य s. m. Final emancipation from transmigration.

संबंध क. m. Whole wealth or property; (in arithmetic) total of a sun in progression.

सर्वभारी s. f. The twenty-second year of the cycle.

सर्वेनाम s. m. A pronoun.

सर्वेशास s. m. Total destruction, destruction of all.

वर्षेष्वंता s. f. Entire completion o

fulness, complete preparation or provision.

चर्षिय adj. Generally or universally beloved; generally friendly, loving all. चर्षेभच adj. Omnivorous, eating all or any thing, all-degouring.

सबेभाव s. m. Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose.

सर्वभूत s. m. All the elements; all created things.

सर्वेमय adj. General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending.

सर्वराज s. m. The whole night.

सर्वे जोक s. m. The universe.

सर्विद् } ady. Omniscient, all-wise.

सर्वेसमसा s.f. Sameness or identity with all things; equanimity, equal regard

for all.

Even adj. All-enduring, bearing all
things with patience and firmness.
s.m. Bdellium.

सर्वेश s. m. Whole property or possessions; substance, whole essence of any thing.

हर्गेबहण adj. Fined in all one's property. s. m. Confiscation of property, इन्स्यक्ष s. m. Confiscation of a whole property.

सबेसानी s. m. A universal monarch; the owner or master of all. सबैसार s. m. Total confiscation.

सर्वाङ s. m. The whole body.

चर्नाका s. m. The supreme or universal spirit; all beings collectively.

सर्वोधिकार s. m. General control or superintendance.

सर्वधिवारी s. m. A general or head superintendant.

सर्वार्थम् *odv.* For or on account of all. सर्वात्रय *adj.* Giving shelter or protection to all. -बर्नेक s. m. Supreme or universal monarch; the Supreme Being.

- वर्शेविषगण s. m. A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Mura Valeriana Jatamansi, Orris root, Benzoin, Zedoary, Kurk, or Coetes speciosus, red saunders, and Cyperus.

सर्वे। विश्व ह. m. The juice or jufusion of a number of plants as used at a royal inauguration.

wig s, m. A sort of mustard (Single's dichotoma); a kind of poison.

सलक adj. Bushful, modest, ashamed.

सक्ता v. n. To pierce, prick, perforate, enter. s. m. A. rivulet.

सलसलग v. n. To creep (as a snake), to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

समार्थ s. f. A needle, or piece of wire for tinging the eyelids with a collyrium: also used for depriving people of sight which is effected by drawing it while hot, close over the eyes of the sufferer; a lead pencil.

सवाबा s. f. A rule, a ruler ; a probe. स्विता s.f. A river.

स्वित s. m. Water ; liquid.

सचनी s. f. The full moon in Sawun, at which time the ornament called rakhi is tied round the wrist.

सल्प s. m. A little.

संबोध adj. Salted (food). e. m. Name of a district.

Etiler adi. Salted, salt, seasoned ; tasteful ; beautiful ; expressive (a countenance).

संभोगी ady. Seasoned, tasteful ; beautiful · (when applied to a mistress).

सम्बो s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellis thurifera).

चान s. m. A kind of coarse cloth. .

TE e. m. A thong, narrow slips TETT s. m. A companion, a follower.

of leather with which shoes are stitched.

un adj. Foolish (a woman).

स्वयं adj. Like, resembling ; of the same tribe or class ; of the same kind, homogeneous.

Ray ady. With a quarter, a quarter more. want s. m. A title of the Rajah of Jeypore ; a quarter more.

water s. m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Suwanylana, To imitate, &c.

स्थानी s.m. An actor, a mimick.

संबंधना v. n. To try, to prove.

HAIZ s. m. Relish, flavour, taste, sweetness : pleasure.

सराया | संदेखा od) A quarter added.

सनिकास adj. Wanton, sportive.

सृदिश्रय adp. Astonished, surprised. सब्द अतां. Left, left hand ; south, south-

era : reverse, contrary, backward. Tag ady. Fearful, doubtful.

सशीय adj. Sorrowful, sud. adv. Sorrowfully.

समाय adj. Doubtful, uncertain.

सत्ता ady. Cheap.

सनाई s. f. Cheapness.

REISI v. n. To rest. 891 s. m. A hare.

THE s. m. Father-in law.

au s. m. Fruit ; corn, grain.

सफ्दार s. m. A fragrant sort of mango; assistance.

सुरवारिता s. f. Co-operation, assistance. समारी adj. An assistant or associate. e. m. A helper.

सहस्रम s. m. Going with, accompanying; a woman's burning herself on the funeral pile with her deceased husband.

संस्वरी s. f. A wife ; a woman's female friend or confidante.

सहयारी adj. A companion, an atten-

सहन adı. Easy, not difficult, facile. adv. Easily. Schej-subhachi, With natural case.

सम्भाना s.m. A tree, the root of which supplies the place of horseradish (Guilandin: moranga; Hyperanthers moranga,

सङ्ख s. m. Sufferance, endurance ; association union,

सदन adj. Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing, s. m. Bearing; enduring. सदम्हार adj. Sufferable, bearable,

tolerable.

सङ्गरण s.m. Concremation, a widow's burning herself with the corpse of her husband.

सहराना v. n. To thrill, have the hairs stand on end. v a To stroke, rnb gently; ti-kle, titillate; to tire, harass, tease.

सहराउन 8. f. Titillation.

सहरी s. f. A fish, the small carp (Cyprinus chrysonareus).

सद्दर्भाग v. s. To stroke, rub goutly, tickle.

सहजाश्ट s. f. Gentle, rubbing, stroking, titillation,

सहरेगा s. m. A sufferer.

(November December); the winter season; strength, power.

uver adv. Quickly, precipitately, inconsiderately, without consideration or pause.

सप्रमान apj. Patient, enduring.

ever s. m. The month Pousha (December-January). सहस्र s. m. A thousand.

स्वत्य . m. A sort of skate fishr (bitarus pelorius). [ages; महत्त्वय s. m. A period of a thousand: चरवाच adj. Thousand-eyed; used figuratively, vigilnet, all-perceiving, all-inspecting, all-powerful.

बहसी s. mg. Commander or prefect of a thousand.

महाई s. m. Aider, assistant, helper. . महाज adj. Tolerable.

सहायी s. m. Bearing, endurance,

सङ्ग्रामा s. m. A nunsical mode.

and adherent; a helper.

सङ्ख्या s. m. A succourer, aider, ally. सङ्ख्या s. f. Aid, help, assistance, friendship.

सञ्चायतान् adj. Befriended, assisted, accompanied

समारा s.m. Assistance, aid, help, association. Schara karns To abet. स्पार्व adj. Synonymous, having the same meaning.

pany with, associated with, adv.
With, toge her with.

true or correct or good; very well, by

provide.

ष्ट्रभी s. f. A woman's female companion, a handmaid damsel, concubins, न प्रभिद्ध e.m.' A brother of whole bloods; one by the same father and mother. Sahodar bhai, Full brother, बदोन s. m. A plummet.

संशोदी s. f. A kind of door-frame.

um adj. To borne or suffered.

WI adj. Like, resembling most commonly by noty of adjunct; like the English ISH), as Kala-za, Blackish; an adjunct the meaning of which is at times scarcely perceptible, though often it seems to give intensity to the preceding word, as Bahut-za, Much, many, very much,

सास adj. Tractable. s. m. A relation. सास नी s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

संक्षे s. m. Lord, master; (met.) a mendicant; the deity; an imitative sound, as of wind.

times.f. Fear; the asthma; a lump of a sweetmeat (particularly of Julebee).

शाकर) s.f. A chain, a kind of female ornament; a strait, a narrow lane; (met.) difficulty. adj. Tight, narrow, close, strait, strict.

चांकल s. f. A chain.

सासू s. m. A bridge; a kind of wood (Shores robusta).

tin s.f. A spear or javelin, all of iron.
s. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham,
acting, imitation; a scene. Sang
karna, v. a. To act foolishly. Sang
lana, To imitate, to mimick,

कं भी s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

संगोत s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

साजूम s.f. A scate.

संबद s. m. A wife's son by a former husband. [real.

ir adj. True, proper, correct, exact,

संदा s. m. A mould,

संस्था s. f. Evening.

संकार s.m.] Image of cow-dung made by children in the month of Asin, krishna-paksha, to represent idols,

संद १ s. f. Joining, sticking; con-संद १ federacy, collusion; a stick for threshing corn with, a flail.

tizi s. m. A stick or whip with which elephants are beaten at the time of fight; a spur,

साउदा v. a. To join thread, to join, splice, to stick together.

संख् है s. m. A bull; a stallion; (met.) संख् an independent, extravagant fellow.

संहित s. f. A female camel, a dromedary. Sandni-sawar, One who rides on a camel.

tive s.m. Name of an-animal resembling a lizard) the oil of which is said to have restorative powers).

en adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified, appeased. Sant karna, To be appeased or parified.

भाती prep. Instead. s.f. Stead.

संाप s. m. A snake, a serpent. संापन s. f. A female snake.

THE S. M. The name of a town, near Ajmere, in the vicinity of which is a lake, from which salt is extracted; the salt itself.

संस्था adj. Of a dark or sallow com-संस्था s. m. A very small grain (Panicum frumentaceum).

ties s. m. Breath, sigh. Sans ulti leni, To gasp or draw in breath (σε α person in agony) Sansa bharna, To sigh, to regret, Sansa chukna, To be smothered or throttled. Sansarokna, v. a. To suffocate, to stifle. सामना v. a. To snub, distress, threaten. संत्या s. m. Imagination, reflection, fancy, fear, apprehension.

संत्यारिक adj. Worldly, of or belonging to the world.

WIWI s. m. An era, Sika karna, To establish an era; (met.) to distinguish one's self by heroic actions. Sake-bandh, s. m. A king who has established an era.

wiwit ad). Having form or shape. Trust, credit, reputation ;

Bier s. f. A branch.

season.

चाची z. f. An evidence, a witness ; an eve-witness.

साकात adj. Evident, conspicuous. sdv. Before, in the presence of.

साम } s. m. Green, edible vege-स.मगत } tables, culinary herbs. potherb. Sagpat hona, To become

WITT s. m. The ocean ; to bathe the bones of Sagar's 60,000 sons the Ganges is said to have been led by Bhagirath, his great-great grandson, to the ocean, at the place now called Ganga-ságar.

सागन s. f. Teak wood or tree (Tectona grandis'.

wiere s. f. A chain.

WITH ody, Numeral, relating to number. s. m. A system of philosophy, ascribed originally to the Muni Kapil WIF adj. Having all the members. s. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham acting, imitation; a scene. Sáng karns, v. a. To-act foolishly, Sano lana. To imitate, to mimic. us ady. True.

Wiw s. m. Preparation, harness, accontrements.

साजन s. m. A sweetheart, lover.

साजना v. a. To prepare, dress, decorate, bedeck, regulate. v. n. To become, fit, snit.

WING s. m. Partnership, association.

सामते s. m. A partner, associate.

साटबाट s. f. Combining, leaguing, confederating.

साउ adj. Sixiv.

चाडी s m. A kind of rice produced in the rains (so called, becouse it ripens ! in 60 days from the time of sowing).

GIE s. f. A dress consisting of one piece of c'oth worn by Hindu women round the body and passing over the head.

चाड़ी s. m. The spring harvest or grain cut in the spring.

माद s. m. A wife's sister's husband.

चारे adj. (used with nouns of number denotes) With a half (of one, or of the aggregate number in addition to the number specified).

uin adj. Seven, Sát pánch karna, To be in doubt, to be unable to decide what to do. Sat samunder, The name of a game.

Bingi adi. Seventh.

urfaure adj. Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery.

सानित adj. Spontaneous, sincere ; relating to or proceeding from the Setwah quality, honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c.

साय adv. With, together, along with. s. m. Society, company, Sath iske. Along with this; besides, moreover. Sáth uske. Along with that, although, notwithstanding. Sáth-dens, To join, 'associate with, Sath-wala, A comrade, a companion. Báthonsáth, Together with, along with.

साबिन s.f. A female companion.

साबी s. m. A companion, comrade, ally, accomplice, associate. Sáthisáth, Together, in one company.

साहर ady. Respectful. adv. Respectfully.

सादरा s. m. A kind of song.

साहका s. m. Resemblance, similarity. साथ adj. Vittnons, righteons, good, holy. s. m. A religious person, a

mendicant. s. f. Desire.

FINE ads. Completing, perfecting, fin-

ishing, who or what effects or completes; holy, devotee. s. m. A practiser.

মাখন s. m. Accomplising, effecting;

equativ. a. To familiarize gradually to any habit, to teach, learn, habituate, accustom, to use, practise, regulate pacify, correct, rectify, settle, fix or determine, accomplish. s. f. The act of familiarizing by habitude, practice; accomplishment.

सायार्थ aij. In common ; common. सायार्थभं s. m. Common or universal

daty, conduct to be observed by all castes or orders, as humanity, &c.

honest. s. m. A merchant; a kind of mendicant. Signs s. A. Goodness, honesty, correct-

ness, piety.

साधुष्य s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis).

The Kadamb tree (Nancles Cadamba).

सामुद्रीज adj. Virtuons, righteons, wisely or virtuously inclined.

erw adj. Accomplishable, attainable; practicable, easy. s. m. The twenty-second astronomical yea.

सान s. f. A whestone, a grindstone. सामपुष्पाना v. a. To make one understand by hints.

सानी s.f. Chaff or straw mixed with grain (particularly that from which oil has been expressed), as food for cattle.

सान s. m. Table land, level ground on the top or edge of a mountain.

ধাৰে s. m. Conciliation, reconcilement. ধাৰা v. s. To knead, to mix up (flour, dough, earth, &c.), to impregnate,

stam, soil, smear, defile; to whet.
ব্যাহ্য s. m. Proximity, vicinity.

wig s. m. Imprecation, curse.

HIGH s. m. A disorder in which the

सापना v. a. To curse.

winger adj. Faulty, offending.

सापिन s. f. A female snake.

सामस्य adj. Productiveness, fruitfulness.

साबर adj. An elk; a leather of elk's or any kind of deer's hide for bedding; a small anvil.

साबानंत s. m. A spell composed in colloquial language.

चापन adj. Whole, entire.

साम s. m. The third of the four Veds, the prayers of which composed in metre, are always sung or chanted. सामधी s. f. Furniture, tools, apparatus

articles, materiels, sconery.

सामर s. m. A kind of salt.

सामधे s f. Ability. power. सामधी adj. Powerful, mighty, able, capable.

साम्बं s. m. Ability, power.

বাদা s. f. Apparatus, provisions, furniture, articles.

सामाजिक s. m. An assistant or spectator at an assembly, &c. बानाच adj. Common, general, generic, universal.

सामान्यस्य s. m. A generic or specific character.

श्रानाचा s. f. A female who is common to all men, a harlot.

सामी s. f. A ferrule. adv. In front, fronting, before, confronting, opposite.

सामीच s m. Proximity, nearness.

सामिक s. f. Palmistry, chiromancy, fortune-telling, physiognomy.

सामा है... m. Encountering, con-सान्द्रवा है fronting, facting, front, opposition. Samna karna, To confront, oppose, encounter.

बाब } adv. In front, fronting, be-बाम्हने } fore, confronting, opposite.

सामार s. m. An elk.

सायकात s. m. Eventide, evening. साया s. m. Shade.

wire adj. Best, excellent. s. m. The pith or sap of trees, &c. strength, vigour; the essence of any thing, the essential or vital part of it, quintessence; value, worth; manure; iron; the piece used in playing choupur.

GIVE s. m. A musical mode; a peacock a snake, a serpent; a cloud; the cry of a peacock; a deer; a woman; water; the name of a country; a lamp; the Nymphea lotus.

सार्क्षिया s, m. A fiddler.

सारको s. f. A musical instrument like fiddle.

सारमा s. f. Strength, substance; essence सारमा s. m. A. charioteer.

सार्या v. d. To perform, accomplish, effect, complete, make, mend.

चारकी ह s. m. Steel.

स्तरत adj. Substantial, having pith, substance, strength, &c. सारविक त adj. Pithless, sapless.

शारत ६. m. } The Indian crane, male शासी ६. f. | and female, (Ardea Sibiries).

सारसङ s. m. pl. The people of the Saraswat country, or the north-west part of the province of Delhi,

ett adj. All, whole. s. m. Wife's brother-in-law.

मारार्थ 8. m. Abridgment,

चारिका s. f. A bird (Turdus salics); also a myna (Gracula religiosa).

GIR. s. f. Cream; a diess consisting of one piece of cloth worn by Hindn women round the body and passing over the head.

WIE . f. A bird, a starling.

GILTs. f. The ninth lunar asterism.

सावेभीन s. m.-An emperor, a nniversal monarch.

सावेसी सब adj. Universally known prevailing throughout the universe.

सार्वेदिक adj. Of every kind or sort, belonging or relating to every tribe. &c.

FIG. m. A common timber tree (Shorea rogusta), a thorn; perforation, bore, mortise, a hole made by driving a pin into the ground, &c. s. f., A honse; place; a school. s. m. A jackal.

सालवास s. m. A stone, a species of Ammonite common in the Gmnduk river, and worshipped by the Vyshnuvs, as a type of Vishnu.

सालन } s. m. Meat or fish, &c. चालना } eaten with bread or rice, साजना v s. To penetrate, perforate,

bore, prick, pierce, drill. v.n. To ache to be in pain, to smart,

सामग्री s. f. A shrub (Hedyserum ganyeticum). सासपप s. m. A shrub (Hibiscus mutabilis).

सामात s. m. The resinous juice of the Sal tree.

सामगाइन s. m. The sovereign Sali-

Bieg s. m. Sarsaparilla.

साबा s. m. A wife's brother, byother-inlaw; (in copos. mostly), house, place साको s. f. Sister-in-law, wife's sister, especially younger sister.

सालू s. m. A kind of red cloth (lyed with Morinda).

सावीतरी s. m. A horse-doctor.

WITH s. m. A child, the young of ani mals.

सावदास s. m. Leisure, opportunity.

game (i. e. wild unimals for the chase).

सावधान adj. Careful, cantions, attentive. सावधानी s. f. Cantion, attention.

सार्वभावा s. f. Cantion, attention. सार्वण s. m. The name of the fourth Hin

du month, July-August. Saran hare nah Bhadon sukhe (Flourishing in summer and not fading in sutumn), is applied to express continuance in the same state or situation.

शासन adj. Brave, heroic, s.m. A hero. शासनी s. f. Valour, heroism, bravery. सास s. f. A mother-in-law.

बाह्य s. m. Order, edict, comand ; a patent, a grant.

सामना v. a. To chastise, admonish.

WW s. m. A merchant, a shop-keeper; an innocent person.

साइस s. m. Violence ; courage, spirit, valour, resolution.

urun adj. Violent; resolute, brave, bold, undaunted, determinted, daring. साम्राज्य s. m. Friendship, fellowship; help, succour; alliance. साहित s. m. Society, association, connection, combination. [pine. साहित s. m. A plumb-line; a porcu-साही s. m. A porcupine.

साइदार s. m. A great merchant,

साइकारी s. f. Traffic, trade, commerce. साइन s. m. A plummet.

ধাৰান adv. Before, in presence, in sight as, like; evidently manifestly.

ere atj. Witnessing, seeing, an eyewitness; attesting, testifying, evidence, s. m. A witness (in law), an evidence, an eye-witness,

साचा s. m. Testimony, evidence.

fungi s. m. A powder-horn,

frags s. f. A small powder-horn for priming with.

सिंगिया s. m. A sort of poison.

ftd:21 s. f. A polishing tool made of horn; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

fire wis. m. Trapa notans; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

fay s. m. A lion; Leo, the sign of the zodiac; a title used by Hindut. Singhpour; The grand entrance gate (to a paluce &c.).

सिंहकेशर s. m. A lion's name ; a plant Mimutops elengi).

fewart s. m. A gate, an entrance, especially the chief gate of a mansion or palace.

विश्वनाद s. m. War-cry, warhoop, shouting or roaring upon making an onset.

सिंहनादक s. m. The roar or yelp of a lion; war-civ.

सिष्णाद्या s. f. Hedysarum alhagi.

सिष्की s. f. A lioness.

विष्यची s. f. A plant (Justicis adhenstoda).

(Hedysarum lagepodioides). firm s. m. Tin ; brass ; Cassia bark ; . Ceylon.

सिंहासन s. m. A throne.

frant s. f. Gravel or stone (the disease). famous, n. To be toasted or parched.

सिकरो s. f. A. staple (of a lock).

for s. m. A disciple, a scholar, a pupil, an apprentice; a people living in the Panjab.

magnage, m. Tuition.

faces, m. Three or more strings tied together forming a support to hang any thing on ; the cords of a bahan- | fuari adj. Palised, paralytic, numbed. ai, in which the baskets rest top, summit, peak, pinnacle,

शिखरन s. m. A kind of dish made of coagulated and milk sugar.

शिकाई s. m. Teaching, instruction.

विकाता v. a. To teach; (met.) to admonish, chastise.

fund adj. All, every, the whole. ferri s. m. A trumpet.

सिकार s. m. Dress, ornament, embellishment, decoration, Singar-ras, s. m. One of the nine Ras or sentiments, that of love,

सिङ्गारमा v. a. To dress, decorate, embellish.

THE TENT S. m. The weaping Nytanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

fwwrftur s. m. One whose business is to dress an idol.

चित्रीटी 8. f. A polishing tool made of horus; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

factive s. m. Trapa natans ; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

विकास s. m. A preacher, teacher.

fars: s. f. Tuition, sermon, doctrine. teaching.

fewiat v. a. To tan, boil, seeth, melt. fermit odj. Fusiform, tapering.

fart s. f. Whistling.

बिही s. f. Dross, lees.

fesik s. f. Insipidity, tastelessness.

fer s. f. Madness.

चिडन adj. f. Mad (women).

fumfafem aai. Mad.

सिंडा इ. m. १ adi. Mad. सिंही इ. र्.

fua adj. White. a. m. White (the colour) ; the planet venus.

शिवक s. m. Palsy, numbness, being chilled with cold.

शिविष् s. m. A sort of fish (Lacerta scineus).

fent s. f. Sweat.

श्विताइ s. m. A kind of fish (Lacerta

बितीपच s. m. Chalk, or a mineral substance of similar appearance, considered as a variety. s. m. Crystal.

वियस adj. Cold, cool ; stupified, benumbed (with fear, &c.).

fur adj. Accomplished, effected, completed; celebrated, famous; valid (in law); demonstrated, proved (in logic); finished, s. m. A. divine personage of undefined attributes or character; a sort of demigod or spirit inhabiting the middle air, or region between the earth and sun ; an inspired or prophetic writer, as Vyas and others, or one to whom the past, present and future, are supposed to be known ; a sage, a seer ; the twenty-first of the astronomical your ; an adept, a magician, one who by the performance of certain mystical and magical rites has acquired superhuman powers ; an ascetic who by mystical and austere practices has effected, one or all of five purposes, viz.

the affluence, the form or the society of the gods, residence in the divine Loks, or identification with a deity.

श्चित्रस adj. Mineral, metallio. s. m. Quicksilver.

The performance of magical rites, &c. or the materials employed in magical or alchemical processes.

Ferral s. m. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth, result, consequence a system of science.

बिहानो s. m. A follower of the Mimansa philosophy; a demonstrator, one who establishes his conclusions.

Fire s. f. Fulfilment, accomplishment; a yog, either the sixteenth of the astronomical periods termed yous, or the nineteenth of the twenty-eight astrological yogs prosperity, success; accuracy, correctness; validity (in low); the result or fruit of the adoration of the gods or of ascetic severities; the supposed acquirement of supernatural powers by the completion of magical, mystical, or alchemical rites and processes.

, बिधारना s. m. To go, set off. depart. बिधारट s. f. Candour; simplicity. बिशक s. m. Blowing the nose, snot. बिशकता s. m. To blow the nose.

ভিন্তে m. Red-lead, minium. ভিন্ত s. m. The ocean, the sea; the Indus the country along the Indus or Sindh.

दिल एष s. m. A conch. दिश्य पर a. m. Rock salt. दिश्य s. f. A river near Ujein. दिश्य s. f. Act of collecting, condensing or constringing; tone, elasticity. Simat jana. To shrivel, to shrink. funzativ. n. To be concentrated, to shrink, to be contracted or drawn together, to shrivel.

चित्रान s. m. Cunning, shrewdness. Syanpan, s. m. Cunning, art.

चित्राना adj. Cunning, artful, sly, shrewed knowing, sagacious, clever. prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

विद्यार है. m. A jackal.

fut s. m. The head, the top, Sir uthatchi paimal hona, To be crushed in the commencement of one's undertaking Sir uthana. To rebel, to rise up against one. Sir kata, Beheaded decapitated Sir karna, To begin. Sir karhna, To become conspicuous. Sir ke zor, With all (one's) might, Sir ko kadam karna, To go quickly but with respect. Sir khujana, To court punishment. Sir churkke marns, To lay the guilt of one's blood at the door of another, Sir charles, adj. Proud, haughty. Sir charhana, To exalt ; to assume, to be arrogant; to shew respect. Sir dulana or Sir dhunna. To shake the head from affliction. Sir dub, ad, Perfectly wet, Sir torna To subdue, Sir dharna, To be obedient, Sir nawana. To be humble, to be obedient. Sir papolna bheja khana, To shew kindness externally and harbour enmity in one's breast, Sirpor khak dalna, To lament. Sir par charhana, To spoil (a child, &c.); to raise an inferior above one'sself; to shew respect. Sir-parasti kurna, To protect, to aid. Sir pitas, To lament, Sir phirana. To labour in vain. Sirpherns, To revolt from obedience. Sir marna, To take great pains, to search

deligently. Sir munluna, To quit one's conexions and adopt a life of mendicity, Sir se kufan bandhas. To engage in a desperate undertaking, giving up all regard to one's own sefety. Sir se sirms, The conducting of an affair depends on the leader or head.

farcan s. f. A kind of reed of which mats are made, reed-grass (the upper joint of Saccharum procerum); a sort of mat to keep off rain.

सिरखप ally. Resolute (soldier), adventurous. [enterprise. हिरखपी s. f. Resolution, perseverance,

सिर्जना v. o To creat, produce, form. सिर्जना v. o Wrangling; affection of

civility with internal hatred. भिन्दींन adj. Rebellious, mutinous.

खिरहाना s. m. The head part or side of any thing (as of a tomb or bedstead), the place where the head rests or reclines.

fact s. m. Head, extremity, end.

सिराजाल s. m. Enlargement of the vessels of the eye.

चिराव adj. Cold, becoming cold.

ferrer v. n. To cool. n. a. To make cold to cool; to set afloat, to afloat to set off, to despatch.

खिरिस s. m. A tree (Mimoso serisa). चिरीवात s. m. Redness and inflam nation of the eyes.

दिनो adj. Mad, insane.

ৰিল } s.f. A stone, a rock; a flat স্থিৰা } stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a mill.

हिन्द्र क्यों. Smooth, even, level.

ferstzr s. m. To stones with which spices, paint, &c. are ground.

श्चित्रवाजा v. a. To cause to sew or stitch.

हिलाइ s. f. The price of sewing ; seam, sewing.

विवाजित s. m. Storax.

विज्ञाना ं. a. To cause to sew or stitch.

चित्राच s. m. Storax. चित्री s.f. A whestone ; a small kiln ; the trank of a tree ; plank ; a teal.

चित्र s. m. An Indian deity, Mahadev. चित्ररासी s. f. A festival held on the

14th of the dark fortnigt in the mouth of photyun (February-March), in honor of the birth of the Ling or phallus.

शिशना s. m. Verge, limit, boundary,

स्थित इ. m. Green vegetation at the bottom of pools or other water (Vallisneria spiralis or octandra).

बिशाला s. m. A temple of Mahadev.

क्सिना v. a. To sob.

हिस्की s. f. Sobbing. Siskiyan bharna,

सिहनी v. n. To shiver, to shake with cold.

चित्रचा v. n. To shiver, shake with cold, to crape.

REST s. m. A chaplet, a garland, wreath worn on the head by a bridegroom and bride at the marriage ceremony).

किस्ताज adj. Tiresome, tedious.

चित्रस्था v. n. To thrill, to have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; to tire, harnss, tease.

सींच s.f. The culm of the grass (An, dropogon maricalum) of which brooms are made.

सींबर s. m. The flower of the Sink,

सींका 8 m. A groove.

सीकिश (adj. Striped,

चींग अ. भ. A la irn.

चींगडा s. m. A powder-horn,

मींगा s. m. A horn (musical).

सींगिया s. m. A kind of poison.

পাঁ s. f. A kind of fish '(Silurus pangentissimus), a cup for cupping; a small horn (musical). Singi lagana, To cup.

ৰীখনা v. a. To irrigate, to water. ৰীখাই s.f. The price paid for irrigation

or watering.

बॉबी s. f. The season for watering fields, &c.

Tis s. m. A hedge-hog,

सोहरी s. f. A wire-chain.

बोच s. f. Admonition, learning, study.

सीखना v. a. To learn, to a quire.

सीचना v. a. To water, to irrigate.

सीज s. m. A species of Euphorbia, the milky hedge-plant (Euphorbia nerifolis or antiquorun).

सोजना v. n. To exude, filtrate, sweat; to seeth, boil, dissolve or become soft by boiling; to be received (as money), liquidated (as a debt).

স্থাইট s.f. Whistling. Siti bajana, To whistle. Siti bandhna, or,—jum hona, or,—bhulna, To be distracted or eonfounded, to become senseless. Siti baz, A whistler.

बीठ) s. f. Dregs of betel, or any भोडो } thing that has been chewed. स्रोडना : m. } Abusive songs sung by स्रोडनी s f. }

चीडा adj. Tasteless, insipid, wank, vapid, pale, pithless, sickly, faded.

vapid, pale, pithless, sickly, faded.

सोत s.f. Cold or chilness, dew, wet, wetness.

सीतकाल s. m. Winter.

सौतमर s. m. Ague.

कोतरह s. m. The flux, dysentery:

चीतज adj. Cool, cold; stupified, benumbed (with fear, gc.). सीतलयोगी s. f. Allspice (Myrtus pimenta). सीतलपाटी s. f. A kind of finc, cool mat. सीतला s. f. Small pox.

स्रोता s.f. The daughter of Janak and wife of Ranchandra.

स्रोताक s. m. Palsy.

सीताक्षत s.m. The custard apple (Annona squamosa).

Rui adj. Straight, right, direct; opposite; simple; fair, candid, upright. s. m. Provisions, victuals (undressed), forage. Sidha karna, To straighten.

सीपाई s. f. Straightness, directness; simplicity; candonr, uprightness.

सीधो s. f. Straightness.

सीना v. a. To sew, to stitch.

सीप s. f. A shell; a kind of mango. सेपी s.f. A shell,

होना s. f. A boundary, a limit, restriction, a landmark, or mound; &c., serving to fix the limits of estates, &c.

सीमाडच s. n. A. tree serving as a boundary mark.

दीमासन्ति s. m. The meeting of two boundaries.

सीर। adj. Cool. s. m. A kind of sweetment made of meal and sugar.

सील s. m. Nature, quality, disposition; good conduct or disposition, steady and uniform observance of law and morals. a. f. Cold. dampness. Ankhon men sil hons, To be polite, generous.

सीलवान् adj. Of good or amiable disposition, benevoleut, well-conducted.

सीला adj. Damp, wet, cool.

सी व s. m. Sewing, Stitching, a seam. सीवनी s. f. The frenum of the prepuce.

स्रोदना s.f. The trenum of the prepuce.

business it is to draw juice from the date tar trees. ची स s. m. The head. Sis phul; s. m.
An ornament for the head (worn
by females).

सीसा s. m. Lead.

सीसें s. m. A kind of wood, or name of a tree (Dalbergia sisu).

सीए s. m. A hedge hog.

w adv. A particle and prefix analo-gous to good, well, &c., and implying reverence, worship, honour. (In Braj) adv. From, by, with, of, as. Ja-su, From or of whom: it is also some-times used for so. He, she, it, they, &c.

मुंचाना v. a. To cause to smell.

सुक्रमाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid v. a. To abash.

सुकटा adj. Lean, thin, dry, emaciated सुकटी adj. f. Lean. thin, dry, emaciated. s. f. Dried fish.

सुकड़ना v. n. To be shrunk or contracted, to shrink; to draw in, collect, gather up, constrain, shrivel, dwindle.

सकर adj. Easy, practicable, attainable. s. m. The planet Venus; Friday.

मुक्तार adj. Delicate, feeble.

सकाच s. m. Goodness of seasons; plenty, abundance.

सञ्जाना v. n. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.

सुक्तार adj. Soft, delicate, smooth, tender; youthful, young.

संकत करां. Virtuous, pious ; done well, well performed, properly, ably, &c. s. m. Virtue, a good action, moral merit; kindness, bounty.

चुकती adj. Virtuous, pious, good; benign, benevolent.

सुक्रिया s. f. A good action, a good

work; a moral or religious observance.

सुष s. m. Ease, tranquillity, pleasure, delight, easy circumstances, content, happiness. Sukh pana, To get ease, leisure, rest, &c.

मुखचेन s. •m. Ease, rest, leisure, tranquillity.

स्वतसा s. m. A piece of leather placed on the sole within the shoe.

मुखद adj. Salubrious, pleasant; conferring or affording pleasure. &c.

सुद्धान s. m. A shrub, the juice of which is given for the ear ache (Crinum A staticum and zeylanicum).

संखदाई | adj. Ease affording, com-संबदायक | forter, giver of case or content.

सुखदान s. m. Giving of ease or of comfort or of content.

सखदास s. m. A kind of rice.

सुख्याम s. m. Abode of happiness, &c. मुख्यप्रेक adv. Easily, without difficulty. सुख्याम s. m. Happiness, good fortune. सुख्यामी adj. Happy, delighted.

स्थाय adj. Full or consisting of happiness, delightful.

सुरसाध्य adj. Easy of accomplishment or attainment.

सञ्जाना } v. a. To dry; to emaciate, संस्कृतना } to cause to pine away; evaporate.

सुसाय adn. For the sake of ease, happiness, &c. [happiness. सुमार्थ edj. Seeking or wishing for सुमासा adj. Easy not difficult, facile, सुमासा adj. Well-flavoured; delight

ful, agreeable. s. m. Enjoyment, flavour. ন্যান) adj. At ease, happy, tran-

बुद्धि adj. At ease, happy, tran-सुद्धि quil, contented, comfortable, pleasant, possessing happiness or pleasure. सु खस्त्रभाव s.m A happy or contented disposition.

सबेच्छा s.f. Hope or desire of happiness. सुकादय s.m. Realization or occurrence of pleasure.

सन्दात adj. Celebrated, famous.

क स्वाति s. f. Fame, celebrity.

s.m. Good smell, fragrance, odour, perfume. Sugandh-rae, Name of a flower.

स्याभिता s f. Fragrance, pleasant scent, such as is produced by the trituration of perfumes

हनन adj. Accessible, good (as a road); easy, practicable; plain, intelligible. सन्त adj. Secret, well hidden or kept

secret. adv. Secretly, privily.

स्यद्दे s. f. A musical mode sung in the afternoon. [tiful.

स्वद् adj. Elegant, accomplished, beau-स्वदार s.f. Elegancy, accomplishment. सच adj. Pure, undefiled, unpolluted,

स्वकता v. n. To be astonished or startled.

clean.

सुचित adj. Thoughtless, easy, at leisure, disengaged; attentive, careful, oc- cupied.

सुविना s.f. Due reflection or consideration.

ब्रेन adj. Attentive, mindful, careful, aware, cautions.

स्जन alj. Virtuous, good, respectable; kind, benevolent.

सुजनता s. f. Goodness, benevolence, kindness.

सुजारी adj. Renowned.

सुत्राति adj. Of a good tribe or species. सुत्रात adj. Intelligent, wise, knowing. सुत्राता v. n. To cause to swell. सुभाग v. s. To shew, to make. understand. [city.

स्त्रान s. m. Wisdom, intelligence, saga-स टक्तन s. f. A rod.

सुर्कना v. a. To swallow by gulps and with a noise.

सुडकी } s. m. Act of suddenly slacken-सुड़की ing the string of a paper kite.

सुद्ध s. f. Sipping, or sucking up (as broth), or the noise made thereby.

संख्या ग. n. To sip.

कुक्ता o. a. To swallow by gulps.

सडींच सदन ed, elegant, grace-ful.

सुडीलदेही s. f. Gracefullness of bodily shape, handsomeness.

सुत s. m. A son.

सना s. f. A daughter.

सुवाक s. m. A carpenter ; time, opportunity.

सुवारी s. f. An awl, a bodkin.

सुतायों adj. Desirous of having a son. सवन s. m. Trousers.

सुष्या ady. Neat, heantiful, elegant, adorned, excellent, well.

स्यराई s. f. Neatness, beauty, elegance, goodness.

सुषरासाही s. m. A follower of Suthrasa, a religious mendicant.

स्रको s.f. The female elephant of the north-west quarter.

सहस्य बता. Handsome, good-looking. s.m. The discus of Krishna; the roseapple (Eugenia jambu).

स्ते . f. The light half of the lunar month.

सहराचार adj. Very wicked, abandoned, a profilgate.

सुदुर्चभ adj. Difficult to be attained, unattainable, सदकार adj. Very difficult.

ges adj. Solid, firm. adv. Very hard or firm.

सुष s. f. Memory, remembrance, sensation, consciousness, notice, care, intelligence. adj. Accurate, correct; pure, clean, unrolluted. Be-sudh, adj. Beside one's self. सुष्यष s. f. Correct knowledge, per-

ception, sense, care.

सुपतिना v. a. To take care of, accommodate, look after, inquire into.

स्वरना v. n. To be correct, to be or seem right or good, to be mended, to avail, to succeed or answer.

gui s. m. Nectar, the beverage of immortality and sustenance of the gods; the nectar or honey of flowers.
gut adv. Together, with.

- বুখান) s. m. The moon, as being বুখাকা) the supposed mine or repository of the beterage of the gods.
নুধানা v. s. To put in mind, to cause

to remember. सुधारना v. a. To adorn, adjust, arrange.

rectify, mend.

स्थी & m. A pandit, a learned man or teacher; an intelligent person.

स्न adj. Insensible, without sensation, palsied.

सुनवादर s. m. A kind of snake.

सुनवहरी s. f. A disease (Elephantiasis). सुनवह s. m. An ornament.

सुनसान adj. Void, dreary, desolate and silent, still, lonely dismal.

सनकरा है कर्ता, Golden.

कुनाना e. c. To cause to hear, to inform, to advise ; tell, bid, warn.

बुकायह s.f. Stillness, dreatness. सनाम s.m. A mountain; part of the ranges of southern India. सुनार s. m. A goldsmith.

सुनारम् } s.f. A goldsmith's wife.

सुनारो adj. Clever. s.f. The business of a goldsmith; a good handsome woman.

सुनावनी s, f. Tidings of any one having died abfoad.

सनिद्रा s. f. Sound sleep.

स्नीत adj. Well-behaved; politic. s. m. Good conduct; policy:

ৰণীৰ s. f. Propriety of behaviour, good manners.

सुनीलक s. m. The blue shrike; the emerald or sapphire.

सुन्दर adj. Beautiful, handsome, comely, seemly; good, virtuous,

सुन्दरता है s. f. Beauty, handsome-

बुद्दी adj. Beautiful, handsome; a woman. s.f. Beauty, comliness; a small timber tree (Heritiera minor).

समावट s. m. Smell, perfume, odour, scent, an earthy smell.

स्ता v. a. To hear, hearken, listen or attend to. s. m. Hearing; a cypher.

सुपत्र s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassisa.

स्वय s. m. A good road ; good conduct.

ष्य इ. m. The party which has justice on its side; the fortunate half of the month, i. e. from the new to the full moon.

बुवची s.m. An advocate of the just cause.

सुपाव adj. Worthy, fit, creditable s. m. An able or clever man; a vessel of earthenware, &c.

सपारा s. m. Glans penis.

स्पारी s.f Betel-nut (Areca catechu) ; glans penis.

- सप्त } s.m. An excellent, a tractable
- Two dj. Sleeping, asleep; senseless, numbed. s. m. Sleep, deep or sound sleep.
- सप्रतास adj. Mauifect, apparent; public. सप्रतिस्ता s. f. Consecration. erection.
- (as of a temple or i.tol). सपसत्र adj. Well-pleased, favouring,
- सकत adj. Bearing good fruit (literally or figuratively) fruitful, profitable useful.
- स्पेन s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

favourable.

- सुत्रस adj. Well-secured, having a good binding.
- स्तान s. f. Sweet smell, fragrance, odour, perfume.
- सुर्वि adj. Wise, clever, intelligent.
- adj. Good, pleasant, agreeable, happy, fortunate, anspicious.
- क्षमता s.f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife; a respectable and anspicious mother.
- सुभद् adj. Propitions, auspicious, for-
- हुमात s. m. Good disposition, nature, natural state, property, disposition. ady. Well-disposed, of good quality. हुमाह्म compound. adj. Good and bad, हुमोदा s. m. Opportunity, convenience, accommodation, time leisure.
- क्षण adj. Very fortunate or auspicious.
- हुनत adj. Friendly, well or kindly disposed.
- समित s. f.. Friendship, kindness; benevolence; good conscience.
- सुनन adj. Handsome, beautiful. s. m. Wheat.
- सुमनीक्षर adj. Very agreeable, pleasing, beautiful.

- सुनर्ष s. m. f. Remembrance (continual theme), mentioning. s. f. A small rosary, or string of beds.
- स प्रशा र. a. To remember, to keep in memory; to mention, Sumir, s. m. Remembrance.
- स नेद s. m. The sacred mountain Meru allegorically represented as composed of gold and gems, and the residence of the gods; (in astronomy) the north-pole, स नेख adj. Suitable, affable, of pleasing
- manners.
- सुना s. m. A sponge-staff, a ramrod. सुर s. m. A god, a deity; tone, voice, accent, note; a vowel. Sur, milana, To sing in tune, to tune.
- www.f. A mine; a hole cut in a wall to break into a house, &c.; a gallery, subterraneous passage, an adit, s. m., Red colour. adj. Red-coloured, light bay or chesnut (horse),
- स रक्षभातु s. m. Red chalk.
- स्त s. f. Recollection, consideration, reflection, memory, attention, caution, accuracy; copulation, coition.
- स्ता adj. Mindful, considerate, attentive, prudent, intelligent, accurate. स्रोका adj. Considerate, prudent.
- BY V s. m. Resin, turpentine.
- सुर्भि adj. Fragrant, sweet-smelling.
- स्र व adj. Sweet ; well-flavoured, sapid, inicy.
- हरहराना v. s. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.
- बुरब्रावट s. f. Creeping (sensation), titillation.
- हरहरी s. f. Titillation; an insect bread in grain.
- e et s.f. Spiritnous liquor.

सुरक्षणा v. a. To swallow by gulps.

HET adj. Handsome, well-formed. beautiful.

स्रेन । ह s.f. A paramour, a mistress, सुरेलिन 🕻 a concubine.

सुलगना v. n. To light, to be kindled, to be inflamed; to burn without smoke or flame. [kindle.

सुल्लाना v. n. To light, to inflame, to सुलक्षता v. n. To be unravelled or disentangled.

सुलकाना v. a. To unravel, to discutangle. मुखम adj. Easy, feasible, attainable, of

easy acquisition or attainment, not difficult to be obtained or effected.

सुलवाना v. a. To cause to put to sleep. सुलच्य s. m. Good distinguishing mark or character. adj. Clearly or strongly distinguished by (marks, features.

or) character.

सलाना v. a. To cause or put to sleep, to repose; to kill, to murder. Sula dena, To kill, to murder.

सुलेमानी s. m. An onyx.

सनका adj. Eloquent.

स वचन s. m. Eloquence, speaking well or elegantly.

सार्च alj. Of a good tribe or cast: · brilliant, bright; of a good colour. s. m. Gold ; a sort of Sandal-wood ; a kind of red chalk or ochre.

सुवर्षगिषित s. m. (In arithmetic) Allegation medial.

सवाना v. a. To cause to sleep.

स्यास s. m. A pleasant or reputable dwelling; an agreeable perfume; खनिकास s. m. Prowess, valour.

मुदिबार s. m. Deliberate or due consideration.~

स निध adj. Of a good kind, in a good or

easy way. adv. Easily.

स्वेदी adj. Well-dressed, ornamented. decorated.

सम्बा s. m. A sleeper.

स्थीन adj. Well-disposed, of good temper or disposition.

समीलवा s. f. Natural amiability, excellence of temper or disposition.

Han ady. Fast asleep.

सुपन्नि s. f. Deep sleep, profound repose, entire insensibility.

सुसकारना v. n. To sibilate, to hiss (as (a snake).

सम्ताना v. n. To rest.

स्यमय s. m. A season of plenty, a good season.

संबंद } s. m. Father-in-law.

Full & f. Father-in-law's house ध्यराख ∫ or family.

मुख adj. Well, healthy.

सस्यता s, f. Health.

सुध्यिर adj. Firm, steady, stable : resolute, cool.

सुक्रमी v. n. To trail, to drag.

सङ्ग्राम 8. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the affection of a husband.

सुष्टागन s. f. A woman beloved by her bushand, a favourite wife, a married woman whose husband is alive.

समागिरास s. m. A casket of jewels presented by the bridegroom to his bride.

सङ्ग्लाहर s. f. A cool refreshing breeze. सुद्रावा s, m. Borax,

HEINI ady. Agreeable, pleasant, charming.

HVINI adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of. Hain v. a. To trail, to drag.

सुद्धान s. m. } Bread (or cakes) fried सङाली s. f. | in butter,

agram adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming.

सुद्रावना adj. Agreeable, pleasant charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of.

सम्बद्ध adj. Good-hearted.

सच्चर s.m. A hog, Suar ka gost, Pork.

with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

at s.f. A needle. Sui ka sen bat. A bubble. Sui ke nake se khudai ko nikalna, Applied to express the performance of things apparently impossible. Suiya, adj. Pointed.

E'acı s. m. A buffalo calf.

संगा s. m. Clitoris.

म च s. f. Smell.

स्थन s.f. Any thing to smell to snuff, smelling.

सुंघना v. a. To smell.

सूचनी s. f. Snuff.

a z s. f. Silence. Sunt bharns, or marna, To be silent. Sunt mare jana, To depart in silence.

wiss. f. Proboscis of an elephant.

e er s. m. A weevil, or small insect in corn.

मृं को s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

स्तना है थ. a. To strip leaves off vege-स्थान tables; to draw (a sword.) संस इ. m. A porpoise.

सन्दरा odj. Lean, weak.

स्वार क्या . Lean, weak.

tax s. m. A hog; a sort of deer (the hov-deer).

सुकावा s. m. A kind of vetch. स्का adj. Dry.

स्वा s. m. } A quarter of a rupee हैंबी s. f. } piece.

स्कास s. m. Leisurc.

सुष्यक्ष इ. f. A consumption, atrophy... सुखना To dry, dry up, evaporate, fall away, pine away, emaciate, shrivel, dwindle, wither.

with betel-leaf; a consumption, atrophy. Sukha dhan, Rice burnt up by the sun's rays.

सम्प s. f. Perfume, fragrance. adj. Fragrant. Sugandha-sana, Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सुना s. m. A paroquet.

स्चक s.m. A teacher, an instructor ;

মূৰিন adj. Thoughtless, at leisure, disengaged, at ease; careful, attentive; occupied.

सूची s. f. A needle.

small ; shrill,

स्थीपन s. m. An index (to a work). सद्धम adj. Subtile, fine, slender, minute,

सक्षमता s. f. Subtileness, minutenes ; shrillness.

स्ज है s. f. Swelling.

सृतना v. n. To swell, to rise.

an awl,

सूत्री s. f. Meal, flour (ground coarse). सुत्री s. m. A tailor. s. f. 'A needle.

सम s. f. Sight.

to appear, to seem, to be able to be seen.

सहाज adj. Well-shaped, graceful.

a stamen (in botony), a tendril; a charioteer, a carpenter. Sut-bunti, A kind of needle-work.

सतद s. m. Impurity from childbirth or miscarriage.

सत्ता v. n. To sleep.

ষ্ট্ৰা, s. m. A division of the lower regions, the sixth in descent.

सृर

The s. m. Reins of a charriage; the little skin that rises backwards near the nails, at the end of the fingers.

सत्ती s.f. String, twine.

स्तिका s. f. A woman recently delivered. चतो adj. Made of cotton-thread, threaden.

सूतीमास s. m. The fast month or pregnancy.

सूत s. m. A thread in general; a rule, a precept, in morals or science. समान s. f. Drawers,

स्पनी s. f. Drawers ; an edible root (Dioscorea fasciculata).

सूत्र s. m. A person of the fourth or servile tribe among the Hindus. सहायो s. f. A female of the Sudra cast.

eur adj. Proper, true; straight;

स्थादे e.f. Simplicity, artlessness.

स्न ady. Empty, vacant. सना adj. Empty, desert, void.

स्ना adj. Empty, desert, void सनु इ. m. A son.

nowing corn with.

स्पाचिता s. m. A kind of bird, s swallow (Hirundo opus batassia).

THUE s. m. Glans penis.

स्पियारी s. f. Betel-unt.

सुबर adj. Impure, alloyed (silver), सुबरन s. m. Pure gold, adj. Golden.

स्वास s. m. A pleasant dwelling.

pleasant smell, fragrance. सुभाव s. m. Good disposition, good

nature. ady. Well-disposed.

सुम s. m. A miser.

स्र s. m. A hero ; the sun ; tenesmus. सरज s. m. The sun. स्रज्ञहन s. m. Eclipse of the sun.

ब्रम्मको s. f. Sun-flower (Helianthus annuus) ; a kind of fan or parasol.

स्ता s. f. Valour, heroism. Surtadhari, Heroic.

who was blind; hence a blind man, among the Hindoos, is called Suradas.

स्रवीर s. m. A hero. स्रमचार s. m. A musical mode.

स्रमा adj. Bold ; brave.

स्रमापन s. m. Bravery, heroism.

स्रा s. m. A hero. सर्थ s. m. The sun.

स्थेवहण 8. m. Eclipse of the sun.

स्थैनक्कल s.m. The orb or disc of the sunt. स्थानुको s.m. Sun-flower (Helianthus annuus).

स्थिसङ्गान s. f. The sun's entrance into a new sign.

सृयान s. m. Sunset.

सृर्थीदव s. m. Sunrise.

que s. m. f. Colick; a trident, pike, dart; the point of a spear; a thorn; compassion, tenderness. s. m. Situation, condition.

सुनी s. f. An impaling stake. Suli] dens, or—charhans, To empale.

स्या s. m. A parrot, paroquet; a needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

स्म } s. m. A porpoise (Del-स्नेमार } phinus).

सुसंदेश s.m. Good tidings.

मुनी s. f. A kind of cloth.

सूडा adj. Red, crimson. s. m. A musical mode.

प्राकृतसा adj. Red as the dye of saf-

कुस वर्ता. Little, small ; minute, atomie ; fine, delicate ; ingenions, subtle. सुसारा क. f. Fineness, subtility. बक्तदर्भी adj. Acute, quick, sharp-sight- | सेजबल s. m. A cord for fastening beded, intelligent.

चलाईड adj. Sharp, shrewd, intelligent. acute. s. f. Mental acumen.

सत्रवा v. s. To create, produce, form. We adi Created, made.

wfw s. f. Creation, creating; the creation, the world; nature, natural property or disposition.

adv. From, of, out of, by, with, at, since, to, through, than.

सॅन s. m. Toasting, fomentation, seak sank karna, To toast or warm.

सक्ता v. a. To toast, parch, warm before, or with, anything hot, to foment, to incubate (eggs).

चंत्रा adj. Hundred.

चॅगरी s. f. A pod, siliqua (particularly the siliqua of the radish).

चेंडा s. m.) A kind of reed (of which चेंडी s.f. | morhas are made), reedgrass (Saccharum Sara).

चें स adv. Gratis, free of cost.

सें तना v. a. To adjust, to put to rights सें समित odv. Gratis, free of cost.

₹ s.f. A vegetable (Curumis Madrasputanus).

में हर s. m. Red-lead, minium.

ਚੌਖ s. m. A hole made in a wall by thieves.

में धना v. a. To mine.

भें था s. m. Rock-salt.

से विया s. m. poison ; a house-breaker ; a Murhatta tribe (probably so called. as originating on the banks of the river Sindh). .

में भा s.f. The juice of the wild date tree (Phenix sylvestris).

संह्रचा s.m. A tetter.

चेषन s. m. Sprinkling , aspersion. सेन s. f. A bed, a couch.

ding to the bedstead.

चैठ s. m. A wholesale merchant, banker, 88 s. f. A whisk, a kind of brush.

सेत adj. White.

सेतदीप s. m. The white island or a minor division of the universe so called, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

मेत s. m. A bridge.

सेत्वल s. m. The ridge of rocks extending from the south extremity of the Coromandel coast towards the island of Ceulon, supposed to have been formed by Hanuman by command of Ram, as a bridge for the passage of his forces, when going against Ravan.

चेदना v. a. To stupe, to foment. सेन s. m. A hawk.

सेना s. f. Au army.

सैनानी I s. m. A general, the com-सेनापति 🕻 mander of an army.

Au s. m. The flat bean.

सेनज s. m. The silken or a coarse kind of cotton, or the tree producing it (Bombax hept sphyllum).

₹ s. m. Name of a weight.

सेराना v. c. To set affoat ; to despatch ; to cool.

Rour s. m. The head and foot parts of a bed-frame,

चेन s. m. A spear.

Her s. m. A kind of sheet constituting a part of dress, especially worn and given in presents in the Dakkhin; a royal tiger.

सैनिया s. m. Tabby, puss.

सेको s. f. A necklace (of threads) worn by mendicants, a sash, a belt.

सेंब s. m. A kind of sweetmeat; an apple. s. f. Service, worship, attendance on.

सेवच s. m. A servant, a worshipper, a votary.

सेनकाई s. f. Service.

देवज़ा s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn faith, Trophis aspera.

सेवती s. f. 'A white rose (Rosa gladulifera).

सेवन s. m. Sewing, darning, stitching ; service, verbal n. Serving, to serve.

सेवना v. a. To attend on, serve ; to brood, rear, sit, incn! ate, hatch.

सेवरा s. m. Half baked earthen-ware.

सेवा s. f. Service, servitude ; worship, homage; addiction to attendance on. बेगरी s. f. Sugar that has been purified with siwar, the green vegetation

at the bottom of rivers or other water.

सैवेद s. f. Vermicelli.

चेष s. m. Remainder, end ; the king of the serpent race, as a large thousandheaded snake, at once the couch and canopy of Vishau and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of its heads.

से सनाम s.m. The king of the serpent race चें पर s. m. The gripe of a bow ; name of a play at cards.

संको s. m. A porcupine.

से इन्ड s. m. A species of Euphorbia, or indeed a general name for plants of that kind; the milk-hedge plant Euphoroia antiquorum &c).

wadj Hundred. s. f. Sucess.

चें कड़ा adj. Hundred.

e at s. m. The bean of Sumee or mimosa

चैतना v. a. To adjust, to put to rights. सें बाकोस adi. Forty-seven.

सें ताब s. m. Arrangement.

सें तीस adj. Thirty-seven.

संबद्ध adv. A hundred per cent,

सेवना v. a. To take care of, keep carefully, husband,

सेन s. m. Sleeping, repose. s. f. An army, forces; a wink, sign, token, hint, a signal. Syn karna, To beckon. सैनासेनी s. f. Mutual tokens, signs, hint

or signals."

सैश्वर adj. Produced or born on Sindh. • s. m. A horse ; rock-salt.

सेंग s, f. An army.

सेंच s. m. A monntain.

में प्राप्त s. f. Sufferance.

सं करनी s. m. Sufferer.

सी pron. That, he, she, it ; so.

सोपर s. m. The chamber of a puerperal

सीचा s. m. Fennel (Anethum sows). सोई pron. That very, he himself.

al postpos. From, with, through, than, Wizi s. m. A club, mace, pestle, Sonte bordar. A mace-bearer; a person in the retinue of the great, armed with a short curved club generally covered with silver.

Els s.f. Dry ginger ; (met.) a miser South ki nas nah lena, To be very covetons. Sonth ki si has le rahu. To endure, to wait patiently; to suffer.

सींत्राय adj. Hard, miserly,

चोंद्री s. f. The wash in which washermen steep their cloth,

स्रोधना v. a. To rub cloth in mud preparatory to washing; to mix, to smear.

सीधा s. m. A composition of fragrant substances used for washing the hair; smelling like that of a new earthen vessel when wetted or from parching of pulse.

सींधादट s. f. Fragrance; a smell like that of new earth.

adj. Fragrant, smelling like new carth.

नीपना v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give, consign, resign, entrust, deposite.

सीह s. f. An oath. ...

सोंइधिसाना v. a. To adjure, to swear.

सोंइडाजना v. a. To conjure.

भोडदेना v. a. To adjure.

सीही adv. Face to face, opposite, before, in front,

सोध s. m. The holes in a bedstead through which the strings for bracing it pass; affliction, grief, lamentation, sorrow.

सीयना v. a. To soak up, dry up, absorb. सीय s. m. Affliction, grief, sorrow

lamentation, anguish. सोनी adj. Afflicted, grievous.

सीच s. m. Consideration, reflection, thought, meditation.

ষীৰন v. s. To consider, think, meditate; advert, reflect, imagine, conceive.

स्रोज s. f. Swelling.

सीम s.f. Straightness.

सीमा adj. Straight.

सीन s. m. A spring, a fountain, a सीता s. f. j jet d'eau, a stream, a rivulet, an arm (of the sea).

स्रोता part pres. Asleep. s. m. Asleep,

सीय s. f. Swelling, intumescence.

सोदरा adj. Born of the same mother; an own brother.

स्रोध s.f. Discharge (of debt); correction, search, inquiry, collection.

ৰীখন v. a. To pay, to discharge (a debt), to liquidate; to collate; to refine metals.

দ্বীৰ s.m. Name of a river; name of a flower (Bignenia indics).

होनहरा है क्यां. Golden.

सीनइलापानी s. m. Gilding.

सीना v. n. To sleep; (met.) to die. s. m. Gold. Sone-ka nawala, An expensive banquet, a delicious morsel. सीनिया s. m. One who separates gokl

from ashes, &c. in the mint. सोपान s. f. A ladder, a scale,

सोभना v. n. To become, befit.

सोभा s. f. Beauty, splendour, show, ornament, dress, decoration.

स्रोभायमान adj. Beautiful, splendid, conspicuoun, adorning.

सीभाव s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition, genius.

स्रोभ s. m. Moon; a mountain or mountainous range, the mountains of the moon.

सोनतीर्थ s. m. A place of pilgrimage in the west of India.

सोनपत s.m. A sort of grass (Saccharum cylindricum).

सोनराज s. m. Black cumin seed (Serratula anthelmintica).

कोनराजी s. m. A medicinal plant (Serratula antheimintica). सोमबत adj. Lunar. adv. Like the moon.

मीमवार s, m. Monday.

सोरड s. f. Name of a musical mode. सोरडा s. m. A metre in Braj-blakha.

लेख adj. Sixteen. Solahwan, adj. Sixteenth.

सोध s.f. Ornament, dress, decoration. सोधन s.f. A file; a whetstone. s. m, f. A kind of sweetmeat. s. m. A lover, a friend. adj. Pleasing.

ৰীখনা v. n. To become, to beseem. v. a. To weed.

की कावा s. m. Borax.

चोड़ी adv. Before, face to face, opposite, in front. st adj. A hundred. Sod sir ka hona (ii. pocsessing a hundred heads; so that, if one or several be cut off others still remain), Implies excessive persoverance, energy or obstinacy.

खन

The state of the s

चौंप s. f. Anise seed (Pimpinell a चौंच s. m. Soot, or any thing of a black colour.

सौकर m. } adj. Hoggish, swinish.

सीक्स adj. Fragrant. s. A Perfume, fragrance.

सौगन्समा adj. Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सीयना s. m. Odour, fragrance.

सीच s. m. Purification by ablution, &c.; ablution.

ধীসৰ s. m. Kindness, compassion; friendship; goodness.

सीत } s.f. Rival (wife), contempo-सीतन } rary wife. (One wife is sout to another).

बीत्व्याहाष s. f. Malice of a rival wife. धीरोवा adj. Belonging or relating to Sout, of one father by different mothers; as, Soatela bhai, Stepbrother; Soateli bahin, Step-sister. बीन्द्यं s. m. Beauty, loveliness.

होभाग्य s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the fourth of the astronomical yogs.

सीमान्यवान् adj. Auspicious, fortunate. भौमित adj. Lunar.

धीर adj. Solar. s. m. Name of a fish. स्रोत्स s. m. Fragrance ; saffron.

सोरमास s. m. A solar month.

साम s. m. The shoulder; a book, a section, a chapter; the trunk of a tree.

खनन s. m. Stumbling, slipping, tripping; stumbling or falling from virtue.

सन s. m. The female bosom or breast.

सनसुख s. m. A nipple.

লম sdj. Stopped, blocked, or shut up. লম s.m. A post, pillar, a column; hinderance, obstruction.

त्रभन s. m. Stopping, hindering, obstruction; a styptic, an astringent. सत्र s. m. Praise, culogium, panegyric.

स्तर s. m. Praise, culogium, panegyric.

साति s.f. Praise, culogy.

स्तीव s. m. Praise, culogium.

स्ती s.f. A woman or female in general. स्त्रीजस s.m. A henpecked husband.

स्तीयमं s. m. Duty of woman; the menstrual excretion.

स्रोराज s. m. The kingdom of women, a country placed by some in the direction of Bhot.

स्त्रीचिक्क s. m. Feminine gender.

स्त्रीबस s. m. Subjection to women. स्त्रेच adj. Female, feminine. s. m. The nature of woman.

खन s.m.f. Place site, soil, dry or firm ground; part (of a book).

खन adj. Terrene, terrestrial, what is produced on land

खलनीमा s. m. A boundary, a landmark.

साज s.m. Place, spot, site, situation; a house, a dwelling, an abode, a residence, a section, a chapter, a book; office, appointment; degree, station.

खानी adj. Having place or fixation, placed, abiding, permanent, &c.

स्थापन s. m. Placing, fixing, founding, erecting, causing to stand.

खापित part. pass. Established, placed, fixed, founded, erected.

सारी adj. Steady, firm, unchangeable, invariable.

खायीभाव s. m. Fixed or permanent condition.

खायुक्त adj. Stationary; steady, firm. खादी s.f. An earthen pot or boiler.

सावर adj. Fixed, stationary, stable, immovable.

चित्र adj. Steady, firm, immorable; determined, resolved, decreed, established.

জিল s. f. Stay, staying, being fixed or stationary.

fest adj. Firm, fixed, stable, stendy, immovable; hard, solid; permaennt, durable, lasting; firm, stendy (morally); cool, collected; constant, faithful; mild, tranquil; settled, stendinst. [constant.

च्चिरवेता adj. Firm, resolute, steady, च्चिरता s.f. Stability, firmness; moral firmness, fortitude.

खिरमात adj. Steady, firm, deliberate. खिरामा adj. Firm, resolute, unmoved ;

stable, steady.

• us.f. The post or pillar of a house.

• adj. Fat, corpulent, bulky; large,

great ; coarse. स्यूजना s. f. Coarseness, bulkiness.

क्षत पृत्र adj. Stupid, dull. क्षेत्र s. m. Firmness, stability; firmness of mind, resolution fortitude.

स्त्रीस्य s. m. Bulk, size, coarseness,

ৰাৰ s. m. Bathing, ablution, purifications by bathing.

सानीय adj. Æblutionary.

चंड s. m. Affection, kindness, friendship, love; oil.

च इनान adj. Affectionate.

संशो ady. Kind, affectionate, friendly. s. m. f. Friend, lover, mistress, खडी a. f. Envy, emulation, rivalry.

स्पर्धी adj. Envious, emulous.

सर्भे s. m. Touch, contact.

we adj. Evident, manifest, apparent; clear, easy, intelligible.

West s. f. Wish, desire. Sprihi, adj. Desirous.

कहिन s. m. Crystal.

काटिकाम adj. Made of crystal.

खटी s. f. Alum.

स्कारिक adj. Crystalline, made &c. of crystal. s. m. Crystal.

a flower); apparent, manifest, evident; known, understood.

स्कृति s. f. Throbbing, palpitating, shaking.

कीटन s. m. A boil, a tumour.

सर्घ s. m. Recollecting, remembering, memory, recollection.

खर्षीय adj. Fit or proper to be remembered.

सान adj. Remembering, recollecting, considering.

स ति s. f. Recollection, remembrance, memory; law, the body of law, a law book, a code of laws.

स्थानपन s. m. Cunning, art.

साना adj. Cunning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagnoions, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

WIT s. m. A jackal.

इते इ. m. A pun, a double meaning. स्वार्थ s. m. Own business or duty.

खड़टल s. m. Own family.

eren s. m. Own family or race.

was adj. Done or made by one's self, self-performed.

stain or soil; transparent, pellucid.

independant, solf-willed; spontaneous; acting to one's own opinion or inclination.

खनन s. m. A distant kinsman.

ৰন্ধাৰি s. f. Kindred, kin. s. m. A. kinsman.

खतन adj. Unrestrained, uncontrolled, solf-willed; independent, free, absolute.

खनचन। 4. f. Independance, absoluteness, wilfulness.

खदेश s. m. Native country, home.

खधमं s. m. Peculiar duty or occupation.

खनगर s. m. Own or native town. खनाम s. m. Self-detruction.

www.m. Sloop, Dreaming, a dream.

सप्रदोष s. m. Nocturnal pollution.

আর্থিবার s. m. Interpretation of dreams. অর্থিবার s. m. An interpretor of dreams.

ভাশাৰ s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition.

समृति s f. Own land or estate; native country.

सर्वेदर s. m. The public-choice of a husband by a princess, from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose.

खबंदा s.f. A girl choosing her husband.

ভাষা, s. m. Brahma; the self-existent. ভাষা s. m. An accent; a vowel; a note in music; tone, voice.

nature. ad) Similar, like.

खने s. m. Heaven, the residence of deified mortals ; the sky.

खनगमन s. m. Going to heaven.

संगति s. f. Going to heaven, future felicity; death.

खनेबांक s. m. Paradise.

खगोरीइच s. m. Ascending to heaven,

खर्गीय adj. Heavenly, divine, celestial. खर्म adj. Heavenly, paradisiacal.

खर्षं s. m. Gold.

खर्षक adj. Golden, of gold.

सर्वेदोशे s. f. A modicinal kind of moonplant, said to be brought from the Himalaya mountains.

खर्पनेदिक ... m. A kind of ochre, golden ochre.

खर्ण ज्हा s.m. The blue-jay.

खपुषी s. f. The Cassia fistula; a medicinal sort of moon-plant.

खनींक s. m. Heaven.

खन्द adj. Very small ; very few.

खडाँच s.f. Own, or peculiar duty or occupation.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ adv. A particle of bendiction; an anspicions particle; a term of sanction or approbation, (so be it, amen.)

खिनान adj. Happy, auspicious.

অভিযামৰ s.m. A religious rite preparatory to any important observance, in which the Brahmans strew boiled rice ou the ground, and invoke the blessings of the gods on the ceromony about to commence,

ৰাৰ s. m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Swang lana, To imitate, &c.

खाँगी s.m. An actor, a mimick. खानस s.m. Welcome, salutation.

स्राति s.f. The star Arcturus, or fifteenth lunar asterism, consisting of but one star.

ers n. Taste, flavour, relish; sweetness pleasure. Swadi, s. m. A taster.

खाटक \ adj. Delicious, relishing, of खादख \ high flavour.

खाद a ij. Sweet ; agreeable, desired grateful to the palate, danty, delicate.

स्वाधिकार s. m. Own or peculiar office or station.

स्वाधिपत्य g. m. Supreme away, royalty, sovereignty.

with adj. Independent, uncontrolled, being one's own, master; absolute, despotic.

बाधीनता है s.f. Independance, liberty, बाधीनी freedom.

खान s.m. A dog.

स्तामानिक adj. Natural, peculiar; inherent.

खानित s.m. Ownership, mastership; sovereignty, &c.

বাদী adj. Owner, proprietor, lord, master or mistress. s. m. A master, a lord; a sovereign, a prince a monarch; husband, a lover; a spiritual preceptor; the Divine Being; one's master, treachery, perfidy.

आभोड़ोड s. m. Injuring one's master, treachery, perfidy.

खराज्य s. m. Final felicity ; heaven.

सार्थ adj. Having one's own object. s. m. Mundane affairs, desire, object, end, aim, &c.; same meaning; own objector desire; self-interest, selfishness.

, wifer adj. Expressing its own or literal meaning; having one's own object answering its purpose or object, successful, useful, profitable.

आस } s. m. Breath, respiration, brea-

स्तीकार s. m. Promise ; assent, agreement. •

क्षेत्रा s. m. Wilfulness, following one's own purpose or inclination.

Ra adj. White,

संद s.m. Warmth, heat ; perspiration,

सेहम adj. Engendered by heat and damp, as insects and worms.

लेख s. m. An adulterer.

क्षेरिको s f. An unchaste wife, an adulteress; a wanton woman.

सेरी adj. Uncontrolled, self-willed.

8

The thirty-third consonant of the Nagri alphabet.

रंकाना v. a. To drive out or away.

हकार s. m. Cry, outery, bawling, calling; driving.

इंकारना v.a. To bawl to, to call, to hallow after, to brave; to drive, to drive away, to excel.

इंकारी adj. Proud, self-conceited.

इंफीन adj. Short-winded.

इस s. m. A goose, a gander, a swan, a duck; Brahma, the supreme soul. इसक s. f. The flamingo.

इंस्प्रमनी adj. Walking gracefully as the swan (a woman).

इंग्नामिनी s. f. A graceful woman.

ven v. n. To laugh, deride.

इंसमुख adj. Cheerful, merry, langhing, facetions, jocular, jolly, jovial, blithe, blithsome.

ver s. m. Laughing, laughter.

इंसाई 8. f. Ridicule.

इंसाना v. s. To cause to laugh, to tickle इंस्था s. m. A sickle.

इंसी s.f. Sport, fun, mirth, laughter, laugh, ridicule.

इंस्या s. m. A sickle.

venw odj. Facetions, jocular, merry, cheerful. s. m. A wag.

हसीचपन s.m. Facetionsness, jocularity. इसन्यामा v.n. To be confused or irresolute (when any thing is to be done), to be aghast, হৰতা adj. Stuttering, stammering. হৰুবাৰা v. n. To stammer, stutter, falter.

इन्नाहा s. m. A. stammerer.

इकारना v. a. To drive oxen or other cattle in a circle, as when treading out grain.

इकावका adj. Confused (when any thing is to be done), aghast.

इगना v. n. To go to stool, to evacuate faces, to dung.

इननेद्रो s.f. A field or place to which people repair to ease themselves; podex.

इनसरना v. n. To be polluted with excrement, to go to stool.

हगाना v. a. To cause to go to stool. हगास s.f. Inclination to go to stool.

tenesinus, Hugas-battakh, A restless fidgetting person.

इचको है s. m. A jolt, a shock.

ESTABLE S. m. Dispute, cavil, excuse.
ES s.f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; teasing; allegation.

घट होना v. n. To be repulsed, driven back, to retreat, move, stop, boggle. इट ताना v क. To stop.

इटनाइटकी s. f. Driving back, strug-

TRAIN s.f. Shutting up all the shops in a market (on account of oppression, &c.).

इटा s.m. A person employed in a market to measure rice, grain, &c. इटबाई s.f. The office of a hatwa.

इटाबटा adj. Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

इटाना v. s. To repel, drive backwards, to back, to worst, to foil.

₹िरेशा s. f. A market.

Ez s. m. A market, a movable market, a fair.

TEITEI adj. Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

TE s.f. A petty market or fair.

ws s. m. Violence; oppression; rapine.
s. f. Obstinacy, perversences, crossness, unpersundablences, disobedience; teasing; allegation. Hath karna, or Hath ki tekpar hona, To resist
or disobey obstinately, to be perverse
peevish.

इठधर्मी adj. Perverse, obstinate.

pettish.

ছতী adj. Peevish, obstinate, perverse. ছতীলা adj. Tensing(child), pettish, perverse, obstinate, peevish.

we s. f. A nut (Myrobalan); an ornament resembling that fruit. s. m. Bilboes, the stocks.

इंदुक्त s. m. Acanthus ilicifolious,

इड़गीला s. m. A bird, the gigantic crane ' (Ardea orgals).

इड्जोड़ा s. m. A medicinal plant (Cissus quadrangularis).

इडफ्टन s. m. Pains in the bones.

হত্বস্থা s.f.. Hurry, alarm, uproar, riot, disorder, hastiness, hubbub. মুম্বারা v.n. To shudder, to shiver ;

to crash, to rattle.

चड्डहाइट s. f. Crack, crash, sound. इडइडी s. f. The twang of a bow.

set s. m. A sky-rocket.

इड़ाइड़ो s.f. The twang of a bow.

Test s. m. A wash; bone; spavin

Hadde mother nikalna, (lit.) To break out in spavins and cedematous swellings. (met.) To adopt an evil conduct.

self. A bone; the hard part in the centre of a carrot or other similar root.

इडीसा adj. Bony.

voi s. m. A caldron, an earthen pot or boiler. Hands phorns, v. s. (.lit. To break the pot), To disclose a secret, to let the cat out of the bag.

out of a city, disgrace (by public punishment); to move round.

চলিকা । s. f. An earthen pot or ছন্তা boiler. ছন s. m. Multiplication, interj. Begone! fy!

इतना v. a. To kill.

war s. f. Murder, slaughter, killing, slaying.

इलारा s. m. A murderer, assassin, wretch, villain. adj. Inhuman, bloody. इलारी s. f. A murderess, a female

murderer,

इयसटी s.f. Name of a cut with the sword, which is intended to take off or disable the adversary's hand.

इयसका s. f. A handcuff, fetter, manacle. इयसका s. m. Habit, custom, knack.

इयचपूषा s. m. Snack, share. इयङ्ट s. m. A beater.

इयसीला s. m. A hand-barrow.

ছঘনাৰ s. f. A small cannon carried on elephants, &c.

इयनी s. f. A female elephant.

इयम ड s. m. A kind of firework.

इयमेर s.m. Sleight of hand (in a money-changer), changing a good for a bad rupee for the purpose of imposition; borrowing, Hath pher lens, To borrow.

इथवती s.f. Strength of hand, force; dishonesty.

ছবংগ s. m. Amorous dalliance, toying ; self-pollution, onanism. *

इयरी s. f. A handle, a winch (of a spinning-weel).

মুখন s.m. A coromony in mairiage among Hindus. (The heads of the bride and bridegroom are joined palm to palm with some flour put between them).

THI s. m. A bandle; a shovel, a baker's peel; a sleeve.

ছবিষা s. m. The 13th mansion of the moon, Corvus; the breaking up of the rains, Hathiya ki rah, The milkyway.

इधियाना v. a. To seize.

इधियार s. m. f. A tool, arms, wearon, implements, apparatus. इधियारबन्द adj. Armed.

इथियारबाधना v. a. To arm.

रयी s. f. A brush for rubbing down horses with, or rather a hair-glove; a rubber.

ছবীবা s. m. A thief, a robber.

ह्येली s.f. The palm of the hand.

हथीडो s. f. Dexterity, art, skill. हथोड़ा s. m. A sledge-hammer.

हथी है। s. f. A small hammer.

इष्याई s. f. Murder, slaughter, violence. इदियाना v. n. To hesitate; to be alarmed or apprehensive, to shrink.

इदियास्ट s. f. Scrupulousness, sheepishness, shyness,

षरियार। adj. Sheepish, shame-faced, timid, bashful, scrupulous.

ing, hurting, striking; (in arithmetic)
multiplication.

went v. d. To kill, to give a blow, to smite.

चन्नान s. m. To monkey chief Hanuman, the friend, ally, and apy of Ramchandra, in his invasion of Linka.

wall s. m. A murderer, a slayer.

wy s. m. Act of suddenly snatching with the mouth and swallowing. вчич adi. Quick, Hap-jhap khana, To

cat quickly and voraciously. चफ्रकाना v.n. To pant, to be out of

breath.

vast adj. Ill-shaped, clumsy.

इमेव s. m. Vanity, egotism, arrogance. pride.

इय s. m. A horse ; the yak.

इयगन्धा s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). इस्पीद s. m. A prince of the Daitua, who during Brahma's sleep at the end of a Kalpa stole the Veds: in the recovery of them, he was slain by Vishnu. after his descent as the Matsya or fish Avatar.

इयाजना s. f. The gnm Olibanum tree. ET s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor; also division; a rogue, a wag; a plough; a name of Mahadeva, Harbhum ka ray. A country or place in which injustice prevails, Harabhog, s. m. Anarchy, confusion, uproar. इरक s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor;

also division.

₹₹ 8. m. Blowing, blooming ; delight, joy, happiness, pleasure.

इरखना v. n. To blow (as a flower); to be delighted.

wifur adj. Pleased, delighted, rejoiced. इरगुणी ad;. Skilful, clever.

www.m. Theft, plunder, seizing, car-· rying off or away, taking away by force; subtraction; the hand; semen verile; (in arithmetic) dividing, divi- | stayfus. m. An emerald.

sion. Haran-dukh, Taking away or dissipating grief or trouble,

wear s. m. A thief; a stealer, a talker awav.

grain s. f. Orpiment.

इरन s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

TITI s. m. A stag, a buck, a male antelope; a pommel (of a saddle), v. a. To seize on, to take by force; to steal, spoil, plunder, take away.

इरनो s. f. A doe, a hind.

हरनीटा s. m. A. fawn.

Bauritas s. f. Name of a sour fruit (Averrhoa acida: Cicca disticha: Phyllanthus cheramela).

BEHEI adı. Stout, robust, active.

इरमुष्टी s. f. Robustness; thick-headedness.

इर्श्विगर s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

ett adj. Green, fresh, verdant.

TTE s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure. will v. a. To win, overcome, beat (at cards), to foil, worst, weary, tire. THE s. m. The advanced guard of an army, the vanguard.

इरिचन्दन s. m. A yellow and fragrant sort of Sandal-wood.

wfews. m. A deer or antelope, hart. इतियों s. f. A doe, a hind; a woman, one of the four kinds, the same as the Chitrini.

with adj. Green, of a green colour. इतिसाज s. m. Yellow orpiment.

इत्ति।असन s. m. Blue vitriol ; a turquoise ; an emerald.

sfeet s. m. The asterism Bravana.

Tirmeric.

TRUE s. m. The town of Haridwar, where the Ganges descends into the level land of Hindustan.

इरिमज s. m. A worshipper of Vishau. इरिमजन s. m. Adoration of Vishau.

हरियल s. m. A green pigeon (Columba hurriala).

हरियाचा adj. Verdant, green, grassy. इतियाची s. f. Greenness. freshness.

verdure; grass.

इरीवकी s. f. Yellow or chebulic myrobalan (Terminalia chebuls); soven varieties of this are distinguished.

इरोरा } adj. Verdant, green ; a coward, इरोला } arm away.

₹शैवा s. m. A kind of paroquet.

TT adj. Verdant. s. m. Vegetable,

इशैटी s. f. A cane, staff.

इंडो s. m. An astringent nut, myrobalan (Terminalia chebula or citrina).

इनें s. m. A thief, stealer, a taker away. इनें s. m. Joy, mirth, pleasure, delight,

happiness. इपेना v. n. To blow (as a flower) ; to

be delighted. इचित adj. pleased, rejoiced, happy, delighted, gladdened, made glad or

चर्गेह्य s. m. Appearance or occurence of happiness.

ve s. m. A plough ; the afterbirth. Hal

Total adj. Light (in weight or character) debased, mean, silly, easy, soft, cheap. Halka karna, To lighten, exonerate, ense, assrage, debase, abase, depreciate, affront. Hulka junna, To disdain, disesteem.

इल नाई s. f. Lightness.

क्लकाना v. a. To abet.

इसनापन s. m. Lightness, levity, vanity, despicableness.

इसकोर्न v. a. To gather, to collect ; to tillow, to wave.

vava s. f. Fright, perturbation, hubbub, tumult, anarchy.

चत्रवा s. m. A kind of poison; the jaundice; a class of merchants. adj. Yellow.

इन्हों e. f. Turmeric (Curcuma longa). इन्द्रना v. n. To toss or tumble about.

to shudder in a fever.

हजमज s. f. Affabillity; hurry, perturbation. [dandle.

चलरावना v. n. To amuse, play with,

ছলবাছা s. m. A ploughman. ছলবাছী s.f. Tillage, ploughing,

इत्रहत s. m. A mortal poison.

इलइसा s. m. Poison.

হৰছৱাই s. m. Trembling through fever or fear.

স্থাস্থানা v. n. To shake (from the effect of an ague, gc.); to tremble, v. a. To shake, to cause to tremble, সম্মূল্য s. n. Poison.

ছলছণী s. f. Sickness, disease; an ague.

इनाई s.f. Ploughing.

ছলাছৰ s. m. Poison.

इतिया s. m. A herd (of oxen), drove, flock (of cows).

Bfaqiaj v. n. To nauseate.

इलोरा s. m. A wave, billow, surge,

THI s. m. Uproar, tumult ; assault.

শ্বৰ s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation.

इवा s. m. An offering to the gods.

इसत adj. Laughing, smiling, इसन s. m. Laughter, laughing.

क्षन s. m. Laughter, laugh

इसाई s. f. Ridiculing.

इनाना v. a. To make (one) laugh, to cause to laugh.

wa s. m. The hand; the thirteenth lunar asterism, designated by a hand, and containing five stars; a cubit measured by the hand and arm or from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger.

है सि s. m. An elephant. इसिट्स s. m. Ivory.

ছাৰানী s. f. A female elephant; a description of women, the worst of the four classes.

Transfer s. m. Ancient Delhi, the capital of Yudhishthir and his brethren the remains of which still exist, about 57 miles north-east of the modern city, on the banks of the old channel of the Ganges.

इतिसद् s. m. The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples when in rut,

इसी s. m. An elephant.

ছলী s. m. The collar-bone, clavicle; a collar (of gold or silver gc.) worn round the neck as an ornament.

wr adj. An interjection of weariness; of sorrow, pain; an exclamation of pleasure; a term of reproach.

wit adv. Yes, ay, indeed, by the by, forsooth; here, hither, &c. Han kahna, To agree.

ভাৰ s.f. Cry, call, bawling, calling to (loud); driving. Hank marns, To bawl after, to call to.

इर्कना v. a. To drive ; to bawl to.

क्रांकपुकार s. f. Uproar, outery.

स्रोका स्रोत s. m. Driving.

इंकी s.f. A vessel in which they make sweyn or vermicelli; a sieve.

इंगिर s. m. A shark.

इंडिना v. n. To wander, to ramble.

इंडिं } s. f. A pot, a caldron.

कांपना है v. n. To pant, to be out of कांफना है breath.

चांच s. m. A duck, a goose, a swan.

ছারী s.f. Laughter, laughing, joke, derision.

ভাৰা adv. Yes.

স্থার } s. f. A market, a movable স্থার } market or fair, a shop.

इट्ड.m. A market-man.

हाइनोड़ा s. m. A plant (Cissus qua-

Fla s. m. The hand,

স্থাৰ s. m. The hand; a cubit; possession, power.

হাৰ আৰা v. n. To come into one's possession or power, to be gained or obtained.

ছাম ভৱাৰা v. a. To leave off, refrain from, desist, abandon, relinquish, resign, cease; to salute by raising the hand to the head; to beat; to give alms.

हाय भीठ लेना v. a. To receive with both hands open and stretched out together.

हाण कमरपर रखना v. n. To be very feeble, हाथ करना v.a. To subdue, to have possession.

च्चाय कानों पर रखना v. n. To be astonished; to deny vehemently.

স্থে বীৰনা v. a. To refrain, desist, abstain.

हाथ वाटना v. a. To relish any food exceedingly, to lick one's lips.

हाथ चालाको अ.f. Expertness.

हाय जीड़ना u. a. To supplicate, intreat earnestly.

इ।य आ इना v. a. To give, bestow.

हाय सुटा होना v.n. To have the hands defiled ; to lose the power of the hands.

ছাৰ ভাৰত। v. a. To thurst or put the hand (in or on), to indedle, to interfere (in); to encroach.

चाय देना v. a. To concern one's self in or about; to make a bargain by taking hold of the hand of the other party under a cloth. (A practice chiefly used in settling the price of horses and iewels).

चाय धीना v. o. To be disappointed, to be · hopeless, to relinquish.

चाय पकड़े लेजाना v.n. To hand a person. चाय पदना v. n. To come into one's possession.

चाथ पत्थर तले दवना v. n. To be helpelss, to be unable to act.

स्थाप प्रशासना v. a. To ask, to beg.

चाय पांत फल नाने v. u. To be distressed or confounded.

चाय पांत्र फोलाना v. o. To extend one's business or schemes.

चाच पांत्र माहना v. a. To strive, endeavour, strain, toil, struggle, o. n. To be agitated ; to sprawl.

স্থাৰ দ্ব s. m. A plant (Pothos). हाथ पंचना v. a. To fence.

हाथ फीरना v. a. To stroke, to caress, to डाथ बंदहीना v. n. To be much engaged in business, to have no leisure; to be poor or indigent.

हाय बढाना v. a. To endeavour to get any thing; to gain possession of the property of others.

हाथ बीधना v. a. To join the hands in a suplicating posture.

हाय बैठना v. n. To acquire perfection in any art by practice.

हाथ भरना v. n. To have the hands wearied or fatigued.

हाय भलना v. s. To regret, repent,

साझ मारना v. a. To promise; to acquire, to plunder; to wound with a sword. हाथ (मलाना v. n. To claim equality ; to

prepare, to wrestle.

हाय में रचना v. a. To possess, to hold in subjection.

हाय रोबना v. a.. To prevent.

हाय जनना v. n To come to the hand, to be got, obtained, acquired. हाय खगाना v. a. To put or thrust the

hand (in , to meddle (in), to handle : to reprove, punish, torment; to be employed in any business. हाथ समेटना v. a. To refrain from giving. चाया s. m. The hand ; possession, power. षायानीकी s. f. A plant (Lycopodium imbricatum).

हाथाफची s.f. A sort of game.

हाकावां की करना v. n. To scuffle or struggle together.

हाथी s. m. An elephant; the 13th mansion of the moon.

हाथीइत s. m. Elephant's tooth, ivory.

ष्टायीवान s. m. An elephant-driver. हाथी हाथ कर्ना v. a. To act in concord. to pull together.

हाथीं हाय adv. Out of hand, overhand, quickly, expeditionsly. Hathon hath le-jana, to carry away quickly, to snatch away at once or suddenly.

हान) s. f. Loss, privation, deficiency, शांक harm, injur , slaughter. Hani, adj. Occasioning loss.

TITE s. f. A seed-bed (or rather nursery) for sugarcane.

intery. Alas! ah ! s. f. A sigh. Hae marna, To sigh. इायन s. m. A year ; a sort of rice.

BIX s. m. A string or garland or necklace of pearls &c. a wreath, a chaplet (of flowers, worn as a necklace); a flock (of cattle) pasture, s. f. Loss, forfeiture. discomfiture. part. act. Being overcome.

WIT s. m. (In arithmetic). A divisor. also the denominator of a fraction.

a gambler; a tree (Trophis aspera); a plunderer, a tree (Trophis aspera); a plunderer, a ravisher, one who carries off any thing; (in arithmetic), a divisor.

पारजीत s. m. Gambling, hazard. Harjit karna, To gamble.

ছাৰো v. n. To be overcome, to be unsuccessful, to lose (at play), to be tired out. v. a. To lose.

हारनाझा v. a. To give up a dispute, to give up in despair, to acknowledge all lost.

हार्तिगार s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

TRI (In compos.) denotes the performer of any act, dealer in any article, as lakur hara, Λ woodman; marne-hara, A striker.

হাবা s. m. A necklace of pearls. &c. হাবিষ্য s. m. A green pigeon (Columba hurriala), adj. Of a green colour. হাব s. m. A loser.

vi€ s. m. Affection, kindness.

हार्च s. m. Beleric myrob slan.

ছাৰ adj. Quick. s. m. A Plough. ছাৰনা v. n. To shake. [liquor. ছাৰা s.f. Wine, vinous or spirituous

हासाडीचा s. m. Shaking, agitation; an earthquake.

হালাহল s. m. A sort of poison. হালাহলখহ s. m. A small black and venemous snake.

हाकाहजी s.f. Wine, spirituous liquor. हालिस s. m. Cress, cresses (Lepidum sativum),

হাৰ s. m. Any feminine act of amorous pastime, or tending to excite amorous sensations, coquetry, blandishment, dalliance, airs.

with s. m. Dalliance, blandishment, charm, attraction, welcome.

EIT s. m. Laughing, laughter.

with adj. Causing laughter, merry, ridiculous.

हासिका s.f. Laughter, mirth.

हासी adj. Laughing, smiling.

इतिन adj. Elephantine, large, as big as an elephant.

क्वाबिनपुर & m. Ancient Delhi.

हास adj. Laughable, ridiculous. s. m. Laughter, laughing, mirth.

www.s.m. Flattery, importunity, earnest request, supplication. Haha khana, To flatter, wheedle. intreat, beseech. adv. An interjection of surprise, or guief or pain, alas !

battle; lamentation, sound of grief or pity; consternation.

হিটাৰ s. m. A musical mode, sung in the morning of spring.

हिंडीजा s. m. A swing, a cradle; a song describing the swing, and sung during that exercise.

হিনক adj. Mischievous, malignant, ferocious, savage. s. m. A beast of prey; an enemy.

हिंसन s. m. Injuring, hurting.

चि डा s. f. Injury, mischief, &c.; slaughter, killing, slaying.

हिंचाल adj. Mischievous, hurtful.

few adj. Mischievous, hurtful, injurious; murderous; formidable, terrible; fierce, savage.

रिसंक s. m. Beast of prey.

fer s.f. Hiccough, fer s.m. Asafortida.

fur a s. m. Vermillion.

हिचकना v. n. To draw back from, to decline, to shrink, to waver, to boggle.

हिचकाना v. a. To jolt.

डिचिकिचाना v. n. To doubt, hesitate, be in suspense, falter.

डिचिकियी s. f. Hesitation. Hichkichi bandhaa, To gnash the teeth.

freal s. f. The hiccough.

डिजड: s. m. An hermaphrodite, an eunuch.

डिखन s. m. Wandering, roaming. हिन्हीर s. m. Cuttle-fish bone, considered to be the indurated form of the sea : a tonic, a stomachic.

fen adj. Suitable, proper, fit, worthy, right; friendly, affectionate, kind ; useful. s. m. A good, a Lonefit : love. friendship, affection, benevolence,

दिनकर adj. Friendly, kind, favourable. s. m. A benefactor.

हितकार s. m. A friend, benefactor. हितकारी

रिनकारी s. f. Friendship, love.

िक्तवान् adj. Friendly, favourable, doing good to.

Fra s. m. f. A friend,

हितेषो adj. Seeking another's welfare. ज्ञितीपदेश s. m. Friendly or proper advice. क्तिकिनाना v. n. To neigh.

चिनीता s. f. Supplication, humility. िक्ताल s.m. The marshy date tree (Phænix or Elate paludoss).

क्रिन्दी adj. Indian, relating to India. fre s. m. An Indian, a gentoo ; (met.) a mole or look (of a mistress).

िहन्दवान s. m. A water-melon.

স্থিতীৰ 8. m. A swing ; one of the musical modes.

च्चित s. m. Frost, snow ; cold.

क्रिमकर adj. Frigorific, cold. िष्टमनम् adj. Cold, freezing, chilly, filosty. क्रिमालय 8. 79. The Himaleya range, of

mountains, which bounds India on the north, and separates it from Tartary; the Imaus and Emodus of the ancients, giving rise to the Gauges and Indus, and many other

considerable rivers, and containing the highest elevations in the world.

श्चिमात्रती s. f. A sort of moonplant. िष्या s. m. Heart, breast, mind, soul, life,

च्चित्र s. m. Courage, bravery. चियो adv. The sound made when call-

ing cattle.

चित्रवी s. m. Heart, breast, mind **क्रि**स्ट soul, life. **इिरदा**

चिरदायल s. m. A defect in horses. (it is a feather or curling lock of hair on the breast, which is reckoned unlucky for the rider).

िहरन s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

चित्रीटा s. m. A. fawn.

चिराना v. a. To lose, to mislay. चित्रको s. f. Shift, contrivance.

क्रिनक्षा v.n. To writhe or suffer contortions (from affliction or pain; chiefly applied to children).

चिलक रचना v. n. To cling to

चिलकीर s. f. Agitation, fluctuation ; a wave, a billow,

चित्रकीस s. m. A wave, a billow, a surge. wante v. a. To agitate, shake, disturb, perplex. v. n. To fluctuate, to wayer.

दिसम्मा v. n. To be hung on, to be entangled, to abhere, stick to; to be constant.

हिल्लाना v. a. To hang, suspend.

दिलना v. n. To shake, be moved, be agitated, to move ; to be familiarized, be tamed.

दिसमिलजानाण. n. To be mixed; to be intimate; to be jumbled together.

हिन्तभीकी s. f. A potherb (Hingisha repens).

दिखसा s. f. A fish (Clupea alosa).fwer adj. Domesticated, tame, s. m.

Slime, mud,

বিজ্ঞান v. a. To move, shake, agitate; to familiarize, tame; to cause to swim. ভিত্তাদিলা adj. Amicable, attached. ভিত্তাম s. m. A wave, billow, surge. ভিত্তাম কাৰ্য v. a. To heave, to rise (এঃ

the see).

हिलोगी v. n. To billow, to wave. हिलाब s. m. Courage.

चित्रका 2. m. Imitation, copying; contention, rivalry, emulation .Hiska karna,
To copy, imitate, ape, vie (with).

তি copy, initiate, aps, the texts from the series of the

actly, even, indeed, truly, only.

void by stool involuntarily; (met.) to pine.

चींसना v. n. To neigh, to make a noise (as a horse when kicking).

sim s. m. Sickness at the stomach, qualm; disgust.

हीजड़ा e. m. A species of ennuch. होन adj. Deficient, defective, little, ab-

ated; left, abandoned, quitted; wasted, worn, decayed; void of, free from.

रोनशांत adj. Onteaste, vile, degraded. रोनश्च adj. Of a loweaste, outeaste, vile. रोर e. m. Essence; pith, energy, vigouradj. Essential, pure n. prop. Hero, the celebrated mistress of Leader, called by the Indians. Ranika.

FILE } s. m. The diamond,

द्वीरामन s. m. A kind of paroquot (Psita-

होरावल s. m. A kind of chequered blanket worn by mendicants.

s. m. Mud, slime, cozc.

adv. An interjection of surprise, (ah, ha!) an interjection of laughter, (hi hi!).

TTE s. m. Uttering a menacing sound, roaring, bellowing.

চুত্রা s. m. Pining (particularly applied to children separated from parents).

इड्ट्झा adj. Turbulent. इड्ट्झी s.f. Turbulence.

इड्डी s.f. The twang of a bow.

हड स s. m. A kind of drum in form like an hour-glass (generally played on by

bearers). इन्द्रजी s. f. A bill of exchange, Hundi-इन्द्रों wsl, An exchange merchant.

इंडामाइ। s. m. Contract for transportation of goods, including the payment of duties.

geric s. m. A wolf.

इन्द्रावन } s.m. Exchange, or price paid graphs for a bill of exchange.

इन्हों s. f. A bill of exchange.

ছুৰ্থীৰাৰ s. m. An exchange merchant. হুৱ adj. Offered with fire, burnt as an oblation. s. m. Oblation.

इरवृद्धा s. m. A sort of vegetable. इर्द्ध s. m. A plant (Cleome viscosa).

इंदबनी s. f. A dancing girl, a whore, a courtezan, a harlot.

sembly, &c.), general jail-delevery.

इसां s. m. A stone on which sandalwood is ground.
• स्टकानां v. a. To set on (as a doy on a

bull), to instigate, to halloo on.

lighted.

exhilarate, gladden.

saus. f. Snuff. s. m. Alacrity, joy, gladness,

इत्रड : m. Alarm, tumult, uproar, commotione bustle, disturbance, riot.

g (I) am. adv. Too, also, yes, well, very, exactly.

Tai v. a. To make the sound hoon, in anger, from fear, or as an incantation, &c.

wit s m. Uproar.

Bu s. f. Pain, stitch, ache, shooting pain, twitch, Huk-huk-kar rona, To To weep with sobbing, or with, repeated burstings forth.

इच्हा v. a. To miss, to err, to mistake.

s.f. Striving, wrangling.

इन s. m. A (Madras) coin, called also a pagoda.

₹ s. f. A thrust, stab, an attack. Hul dena, v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive, impel, urge.

इतना v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive (an elephant).

EN s.m. Report, rumour, popular fame; a storm; pageantry; ostentation. BE & s. m. The heart; the mind, इद्य } . the faculty or sent of thought and feeling; knowledge.

we adj. Pleased, glad, delighted; laughfand happy. ing, smiling.

well-conditioned, well fed A vocative particle, O ! a participle of calling out to, or challenging.

इंगा s. m. A harrow.

88 adv. Below, down, under.

Est adj. Indolent, pusillanimous, cow ardly, low.

हेडापन s. m. Cowardice.

हेत ? s. m. Canse, origin, motive, क्षेत्र (meaning, object, intention, theme, reason, account.

देस s. m. Gold.

इमकूट s. m. Que of the ranges of mountains dividing the known continent into nine Varshas: this range is the second south of Ilavritz, or the central division, and is immediately to the north of the Himalaya, form- | via stat s. m. Coming and going.

ing with it the boundaries of the Kinnar Varsham, इनचौरी s. f. A medicinal sort of moon-इसत्र s. m. The thorn-apple.

इनतार s. m. Blue vitriol.

इसन s. m. The cold season winter, the two months Agrahayana and Pousha.) or about November-December. देरना v. a. To look after, to observe.

see; to search for, to hunt, chase, pursue, catch, stop.

हेन्द्रना v. n. To swim.

हेचा s. f. Wanton dalliance, lascivions endearment ; disrespect, contempt. इला मार्नो v. a. To shove, launch, dash through water.

हेंगा s. m. A harrow.

केंक \$, m. A horse. of A vocative, particle, Ho !

क्रीपाना v. n. ,To have gone to and returned.

होंबना v. n. To pant, to puff and blow.

\$13 s. m. The lip. The bit of a bridle.

sha ade. Through, by. ,

कीचकना v. p. To be finished. ही नाना v. n. To have happened, to

become;

The lip,

tis s. f. A wager, an agreement, u bargain, a bet. Hor badna; To wager,, bet, &c. Hor bandhaa, To bargain, &c. Her. lagana, v. a. To wager , to. make an agreement. v. n. To be. positive, obstinate, or perverse. Hor harna, To lose a wager, &c.

etes s. m. Talc, mica.

wing s. f. Ability, means. That s. m. Predestination, destiny. शीतव्यता s.f. Fate, destiny.

what s. m. Wealth.

.v. In the being, during, in the presence.

Ė

हीते हीते ब्रींग. Gradually.

to belong, have, serve, answer, accrue, come, do, stand; to die. s. m.

The being or becoming.

शिन्हार adj. What is to happen; possible, feasible, hopeful.

होमना v. a. To perform the sacrifice of the kom.

होनी s. m. The offerer of an oblation. होना s. m. The chickpea having been parched in the pod.

the approach of the vernal equinoz; the song which is sung during the festival.

हो सेना s. f. To be completed.

nust. Houns karna, To desire.

होता s. m. Cupidity, covetousness,

होने adj: Gently, slowly.

होता s. m. A bugbear, a hongoblin. इट s. m. A deep lake, a large or deep piece of water.

es adj. Short, low in stature; short, as a vowel ...

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The thirty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and pronounced as ksh.

बर्दगि s. m. Consumption.

s. m. A measure of time equal to

four minutes; a moment or instant. adv. For a moment. [ment. चयनाव adv Momentary, but for a mo-

चणान alv. A minute afterwards, the

ঘণিক } adj. Momentary, transient.

चती s. m. 'A man of the second or military and regal class.

चन adj. Able, adequate ; fit, appropriate, suitable, proper. s. m. Propriety, fitness.

चनना v. s. To pardon, to forgive.

चमा s.f. Patience, forbearance; pardon, forgiveness.

चमायुक्त } adj. Patient, enduring, for-चमावान् } bearing.

an s.m. Loss, waste, destruction, removal, &c.; a destruction of the universe; consumption; sickness in general; decay, wasting away; (in algebra) negative quantity, minus.

चयकात s. m. The end of all things, the period of destruction.

चयकार s. m. A consumptive or phthisical cough. [talis].

चयनाभिनी s.f. A plant (Celtis Orien-चयनाष्ट्र s.m. The wind that is to blow at the end of the world.

चयरीय s. m. Consumption.

चयरीनियो s.f. } Consumptive, hectic.

चयसपद s. f. Total loss, rain, destruction. [tive.

चयी adj. .Wasting, decaying ; consump-चित्रा s.f. A kind of rice.

বান adj. Patience, forbearance, endurance.

বাং s. m. Salt; ashes; berax, borate of soda; alkali, either soda or potash; caustic alkali; one species of cautery; a factitious or medicinal salt, commonly called black salt. बारबर्ध s. m. Applying caustic alkali; (lapis internalis) to proud flesh, &c. बारबरिका s. f. Saline soil, especially an

impure sulphate of soda.

चार रह s. m. A salt or alkaline flavour. चारच s. m. Any tree yielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c.

fust s. f. The earth, loss, destruction, wane; the period of the destruction of the universe.

चितियास s. m. A king, a prince.

বীৰ adj. Thin, emaciated, feeble, slender; wasted, diminished, worn away; destroyed, lost; poor, miscrable.

चीयता s.f. Slenderness, delicacy; thinness, emaciation; diminution, decay. चौथनान adj. Wasted, decayed.

चौषवित्र adj. Week, feeble, impotent.

चीर s.m. Water; milk. चौर कुकीविका .f. A drng, and one of the eight principal medicaments, of the

eight principal medicaments, of the Hindus: it is a root from the Himalaya. ভীংজাহিজ s. m. A precious stone, des-

चौरसहिस s. m. A precious stone, deseribed as a milky crystal (opal or cat's eye?).

चोरी ady. Milky, yielding milk; having milk, s. m. A sort of Minasops.

चौरीइ s. m. The sca of milk, one of the seven acas surrounding as many worlds.

ৰুষ্ adj. Small, little; mean,low; mean, niggardly, avaricious; poor, indigent, বুষুবা s.f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance, meanness. বুযুম্বি adj. Simple, silly, ignorant.

चुद्रशित s. m. A minor disease, one of the little importance.

Recd. on 17 4.75 R. R. No. 5085 G. R. No. 14 353 will. f. Hunger.

fun } adj. Hungry, hungered.

चर s. m. A razor ; a horse's hoof. चरो s. f. A kuife.

चेत्र s.m. A field; a wife; a pure क् sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage, as Benares, &c.°; plane figure, geometry; a diagram.

বিষম adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful; a husbandman, &c. s. m. The soul, the emanation of the divinity residing in the body.

चेवसीमा s. m. The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place.

चेद s. m. Sorrowing, moaning.

বিষ s. m. Throwing, casting (in arithmetic) additive quantity, eddendum. বিষয় s. m. Throwing, casting.

चेत्र adj. Happy, well, prosperous, right, &c. s. m. 'Happiness, well being; final emancipation or eternal happiness; the proper term of civil address to a Vysa.

चेनकर adj. Propitions, conferring happiness or good fortune.

चैसवान् adj. Happy, prosperous,

ঘীৰি s. f. The earth; ঘীর s. m. Honey; a flower (Michelia champaca). [in general ঘীর s. m. Shaving the head; shaving

wiften s. m. A barbar.

चीरो s. f. A razor. सा s.f. The earth.

The surface of the earth.

WIGHT MA king, a prince.

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